PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD P. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELSAY, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 16th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

in accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual places and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
1st Ward	735 votes.	15 delegates.
2d "	173 "	3 "
6th "	398 "	8 "
7th "	393 "	8 "
8th "	177 "	3 "
Linden	223 "	4 "
Total		37

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
3d Ward	340 votes.	5 delegates.
4th "	636 "	12 "
5th "	584 "	12 "
Union	147 "	3 "
Springfield	139 "	2 "
Summit	210 "	4 "
Cranford	140 "	3 "
New Providence	55 "	1 "
Total		34

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—		
1st Ward	116 votes.	2 delegates.
2d "	256 "	5 "
3d "	286 "	6 "
4th "	138 "	3 "
Clark	40 "	1 "
Plainfield—		
1st Ward	250 "	5 "
2d "	235 "	5 "
3d "	295 "	6 "
4th "	278 "	6 "
Westfield	129 "	3 "
Westfield	285 "	6 "
Total		45

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELSAY, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 26, 1890.

1890 OCTOBER. 1890

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

JOTTINGS.

—The Union County Court of Special Sessions convened at Elizabeth to-day.

—The Non Secret Endowment Order will be instituted in the Knights of Pythias rooms, this evening.

—The members of the Crescent League last night took possession of Crocker's bowling alleys on Sycamore street, pending rebuilding of their own.

—A lady of sixty has sued an old gentleman of similar age for $2,000 as the value of a kiss taken without her consent. If that good old soul at sixty values her kisses at $2,000 apiece, what was the value she put on them at twenty?—Ex.

—The original Fisk Jubilee Singers from Tenn., are announced to appear in Reform Hall Friday evening of this week. They are said to be remarkable singers, and to charm their hearers. All who love good music should secure a seat at once.

—Mr. Morris Sorensen, the boy cornetist, will render a cornet solo at the Plainfield Choral Band entertainment in Amphion Hall this evening. At the conclusion of the band concert, Mr. M. J. Dixon and his company will present a comedy entitled, "The Three Married Men." Tickets are on sale at Guth-Bauer's cigar store on West Second street.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the Dunellen Post Office for the week ending September 30, 1890:

Gentlemen—Rev. A. Bergen, Rev. Jas. Bergen, Rev. Jas. Bergen, Mr. Mary B. Bissell, Mr. Ellis Kain, Mr. John Lord, Mrs. Elizabeth Lord, Mr. Chas. A. Lovejoy, Mr. John B. Lord, Mrs. Elizabeth Lord, Mr. David S. Mitchell, Mrs. P. Mulligan, Harriet Newman, Mrs. J. H. Runyon, Mr. Irving Sutton, Jno. Sutton, Mr. Halford Stryker, Mrs. Geo. Stryker, Mr. Jno. Thomas, Mrs. Annie Thomas, Mrs. Sarah Thomas.

Ladies—Miss Amanda Bergen, Mrs. Mary Bergen, Mrs. Mary Bergen, Mrs. Mary Bergen, Mrs. Rose Bergen, Mrs. Rose Bergen, Mrs. P. Bergen, Mrs. Rose Bergen, Mrs. Rose Bergen, Mrs. Rose

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, BY MAIL, IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

Everybody will want to hear the Nihilist agitator and literary Russian, Stepniak, when he comes to lecture among us this winter.

If Canada does not stop refusing to let our pure blooded Jersey heifers across the line into the Dominion when they carry a doctor's certificate that they are in perfect health, why, there will be war, that is all.

The hapless census enumerators are getting overhauled in all parts of the Union, and their work is being criticised and picked to pieces. Now, for variety let us have an overhauling of the enumerated, and see how many of them failed to make correct reports or even to make any report at all.

In the scarce ice season of last year a man engaged in bottling mineral waters made the experiment of filling his ice house with snow instead of the more solid form of water for his summer supply of cooling material. He found that the snow answered every purpose he kept it in good condition and lasted through till the end of July. Here is a suggestion worth remembering. Ice cannot always be had, but snow can be almost every winter. Snow can be packed and stored away in ice houses by anybody with little labor.

Mexican Onyx.

The most beautiful material for house decoration that has appeared in our century is the exquisitely veined Mexican onyx, so called, now becoming so fashionable. A syndicate has been formed in this country to work all the mines in Mexico and elsewhere on the continent of which possession can be obtained. It is likely, therefore, that the onyx will become comparatively abundant. Wealthy persons who build new houses are noting it where formerly the fashion was to put marble, although it has not yet been desecrated by making it into wash basins. It is adapted to mirror stands, tables, panels, etc.

The onyx is of stalactite and stalagmite formation, and is obtained from caverns. At times, in the past, drippings from cave roofs and walls have fallen in the midst of molten minerals, and the whole has been subjected to great pressure, and the result was the exquisite substance of which very rich people who build new houses are now offering making manipieces, though the translucent red stone of Mexican veined substance is almost too beautiful for so common a purpose. Onyx is sawed and cut out carefully in great blocks in the caves where it is found. It must be handled with care so as not to crush it.

New York Not So Bad as It Was.

The police reports of New York city show that after all it is not so wicked as it is supposed to be. The tendency is the same as has been observed in Boston, toward a greater number of arrests for vagrancy, disorderly conduct and small offences, of which notice would have been taken a generation ago. At the same time, of serious crimes there has been a gratifying decrease, so much so as to be remarkable.

It is to be remembered that the population of New York has increased one-third between 1880 and 1890. Accordingly, the police of the city, crime should have increased one-third also. The nearest approximation one can arrive at in this matter is to compare the record of arrests in 1889 and 1889. Not only the proportional number of arrests diminished, but in most cases the absolute figures themselves are smaller than they were ten years ago.

Even in arrests for drunkenness, with all the increase of foreigners of the lower classes in the big city, the number has positively diminished. In 1880 the report shows 21,168 drunks, in 1889 20,330, fewer by nearly 1,000. It certainly looks as though either temperance principles were beginning to prevail at last, or else that people do more drinking at home than they did, which is not likely. The number of murders with malice pretense is less than it was ten years ago.

In 1889 there were 353 fewer arrests for petit larceny than in 1880. For lottery violation there were in 1880 271 arrests, in 1889, 80. Burglary, 1880, 824, 1889, 769. Felonious assault, 1880, 610; 1889, 601. For simple assault, 1880, 4,405; 1889, 4,295. So the story continues. In larceny cases there is a small increase since 1880 in figures—an addition of 169—but the actual proportion of this kind of crime is considerably lessened.

Especially among women has the number of arrests fallen off, more proportionally, than among the men. But for both sexes it is a deserved showing. It is a pleasant chapter to think about, too, the one which records that the world is growing better instead of worse. This is the side to look at, all the while that we labor as best we may each to make the earth a little better and happier for our living in it.

READY FOR SIGNATURES.

The Conference Report Adopted by the Senate.

PADDOCK, PLUMB, PETTIGREW.

That Trio of Republican Senators Voted Against the Conference Report on the Tariff Bill—Maj. McKinley's Measure Now Lacks Little of Being a Law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The senate concluded debate on the tariff bill and agreed to the conference report—39 to 27—three Republicans, Messrs. Plumb, Paddock and Pettigrew, voting in the negative. The senate passed house bill, with verbal amendments, to promote the administration of justice in the army. The conference report on the signal service bill was agreed to and the house bill to enable the postmaster general to test the free delivery system in small towns was passed. The tariff bill needs only the signatures of the presiding officers of both houses and of the president of the United States to become a law. The vote on the report was as follows:

The Vote in Detail.

Yeas—Messrs. Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Blair, Cameron, Casey, Chandler, Colton, Dawes, Dixon, Edmunds, Ferris, Frye, Hale, Hawley, Hoar, Ingalls, Jones (Nev.), Kenna, Mandersen, Mitchell, Moody, Platt, Power, Sanders, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Stewart, Stockbridge, Wilson (Ia.), Wolcott—36.

Nays—Messrs. Barbour, Bate, Blackburn, Blodgett, Butler, Carlisle, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Gorman, Gray, Hampton, Harris, Hearst, Kenna, Morgan, Paddock, Pasco, Pettigrew, Pfaff, Pugh, Ransom, Reagan, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson (Md.), Wolcott—39.

The following pairs were announced: Teller and Berry, Dolph and Brown, Farwell and Payne, Quay and Faulkner, Morrill and Vance, Davis and Gibson, Hiscock and Jones (Ark.), Higgins and McPherson, Squire and George, Turpie and Washburn, Vest and Stanford. In addition to the above pairs, Mr. Call and Mr. Eustis were paired with Mr. Pettigrew and Mr. Paddock, who voted in the negative.

When the report came up Mr. Carlisle addressed the senate. It was not his purpose to attempt to state the effect of the measure on the public revenue because it would be impossible to do so with any degree of accuracy. But he could state approximately what its effect on taxation would be. He asserted that the bill took from the free list and made dutiable more than it took from the dutiable list and made free. It would not increase the revenues, it would increase the taxation of the people by increasing the prices of articles of similar domestic production. The average ad valorem rate under the bill would be 60 per cent. instead of 45½ per cent. under existing law. Deducting sugar and molasses from the schedule, the rate under existing law would be found to be 41 per cent., and the average on the same articles under the conference bill 60 per cent., an increase of 50 per cent. The increase would be $10,000,000 in the iron and steel schedule, $14,000,000 in the woolen schedule, $6,500,000 in the cotton schedule, $5,000,000 in the flax and hemp schedule, $8,375,000 on the tin plate schedule and $1,357,000 on tin in pigs or bars. The result and the purpose of these increases was to increase the price of domestic products to allow new industries to be established and to enable old industries to realize better profits.

The Sugar Bounty.

The producer would get no benefit from the sugar bounty. He could not receive a higher price for his product for he could not control the price, and as the manufacturer of beet sugar would have to sell his sugar in competition with cane and sorghum sugar he could not afford to pay a farmer one cent more for his beets than for other substances from which sugar is made. The consumer would not get his sugar any cheaper for the bounty. The bounty paid sugar would sell in the market at the same price as other sugar. The bounty system did not apply equally to all parts of the country, and such a sectional scheme as the present was, he said, of the terms of every social compact in a free country.

The Reciprocity Clause.

Mr. Carlisle criticised the reciprocity clause, which, he said, confided to the judgment or caprice of the president alone the determination not alone of certain facts defined in the law, but of the results and effects of those facts and circumstances. The general plan adopted by the senate was not reciprocity. It was a plan of retaliation, had been put on the free list in this bill on the sole ground that it would benefit the consumers in the United States. He spoke of the inconsistency of putting sugar on the free list because the United States did not produce much of it and of putting tin plate on the free list because the United States did not produce any of it. There was no market in South America, he said, for our agricultural products. It was a false pretense to say that the proposed "reciprocity amendment" was for the benefit of the farmers. He regarded the whole proposition as a mere political device to appease, as far as possible, an indignant public sentiment.

Mr. Allison Speaks.

Messrs. Aldrich and Allison challenged some of Mr. Carlisle's statements. The latter believed that the tariff would reduce the revenue $45,000,000. He believed that within five years the United States would produce substantially all the tin plate used in this country, and consumers would have it at a less price than they had paid for ten years. Speaking of the bill in general, he said that he thought that some of the duties in it were too high. The bill was in many respects an experiment.

Senator Aldrich's Remarks.

Mr. Aldrich closed the debate. The increases not only made in the bill, he said, were of four classes.

The first included corrections of errors and irregularities; to this class belonged tin plate and cotton ties. Another class consisted of articles which it was not supposed at the time of the passage of the law of 1883 could be manufactured in the United States. It included the finer grade of manufactures in the cotton, flax and hemp, and iron and steel schedules. A third class consisted of articles on which heretofore small ad valorem rates had been levied. The fourth class included agricultural products. The duties on wool had been increased largely at the demand of the representatives of the agricultural section. These four classes comprehended all of the increases in the bill. He believed that the duty on tin plate would transfer that industry from Wales to the United States and furnish the people of this country a cheaper and a better article than they were now getting. The conference bill would reduce the revenue about $6,000,000 below the amount that the senate bill would reduce it. The rate of taxation of goods imported in 1888 was 45.35 per cent., and that (the amount of importations being the same) the rate under the conference bill would be 44.36, as against the 60 per cent. asserted by Mr. Carlisle.

GLOSSER'S CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE.

Three Lives Lost by the Carelessness of a Telegraph Operator.

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 1.—Frank Glosser, day operator at Lehighton, has been arrested on the charge of having caused by his negligence the wreck on the Jersey Central railroad Monday night, by which three persons lost their lives. A coal train coming down broke in two and was disabled, and in the investigation that fell to Glosser's arrest it was discovered that he had received orders from the head office to hold all trains at Lehighton after No. 13 passenger train went up until No. 9 came down. Glosser says, as far as he knows around the disabled train. Glosser held the orders, forgot to write them in the order book, failed to inform the night operators, who had similarly afterward come on duty, leaped on No. 13 train and went to his home at Mauch Chunk.

The coal train followed No. 13 passenger train and met No. 9 train on the curve. Both engines came together with terrific force, and in endeavoring to escape from the wreck by jumping, Joseph Dunlap, fireman of the passenger train, and Elmer Mitchell, engineer, and Charles Bigelow, fireman of the coal train, were crushed between the engines and killed.

Engineer Taylor Bedford, of the passenger train, also went down with his engine, but was thrown out of the cab and severely injured. Mitchell and Bigelow lived at Phillipsburg, and their remains were taken home this morning. Bigelow was married about a year ago. Mitchell was the only support of two invalid sisters and a brother. Dunlap was married and lived at Mauch Chunk. His brother and the brother of Engineer Bedford were killed in a wreck some time ago on the same road at Rockport.

High Priced Horses Sold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—At the second and last day's sale of the trotting stock of John H. Shults, at Parkville, L. I., the average was high, the first eleven horses bringing $25,275, or $2,300 each. Stanford, a bay stallion 5 years old, by Piedmont, out of Vest and Stanford, sold for $5,300 to H. P. Pierce, of Stanstead, P. Q. J. S. Ferguson, of New York city, paid $4,200 for Nat Pin, 3 years old, by Nutwood, out of Emaguma. Bender, by Gen. Benton, out of Daisy D., foaled in 1886, was knocked down to H. Dunton, of New York, for $1,025. Vemetta

INVESTIGATIONS GALORE.

One Day's Evidence in Three Political Scandals.

POSTMASTER WHEAT'S VERSIONS.

His Testimony Concerning the Matters Charged Against Him—A Reporter at the Room Investigation—The Evidence of Mrs. Andrews in the Smith Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—When the committee investigating the charges against Postmaster Wheat, of the house, convened E. S. Daish, the present contractor for carrying the house postoffice mails, told the committee that he had understood part of the contract money was a perquisite of the postmaster. That was the common understanding about the Capitol. He continued to carry the mails for $4,000 a year, and had never given the postmaster a cent.

The Postmaster Testifies.

Postmaster Wheat then took the stand. In reference to statements made by Catlett, that a man named Feister had been put in his place, but that he (Catlett) believed that Feister had never done work in the postoffice, the postmaster said that Feister had been sworn in and had been working in the postoffice.

The witness denied that he had ever received a cent directly or indirectly from any employe. In explanation of the number of changes that had taken place in the postoffice, he said that a number of men had been put in positions temporarily until persons appointed by members of congress could arrive in Washington to take their places. So many blunders caused by the inexperience of the new men had occurred in the postoffice during the first few months after he became postmaster and complaints from members had been so frequent that he became very much annoyed and had lectured his men. Another cause for the alleged severity could probably be traced, the witness said, to the agonizing pain he experienced from the amputation of his arm.

The Bradley Affair.

When he had been told that it was not right to keep Bradley, a colored man Bradley on the rolls when he had no work he had discharged him. In regard to the statement made by Bradley that the witness had threatened to have Mr. Caswell's indictment of Bradley's application for a government position withdrawn if Bradley persisted in keeping the money drawn by Bradley for services Walter Wheat had performed, Mr. Wheat said that he had come into the room where the two boys were talking over the matter and had told Walter to give him the money and withdraw Mr. Caswell's indictment in order to settle the matter. He meant nothing wrong and had gained nothing by the transaction.

Re-Thought It a Proper Perquisite.

In regard to the contract the witness said that he had been led to believe by Mr. Dalton, his immediate predecessor in the postoffice, that Culbertson could only pay the witness $150 a month out of the contract money. He had thought that there were perquisites connected with the office. The $150 a month he had believed to be a legitimate perquisite. The witness had no interest in the contract with Daish. The witness admitted that he had done a little mild lobbying, but had never received any money for it. The committee then went into secret session to discuss the evidence.

The Smith Case Again.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The Smith case came up before the court of claims Tuesday. Mr. Smith testified that he did not join with any other builder in a first bid for the work. The papier mache clause was in the specifications which witness saw before he put in his bid. The specifications had never been altered to his knowledge, either before or after the bids had been opened. He had never agreed to share the profits of his work with any one.

Mrs. Andrews Testifies.

Mrs. Charles H. Andrews was called and gave her first testimony in this case. She testified that previous to the time she was visited by the assembly committee she had in contemplation a trip to Boston to visit some friends. During the investigation by the Fish committee her brother, Mr. Gove, came to her house and told her Mr. Andrews established her to go to Boston at once. She arrived at Gove's house about 10 a. m. and did not take off her things until 6 o'clock, as she expected her husband every minute to explain the necessity for her immediate departure for Boston. Gove took the bank book containing the money to his house where it was stowed away in the wardrobe. She said the box was locked and that no one had a key to it but herself.

What the Box Contained.

[The box contained her will, her securities, a deed and $57.50 in gold. There was also fifty shares of Albany Electric Light company stock, 100 shares of Albany gas and insurance stock. There was no currency nor West Shore bonds in the box. Her husband did not know of her whereabouts for two or three weeks. She had asked Gove to tell Mr. Andrews where she was and that she wanted to see him.

Contradicts His Brother-in-Law.

C. S. Andrews then contradicted the testimony of his brother-in-law in every particular. He had never sent Gove to tell Mrs. Andrews that her immediate departure for Boston was a necessity, or had he ever told Gove Mrs. Andrews had a tin box at the house containing a large amount of money. He did not know where Mrs. Andrews kept the box nor what it contained.

The Rann Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The special house committee investigating the charges against Commissioner of Pensions Rann continued its investigation. M. G. Seckendorf, of the New York Tribune, was called and asked if he was ready to give the committee the names of the persons who furnished the information upon which he based his articles. He replied that he was not, and stated that he had consulted them and they had refused to have their names made public. He was then asked to furnish to the committee a list of the cases mentioned in the article. He replied that he had not seen the attorney who had the list, but told the committee that most of the cases were published in the — — —. He refused to give the name of the attorney. The cases referred to, he said, were completed before the order establishing the board of review was issued and were therefore not. He was asked if he would give the committee the names of any person who would testify to the defects of the completed files system and the change of favorites. He said that he would call the secretary of the interior, and suggested that they call persons employed in the pension office who were former employes of Mr. Lamson and who had been appointed at Mr. Lamson's request.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William H. Gledhill, one of the Judges of the City of Plainfield, to the undersigned, Collector of Taxes, I have levied upon and taken into possession all the right, title and interest which City of Plainfield in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, the undersigned as collector aforesaid, will be sold by the Common Council for the purpose aforesaid, will on the 4th day of November next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at his office, 21 Park avenue, in the City of Plainfield, the following described lands and real estate hereafter described, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to raise for which any person or persons will agree to take the same and pay such sum or sums, with interest thereon, and costs, fees, charges and expenses of sale.

Allen, Samuel C h h and 67 acres 203 to 267 S Front street 76 30
Anthony, Gilbertta h and 5 lots 226-231 W seventh street 46 10
Baker est of C h h and 12 E Front st 112 60
" " lot 25 to 30 Dunellen avenue 2 10
Borden, Mrs lot 208 South avenue 2 10
Brewster, J J lots Broadway 2 10
Bond, Selena E lot 15 Jackson avenue 2 10
" " lot 14 Rutherwood avenue 2 10
" " lot 19 " " 2 10
Brown, Edward M lot 69 Rutherwood avenue 2 10
Bogart, B F h and 1 lot W Sixth street 36 10
Brunson, James B and 12 Rose street 6 54
Bonnell, Mrs Mary E lot 1 Rutherwood pl 2 10
Bamerascus, J W & Jos lot 1 Grove 2 10
Bundy, Henry L and 1 Elizabeth street 2 10
Cole est of Silas h h and 60 acres 209 to 268 E Front street 216 00
Cole, Jacob and est of Sarah h h and 18 acres 319 to 326 E Front street 71 80
Campbell, Mrs John G h and 1 52 E 8th st 19 00
Close est of Elias h f and h and 1 3-4 acres S South avenue 32 70
Cowan, Margaret lot 66 Kensington ave 6 54
Cook, Lewis H h and 1 corner of Bedford ave 2 10
Casey, Patrick h and 1 21 to 25 W 3d street 26 10
Collins, John F lot 39 W 4th ave 4 36
Collins, Peter h and 1 61 W 4th street 13 08
Conway, Mary h and 1 32 W 4th street 6 54
Clark, John & John Osborn lot 14 Grove pl. 2 10
Cox, William H h and 8 acres 236 to 240 Dunellen avenue 95 90
Chase, Winfield h and 1 469 W Front st 4 36
Cole est of Elias lots 4 to 6 Jefferson ave 6 54
Day, Richard 1 lot 47 Bodle avenue 2 10
Darling, William S h and 1 256 South ave 58 94
" " lot 30 foot rear of Brown's Ravine road 3 27
Darling, Emma h and 1 25 to Railway road 9 10
" " lots 177-196 W Front st 9 54
" " lots north side Prospect ave 4 91
Darling, Emma lots south side Prospect ave 9 27
Daily est of Patrick or Mary h and 1 80 W Front st 19 62
Dunn, Solomon F h l and shop 66 Park avenue 37 06
Donohue, Joseph T h and 1 10 Arlington avenue 26 16
Dorrity, Wm S 2 lots 23 and 25 Clinton ave 2 10
Free e, James H lot 230 E 3d street 2 18
Fish, Frederick H lot 1 Richmond ave 2 10
Flynn, Bernard h and 1 157 Forrest road 6 72
Fisher, Jacob and 1 h h 12 to 22 W Woodland avenue 100 00
Fitz, Adam h and 1 7 Exchange alley 10 90
Fl her est of Abram h and 1 ave 50 st 10 90
Flannigan, P J lot 87 South 3d street 1 09
Fogg, Ann 2 lots 1 and 3 to 96 W 3d st 10 90
Field, Mr lot 50 ft front W 6th street 5 91
Force, Daniel H lot 8 14 Front 60 to a 3d street 6 54
Hall, Adelia J 37 W 7th street 21 80
Hart, Carrie lot 37 Jackson avenue 2 18
Hart, Carrie 2 lots 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue 4 36
Hart, Levi E 3 lots 39 to 34 Netherwood avenue 6 54
Henderson, Rachel C farm land 5 1-2 acres Grove street 11 45
Harding, John h and 2 f 156-16, South 2d street 13 08
Ho senan, George W h and 1 19 W 3d st 26 16
Harris J T 8 lots 230 to 244 W 7th street 9 81
Harris J T 8 lots 231 to 245 W 6th street 9 81
Huff est of Rachel h and 1 86 Park ave 21 80
Henderson, Rachael C lots 26 and 28 Rose street 2 44
Henderson, Rachael C 3 1 2 205-327 Arlington ave 7 38
Jones est of Lewis h and 1 42 E Front st 26 16
Jones Emma A lots 194-1981 a Grande ave 6 54
" " lots 7 to 11 Kensington ave 6 54
" " h and 1 13 Kensington ave with lot to Webster place 32 70
Jones, Emma A h l and 1 a Grande ave " " 1 lot La Grande avenue on left W of Berckman street 4 36
Jones, Emma A 1 lot Latirande avenue on left F of Berckman street 4 36
Jones, Thomas A 2 lots S Arleton ave 1 44
" " 1 lots 1 to 10 Kensington ave 10 90
" " h and 1 13 Kensington ave 10 90
" " 2 lots 8 and 91 ..... 4 36
" " 4 lots 9 to 15 Putnam st 8 18
" " 1 lots 24 to 25 ..... 62 70
Jimerson, Aaron h and 1 2 acres 189 to 192 Leigh avenue 22 70
Jacot, Mr f 60 ft each W 4th st 357 to 359 Jennings, Frank 2 lots and 10 tee place 4 36
Keith, Simeon h and 1 95 E Front street 27 35
Kutchaud Isa h and 1 94 Kensington ave 6 54
Ka e, John h and 1 88 W 3d street 4 36
Kilpatrick Matthew h and 1 79 W 6th st 9 81
Lefler, Harriet h and 1 255 La Grande ave 8 70
Leonard, Wm J h and 1 10 and 15 W Front st 47 98
Lewis, Wm J 1-3 in cost in farm 1 8 to 170 Plainfield ave 31 97
Lee, Thomas h and 1 95 and 97 a 2d st lot 8 26
Lair, Mary M a 1 Pemberton, Field, Elizabeth and Central aves 114 8
Lewis, Israel s and 1 6 Park ave 27 35
Mulford, John h and 1 44 e 5th st 32 70
Maddock, Aimson h and 2 1 1-2 and 15 e Front 51 50
Martine, James E h and 1 c 9th st 21 80
Martine, Wm M and 1 h h 2 18
Martine, estate of D h h and 1 land 118 acres 16 to 18 Front street 381 50
Miller, Columbus h and 1 Park ave 76 30
Marsh, Mrs David H George st 1 09
Miller, Wm H h and 1 26 W 3d st 4 65
Motley, Jn rich h and 1 W 5th st 6 54
McSemmon, Patrick h and 1 1-2 e 3d st 10 90
McDonough, Peter h and 1 1-2 W 3d st 15 26
McDonough, Peter h and 1 1-2 W 3d st 8 72
Marsh, Lucy A h and 1 c W 5th st 25 18
Moe, Experience h and 1 2-3 and 2 W 5th street 30 24
Maughlin, 2 lots 35 ft ea 221 to 229 W 6th street 2 18
Meyer Sigmund T Lot 2 0 ft front w 6th street 2 f 0 ft 4 36
McCarthy Chas 2 h h 1 21 and 23 Plainfield ave 19 62
Marsh Rudolph, h h 144 Plainfield ave 19 62
Martin, Edward and Mary h and 3 f 3 and 7 Stelton place 21 80
Madden, Wm Henry 1 471 w Front one-half corner 4 36
Noel, J J 1 and 2 Prescott place 6 54
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 c 1 2 s 26 st 15 26
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 178 s 26 st 17 44
O'Neil, Jas one-half s and 1 178 s 26 st 8 72
O'Neil, Richard one-half s and 1 178 s 26 st 8 72
O'Keefe, John h and 1 91 w 5th st 13 08
O'Riley Bros. 11 180 to 200 w 7th st 13 08
Orth, Gustave 2 lots 1 and 3 Parkside ave, etc 45 78
Pike, estate of Josephine W 2-3 interest h and 1 22 to 15 e Front st 58 14
Pike, Virginia 1-3 interest h and 1 122 to 126 e Front st 29 07
Perrine, James B h and 1 5 La Grande ave 70 20
Pringle, Mr 1 Hillside ave n Randolph 2 18
Pound, Daniel S h and 1 3 3 to 390 w Front st 4 36
Reed, David or Ha ne Colburn 2 1 245 to 247 e 2d st 8 72
Reed, O H 1 39 e 3d st 4 36
Richardson, Margie h and 1 53 e 6th st 32 70
Richardson, Margie h and 1 f 1 h etc., 321 to 345 Park ave 29 94
Rose, Francis h and 1 9 and 11 Peace street 32 70
Rogers, Marietta h and 1 50 Madison ave 29 10
Sutphen, Martha 2 s 21 and 23 e Front st 62 87
Schenck, Elizabeth 3 story b h e Front st 11 45
Smalley, Morgan R 1 Hillside ave 9 82
Smalley, Morgan R 3 1-4 a f 1 Randolph road 11 45
Smalley, Samuel T s f 1 Randolph road .. 15 26
Smalley, Wm F s f 1 Randolph road 15 26
Smalley, Mary H h and 1 242 to 274 Woodland ave 21 80
Spencer, Mr 1 100 ft by 175 Revere road 3 63
Smith, Henry W 1 Farmington ave 2 18
Saucerman, Mary A 1 e of Belvidere ave 1 45
Sutphen, Ferdinand O h and 1 Park ave 26 16
Stewart, estate of John C h and 1 25 and 27 Rose street 43 60
Scott, Neil 1 15 Emery street 2 18
Scribner, Jay 1 and 2 to 21 e 2d street 6 54
Smalley, Morgan R 1 16 Rose street 1 45
Smalley, Samuel T 1 Randolph road 2 18
Smalley, Samuel 1 220 Arlington ave 2 18
Smalley, Samuel T 1 2 Arlington ave 2 18
Saltman, Mrs Ida 1 be 1 1-2 26 Central a. 127 72
Smith, James F h and 1 1 2 Dunellen ave pl. 2 18
Steward, Edward F h and 1 7 John st 8 72
Thompson, est of Dan el—
" " 2 1-2 s 25 e Front st 17 44
" " 1 s 30 e 2d Jackson ave 17 44
" " 1 s 32 e 2d Jackson ave 17 44
" " 1 s 66 to 70 Jackson ave 8 64
" " 1 s 72 to 76 Jackson ave 8 64
" " 1 s 15 E Front st 13 08
Terry, Geo W 2 167 to 69 Kensington ave. 4 36
Tooker, Wm G A 1 and 2 w 4th st 4 36
Tooker, Wm G A 1 12 Bodle avenue 2 18
Tooker, Wm G A 1 s 25 e 2d st 4 36
Tooker, W A h and 1 17 and 19 w 4th st 8 72
Trustees Mount Olive church, h and 1 26 s Liberty st 34 80
Trustees of Henry h and 1 44 to 46 w 4th st 21 80
Unknown owners—
1 f 60 to 31 e Front st 10 90
1 f 60 to 33 e Front st 10 90
3 f 180, 181 and 253 to 26 st 32 70
1 f 60 west ave 2 18
1 f 60 to 1 Hillside place 2 18
1 9 to 17 Highland ave 12 16
1 f 60 to 1 Jackson ave 2 18
1 f 60 to 3 Jackson ave 2 18
1 f 60, 30, 31, 34 Johnston ave 6 54
1 f Jackson ave 2 18
1 f " " 2 18
1 f " " 2 18
1 f " " 2 18
1 f George st 2 18
2 f 90 to 19 George st 4 36
1 f Mercer, South ave, on right from Hill ave to Johnston 26 16
1 f 60 to Dunellen ave 2 18
2 f 35 to 37 Rose st 4 36
1 f 60 to 1 Rose st 2 18
1 f 60 Arlington ave 2 18
Vail, Cathari e h and 1 f 2 e 2d st 10 90
Vanderbilt, Cornelius 1 e 2d st 2 18
Vermeule, Sarah A h and 1 land 7 Passaic 21 80
Vail, Hulda M—
1 3-4 Front place 1 09
h and 1 34 to 38 Dunellen ave 17 44
1 f 60 to Dunellen ave 2 18
Van Winkle, Jeremiah h and 1 3 Central ave 15 98
Wing, Pau kin h, h and 1 12 a 349 to 375 e Front st to 1 creek road 24 90
Weber, Anna 1 e 9 and 1 e 6 2d st 8 72
Woodruff, James M 1 e of Belvidere ave 2 18
Whitehead, est of Prance h h st to ave and 1 2-3 w Front street 32 70
Wood, Mary 1 e of Bedford ave 2 18
Wells, Wm H 1 4-6 ft front 266 to 280 w 4th st 9 27
Werenga, John h and 2 a Randolph rd 9 27
Watson, James h 1 180 ft front 220 Central ave 4 36
Young, est of Thomas H h and 1 Elm pl. 26 16
Zerbe, Horace, John T Bates et 2 ..... 9 16

Witness my hand this 16th day of September A. D., 1890. VINCENT W. RASH,
Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent taxes.

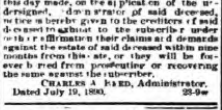
Legal Notices.

EXECUTORS' SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscribers, surviving executors of Daniel H. Lum, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the county of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-sixth day of November next.

WILLIAM HETFIELD,
SARAH HOUSE.
Dated September 17th, 1890. 9-24-w9

ESTATE OF ANNIE S. NASON,
Deceased. Pursuant to the order of George W. Stewart, Surrogate of the county of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, administrator of said deceased, on two years being given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering any claim against the subscriber.

CHARLES A. REED, Administrator.
Dated July 19, 1890. 23-9w



SINGER
Safety Bicycles.
SOLE AGENT,
Geo. W. Morrison,
(At Randolph's Drug Store.)
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1092.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHESON,
Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to pupils. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Soloist and one of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and vocal music. Voice trial free 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM
will resume her lessons in voice culture after the 15th inst. Call or address on application 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK
will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the late Dr. Mason, and the Tonic Sol-fa system of sight singing. Will receive pupils in class of piano. And on the 23 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9 2 2w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON,
A pupil of Professors Steffanone and Whitney, Elocution and music in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 22nd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT,
Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th. Pupils to race departments and instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Single and interested attention will mark the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, Botany and Geography daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The undersigned will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. E. KENYON, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.
25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8 18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner will re-open her School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Winter is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES
If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Fall Style Hats
DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.
Best Goods for the Least Money.
HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.
U. B. Crane,
12 Park avenue.

Our Full Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
EAST FRONT ST. REET.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good!
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Fegar with Sunstro wrapper for Five cents, at
N H. Guttman's
18 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

NEW FIRM
N.B.Smalley & Co.
DEALERS IN
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,
POULTRY AND FISH.
Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.
TELEPHONE CALL 14.
N. B SMALLEY, } 94 SOMERSET ST.
B. H BROKAW }

R. O. HOWELL,
THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,
PRICE TO CONSUMERS.
KUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle..... $2.25, per doz.
1 Oasis, 12 dozen pints (imported style)....15.00.
KUREKA SARSAPARILLAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle..... $2.25 per doz
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.
Canada Apples !!
NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,
A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.
Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,
79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,
OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."
PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.
EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS
FERRIS BONELESS BACON.
Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Apple Farm Creamery Butter. Please call and examine goods and prices.
P. M. Demarest,
125 PARK AVENUE.

Marsh & Ayers
Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and business of Mr. Parker, would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.
Marsh & Ayers.
NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line
FARE FIVE CENTS.
To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.
Will into passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.
All I ask is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class line.
New route will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.
My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits will run as follows:
Leave Washingtonville, 6:30, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 n. (Thursday) trips will connect at depot with Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.
Thanking the public for past favors, I remain,
Comrade E. K. Allen.
PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12 m., 2:30, 5:45 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:40, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.
E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.04, 5.45, 6.04, 6.39, 7.07, 7.30, 8.05, 8.38, 8.51, 9.37, 9.58, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35, a. m. 12.00, 1.42, 2.06, 2.30, 3.05, 3.42, 4.30, 5.05, 6.09, 6.34, 7.06, 7.35, 9.08, 10.25, 11.40 p. m. Sunday 3.37, 5.04, 8.05, 8.38, 9.37, 10.05, 11.05, 11.35, a. m. 12.00, 2.06, 3.05, 4.30, 5.05, 6.09, 6.34, 7.06, 7.35, 9.08, 10.25, 11.40 p. m. Leave Dunellen for Liberty street at 6.40, 7.45, 9.05, 9.45, 8.42, 10.30, 11.00 m. 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.42, 10.30, 11.00 m. 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.40, 7.45, 9.05, 9.45, 10.15, 11.05 a. m. 12.05, 1.25, 2.25, 3.25, 4.05, 4.40, 5.25, 6.25, 7.05, 8.25, 9.35, 10.45, 12.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.40, 10.15, 11.05 a. m. 12.05, 1.25, 2.25, 3.25, 4.05, 4.40, 5.25, 6.25, 7.05, 8.25, 9.35, 10.45, 12.05 p. m. Leave Elizabeth at 6.54, 7.59, 9.19, 9.59, 10.29, 11.19 a. m. 12.19, 1.39, 2.39, 3.39, 4.19, 4.54, 5.39, 6.39, 7.19, 8.39, 9.49, 10.59, 12.19 p. m. Sunday at 8.44, 9.54, 10.29, 11.19 a. m. 12.19, 1.39, 2.39, 3.39, 4.19, 4.54, 5.39, 6.39, 7.19, 8.39, 9.49, 10.59, 12.19 p. m. Leave Bonnelton at 7.02, 8.07, 9.27, 10.07, 10.37, 11.27 a. m. 12.27, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.27, 5.02, 5.47, 6.47, 7.27, 8.47, 9.57, 11.07, 12.27 p. m. Sunday at 9.02, 10.07, 10.37, 11.27 a. m. 12.27, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.27, 5.02, 5.47, 6.47, 7.27, 8.47, 9.57, 11.07, 12.27 p. m. Leave Rahway at 7.10, 8.15, 9.35, 10.15, 10.45, 11.35 a. m. 12.35, 1.55, 2.55, 3.55, 4.35, 5.10, 5.55, 6.55, 7.35, 8.55, 10.05, 11.15, 12.35 p. m. Sunday at 9.10, 10.15, 10.45, 11.35 a. m. 12.35, 1.55, 2.55, 3.55, 4.35, 5.10, 5.55, 6.55, 7.35, 8.55, 10.05, 11.15, 12.35 p. m. Leave Metuchen at 7.20, 8.25, 9.45, 10.25, 10.55, 11.45 a. m. 12.45, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 4.45, 5.20, 6.05, 7.05, 7.45, 9.05, 10.15, 11.25, 12.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.20, 10.25, 10.55, 11.45 a. m. 12.45, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 4.45, 5.20, 6.05, 7.05, 7.45, 9.05, 10.15, 11.25, 12.45

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE BARBAROUS MANNER IN WHICH SHOP GIRLS DRESS.

Woman as She Is at Thirty—A Novel Wedding Trip—Accidents—Women's False Teeth—How Women Use Slang—Work for Young Women—Home Manners.

One day the writer stood in one of the large dry goods stores waiting her turn to be served at one of the counters. The girls behind it were very numerous, but were all busy and hurried, passing and repassing one another in the narrow space to look for required goods. In the confusion one jostled the arm of a second, who was reaching for a box of ribbons, and knocked it to the floor. "You might have kept out of my way," impatiently exclaimed the offending one, and "You might have looked" was the equally impatient rejoinder. Then the first speaker relented. "It was my fault, Kitty," she said, "but my head aches so," and her voice softened into a wail. Then it was Kitty's turn. "It's all right," she said; "I wouldn't have minded a little accident like that only my head is aching, too."

The waiting customer looked the two girls over. The one whose head ached had on a heavy skirt of shabby black velveteen, whose loose waistband permitted it to drag upon her hips. A cheap black Jersey was the waist of her dress, and through its thin texture the outlines of a stout, cruel corset could be plainly seen. Around her neck, in obedience to the high collar fashion, was a piece of some stiffened black velvet covered with a bead passementerie, the weight of which neckwear must have very sensibly impeded the free flow of blood through the delicate veins. On her head, in addition to her own hair, which was not scanty, was piled a palpable switch of jute, the structure pinned on with two or three heavy hat pins. Poor, misguided child—for the face was pathetically young—was it any wonder that her temples throbbed and her nerves were strung to the last pitch of endurance? Her companion was garbed in a very similar manner, her dress presenting no modifications that made it more sombrely enough dustless in her case the maximum misery of poorly made, ill fitting shoes, possibly with high heels and narrow toes, reduced the minimum wretchedness of dragging clothes.

What luster to Mrs. Miller's fame to carry the "gown form" in simple, inexpensive design to girls like these who stand for thousands of their sisters, and to coax from them their deforming and killing corsets! To bring this preacher and this flock together for such a result some philanthropist ought to see accomplished.—New York Times.

Woman as She Is at Thirty.

Balzac has said that at thirty a woman is at her most dangerous and dangerous age—dangerous to the hearts of men.

Perhaps no writer understood as well his own countrywomen as Balzak, and no one has ever surpassed him as a many cynical allusions to the sex in general. But Balzac's criticisms would apply to a certain type of woman, more sinned in France, let us hope, than in our own America. To the bloom *man of the* world the blushing debutante is peculiarly attractive. But it is the woman of thirty who whirls him in a vortex of emotions. She has lived and experienced, and she is alert to every sensibility. She revels in the part of heroine, and in the disturbances and agitations of which she is the cause. She looks upon the dainty creature of twenty as milk and mushy—as insipid.

She goes on indefatigably playing her part. In perfect knowledge of her charms, walks the "young thing" by her side, she has the advantage. She knows, through her well trained intuition, the particular weakness—the grande passion, so to speak—of each victim. And with great finesse she becomes, for the time, an enthusiast upon the same subject, pursues, with well feigned sincerity, the same "fad;" whether politics or athletics, theology or music—from Beethoven to Strauss—she will always be found a devotee to each.

Flattery in its sweetest subtlety, satire in its keenest form, are well at her command. For alas! for her the time is rapidly approaching when she must range among the lookers on; when the chill of autumn will usher in the Indian summer. Fortunate is she if it brings with it the ripe graces and the poetic suggestions which give to that season of decay its most mellow charm. True hearted is she if she earns at last the best success this world can give; the possession of the high, unselfish spirit, rich in self knowledge, self control, and self help, a touchstone to all who approach. —New York Ledger.

A Novel Wedding Trip.

A novel method of spending a honeymoon has recently been added to the list of unique ways of passing it—in coaches, on house boats or yachts. A young Viennese bridegroom procured for the trip a new furniture van with three horses and a driver. The interior he fitted up in a most daintily luxuriant way with every comfort and convenience dear to the feminine heart. Just here the light was supplied in not easy to conjecture, for the ordinary furniture van has no windows. Possibly electricity may have been the soft radiance from the depending globes of rosaate hue, or the heated lovers may have lived only in the soft light of each other's eyes.

The new fashion will no doubt also arise to any one but lovers, but whether the diner visited the culinary art with that of handling the reins, or whether the young woman herself was cooking school graduate, is not known. Anyway the pair expect to spend a two months' honeymoon at a cost of from $100 to $200 per week, roaming along about the country in their own private conveyance, with buffet accommodations.

Should the fashion become general there would be no May day weddings, for fancy the indignation of matrons from whom the romantic hallucinations of marriage have subsided in the practical realities of three meals a day and babies with the colic defying their moving while a pair of lovers roam about the country in idyllic seclusion. —New York Sun.

American Women's False Teeth.

"Did you ever notice how many American young women have false teeth nowadays?" said a well known dentist. "Perhaps you never have, for these women are very means to prevent detection, especially by their gentlemen friends. It is quite safe to calculate that out of every twenty American young women of means who are moving in the fashionable society of our cities one has false teeth. Five have either all upon the others will exhibit gaps, or it will be demonstrated on examination that their natural teeth have been filled and manipulated very extensively. If you doubt my assertions go into any ballroom of the elite in the season, or attend any private society reception, and see for yourself.

"You doubtless think it strange that the teeth, being such a prime factor in woman's beauty, should be so neglected, and it is strange, considering the prevailing but pardonable vanity of the fair sex on the subject. Nevertheless, there is a way of accounting for it, and that is upon the basis of the supreme laziness of the average fashionable lady.

"Late hours in the winter season, when the theatres, the opera and all the tony social amusements are in full blast, are responsible in fact for this laziness, which might, perhaps, rather be styled chronic weariness, and the dread work of completing the transformation of the society young lady into a confirmed idler is done during the summer by the habits engendered at the watering places and other heated term resorts of the extreme fashionable. The teeth should be thoroughly cleaned on arising in the morning and on retiring for the night, but are sadly frequently given the 'go-by' altogether or brush ed at irregular periods, and thus tartar and decay get a lead which they steadily maintain until the precious teeth, through accumulation, packed up by a dentist, are ruined beyond repair.

"Of course all intelligent ladies are aware of the importance of cleaning their teeth, and are sadly frequently disappointed when they are compelled to have false ones put in, but all this does not seem to teach them prudence, and every year is the old story over again, but with a decidedly progressive tendency."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

How Women Use Slang.

"I object," says a clever man, "to the cowardly way women have of swearing and using slang. Have you never noticed how they do it? In quotation marks. When a woman is so deeply moved that she wants to swear does she give vent to the round, satisfying single syllable that a man would? Not at all. She says it, to be sure, but she sneaks into the satisfaction of it in something this way: 'If I were a man,' she says, 'I should say so and so.' And saying 'so and so,' spelled with four letters, has given her again the temper of an angel without having brought upon her the opprobrium of having actually sworn.

"In much the same way does she use a slang expression. What man of refinement stands unwilling before the vulgarity of slang. She wants its pith and point at times, but she doesn't want to adopt it as her own out and out. So when she uses a bit of it she prefaces it by some such remark as 'This is what a man would call,' or uses 'slang,' and then disclaims it by announcing 'as a man would say.' Or, neatest of all, by a dainty inflection of her voice she throws the expression into quotation marks. Don't you recall it?

"A man says to her, for instance, 'I feel a little "seedy" this morning,' and she asks in return. 'How does a man feel when he feels "seedy"?' Or she scores the point that word she speaks in her own voice and per son. Just there she makes a little pause, her voice sinks into a very artistic like deprecation, and she says the word, but says it in a way that reminds the man at once that the word is his and not hers.

"Just watch the next woman who uses slang in your presence, and see if you do not catch the quotation point tone at once, and then, if you can, tell me what is done, that, though she has used the expression out and out, she has not for a moment identified herself with it, or assumed the responsibility of it."—New York Evening Sun.

Work for Young Women.

An English lady gave rather an interesting reply to the oft repeated and vexing question of "What shall we do with our daughters?" The need of a remunerative and suitable employment for well born and well bred girls is constantly increasing, and the lady suggests that little companies of those girls, with two, three or more in each company, train themselves thoroughly in all that pertains to the management of a house, and go out with certificates of competency, and at an advanced rate of wages in consequence of their superior intelligence and capability, to take charge of houses in Sydney or Melbourne, where servants are particularly scarce and incompetent. They could call themselves "lady assistants," "house superintendents" or any other distinctive title removal from the objective one of servants. Of course the girls would insist upon doing the entire work of the household, and thus obviate any unpleasant association with servants of the ordinary ignorant type. The lady also suggests that it would be wise to adopt a distinctive cap and apron, and take rank with the nursing sisters, and take with all the same conscientious pride in their duties as do the nurses —London Letter.

Manners for the Home.

Very few young people realize the immense charm of gentle, courteous home manners. It is not only that it is to be and the duty of every Christian gentlewoman and gentleman, but it is infinitely lovely and attractive to see girls and boys observing the rules of politeness in their own people and in their every day life the same courtesy and the same consideration that they exercise abroad.

There is a species of vulgarity about "company manners," just as there is in all veneer; and there are many young people who consider themselves well bred, who would scorn to wear sham jewelry and would think false pretense of any kind bad form, yet who keep their graciousness for the world and spoil the home atmosphere by their touchiness and rudeness.

Not that they mean it—they may really love each other dearly—but in any great matter would be quick to serve and make sacrifice—but the daily exercise of self control in little matters, the every day unselfishness, the "soft answer that turneth away wrath," are not theirs, and almost unconsciously the habits of home ill breeding are formed, and many a mother finds too late that through her carelessness and inattention to details the mischief is done and she cannot remedy it.—New York Tribune.

Experiments with Starch.

The mealy substance known by the name of starch forms the basis of some very simple and easily performed chemical experiments. If you scrape some potatoes on a grater, knead the pulp thus obtained with water and squeeze it in a linen cloth; the greater part of the cells remain behind, but the juice, together with a large proportion of the starch, runs through. Let the liquid remain quiet for some hours; it becomes clear between the white starch which rests at the bottom. Pour off the liquid, wash the starch several times with fresh water, allowing it to settle each time, and then dry in a moderately warm place, and starch will be the result.

Heat in a flask the liquid poured from the starch, and after boiling a few moments it deposits a flaky substance, which is vegetable albumen.

If starch is placed in a bottle and gently heated, it agglomerates into small dry balls; hard, horny granules are obtained, which swell when boiling water is poured on them. These granules are called empo.

Heat in a dry frying pan a little starch with an ounce and a half of water, stirring till it boils, and you have starch as it is used for stiffening linen.

If starch paste is allowed to stand for a length of time in a warm place it gradually is converted into lactic acid—the same acid that gives to buttermilk its well known sour taste.—Youth's Companion.

Pins and Needles.

Use a wire frame for boiling potatoes, and see how much of vexation it saves and how satisfactory is the result.

A teaspoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

Cincinnati has a Woman's Press club, with a membership of thirty-four, all engaged in active literary work.

Two quarts of water with two ounces of glycerine scented with rose, as a dressing for the bath, will impart freshness and delicacy to the skin.

Mrs. M. E. Beasley has an income of $30,000 from a barrel hooping machine, by means of which 1,000 barrels can be hooped in a day.

If you want a draught to work on, with body and brains, take a glass of white grape juice with a teaspoonful of acid phosphate, and use the latter to will your energies.

The tallest princess in the world is the crown princess of Denmark, who is six feet three inches in height.

"These are my household gods," he said to her as he entered his bachelor apartment. "But you lack something," she remarked. "What?" "A household goddess."

Succotash.

Very few housekeepers understand how to cook succotash properly. The Lima beans should be cooked at least an hour, with just enough water to cover them before the corn is added. The corn should be cut carefully, not too close to the cob, and added to the beans and the mixture cooked ten minutes. Then a large teaspoonful of butter and a scant teaspoonful of flour must be added to every pint of succotash, and stirred in carefully so as not to break the beans. The succotash must now be seasoned and cooked ten minutes longer. Some persons add salt with the flour, but it gives it a coarse, greasy flavor not agreeable to a refined taste.—Exchange.

A School for Young Mothers.

Dr. Clara Bliss Hinds and Mrs. H. L. Coolidge, of Washington, D. C., have opened a nursery for the instruction of mothers in the care of all nationalities are taught by means of simple lectures how to care for their children, and as an object lesson is always better than theory, a baby is procured for the occasion, washed, dressed, fed and put to sleep in the presence of the audience. Nursery improvements and sanitary reforms are exhibited, and samples of foods are passed around and later cooked and fed to the child that may need nourishment. There is sore need of such a school as this sort in New York city.—New York Letter.

Miss Corson's Health.

Miss Juliet Corson, the well known professor of cooking and domestic science at Rutgers female college, New York city, is in poor health. She would like her lectures are read at her dictation by her secretary, and she illustrates her ideas of cooking while seated in an invalid's chair. She has a large and faithful class, and it is a belief of the college girls that Miss Corson could produce a first-class soup with a wish bone, a quart of water, a watercress, a pinch of salt and a match.—New York Ledger.

James E. Scripps, of The Detroit News, has placed the sum of $1,000 at the disposal of the trustees of the Detroit Museum of Art to enable them to offer that sum to defray the cost of two years' study in one of the great art schools of Europe as a prize for the competitive problem in the Detroit Art academy. The prize is open to students from all parts of the country.

Tea and ground coffee are packed in tin cans of the kind used for maple syrup. A funnel will be required to fill them, but except for that the small hole is an advantage. Spices are put in baking powder boxes, and a strip of paper is pasted around them to hold the covers firmly. All packages are carefully labeled to prevent mistakes.

Raisins are stemmed and thrown into a large pan, then covered with boiling water. This kills all insect eggs in case they have been deposited. After five minutes the water is cooled so the hands can bear it, the fruit is washed, drained on sieves, and dried quickly either in a fruit drier or a hot oven. It is then packed in fruit cans while hot.

Wigs, bangs and switches can be cleaned and made as glossy as new by dipping them in a naphtha bath. This mode of renovation is quite good for the hair dealers, as an average of fifty hair fires are reported in trade every week. The ladies having decided to wear no light or fire in the room at the time of the ignition.

To prevent the hair from falling out or turning gray, take a teaspoonful of dried sage and boil for twenty minutes in a quart of water. When it has been strained add a piece of borax the size of a walnut. When cold it is ready for use. This wash should be well rubbed into the roots of the hair and the head brushed dry.

They have a queer little 10-year-old girl in Philadelphia who is normal in everything else, but ever since she was a baby in her cradle, when her first task for her nurse in charge, she never could go to sleep unless the soles of her feet were tickled, and up to this day she is a victim of the habit.

Miss Helen Newberry, the only daughter of ex-Congressman Newberry, of Michigan, and an heiress, has given away her door sports. She is an accomplished tennis player, a good swimmer and "a veritable little sea dog when it comes to yachting." She is a skillful banjo player.

Borax is another chemical that should find a common use in every family. For cleansing the teeth and sweetening the breath a few grains of the powder in water are unexcelled. It also softens and whitens flannels.

A woman factory inspector in Philadelphia has made 400 inspections during her service of six months. In nine cases out of ten she found that the operatives did not know where the fire escapes were.

A New York money prince has recently ordered a set of brass door registers placed with gold in an enselling or ornate design. The registers will be placed in the owner's palace.

Purify clothes that have been kept from the air by laying a few lumps of sugar wrapped in paper, in the folds. Try the open air first.

Stoves and ranges should be kept free from soot in all compartments. A clogged flue or passage will prevent any oven from baking well.

TWO BABY FEET.

Only two baby feet, so pink and fair,
So small I hold them both within my hand,
And baby how I love them everywhere!
With thoughts which none but mothers understand.

I note each line of dainty baby grace
Which those dear feet unconsciously impress;
Dear dimpled feet! how long or short a way
You have to journey ere you reach the goal?

Dear little feet, that lie yet all untrained
By contact with a world by sin defiled;
My mother-heart prays God most fervently
That she will guide them rightly, my child.

And handling o'er the peaceful couch I rock
Unanswered questions of thy future days;
I long to know if those dear feet shall tread
Upward or down, through rough or pleasant ways.

I cannot tell; it is not mine to know
What God, in wisdom, for my child hath planned,
And it is best, dear one, that it is so;
For human reason might not understand.

But he who guides the timid sparrow's flight
When it has fluttered from its sheltered home
Will not forget our child by day or night.
Never or for these baby feet may roam.
—Mrs. Mary Felton in Good Housekeeping.

PAUPERS BECAUSE OF THE CHURCH.

A Cow Showing How Charitable Women Are Sometimes Imposed On.

Nancy A——, aged 35, can wash, iron, clean house, sew, cook—almost anything that will earn an honest living," she says. A crippled brother, a blind grandmother, a widowed sister who has the asthma and three children under 8 years of age. "Seven people to be supported by one pair of hands." Tears in her eyes as she says it. Children partly clothed by "Sunday school of your church, ma'am, and oh, the kindness of your church ladies to me I can never, no, never, forget!" It seems that they give her cast loads of cast off clothes and provisions, and employ her to wash dishes, etc., at church entertainments, and "never let her suffer for anything." Nancy is recommended to me by one of our Dorcas society as a capable and prilling washerwoman. Thus runs the original entry.

Now I needed a washerwoman as little as I needed a fifth wheel to my chair in my house, but I wanted to help Nancy, and I would be consistent to my principle of not making honest workpeople into paupers. So I invented work for her. I hunted up some dozens of "white things" that were yellowing on my linen shelves and packed them into a hamper. Nancy could not do them up in our laundry. There were children at home, and nobody but them three invaleeds to get their meals and keep the premises clean and tidy. Fire,* washed,

She looked askance at the hamper when it was offered. The water arrangements in her flat were very "inconvenient." But a lady on the next floor would help her bring up the water if "twas allowed in the bill.

I readily engaged to allow it. Otherwise thoughtful women are too often inconsiderate in the matter of "water arrangements" in tenement houses. It is not so easy to keep clean when every drop of water must be lugged up two flights of stairs as when you have only to turn a faucet to get all you want. Nancy next suggested modern linen for my clothes would have to be carried up to the roof to be dried. But the lady down stairs would help her with the baskets for my twenty-five cents. She didn't like to risk straining her back. If anything should happen to her what would become of her three invaleeds and the children?

I "allowed" the additional quarter of a dollar. With seven people dependent upon her Nancy's back must be respected. She got up to enable them to offer that sum undeserved grandmother. She was unduly grateful, and promised to come tomorrow for the next week's supply of work.

On the morrow I had, instead, a badly spelled note—in pencil, of course. Nancy had "meaant to tell me yesterday that she could not do my washing no more, but did not like to the heart to disappoint me, seeing I was so set upon having her do it, and what with fetching up the water from below and the clothes on to the ruff sech work didn't pay. She was sorry to disoblease me, for nobody need wanter work for a nicer lady, and would I please remember to mention her name to the ladies at the strawberry festival next week?"

I waylaid her in the lobby of the hall when the festival was over. She had a big basket on each arm, full of cakes, bread, sugar, etc., bestowed with her supper, over and above $3 in money. She was in a hurry to get home to the invaleeds, but paused amiably to hearken to my query as to her engagements for the house cleaning season. "You're the fourth person what's asked me that to-night"—affable and complacent. "The church ladies has been so good to me that I hate to seem unobligin'. But I really don't see how I'm to leave home all day, or even half a day. There's my three invaleeds, you know."

Can you do some plain sewing for me? Would you undertake a weekly job of mending to be done in your own home?

"I'm afeered to promise, ma'am—on account of my invaleeds, you know. They takes up all my time."

"But your grandmother is not a cripple and your brother is not blind, and your sister has the use of her eyes and limbs. Couldn't they help one another for a few hours of the day?"

"Oh, ma'am!" with a smile of superior pity for my ignorance, "you can't imagine how much wuttin' on them poor invaleeds requires. It 'tawn't for the Sunday school and the blessed church ladies we should a' come to be beggars long ago. The Lord ought to reward 'em."

"A worthy creature," remarked the president of our Dorcas, who chanced to pass as Nancy left me, "and so grateful. One of the Lord's poor."

In the ten years that have passed since that particular Nancy left Cherry Sawmill Nancy has not, I think, missed a single church entertainment or failed to stagger home under the weight of the fragments gathered from the tables by the grateful poor. I know she has never done a day's work if she could help it.—Marion Harland in New York Herald.

Jewels of a Woman's Life.

There are so many jewels that may be worn day and night, so many gems that are always and only your own, that you need not grieve for those that show their brightness only by day. There is the jewel of Contentment, that many wear just over your heart; there is the moonstone of Hope that may glitter over your brow, filling your eyes with brightness; there is that brilliant stone of Sympathy and Love that makes you put out your right hand to help, and there is the beautiful one of loving Kindness, that makes the left hand help the right. But above all, and including all, pinning down your treasure, is the diamond of true Love—love which endureth all, suffereth all, hopeth all. Are not these better than jewels of any sort of the world? For, indeed, these jewels are the heart jewels above.—Ladies' Home Journal.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IS OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.

We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING

OF

MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State.
Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Turcish Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H BOEHM.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $30 WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 9X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 556 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c. GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90 per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallon, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSHNBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments,

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

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THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 8 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Casey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Malaria and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies, 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

3d and 5th floors, Box 1286

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of such size as desired, at reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

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Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early and is thoroughly screened, and to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and shipping. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is of the best quality and full satisfaction. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Charges according to improved rates established by the Board of Health. Office at 23 East Front street. Residence, corner of Park avenue and Somerset street. Telephone No. 129.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 24th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

in accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 25 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to be at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
1st Ward	725	votes,	15 delegates.
2d "	173	"	3 "
3d "	338	"	7 "
4th "	258	"	5 "
5th "	177	"	3* "
6th "	140	"	3 "
Linden	202	"	4 "
Total	37		

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
3d Ward	249	votes,	5 delegates.
4th "	208	"	4 "
5th "	564	"	12 "
Union	164	"	3 "
Springfield	94	"	2 "
Summit	210	"	4 "
Cranford	140	"	3 "
New Providence	55	"	1 "
Total	34		

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—			
1st Ward	116	votes,	2 delegates.
2d "	139	"	3 "
3d "	298	"	6 "
4th "	178	"	3 "
Clark	40	"	1 "
Plainfield—			
1st Ward	250	"	5 "
2d "	259	"	5 "
3d "	259	"	5 "
4th "	278	"	6 "
Fanwood	149	"	3 "
Westfield	381	"	8 "
Total	45		

The Assembly Convention will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Thomas Keating and bride, of Schenectady, N. Y., are visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. N. M. Demarest of Crescent avenue is stopping at the Niagara House, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Miss Louie Baker, of Asbury Park, is visiting Miss Eleanor Morrison of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. Robert R. Spence r, a prominent member of Volunteer Lodge, Knights of Pythias of Elizabeth, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss Sarah O'Mealy of East Orange and Mrs. E. Friend of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. James Huntington of North Plainfield.

The approaching marriage of Mr. David McIntyre of Newark and Miss Anna Woodland of Somerset street, North Plainfield, is announced. It will occur at the home of the bride on the 8th inst at half past eleven o'clock.

Mr. Andrew Vanderbeek of Park avenue and Miss Volt of Cherryville were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents in Cherryville, Hunterdon county. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbeek will reside at No. 313 Grove street, North Plainfield.

Mr. James Keating and Miss Ellen Barry of West Fourth street were united in marriage this afternoon at St. Mary's church by the Rev. Father Smyth. Mr. Thomas Keating of Schenectady, N. Y., acted as best man, and Miss Lizzie Barry, a sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid. The happy couple will be tendered a reception this evening.

Mr. Alfred Obitz of Somerset street returned home yesterday afternoon from a few months stay on the Craig boys' Texas ranch. Mr. Obitz has gained several pounds and is well browned. Mr. Dave French, another of the party, will spend the Winter in Texas. Mr. George Craig, who was also a guest of the Messrs. Craig, is so delighted with the West that he has invested in property and proposes to settle there permanently.

To Bible Students.

The American Institute of Sacred Literature, of which Prof. Wm. Harper is president, will offer in this city on December 30th, an examination on the Gospel of Luke. Those who pass this examination will receive a certificate from the institute, those who have passed examinations in the study of the International Sunday school lessons ought to be sufficiently prepared for the examination. The object of the examination is to induce more careful study of the life of Christ as set forth by Luke. Those who desire to take the examination should send their names to the Rev. R. R. Lyons, who will open a class at the Association rooms every Friday at 4 p. m. The review of the book of Genesis will be the lesson for to-morrow. All ladies interested are invited.

CRESCENT LEAGUE MEETING.

New Officers Elected for the Ensuing Year.

The Crescent League of this city held a meeting last evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Charles A. Reed.
Vice President—Charles C. Burnett.
Trustee—J. K. Arnold, Howard Emerson and Mr. Van Fleet.
Secretary—Charles B. Lyman.
Treasurer—Charles Bell.

The Board of Trustees were empowered to appoint the treasurer.

A resolution was passed, to the effect that on and after January first next, the initiation fee be raised from $10 to $20 and the monthly dues from $1 to $1.50.

Mrs. Ulrich is about to commence the erection of a new and handsome building for the use of the Club on the site where the old club house stands. It is to be a brick structure four feet wider than the present one and two stories high. The first floor is to be used for bowling purposes. An elaborately furnished billiard room, a meeting room and several other rooms are to occupy the second story of the building. The front is to be extended to the sidewalk and several other improvements are to be made.

At a recent meeting held in Jersey City, several clubs from New York, Jersey City, Elizabeth and other places formed a Bowling League. The League extended an invitation to the members of the Crescent League to join and the matter is now under consideration.

A NEW LODGE.

Instituted in This City Last Evening.

Plainfield Assembly No. 42 Non-Secret Endowment Order was instituted last evening by Supreme Organizer E. R. Howe of Worcester, Mass., assisted by a large attendance. The aims and objects of the order were explained. When an opportunity for those who wished to join was given quite a number signed the roll. The Assembly starts off with thirty members.

The officers installed were:
President—Charles Schermerhorn.
Vice President—H. J. Martin.
Secretary—Frank W. Runyon.
Treasurer—Lewis R. Blackford.
Counsellor—Walter L. Hatfield.
Conductor—William L. Sharkey.
Guardian—William F. Fuller.
Trustees—W. R. Codington, Bateman Thatcher and Alexander Thorn.
Past President—J. R. Higgins.

Next Lecture and Social—Held Oct. 15, K. of P. hall, Ampsion Building, West Second street.

The Band Entertainment.

Last night an entertainment for the benefit of the Plainfield Cornet Band took place in Ampsion Hall. Previous to the opening of the performance, the band included in a short parade. All the members were neatly uniformed and wore high silk hats. The performance was made up mostly of local talent and was very creditable to the participants. The following programme was produced:

Cornet Solo—Harris Sorhuen, the boy soloist. The local favorite—John Carney, in his specialties.
Violin Solo—"When the Swallows Homeward Fly." ..... Prof. P. L. Conde
Park Avenue Social Club Quartette.
Martin J. Dixon—Character songs—"Married Life." "Did You Ever Hear a Girl Say No." And the latest success, "playmates."
The two fun makers and all around comedians, Whitely and Gilbert, in the z zealties.
The entertainment concluding with the laughable farce, "Three Married Men."

Characters—		
Mr. Somerset, an artist	Mr. M. J. Dixon	
Timothy Brown, city broker	Mr. D. Whitely	
Jonathan Smith, a tailor	Mr. H. Hamilton	
Mrs. Somerset, }	Miss Wallock	
Mrs. Brown, }	respective }	Miss Barrows
Mrs. Smith, }	wives. }	Miss Miller.

Public Library.

Librarian's report for September, 1890.

Vols. on accession-book, August 31	9,315
" added by purchase	30
" " " gift	10
" now in library	9,345
Number of card holders	1,868
Cash received from fines	$25.27
" " " subscriptions	6
" of non residents	10
Total	$19.57

Home circulation—

Fiction	951
Juvenile	366
Biography	80
Travel	51
Poetry	5
Religion	19
Sociology	60
Science	34
Useful arts	8
Fine arts	24
Literature	88
History	74
Periodicals	6
Total	1,652
Visitors to the building	2,719

E. L. ADAMS, Librarian.

Two Thieving Tramps Caught.

On the night of September 26 Van Arsdale's store, at Large Cross Roads, Somerset county, was entered, and goods to the value of $300 were stolen. The following day the Township Vigilance Society offered a reward of $50 for the capture of the thieves. On Saturday afternoon Chief of Police Crow, of Somerville, while driving along the road at the above mentioned town met two men in the thicket sitting by a fire. Later he learned of the robbery, and at once his suspicions were directed to the tramps. He returned and arrested them, and found upon them nearly the entire amount of the goods. They were committed to the County jail at Somerville yesterday morning. They gave their names as James Dunlap and Thomas Douglass.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Bible training class for ladies was reorganized at the Y. M. C. A., rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening. The class will be taught by Rev. R. R. Lyons and will consist of the Association rooms every Friday at 4 p. m. The review of the book of Genesis will be the lesson for to-morrow. All ladies interested are invited.

IN THE SESSIONS.

Two Thieves Sentenced to the County Jail.

The usual session of the Union county court of special sessions was held at Elizabeth yesterday morning. Judge McCormick presided with associates Iyer and Wiley. In the Orphans' Court there were several matters, and in the criminal branch, on motion of Prosecutor Wilson, two prisoners were arraigned for sentence.

Bernard Bentley, a youth, charged with entering the hotel of Frederick Coombs, in Westfield, and stealing a watch, box of cigars and a quart of whisky, pleaded guilty. He said it was his first offense. He recently arrived in Elizabeth from California. For a while he worked for ex-Chief Keron.

In view of all the circumstances the court was lenient in imposing the sentence, which was to the county jail for a term of six months, one day.

Samuel Jackson, the tinker, who was arrested yesterday by Capt. Brant for the robbery of a watch from the residence of Henry Hamilton, corner Spencer street and Second avenue, pleaded guilty.

Jackson said that he found the house open and knocked at the door. No one responded, and hearing voices upstairs he went up to inquire if there was any repairing of jewelry or clocks to be done. One of the bedrooms was open and he saw the watch lying exposed on the bureau. He was tempted to take it and tried to resist the temptation. He picked up the time piece and put it down several times, but finally gave way to the temptation and pocketed it, and fled. He said his was not the influence of drink and in fact was drunk most of the time, spending his earnings for drink.

Judge McCormick said the court had decided to put him where he could keep sober for awhile, and imposed a sentence of six months in the county jail less one day.

New Market and Dunellen Notes.

Mr. John Otto yesterday let the water off the New Market lake in order to erect a new water gate, and persons living in the village caught a large supply of fish.

Quite a large gathering of friends met at the home of Frank A. Ransom of Dunellen Tuesday evening, to celebrate, as is the usual custom on his birthday. Among those present was Mrs. Radford, of Plainfield, a mother of Mrs. Ransom. A number of tokens were presented by members of the family, and a generous supply of refreshments were enjoyed. Mr. Ransom is engaged in the dye works in New York and he is a thorough and energetic business man.

JOTTINGS.

—The annual parade of the Elizabeth Fire Department will occur on the 16 inst.

—The Congregational Sunday-school will meet at its regular hour, 2:45 p. m., next Sunday.

—The "F" will hold a special meeting in Bethel chapel next Monday afternoon at 3:45 sharp.

—On October 7th Frank Smith, of Westfield, will meet an unknown of Elizabeth in a prize fight.

—In the article in Wednesday News from "One Interested" the word 'right' should have read 'fight.'

—The cool evenings and mornings remind people of Fall overcoats. Read Schwed Brothers' adv.

—Plans and specifications for the new court room and lockup have been submitted to builders for bids.

—County Democratic convention will be held at Liberty Hall Elizabeth, Tuesday, October 14th, at 3 p. m.

—Trains on the Central Railroad were delayed about an hour last evening owing to a wreck in the Jersey City yard.

—A horse belonging to Mr. Faber of North Plainfield dropped dead on Somerset street, this morning, while being driven from the depot.

—Quarterly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Democratic Society of New Jersey will meet at Asbury Park Monday, October 6th.

—In the windows of Boehm's dry goods store is displayed a large number of handsomely trimmed hats which attract considerable attention.

—A number of the members of Franklin Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., of this city, visited Somerville last night and instituted a new council at that place.

—In New Jersey last month the Ancient Order of United Workmen organization gained 20 members and lost 6 among its 13 lodges. The total membership in the States comprising a jurisdiction the membership is Maryland, 2,981; Delaware, 1,016; Virginia 465. Total, 994.

—An attempt "to blow out the gas" in his room was made Saturday night by a guest at the County Hotel in Somerville who gave his address as Bound Brook. But for the skill of Dr. Flynn the man, who was discovered in the hallway in an unconscious condition, would have died.

—The Kitchen-Garden school, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., held at 73 West Front street, will open Monday and Thursday Oct. 6th and 9th, at 2 p. m. All the old scholars please report every Monday at 2 o'clock and bring a new member. Children, applicants for membership will be received, girls over nine years old. The "cooking class" will begin Saturday, Oct. 4th at 9 a. m. Girls belonging to it will please report at that time. Miss ALICE BAIRD, Supt.

—Miss Josephine Cameron, a beautiful woman, a magnificent body and high class actress appears at Music Hall, Friday Oct 3d, in the London success, "Forget-Me-Not." The Herald of Rochester, says: "It is said to be the highest triumph of art to conceal art, and in the most striking scenes, Miss Cameron threw herself so thoroughly into the character that the audience was completely carried away by the force of the spell." Miss Cameron's American tour is under the direction of Mr. A. R. Anderson, who has provided unexpurgated, and perfect productions may be expected.

EXPERTS AT THE TRAP.

Second Day of the Middlesex Meeting.

Increasing interest in the big tournament was manifested yesterday by the large attendance at the Union Hill Gun Club's grounds at Dunellen. Some few of the contestants of Tuesday did not appear, but new arrivals filled their places. Among the new faces were Al Spangler of Yates, N. Y.; Charles W. Money of Syracuse, W. Coney and W. L. Colvin of Utica, N. Y., and C. L. Harrison of St. Paul, Minn. On Tuesday over 5,000 blue rocks were thrown from the traps and yesterday as many more were ground to dust by the marksmen. The scores:

Extra Event No. 1—10 single blue rocks, $1 entrance, Whitney first, with 9; Wolstencroft second, with 8; third was divided by Tee Kay and Dunn, with 7; fourth was won by Quimby on the shoot off.

Extra No. 2—Same conditions as No. 1. Whitney and Quimby divided first, with 9; Rowley, Elliot, Miller and Wolstencroft second, with 8 each; Tee Kay, W. Smith and Dutchy third, with 7; Dunn, Marsh and Thurman, fourth, with 6.

Regular No. 1—10 singles, $1 entrance. Collins took first with 10 straight; Rowley and Quimby dividing second on 9; third was divided by Peacock, Dunn, Dutchy and Wolstencroft with 8 each; Wild, Whitney, Elliot and Holbrooker dividing fourth.

Regular No. 2—10 singles, $1.50 entrance. Whitney took first with a straight string of 10; second was divided by J. L. Smith and Quimby with 9 each; third was divided by Marsh, Elliot and Dutchy, on 8; fourth went to Dunn, Rowley, Peterson, Wolstencroft, Holbrocker and Rupell.

Event No. 3—15 singles, $40 guaranteed, $3 entrance. Whitney was first, with 15; Quimby second, with 14; third was divided by Marsh and Brentingham, with 13 each; Fourth went to Miller and Wolstencroft on 12 each.

Event No. 4—20 singles, $60 guaranteed, $3.50 entrance. Whitney first, with 19; Wolstencroft second, With 18; Rowley and Brentingham third, with 17 each; Miller fourth, with 16.

Event No. 5—20 singles, $3 entrance. Wolstencroft first, with 19; second was divided by Sigler and Wolstencroft, with 17 each; third was divided by Collins and Pearce on 15, Crosby and Peacock taking fourth, with 15.

Event No. 6—15 single, $40 guaranteed, $3 entrance. First money won by Whitney, with 14; second divided by Dukes and Elliot, with 13 each; Wolstencroft took third money on 12; fourth divided by Miller, J. L. Smith, Sigler, Collins, Wild, Brentingham and Peacock, on 11 each.

Event No. 7—20 singles, $50 guaranteed, $2.50 entrance. Wolstencroft first, with 19; Dutchy second, with 17; Elliot and Collins third, with 16; fourth divided by Rowley, Marsh, Whitney, Crosby, Wild, Lindsley, W. Smith and Peacock, with 15.

Event No. 8—15 singles, $1.50 entrance: Elliot and Collins first, with 15 straight; Wolstencroft and Whitney second, with 14; Dutchy third, with 13; fourth divided by Pearce and Marsh with 12.

Event No. 9—10 singles, $1 entrance: Rothacker, Collins and Elliot ties, with 10; W. Wolstencroft second, with 9; Marsh, Whitney, Miller, Dick Rothacker and Tee Kay divided third; Sigler, Crosby, Pearce, Money Augar Rowley, Wild, Lindsley, W. Smith and Quimby, fourth.

Event No. 10—10 singles and 5 pairs, $2 entrance. Elliot first, with 17; second divided by Whitney and Wolstencroft, with 16 each; Miller third, with 15, and Collins fourth, with 14.

Event No. 11—15 singles, $1.50 entrance. Collins and Whitney tied, with 14; Elliot, Wolstencroft and Dutchy second, with 13; Crosby, Pearce and Marsh third, with 12; Morey, Rothacker and Tee Kay, fourth.

Manager Burnett's Reply.

Mr. C. C. Burnet, one of the manager's of the Plainfield Crescents, publishes the following communication in the New York Sun of this morning in reply to a statement made by Manager Perkins of the Hackett, Carhart & Co., team.

To the Editor of the Sun—Sir: I notice in the Sun of Sept. 19 a card from Manager Perkins of the Hackett, Carhart & Co. team in relation to a guarantee of $25 alleged to be due his club since July. In answer to the above I may say that the managers of Plainfield Crescents League never withheld a guarantee of any club that was justly entitled to it and honestly earned it; and such was the case with the Asbury Park, Goshens and Cuban Giants, and, in fact, any club that has visited Plainfield, will substantiate this, and for Manager Perkins to come out with his card at this late date looks very small. We played two games with the Hackett, Carhart & Co. team and won both. The Hackett, Carhart & Co. team refused to continue the second game because of the umpire's decision in giving one man at the bat his base on an illegal delivery. I asked Mr. Perkins to finish the game and he refused. I thought the people present and told him if he would and I should not pay the guarantee as he had not fulfilled his contract. He said he did not care for his guarantee, and wanted all of the umpire's decisions reversed in favor of his club. I refused and upon my refusal he began to rush on me. I just demand he left the grounds. We have played games with all of the principal clubs in and around New York, and they can testify as to whether we kept back a guarantee from them or not. I am, sir, yours, C. C. Burnett. The above has been unjustly loaded by me, for it is just as late as Sept. 12 he was trying to arrange games with us, to be played in Plainfield.

C. C. BURNETT, Manager Cross League.

Fitzpatrick Exonerated.

Dominick Fitzpatrick, the man who was indicted by the Grand Jury of Union county for manslaughter in connection with the death of Patrick Edward Ross, causing same at Somerville, was arraigned in court yesterday. Fitzpatrick was not guilty to the indictment and his case was set down for trial. Clark & Reed of this city will defend him.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Thomas Acken for Sheriff.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. (Special)—The Democratic Convention for the nomination for Sheriff is now in session in Turo Hall. Ex-Judge Newton of Woodbridge was elected chairman. The result of the first and second ballots for the nominee for sheriff was as follows: 1. N. Blew, 21—31; Thomas Acken, 25—30; J. Murdoch, 11—6. A recess was then taken, 31 votes were necessary for the nomination.

A latter ballot resulted in I. N. Blew receiving 31, Thomas Acken 35, and the nomination.

No More Knights of Labor to be Employed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2d (Special)—To-day the New York Central Railroad issued a circular stating that hereafter no one in anyway connected with the Knights of Labor is to be employed in any capacity on the road. The circular further states that this is done for the safety and comfort of the public, and that the order to be rigidly enforced. All C. R. R. officials have received this manifesto.

A Prosperous Church.

The annual meeting of the Congregational church and society Tuesday evening was the most attended and most enthusiastic one that the church has ever held. The reports of the year showed progress and good work in every department. The trustees reported all bills paid, and a goodly surplus in the treasury. After the business was transacted refreshments were served by the ladies and an hour was spent in social enjoyment. The deacons elected were Messr. L. C. Lane and C. Hall. The officers of Official Board, Rev. M. E. Dwight and Messrs. C. K. Bon and A. J. Winckler, Trustees, Messrs. Wm. H. Brower, G. W. Hendrickson, Jacob Kirkner, J. F. Moore, J. E. Stewart, B. R. Force and C. E. Bush.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A FINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Transcript office. Excellent table. Reasonable terms. Address "Home Comfort" care of EVENING NEWS. 1-4

A SUPERIOR combination hot water and box air heater. Cost $450, and will sell for $75. Not sufficient capacity to heat conservatory and dwelling. At John Schenks machine works North Plainfield. 2-2tf

A GOOD machinist would like situation. Sober and industrious. Would like also to rent small house. Address "S," care of EVENING NEWS. 1-2

BUY your window shades at Fairchild's Furniture store, 21 and 23 Front street. 1-3d

CORNER of Netherwood avenues and Front street, desirable house and barn to let. Twelve rooms, all improvements. Apply at 345 sharp.

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 32 West Front street. 27-12

FOR RENT—For the Winter months. A small house in North Plainfield. Address Box 687. 1-3

RECEIVED at City Mills, 7,000 lbs rolled oats, slightly damaged, but excellent for chicken feed. For sale at two cents per pound. 2-3*

SAFELY Bicycle for sale. Union make. Splendid condition. #115. Address Box 697. 1-3

WANTED—By young man, situation. Is quick at figures. A fair penman, and willing to help in store. Address "Work," care of EVENING NEWS. 1-3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-13tf

WANTED—Good girl for general house work. Good wages. Inquire Schwed Brothers, 7 East Front street.

WANTED — Second-hand, high grade, safety bicycle, good order and cheap. Address "C," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Plain sewing. Inquire 40 Liber street. 2-2

WANTED—A situation in some respectable office or store by young man (16) speaking Spanish fluently, good writer and penman, and of bookkeeping. Address "C," care of EVENING NEWS, Plainfield.

WANTED—Cook, washer and ironer. Apply to 70 West Seventh street, corner of Arlington avenue.

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advancement, to represent locally a responsible New York house. References required. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1585, N. Y. 2-2t m-4 tr.

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse ash. Intelligence office, connected by 'Phone. Liberty. 33 West Front st.

CHIROPODIST.—Mrs. Dr. Edwards having entirely recovered from her severe illness, is now able to see her patrons at her home, 21 and 23 West Front street, on and after Wednesday, October 1st, 1890, at the City Hotel. Room 4 one flight up. From 2 to 4 o'clock, p. m. Ladies, 50 cts.; Gents $1. Calls at this week she can be consulted all day 30-1m*

GYMNASIUM CLASSES at Plainfield Bicycle Club. Ladies' class now forming. Instruction every evening except Saturday. Commences at 7 o'clock, terms $12 per year. Boys' classes Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock. Terms $6 per year. For information apply to J. H. Cooley, M. D., Chairman gymnasium committee. 25-2tf

H. SPENCER, Grocer and confectioner, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lime, best brands, every day, cheaper than ever before. Fresh eggs, white stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, oil, pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammoniac.

MRS. L. ADAMS, 21 and 23 West Front street announces her Fall and Winter opening of bonnets and round hats.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS can obtain one cut a close shave or neat hair cut at Charles D. Mann's Barber Shop, 56 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Orr's. 6-26-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and plants of all kinds, cheap and in large lots, for sale and to lease, also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Junior's Nursery, No. 227 Middle avenue, Elizabeth. 9-26-1y

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

BRADBURY BROS. | Musical | NEWMAN BROS.
JACOB BROS. | Merchandise. | ESTEY.
DUNLEMAS. | | MASON & HAMLIN.

RENT AND FOR SALE, CASH or INSTALLMENTS.

Sheet music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a Specialty.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 3-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, finish 4, colored, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, suede kid, black for $1.48.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next few days. Don't miss them.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver every where FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

EVERYONE KNOWS

When we advertise a Bargain we mean it, and everyone who has been to any of our Bargain Sales has found everything as we said. But this is the Greatest Bargain of all. We bought a large stock of

Ladies' Goodyear Welt Shoes,

And we know we are **Over-Stocked.** So to reduce our stock we shall sell them at **$2.50** for this week **only,** commencing to-day. Also four cases of

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER TIP SHOE

in widths from A to D at **$2.00.** You can see this is a great bargain, and if you miss this chance you are to blame. We are not. We do shoe and repairing. Try us and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

19 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

NOW FOR BUSINESS!

The "vacation" season is over. Employer and employees have returned with renewed health and cheerful spirits.

All are ready for business and desire to engage in the Fall and Winter campaign. Knowing all who favor our establishment with a call that they shall have the very best service that it is possible to render.

And it affords us great pleasure also to be able to announce that our buyer has been "wide awake," and secured for the inspection of the citizens of Plainfield **about the** w**orst** assortment, new and desirable Fall and Winter goods of all descriptions that it has ever been our privilege to offer.

"Public sentiment" says that business is going to be extra good, and the large purchase of retailers is a strong proof that it is true.

"Our Mower" expects to do a larger trade than ever before! and to this end we have added extra help and bought largely in all our departments.

We are determined to leave nothing undone that is right and proper, to enable us to keep apace with the "advance of the times."

Citizens of Plainfield! We ask your special inspection of our elegant stock of all kinds of Dry and Fancy Goods, Carpets, Hosiery, Lace, Gloves, Etc.

The Prices are the lowest and the Quality "the best for the money."

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

THE ORIGINAL Fisk Jubilee Singers

Will render their matchless and soul-stirring music at

REFORM HALL

Friday, Oct. 3d.

at 8 p. m.

Admission 50 cents. Seats secured at Reynolds's and Randolph's Drug Stores. 1-3*

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING SUITES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.
WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

HARVEST HOME Fair and Supper,

To be held in

VINCENT CHAPEL,

Thursday Evening and Friday Afternoon and Evening.

For the benefit of the

Evona Mission.

Admission 10 Cents. Supper 50 Cents, including admission.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Friday, October 3d.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.

The Distinguished Artiste,

MISS JOSEPHINE CAMERON,

Supported by her own Company, presenting Herman Merrivale's London success,

"Forget-Me-Not."

Magnificent wardrobe designed and made by Worth of Paris.

PRICES—$2.00, 75 and 50c.

Box Plan at Reynolds's.

THE LATEST STYLES of FALL AND WINTER Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS.

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

BAZAAR and Entertainment.

Under the Auspices of the

Ladies' Aid Society.

HOPE CHAPEL,

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Evenings,

OCT. 7th and 8th.

ADMISSION - - 10 Cents.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street. A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $60. 3-2t ly

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Monday and Tuesday

OCT. 6th and 7th.

Jefferson & Taylor's Great Aquatic Spectacle

"A Dark Secret"

With the original cast, scenery and effects. This new Play begins the 5th week, reading which and seeing it is the same as a river of real water. George Hoppe, the Herbert Bros., three hundred feet in the world. The Manhattan Quartette in their specialties. Grand electric drowning scene, the sensation of the season.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Friday.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5 AND 7 BLOCK STREET, AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. BLOCK NO. 5. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

It is a favorite fancy of man that the other planets in some way or somehow are peopled with beings like ourselves. The inhabitants of earth are not so beautiful, so perfect or so happy that they should take pleasure in the thought that they are many times repeated on the surface of other worlds than ours, yet that imagining nevertheless affords them infinite satisfaction.

The sharpest eyed astronomer of his century is Signor Schiaparelli, of Italy. He has looked through his telescope and discovered things that hundreds of other astronomers, looking through glasses equally good, have not been able to perceive. Among the most interesting of these are the facts lately announced by Schiaparelli concerning Mercury and Venus. Of Venus especially it has been believed that she had a night and day similar to ours. But the Italian announces that in the case of both Mercury and Venus rotation is synchronous with revolution.

In other words, each of these planets turns on its axis in the same time it revolves around the sun. Thence would follow that the same face of the star would always be turned to the sun, and these would be no alternation of night and day. One side would be everlastingly plunged into deepest darkness, the other would be perpetually illuminated. Probably, however, if people live upon these planets, they are by this time so accustomed to this order of things that they like it.

Mercury has a greatly elongated orbit, and so can enjoy some sort of change as he flies near to or far from the sun. But Venus revolves nearly in a circle. She stands also perpendicular to her orbit, and so has nothing but bald splendor and heat from one year's end to another. Still, however, the fancy that he would like Venus to be inhabited by beings like himself haunts man, and he has accordingly found that the extreme brilliancy of this planet probably arises from an atmosphere piled high with clouds and vapor. It is the sun shining upon this atmosphere that makes it so splendid, like a white cloud. The cloudy sphere about the planet tempers the rays of the sun, and so, after all, Venus may have inhabitants somewhat like ourselves on her light side. If so, then many are the dead men's bones that lie along the midnight of her dark side, whose secret explorers have tried to penetrate.

Are Fur Seals a Nuisance?

Living on a fish diet the fur seal is naturally a very brainy animal, and consequently it knows just what are the best fish to suit its purpose. Naturally again, perhaps, as the result of its diet, it selects exactly the fine, delicate food fishes preferred by that other brainy animal, man. Thus the interests of the two clash.

Some of the witnesses examined by the select committee of the senate on our relations with Canada were old fishermen engaged in their occupation along the Pacific coast. These unsentimental old fellows declared that the worst enemy of food fishes on the Pacific coast was the fur seal, and it would be a real advantage to the food interests of the country when there was not one left. The question is therefore one between filling the stomach and covering the back.

One of the northwest fishermen declared it as his estimate that 40,000,000 pounds of food fish a day would be rather too little to allow for the amount consumed by the seals. Further, there might come a time when it would be necessary in order to save the food fish for the human race to destroy all seals on the coast. If the stories of the same witnesses are true, however, this will not be necessary, as the seals are already going as fast as their worst enemy could desire. Under present methods of wholesale seal murder to which they testified they gave it as their judgment that in five years there would not be a seal left.

Would it not be strange if electricity should work a revolution in the fishing industry, too? It was first discovered by scientific men engaged in studying submarine life that when an electric light was lowered into the water inside of a fish net a great number of fish were caught. Fishermen are beginning to take advantage of this discovery. The verdict has been rendered that the electric light has a great field in the fishing trade. It promises to do away with most of the present cumbersome and expensive outfits that the fishermen of the present find necessary. It looks as if the time might soon come when all a fisherman will need to do will be to fasten an electric lamp inside his net and then row over the fishing grounds.

By the aid of powerful electric lights fixed up ahead of the bows of ships their lookouts are now enabled to see a considerable distance even in a fog. By means of this appliance the trip through the Suez canal, that used to require several days, has been shortened to twenty-four hours. The light enables the passing steamers to avoid collision.

IT IS NOW A LAW.

The Tariff Bill Signed by the President.

THE FIRST SESSION OVER.

Adjournment of the Fifty-first Congress Reached.

Impressive Scenes in the President's Room When the Executive's Signature Was Affixed to the McKinley Bill—The Speech of Vice President Morton in the Senate—Closing Days in Both Branches of Congress—Postmaster Wheat Presents His Resignation to the House—He Was Found Guilty Under the Charges of the Enloe Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The president signed the tariff bill, at exactly 3:31 p. m., Oct. 1. There were gathered about him in the president's room, immediately adjoining the senate lobby, a number of the members of both houses of congress and all of the members of his cabinet, with the exception of Secretary Rusk, who is out of the city. The president came to the Capitol about 9 o'clock. There was a quantity of business awaiting his attention. Congress had been very busy in its last days, and a dozen enrolled bills bearing the signatures of the speaker and the vice president lay on the long table before him as he sat down, and taking up his pen, prepared to sign them. One after another the members of the cabinet were called into consultation as to the merits of legislation affecting their respective departments, which there was not much time to examine in detail. They had informed themselves of the character of these measures at the time they passed one house or the other, however, and they were prepared to approve or disapprove them without more than a cursory examination of their titles.

An Impressive Scene.

At a small table behind the president sat Executive Clerk Pruden, preparing the messages announcing the president's approval of the different measures before him to be sent to either house of congress. At the president's right hand stood Private Secretary Halford, laying before him the different bills and blotting each signature as the president pushed them aside. Members of the house and senate came and went, looking after measures in which they had personal interest, and the bills on the president's table were taken up rather in order of importance than in order of precedence. The bulky tariff bill lay at the right of the president. As he concluded the signature of a bill relating to lands in Florida, Private Secretary Halford lifted the mass of parchment and laid it before him.

He Signs the Tariff Bill.

The little assemblage gathered close about the table as the president pushed back the roll of the preceding pages so as to bring the bill within easy sight. A signature in the space left vacant in the lower left hand corner of the last page.

At the president's right stood the secretary of state, in front of him Maj. McKinley, the chairman of the ways and means committee. The member of the finance committee who had charge of the tariff bill in the senate, Mr. Aldrich, stood just behind Mr. Blaine. Some one asked the president if he felt at all nervous. He smiled and replied that he did not, but wanted an opportunity to make his approval as forcible as possible. "Has he read the bill through?" whispered another voice in the crowd, and Representative Mason (Ills.) asked Mr. McKinley if he did not feel nervous now that the last stage in the enactment of the tariff law had been reached. Then there was a brief silence, and the president, taking a fresh supply of ink on the sixth pen with which he had been affixing his signature to other measures, wrote, "Approved Oct. 1, 1890. Benjamin Harrison," at the bottom of the bill.

"No, Let It Dry," Said Mr. Blaine.

"Now, Mr. Secretary," and the stood ready with the blotter, but Secretary Blaine caught his arm and said, "No, let it dry." So the bill was lifted aside and the heavy signature of the president remained on it intact. Maj. McKinley bowed to the president and left the room. The pen with which the signature was affixed to the bill became the property of Representative Mason (Ills.), who said he wanted it for his little girl to preserve as a souvenir of the tariff law of 1890.

Nominations Which Failed.

The only presidential nominations which failed for lack of action by the senate number twelve. The chief of them is the nomination of William Monaghan, of Ohio, to be consul at Hamilton, Ont. Of the others that is the nomination of an army chaplain and the others are postmasters' nominations.

The Last Day in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—In the senate Messrs. Sherman and Harris were appointed a committee to join a like committee from the house and inform the president that unless he had any further communication to make the last houses are now ready to adjourn. Mr. Blair made a vain attempt to have the house bill passed which provides for the reinstatement of officers for those performed under the eight hour law. Mr. Edmunds opposed the bill, and upon his motion the senate went into executive session, when it confirmed a large number of appointments.

When the doors were reopened the vice president laid before the senate three veto messages from the president—two of them on bills referring to the court of claims of Charles P. Chesteau and of the Portland Company, of Portland, Me., and the third on the bill to prohibit bookmaking and pool selling in the District of Columbia for the purpose of gambling. The president's objection to the latter bill is that it does not prohibit booking and pool selling, but on the contrary permits it in the case of the Washington Jockey club and other clubs owning race tracks. If that form of gambling was to be prohibited, as the president thinks it should be, the prohibition should apply to all persons and all places.

Signed by the Vice President.

At 2:57 the tariff bill was received from the house through its clerk, Mr. McPherson, and the vice president immediately affixed his signature to it. Mr. Aldrich reported from the finance committee the resolution of the house for the adjournment of congress sine die, so as to make the time of adjournment 5 p. m. It was agreed to. At 4 o'clock the chamber was enlivened by the entrance of Secretary Foraker and Secretary Windom, and later by Secretary Noble and Secretary Rusk. Secretary Foraker's advent stood alone are which the president wished to have explained before he signed it. Mr. Blaine sat close to his old seat in the senate, now on the Republican side of the chamber, and engaged in a long conversation with Senator Ingalls and Senator Blackburn.

Thanks to the Vice President.

At 4:57 Mr. Harris arose (Mr. Dolph being in the chair) and offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the senate to the vice president for the dignified, impartial and courteous manner in which he has presided over its deliberations. Unanimous consent was obtained and the resolution was agreed to.

Then all activity was again suspended and the senators sat about in little and groups talking to each other. At 5:04 Chaplain Vice President Morton arose, and rapping lightly with the gavel, said:

Senators—before making the announcement that will terminate our duty to return to their homes, I desire to express my grateful appreciation of the courtesy and kindness with which you have honored me. As senator as I did the responsibilities of the chair have been a rich experience as a presiding officer, it is not necessary for me to say that if I have discharged the delicate and important duties of the position to the satisfaction of the senate it is due to the indulgent consideration and cordial co-operation from every senator on this floor. I indulge in the earnest hope that I may be permitted, upon the reassembling of congress, to see every member of this body in his seat with renewed health and strength after a season of rest from the arduous labors of this, the longest continuous session, with one exception, in the history of the government.

I feel there may, with good warrant, congratulate the senate and the country upon the large number of important measures which have received the careful consideration of this body and become laws. It only remains for me to declare, as I now do, that the senate stands adjourned without day. (Applause.)

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—There was no quorum in the house, and the time was principally occupied with speechmaking. Mr. Allen (Miss.) made a long political address. To say that the Republican party had begun with Abraham Lincoln and ended with Benjamin Harrison was proof, he said, that the party had gone to seed. Mr. Allen criticised the speaker for declining recognition to any member. In the last congress, he said, the present speaker had allowed the Mills tariff bill to pass, but had filibustered against the report of the committee on elections. He was interrupted by the speaker, who appointed Messrs. McKinley, Perkins and McMillan as a committee to wait on the president.

Mr. Allen then continued his speech and called attention to the fact that the Republican campaign book contained no reference to the speech of the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Kennedy) making charges against the chairman of the Republican national committee—charges which had never been denied.

Mr. Bayne's Defense.

Mr. Bayne denied the truth of the charges. Not the name of one Republican leader in the past twenty five years had escaped calumny, he said. Not a man who had done honor to this country had escaped the spleen and the venom of the Democratic party. Mr. Allen replied that he had not made any attack upon a senator or upon the chairman of the Republican national committee. He had merely referred to the remarks of the gentleman from Ohio. The gentleman from Pennsylvania had listened to a reiteration of those remarks without objection, but now he became indignant when a Democrat merely referred to them.

Postmaster Wheat Resigns.

Mr. Caswell presented to the house a letter addressed to the speaker by Postmaster Wheat, tendering his resignation. Later Mr. Spooner, from the committee on accounts, submitted a report on the investigation into the conduct of the postmaster. The report states that the charges in the Enloe resolution have been substantially proved, and although the relations between the late postmaster of the house, Dalton, and his contractor, Culbertson, give rise to suspicion that some private arrangement may have existed between them whereby Dalton during the Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses derived personal profits from the mail contract, no absolute proof of this has been obtained. The report is accompanied by a resolution declaring the office of postmaster of the house vacant and directing the assistant sergeant-at-arms to perform the duties of the office until a postmaster shall have been elected and shall have qualified. Mr. Hayes (Ia.) submitted a minority report concurring with the report of the majority in its reference to Mr. Dalton. The Wheat resolution was then agreed to.

Two Congressmen Resign.

The speaker laid before the house a letter from Representative E. H. Conger, stating that he had forwarded to the governor of Iowa his resignation. The speaker further laid before the house and received a substantially similar communication from Representative De Haven, of California. On motion of Mr. Morrow (Cal.) senate concurrent resolution was agreed to requesting the president to enter into negotiations with the governments of Great Britain and Mexico with a view to securing trade stipulations for the prevention of the entry of Chinese laborers from the Dominion of Canada and Mexico into the United States. Speaker Reed then announced adjournment sine die.

Operator Glosser Shipped.

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 2.—The reported arrest of Operator Glosser, who is charged with being responsible for the disaster on the Jersey Central road on Monday, night above Lehighton, was incorrect. He visited the scene of the wreck Tuesday and was about to be arrested, when he disappeared and has not since been seen. He is a boy, aged between 16 and 17 years. When told of the wreck he was attending the Main Street performance in the opera house at Mauch Chunk and had the orders for the holding of the trains in his pocket.

Another Arrest at Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 2.—The United States marshal has arrested Joseph W. Gruber, of Portland, Pa., and the third on the bill to prohibit bookmaking and pool selling in the District of Columbia for the purpose of gambling. The president's objection to the latter bill is that it does not prohibit booking and pool selling, but on the contrary permits it in the case of the Washington Jockey club and other clubs owning race tracks. If that form of gambling was to be prohibited, as the president thinks it should be, the prohibition should apply to all persons and all places.

Several Persons Were Hurt.

WEST WINFIELD, Conn., Oct. 2.—A collision occurred between two passenger trains on the Central New England railroad at Hinckley, N. Y., last night. Both engines and several cars were wrecked and Conductor Vermilya and several other persons were seriously hurt.

Ex-Governor O'Neill Stricken.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 2.—Ex-Governor O'Neill was stricken with paralysis, and is now lying at his residence in a critical condition. His entire right side is affected.

IRON KINGS IN SESSION.

The British Institute Meets in New York.

HON. ABRAM S. HEWITT'S ADDRESS

He Devotes Much Attention to the Question of Strikes, Lockouts and Boycotts.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie's Welcome to the Distinguished Delegates.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Barnacle touched shoulders with plain manufacturers yesterday in Chickering hall, and English nobility and American simplicity fraternized. It was the opening session of the British Iron and Steel institute, to which nearly 300 delegates have come from England, France, Germany and America, civil engineers of renown. English statesmen of acknowledged ability, and manufacturers who have devoted a lifetime to the manufacture of iron and steel from the crude ore. Hundreds of millions of dollars in wealth and brains beyond computation were represented.

Mr. Carnegie's Address.

Andrew Carnegie delivered a very warm address of welcome, in the course of which he said: "We trust that this mingling of the nations here represented may result in the cementing of old and in the making of many new friendships. We are an industrial and, therefore, a peaceful republic, and long to extend the principles of peace and good will throughout the world. The republic is the friend of all, but the true friend of all. We trust your visit will strengthen the bands of peace and good will between us, and especially that it will lead the two branches of the English speaking race to think more of their true relations to each other; that neither as now by ties of blood, we may become more and more in harmony with each other in national aims and aspirations."

Sir James Responds.

As Sir James Kitson arose to respond he was greeted with loud applause. After expressing the regret of Sir Henry Bessemer for his inability to be present, Sir James said: "We have met in a year when America has become the first in the production of iron of all nations in the world. (Cheers.) During the last year she exceeded Great Britain in the production of pig iron, and I fear you have reached a preeminence we never can regain. The remarkable men who framed the system under which this expansion of commerce has been so nearly universal has left no measure in their care and liberality in the work of education.

"The rulers of my native land have not all been wise, nor generous, nor unselfish. Their treatment of the American iron trade in the last century was stupid, illiberal and grasping. The manufacture of iron was oppressed, but never suppressed. The English merchants might grow rich. We have grown wiser since that time. We can see that in this wide world there is room for the iron and steel manufactures of England, the United States and Germany."

A Medal for Abram S. Hewitt.

Sir James Kitson held up a beautiful Bessemer medal of honor, which is given each year to some person who has distinguished himself in trade or invention, and expressed deep regret that the recipient, ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, was prevented from being present and formally accepting the medal, which had been voted to him in London on the occasion of the American institute. Mr. Hewitt's address was then read. The question of labor strikes and boycotts receives much attention. Mr. Hewitt says:

Mr. Hewitt's Address.

It cannot be denied that throughout the world the relations between capital and labor are far from satisfactory. They are undergoing somegone a process of readjustment not unlike that which followed the abolition of serfdom at the close of the Middle Ages. During the process of

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate they be,
WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothes. It is a sure protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of
C. E CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for the
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will
As Low as Any in the State,
considering quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. H. BOEN,
Fine Tailoring, 23 North avenue, Opposite C. L. & E. Depot.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

First Class Caterer,
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH
PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
42 NORTH AVENUE.

THE BEE HIVE
KID GLOVES.
4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 69c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.
7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 89c.
Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Glady" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.
WORSTEDS.
Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.
Germantown wool, 10c per hank.
Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.
Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.
Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.
Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.
Greatest Stove on Earth
A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Dunr Street.

Mrs. Stephenson,
28 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in grant

"THE DAIRY"
Heads carterspier
Fresh Creamery Butter,
Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.
DELICATESSEN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.
Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE,
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)
Wholesale Wine
AND
Liquor Dealer.
BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED
EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer.
AND DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER
And Beer Ale for hotels and private families
No. 45 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

FIRST ANNUAL
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF
WALL PAPER.
The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and cover it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.
POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.
1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.
2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.
3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.
SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.
A. D. Van Sciver,
OPPOSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed,
Furnace, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
40 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leland's Hotel

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers.
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
26 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New.
Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits, payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1687.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET
SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS
for 15 cents per square foot
AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET.
Also jobbing of all kinds.
Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON
28 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Recalled to None
16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMANS FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

EXCITEMENT RUNS HIGH.

Merchantville Greatly Agitated Over the Miller Mystery.

39 PETITION GOVERNOR ABBETT.

He Aid Will Be Asked to Hunt Down the Slayer of Defenseless Women—More Evidence Against the Negro Lingo — His Counsel at Last See Him.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 2.—The excitement in Merchantville and vicinity continues to increase as day after day goes by without getting much nearer the solution of the Miller mystery than on the day of the discovery of the murder. This excitement is now fast approaching fever heat, and last night a proposition was first started to call a meeting of those interested and petition the governor to lend whatever assistance he is his power to the authorities of this county in unraveling the mystery. Many of the most prominent men in the borough, as well as influential farmers living in the surrounding country, favor such a scheme, and the field seems ripe for the movement to be made. What the result of this talk will be remains to be seen. Lawyer Yost and Taylor finally secured admission to Francis Lingo. After the negro was committed to jail they were retained as his counsel, and since then have been making strenuous efforts to gain access to their client in order to get his statement, but were refused by the prosecuting attorney. Lawyer Taylor says that he firmly believes in Lingo's innocence.

Several Important Clews.

Two or three important clews in connection with the murder of Mrs. Miller have just been unearthed, two of which will tend to fasten the chain of circumstantial evidence still closer around Lingo as the murderer. The first new important person in the case is Mrs. Riggs, wife of G. W. Riggs, whose residence is nearly opposite that occupied by the family of the late William Miller, father of the husband of the murdered woman. She states that on the morning of the murder she arose early and spoke to him as he went down the road and entered the brush where the body of the murdered woman was found. It was between the hours of 3 and 8 o'clock, and she saw him again the same afternoon, but it was some time afterward.

Another Link in the Chain.

Another important link in the chain of evidence is that furnished by Ruth Moore. It is to the effect that she saw Mrs. Miller walk down the road toward the bushes and take the path through them, the other end of which led to her home. This was shortly after 2 o'clock.

The statements of these two persons proves conclusively that Lingo must have walked down the road and entered the patch of brush in advance of Mrs. Miller, that he evidently knew that she was going to make the short cut across the patch to her home, and he proceeded in advance and probably intercepted her.

Charged with a Horrible Crime.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 2.—A man arrested here suspected of being C. A. Benson, wanted in Leavenworth, Kan., was fully identified last night by Deputy Sheriff Picking, who came from Leavenworth in response to a dispatch sent by the chief of police. Benson was caught while inquiring at the delivery window of the postoffice for a package which he was expecting from Leavenworth. He has been living under the name of Felton at 761 Pennsylvania avenue, this city, for about two months. Previous to coming here he lived in Philadelphia.

He was paying attention to the 17-year-old daughter of a female fortune teller in Leavenworth. The mother objected to his attentions because he was married. The daughter and he formed a plot to get rid of the mother. Benson, it is said, shot her through the head, killing her, and then, after sawing the body, dumped it into the Missouri river. The daughter was arrested, but Benson, having secured possession of about $600 of the murdered woman's money, managed to elude the police.

Various Nominations.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 2.—Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge has been nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Sixth district. Mr. Lodge was present and accepted the nomination.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 2.—Hon. Charles B. Pratt, of Worcester, was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Tenth district.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 2.—John C. Crosby, of Pittsfield, was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twelfth district.

BUFFALO, Oct. 2.—The Democratic county convention has made the following nominations: For county treasurer, John P. Sackett, ex-post master of Buffalo; coroner, Theodore Hardisbon; justice of sessions, Philip Juergens. The Republican Eighth Judicial district convention renominated Hon. Albert Haight for judge of the supreme court. There was no opposition.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Mott C. Dixon, of Chenango county, was nominated for congress by the Prohibitionists of the Twenty-sixth district.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—The Democrats of the Fourth congressional district renominated Joseph H. O'Neil by acclamation.

Governor Hill's Appointments.

ALBANY, Oct. 2.—Governor Hill has appointed Almet F. Jenks, of Brooklyn, as judge advocate general upon his military staff in the place of Gen. Clifford A. H. Bartlett, resigned. Jenks is the chief corporation counsel of Brooklyn and judge advocate of the Second brigade, with the rank of major. The governor has also appointed Gen. Roger A. Pryor judge of the court of common pleas of New York in the place of Judge Larremore, who recently tendered his resignation to take effect Oct. 1.

"Little Horace" Goes to Prison.

MONTREAL, Oct. 2.—In the court of Queen's bench Charles Brown, a bank thief, who is well known throughout the United States as "Little Horace," was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for stealing $181 from the Ville Marie bank in this city recently.

The Election in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 2.—Later returns from the state show that the full Democratic ticket is elected by the usual heavy majority. Both constitutional amendments have probably been carried. The general assembly is three-fourths alliance.

Arbor Day in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 2.—Friday, Oct. 24, has been designated as autumn arbor day by Professor D. J. Miller, jr., superintendent of public instruction. He calls upon all the schools to observe it.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The First National bank, of Darby, Pa., capital $50,000, has been authorized to begin business.

Charles R. Deacon, a well known journalist, of Philadelphia, and secretary of the famous Clover club, has been appointed press agent for the Philadelphia and Reading Railway company, vice Horace Porter, resigned.

The Wilkes 3-year-old stallion Alcyon, owned by Dr. John Wilbur, of Palmer, Mass., was burned in a barn near Iowa City, Ia., on Wednesday. He was $10,000, and was sent here recently for breeding purposes. No insurance.

Four Mormon elders arrived on the Wyoming Oct. 1 with 180 new recruits. The authorities did not allow them to land and will investigate the case.

Unless Governor Hill should see fit to commute the death penalty Charles McGlynn will explate his crime, the murder of Grocer Christian W. Lose, of Brooklyn, in the electric chair. He was resentenced to death by Justice Henry A. Moore in the Brooklyn court of sessions, Oct. 1.

Rev. Dr. George B. Cheever, the noted divine and author, died Oct. 1 at his home in Englewood, N. J., aged 83 years. He was for some time editor of The New York Evangelist.

ECCENTRIC SIR THOMAS.

He Is Said to Have Kidnaped a Friend and Robbed Him.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—A sensational case came before the Westminster police court yesterday. The principal person involved was Sir Thomas George Fraser, Bart., whose town house is at No. 87 Onslow gardens. Sir Thomas was arrested at the instance of a Mr. Gibson, who used to be his intimate friend. The story told by Gibson is that Sir Thomas lured him to the cellar of an empty house in Kensington. There the baronet, assisted by friends, overpowered Gibson and put him in handcuffs.

This done, the assailants examined Gibson's pockets and took possession of his keys. With these Sir Thomas proceeded to St. George's club, Hanover square, went to Gibson's private box, unlocked it and took out and destroyed the letters and photographs of Miss Langtry, had received from a lady. After that he sent a telegram from the club, to which he signed Gibson's name. The magistrate, after a brief hearing, remanded Sir Thomas for a further examination.

The Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The public debt statement issued from the treasury department shows a decrease in the debt during the past month amounting to $4,981,307. The interest bearing debt, exclusive of bonds issued to Pacific railroads, is $638,-898,070, against $643,979,020 on Sept. 1 a month ago, or a reduction in the bonded indebtedness during the month amounting to $42,389,950; while on the other hand the surplus in the treasury, which a month ago, including unavailable coin and national bank redemption fund, was $107,367,677, is today $59,791,950, a decrease during the month of $47,575,727. National bank deposits ories today hold $20,297,111 of government funds, or about $100,000 less than on Sept. 1. Government receipts from all sources during the past month were unusually heavy, aggregating $39,904,334, against $31,416,290 in September, 1889. On the other hand expenditures for September past were $33,237,776, against $16,462,863 in September, 1889. More than $14,000,000 of this comparative excess of expenditures during the past month over those of September last year will be accounted for by unusually heavy bond redemptions in September past, nearly $18,000,000 having been paid out in interest and premium, against $3,656,955 in September, 1889.

MR. HAYES' OPINION.

He Is Reported as Severely Criticising the McKinley Bill.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Ex-President Hayes in an interview on the McKinley tariff bill yesterday, said: "I cannot find words to express my regret at the passage of the measure. It is ruinous to our best interests, and it will do an infinite amount of harm."

"What do you think of the letters written against it by Mr. Blaine?"

"I second every word Mr. Blaine wrote in the matter. I cannot understand how public men can be so blind to the interests of the country at large as to pass such a bill. It is the most terrible blow that has been struck at the Republican party during its existence. I can only say that I hope such a policy will die out soon; but I cannot shut my eyes to the evil that will be done before such protection as this finds a grave."

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best made, with patent ash-sifter grate at **$12.50**. Fancy parlor stove **$10.50**. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. BENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Detrich Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four Inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Also for them. They are good.

Birchall Will Be Executed.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 2.—The settlement over the great Birchall trial is fast subsiding. While everybody is satisfied as to the justness of the verdict, universal sympathy is felt for the prisoner, who is suffering severely from the strain of the past week and the result of the trial. Birchall seems unmoved by his sentence. He drew a farewell letter to one appointed a friend who called to ask after him, and signed it "J. Rex Birchall, Oct. 1, 1890." His shows no sign whatever of fear and evinces no enthusiasm. He also says he has confessed against him. Another guard has been appointed, so that there will be a guard in the cell with him constantly night and day. His daily walk in the jail yard has been stopped, and he will never more go down the jail stairway until he goes to the gallows.

Appeal of Dillon and O'Brien Denied.

DUBLIN, Oct. 2.—The appeal of Messrs. Dillon, O'Brien and others to the high court of justice for a writ to prohibit the magistrates at Tipperary from proceeding with the conspiracy case, on the ground of bias, has been denied. Mr. Justice Holmes has decided not to grant the writ. No further step can be taken, it is understood, with a view to changing the magistrates before whom the hearing is to be continued. But the Nationalists feel that their protests, persistently made against being tried by magistrates whom they have reason to believe are biased against them, will have much effect upon public opinion.

Edith Sessions Tupper Wants Damages.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Police Superintendent Morin has been served with an order of arrest in a civil action brought by Edith Sessions Tupper for $20,000 damages. The action is brought on account of the arrest of the complainant in Toronto, Ont., on July 19 last, on Superintendent Morin's order, by which she was detained in the police building in that city on the erroneous suspicion of being a woman who was wanted here for larceny. The papers indicate that the action is begun in New York city. Mr. Morin gave $2,500 bonds for his appearance.

The Adams Express Company's Tie Up.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 2.—The tie up of the Adams express by the freight handlers and porters at Jersey City was felt very severely at all the seacoast towns on the lines of the New York and Long Branch railroad, which is operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad company, over whose line the Adams people control the express business. Since noon Wednesday not a piece of express had been received from New York by the agents at Red Bank, Long Branch, Asbury Park and the other shore towns.

R. O. HOWELL.

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

Six bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cent, 12 drops pure (concentrated style)..15.00,

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A beautiful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

Six bottle.....2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

SINGER

Safety Bicycles.

SOLE AGENT,

Geo W. Morrison,

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbey I. O. Ford, 1056.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her country or pupils' residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, pianist and organist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and piano. Voice trial from 11 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 1. Circulars can be obtained by address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music on reasonable terms. Miss Babcock teaches Mason's system of singing, as taught by the Hon. Luther Whiting Mason, and the Leipsic method of piano. Address 75 East Fifth street, Hampton. 9 2w

MISS J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Abbotes, will resume lessons in vocal culture and her celebrated method of piano, Sept. 3rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Stoffanone of New York; Dempsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. Regards as essential to instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting reading with the children on Natural and English History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany, Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. MISS FAWCETT, Principal, assisted by MISS CLARA CLARK in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE). 8 2w

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 17. For circulars address MISS H. R. KINYON, Principal. 7-18 tm

RODMAN SEMINARY. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. DUDLEY, Principal. 9 1m 2w

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Norton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 15 Gordon street, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

They Want $5,000 Damages.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 2.—A suit was begun in the superior court by the heirs of William Dennison against the owner of the merchant steamer S. S. Brown. Dennison was killed by the explosion of the steamer's boiler last November, and suit is, it is claimed, to the negligence of his employers. Five thousand dollars is the amount sued for.

A Court Martial for Six.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Adj. Gen. Porter has ordered a court martial to try the six captains against whom Col. Camp has preferred charges of conspiracy, and who are under arrest since. The court will meet on Oct. 15.

Yale Defeats Wesleyan's Eleven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 2.—The Yale university football team defeated the Wesleyan eleven by a score of 8 points to 0.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be fair, clear and slightly warmer.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF AARON B. MYER, deceased. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parmly, Surrogate of the County of Union, made on the 29th day of September, 1890, the undersigned, Administratrix of said deceased, notifies all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARGARET L. MANN, Administratrix.
Dated July 7th, 1890. 17 9 th

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the accounts of the subscriber, executors of Mary Jane Poole, deceased, late of Scotch Plains and Plainfield, N. J., will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN F. GRIFFEN,
ROBINSON FOUND.
Dated August 19, 1890. 8-14 th

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to loose the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

S. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Climate Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scat Corn Killer on Heath's common Hen or Bull Corns or Bunions in three applications or no pay. Sold by druggists. Price 15 cents. Manufactured by E. W. HEATH, Chemist, Plainfield, N. J.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter T. Weaver would inform their customers and the public generally that they do not intend to change prices and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, and treat all with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 19 AND 19 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for traveling across and will make afternoon and evening trips.

Asks if I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business demands.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washington avenue, Park avenue, Second street, Watchung avenue, Front street to Grove street.

Connect with the 6: 7, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York, and with the 12:15 p. m. train, and 4 p. m. return trip guaranteed to Washington. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:25, 9:05, 11 a. m., 12:15, 7:30, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:00 a. m., 12:30, 5:0 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail close at 9:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:45, 6:58, 7:49, 8:49, 9:37, 9:58, 10:38, 11:49, 12:49, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. Sunday 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. 12:37 a. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:45 a. m. 12:45, 1:30, 2:45, 3:30, 4:45, 5:30, 6:45, 7:30, 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday 4:30, 5:00, 7:30, 9:00, 9:30 a. m. 12:00 m. 2:30, 5:30, 6:45, 8:30, 9:30, 10:45 p. m. 12:00 a. m. Sunday 9:30 p. m. 12:00 m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:58, 8:20, 9:37, 10:38, 11:49 a. m. 12:49, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. Leave Somerset at 7:05, 7:55, 8:55, 10:15, 11:05, 12:05 m. 12:55, 1:55, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 7:05, 8:55, 9:55, 11:05 a. m. 12:05 m. 1:55, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

Passengers for Branch Chanceyville at Kimbolls.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 8:20, 9:37, 10:38, 11:49 a. m. 12:49, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:05, 7:55, 8:55, 10:15, 11:05, 12:05 m. 12:55, 1:55, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 7:05, 8:55, 9:55, 11:05 a. m. 12:05 m. 1:55, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

Passengers for Branch Chanceyville at Kimbolls.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00, 9:40, 10:15, 3:30, 5:40 p. m. Sunday 8:25 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bethlehem, Harding, Hackettstown, Manunka Chunk, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and Lehigh Valley points, 9:00 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Bound Brook, Bridge Branch Easton, 8:00, 10 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Flemington, 11:15 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Lambertville, 11:15 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Trenton, 8:00, 10:00 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Bridgeport, Camden, Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, Asbury Park, Point Pleasant, Bay Head, Seabright, Monmouth Beach, Red Bank, Matawan, Keyport, Freehold, Jamesburg, Hightstown, Allentown, Cranbury, Dayton, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Woodbridge, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark, Harrison, Jersey City, New York, 8:00, 10:00 a. m. 3:30 p. m.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Raritan, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Finderne, Manville, Millstone, Manville, Millstone, Manville, Millstone

A NOVEL COURT SCENE.

HOW CHINAMEN ARE PUT UNDER OATH TO TELL THE TRUTH.

The Ceremony of Cutting Off a Rooster's Head Insures a Witness' Veracity—The Poor Bird's Blood Was Burned—Quaint Testimony of the Witness.

An interesting ceremony took place in the recent trial of Chinese gamblers in Philadelphia. Young Bung was called to the stand. Mr. Boyle asked that the most solemn of Chinese oaths be administered, which was nothing else than the decapitation of a live chicken, and two live Shanghais were brought in. Interpreter Chew spread a strip of muslin in front of the witness stand and prepared a fire in one of the tin cuspidors to burn the rooster's blood. The fire was kindled by means of sticks. Judge Bregy warned the audience to be seated, saying that he did not want the witness to be affected by any laughter. Mr. Shapley remarked that before this business was gone through he wanted to know whether this was a solemn oath or merely an incantation. Interpreter Chew said it was binding on their conscience. "What is the reason for the solemnity of this oath?" he asked. "They believe that everything has a spirit, good or evil," was the reply. "After a Chinaman cuts off a rooster's head he believes that the spirit will trouble him if he tells a lie."

The oath was read by the interpreter to the witness, who repeated it after him. The words are: "This day I come here as a witness to tell the truth and not to give evidence on one side. My heart must be clean. If I don't tell the truth myself and my whole family will die, and I pronounced it with my own mouth if I tell a lie to bring the gambling case, may I die in the destruction of sinking down to a bottomless sea, and my stomach burst open, and no ground to bury my body."

A large knife was handed the witness and the rooster was thrown on the floor, but Bung made a bungling job of it. In his efforts to chop his head off he became so excited that his hand slipped and he slashed Interpreter Chew. This was repeated when Chew tried to change the chicken's position. But finally the fowl was killed and the blood burnt in the spittoon. The second chicken shared the same fate, and some mysterious signs were made with the dead body. Among the spectators were a number of college professors and the members of the Oriental club.—American Law Review.

A Posthumous Jest.

The humorous will of Dr. Dunlop, of Upper Canada, who died in the last century, is worth recording, though there is a spice of malice in every bequest it contains. He left the following testament:

To my eldest sister Joan, my five acre field, to console her for being married to a man she is obliged to henpeck.

To my second sister Sally, the cottage that stands beyond the said field with its garden, because as no one is likely to marry her it will be large enough to lodge her.

To my third sister Kate, the family Bible, recommending her to learn as much of its spirit as she already knows of its letter, that she may become a better Christian.

To my fourth sister Mary, my grandmother's snuff-box, that she may not be ashamed to take snuff before company.

To my fifth sister Lydia, my silver drinking cup, for reasons known to herself.

To my brother Ben, my books, that he may learn to read with them.

To my brother James, my big silver watch, that he may know the hour at which men ought to rise from their beds.

To my brother-in-law Jack, a punch bowl, because he will do credit to it.

To my brother-in-law Christopher, my best pipe, out of gratitude that he married my sister Maggie, whom no man of taste would have taken.

To my friend John Caddell, a silver teapot, that, being afflicted with a slatternly wife, he may therefrom drink tea to his comfort.

"Old John's" eldest son was made legatee of a silver tankard, which the testator objected to leave to old John himself, lest he should commit the sacrilege of melting it down to make temperance medals.—Curiosities of the Search Room.

HIS UNLUCKY DAY.

He Is Fully Convinced That Monday Is His Stumbling Block.

"I tell you what it is," said a Brooklyn man, "I am firmly convinced that every man has his particular days for good and bad luck. Monday is my unlucky day. I have been watching it for twenty years, and nothing can shake me in this belief. I never begin anything on Monday, nor never start on any journey on that day. Therefore I make Monday an off day and do nothing but putter around the house. Even in these little affairs I generally get into trouble. Take the record of last Monday, a fair average, and be convinced:

"Smashed finger while nailing board on fence.

"Pail down cellar stairs with coal scuttle. Fell over wheelbarrow while carrying step ladder.

"Shut down on chair where children had been playing toys.

"Bit tongue by pebble.

"Got thumb pinched in gate.

"Dropped something hot on the foot.

"Baby got out in yard and was tossed by strange goat.

"Tore coat sailed.

"While eating supper spoon passed of salt fell on floor in dish.

"Went to bed to escape further disaster. Bad nightmare. Thought I was falling from tongue Hitler tower. Pull out of bed and broke left arm. Looked at clock and saw it lacked 20 minutes of midnight. Laid still till clock struck 12. Was afraid if I moved before Monday was entered in would have broken back.

"I'm, indeed," concluded the man, "Monday is my unlucky day, and I suppose it is such feelings exist in some people."—New York Sun.

Lawyer Lowe's Success.

The richest lawyer in the world, and probably the richest man ever lived, has just died—John Jacob Astor. But he was outdone by every lawyer in New York city.

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

A Lady's Experience in New York Fifteen Years Ago.

A prominent lady of Brooklyn tells me that seven fifteen years ago women in offices down town in New York were unknown. When she first came east her husband was not so prosperous as he is now, and she determined to act as his bookkeeper while he went abroad "hustling" for the business. The owner of the building in which the office was refused her permission to do so, as if it had been proposed to bring a leper or smallpox patient into the house. She went to see him, and begged and pleaded and brought credentials to prove that she was the properest kind of a woman. He could see for himself that she was a pretty one. It was only her own husband whose office she was going into, and the business would be apt to go to smash if she did not thus take a hand. Finally this eminently respectable gentleman went around to the other tenants of the offices in the building, and asked them one by one if they would move out in case he permitted Mrs. Blank to enter the walls of that sacred masculine structure. They considered the matter and concluded to stay, and for several years my friend went regularly to the office, taking often her little girl with her and keeping her all day. And now there is scarcely a down town office of any importance that has not one or more women in it as typewriters or clerks of some kind. Many of them earn $18 and $20 a week, often more.

The Illustrated American publishes, with their portraits, sketches of the women lawyers who have been admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States. They are good looking women, all of them. The first one admitted was Mrs. Belva Lockwood. The next, in 1887, was Laura de la Force Gordon, of California. Mrs. Gordon drafted the following oath, which was inserted in the new state constitution of California: "No person shall, on account of sex, be disqualified from entering upon or pursuing any lawful business, vocation or profession." Ada M. Bittenbender, of Nebraska, was admitted in 1888. The fourth woman was Carrie Burnham Kilgore, of Philadelphia. A good year for the women lawyers has been 1890, no less than three having received diplomas to practice before the supreme court this year. They are Clara S. Foltz, of California; Lelia Robinson Sawtelle, of Boston, and Emma M. Gillett, of Washington. Miss Gillett is the only married lady on the list. On her wedding tour in April at Washington, where all brides go, Mrs. Sawtelle was admitted to the supreme court. Mrs. Foltz is a tall, bright, handsome, merry woman, who is good at public speaking, and is fond of good clothes. She stumped California in the interest of tariff reform during the last presidential campaign.

There are nearly a quarter million schoolmistresses in the Union, and yet at teachers' conventions they let the few men do nearly all the talking, make the rules and hold the offices. In Massachusetts there are ninety women teachers to one of a man. In Germany the proportion is exactly opposite, and there are ninety men teachers to one woman.

Floretta Vining is one of the largest taxpayers in Hull, Mass. At a town meeting when it was made a question of calling attention to the dilapidated appearance of the public cemetery. In consequence of her remarks the cemetery was put in order without delay. It is when women—whether they believe in voting or not—take interest in municipal and town matters that we shall have beautiful landscapes and clean, attractive villages in America. They have even more interest than men in clean, whole streets and sidewalks. In a portion of the town of Norway, Me., the men struck, and declared they would not, any of them, serve as road supervisor; whereupon the women—whether they believed in voting or not—take interest in municipal and town matters that we shall have beautiful landscapes and clean, attractive villages in America. They have even more interest than men in clean, whole streets and sidewalks. In a portion of the town of Norway, Me., the men struck, and declared they would not, any of them, serve as road supervisor; whereupon the women, whether they believed in voting or not—take interest in municipal and town matters that we shall have beautiful landscapes and clean, attractive villages in America. They have even more interest than men in clean, whole streets and sidewalks. In a portion of the town of Norway, Me., the men struck, and declared they would not, any of them, serve as road supervisor; whereupon the women, their approval, a woman was appointed to the place. With the help of the road machine and of workmen the public highway was put in excellent condition.

Here is the fashionable recipe to prevent wrinkles: Sleep on your back and never smile.

A pleasant party of women, among them Alice Stone Blackwell, have gone off by themselves to camp on the banks of Lake Memphremagog. Mrs. Isabel Barrows is another of this jolly party. The only representatives of the masculine sex permitted in the camp are two boys—one 5, the other 15 years old.

Helen Campbell asks for women in business the same consideration that would be given to men undertaking a new and wholly untried field. Give the woman time to develop, she says.

Among the reports of the United States bureau of education is an essay by a man of the name of Smith on the changes of the English language. Sargent, D.D., LL. D., etc., endorsed by American colleges. He expresses his mingled dismay and disgust because even the "female college" have gone into the LL. D. league now. Where are we coming to when the legion of "them so called colleges" may bestow titles also? Dear, dear, how sad! Smith doesn't like it!

The British house of lords is formerly settled that women may not sit in county councils. They were afraid that women would be contaminated by coming in contact with what Earl Cowper called the filthy part of the business of politics. There might be some danger of this, if other men were like the blackguards and blackings who have legislatory seats among the noble lords of the British house of peers.

"Pa, what's womanhood?" asked little Tommy as he finished chewing the dandy into his dinner. The washing pitch where he got it to is open a living for themselves and help others, and many girls whose fathers it to not a heed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

TEACH HER TO COOK.

SUGGESTIONS ABOUT TRAINING THE YOUNG DAUGHTER.

Utilize the Desire to "Make Bread" That Nearly Every Girl Has by Instructing Her in the Art of Plain Cooking—Many Things That Girls Will Readily Learn.

Every child, especially every girl, has an instinctive desire to make and meddle whenever any culinary preparations are going on, and every mother and every kitchen maid are accustomed to give the little one a bit of dough when mixing bread or cake, and of letting her bake her own little confection in a saucer. It is a wise mother who takes advantage of this natural inclination in a girl to make her a cook in time, and to turn the taste and tendency to account in the family.

To be a good cook, to be a good nurse, to be a good needle woman are the three things absolutely essential to the happiness, and to the continuance in happiness, of the great majority of all women, whether more it may be given them to be; and if the things leading to such desired proficiency are taught in season there will be so much more time left for the other things that little after the foundation of the positively necessary is laid.

The business can be begun by letting a child of 6 or 10, for example, make a bowl of gruel, overseeing its preparation so carefully that there can be no mistake made, and that the consumer of the gruel can pride in it so sincerely that her ambition will be fired for all the future, so far as gruel is concerned, to make it perfectly. She will put a quart of water in the saucepan over a good fire, and then wet a tablespoonful of oatmeal in a little cold water, and stir it smooth as the smoothest paste, and when the water boils she will pour the paste into the saucepan, stirring it all the time, when half done adding a saltspoonful of salt, boiling a half hour, and straining through a fine wire strainer, when, if it has not scorched, the invalid will have a fastidious appetite who is not pleased with it.

SOUPS FIRST, THEN BREAD.

Indeed, many good people find it an agreeable and satisfying dish; and we have known of a housekeeper, in distress for soup, serving this oatmeal gruel, well salted, and with some celery tops thrown into the tureen as it came to the table, for the sake of appearances, and experiencing the delight of one who has made a new discovery at the relish with which her guests disposed of her white soup.

When our little cook is sufficiently accomplished in this simplest gruel, to which learning in later years panada and the more complicated sorts can be added, her attention can be turned to bread, that one most necessary thing in the support of civilized life; and her initial step in the process can be the concoction of some cream of tartar biscuit, which will be shown her how to rub a piece of butter the size of an egg into a quart of flour till there are no lumps, adding then a teaspoonful of salt and two heaping teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, stirred in well, then wetting it with a pint of cold water in which a heaping teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved.

When well mixed pour it out on the board into enough flour to let it be molded smooth, rolled to a surface a half inch thick and the biscuits cut out with a tumbler, if there is no biscuit cutter, and baked in a well greased pan. When her biscuits have been admired, as they ought to be, she can proceed to bread. Here the question of yeast complicates matters at the outset; but as yeast is now so easily obtained at the bakeries of all the compressed form, we will assume that she has it on hand, and if she has to learn to prepare it that exciting business can come afterward.

If not she scalds a half pint of milk and adds it to a gill of water in which a quarter of a yeast cake has been dissolved, and when lukewarm she makes a sponge with another of butter, and stirs all that into a quart of flour, turns it out and kneads it till it has become stiff enough, and another stronger person must finish the half hour's kneading for her, and then puts it into a pan, and cuts a transverse slit in the top of the loaf, and leaves it to rise over night, she will have completed the first chapter of her work.

AFTER BREAD, SWEETMEATS.

In the morning, when the dough may have doubled in height, she will take it out, and knead it again till the little arms can do no more, and assistance is called in; then she will shape it into a loaf, put it into a buttered pan, prick it with the carving fork, and bake it in a hot oven three quarters of an hour, when, if "it" will not be the fault or the fault of her overseer if she has not produced a good loaf of bread and is not entitled to be called lady, or loaf giver.

Gingerbreads and cakes and dainties will come into a later year of our little cooking school, as in this year only the essentials are dealt with, though the hungry school children cookies and snaps and jumbles sometimes seem more essential than bread and meat, and they quite agree with that wit who thought he could dispense with the necessaries of life if he could only have the luxuries.

But all this accomplished week by week it is time for the young cook to learn how to roast the meat, wiping and not washing the beef, and how to boil it, how to broil it, how to tell when the meat is fresh, in cold if it is salt or corned; how to broil a steak, by searing each side quickly as possible in order to seal in the juices, how to make a good season a stew; leaving the dressing of a fowl to a much more advanced period of kitchen labor, together with the composition of entrees and all such elaborate affairs. It will be time, too, with this roast or stew, to learn about the preparation of vegetables, potatoes of course, and such others, for instance, by planting them; into boiling water, and when done pouring off the water, sprinkling them with salt, and tossing them up, or vegetabling, burning ing moment over the fire.

And when with this our little maid has learned how to make a plain pudding of one thing, by beating five eggs with two tablespoonfuls of sugar into a quart of milk, stirring in a teaspoonful of flavoring extract, a pinch or two of salt, and a good pinch of milk, pouring enough over the egg, and baking three quarters of an hour, she will have a pudding that is good plain cook, and she has learned how not, moreover, in a way as good as play.—Harper's Bazar.

Good Advice.

Put the little ones to bed happy. Never whip children when angry. Govern your temper. Let the father's reason, the mother's kiss be the last link between the day's work and the night's rest. Never let the sun go down on the children we had hoped. If there is temper, punishment or firmness, let them wait. It is the impatient mother who makes the child impatient. If there is fretfulness or fretful

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District,
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER PELTZ, Jr.,
Chairman of Last Convention.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 24th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

in accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
1st Ward	725 votes.	15 delegates.	
2d "	173 "	3 "	
4th "	338 "	7 "	
6th "	338 "	7 "	
8th "	177 "	3 "	
Linden	232 "	4 "	
Total	37		

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
3d Ward	249 votes.	5 delegates.	
4th "	208 "	4 "	
5th "	564 "	12 "	
Union	147 "	3 "	
Springfield	84 "	2 "	
Summit	140 "	4 "	
Cranford	140 "	3 "	
New Providence	55 "	1 "	
Total	34		

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—			
1st Ward	116 votes.	2 delegates.	
2d "	139 "	3 "	
3d "	286 "	6 "	
4th "	138 "	3 "	
Clark	40 "	1 "	
Plainfield—			
1st Ward	250 "	5 "	
2d "	259 "	5 "	
3d "	278 "	6 "	
4th "	278 "	6 "	
Fanwood	139 "	3 "	
Westfield	283 "	6 "	
Total	45		

The Assembly Convention will be held at the call of the chairmen of the last Conventions in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

PERSONAL.

The engagement of Mr. G. Harry Squires, son of ex-Councilman Squires and Miss Grace Howard of Crescent avenue, is announced.

Mr. Frank E. Miller, the proprietor of the Rossi Netherwood, accompanied by Mr. Miller, left this morning to drive through the western portion of the State.

At 10:40 to-morrow morning the Rev Dr. Lewis will preach—by request—upon "Parental influence in forming and developing the character of children." Strangers welcome.

Mr. John M. Crane, Manager of the Union Mutual Life Insurance company for the Metropolitan District, will take up the service of that company on October 31, to become Superintendent of Agencies for the American Casualty Insurance & Security Company of Baltimore city. Mr. Crane has the best wishes of the Union Mutual Life for his success in the new and important position, which he is peculiarly qualified to fill, both by his great experience in the Fidelity & Casualty and his pushing and energetic disposition.—Commercial Advertiser. Mr. Crane resides in this city.

A New Council Instituted.

A delegation of Franklin Council, No. 61, Junior Order United American Mechanics visited Somerville Wednesday evening, for the purpose of instituting a council there. Among those who were present were P. H. Bennett, C. Davis, D. S. Dunavan, Special District Deputy J. B. Rollinson, R. B. Vail, W. Hardy, W. Harting, O. Terry, M. Terrill, J. Weaver, H. Ackerman, H. G. Adams, J. Adams, L. W. Dunavan, H. Hummer, W. Hoffman, R. R. Pope, Jr., W. N. Martin and C. R. Baker. Preparations were immediately made for a parade, and a number of the members of Franklin Council present clothed themselves in regalia, and with the 20 members here to compose the new council, paraded through the streets, headed by the Raritan Cornet Band. Speeches were made by Messrs. Vail, Hill, S. McFarland, C. C. Davis, J. B. Rollinson, D. S. Dunavan and P. H. Bennett. About one o'clock a sumptuous collation was served, after which the visitors left for Plainfield.

The new council will be known as Franklin, No. 72.

—Don't fail to attend the Republican primaries next Tuesday evening.

"Harvest Home" at Vincent Chapel.

The beautiful interior of Vincent chapel was fitted up last evening in a most pleasing manner, The occasion was a "Harvest Home," fair and supper. In the center of the chapel was a large booth thatched artistically with straw, under the shadow of which groceries of all kinds could be bought. Around the sides of the chapel were booths supplying candies, fruits, drygoods etc., and attended by handsome young ladies. The fair was well attended last night. It continues to-night. The chairman and members of the various committees are:

Refreshments—Mrs. Pike, Mrs. Packer, Mrs. Winter, Mrs. G. Thorn, Mrs. W. Lenger, Mrs. J. Lenger, Mr. Jenkins, Mrs. Spicer, Mrs. McHaffie, Mrs. Love Mrs. Valient and Miss Bertie Baker.

Fancy Table—Mrs. C. Pond, Mrs. J. W. Jackson, Mrs. C. C. Cotsafair, Mrs. Charles Lyman, Miss L. D. Baer, Miss. L. Pangborn and Miss S. Jackson.

Jack Horner Pie—Mrs. D. Davis, Miss Lunger and Miss D. Mitchell.

Jack Horner—Christs Chase.

Ice Cream—Miss M. Sharp, Miss Wakefield and Miss D. Bonnell.

Country Store—Mrs. Loft, Mrs. S. A. Baker, Mrs. Edwin Lockhis, Miss E. T. Morrison and Miss L. Chandler.

Fruits, Vegetables and Decorating—Mrs. Griffen, Mrs. Chas. Mitchell, Mrs. J. F. Hoskins, Mrs. D. S. Roberts and Miss M. Brown.

Lemonade—Mrs. Carroll and Miss Alice Carroll.

Supper this evening 6.15, old fashioned supper, 50 cents, includes admission.

Free Postal Delivery.

The new bill for free postal delivery, if it becomes a law, will include in New Jersey: Bordentown, Burlington, Cape May, Dover, Englewood, Freehold, Long Branch, Millville, Mount Holly, Newton, Ocean Grove, Perth Amboy, Phillipsburg, Rahway, Red Bank, Rutherford, Salem, Somerville, Vineland, Westfield and Woodbury.

Objecting to a Common Form of Speech.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Why is it that so many people say, and every one of us, (or both) instead of each one, or every one? We might as well say, we have started to commence finally at last! P. E. V.

JOTTINGS.

—Borough Common Council meeting this evening.

—Mean thieves are robbing clothes lines in Westfield.

—The Union County Tennis Tournament took place at Westfield yesterday afternoon.

—The Republican primaries will be held in Republican headquarters next Tuesday evening.

—The first rehearsal of the Vocal Society will be held next Monday evening in Vincent chapel.

—The city Common Council will meet in regular session next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—Crescents vs. West Ends to-morrow, weather permitting. Doran will pitch for the Crescents.

—The harvest home in aid of the Evona Mission will be continued in Vincent chapel this evening.

—Miss Josephine Cameron is to appear at Music Hall this evening in the drama "Forget-Me-Not."

—The Thirty-fifth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers will hold its annual reunion at Newark on the 23d inst.

—Samuel Gibson, a carpenter, considered demented, was arrested while in the act of prayer on the streets at about two o'clock Thursday morning. He spent yesterday in the station house.

—The annual meeting of the Plainfield Relief Association for the election of officers will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors on Monday morning, Oct. 6 at 10 o'clock. E. B. LEONARD, Secretary.

—The Union County Republican convention will be held at Library Hall, Elizabeth, on Thursday, October 9, when nominations will be made for senator, sheriff and coroners. Primaries will be held next Tuesday evening to select delegates.

—The Adams express office in this city has been closed up and the company will from this date discontinue its Plainfield business. The special reason assigned is that the amount of business done here does not justify the expense entailed in running it.

—A western genius proposes a novel idea in connection with the national encampment of the Grand Army in Detroit next year. It is that, instead of the customary parade, for all the veterans present to be grouped upon a huge raft upon the river to be viewed from passing boat. How would this suit the Plainfield veterans.

—Many prominent citizens of Rahway, including the Mayor and several ex-Councilmen, have been swindled by a fellow named L. F. Kerr, who under the inducement that he would become charter members of a branch of the International Loan and Saving Society, whose main office he pretended was in New York. Mr. Knickerbocker has disappeared with $700 of good Rahway money.

—The public will shed a heartfelt sigh of relief over the discontinuance of the coinage of the three dollar and one dollar gold pieces and the three cent nickels. The two former have always been regarded as awkward coins provocative of accidents and loss, but the latter, the smallest piece of money in the country that is worthy the whole coinage could pay for, supposing that sin was commutable in coin.

—The State Board of Medical Examiners adopted rules for the examination of physicians. It has no control over physicians now in practice, provided they have before July 1st, swept that it may throw out their diplomas should they do anything dishonorable in their work. The law does not bear on any legal practice in this State, nor to those who have graduated in a medical college unless he first undergo an examination by the board, and receive a license from it.

THAT NEW RAILROAD.

TO RUN ALONG THE BASE OF THE MOUNTAINS.

The Scheme at Last Taking Shape. —A Real Estate Trust Buying Property Along the Line.

A year ago we gave a column in a roof column foot to run a railroad along the base of the mountains, which starts at the northwesterly portion of this city. There was a block with the Delaware and Lackawanna, which made some changes in the original plan. But now the work is proceeding. A real estate trust has been bought up some 300 acres on the mountains, which Messrs. Bacon and Vail are said to have orders to buy more. The following relating to the subject is from the Elizabeth Journal:

The proposed extension of the Central railroad, which has so long been talked of, has been under serious consideration by the officers of the company during the past few days, and as the matter looks at present the long contemplated changes will soon be made. These changes are of the first importance to a large section of the neighborhood of this city. It is proposed to make the Newark and New York railroad a part of the main line of Fanwood. The connecting line will cross Broad street at the present terminus of the Newark and New York railroad, and will run in a southerly direction between Washington and Place streets, thence around the foot of Clinton hill to Wyoming and Fanwood. This line will run around the foot of the Orange mountains near Milburn and through Springfield. Over it, all through Central, and Baltimore and Ohio trains will run. The old line will be used mainly for the transportation of freight.

From Wyoming a branch road will be built, running between the Second mountains and hills, through Milburn, crossing Livingston township at Washington place, and thence to Morristown. The building of this line will prove a serious blow to the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western's monopoly of traffic in the region beyond Morristown.

The line from Fanwood to Wyoming will be extended up the valley between the first and second mountains to connect with the Greenwood Lake Railroad at Great Notch, and from that point through the town of Little Fall to Patsaeon, where it will connect with the main line of the Erie railroad.

This extension will open a new route for transportation of coal from the mines in Carbon county, Pa., to New York State and New England, by way of Staatsburg, on the Erie Railroad and the Central. All the proposed lines will pass through a very fine country, which stands much in need of railroad facilities for its proper development.

It is said that the greater part of the right of way for the new road has been secured, and in addition that property owners along the proposed route have promised large money contributions for the construction of the lines.

Interesting to Young Men.

It has frequently been mentioned in these columns of late that the Young Mens Christian Association will organize a class for the study of shorthand. The following letter will show how advantageous it is for young men to pursue this study. The Mr. Packard referred to is Prof. S. S. Packard of the Business College in New York city bearing his name.

A RECENT LETTER.

Office of
Remington Standard Typewriter
237 Broadway, New York.
July 11, 1890.

DEAR MR. PACKARD:—Could you not help us by persuading some of your capable young men to take up shorthand and type-writing when your Fall term opens? Wouldn't that be a better line for the bookkeeping line? I am prompted to suggest this just now because our office supply men has just informed me that he is out of good material, and has a pressing call at this moment for four young men for salaried situations. We are sometimes rather overstocked with incompetent girls, but we are never overstocked with men, competent or otherwise. Too few young men take up the study of shorthand. Yours very truly,

C. W. SEAMANS,
Of Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.

Friday evening, October 10th, the class for the coming season will be organized. It is also a pleasure to announce that typewriting will be taught in connection with shorthand. The Association has fortunately secured a machine for this purpose. The Association is only too glad to assist young men in this way, and it is sincerely hoped that a large number will avail themselves of this grand opportunity for self improvement. The fees for membership in the Association, $2.00 entitles to either or all of the classes of the Association together with circulating library and members' receptions. Applications for membership may be left with the committee at the room this evening, in which case they will be acted upon to-night.

A Child Injured.

Yesterday afternoon a little child, whose name we are unable to ascertain, was thrown from a wagon in Mr. G. Satterlein's yard on Mountain avenue and Mr. Augustus Wyckoff's delivery wagon passed over the body. Yet the child, it is claimed, escaped serious injury.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The weekly conference of Christian young men will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow (Saturday) evening at 8 o'clock. A more opportunity is afforded in these meetings to ask and answer questions pertaining to Christian life and work.

Veteran Re-union.

The first Reunion of the 9th Regiment, N. J. Volunteers, Army of the Potomac, will be held at the city of Newark on Wednesday, Oct. 8th, with headquarters at 960 Broad street. All surviving members of the 9th regiment are earnestly requested to be present.

A Surprise.

If you will go to Rogers Bros., shoe store (Saturday) you will be surprised to see what a pair of shoes you can buy for $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

LIVELY WORK AT THE TRAPS.

The Third Day of the Middlesex Gun Club Tournament.

The third day of the Middlesex Gun Club's meeting at Dunellen was of much greater interest to sportsmen than the two which preceded it. The shooting was all at live birds. One of the features of the day was the shooting by Mrs. M. F. Lindsley under the name of "Wanda." The position at the traps of this lady is wonderfully cool and graceful. The command of pull is uttered sharply and distinctly. The pull of trigger follows the word immediately. The lady shot in great form, one of her feats especially being among the very best shots of the day. This with a fast driving quarter to the right by Mrs. Lindsley attracted much attention.

Elliot of Kansas City, Mo., and Crosby of Batavia, N. Y., made clean scores, each killing every bird in the contests they shot in. Here are the scores:

Extra Event No. 1—Four live birds; $5 entrance, Wild, Cooper, Quimby, J. L. Smith, Crosby, Ell ot, Whitney, Lindsley and Wolstencroft tied for first money on 4 kills. On the shoot-off Wild, Crosby, Quimby, Wind, Elliot, Whitney and Wolstencroft killed 3, and then divided.

Second money went to Peacock, C. Smith and "Wanda" with 2; Irons, Miller and Dudley got third with 1 each.

Regular Event No. 21—Eight live birds, $6 entrance, $100 guaranteed, 30 entries. Quimby, Wild, Elliot, Crosby, Whitney, Miller, Wolstencroft, J. L. Smith, VanBrackle, Castle, Sigler and Wallace drew their pro rata, the other shot of the tie to the next event, which was divided by Quimby, Elliot, Crosby, Whitney, J. L. Smith and Sigler, with 10 each; second money was divided by Harrison, Cooper and J. D. Voorhees on ties of 7; third, fourth and fifth to Peacock, Lindsley and Green, with 6; March took fourth, with 5.

Event No. 22—Ten live birds, $10 entrance, $150 guaranteed, 25 entries: Elliot, Quimby, Sigler, Riggot Peacock, Crosby, Whitney, Welsh and J. L. Smith divided first money, with 10; Harrison, Cooper, Claus, Miner, Castle, Green, Voorhees and Wolstencroft took second on 7: third money went to Wild, March, Van Brackle, Miller and Dotsoy on 8; fourth was divided by Canon, Lindsley, and Wallace on 7.

Event No. 23—Seven live birds; $5 entrance: thirty-nine entries. D. Terry, Kleitz, Elliot, Welsh, Holden, Sigler, Wild, Chen, Mosley, Crosby and Green killed all and divided first money. Second money was tried for by Quimby, Whitney, Floyd, Rowley, Peacock, March, Z gtio, Harrison, J. L. Smith, Castle, Rolbrocker, Voorhees, C. Smith and Force, six of the contestants withdrawing, the others shot off, and the money was finally divided by Quimby, Whitney, Rowley Castle and C. Smith; third money was divided by Cooper, Wallace, Raggot, Williams and Miller, with 5; Dayton Purdy, Diley, Van Brockle and Lindsley captured fourth money.

Pleasant Paragraphs of Local Mercchants.

We have received a marked copy of a 44 quarto-page trade paper, dated New York, Boston and Philadelphia, in which is the following of local interest:

The city of Plainfield, Union county, N. J., is favorably located and beautifully laid out. Many of the most prosperous business men in New York reside here, with their families and the general aspect of the place is rather high-toned and distinguished.

Although there is very little manufacturing done here, still the city, well filled with customers, would do credit to to a much larger and older city.

Among the institutions here I notice two national banks, three newspaper offices, a seminary for young ladies and many well-attended public schools, which rank among the foremost in the State. The population is about 10,000.

Among the members of the trade upon whom I called, I may mention:

Deane & VanArsdale, shoe dealers, who carry a stock averaging $12,000. This store in which this stock is tastefully arranged is 25x70 feet, has electric lights and a double front. The firm carry a full line of ladies', gents' and boys' boots, shoes and rubbers, and make a specialty of Packer & Fields fine shoes Mr. Deane was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., and is a member of the Knights of Pythias: Mr VanArsdale was born in Pompark, N. Y., and is a Mason. They report trade as highly satisfactory.

Rogers Bros., shoe dealers, were born in Buffalo, N. Y.—S. S. Rogers in '66, W. B Rogers, in '64. Their store is spacious and well fitted up, having a double front window, and they make a specialty of fine shoes. Both men are capable and industrious, and are members of the Knights of Pythias, Red Men, Odd Fellows and Knights of Honor. They started business at their present location in March last and are highly gratified with the prospects so far, carrying a full line of fine and medium shoes. I carry with me the fixed impression that these young men are in the direct line of success, and in the future I may have occasion to note their progress in the business world.

John J. Keaney, dealer in boots, shoes and rubbers, was born in Henderson county, N. J., in '58 and started in business for himself in '79, commencing a general line of all grades. Owing to the fact that he had no previous knowledge of this line of business, it was generally expected that he would not succeed; but his tact and judgement, combined with perseverance and energy to attend to his every duty, triumphed over the obstacle of inexperience, and Mr. Keaney is now in a position, the result of his own intelligent efforts and commendable perseverance, to demonstrate the fallacy of those erroneous predictions. He reports a heavy fall trade.

A Dark Secret at Music Hall.

"A Dark Secret," with its river of real water, its carnosm and its vocal quartette, will be seen at Music Hall to-night and to-morrow night. The regular scale of prices will be adhered to. The regular scale of prices will be adhered to. The regular scale of prices will be adhered to

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF SO PREFERRED, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 2. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean has been preparing statistics of the property owned by colored persons in the Union It finds the aggregate to be $263,990,000 That is an average of $200 for every negro family in America. In their twenty-five years of freedom the race has gathered that much together. If the figures are correct it is a remarkable showing.

In many of the countries of Europe railroads and telegraphs are owned and operated by governments. It is urged in this country that such control would be unacceptable, and would place too much power in the hands of the government. On the other side again it is claimed that railroads owned by the nation would have no dividends to earn for private individuals, and would give satisfaction if they only paid expenses. In that case shorter hours and better wages would result for the employes and there would be no occasion for strikes. If government owned the roads three relays of men working eight hours a day would take the place of the two relays working twelve hours each that now operate trains on various roads with an all night service.

A Great Telescope.

The increase in size of the telescope lens, like the increase in power of the steam engine, seems to have no limit. We may enjoy the proud distinction of knowing that only in America can a telescope of the largest size now manufactured be made. Only the Clarks, of Cambridge, Mass., can make a telescope that has an object lens forty inches in diameter. It must be admitted, however, at the same time that the glass out of which these magnificent lenses are constructed cannot be made in America, but all comes from the firm of Fell & Mantois, in Paris.

In 1800 Dolland made a lens four inches across. It was thought then that this was the limit. But mechanical and optical difficulties in the way have been gradually overcome, and the telescope lens has been growing larger and larger till now the Clarks are about to undertake for the University of Southern California the construction of the monster telescope of the world, with a lens forty inches in diameter. This, it is said, will bring the moon so near that it will not seem more than a hundred miles away.

Meantime the largest telescopes at present in use have all come from the hands of the Clarks. For many years that at St. Petersburg, with its 30 inch lens, also of their make, was the largest. Then they broke their own record, and constructed for the Lick observatory in California a telescope with a 36 inch lens. Now they will break it again, for Lick, California, and construct one with 40 inch glass. It will be mounted in Los Angeles, where the clear atmosphere affords remarkable opportunity for studying the heavens. Meanwhile several years will be required to complete the new glass.

What the Gas Companies Can Do.

The electric lighting business employs today in this country a capital of $300,000,000. It may be only a question of a short time when gas for illuminating will be supplanted altogether by its more brilliant rival. Meantime the gas companies ought to look ahead to investing in electric light plants if they wish to keep their hold on the public. There is one thing they can do. They can gradually prepare to change from gas to electricity as an illuminant, meantime still manufacturing gas as fuel, which they can furnish cheaply with little change in their plants. Fuel gas means freedom from smoke, ashes, coal and coal carts. It means health, happiness and comfort to every city, even to Chicago. The suggestion will bear careful consideration Electric lighting will shortly be so perfected that all the objections to it will disappear. And the same gas pipes can take fuel instead of lighting material as now.

Some cases of epilepsy have been cured by modern surgery. There are cases to which there is an injury or disease in some particular portion of the brain. The skillful physician diagnoses the case and locates the seat of the epilepsy in a particular portion of the brain by symptoms referring to that part. Then he puts the patient under an anæsthetic, makes an opening in the skull and exposes the diseased portion of the brain. Sometimes there is injury to the skull instead of to the brain. In either case oftentimes the surgeon is able to remove the diseased portion, treat the wound with antiseptic dressings and the patient soon is well again, and frequently is restored wholly, with no return of the terrible affliction of epilepsy.

Some new kinds of pickles have come in in the west. In Colorado they have watermelon pickles, and in New Mexico they have steer roping tournaments. At last accounts Harry Crawford was the champion at the steer party, he having roped and tied a steer in thirty-one seconds.

COLLECTORS GET A COPY

The Tariff Bill Sent to the Customs Houses.

QUICK WORK WITH THE PRESSES.

The Government Printing Office Breaks the Record in Getting Out the Official Copies of the Measure—The Anti-Tariff Agitation in John Bull's Island.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The government printing office made the quickest time on record in getting out the official print of the tariff law. Most of it was in type Wednesday, but the proof had to be compared with the original bill at the state department that night. As there were sixty-five pages in proof, this was by no means a simple work. But under the supervision of Mr. Bryan, of the printing office, it was completed not long after midnight, and before morning the presses had turned out enough copies of the bill to supply the collectors of customs throughout the country.

An Interesting Question.

The treasury department has mailed a certified copy of the new law to every collector of customs and internal revenue in the United States. The bill goes into effect on Oct. 6. In this connection an interesting point has been raised at the treasury department which will probably be brought before the secretary for decision. The point in question arises from the delinquency of the mail service to deliver the tariff law to the collector at San Francisco and other points where it is impossibility for such to get out Thursday to be delivered on the 6th inst.

As the old law goes out of operation on that date the question has arisen whether goods arriving at San Francisco and other points before the new law has been received by the collector are dutiable under the old or property come under a law which the collector of customs has never read and officially knows nothing of.

An Expert's Opinion.

A prominent treasury official speaking of the matter expressed the opinion that the goods might be assessed under the old law and reliquidated under the new when it is received. He said, however, that it was not obligatory upon the collector to have a certified copy of the law before him, but that it was the duty of the importer to the assessment of certain goods he could telegraph the treasury department for their proper classification.

An Error Discovered.

It is understood that another flaw has been discovered in the tariff bill as signed —the omission of the paragraph providing for a drawback on manufactured tobacco. As this clause does not go into effect until Jan. 1 congress will have an opportunity to remedy the defect.

The Bill in England.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Commercial Agent Smyth, at Huddersfield, England, on a report to the department of state on trade with the United States, says that the action of the house of representatives on the tariff question has had the effect of creating widespread alarm among the manufacturers there. The operation of a new tariff act is increasing the prices on textile fabrics will, it is believed, seriously check the export trade of Huddersfield. This applies particularly to the woolen and worsted industry, which is strongly intrenched there. There has been a general move on the part of exporters to anticipate the repeals of legislation by large shipments for future demand, the main object being to clear the custom house in time to escape the provisions of the new law.

Sheffield's Anti-Tariff Agitation.

In regard to the anti-tariff agitation in Sheffield Mr. Smyth says that "while certain political and mercantile influences have been set to work among the manufacturers of Sheffield to declare open war on the American policy of protection, the manufacturers and exporters of this district, who are much more vitally concerned, maintain a respectful attitude and await calmly the enforcement of a policy which is the natural and legitimate offspring of principle, and conditions to which communities in England, as a rule, seem absolute strangers. The general hope is expressed that tariff legislation and the whole chemical system of 'protection' will soon be wiped out altogether."

Opinions of the British Press.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The Chronicle doubts the wisdom of Canadian statesmen stirring up a bitter feud with their powerful neighbor on account of the McKinley tariff, especially when it is the opinion in many quarters that the new law is the prelude to a more enlightened policy.

The Times is disposed to agree very largely with the Canadian ministers. The McKinley tariff bill may be recognized as a demonstration of hostility against England hardly less decided than the Berlin and Milan decrees of Napoleon I.

The New York Herald says it is stated that Germany contemplates reprisals if America refuses to modify the McKinley tariff.

The Telegraph says it is gratifying to receive such indications of the strength of Canadian loyalty.

Say It Will Kill the Fair.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 3.—The Independence Belge says that the passage of the McKinley tariff bill insures the failure of the Chicago World's fair. It is needless, the paper adds, for Americans to expect that Europeans will, under the circumstances, go to the hopeless expense of making an exhibit on that occasion.

Vessel Owners and Captains Meet.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The annual meeting of the Vessel Owners' and Captains' National association was held here, President James A. Van Brunt in the chair. The committee on credentials reported that there were 124 vessels represented by the members present. The following officers were elected: President, J. A. Van Brunt; vice presidents, Joseph Harding, Boston, and J. S. Winslow, Portland; secretary, Fred P. Litchfield; treasurer, J. H. Cox; commissioners of claims, Frank Brady, Daniel P. Emery, Boston; Henry Sutton, Bangor; Henry Ford, Bangor; Thomas Bartlett, New York, and S. M. Thomas, Taunton. A committee was appointed to take action toward the abolition of compulsory pilotage by congress. It was voted that the committee to be authorized to take action toward modifying bills of lading on coal, stone and lumber.

Attached for $15,000.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 3.—An attachment for $15,000 has been placed upon the building and machinery of the Springfield Emery Wheel company, of this city, which recently became financially embarrassed. The attachment is issued by J. Augustus Spears. A meeting of the directors and editors will be held next week.

NO KNIGHTS WANTED.

They Can No Longer Work on the New York Central Railroad.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—A sensation in labor circles has been caused by the issuance of the following circular to the superintendents by the New York Central railroad:

"The Knights of Labor organization, and in connection therewith, the published correspondence between the leaders of the organization that compared it to the slave trade, are now making re-employment of the employes in your respective departments.

H. WALTER WEBB, Third Vice President.

In an interview Mr. Webb said: "In the past we have always admitted that we have had no objection to our men joining labor organizations, but developments during the recent strike have led us to decide that if our men were allowed to be members of the particular organization known as the Knights of Labor the result would be detrimental to our road and the public.

"Our action is in no sense an attack on labor, and we do not anticipate that any trouble will follow the issue of our circular. I know that the men are extremely dissatisfied with the organization of the knights, and that many of them since the strike was inaugurated have received no money from the organization than they had often contributed to it in a single year."

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, said that Mr. Webb was a fool and that whom the gods wish to destroy they first make mad. He believed that there were sufficient organizations in the various branches of the railroad to which men could belong apart from the knights. He considered that Mr. Webb's success in the strike had intoxicated him. The circular was cowardly, as it had attacked a fallen foe.

Mr. Powderly's Views.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 3.—"I am not surprised," said Mr. Powderly last evening, "at the order debarring knights from service on the Central. It came to my knowledge as early as last spring that this policy of boycotting would be instituted by that corporation against our order. What they have up to the present time been doing in secret they now feel strong enough to proclaim openly as their intention. Mr. Webb represents directly the Vanderbilt interest, and Mr. Depew, although nominally the president of the company, is simply retained in that position as a reward for past services as a lobbyist at Albany. While Mr. Depew is content to draw his $30,000 a year as president, he is also satisfied to let Mr. Webb transact the business which he as president should perform. The result of this whole business will be to bring about government control of the railways."

ALLEGED TRAIN WRECKERS IN COURT

Kiernan's Counsel Wants Superintendent Harrington Arrested for Perjury.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Justice Grogan's court room was crowded again when the case of Michael Kiernan, the alleged train wrecker, was called at 10 o'clock. District Attorney Riley and Attorney Delehanty appeared for the people, and Kiernan was represented by Lawyers Lindden, of this city, and Meegan, of Albany. Cain was then arraigned and represented by John T. Norton. Master Workman Lee and a large delegation of knights also appeared. Superintendent F. A. Harrington, the complainant, and on whose statements Kiernan was arrested, was the first witness. He was cross-examined by Mr. Lindden, and his testimony elicited the fact that he had no positive knowledge that the prisoner was in any manner connected with the spiking of the Watervliet switch or was in Albany the night that night, and his only knowledge was hearsay, backed up on the statements of Pinkerton, Humphrey and Bissell. It was not until several days after the accident that he heard who was suspected of the crime.

Cain was placed on the stand as a witness, but on the advice of his counsel, Mr. Norton, refused to answer any questions. James Young, janitor of the rink, was also brought forward as a witness to prove that Bissell was not in the audience at the rink in Albany on the night of the meeting when, it is alleged, the scheme to wreck the train was made up, but on motion of defendant's counsel his testimony was stricken out as immaterial by Justice Grogan. John H. Cobell, who was a witness for the people, testified to a confession, but his testimony also was deemed immaterial, and was not allowed. Mr. Lindden then asked the court to discharge the prisoner on the ground of insufficient evidence and also for the arrest of Mr. Harrington for perjury. Justice Grogan stated that as it had been urged by counsel to secure a stenographer, he would reserve his decision until he had seen a copy of the testimony and that he would adjourn the case until a week from Saturday.

A Big Tinned Plate Company.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 3.—It is stated on good authority that eastern capitalists have organized a company with $7,000,000 capital for the purpose of conducting the business of manufacturing tinned plates. The headquarters of the company will be at Baltimore; it will run its own tin mines and will try to control the American tinned plate trade. Buildings will be erected at once. Another company, composed principally of Englishmen, will in a few weeks begin the erection of a tinned plate plant at Duquesne, ten miles east of Pittsburg.

The Mormons in Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—N. O. Murphy, acting governor of Arizona, has made an extended report of the condition of the territory to the secretary of the interior. The population of the territory (unofficially given) is 60,000, or excluding Indians and residents of military reservations, 57,600; gain in ten years, 19,900. The Mormons number one-fifth of the total population, and others are coming in from Idaho. He recommends that congress make the Idaho test oath applicable in Arizona to prevent the territory from being "Mormonized."

Three Killed on a Crossing.

MASKINONGE, Que., Oct. 3.—While Mrs. Dostaler, wife of Dr. Dostaler, of this place, was driving across the Canadian Pacific tracks in a carriage, containing herself, Mrs. Piche, Miss Heroux and two children, aged about 5 years, the carriage was struck by a fast express and all three ladies were instantly killed. The two children escaped without injury.

His Head Literally Blown Off.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Asa Dubois, aged 23, was accidentally shot by his brother-in-law, Charles Slate, while out gunning for squirrels. His head was literally blown off.

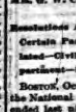
CIVIL SERVICE MEN MEET.

Business of the National League at Boston.

MR. G. W. CURTIS FOR PRESIDENT.

Resolutions Adopted Which Allege That Certain Party Pledges Have Been Violated—Civil Service in the Postoffice Department—Equality in Competition.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform league ended last night with a dinner given by the Massachusetts members at the Parker



G. W. CURTIS.

house. Speeches were made by George William Curtis, Charles Theodore Russell, William Dudley Foulke and others. George W. Curtis was chosen president for the ensuing year. Several papers of interest were read and the following resolutions were adopted: "That the National Civil Service Reform league congratulate the country that the attempt to nullify the reform law during the last session of congress was defeated by distinguished members of both parties.

"That League recognizes the fact that 32,000 places in the public service are now filled in fair and free competition by merit alone. The league recalls with satisfaction the wholesome precedents of the action of the attorney general of the United States in sustaining the civil service commission and in causing the revocation of appointments made in defiance of the reform law; also the league recalls with satisfaction the success of the friends of reform in frustrating the attempts in congress to evade the reform law by securing the appointment of pension examiners without examination. It mentions with pleasure the unqualified advocacy of the principles of reform by many of the leading journals of both national parties.

Concerning Party Pledges.

"While according to the national administration the greatest credit for whatever advance may have been made in the application of civil service reform to the conduct of public business, it is nevertheless our duty to remind the country of the pledges made by the successful party at the last presidential election, and to note how far these pledges have been kept. The pledges of the administration were:

"First—That reform of the civil service, already auspiciously begun, should be completed by the further extension of the reform system to all grades of the service.

"Second—That the spirit and purpose of reform should be observed in all executive departments.

"Third—That all laws at variance with the subject of the existing reform legislation should be repealed.

"These pledges have been disregarded. The reform system has not been extended. Not only have not the spirit and purpose of reform been observed in all executive departments, but they have often been violated. The laws at variance with reform legislation have not been repealed, nor has there been any proposition for repeal. Against this practical contempt of pledges the league records its unqualified protest.

"Fourth—The removal of postmasters for no other cause than their political opinions or party affiliations, resulting in a partisan reversation of an important branch of public service, is a breach of faith with the country and a grave offense against pure politics and the interest of an efficient public service.

The Taking of the Census.

"The league holds that the important duty of taking the census should have been committed to the officers selected because of their fitness, and with no regard to political or partisan considerations, and it sees in the general dissatisfaction throughout the country with the results of the census a logical consequence of this disregard of these principles.

"Fifth—While holding that the power of removal should be vested in appointing officers subject only to a public discussion, the league also holds that an opportunity for change in the public service which is not political or for party spoils should be granted. It therefore urges all friends of reform to press upon public attention and congress the repeal of the laws prescribing fixed terms of office. Places which are not political, and which are filled by appointment, should be vacated, except by death or resignation, only by the deliberate act of responsible appointing officers after fair opportunity of explanation or denial of charges.

"Sixth—As a measure of relief from one of the worst abuses of the spoils system, the league approves the principles and objects of the bill introduced into congress during the present session to regulate the appointment of fourth class postmasters by causing their selection to be made without regard to political interests and opinions.

Competition on Equal Terms.

"Seventh—The league reaffirms its unswerving fidelity to the American and democratic principle of the political right of every citizen to seek and to compete on equal terms for appointment to office, without the necessity of asking aid from party friends or political leaders."

The Buffalo association invited the league to meet next year in that city. It was voted to accept the invitation unless the executive committee should find it advisable to hold the meeting elsewhere.

A Sensation in Catholic Circles.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 3.—Trouble that has been recently brewing between Bishop Gilmour and J. J. Greeves, editor of The Catholic Knight, which is published as the official organ of the Knights of St. John, and which the bishop denies, has culminated in the bishop's denouncing an article by a Youngstown priest attacking Tello and the bishop personally. The diocese is greatly excited over the affair.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

First Class Caterer, ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH. STEPHENSON'S 42 NORTH AVENUE.

THE BEE HIVE
KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan or plain colors, 75c.
7 hook, in state, tan and brown (special), 85.
Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Glady" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.
Germantown wool, 10c per hank.
Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth
A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Winter is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to incase the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES
If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashion ble line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,
OUR FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Duer Street.

Mrs. Stephenson,
32 WEST FRONT STREET,
Is still making her famous
FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

"THE DAIRY"
Headquarters for
Fresh Creamery Butter,
Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.
DELICATESSEN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.
Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE,
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)
Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.
BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED
EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,
AND DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER
And Base Ale for hotels and private families
No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

FIRST ANNUAL
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF
WALL PAPER.
The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.
POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.
1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.
2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.
3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.
SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.
A. D. Van Sciver,
OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed,
Furnace, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR
WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
48 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

MOY'S

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET
SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS for 15 cents per square foot
AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,
Also jobbing of all kinds.
Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON
18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Excelled by None
18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to price they will be
As Low as Any in the State,
considering quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. E. DOTY,
Fine Tailoring, 42 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

THE THUNDERER SNEERS

American Aid for Ireland Said to Be a Political Plot.

A BITTER ATTACK BY THE TIMES.

The Existence of the Potato Famine Denied by That Journal—The News Says That While England Gives Coercion to Ireland, America Furnishes Bread.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The London Times devotes its chief leader of over a column to the proceedings of the American committee for the relief of the famine in Ireland. The writer says: "We can assure this committee of American politicians and journalists that the famine with which they hope to angle for the Irish vote has not yet been heard of here outside the columns of Mr. Parnell's papers, and those are not sources usually resorted to for facts by persons familiar with their methods.

England Ignored.

"The appeal of the 'American committee is couched in the usual turgid magnificence of transatlantic electioneering literature; and, with splendid consistency, ignores the existence of this country, its government and its people, and persists in treating Ireland as though the fondest aspirations of the Clan-na-Gael had been accomplished, and Dublin was already the capital of an independent power, wholly dissevered from Great Britain and knit by ties of blood and friendship and political alliance to the United States.

Great Britain Not Indifferent.

"The authors of this remarkable manifesto, in their feverish haste to anticipate the coming elections, seem to have forgotten that a very large number of persons in this island are eager to grant every demand Irishmen can make, and that no party, creed or section of people in Great Britain has ever displayed indifference to *the sufferings of its fellow subjects.*

"The transparent truth is that the framers of this impudent and mendacious document are bent, not on charity, but on electioneering. They know perfectly well, as all the world knows, that in the terrible Irish famine of 1846, English aid and English alms were poured freely into Ireland. When the partial failure of the potato crop took place in 1879 it was the wife of an English viceroy who opened the first fund in aid of the sufferers."

Praise from Liberal Papers.

The Liberal papers, on the other hand, are loud in their praises of the United States for their spontaneous action, The Star heading its article "America Shames Us."

In the current number of The Paternoster Review Dr. McWeeney, an expert on the subject, proves conclusively that the potato crop of Ireland this year will not be more than 3/5 as great as usual. His figures, which cannot be controverted, speak for themselves better than miles of editorial written by men who perhaps have never been in Ireland or eaten an Irish potato.

Coercion Instead of Bread.

The St. James' Gazette comments in a sneering manner upon the movement in America to establish a fund for the relief of famine sufferers in Ireland. It says the movement is *simply a dodge to secure the* Irish vote.

The Pall Mall Gazette rebukes The Times for its article denying that the condition of affairs in Ireland is such as to warrant apprehensions of a scarcity of food. The Gazette asks: "Does Jackson's airy scamper, Balfour's placid absence from Ireland, or the eager scepticism of The Times prove that there is no famine in Ireland?"

*The Daily News says: "Every true English*man honors the liberal hearted men of America. But every true Englishman must feel ashamed of his own government, which is only offering Ireland coercion while strangers are offering her bread."

BARBARITY IN INDIA.

A Brutal Husband Forcibly Carries Off His Ten-Year-Old Wife.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—English rule in India is prosperous and well established and the natives appear contented, although there is a strong agitation going on for a native Indian parliament, in which both states and people shall be represented. Another movement that is being powerfully urged by intelligent Hindoos is for a reform in the marriage laws. Females are married in infancy and their husbands take them home while they are yet children. Great strength has been added to the agitation for reform by a recent occurrence in Calcutta. A Hindoo, whose daughter had been married when she was a babe 4 months old, objected strenuously when the husband came to claim her at the age of 10 years. The husband summoned the native police to his assistance and the girl was borne away, shrieking for help, while her father lay senseless on the threshold. No one dared to aid the wretched girl, for the husband had native custom and English law on his side. The following day the girl bride was found, a victim of the inhuman husband. The latter was arrested on a charge of murder, but nothing could be proved against him and he was cleared. It is now sixty years since the burning of widows with their dead husbands was abolished in India, but much more remains to be accomplished to redeem women from their degraded condition.

A Disbarred Attorney Shot.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—James Toner, aged 41, of No. 7 Charlestown street, was shot and probably fatally wounded in Haymarket square by an Italian named John Gazzolo, of 177 Blackstone street. Toner, who was Gazzolo's former counsel in the Sutfolk bar, was convicted some years ago of blackmail upon *Mr. Pagini, of the North* End, and spent a portion of a five years' sentence in state prison, from which he was expelled from the bar. Toner was executor of the estate of Charles Gazzolo, a brother of John, and between the latter and Toner there has been bad blood for some time owing to the latter's alleged mismanagement of the estate. Gazzolo had frequently threatened to have Toner's life.

They Want Union Men Employed.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The National Gasworkers' union has demanded that the London Gaslight and Coke company shall employ only union men. A deputation will call upon the company's officers today to receive their response to the demand. The company has a capital of $50,000,000, and employs 11,000 men.

Censured for the Tipperary Arrest.

LIMERICK, Oct. 3.—A stormy scene occurred in the Limerick corporation meeting when a motion of censure for the Tipperary arrests was under discussion. The motion was finally passed, but the opponents narrowly escaped being ejected from the meeting.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Numerous Nominations Made All Over the Country.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 3.—There is no doubt that an extra session of the legislature will be called by Governor Campbell to abolish the Cincinnati board of public improvements, but the message to being prepared, it is said, that will be a full and terrible arraignment of the political vice and corruption in office which abound in that city. Governor Campbell is at Canton, where he opened the Democratic campaign with a keynote speech last night.

STROUDSBURG, Pa., Oct. 3.—The Democratic conferees of the Eighth congressional district renominated W. Mutchler, of Easton.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Democratic-congressional convention for the *Fifteenth district* nominated the Hon. Henry Bacon, of Goshen, for Congress.

CAREY, O., Oct. 3.—W. H. Lykens, of Marion county, was nominated by acclamation by the Alliance-Independent-Labor convention in the Eighth congressional district. Mr. Lykens is an ex-Democrat, ex-Republican and ex-Prohibitionist.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 3.—George W. Ray, of Norwich, was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Twenty-sixth district.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 3.—A. W. Hitchcock was nominated for assembly by the Republicans of Warren county.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Democratic convention for the First assembly district of Cayuga county nominated L. C. Mead for member of assembly. Hon. S. Edwin Day was renominated for member of assembly by the Democrats of the Second district.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Democrats of Onondaga county made these nominations for members of assembly; First district, James C. Rann, of Syracuse; Second district, Robert E. Dorchester, of Marcellus; Third district, Albertus B. Rowley, of Syracuse.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—At a meeting of the Republican state committee Hon. Charles R. Ladd, of Springfield, the present incumbent, was renominated for auditor on the state ticket, to fill the vacancy caused by the withdrawal of Mr. Gould.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 3.—The Eighteenth district Republican convention last night nominated A. E. Atkinson for congress.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Pitcher Tom Ramsay, recently released by Von der Abe, has been signed by the Syracuse club.

The president has appointed Taylor James, of Massachusetts, to be collector of customs for the district of New Bedford, Mass.

The following fourth class postmasters in New York state have been appointed: F. L. Marsden at Bernhards Bay, Oswego county; *R. E. Russell, Childwold*, St. Lawrence county; E. C. Shuter, Cosymans Junction, Albany county; I. M. Blanding, Hawleytown, Broome county.

The treasury department monthly statement of changes in the circulation shows a net increase during September past of $52,009,767. Bond redemptions and prepayment of interest is the chief cause of this unusually large increase.

An express messenger on the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland was held up by two masked men and the safe rifled of money and valuables.

Miss Annie Husabowe accuses Rev. Peter Roberts, of the Plymouth Congregational church, Scranton, Pa., of having ruined her under promise of marriage. She asks $50,000 damages.

Business Done by the A. A. U.

*NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—The Amateur Ath*letic union held a prolonged meeting last evening at the Astor house. The committee on investigation made a report as follows: Carl Williams, Philadelphia, reinstated; J. J. Anderson, New York, reinstated; C. E. Webber, Syracuse, N. Y., reinstated; F. Fraser, Brooklyn, reinstated; George D. Dockerill, Brooklyn, reinstated; F. A. Howell, Lawrence, Mass., rejected. Harry J. Rubel, reinstated; C. A. Hass, Buffalo, reinstated; W. *De Frest, New* York, reinstated. The following clubs were admitted to the union: Passaic City Wheeling and Athletic association, Seventy-fourth regiment, Buffalo, N. Y.; Montclair Athletic association, of Montclair. The record of J. B. Connolly, of Boston, of 44 ft. 10½ in. for the running hop, skip and jump made at Boston Sept. 25 last was allowed. The chairman of the record committee was instructed to inform J. W. Rich that he must furnish particulars of the record claimed by him for the standing jump before Oct. 10 or the record would be disallowed

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen stoves, best make, with patent ash sifter grate at **$12.50.** Fancy parlor stove **$10.50.** Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the alterich Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Buffalo—										
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Base hits: Buffalo, 0; Brooklyn, 0. Errors: Buffalo, 0; Brooklyn, 0. Batteries: Clarkson and Mack, Bowders and Daily.										
At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2
Base hits: Cleveland, 11; Philadelphia, 9. Errors: Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 3. Batteries: O'Brien and Sutcliffe, Sullivan and Milligan.										
At Chicago—										
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Base hits: Chicago, 4; New York, 4. Errors: Chicago, 2; New York, 4. Batteries: Hutchinson and Farrell, Crane and Brown. Called on account of darkness.										

National League.

At Brooklyn—										
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Base hits: Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Errors: Pittsburg 6; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Anderson and Berger, Terry, Clark and Foutz.										
At Cincinnati—										
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Base hits: Cincinnati, 9; Boston, 8. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 3. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Clarkson and Bennett.										
At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Base hits: Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 5. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries: Young and Zimmer, Gleason and Clemens. Called on account of darkness.										
At Chicago—										
Chicago	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—2
Base hits: Chicago, 7; New York, 4. Errors: Chicago, 0; New York, 2. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kelly, Starrott and Clark. Called on account of darkness.										

The attendance was as follows:

	Players'.	National.
Cleveland	25	300
Buffalo	472	—
Brooklyn	—	1,000
Cincinnati	—	600
Chicago	720	618
Totals	1,448	2,597

American Association.

At Columbus—										
Columbus	3	0	1	0	5	0	0	3	1	—10
Athletic	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2
Base hits: Columbus, 14; Athletic, 6. Errors: Columbus, 1; Athletic, 2. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor, Green and Riddle.										
At Toledo—										
Toledo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Base hits: Toledo, 5; Rochester, 5. Errors: Toledo, 1; Rochester, 0. Batteries: Healy and Sage, Burr and McGuire. Called on account of darkness.										
At St. Louis—										
St. Louis	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—6
Syracuse	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	—5
Base hits: St. Louis, 11; Syracuse, 9. Errors, St. Louis, 1; Syracuse, 3. Batteries: Stivetts and Munyon, Keefe and Fitz.										

Day Was a Hypocrite.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 3.—Additional charges of larceny and one of forgery have been brought against Joseph J. Day, Jr., the real estate agent and several wealthy widows, whose claims aggregate $50,000, promised to make it warm for him if he is ever captured. Day was a prominent member of St. Paul's Methodist church in South Brooklyn and as superintendent of the Sunday school formed a large circle of friends and admirers.

A Murderer Lynched.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 3.—Ernest Humphreys, the negro who shot and killed Dicy Miller, another negro, at Princeton, Ky., on Sept. 27, was taken from jail at that place by a mob early in the morning and hanged. Miller was the second man that Humphreys had killed.

SINGER

Safety Bicycles.

SOLE AGENT,

Geo W. Morrison,

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

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ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano.** Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MRS. JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 19 West Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15. Miss Babcock teaches music on the method of singing, as taught by the Paul, of Milan, and the Leipsic method Guovanigny. Will also form a class in of piano practice on 73 East Fifth street.

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, of Professors Steffanone and Ahlstes, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, No. 109 West Front street, September 15th. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nottingham, N. J.; Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS, Kindergarten School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction will be given and the daily tasks in school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on Africa and Explorations, History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 30m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss R. C. Denser, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.
No. 28 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss R. C. Dinser, Principal. 8-13-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning train and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a good line. Leave orders at

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

Passengers taken to from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits an extra charge.

Connects with the 6.9, 7.20 and 8.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 m. and 4 p. m. trains for Somerville and Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leaves corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

TEARS CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 9.40, a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.

Arrive—9.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.24, 6.58 A.M., 8.02, 9.06, 9.30, 9.58, 11.02 A.M., 12.05, 1.27, 2.30, 3.32, 4.32, 5.20, 6.06, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P.M. Sunday 3.37, 5.24, 8.02, 9.06, 10.00, 11.02 A.M., 12.05, 1.27, 2.30, 3.32, 4.32, 5.20, 6.06, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P.M. Leave New York foot of Liberty street at 5.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.00, 11.30 A.M., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P.M. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A.M., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P.M. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 8.09, 8.55, 9.30, 9.55, 11.31, 12.30, 1.25, 2.30, 3.45, 4.36, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.38, 9.40, 10.30, 11.30 P.M. Sunday 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A.M., 12.30, 1.25, 2.30, 3.45, 4.36, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.38, 9.40, 10.30, 11.30 P.M. Leave Somerville at 7.00, 8.15, 9.00, 9.35, 10.00, 10.45, 11.35 A.M., 12.35, 1.30, 2.35, 3.50, 4.40, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.43, 9.45, 10.35, 11.35 P.M. Sunday at 7.30, 8.30, 9.35, 10.30, 11.35 A.M., 12.35, 1.30, 2.35, 3.50, 4.40, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.43, 9.45, 10.35, 11.35 P.M. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.58, 6.49, 8.33, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.10, 10.05, 10.45, 11.40, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.37, 5.05, 5.37, 6.07, 6.45, 7.05, 7.37, 8.10, 8.45, 9.45, 10.40, 11.40 P.M. Sunday 8.33, 9.10, 10.05, 10.45, 11.40, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.37, 5.05, 5.37, 6.07, 6.45, 7.05, 7.37, 8.10, 8.45, 9.45, 10.40, 11.40 P.M. Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.30, 8.15, 8.45, 9.30, 10.15, 11.00, 11.30 A.M., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 P.M. Sunday at 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A.M., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 P.M. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.45, 2.45, 5.45 P. M. Sunday at 9.45 A. M., 5.45 P. M. Leave Easton at 7.30, 11.30 A. M., 4.30, 7.30 P. M. Sunday at 11.30 A. M., 4.30 P. M.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.05, 9.45, 11.35 A.M., 3.35, 5.40 P.M. Sunday 5.11 A. M.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.00 A. M. to High Bridge Branch Easton, 1.00 P. M. For Flemington D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk 9.45 A. M. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading Harrisburg etc., 2.45 P. M. For Flemington, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Wilkesbarre & Scranton 5.45 P. M. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, etc.

7.30 P. M. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Wilkesbarre & Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg etc., 2.30 P. M. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., 5.30 P. M. For Flemington, 6.45 P. M. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk and Harrisburg, 8.00 P.M. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays 9.45 A. M. For Wilkesbarre, Scranton etc., 8.15 P. M. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Sundays 5.45 P. M. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 8.15 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Lancaster.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 9.00, 11.00, A. M., 2.05, 3.31 P. M. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.48, 11.00 A. M., 4.31 P. M. Sundays, Ocean Grove only 10.00 A. M. Leave Long Branch 8.30, 10.30 A. M., 2.30, 5.30, 7.05 P. M. Sundays 8.30 A. M., 5.30 P. M.

For Asbury Park 7.37 A. M., 1.00 P. M.
For Freehold 7.37, 9.00, 11.00, A. M., 1.00, 3.31 5.31, P. M.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 9.45 A. M., 1.58, 4.31, 6.22 P. M. Sundays at 9.45, 11.58 A. M., 4.31 P. M.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.27, 9.45, 11.58 A. M., 1.58, 6.22 P. M. Sundays at 9.45 A. M., 4.31 P. M.

For Bound Brook at 7.37, 9.45, 11.58 A. M., 1.58, 4.31, 6.22 P. M.

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Veterinarian, No. 327 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

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Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Everything promptly attended to. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Build contracting cheerfully on all kind work in the

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ABEL S. TITSWORTH,
Life Insurance
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In wagons, carts, fertilizers, job work, barrows. Call and see the improvements on the *Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race* street, North Plainfield.

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21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, 35cm near street. Address

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Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

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No. 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

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Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

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Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE-BEGINNING ON TIME!

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.05 a. m. to meet 7.06 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 2, 9th st to Somerset, Best to Crescent ave; to Park ave; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.37 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.37 do
4th do	10.15	do	10.37 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.24 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.24 p. m. do
7th do	1.05 p. m.	do	1.24 p. m. do
8th do	2.00 p. m.	To the Post Office.	
9th do	3.30 do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	4.45 do	do 5.07 do	
11th do	5.45 do	do 6.07 do	
12th do	6.45 do	do 7.09 do	

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Front street and Park avenue for North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and Dunellen and Bound Brook.

Stages will make return trips over as over as possible. Stages will connect at Dunellen with the

1.07, 4.30, 8.07, 10.35, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 3.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30 p. m.

Stages will connect at Bound Brook with the

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hire, pleasure and driving. Parties will be furnished with horses, top carriages and ladies.

Stages after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at reasonable rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street — rear 9th and 8th. Telephone Call. 42 7-27

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry work will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be my aim to merit the liberal patronage I respectfully solicit. Your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.,

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Wm. Drewer I would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and guarantee satisfaction. We put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 19 AND 19 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

A TRUE GERMAN GIRL.

THERE CANNOT BE ANYTHING NICER WHEN ALL IS SAID.

She Is Not "Great Fun," but There Is an Entire Absence of Affectation—Always a Constant Sweetheart and a Faithful and Devoted Wife.

The German girl is not like other girls. She is not as piquant as the American girl nor so stylish as the French girl, and not so sympathetic as the English girl. She has neither the pervasive magnetism of the Viennese, nor the burning presence of the Italian, nor the versatility of the Russian. Her lack of these conventional attractions usually leads men who do not know her to imagine the German girl to be a rather inferior and uninteresting young woman. Men who have been fortunate enough to know the cultivated continental German girls, however, think differently.

Physically the German girl is not so charming as the American girl. Her waist is neither round nor tapering. Her shoulders do not slope. Her carriage lacks spirit. Her face is round rather than oval, and her hands and feet are not strikingly trim. On the other hand she has a well turned arm, a smooth pink and white skin untouched by cosmetic improvements, an abundance of well kept hair and a delightful neck. Her figure is full, but not overfed. Her eyes are clear, though unaggressive.

NOT A COQUETTE.

The fine art of fascinating men by infinitesimal gestures or suggestions of gestures is not hers. She cannot sway feeling by the turn of the head, a droop of the figure, a shrug of the shoulder, or a curve of the neck. She may have an idea or two about managing her eyelids, tossing her head, plucking apart rosebuds and using it like a fan—practices, by the by, the wide world of elaborate feminine coquetry without words is beyond her ken.

Though she lacks the subtle graces the presence of the typical German girl is something of an inspiration. She does not overwhelm a man with vivacity, nor burden him with the weight of her thoughts and affectations of attention. She does not mobilize her face for a campaign of grimaces and expressions like a minute in the opera bouffe. She listens somewhat impassively, though not phlegmatically, to all he says. Her repose is natural and sympathetic. It was born and bred in her, is a part of her, and so is remarkably refreshing to a man who has worn his way repeatedly through the pantomimic routine of the tete-a-tete with women of other breeding and temperament.

In conversation the German girl is encouraging rather than exciting and entertaining. She does not try to "keep up her end." She never "carries on." She is not "sharp," "smart," nor "racy." nor "up to snuff," nor "great fun." She cannot even "take care of herself" conversationally. She does not know half as much as she has never heard and sciences she has never studied. She does not "adore calculus," and is not "awfully fond of metaphysics." She rarely gravitates to the brilliant discoursing novels she has only heard others tell of, and she is far from clever at cribbing colloquial witticisms. She is, however, intelligent and well educated, and has an abundance of ideas of her own. Although she knows little Latin and less Greek, she can speak French fairly well, understands some English, and has a smattering of Italian or Spanish. She is full of information as to the great electors Frederick the Great, the Iron days between 1807 and 1813, and the modern German triumvirate. She is well acquainted with the works of Goethe, Shakespeare, Heine and Moliere. She can quote by the page from her favorite poet Schiller. In case of need she can follow her heart with her head and turn off an astonishing quantity of sentimental verses on slight provocation. She loves music, and is familiar with most of the grand operas.

The German girl has all those things to talk of understandingly, yet she never leverages her off his feet with a flood of conversational pedantry. When a subject she is acquainted with turns up she talks on it easily, without an effort to appear brilliant or original or deep. She is very worshipful of the great masters, but does not exhaust her breath and vocabulary to say so. She never uses slang. She speaks her native tongue plainly without avoiding her expressions like "ain't," "hadn't ought" or "like you and I." Her correctness of speech, however, is not studied, and she never tries to get under cover with a "dear me, I always get that wrong." Her "ja" is as natural as the American girl's "yes," and her "nein" falls from her lips with a soft indecision that mitigates half the pain of the refusal.

SWEETHEART AND WIFE.

When the German girl has had her little fling, and it is a very little one, her Frau Mamma finds her engaged. Her new social status is published at once to the whole world around her. Unannounced engagements are unknown to the German girl. The lucky one accepts young man's proposal every one knows it, and regards her as already half married. She does not resent the pleasures of a helter-skelter, fast and loose love affair. She becomes all wrapped up in her Fritz, or Haus, or Wilhelm at once. There is no more flirting, or misrepresenting, or shading, or dancing with other men. She loves her fiance with an absorbing devotion which is seldom duplicated on this side of the Atlantic. She gets no special pleasure from "playing" him, teasing him, exciting his jealousy or "leading him on." All she wishes is to have him right at hand all the time, holding her hand while others are present and her when alone with him. This unswerving faithfulness and childlike devotion continues well along into her married life and usually to the end. The quiet, responsive, undemonstrative, trustful German frau is only a natural development of the well bred German girl.

The German girl has many other misconceptions and unintentional blunders which are little known, and if known are misunderstood by her foreign critics. She does not drink beer or eat blood sausage. She never takes a cigarette into her mouth, and does not long to be a man. She does not drop her handkerchief or fan to see a man pick it up, and she does not hurry off her admirers on impossible errands just to show what she can do with them. She does not accept all the presents that the men of her acquaintance will give her, and she does not tell white lies when it is just as convenient to speak the truth. She never flirts for the sake of flirting. She always draws on both gloves before leaving the house, and does not remove them before entering the house.

In short, the German girl is warm hearted, well educated and well bred. She is kind, patient and grateful. She is too modest to be a trade saint, and too full of ideals to do a mean one. She may lack, as her critics say, commanding brilliancy and beauty and art, but all the rest of the world of womanhood is hers.—New York Sun.

A HOUSE MADE TO LIVE IN.

A Fine Dream With Regard to the Details of Comfort and Convenience.

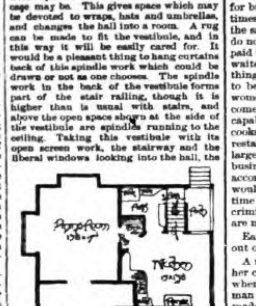
[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The print of a floor plan should be viewed in the nature of a suggestion. Here is a plan made for one family. It pleased them very well. It is not expected that all

FRONT ELEVATION.

its details as here shown will be equally satisfactory to others. One can go from kitchen to the front door of this house without passing through the dining or sitting room. This is desirable in answering the door bell.

The vestibule in the hall is surrounded with spindle work or fret work, as the case may be. This gives space which may be devoted to wraps, hats and umbrellas, and changes the hall into a room. A rug can be made to fit the vestibule, and in this way it will be easily cared for. It would be a pleasant thing to hang curtains back of this spindle work which could be drawn or not as one chose. The spindle work in the back of the vestibule forms part of the stair railing, though it is higher than is usual with stairs, and above the open space shown at the side of the vestibule are spindles running to the ceiling. Taking this vestibule with its open screen work, the stairway and the liberal windows looking into the hall, the



FIRST STORY PLAN.

long room with grate and mantel at one end, and the view to the parlor and sitting room, and we have an air of luxury and refinement rarely attained in a low cost house.

In the sitting room there is a beautiful large window, and opposite a grate and mantel. The dining room has a bay window projection, and at the end a space for a sideboard with high shelf.

The arrangement of china room or butler's pantry, as it is sometimes called, is compact and very satisfactory. The pantry is ample. The pantry room does not need to be large, but it should have everything needful in it without being crowded. In this house one can go from the pantry to the cellar. Thus the same stairway answers for an inside and outside cellarway.

The stairway from the kitchen goes to the second floor, and thence again to the attic. This stairway and the girl's room are cut off from the front part of the house.

There is a linen closet in the hall on the second floor. In each of the chambers there is at least one closet. There is floor

SECOND STORY PLAN.

and wall space for the proper arrangement of bedroom furniture. The bathroom is arranged so that there is a direct run of pipe from the kitchen to the attic.

This house would look best with the outside walls covered with shingles, though it may be arranged as a weather boarded house.

The cost complete would be about $2,800.

LOUIS H. GIBSON.

How to Avoid Blue Monday.

The blue Monday to the housekeeper comes from the inevitable confusion of washing, ironing and the accumulated work of Sunday. A laundry in the cellar or basement, where such a thing is possible, is a help, even if it is nothing more elaborate than where one has the opportunity to pump water, with a sink connecting with a vault or sewer on the outside.

What May Be Done.

A house may be planned so that there is no necessity for going out doors for anything. Water, coal and food may be provided for on the cellar.

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Shall Business Women Eat Luncheons Under Difficulties?—Restaurants.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Not long since I went to Chicago hurriedly, with much business to attend to in a short time. One o'clock caught myself and friend in the heart of the city, opposite a well known restaurant. We entered, following the crowd. At the door we were stopped. "Ladies are not allowed in here," said a waiter. "This is a business man's restaurant. There is a ladies' dining room up stairs." Up stairs we went. We took in the situation at a glance—a gaudy, swallow tailed waiter feeling fondness, waiting half an hour for the least order, with a grinning monkey at your elbow, listening to all you say, remarking audibly unless you get a gorgeous dinner, rolling up the whites of his eyes and sneering in your face unless you give him a fee which is enough to buy your whole dinner elsewhere. I am so sick of that kind of thing that the English language cannot express my feelings. We looked wearingly at the dread presence that came forward to smirk us into a seat. "Is this the only place where business women can go for a baked potato and a cup of chocolate?" The smirker replied in the affirmative. "And I suppose the prices are twice as much as they are down stairs?" "Yes, they are three times as much," answered the smirker. This, then, was all the great restaurant in the second largest city of the union could do for business women; charge them three times as much as a man is charged for the same thing, when women as a rule do not even get the third of the wages paid to men, and expect them to fee the waiter, and have to put up with this way it will be easily cared for. It would be a pleasant thing to hang curtains back of this spindle work which could be drawn or not as one chose. The spindle work in the back of the vestibule forms part of the stair railing, though it is higher than is usual with stairs, and above the open space shown at the side of the vestibule are spindles running to the ceiling. Taking this vestibule with its open screen work, the stairway and the liberal windows looking into the hall, the

Is there a restaurant in the world where a woman can get a meal fit to eat for less than a dollar?

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD P. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 26th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

At the two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
1st Ward	725 votes.	15 delegates.
2d "	370 "	7 "
3d "	336 "	7 "
4th "	232 "	5 "
5th "	177 "	4 "
Linden	222 "	4 "
Total		37

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
3d Ward	349 votes.	5 delegates.
4th "	398 "	7 "
5th "	584 "	12 "
Union	447 "	9 "
Springfield	84 "	2 "
Summit	210 "	4 "
Cranford	146 "	3 "
New Providence	52 "	1 "
Total		34

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—		
1st Ward	116 votes.	2 delegates.
2d "	329 "	6 "
3d "	298 "	6 "
4th "	158 "	3 "
Clark	250 "	5 "
Plainfield—		
1st Ward	250 "	5 "
2d "	250 "	5 "
3d "	225 "	5 "
4th "	278 "	5 "
Fanwood	129 "	3 "
Westfield	383 "	6 "
Total		45

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in the respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention of Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER FELTER, JR.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Senator, Member of Assembly, County Clerk and three Freeholders, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at seven o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminster.
Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.
Branchburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.
Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.
Franklin—Hubner's Hotel, East Millstone.
Hillsborough—Devender's Store, Frankfort.
Montgomery—Evergreen Hotel, Harlingen.
North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co. Ex. Com.
Dated September 25, 1890.

PERSONAL.

It is reported that Robert McStabb, of Bound Brook, has purchased some property at Bethe wood, where he expects to build a house.

David Ebbit died at his home on Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, Thursday. Deceased was in the seventy-fifth year of his age. The funeral took place from the residence of his son-in-law, Nathaniel Sanborn, No. 30 Jackson avenue, to-day at 3 o'clock p. m.

Ross Limbarger, of this city, has been spending a few days with A. J. Limbarger in Bound Brook. He is recovering from what was expected would be a fatal illness. He was suffering with gangrene in his left foot, and for a long time was an inmate in the Muhlenberg Hospital. He speaks in the highest praise of his treatment at that institution, and says he owes his life to the faithful nursing he received there.

—There were 192 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 179 in the preceding week and 198, 146, 154 and 201 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 7,605, against 6,494 in 1889.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

PROBABLE INTRODUCTION OF EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT.

The Company Offers to Furnish 200 Lights for $8,600 per Year, the Same as Now Paid for the Present System of Gasoline Lamps.

The Borough Common Council met in regular session last evening. Mayor Place and Councilmen Buckle, Emmons, Hegeman, Needham, Sebring and Smalley responded to roll call.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. W. J. Pearson and others petitioned council to properly grade Vine street. The petition was referred to the Committee on Streets with power.

The manager of the New Jersey Postal Telegraph Company petitioned council for the privilege of erecting poles in the borough. The document was referred to the Committee on Streets.

The Edison Electric Light company, in a communication, agreed to erect an electric light plant in the borough and to light the public streets for the sum of $8,600 per year: the company promised to use 200 twenty candle power lights. The communication was referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps.

The same company petitioned for the privilege of erecting poles on the borough streets. The petition was referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Health.

The members of Warren Engine Company No. 1, asked for the privilege of erecting the figure three from the stone in front of the house and replacing it with the figure one. The desired permission was granted. The company was also granted permission to solicit subscriptions for a new fire alarm.

Mr. Sebring from the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps reported that the committee had investigated the various systems for street lighting purposes and recommended that the Edison system be adopted. He also advocated the selling of the old hose carriage and the purchasing of a new one, to which a horse could be attached. The report was ordered filed.

Mr. Smalley from the Committee on Markets and Licenses stated that the committee was not in position to report upon the borough lockup, but hoped to be able to do so at the next meeting, as the plans and specifications were at present in the hands of the builders. The report was ordered filed.

Mr. Hegeman from the Committee on Streets and Public Health reported verbally that Craig place had been macadamized and that Washington avenue had been re-surfaced since the last meeting.

Mr. Emmons offered a resolution to the effect that the Committee on Streets and Public Health be instructed to purchase 500 tons of crushed stone for use on Somerset street only.

Mr. Hegeman objected to the passage of the resolution saying that he did not think the council was in a position to pass it at that meeting and thought its consideration should be deferred for a month, as the members of the council were not familiar with the financial status of the Road fund.

Mr. Sebring stated that the Street Committee had not spent a single dollar in the second district this year, for on Somerset street, the main thoroughfare leading into the borough and thought the resolution should prevail.

Mr. Needham thought it unwise to pass the resolution until the council was familiar with the financial standing of the Road fund.

Mr. Hegeman said he thought the idea of dividing the borough into two districts, caused personal feeling and stated that he was there to legislate for the borough at large, continuing he said, "it is perfectly nonsensical to talk that way of Somerset street. It has a good stone bed two feet deep which cannot be cut through. If I must say so I am opposed to the resolution anyhow. When the gentleman on the other side of the house referring to Mr. Emmons) refuses to help the residents of Grewstock road from sinking hub-deep in mud, I will refuse to vote for the appropriation on Somerset street."

Mr. Smalley stated that the Street Committee had not spent a single dollar in the second district this year, for on Somerset street, the main thoroughfare leading into the borough and thought the resolution should prevail.

Mr. Smalley said he would like to see Greenbrook road macadamized, but did not think that there was money enough available at present. Somerset street should be repaired immediately. Mr. Buckle said that he thought Mr. Emmons was very inconsistent, as no action in reference to Somerset street had as yet been presented to Council.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Emmons' resolution with the following result. Ayes—Councilmen Emmons, Smalley and Sebring. Nays—Councilmen Buckle, Hegeman and Needham.

The vote being tie, Mayor Place voted in the negative. Preferring to wait until he knew the condition of the Road Fund.

Mayor Place said that he supposed that the Street Committee knew what they were doing.

Mr. Emmons retorted that he thought so all the year.

The clerk announced that the resolution was lost.

Mr. Emmons replied that he had already learned it so.

The monthly report of Police Justice Hardy was read and ordered filed.

A representative of the New Jersey Postal Telegraph Company was present and requested that the Common suspend the Street Committee to act in the matter of granting his Company the privilege of erecting poles.

After considerable discussion it was decided to adjourn the meeting over until next Friday evening.

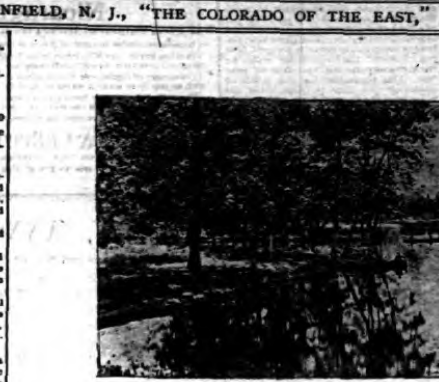
Mr. Sebring offered a resolution to the effect that Fire, Water and Lamp committee be empowered to ascertain and report at an adjourned meeting, the details of a contract, most favorable to the borough which can be made with the Edison Electric Light company. The resolution was adopted.

[The borough has now 126 gasoline lamps for which it pays $60, 100 by the month. Many of these lamps are out and will give better satisfaction as they are to be lighted all night long and every night in the week. The gasoline lamps are not lighted on moonlight nights. The Edison company will charge $48 per year for 200 lights and will furnish a much cheaper rate than the New York and New Jersey Globe Gas Light company now charges the borough for the present system of lighting.]

The Auditing Committee reported the following claims correct and they were ordered paid:

C. Conrad	$5.25
H. Pangborn	.50
P. Kellogg	6.00
D. D. Cole & Bros	15.00
R. Ann	15.00
Thos. Rutledge	27.00

The meeting then adjourned.



PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD, NO. 7—GREEN BROOK AT ELM PLACE BRIDGE.
[From a Photograph by Thorn.]

Bowling on the Green.

The Dunellen Bowling Club competed for the Schepflin medal Thursday, on the court of the latter. The game was called at 12:30 o'clock and resulted as follows:

FIRST TIE

John Adams, 21; William Elliot, 21; James Stevens, 21; D. B. S. Cockburn, 21; F. P. Haffner, 18, John Young, 10; John Booth, 12; John H. Smyth, 13.

SECOND TIE.

James Stevens, 21; D. B. S. Cockburn, 21; John Adams, 14; William Elliot, 11.

THIRD TIE.

James Stevens, 21; D. B. S. Cockburn, 7.

There is something very remarkable about the cup. The original winner, James Lowell of New York never lived to compete for it again. The same is said of the second, Mr. James, of Newark, son of the mayor. Mr. Stevens was the third to come into possession of it, and, having been successful for the third time, now holds it as his individual property, consequently another cup which will be known as the "Adam's Cup," will take its place next season on same conditions.

The Stevens medal will be competed for next Saturday, after which a match game will be played with the Middlesex Bowling Green Club, and that will close the season.

Wetumpka.

There was instituted Thursday evening a commandery of the above name of the Knights of Honor, with 38 charter members. Of that number 26 are members of Wetumpka Lodge, one from Easter Lodge, both of Plainfield, and the other from Onward Lodge, Elizabeth. The following officers were elected:

Past Commander.—C. J. Feytel.
Commander—S. E. Flower.
Asst Commander—L. I. Van Alystine.
Secretary—J. Sylvester.
Treasurer—F. P. Haffner.

Wetumpka Lodge 3401 K of H. of Plainfield will give an invitation entertainment to their friends on Thursday evening Oct. 16th, 1890, at 8:30 o'clock in their lodge room, Hand building. The lodge now numbers 126 strong, with eleven to be initiated, this swelling the membership to 137. It is to-day the banner lodge of the State of New Jersey and the only one that initiates candidates without the Ritual. Preparations will soon be made for their third anniversary which will take place in either the rink or Music Hall and the commandry expect to be in trim for that occasion.

JOTTINGS.

—Special "cut" prices at Edsalls to-night. See advertisement.

—Conference of Christian young men at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—Services in honor of the Sacred Heart were held in St. Mary's church last evening.

—The members of Warren Engine Company No. 1, will take their apparatus out for a "wash" next Wednesday evening.

—Elliot, the celebrated shooter from Kansas City, is taking part in the Tournament of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen to-day.

—A printer arrested last night for drunkenness was this morning sentenced to ten days' confinement in the county jail by City Judge Codington.

—The Chinese feast of the moon occurred on Saturday in t. As the moon itself refused to join in the festivities, a year of misfortune in the Chinese calendar.

—Articles to grace the table are sought for nowhere with more satisfaction than at the showrooms of Dorflinger's American Cut Glass, 36 Murray street, New York.

California on Wheels.

The free rolling fair from the golden State, commonly known as "California on Wheels," which is now making a tour of the principal cities, will reach Plainfield enroute for New York next Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock, and will remain at the train shed depot open and free to the public until 5 o'clock that evening.

It is an elegant vestibule train of ten handsome Pullman cars, under the management of Mr. Isaac Bonsall, Secretary of the California State Board of Trade with all of the interesting natural and manufactured products of the State. The main object being to show the people of the East what California can supply from abroad, which New Jersey did not attempt to grow, but which California could attempt to grow. Excellent fruits can be raised in California and shipped to this city. They will not be offered for sale at the time, nor given by order to merchants, but visitors would not be refused if they say anything, even if they wished to do so.

Among the curiosities—pardon me—things of interest in circumstances, are five and one half pounds, several potatoes weighing four pounds, squash, dates, bananas, olives, figs, etc.—all grown in the open air in California. Everything is genuine and not in bad condition on entering Plainfield.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Mr. Walter Wynants will speak at the W. C. T. U. Four o'clock meeting Sunday afternoon.

Services at No. 6 East Front street tomorrow. Lecture Rev. H. commencing at 7.45 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7:30, at the Jackson school-house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

First Unitarian church, Second Place. Rev. Robert Clark pastor will preach. Service at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Sunday school session in M. E. church commences to-morrow and hereafter at 2:30 p. m. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cubbeiy pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Rev. J. B. Taylor, D. D., of the church of the Seventh Rest, will preach in the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville Sunday evening. All are welcome.

German Mission services at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 73 West Front street to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. W. Escher of Dunellen, N. Y.

Congregational church West Seventh street. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 2:45. Members of the school will please take note of the change of hour.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. Wm. R. Richards pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2: 30 p. m. Seats free at the evening service.

Two services will be held in the German Reformed church on Second street, between W. One at 10:30 a. m. and the other at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the cordial welcome of all attenders at 9:15 a. m., basement parlor, and 4 and 7:45 p. m., main auditorium. Varied and interesting exercises in the evening.

The First church of Christ Mr. J. B. Cleaver will preach on Revelations 8 n, chapter, in the morning. In the evening his theme will be Exodus 34:6 7. By special request. All are invited to attend.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the Pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning theme: "Jesus Christ in the Life." Evening theme: "Young Men Out of Christ."

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Morning prayer and sermon, also administration of the Holy Communion at 11 a. m. Sunday school 9:45. The hour of service for afternoon has been changed to four.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Conducted by the pastor, Rev. K. P. Ketcham. Subject of the morning sermon "Wisdom and Piety as to Public Opinion." In the evening will be a special praise service.

Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Praise service at 7:30, and regular Sunday evening meeting at 8 o'clock at which Mr. Warren Hendricks and Mr. J. B. Manning, Secy. Y. M. C. A., will preside. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

Mrs. Dumont, a temperance evangelist from Newark, will conduct the meetings of the Woman's Temperance and Aid Society on Sunday, Oct. 5th, at Reform Hall at 9 15 a. m., and 4 p. m. There will be a mothers meeting every Thursday at 4 o'clock in the auditorium of the Hall.

The singing at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow afternoon will be an exceedingly attractive feature. Mr. Frederick Moon will conduct the service and there will be brief talking talks by young men. Ten or more men took part in the meeting last week. All men will be heartily welcome.

The usual meetings of the W. C. T. U. will be held as follows in their rooms 73. West Front street: Saturday evening at 7:30, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. On Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock occurs the regular monthly business meeting of the Union, to which all are welcome.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church as usual, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. In the morning the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. In the evening the pastor, the Rev. Jacob Hasbrouck, will preach on the subject: "Which side of the Pillar."

—"They have eaten at last." If you wish to find out what have eaten, read Mr. J. C. Allen's advertisement to-day.

—The Crescents of this city and the West Ends of Somerville are contesting honors in a game of base ball this afternoon. Doran is to pitch and Lally will play first base.

—The Middlesex County Bowling Green Club will play to-day on Mr. C. Schepflin's grounds, Dunellen. Next Saturday, weather permitting, will occur the next Saturday will compete for the championship medal of the Club.

Dunellen Notes.

Mr. Fred J. Richter, one of the Board of Commissioners of Dunellen, has disposed of his fine residence on Washington avenue and purchased another on High street, Newark, where he will remove his family about Nov. 1st. The town will lose in him a worker for public good and welfare. The cause of the change is said to have been brought about through bad weather. He does not consider it just that citizens who pay taxes should be compelled to send their children to Plainfield schools at an additional expense.

Mr. C. Schepflin, of the firm of Schepflin & Co., will leave on a trip to the Southwest about the 10th of October. Your Know.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted at 8 First place.

A YOUNG man (colored,) would like a position. Can take care and drive horses and make himself generally useful. Address R. Jon s, 78 West Third street. 1-4

A FINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Crescent church. Excellent table. Reasonable terms. Address "Home Comfort" care of EVENING NEWS. 1-4

A SUPERIOR combination hot water and box air heater. Cost $450, and will sell for $75. Not sufficient space to heat conservatory and dwelling. At John Schenks machine works North Plainfield. 9-4-7tf

BUY your window shades at Fairchild's Furniture store, 21 and 23 Front street. 1-5

FOR SALE—Double parlor heater, cheap. Good as new 118 Somerset street 10-5-3

FOR SALE—My handsome property of 4 nearly four acres. S. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-9-eotf

FOR RENT—Small house. Ten minutes from depot. For particulars address H. M., Lock Box I. 2-5

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 22 West Front street. 27-12

FOR SALE—Family horse. In gunning condition. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-4tf

HARDY Hydrangeas Maples and green-house plants at Denton's Hillside Avenue nursery. 4-4

RECEIVED at City Mills, 7,200 lbs rolled Rootmost, slightly damaged, but excellent for chicken feed. For sale at two cents per pound. 3-28

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED—Nurse and up stairs girl with references. Apply 118 East Front street. 4-2

WANTED—Respectable girl as cook and housework. Apply at residence of Walter Scott, 120 East Front street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Edwards having entirely recovered from her severe illness, is now able to see her patrons again on and after Wednesday, October 1st, 1890, at the City Hotel, Room 4 one flight up. From 2 to 5 o'clock p. m. Ladies, 50c to $1; gentlemen $1. After this week she can be consulted all day. 30-1wr

DUNELLEN.
All persons who wish to join the North American Endowment Associates of Dunellen, N. J., as charter members, should see C. W. Otey and make out an application, before their next meeting, Thursday evening, Oct. 7th, when the charter will be closed. 3-3

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Leaders at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week; during the first term or are confident to convers well enough. "His" application is solicited and he subscribed in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Professors of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures, in the Berlitz method it is the teachers who teach and not the pupils. Thorough method of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For terms and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Vimont, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 1. 10-3tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. A nice assortment of house plants also for sale constantly by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,
Merchant tailor, 7 and 8 Park Place, 78 Somerset street. Linen linens fresh every day. Choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and Rockingham ware. Pure cider vinegar, finest grade assortment of pure cider vinegar, finest grade assortment.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get their shaving or hair cut at Charles D. Mann's Barber Shop on Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms for sale and to rent; also BUILDING LOTS AND FARMS FOR SALE. Inquire at No. 30 Mott's Nursery, Box, 127 Hillside avenue. 6-6-1y

THE LATEST STYLES
of
PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunnberre.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Bishop Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,
CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.
SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.
Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

Make Home Beautiful.
We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of
FURNITURE.
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING SUITES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.
WINDOW SHADES.
Geo. H. Fairchild,
21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET
All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY
14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry bills will receive careful attention and prompt deliverance. It will be done in the best possible manner. Respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.
C. A. BROWN, Prop't.

POWLISON'S,
No. 9 Somerset street.
A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $50. 8-21-1y

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.
TWO NIGHTS ONLY.
Monday and Tuesday
OCT. 6th and 7th.
Jefferson & Taylor's Great Aquatic Spectacle
"A Dark Secret."
With the original cast, scenery and realistic effects. The new Henley Regatta scene, showing the finish of the great race between Oxford and Cambridge on a river of real water. George Hosmer the champion oarsman, in the winning shell. The Hosmer Brothers, three famous gymnasts in the world. The fascinating Lizzette in vocal selections. The realistic drowning scene, the sensation of a lifetime.
Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Friday.

TO-NIGHT!!

Special "Cut" Prices.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY TRADING AT
Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But by no means stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get quite as good and save money at the

5 and 10c Store

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in
HOUSE—FURNISHINGS.
and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.
AT
V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, fancy, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very *no deception.*

Better values ever never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, colored, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, *Suede kid,* black for $1.48.

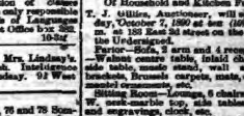
We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Thompson Park,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,
of
FALL AND WINTER Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.
All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

LOOK!!
for the
LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.
NEXT WEEK.



Geo W. Morrison,
Only agent in New Jersey.
(At Randolph's Drug Store.)
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

AUCTION SALE!

Of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

T. J. Sharp will sell at public auction, on Tuesday, October 7, 1890 at ten (10) o'clock a. m. at 183 East 3d street on the premises of the Undersigned.

Parlor—Suite, 3 arm and 4 reception chairs Walnut centre table, inlaid checker table, side tables, mirrors, what not and corner brackets, Brussels carpets, mats, engravings, lambrequins, curtains etc.

Sitting Room—Lounge, 6 chairs, rocker, B. W. secretaryble top, side tables, paintings Brussels carpet.

Dining Room—Walnut extending table, bread chest, table cover, buffet, 6 chairs, Chinese Japanese vases, pitchers, silver, china glass and crockery ware, cutlery, spoons, etc.

Bed Room—3 black walnut and 2 cottage suits, 5 bedsteads, 5 bureaus, 5 springs, 5 mattresses, 7 pillows and excelsior mattresses, 2 washstands, 2 commodes, 2 rockers, 2 chairs, wardrobe, crockery, 2 glasses, pictures, sewing and floor carpets, matting, rugs and mats.

Kitchen—Stove and pipe, tables, chairs, boiler, tubs, pails, boards, ironing table, tin and stone ware, incubator complete, lawn mower, garden tools, etc.

MILES C. S. PERRY,
125 East Second street.
Terms Cash. 4-2

BAZAAR and Entertainment.
Under the Auspices of the
Ladies' Aid Society,
HOPE CHAPEL,
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Evenings,
OCT. 7th and 8th.
ADMISSION - - 10 Cents.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, $4.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 66.

It is often charged that all attempts at co-operative industrial colony making have ended in failure. This, however, is not literally true. There are at present two such settlements—one in Oregon, another at Kaweah, Cal.—both of which claim to be working satisfactorily and prosperously. There have been religious communities that succeeded remarkably as far as amassing wealth is concerned, notably the Shakers and the Economite brethren of Pennsylvania. The trouble with these, however, is literally that there is no cohesive idea among them strong enough to hold them together after the generation that knew the founders and were kindled into enthusiasm by them have passed away. The young generation find their fathers' faiths irksome and lapse to the world. Still there is one perfect example of the co-operative religious community always before the world. It is the Roman Catholic monastic establishment. In their respective communities both brethren and sisters constitute perfect co-operative communities. They share the labors exactly alike and have all things in common. They are constantly recruited, moreover, from the ranks of the world.

A new community of world's people hopes to perpetuate itself in an industrial colony that is forming in Lake Charles, La. The members go from Des Moines, Ia., and from the same respects a Bellamy organization. The members contribute each to the common fund $500. They intend as far as possible to have a world complete in itself, where "the savage, foolish and wasteful system of competitive industry shall give place to the kindly, rational and more economic system of co-operation." No women are allowed in the community. No member can dispose of his stock without consent of the company. It is expected that here each will work sufficiently to contribute his share to the maintenance of the community, without imposing upon any the long hours and exhausting labors that are necessary to keep one's head above water among the world's people.

Among the aims of the community are the following: "The production and distribution of wealth; the collection and extraction of raw material: its fashioning, by handicraft and machinecraft, into commodities; the culture of both animal and vegetable products; the production of food, clothing, shelter, machinery and all articles of convenience, necessary or of luxury; the establishment of proper methods of distribution, transportation and storage; the establishment of just and correct systems of credit, account and exchange, the building of houses for ourselves and families; the arbitration and just settlement of disputes between ourselves and the practice among ourselves of such systems of social organization; the education of ourselves and our children in proper physical, mental, moral, intellectual and artistical lines, to improve the health, secure the happiness and perfect the well being of every member, and as well to propagate and extend in the world at large the idea of universal and just co-operation."

Something new in microbes. It has been discovered that the growth of plants depends on the growth and flourishing of certain microbes in the soil. These microbes are what are added to the earth with organic fertilizers. It is suggested that our government chemists experiment with these microbes, find out what they are and then cultivate them, sow them in the soil and watch results. If the experiment is successful then the government can cultivate fertilizing microbes and ship them throughout the country, as garden seeds are now sent. The time may be coming when, instead of hauling and spreading bulky car loads and wagon loads of fertilizers, the gardener will have only to take out his little bottle of microbes and sprinkle them lightly and delicately over the soil, when there will spring up cabbages as big around as a barrel head. This much has been ascertained for certain: To chemical enrichers of the soil must be added a certain quantity of animal or vegetable fertilizing substance, or the chemicals are sterile.

Bernhardt, who openly expressed her contempt for Americans to a reporter not long since, is a fair type of most of the foreign actors, singers and show people who come among us, get all the money they ever do get worth spanking of, and then go away and ridicule us. Bernhardt is not the first foreign theatrical person who has said that her art suffers every time she visits America by association with loud vulgarians. Bernhardt says her friends even tell her that she has caught that horrid "Yankee nasal twang" after her return from among us. If this is true, and if it is true what the others say, why, then, let us get rid of both our nasal twang and our roughness. It is about time. Shall not free and independent Americans swim plenty of money be as refined and have as sweet voices as anybody else?

BOSTON AND BROOKLYN

They Respectively Win the Two League Pennants.

THE SEASON'S VIRTUAL WIND-UP.

Mike Kelly's Men Walk Off with the Brotherhood Honors and Byrne's Bridegrooms Take the Ring of the Magnates to the City of Churches—Baseball News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The virtual wind-up of the baseball season occurs today and the last games of the Players' and National leagues are being played this afternoon. Mike Kelly's Hosted team walks off with the Players' league pennant, with Brooklyn sure of second place and New York third. The Brooklyn National league team wins the magnates' pennant, with Chicago second and Philadelphia third. The games scheduled for today in the Players' and National leagues are the following: Players' League—New York at Chicago, Brooklyn at Buffalo, Boston at Pittsburg, Philadelphia at Cleveland. National League—New York at Chicago, Boston at Cincinnati, Philadelphia at Cleveland. A reporter saw President Day, of the National league. In answer to the question about a conference Mr. Day said that there would probably be one, and that he was in favor of such an arrangement. When the conference would take place he could not state. He thought that if a settlement was effected there would be two governing bodies in baseball—the National league and American association. Mr. Day said that he had had a talk with A. G. Thurman, Jr., regarding the matter, and that the latter was very much in earnest about producing harmony. Mr. Day said that he did not care a snap about the Cincinnati deal. He would not have given $100 to have kept the club in the league. He said:

"At present I think that three major leagues cannot exist. The American association and the Players' league have an excellent chance to consolidate. The National league, of course, would remain as it is. The question about the allotment of players would have to be decided by all the interested parties. It is too early to speak definitely of the proposed truce. I have not signed Buck Ewing for next season. In fact, I have it on excellent authority that Mr. Ewing wants to play in Cincinnati next season. The city is his home. I have succeeded in signing all my players, however, for next season, and I have my eye on a number more to fill up the weak spots."

Talk of Compromise.

There is undoubtedly a strong feeling existing in the leadership of the National and Players' leagues and American association that the present disastrous conflict should cease, and the indications are that a conference will be held soon between representatives of the National and Players' leagues, and probably of the American association, to devise some means whereby a settlement can be perfected. The question of an actual conference only leaked out yesterday, and there are various reasons to believe that such an event will take place. What part the American association will take in the settlement, if there is any, is simply a matter of conjecture, but one thing is certain, Allen W. Thurman, Jr., a member of the board of arbitration, and one of the largest stockholders of the Columbus club, has been in the city for some time and has had a conference with President Day, of the New York, N. L. club; Vice President Talcott, of the New York (P. L.) club, and other luminaries of baseball.

J. W. Spalding said that while he did not care a snap about a conference, he would be in favor of one, but he would not like to see the National league concede anything that would reflect discredit upon the organization.

What Tim Keefe Thinks.

Tim Keefe was under the impression that there would be a conference, but he could not see when a settlement could be perfected. "Some one will get the worst of the bargain," said he, "and I am sure that the Players' league will not be that one. Still, I believe now that there will be some kind of a talk to try and come to terms. If the Players' body can show me what kind of an arrangement can be made, why then I will say there is a show for a settlement of the dispute."

Judge Brown, counsel of the Players, said he knew nothing about a conference, but he thought that one should be held immediately for the good of the game. As far as he knew the Players had had all the best of the fight so far.

The Cincinnati Deal.

Secretary Wirth, of the Brooklyn Players' club, said that President Wendell Goodwin was in Chicago, but would return on Wednesday. Mr. Wirth said the Cincinnati deal would go through without a hitch. All the clubs had sent their certified checks to Mr. Talcott, who was to do the purchasing in Cincinnati. The price of the club is $60,000.

He was confident that a conference would be acceptable to the local capitalists. The Brooklyn club Secretary Wirth said had a little money this season, but its owners were perfectly contented with the season's receipts. If any conference were held he thought it would be in the solicitation of the National league. In speaking of the Brooklyn club Secretary Wirth said that Comiskey had paid at least four players released this fall. He was asked whether any of Byrne's men had signed with the club, and he replied that that came under Byrne's directions. He, however, observed that the club could get any of President Byrne's men it wished.

MIKE KELLY.

How the Clubs Stand.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.		W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	84	47	.641	Philadelphia	67	63	.515
Brooklyn	75	56	.572	Pittsburg	59	73	.447
New York	74	57	.565	Cleveland	53	74	.417
Chicago	71	61	.538	Buffalo	36	95	.275

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.		W.	L.	P. C.
Brooklyn	86	43	.667	Boston	76	57	.571
Chicago	83	50	.624	New York	68	66	.507
Phila'a	78	54	.591	Cleveland	67	66	.504
Cincin nati	77	55	.583	Pittsburg	23	113	.169

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. C.		W.	L.	P. C.
Louisville	88	41	.682	Rochester	57	73	.438
St. Louis	87	42	.674	Baltimore	56	76	.424
Columbus	71	58	.550	Syracuse	47	71	.398
Toledo	70	58	.547	Richmond	30	98	.234

THE FIRST GUN FIRED.

Speaker Reed Opens the Republican Campaign in Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 4.—The Connecticut gubernatorial campaign was formally opened last evening at the Hyperion Theatre by a rally under the auspices of the Young Men's Republican club. The speakers of the evening were Speaker Reed and Lieutenant Governor Samuel S. Marwin, candidate for governor. The hall was packed. Mr. Reed said: "I believe that it is of vital interest to this country that the home of representatives should be sustained by the people. We enter upon this campaign under the great disadvantage of having thirty seats packed against us. We have to contend against the colossal of fraud and a corruption fund of millions.

"Nevertheless, I believe the cause is just one and a cause that will in time triumph. There never was in the history of republics a tattoo a minority so determined to thwart the will of the people as that led by Mr. Mills, of Texas. They resolved that no bills should be passed unless agreeable to themselves. When every barrier was broken down they resolved to resort to obstruction, and every minute of time that could be wasted was deliberately turned over to the enemy of souls.

"We are 65,000,000 of people, with energy, brains and an empire ready to reach out in every direction. Such a people will never again be content to be ruled by a machine that does not correctly register its business."

The speaker then detailed the amount of time wasted by unnecessary roll calls, the aggregate time being equivalent to twenty-five legislative days. The public, he said, did not know what had been going on. The speaker referred to the tariff bill, saying that he hoped it would now remain law long enough to secure the benefits that it was sure to bring. What business needs, he said, was the assurances of permanence. What was needed to lead this country to prosperity was to have it sustained by the people.

If the action of congress was sustained the prosperity of the country was abundantly assured. The speaker recalled the work of Connecticut congressmen, and paid an extreme tribute of respect to several of them to Washington, and followed with a brief eulogy upon the gubernatorial candidate. Lieutenant Governor Merwin and Governor Joseph I. Barbour followed with short addresses.

MANSLAUGHTER IN FIRST DEGREE

Dr. McGonegal Convicted of Procuring the Unborn Child's Death.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Judge Fitzgerald late last night finished his charge to the jury in the case of the people against Henry G. McGonegal, charged with procuring the death of Annie Goodwin, the pretty cigarette girl, and the jury retired. At 12:12 this morning the jury filed in and took their places in the jury box. The aged prisoner scanned the faces of the jurors in an endeavor to find out from them their verdict. Then Diedrich Wohlman, foreman of the jury, rose, and when asked if the jury had reached a verdict, pronounced the judgment which will cause Dr. Mc

DR. HENRY G. M'GONEGAL.

Gonegal to pass the remainder of his days in a prison cell. It was, "Guilty of manslaughter in the first degree."

There was no movement of the prisoner's face to tell how he received the blow. Only when he was, giving his age, occupation and residence in reference to the clerk he had to correct himself three times. Then he mechanically went to work arranging his books and papers. Lawyer Oliver pleaded for time, and the doctor was remanded until Oct. 10. Judge Fitzgerald in dismissing the jury said that he heartily concurred in the verdict rendered. He did not see how, in the face of the evidence given, they could have rendered any other verdict than the one they brought in.

Camden's Wonderful Mind Reader.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 4.—Johnstone, the great Cleveland mind reader, has a rival in Camden in the person of Mr. D. Edgar Kern, a young man who recently discovered that he possessed the mysterious faculty to a really wonderful extent. Mr. Kern, a rather slight built young man, is the organist of the First Presbyterian church, of this city. He has given several private exhibitions of his abilities as a mind reader, but his first public exhibition was given in Morgan's hall, Camden, recently. Three or four physicians and medical students from the University of Pennsylvania hearing of the proposed exhibition went to Camden to investigate, and they returned satisfied if not surprised at what they had seen. The mere tips of the fingers of the subject's hands were touched by the operator in his performances. Probably the most difficult of the acts performed was the finding of a handkerchief, in which a dozen articles offered by persons in the hall had been placed and then the return to the exact spot from which each article had been taken. Mr. Kern was blindfolded during all of the tests.

Funeral of Frederick Billings.

WOODSTOCK, Vt., Oct. 4.—The funeral of the late Frederick Billings took place here yesterday. The business of the town was entirely suspended. The services, were conducted by Rev. Peter McMillan, pastor of the church, assisted by President M. H. Buckham, of the University of Vermont; Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick church in New York, where Mr. Billings attended; Rev. James F. Brodie, of Salem, Mass., and Rev. Francis W. Smith, pastor of the Episcopal church at Woodstock. The body was borne to the village cemetery, followed by a long procession in carriages and on foot.

Portugal's New Cabinet.

LISBON, Oct. 4.—A cabinet has been formed as follows: Ferraz, premier and minister of foreign affairs; Ribeiro, minister of the interior; Arandao, minister of justice; Carvalho, minister of finance; Count Sao Lourario, minister of marine; Gen. Abreu, minister of war; Dr. Barbosa, minister of public works and education.

A Railroad to Be Sold.

LEBANON, Pa., Oct. 4.—Thomas B. Capp, of this city, issued an execution for $32,587 against the South Mountain railroad, and the property will be sold at sheriff's sale on Nov. 29.

THE ANTI-LOTTERY LAW.

Construction Placed Upon It by Mr. Wanamaker.

MATTER THAT CAN'T BE MAILED.

The Effort That the Government Will Make to Break Up the Lottery Business.

Registered Letters Will Be Withheld for Specific Orders from the Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The following instructions, embodying the construction placed upon the anti-lottery law by the postoffice department, were mailed to postmasters throughout the country yesterday: The law applies to any letter, ordinary or registered, if it concerns any lottery, gift concern, or scheme described in the section, and to lottery tickets, checks, drafts, bills, money, postal notes or money orders for the purchase of lottery tickets or any share or chance in a lottery or gift enterprise, and to the list of the drawings of any lottery or similar scheme, and forbids the carrying of them in the mails or the delivery of them from postoffices.

No Scale Broken.

The seal of a letter or of any sealed package prepaid at letter rates must not be disturbed for the purpose of ascertaining if its transmission in the mail, or its delivery at a postoffice, is forbidden by the provisions of this act. Nor will the mere suspicion that such letter or package related to a lottery, or the fact that it is addressed to any person known to be engaged in the business of conducting a lottery, justify its detention or non-delivery, except that the delivery of registered letters at the office of destination shall be withheld when the postmaster general has issued specific orders, under the provisions of section 3,929, to that effect.

Postal cards and circulars unsealed, and all other unsealed matter, may, when suspected of having been deposited or mailed in violation of the provisions of this act, be examined for the purpose of ascertaining their character.

How Citizens May Be Affected.

The mailing of matter interdicted by this act by citizens to lottery companies and their representatives is as clear a violation of the law as the mailing of such matter by lottery companies to their customers or other persons. When it is known at the time of depositing them for mailing that postal cards or circulars are unmailable under the provisions of section 3,894, the postmaster should decline to receive them. If they be found in a postoffice and the sender is unknown to the postmaster, or if they be discovered in the mail in transit, they should be withdrawn and marked or stamped "fraudulent" and sent to the postmaster general, accompanied by a special report from the postmaster explaining the reasons for such detention.

The provisions of this act apply to letters, postal cards and circulars concerning lotteries or similar schemes that come in the mails from foreign countries, and such matter so received should be treated as if it originated in the United States.

Matter sent in violation of the provisions of section 3,894, discovered by postmasters at intermediate offices, should be withdrawn from the mail and disposed of in the same manner as if it had been discovered by the postmaster at the office of mailing or the office of delivery. But postmasters at intermediate offices should not delay the transmission of other mail in making special search for anything declared by this act to be unmailable.

Concerning Newspapers and Printing.

Newspapers, pamphlets and publications of all kinds, bearing date before or since Sept. 19, 1890 (at which date the act took effect), which contain the advertisement of any lottery, gift enterprise or similar scheme or the whole or part of the list of prizes awarded at the drawings of lotteries or similar schemes, are, by the provisions of this act, denied carriage in the mails or delivery to subscribers, addresses or to any other persons or as "sample copies." Postmasters should refuse to receive them from publishers or to deliver them, if inadvertently they be received by them, to any person. When found by postmasters in the mail in transit they should be held until a report concerning them can be made to the postmaster general and instructions received from him as to the disposing of them. Foreign newspapers, pamphlets and publications of all kinds containing such printed matter should be treated as if published in the United States.

What "Lottery" Means.

Clerks in the railway mail service discovering matter in the carriage which is by the provisions of this act should withdraw and forward it to their respective division superintendents. Division superintendents should treat such matter in the same manner as postmasters are herein instructed to treat it. The term "lottery" as used in this act embraces all kinds of schemes, general or local, for the distribution of prizes by lot or chance, such as gift exhibitions, enterprises, concerts, nature or the drawing of prizes in enterprises at fairs. Hence all circulars, postal cards and circulars containing them, and newspapers, pamphlets and other publications containing advertisements of lotteries are unmailable. The provisions of the law relating to registered letters and to money orders apply to such matter at offices of delivery only, and are to be enforced upon the direct orders of the postmaster general.

Many Tariff Bill Mistakes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The enrolled copy of the tariff bill signed by President Harrison contained many mistakes and section 20 of the internal revenue schedule was entirely omitted. The errors are principally in spelling. At the government printing office the statement is made that no authority to change misspelled words in enrolled or engrossed bills passed by congress exists outside of the body. The printing office has to follow copy, so that the law is published with a number of ordinary English words wrongly spelled. Among the words misspelled are: Cottan for cotton, aforsaid for aforesaid, saurgkraut for sauerkraut, etc. The errors in spelling were made by the engrossing clerks in their hurry to have the bill ready for the president's signature.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

First Class Caterer, ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH. STEPHENSON'S 42 NORTH AVENUE.

THE BEE HIVE KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 69c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.
7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.
Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Gladys" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.
Germantown wool, 10c per bank.
Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per bank.

Louis Callman, 40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO. WILL LEAD THE STOVE TRADE this Fall, as they have in the past. Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest. Don't forget the Celebrated Heur Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Winter is Approaching, And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to increase the heat in a pair of SHOES. If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods. John J. Kenney, COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Mrs. Martin's MAGIC Renovating Fluid, will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CLEANING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT. Its equal has never been found for clearing ostrich feathers. It is a perfect protection against moths. For sale at th Fancy Goods store of C. F. CLARKE, No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

HAVING RECEIVED MY Fall and Winter STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE By several experienced buyers, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be As Low as Any in the State, considering quality and workmanship. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. N. M. DOTY, Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

WE SELL THE Best Selected Goods THAT CAN BE PROCURED Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality. Buy the Best And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality. R. W. RICE & CO., Emnily and Dunr Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson, 35 WEST FRONT STREET, is still making her famous FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite. SILVER TO LOAN. Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

"THE DAIRY" Heads quarters for Fresh Creamery Butter, Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farmer Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety. DELICATESSEN FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE. Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE, (ESTABLISHED 1886.) Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer. BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER, "Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, AND DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER And Bass Ale for hotels and private families. No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J. All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

School Supplies of all kinds New and Second Hand BOOKS OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more. A. W. RAND, NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

A. D. Van Sciver, OPPOSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE CHOOSE the BEST Perfect Parlor Stoves and Othello Ranges. Choice Timothy Seed, Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned. HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING A. M. GRIFFEN, Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Mechanics, Attention! THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC., LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES. O. M. DUNHAM'S 49 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

P. CASEY & SON Undertakers and Embalmers OFFICE AND WAREROOMS, 16 WEST FRONT STREET, Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business at always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

The Dime Savings Institution OF PLAINFIELD, N. J Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. JOHN W. MURRAY President. WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President. NATHAN HARPER, " ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

MOY'S

JOHN JOHNSTON, Dealer in BEST QUALITY COAL YARD AND OFFICE South Avenue. P. O. BOX 1407. Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS for 15 cents per square foot AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET. Also jobbing of all kinds. Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON 12 PARK AVENUE, WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND OPTICIAN. King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

FRANCE'S EXILE COMES.

Return of the Count of Paris to America.

FIGHTING THEIR BATTLES OVER.

She Distinguished Frenchmen Who Met by Many of the Men Beside Whom He Fought During the Late War of the Rebellion—His Letters to Boulanger.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The Count of Paris arrived on the steamer Germanic yesterday. The Germanic was boarded at Quarantine by Collector Erhardt who entered the main saloon where the Count of Paris, Count of Haussonville and Col. d'Parval

COUNT OF PARIS.

were met. After exchanging salutations Collector Erhardt said, "I am instructed by the president and government of the United States to extend to you a hearty welcome to these shores, and also every courtesy, which I am very much pleased to do." The Count of Paris replied to the collector said: "I thank you for this mark of honor. It gives me great pleasure to make another visit to America, and I appreciate highly the compliment paid me by the president through you. It is a very great honor."

A Meeting of Old Soldiers.

The exchange of greetings which then followed lasted for some time. The count and the members of the reception committee was very cordial and affecting. The count shook hands again and again with the different men, nearly all of whom were old friends. To Gen. Butterfield he said: "I am so glad to see you again. It is so kind of you to come down to meet me with the old generals of the army of the Potomac." Shaking the hand of Gen. Fitz John Porter, the count said: "I am glad to see you installed in your original position." Espying Gen. Sickles the count rushed over to him, exclaiming, "My dear general, how do you do? You look younger every time I see you."

The Battle of Gettysburg.

Gen. Howard told the count that he had read his book describing the battle of Gettysburg with a great deal of interest; the account of the battle was a very faithful one. The count said: "General, that was a difficult position you held there."

Gen. Howard—Yes; it was, and the work there was hot as any I ever saw.

The Count—I recall my experience in that battle as one of the most instructive I ever had in military service.

The Boulanger Letters.

When asked what he had to say about the letters said to have been written by him and recently published by Boulanger the count said that was the first knowledge he had of the publication of any such letters, they having been published since he sailed, and he could not say a word about them until he had seen the newspapers containing the stories in question. He firmly declined to discuss the subject until a later day.

Plans of the Party.

The Count d'Haussonville told of the future plan of the party, which he said was purely one of pleasure. They will remain at the Windsor hotel until Sunday, when they go to Philadelphia. After spending a day there they leave for Gettysburg, then to Washington, stopping en route at Baltimore. From Washington they go to Richmond, take a steamer down the James river, pay a visit to Yorktown, thence by sea and the Potomac river to Washington. It is the intention of the party to return to England on the Servia on the 1st of November. The Count of Paris looked the picture of health. He wore the button of the Loyal Legion in his coat lapel. This evening a banquet will be given the count and party at the Union League club.

His Valet's Death.

The valet of the count—Karl Hass—was taken sick with influenza during the voyage and was removed to St. Vincent hospital in a dying condition. He died at 7 o'clock last evening from intestinal obstruction. Dr. Recomer, the physician of the Count of Paris, was present when he expired. He was 32 years old and a native of Boskowitz, Austria.

The Miller Murder Still a Mystery.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 4.—Something definite may develop in the Miller murder on Sunday next, when Camden's prosecuting officers are to meet the experts and hear the results of their minute microscopical investigations. Those reports will have great weight in determining the case against the accused negro, and it is likely that Lingo will have at least to go before the grand jury. Camden's officials admit that Lingo's story of his whereabouts on the day of the murder is circumstantial and as yet uncontradicted. If the examination of the clothing he is supposed to have worn on that day indicates that he might have had a hand in the tragedy then there will be a prospect of a case against him. The residents of Merchantville are aroused to such a pitch over the murder that they have resolved to form a law and order society. Preliminary meetings have been held, and on next Thursday night it is expected the society will effect an organization. Among those interested are William Sixsmith, E. H. Nash, John Morton, O. Wood and F. Burroughs.

Is Harrison Not a Candidate?

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 4.—A special to The Tribune at Tacoma says: "John Elan, a former law partner of President Harrison, was asked yesterday if he thought the president would be a candidate for renomination. 'I hardly think so,' he said. 'In fact, in a conversation with the president he stated he would not run again. A president, no matter how just he may be, is pretty sure to make political enemies who will hurt the party if he is renominated, and so, though Mr. Harrison has made one of the most conscientious presidents, it is not likely he will be renominated.'"

A Fatal Gambling Quarrel.

PECOS, Colo., Oct. 4.—Jack Smith, a cowboy, shot and killed Percy Williams, of Stockton, in the Hughes hotel. The murdered man is a brother of Tom Williams, the noted horseman. The men quarreled over a gambling affair. Williams opened fire, shooting Smith in the elbow, whereupon the latter fired with fatal effect.

Gen. W. F. Rogers Bereaved.

BUFFALO, Oct. 4.—A dispatch from Bath, Steuben county, states that the wife of Gen. William F. Rogers died there Oct. 3 at the Soldiers' home, of which the general is superintendent.

SHE WANTED A CHINAMAN.

But Now She Wants Yan Phou Lee No Longer.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 4.—Yan Phou Lee, the Chinese student who gained great celebrity only a few years since when he was graduated from Yale, figures in a unique sensational divorce suit now pending in the superior court. His wife, Elizabeth N. Lee, an Irish woman, is suing the young Chinaman for divorce on the ground of infidelity. The marriage created a profound sensation, which has been renewed by the proceedings which have now been brought.

The defendant's attorney asked for specifications. Attorney Webb, who represents the defendant, said in his argument preceday that the house in San Francisco where the alleged act occurred should be set forth. It is stated in the complaint that there have been other violations of the marriage contract. The defense wished to know whether they intended to go into the question of insanity or bring in other evidence. There was also mention of specific dates.

Lawyer Henry D. White, for the plaintiff, said the complaint had been made as specific as possible. They had evidence in support of the charges which they had made, and he said they might have added the charge of habitual cruelty had they so desired. After considerable wrangling between the lawyers the motion to give more specific information was denied. The case will be tried at this session of the court.

SCRANTON'S BLACK SHEEP.

A Verdict for $3,000 Damages Against Rev. Peter Roberts.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 4.—The jury in the breach of promise case brought by Miss Annie Hamilton against the Rev. Peter Roberts, pastor of the Plymouth Congregational church, one of the leading churches of the city, rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $3,000 damages. No defense was offered. The official board of the church has decided to peremptorily demand his resignation if he does not voluntarily tender it at once. Roberts was convicted by his own letters of a degree of villainy that has stunned those of his parishioners who clung to him throughout his trouble. It is said that Roberts deceived his counsel as well as the young woman and his church, for the lawyers presented his testimony in defense of the charges. While in New Haven Miss Hamilton was employed as a domestic by Ole Bull, the violinist.

At the trial it was insinuated that she had masqueraded under the name of Andersen in Madison, Wis., and that she brought a breach of promise suit there against one Lars Jarda. Pastor Roberts has conducted himself like a Puritan here, and once while in the pulpit called down the wrath of heaven upon a paper which had published Miss Hunsboe's charges against him.

Sugar Will Be Two Cents Cheaper.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—John E. Scales, Jr., treasurer of the sugar trust, has made public his views as to the effect of the new sugar tariff schedule on the business of the trust. He says he has no doubt but that the business of the trust will be greatly increased, inasmuch as the removal of the duty on raw sugars will reduce the cost of sugar to the consumer about two cents per pound by eliminating its consumption. Under the new tariff granulated sugar of the best quality will sell at 4⅝ cents per pound to jobbers. The fixing of the free line at No. 16 instead of No. 13, Dutch standard, he says is not so much of consequence to the refiners as to the consumers. The refiners will be able to adapt themselves without difficulty to the change in the character of the raw sugars which will be imported under the new tariff, all of which, or at least 90 per cent. of which, will go through the refineries. He is firmly of the belief that consumers will not return to No. 16 grade, as they have got used to higher grades of refined sugar than that during the past fifteen years. He declared that cheaper grades of refined sugars far superior to No. 16 raw are actually sold by refiners at a less price than the latter can be imported for.

Five Men Killed.

PURDY, Tenn., Oct. 4.—At Chewalla, McNairy county, five men were instantly killed by the explosion of a steam mill boiler belonging to Mr. Gurley. Gurley's body was torn into shreds. William Johnson had his head torn from his body and it was thrown fifty yards from the mill. Walter Pitman and his brother and a son of Gurley's were killed. A negro was badly injured and it is thought he will die. There was another person injured but not seriously.

Pullman's Daughter Sues for Divorce.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Mrs. Emma C. Rathbone, daughter of A. B. Pullman, has commenced the suit for divorce against her husband, Richard N. Rathbone, Jr. She alleges habitual drunkenness, cruelty and infidelity.

Congressional Nominations.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Oct. 4.—The Republican congressional convention for the Thirty-first district nominated James W. Wadsworth for congress. The Sixth district Democratic convention nominated Thomas W. Pierce for congress.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, test make, with patent antiflue, for only **$15.50.** Fancy parlor stove **$10.50.** Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, gas and steam fitting. Orders by telephone promptly attended to. Call and see the Burch Air Tite Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Fine Inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for five cents, at

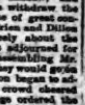
N. H. Guttman's

12 W. 3d COND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Also for them They are good.

This Date in History—Oct. 3.



ELIAS HOWE.

1683—Birth of Richard Boyle, statesman, first and last earl of Cork, Ireland; died 1753.

1759—Battle of Minden, Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick under Colligo defeated the French.

1846—Miss Shanklin died in Shrewsbury, Mass.; born in Lancaster, Mass., Jan. 1, 1764.

1846—Birth of George Bancroft, American historian.

1758—Samuel Adams, American statesman, died; born 1722.

1866—Treaty of peace with Italy signed at Vienna.

1867—Death of Dr. Wm. Beaumont of the army medicine, aged 47.

1869—Corner stone building at Pittsburg, Pa., destroyed by fire; loss $1,000,000.

1886—The royal palace at Copenhagen burned; loss $1,000,000.

1889—Thirty-eight killed by explosion of the Mississippi river steamer Corona.

This Date in History—Oct. 4.

OPPENHEIM.

1582—Edwin the Great, king of Northumbria, slain at Hatfield; born 585.

1226—Death of St. Francis, founder of the Franciscans, or Gray Friars; born 1182.

1582—Birth of Richard Crom well, son of the Protector; died 1712.

1846—One of the earliest newspaper advertisements appeared in Mercurius Elenticus.

1862—Battle of Maysville, in which the French were victorious.

1716—Benjamin Child, a goldsmith who established a bank about 1652, died.

1846—Death in Paris, France, Jacques Offenbach, composer, aged 61 years.

1777—Battle of Germantown (American revolution).

1881—Death of John Vandenhoff, tragedian; born 1790.

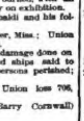
1863—Battle of Corinth, Miss.; Union loss 2,359, Confederate loss 2,423.

1863—Nadar made his first ascent with 14 persons in his great balloon at Paris; this balloon was the largest ever made and contained 215,5.3 cubic feet of gas.

1869—Died in Paris, France, Jacques Offenbach, composer, aged 61 years.

1777—Pan-American excursion through the United States.

This Date in History—Oct. 5.



FANNY KEMBLE.

1818—Battle of Fouchard; Edward Bruce defeated.

1777—Birth of Horace Walpole, last (4) of Orford, author; died 1797.

1780—The popular song during the French revolution, the burden of which was "Ca ira," first heard.

1813—Commodore Chauncey with the American flotilla captured the British fleet on Lake Ontario.

1813—Tecumseh, Shawnee chief, killed in the battle of the Thames, Canada.

1829—Fanny Kemble's first appearance.

1830—Birth of Chester A. Arthur.

1858—New York Crystal Palace burned, with an estimated loss of property of $1,000,000.

1862—Amnesty granted to Garibaldi and his followers.

1863—Battle of Big Hatchet river, Miss.; Union loss 530, Confederate loss 403.

1864—By a great cyclone much damage done on sea and land; one hundred ships said to have been lost and 60,000 persons perished; five vessels wrecked at Glasgow.

1864—Battle of Allatoona, Ga.; Union loss 706, Confederate loss 1,142.

1874—Bryan Waller Proctor (Barry Cornwall) died, aged 87.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Lessons in **Elocution**, classor private lessons. For terms, address MRS. Albert, P. O. Box 1096.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives no scholars at her own or at pupil's residence. Lessons by mail. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried free 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 124 E. Front street.

MRS. JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application. Address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches musician method of singing, as taught by the late Prof. Wilcox and the Leipsic method of Gaventa; Mr. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. Hours: 9-3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stellanova and Mills, will resume lessons in vocal culture and piano forte, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professor Stellanova, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago. 15-2w

MISS PAULINE CETTA, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department where instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on Animals and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20tf*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. For particulars address Miss E. S. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.
25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. Dingee, Principal. 8-26-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sarah Smith's Home and School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 0—6
Boston.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Pittsburg, 9; Boston, 5. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Boston, 3. Batteries: Staley and Quinn, Radbourne and Sweeney.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....2 0 0 0 1 2 1 1 0—7
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Chicago, 10; New York, 4. Errors: Chicago, 2; New York, 3. Batteries: King and Farrell, O'Day and Vaughn.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 2 0 1 1 2 0 0—6
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries: Gruber and Schriver, Fullmer and Buffington.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Buffalo, 6; Brooklyn, 6. Batteries: Crane and Kuehne, Terry and Daily.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Cincinnati, 10; Boston, 5. Errors: Cincinnati, 1; Boston, 4. Batteries: Duryea and Harper, Clarkson and Bennett.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—3
New York.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Base hits: Chicago, 8; New York, 7. Errors: Chicago, 2; New York, 3. Batteries: Luby and Hutchinson, Rusie and Clark. Called on account of darkness.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players'	National
Chicago	718	500
Cleveland	300	400
Pittsburg	400	—
Cincinnati	—	200
Brooklyn	—	207
Totals	1,518	2,119

American Association.

At Louisville—
Columbus.....1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—3
Louisville.....0 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 x—5
Base hits: Columbus, 4; Louisville, 7. Errors: Columbus, 3; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor, Stratton and Ryan.

New England's Oldest Woman Dead.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 4.—Mrs. James Caley, probably the oldest woman in this state, if not in New England, died at her home at Easton, Oct. 3, aged 110 years.

Weather Indications.

Generally fair, with nearly stationary, followed by higher winds.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions. Never fails. Stops all pain instantly. Insures comfort to the feet. Used on Sunday Scatter-Corns. At druggists, or sent by mail for 15c. in stamps.

W. H. HICOX & Co., Newark, N. J.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE, 20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style).....15.00

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAM

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Glade Pure Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will make connections in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Orders left at the office attended to rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Park avenue to Washington street. Beyond the borough limits as ordered.

Connects with line to E. & T. 7.20 and 8.27 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.27 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street. Leaves New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 9.05, a. m., 12.15, 2.10, 5.30 p. m. Close—7.00 and 9.40 a. m., 1.35, 5.0 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.30 a. m., 2.05, 6.30 p. m. Close—7.30 a. m., 4.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.49, 6.59, 7.50, 8.00, 8.37, 9.36, 10.00, 10.05, 11.09 a. m., 12 m., 1 05, 2.07, 3.20, 3.37, 4.36, 5.07, 5.09, 5.25, 6.07, 6.54, 7.40, 8.40, 9.35, 10.21, 11.40 p. m. Sunday 5.36, 6.49, 7.50, 8.00, 8.37, 9.36, 10.00, 10.05, 11.09 a. m., 12 m., 1.05, 2.07, 3.20, 3.37, 4.36, 5.07, 5.09, 5.25, 6.07, 6.54, 7.40, 8.40, 9.35, 10.21, 11.40 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 6.12, 7.25, 7.35, 8.26, 8.35, 9.00, 9.12, 9.41, 10.35, 10.40, 11.44 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.42, 3.55, 4.12, 5.11, 5.44, 5.45, 6.44, 7.30, 8.45, 9.45, 10.30, 11.21 p. m. Sunday 6.12, 7.25, 7.35, 8.26, 8.35, 9.00, 9.12, 9.41, 10.35, 10.40, 11.44 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.42, 3.55, 4.12, 5.11, 5.44, 5.45, 6.44, 7.30, 8.45, 9.45, 10.30, 11.21 p. m.

Leave New York at 9.00, 9.35 a. m., 12.02, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.35 a. m., 12.02, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark changing cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.20, 3.45, 4.30, 5.00, 5.20, 7.00, 8.50, 9.05, 9.10 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.05, 10.25 a. m., 7.59, 5.27 p. m. Sunday 5.22, 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 5.05 p.m. For Flemington, 5.05 p.m. for Lake Hopatcong, Mauch Chunk and Easton, 6.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Upper Lehigh, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 7.00 p. m. For Phillipsburg, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

10.15 p. m. For Phillipsburg, High Bridge Branch, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg, etc. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Somerville, Somerville & Monguette, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.35, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.05, 3.20, 4.36, 5.07, 5.09, 6.07, 7.40, 9.35, 10.21 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.05, 3.20, 4.36, 5.07, 5.09, 6.07, 7.40, 9.35, 10.21 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 7.25, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.42, 3.55, 5.11, 5.44, 6.44, 7.30, 8.45, 9.45, 10.30, 11.21 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.42, 3.55, 5.11, 5.44, 6.44, 7.30, 8.45, 9.45, 10.30, 11.21 p. m.

Leave New York at 9.00, 9.35 a. m., 12.02, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.35 a. m., 12.02, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.17, 7.45, 8.19, 9.48, 11.03, 11.38 a. m., 12.48, 2.30, 3.48, 4.58, 5.48, 6.38, 7.48, 9.48, 11.38 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 7.45, 8.19, 9.48, 11.38 a. m., 7.48, 9.48, 11.38 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.17, 7.45, 11.38 a. m., 2.45, 4.58, 5.48 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 7.45 a. m., 4.58, 5.48 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE. SUBJECT TO CHANGE OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—leave a. m. to meet 7.50 a. m. train. Rouse Hillside ave. and Broad way, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45 p. m.

Leave Plainfield depot as follows:

9d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet 8.35 a. m. train
8th do	9.15 do	9.35 do
7th do	10.00 do	10.20 do
6th do	11.00 do	11.20 do
5th do	11.45 do	12.05 p. m. do
4th do	12.45 p. m.	1.05 p. m.
3d do	1.45 do	To the Post Office.
2d do	3.00 do	3.20 p. m. do
1st do	4.00 do	4.20 do do
2d do	5.00 do	5.20 do do
1st do	6.45 do	7.05 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer west 7th. North Plainfield, connecting with trains to and from Plainfield, and make same connections.

Stages will make special orders over at one routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows:

For Bound Brook, 7.45, 9.30 a. m., 12.45, 3.45, 5.45, 6.30, 9 p. m.

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Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter D'Arcy, would inform their customers and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything at low figures. Guaranteed with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

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DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Sulphur Disinfection as a Means of Restricting and Preventing Diphtheria.

In a recent communication to the health officer of Detroit concerning disinfection by the fumes of burning sulphur, the secretary of the Michigan state board of health calls attention to some important facts bearing on the subject, which Science summarizes as follows: "The medical reports prove beyond a reasonable doubt that imperfect and disinfection do not check diphtheria. In those outbreaks in which isolation and disinfection were neglected there were over the average over fourteen cases, with nearly three deaths, to an outbreak; while in those in which isolation and disinfection were enforced, there was an average of only a little over two cases, with only about six-tenths of one death, to each outbreak. It must be remembered that these figures relate to instances in which at least some cases of diphtheria had already occurred in the community, and that occasionally several cases occur at once on the start.

"The method of disinfection referred to is that recommended by the state board—namely, burning three pounds of sulphur for every thousand cubic feet of air space in a room, infected articles being loosely spread out, and because of movement of infected articles from the sick room and from one room to another all rooms in the house are disinfected, together with all contents. Experiments by Pasteur and M. Roux, with the expectoration of diphtheria-lesmnetz, prove two important points in this connection: (1) that the burning of two pounds of sulphur per thousand cubic feet of air space is not always certainly effective, and (2) that three pounds is effective. This applies to a closed room. If there are openings through which the fumes may pass more sulphur is required."

Smallpox Disappearing in Germany.

The Sanitary Inspector is authority for the statement that under the law of Germany making vaccination compulsory, and providing for revaccination at stated periods of life, smallpox is almost completely driven away from the German empire. A late official report states that in 1888 only 110 deaths from smallpox occurred in the whole empire, and that this number is 58 fewer than occurred in 1887, and 87 fewer than in 1886. Of the 110 deaths 98, or about four-fifths of the whole number, occurred in those parts of the empire immediately bordering other countries not well protected by vaccination, and in which there is constant intercourse between the vaccinated and unvaccinated sides of the boundary. More than one-third of all the deaths occurred in the Prussian province of Posen. Comparing the smallpox death rate of the large cities of other countries with that of the larger cities of Germany it was 136 times as great in the cities of Austria, 30 times as great in those of Hungary, 16 times as great in those of England, 34 times as great in those of Belgium, and twice as great in those of Switzerland as in the German cities.

Ice Preserved All Night in a Pitcher.

If the following plan for preserving ice in a pitcher proves as good as it seems it is a useful item for those who wish to keep ice all night or for use in the sick room. According to Medical and Surgical Reporter, a pitcher of ice water treated in this manner has been known to stand over night with scarcely a perceptible melting of the ice: Fill the pitcher with ice and water, and set it on the center of a piece of paper. Then gather the paper together at the top and bring the ends tightly together, placing a strong rubber band around them to hold it close, so as to exclude the air.

Salol for Burns.

Gratzer recommends a mixture of from two to three parts of salol with fifty parts of starch as an application to inflamed and painful surfaces, bruises, burns and painful skin diseases of all kinds. The relief is said to be great and very prompt. The remedy is simply dusted on the surface.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A Watermelon Party—A Unique Way of Entertaining a Few Young People.

A watermelon party is a unique entertainment for ten or twelve young people, for which The Art Interchange gives the following directions: For your invitations procure cards of rough, ragged edged, pink tinted paper, with a tiny watermelon painted on the upper left hand corner of each. The effect may be further decorated with tiny bows of narrow rose and green ribbons mixed, passed through little slits cut in the corner in the lower left hand corner. If it is not possible to paint the watermelons the ribbon ornamentation will be sufficient.

Lay upon your table a white cloth and upon it put a large oval piece of green silk or other green material and a deep pink one, somewhat smaller, upon that. Let the oval be in the shape of a huge watermelon; sew upon the pink piece real watermelon seeds, and place in the center of all your choicest decorations, upon a green dish or one made so with moss and ferns. Ask your girl guests to wear gowns of pink or rose color, not alike, but in shades of deep pink, and to wear seashell and bows of olive green. Jet beads about the neck and jet bracelets will help to make the dresses appropriate, as well as exceedingly pretty. As white does not enter largely into the coloring of a melon the white undercloth will be all that is requisite. Do not have a very wide margin of the white cloth to show, and if practicable serve your refreshments upon green majolica or other green china plates.

One Thing and Another.

Do not thank host or hostess for your dinner. Express pleasure in the entertainment when you depart—that is all.

The use of the good old fashioned word "gown," instead of "dress," is now considered one of the small signs of best breeding.

High authority claims that we must not say "Take dinner, tea, coffee, salad," etc., but must use the word "Have," rather than "take," and say, "Have some dinner, tea," etc.

Lawn golf is an English sod Scottish game which is being introduced in New York, where it finds favor as requiring less muscular exertion than lawn tennis. Lawn lagatelle is another pretty new game requiring less agility than tennis.

For rare entertainments there are white mouse with a perfect little figure of a jockey, with whip and saddle, in the colors of the owner; or military figures, like a soldier, standing or mounted, in the uniform of the regiment, or a cleverly drawn or colored figure of a drummer boy marching with his drum.

The guest chamber should be at all times clean, well ventilated and not overfurnished. It is not wise to make of it a curiosity shop by covering the walls, tables and mantels with cards, photographs and bric-a-brac of all sorts.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SCIENTIFIC BREVITIES AND POPULAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

A Simple Illustration of the Power of Centrifugal Force—A Well Known Optical Illusion Produced by a Tall Hat.

To show the power of centrifugal force take a tall hat, fill it with water, and then invert it until all the water has apparently run out.

One would naturally say that only two or three drops remained adhering to the interior, but if a sheet of blotting paper is

AN INTERESTING EXPERIMENT.

placed on a table, and the bottle—having been firmly grasped as shown in the engraving—is moved rapidly in the arc of a circle, with the mouth directed toward the paper, a surprisingly large number of drops will be found to have been absorbed by it. This is due to a twofold action of the centrifugal force developed by the motion of the bottle. The considerable amount of water adhering to the inside of the bottle is driven out of the mouth, and also broken up into a great number of very small drops, which, when absorbed by the blotting paper, give the impression of much larger drops than their actual size would warrant.

A well known optical illusion is that produced by the common "stove" or "funnel pipe" hat. Let any one not familiar with the facts in the case try to estimate the comparative lengths of the height and width of such a hat and he will invariably make the vertical distance from one-quarter to one-half greater than the horizontal one. But by actual measurement, as shown in the engraving, the line A-B is longer than C-D; so that the very stylish and well proportioned hat thus shown is really not a "tall" one by any means, but its height is only an optical illusion produced by the projecting curved brim of the hat, which deceives the eye into a false perception of the relation between its different dimensions.

In connection with this subject we may also mention the fact that a horse's head of average size is just the height of an or-

AN OPTICAL ILLUSION.

dinary flour barrel, although most persons would require the evidence of an actual measurement before being convinced. The illustrations here employed are from La Nature, while thanks are due to Popular Science News for the description.

Food Statistics.

In an address on the standard living in the United States, read before the American Association for the Advancement of Science, J. Richards Dodge said:

In the use of food our people are excessive and even wasteful. According to accepted statistics Great Britain consumes an average meat ration not over two-thirds as large as the American; France scarcely half as large; Germany, Austria and Italy still less. But the laborer's dietary is improving in these countries. It has already greatly improved in England. The average consumption of meat in the United States is probably not less than 175 pounds per annum. Of other civilized nations only Great Britain exceeds 100, and many of them scarcely average 50 pounds. The consumption of fresh meats, by man and beast, is three times as much, in proportion to population, as in Europe. For the past ten years the average has been 45 bushels for each unit of population, while the usual European consumption does not vary greatly from 16 bushels per annum. While all is not used as food for man, no small part of it contributes to the meat supply.

The average consumption of wheat for bread is nearly five bushels, and about three bushels of maize and one bushel of oats and rye, or approximately nine bushels for each inhabitant. The average European consumption of wheat is about 3.5 bushels. In the consumption of fruits the difference between this and other countries is marked with unusual emphasis. The consumption of vegetables is not excessive.

A New Craft in Steel.

A novel industry is to be introduced into Leeds, says Popular Science News, by the opening of an establishment for boatmaking on a patent system, whereby instead of the stamping out of a boat from a single plate of soft steel. Of course only small craft, such as rowing boats and steam launches, can be made by this process.

Scientific News of the Day.

A French journal tells of a magnet for extracting particles of metal that have penetrated into the skin and eyes of workmen in machine shops.

Experiments made in Austria make it seem probable that the addition of soda to Portland cement enables it to withstand the action of frost.

Among recent inventions is "floating rope," with a constant covering of a core of small round cork placed end to end, and surrounded by a network of twine.

Popular Science News says: Salicylic acid is certainly not a poison, and it is doubtful if the small amounts used in preserving food would do any particular harm. Still, the substance is not well marked medicinal qualities, and the daily consumption of even small quantities is not to be recommended.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Alhambra. That Famous Citadel to Which the Moors Clung.

Alhambra is the name given to the fortress which forms a sort of acropolis or citadel to the city of Granada, in which stood the palace of the ancient Moorish Kings of Granada. The name is a corruption of the Arabic Kal-at-al hamya, "the red castle." It is surrounded by a strong wall more than a mile in circuit, and studded with towers. The towers on the north wall, which is defended by nature, were used as residences connected with the palace. One of them contains the famous "Hall of the Ambassadors." The remains of the Moorish palace are called by the Spaniards the Casa Real. It was begun by Ibn-al-Ahmar and completed by his successors 1248-1346. The portions still standing are ranged around two oblong courts, one called the "Court of the Fish Pond" and the other the "Court of the Lions."

The Moorish palaces, though severely plain upon the exterior, are exquisitely beautiful within. The floors of the choicest marbles, "fretted ceilings, partitions colored and gilt and filigree stuccoes of wall like lace-work, slender columns support the galleries, and gracefully bending palm leaves of marble form the arches, while beautiful fountains are scattered in the halls, courts, reception rooms and sleeping apartments the building contains a whispering gallery, a labyrinth and vaulted sepulchers. After the expulsion of the Moors from Spain their conquerors took pleasure in defacing and destroying their works of art, and the Alhambra was remodeled and partly blocked up. In 1812 the French blew up a portion of it, and in 1821 it was shaken by an earthquake.

Facts Worth Remembering About Tea.

Tea is so well known that we need not enter very largely into its history, but yet there are some facts worth remembering. The tea-plant is a native of India, indeed, and was sold from fifty to sixty shillings per pound in the days of Charles II. The tea shrub is from one to two yards in height, with white flowers. Several names of tea are familiar to our readers. There is Bohea, a small black leaf; Congou, superior to the last mentioned; Souchong still. Pekoe is made of the tenderest leaves, gathered after the plant has blossomed. Twankay and Hyson are green teas, made of the same leaves but by a different process. Many green teas are colored, but the better green teas are naturally green, without the aid of indigo, Prussian blue and gypsum, and of course much purer on that account, for those coloring materials neither improve the flavor nor the wholesomeness of the tea. But green tea, at its best, is more hurtful to the nerves and digestion than black, because the black has undergone a chemical change by which it has lost the narcotic property and other injurious elements.

Cardinal Newman's Hymn.

Cardinal Newman's universally popular hymn "Lead, Kindly Light," which has been sung in countless places of worship, is, curiously enough, seldom heard in Roman Catholic churches. It is not included at all in the authorized collection of hymns used at the Brompton oratory. It is for the most part only known to Catholics as a sacred song sung in the privacy of their own homes. It was composed by Newman before his conversion, and will endure for all time as a monumental expression of the feelings of a noble soul surrounded by doubt and darkness and painfully longing for the light. To one of the late cardinal's early friends and one of his most distinguished disciples, Father Faber, belongs the honor of having composed what is perhaps the most cosmopolitan of contemporary hymns, "Hark, Hark, My Soul!" Roman Catholics, Anglicans and all shades of Protestants delight in singing this favorite hymn. It is to be found in every hymnal.

A Curious Piece of Tapestry.

An extraordinary piece of Japanese weaving, which is now on exhibition in Tokio, will shortly find its way to London, where it will be shown to the public by the owner. It is known as tsuzure-ori, or pierced weaving. It is of great size, and the design is equestrian archery, an old world accomplishment in Japan, and one which is frequently used for purposes of illustration and design by Japanese artists. The price asked for it was $10,000. The distinctive feature of this kind of weaving is that the whole margin of the design is perforated like the jointing of postage stamps, so that when the whole piece is held up to the light the design of the artist seems to be suspended to the body of the stuff. In Japan this kind of weaving has been regarded as the highest form of the art, and it is believed that the piece is the largest and finest ever produced.

White House Weddings.

The first wedding to occur in the White House was that of Miss Todd, a relative by marriage of President Madison. Then in their order came weddings of Elizabeth Tyler, a daughter of President Tyler; John Quincy Adams, Jr.; Miss Easten and Miss Lewis, both during Gen. Jackson's administration; Marion Monroe—Mrs. Grant, Emily Platt, a niece of President Hayes, and last President Cleveland.

Dresses for Evening Wear.

For evening wear complete dresses of guipure, princess form without seams, are being made. This guipure is open and worked on net, it is made up over pink or any light colored silk, with a thick ruche at the lower edge. The bodice, draped with crossway folds, has a short pelerine rather resembling in the old fashioned berths. This is draped also, for plain bodices are no more seen; they are all much trimmed and draped, while the skirt is flat and plain. Guipure laces are very much in favor also, especially those with cream ground, studded with colored spots or waters: they are trimmed with a band of velvet round the skirt, pea-green, moss-green, blue, red or vieux-rose, according to the color of spot. The ribbon sash goes twice round the waist, and is tied at the back; the neck is open, and no upright collar is added; in the evening a ruff to match is worn of plaited gauze, or unmounted flowers closely packed.

Food, Conscience and Sleep.

Never go to bed in any danger of being hungry. People are kept awake by hunger quite as much as by a bad conscience. Remembering that sleep is the essential force which the whole system stores, decline tea or coffee within the last six hours before going to bed. Avoid all matters alive or fabricate stuff of any sort in the last six hours. This is the stuff dreams are made of, and hot beds, and the nuisance of waking hours. Keep your conscience clear. Remember that because the work of life is infinite you cannot do the whole of it in any limited period of time, and that therefore you need not lose sleep over it. Any one plans an exodus.—Edward Everett Hale.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Some Pretty Ideas in Decorative Work That May Be Easily Carried Out.

Shot silks, satins and surahs make up into the most delightful small table covers, sachets, wall pockets, portfolios, and so on. The satins decidedly look the handsomest. Fancy a gray satin table cover, plut with pink, embroidered with apricot tinted flowers and golden brown stems and green leaves shading to brown, the lining of apricot surah. For toilet pincushions shot satin is lovely. We lately saw one of pale blue shot with red, embroidered with pinky terra cotta flowers. There was no lace or ribbons about it, and was of the old fashioned square shape, filled with bran; a plait of the terra cotta silk of different shades may be added to hide the joins, if liked.

For bedrooms, covers and quilts, etc., are sometimes made to correspond. Say the material chosen is pale blue linen. The bedspread, small table cover, toilet and washstand slips, mats and splasher are all of the same, and the decoration consists of pale yellow marguerites shaded with darker tints, but all soft and subdued. The edges may be finished off in this manner: Set off a small piece of silk across the edge at regular intervals, like the printed lines of a sheet of music. This is done by taking a long stitch in front of the material, catching up two threads, then another long stitch. The stitch may measure about a quarter of an inch, and always the two same threads are to be taken up in every row. When this is all done make a buttonhole stitch over the whole of the five or seven rows just where the two threads are taken up. Now you have the rows of gold thread all buttonholed over with blue thread at regular distances.

Washing Woolen Blankets.

In washing woolen blankets, to avoid shrinkage, do not have the different waters of widely different degrees of heat, and do not apply soap directly to them. The best way is to dissolve an even tablespoonful of borax in hot water, and add the solution to a tub half full of very hot water. Put in the blankets, and let them remain one hour, stirring them often and pressing out the hands, but never on a washboard. Squeeze them out of this suds, prepare another water of the same temperature containing but one tablespoonful of borax and enough fine white soap to make a nice suds. Immerse the blankets, and repeat the same process of cleaning as first. Afterward rinse through two clean waters of the same temperature as the others, and dry.

Caramel Custards.

Dissolve two ounces of sugar with the juice of half a lemon and a little water; stir it over the fire till quite brown, then pour in about a wineglassful of boiling water; beat up the yolks of four and the whites of two eggs, add them to a pint of new milk and a few drops of essence of vanilla, and to this strain the caramel when cool. Pour the mixture in a delicately clean pan, and stir in the bain-marie till it thickens; pour it into little china cups, and strew the top with grated chocolate and pink sugar

Canning Pears.

An excellent recipe for canning pears is to use sufficient water to cover the pears safely and sweeten to taste, making rather a rich syrup; then pack the pears closely in the hot jars and fill up with the scalding syrup. To prevent discoloration in preparing the fruit drop each pear when peeled into a pan of cold water, then put them carefully into the boiling syrup and cook until they can be pierced easily with a silver fork.

Chicken Patties.

Chicken patties are made by picking the meat from cold chicken and cutting in small pieces. Put it in a saucepan with a little water or milk, butter, pepper and salt; thicken with a little flour and the yolk of an egg; line some patty pans with rice but not very rich crust; rub them over with the white of the egg and bake. When done fill with the chicken and serve hot.

Minced Beefsteak on Toast.

A favorite and without doubt the best way to use cold beefsteak is to mince it finely, and to put it to stewing for fifteen minutes, with quite a little water. Add to the gravy a good sized lump of butter, a small onion and a small teaspoonful of catsup, and serve it smoking hot on nicely browned toast. Lamb, mutton, veal, game or fowls may be used in the same way.

A Good Dish from Green Tomatoes.

Green tomatoes make a very nice vegetable treated as follows: Slice equal quantities of tomato and onions, season with salt and cayenne, and boil them for half an hour in a little water or stock. Serve with fried croutons round. With the addition of either cold cooked meat or a pair of fried bacon this makes a very good breakfast dish.

Covers for Books, Portfolios, Etc.

Old brocade, plush and bullion braid are the materials with which it is the present fancy to manufacture handsome covers for books and portfolios for holding music, drawings, etc.

With these materials almost as rich effects are obtained as by the more laborious work of hand embroidery. Our cut shows

A MUSIC PORTFOLIO.

a music portfolio of ruby plush ornamented with a triangular tab in antique brocade, framed with gold galloon, which is also used to form the bars placed across the back. The cover is lined with twill silk and closed with ribbon bows in red Ottoman silk.

Household Hints.

If chandelier globes are smoked and very dusty soak them in hot water in which salsoda is dissolved before washing them with ammonia and water.

Old fashioned crockery soup ladles are excellent for filling the jars without spattering juice when preserving fruit.

Salted almonds should be placed on the table at the beginning of the dinner and served with the crackers and cheese.

Whenever you are your sauce boil from the sides of the pan you may know your flour or cornstarch is done.

To brown sugar for sauces or puddings put the sugar in a perfectly dry saucepan. If the pan is the least bit wet the sugar will burn and you will spoil your sauce.

EVERYONE KNOWS

When we advertise a Bargain we mean it, and everyone who has been to any of our Bargain Sales knows it and everything as we said. But this is the Greatest Bargain of all. We bought a large stock of

Ladies' Goodyear Welt Shoes,

And we know we are **Over-Stocked.** So to reduce our stock we shall sell them at **$2.50** for this week only, commencing to-day. Also four cases of

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER TIP SHOE

in widths from A to D at **$2.00.** You can see this is a great bargain, and if you miss this chance you are to blame. We are not. We do splendid repairing. Try us and see for yourself.

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WE HAVE GOT IT AT LAST!

Nicaragua Coffee.

Our First Shipment Direct from the Plantation has Just Arrived.

Nicaragua Coffee in point of flavor is one of the finest brought to this market.

It is less harsh than Rio, more mild than Java, while the price at which it is furnished gives it a decided preference over both.

Consumers of Coffee will find it suited to most tastes. It only requires acquaintance with its merits to make it an established favorite.

Don't forget that we handle every kind of Tea and Coffee that grows, receiving shipments of the latter fresh roasted twice weekly.

Have you tried our Genuine Elgin Creamery Butter?

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

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NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

No. 30 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

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ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

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We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

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THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

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We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $', $1.35 and $1.75. **FIVE PER CENT. CASH.**

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.30 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

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OF

MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State, at Children's Department. A Good Leather Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Cloth CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Imperial Carpet 35c, Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Mattings 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-3y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer cases is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Complexion, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases by Electrical Combination Free. Female attendant for Ladies, 63 East Second street, corner of Washington

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

3d and 3d floors, Box 1288

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Hemlock Bridge Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P O. Box 799.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER

and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when prices were low, and pains taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has also been screened at the Allegheny station. Telephone 120. Lumber constantly on hand. Planing and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two cars for sale or hire. Our operations are supervised at by the Board of Health. Further notice will be given to discontinue. Orders received at Post Office, Residence, Plainfield, or by Telephone No. 88, Dunham and Fitz, 38, pattillson.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, OCTOBER 6 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELSHAW, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 16th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual places and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
1st Ward	735 votes.	15 delegates.
2d "	173 "	3 "
6th "	239 "	4 "
7th "	282 "	5 "
8th "	177 "	3 "
Linden	222 "	4 "
Total	37	

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
3d Ward	249 votes.	5 delegates.
4th "	308 "	6 "
5th "	632 "	12 "
Union	147 "	3 "
Springfield	94 "	2 "
Summit	210 "	4 "
Cranford	140 "	3 "
New Providence	55 "	1 "
Total	34	

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—		
1st Ward	116 votes.	2 delegates.
2d "	139 "	3 "
3d "	225 "	5 "
4th "	378 "	8 "
Scotch Plains	199 "	4 "
Westfield	383 "	8 "
Total	45	

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELSHAW, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER FELTER, JR.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Senator, Member of Assembly, County Clerk and three Coroners, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at seven o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminster.
Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.
Branchburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.
Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.
Franklin—Hulsizer's Hotel, East Millstone. Hillsborough—Devendee's Store, Frankfort. Manningtree—Hartgens' Hotel, Harlingen. North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co. Ex. Com.
Dated September 23, 1890.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican Voters are requested to meet at the places and dates hereinafter below for the purpose of electing delegates to the County and Assembly convention and the election of two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward.

The first ward will meet at the Association Room, East Front street, Tuesday evening, October 7th, at 7.30 o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The second ward will meet at Bryant School Building, East Sixth street, on Tuesday evening, October 7th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The third ward will meet at the Association Room, East Front street, on Tuesday evening, October 7th, at 8.30 o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The fourth ward will meet at Association Room on Wednesday evening, October 8th, at 8 o'clock and is entitled to six delegates to each convention.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

J. DUNHAM, Chairman.
J. B. COWARD, Secretary.
September 19, 1890.

—Prof. John Reynolds, the mesmerist, is to be at Reform Hall to-night, and every night during this week. It will be remembered that Prof. Reynolds was here last year and drew immense audiences, astonishing and amusing the people night after night by his wonderful performances.

Hon. Amos Clark, whose portrait appears above, is the Republican candidate for Congress to represent the Third District, of which Plainfield is a part. He is so well and favorably known as to need no extended introduction here. But there are a few facts in connection with him which cannot be to strongly impressed upon the minds of the voters.

The voters of the nation have emphatically declared themselves by a large majority in favor of the Republican policy of Protection to home industries. The wisdom of this policy has already been abundantly shown in increased general prosperity where it has prevailed.

The Tariff Law went into effect to-day, and it is only fair that the party that has brought such an excellent measure forth should receive proper recognition from the people and that the administration of so beneficent a measure should be the hands of friends. The Democratic leaders and those of that party to dyed in the wool as to be incapable of fair judgment — the class which believes in voting the ticket even if the "devil himself is on it" — are so much of the protective principle, which has placed the American workingman on so much higher a plane than he is in any other country, promoting industries which provide plenty of profitable employment, and keep his services in demand.

Having secured a wall of protection, the Republican party is now ready to open the gates only in return for some substantial benefit to our people. Is not that the wisest of statesmanship? Men of such prominence and good sense as Mr. Clark will be of great help to carry out our plans.

THE NEWS predicted during the Presidential campaign the greatest Republican victory in twenty years on account of Democratic folly. It was the greatest victory. We have carefully reviewed the field in connection with Mr Clark, and it is our firm belief that he will be elected by a good majority.

We believe the people fully realize the importance of having a Republican administration, and the people of this district will know that Mr. Clark can be relied on to do what is best.

Mr. Clark entered public life in 1866, when he was elected a member of the Elizabeth City Council. He was elected later in the same year to the State Senate serving till 1868. In 1873 he was elected Mayor, and did more than any other man has done before or since for the good of his district. He was the promoter and for many years until recently the President of the State Agricultural Society, and is the successful projector of many successful enterprises which give employment to a great many people. Indeed it would be difficult to find a more thoroughly representative American citizen in this State, and it will be a great honor to have so able a man represent this important District, now represented by a man who has done practically nothing but draw his salary with religious regularity and is now seeking re-election.

There is one vote which Mr. Clark cast while in Congress, that cannot be spoken of with too much credit. It was his vote in favor of the resumption of specie payment. This law, which he helped to enact, has been one of the greatest blessings this country has known. It checked inflation, discountenanced speculation, put the currency of the nation upon a sound basis, and has in a thousand ways been of incalculable benefit to every citizen of these United States. The poor man may now get his wages in gold or silver, as he so wants it, and what he buys is not at a premium as it was before the resumption act was passed.

Ex-Judge Ulrich not a Candidate for Senatorial Honors.

The Honorable John Ulrich, who is just regaining his health, was in town last Saturday for a few hours, and returned in the afternoon to his cottage at Belmar, where he is sojourning. He says he is not a candidate for the Union County Senatorship, or any other political office, needing absolute rest for a time to recover his health.

He felt under a peculiar obligation to his fellow citizens for their kind and hearty support heretofore and now hoped to be relieved from further political service, in order that he might give his time to his professional duties, which of necessity had to be neglected. He intends to go to Canada for a short time and then return to Plainfield, and resume his practice.

A Mad Dog Shot.

A dog belonging to Mr. S. M. C. Allen of Mountain Avenue, North Plainfield, was bitten by the mad dog which bit Miss Quarrier some three weeks ago. Mr. Allen has kept the animal chained up ever since. Saturday morning it began to show symptoms of hydrophobia and this morning Mr. Allen shot it. It was a valuable animal and it was with misgivings that Mr. Allen put an end to its life. Several other dogs in that vicinity were also bitten and the owners should kill them immediately.

Washingtonville Notes.

Among our Summer visitors who have departed within a few days, are Miss Georgie Spencer, of Newark; Mrs. Bloomingdale and family and Mrs. John Sawyer and family of New York.

—Miss Carrie Spencer is visiting Mrs. Bloomingdale in New York.

Mr. M. H. French and family who have resided here nearly half a century, have removed to Plainfield. Mr. French has given up his mill and retired from business.

CRESCENTS VS WEST ENDS.

The Game Results in a Tie in the Ninth Inning.

An immense crowd thronged the Crescents grounds on Saturday.

Calculating on the chance of accidents the Crescents were entitled to one game out of three. They began with the lead, and held it until the ninth inning. Down pitched splendidly, and his support was almost perfect.

The beginning of the ninth inning showed the score to be 6 to 1 in favor of the Crescents. Dowd went to the bat and was caught by Cartwright. Lewis made a base hit. Martin flew out to Dowd and Hatfield went out by Harkins to Borges. No runs.

The West Ends went in for their last innings. Hatfield reached first by error of Martin. Gore made a two base hit. Bowes went out on three strikes. Farrell took first on balls. Kennedy struck out. Carbonnell made a base hit. Borges was thrown out at home plate. Five runs for Somerville. The score was tied and the West Ends matched the game from the Crescents, when it was dollars to cents against them.

The Crescents have been fortunate with all other clubs, but good fortune has been with the Somerville in this series.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	BH	PO	A	E
Martin, ss	4	1	3	1	2	1	0
Hatfield, r.f	5	0	3	0	1	0	0
McIndoe, l.f	4	0	4	1	1	0	0
Lally, 1b	4	0	4	1	10	0	0
Lufberry, 2b	4	0	3	0	3	2	0
O'Rourke, c.f	4	2	2	2	1	0	0
Hofford, c	4	1	2	2	5	0	0
Doran, p	4	1	2	2	0	2	0
Lee, 3b	4	0	2	1	0	1	2
	37	6	27	11	27	10	3

WEST ENDS.

Carbonnell, c.f	4	0	4	1	2	0	0
Hatfield, s.s	3	2	2	1	2	3	1
Gore, l.f	4	1	3	1	1	0	0
Bowes, r.f	4	0	1	0	1	0	0
Farrell, 2b	2	1	2	0	3	3	0
Harkins, p	4	1	2	2	0	2	0
Williams, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	2	0
Kennedy, r.f	4	0	4	0	2	0	0
Borges, 1b	4	0	4	0	12	0	0
	33	5	27	5	27	10	2

Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Crescents.. 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 3—6
West Ends.. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 5—6

Earned runs—Crescents, 5; West Ends, 2
Three base hits—Lally. Two base hits—O'Rourke, 2; McIndoe, Doran. Goes, Double plays — Kennedy, Bowes; Hatfield, Farrell, Borges. Passed balls—Bowes, 2, Hofford, 1. Flies caught—Crescents, 6; West Ends, 10. hit with balls—Martin, Farrell. Base on balls—Farrell, Williams. Struck out by Doran—Carbonnell, 2; Bowes, 2; Williams, 2; Kennedy, 2. Struck out by Harkins—McIndoe, 2; Lee, 1.

THE POLICE BUSY.

Nine Persons Arrested Saturday Night.

Saturday evening the police were kept busy arresting drunk and disorderly persons. At two o'clock yesterday morning nine victims occupied cells in the station house charged with various offences. At ten o'clock this morning Police Judge Codington opened court and the first prisoner was John Cretzer. He was charged with being drunk and disorderly and using profane and indecent language. Cretzer was represented by lawyer Mr. Codington, and his counsel pleaded not guilty to the charge. His trial was set down for to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

James Whalen, another victim of the cup that steals men's senses, was found by Policeman Kiely abusing a woman on Somerset street. When arraigned this a. m., he pleaded guilty to the charge and an $8 fine was imposed. The fine was paid.

Ludlow Frame was arrested and this morning was charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. He pleaded guilty and Judge Codington imposed a fine of $6. He paid the fine.

T. Walton pleaded guilty to being drunk and a five dollar fine was imposed.

Walter Leland, another victim, pleaded guilty to being drunk, and as it was his second offense, his hon r imposed a fine of eight dollars.

John Keyman "accidentally" be ame involved in a fight while under the influence of liquor. His arrest followed and this morning he paid five dollars into the city treasury.

Thomas Carey, Keyman's father, said that if it had not been for a man named Sweeney, he would not have been called upon to plead before a Judge this morning. Nevertheless, Judge Codington imposed a five dollar fine.

Eugene Brannon was the next man arraigned. Policeman Lynch informed the judge that the prisoner was found lying near the station house "dead" drunk. Brannon told the judge that he went to Newark, but that he threw away a bag wagon between Plainfield and that city. In reply to the judge's question as to how he came to be in such a condition, he said that a horse had kicked and dislocated his shoulder and that in order to "kill" the pain he partook too freely of whiskey. The judge undoubtedly thought that the excuse was a poor one, for he gave him the choice of paying a fine of five dollars or spending ten days in the County Jail. He took the latter.

Alonzo Randolph partook too freely of the joice of the forbidden fruit Saturday night and while "drunk" shot Policeman Lynch's dog. Policeman Lynch happened along and endeavored to quiet him, but the "Dergeant's" efforts proved to be unavailing, and Alonzo was finally landed in the station house. When arraigned this morning he informed the judge that he was over twenty-one years of age, and in answer to the inquiry as to where he procured the whisky he said that friends had purchased it and that he had consumed it outside of the bazaars. The judge gave him the choice of paying a fine of eight dollars or boarding at the county expense for the next twenty days. He will emigrate.

"Willie" Daily came to Plainfield on Saturday last to witness the ball game. He hailed from Somerville and during the excitement of the game he became involved in a fight. He was promptly arrested and Judge Codington imposed a five-dollar fine.

Richard F. Goodman.

North Plainfield is a part of the Fourth Congressional District. The Republican candidate for Congress is RICHARD F. GOODMAN, the editor of The Sussex Register. The district is Democratic by from 4,000 to 5,000 majority, yet when the present Democratic candidate ran before he is now running the second time—2,500 Democrats voted against him as a fouler man in character than they could afford to have represent them, and it is doubted, if on a fair count, he was elected at all. It is the same Fowler who is running against our Goodman, and if all the good men in the district vote right, a better man will be found to represent the district than the present encumbered, and help the success of the measures now so important to make the policy of protection operate to the greatest good of the whole nation.

JOTTINGS.

—The house-cleaning campaign is in progress.

Miss Jarvis of Brooklyn is visiting Mrs. Beekman of Scotch Plains.

—The city Common Council will meet in regular session this evening at eight o'clock.

Mrs. Cottrell and family have left their Fanwood home and are now residing in Bayonne City.

—Several members of the Middlesex Gun Club indulged in a shoot on their grounds in Dunellen Saturday afternoon.

—The only way to successfully boom a city is for all residents to pull hand in hand throw aside petty jealousies, as it were.

—If you value your vote do not fail to attend the Republican primaries to be held to-morrow evening at Republican Headquarters.

—The players on the Crescent ball team are to have a bunch next Saturday afternoon. Their opponents will be the Ridgewoods of Brooklyn.

—A horse attached to a light wagon became frightened on Somerset street this morning and ran away. Two wheels of the vehicle were smashed.

—Attention is called to the advertisement of Pierson Hardware Company in another column. Those in need of stoves etc., will find it of interest.

—A social meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at Association Room to-morrow, (Tuesday) evening at eight o'clock.

—It is a comfort to know that if apple butter is scarce this coming Winter, buckwheat cakes will be abundant, as that crop is over the average this year.

Mrs. A. A. Bray dropped dead at her home on Grove street Friday evening. Heart failure is assigned as the cause of death. Interment was made at North Branch.

—The Grand Lodge Knights of Honor of New Jersey which met in Plainfield last year will hold their next convention at Newark, New Jersey, next Wednesday.

—The "Dark Secret" is to be the attraction at Music Hall next Monday and Tuesday evenings. It is highly recommended, and is said to be one of the best now on the road.

—Freeholders Hubbard, Edward and Pierson, and City Clerk J. B. Coward, went to Westfield last week to inspect the election booths now in course of manufacture as C. A. Smith's mill.

—The Boys' Club opens to-night at Central Hall. Mr. John C. Collins General Superintendent for the United States and Canada for Boys' Clubs, will be present and address the meeting. All contributers, members and those interested are requested to be present.

—The New Tariff bill goes into effect to-day and importers and wholesale dealers are announcing in their circulars advances in prices. Edsall states, in his new advertisement in to-day's News, that he has secured large supplies in all his departments, and old prices will be adhered to as long as the present stocks hold out.

—A school teacher says the pupils who have access to newspapers at home, when compared with those who have not, are better readers, better spellers, better grammarians, excellent at punctuation and read more understandingly, and obtain a good knowledge of geography in almost half the time it requires others.

—The anti-lottery law forbids the carrying in the mail of any matter concerning any lottery, or any check, money or money order for the purchase of any ticket. It also forbids the carrying of any newspaper or publication of any kind containing any advertisement of a lottery or containing any list of prizes of any lottery. The indictions are that the Louisiana Lottery Company and kindred organizations will now be obliged to suspend business.

PERSONAL.

The Misses Jennie and Minnie Warren of Weln Second street are visiting friends in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Thomas Cohan and family have returned to their home on Third place from an extended visit to Nyack, N. Y.

Mr. R. F. M. Chase of "Edgewood," North Plainfield, is home from Europe, where he and his wife have been spending the Summer.

Dr. H. S. Jones, formerly of Elizabeth, N. J., has removed to this city and takes up a permanent residence at 100 Park Place. Mrs. Jones' wife who is stopping at Colorado will shortly join him.

Mr. Lewis Anderson died at his home in New Brunswick on Saturday last of typhoid fever. Deceased was a former resident of this city and is a brother-in-law of Mr. R. H. Edsall of East Front street. The funeral will take place from his late residence, 24 Codwise avenue, to-morrow afternoon at one o'clock.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF STORAGE WAREROOMS.

The above is an illustration of Carey's Fire Proof Storage Warerooms, corner of West Front and Grove streets. There is in this large and fine building abundant first class accommodations, all well ventilated, and at very moderate charges. A large vault has been specially provided for protecting furs and clothing from moths, and there is every facility for the expeditious and careful removal of goods as desired. The public are invited to call and examine.

Revival Meetings Decided Upon.

Arrangements have been made by the ministers of this city for a series of Evangelical meetings to be conducted by Rev. B. Fay Mills, the Evangelist, beginning Monday, Nov. 3d. A number of the Clergy met the middle of last week and resolved to have a general meeting in the Y. M. C. A., rooms last Saturday evening, and accordingly there assembled at that time, Rev. Dr. Yerkes, Rev. Dr. Lewis, Rev. Dr. Ketcham, and Rev's Munro, Mitchell, Honeyman, Richards, Schenck, Dills, Goodrich and Newall, to gather with right or ten prominent laymen. Dr. Yerkes was made chairman of the meeting and Rev. Dr. Dills secretary, after which a nominating committee was appointed to nominate 12 men to act as an Executive committee. The persons nominated and elected were as follows: Rev. Dr. Yerkes, chairman; Rev. A. R. Dills, Secretary; Rev. Dr. Ketcham, Rev. Munro, Richards, Mitchell, Goodrich, Newall and Messrs A. L. Force, J. W. Jackson, R. R. St. John, R. C. Pease, and J. D. Spicer. The meeting adjourned to meet again the last of this week to appoint further committees and take what other action may be necessary.

—A petition is being circulated in the village of Scotch Plains asking the post office department to change the name of the office at their ancient town from Scotch Plains to the more modern name of Fanwood. The idea is not well received by the residents, especially those who have been identified with the Plains from infancy and want to prevent such a thing.

Died.

ANDERSON—At New Brunswick, N. J., Saturday, Oct. 5, 1890, Lewis A. Anderson. Funeral from his late residence, No. 24 Codwise avenue, Tuesday, Oct. 7th at one o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted at 8 First place. 4-2

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 23 West Front street. 27-12

FOR SALE—A Safety bicycle. In guaranteed A 1 condition. If bought within ten days, may be had for $100 cash. Address "O" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-3

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, 52 inch. Perfect condition. Ridden six weeks. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-3tf

FOR RENT—Small house. Possession within a few weeks. Rent $13. Desirable location, 10 minutes walk from depot. • Address Henry D. Morrison, care Lock Box 1, City. 4-5

LOST—Sunday afternoon, a large black kitten. Had on bows, ribbons and bell. Reward offered for its return to 8 Second place.

GIRL wanted for general housework. Reference required. 21 Hyslop's Ave. 6-3

HALF of double house, furnished or unfurnished, near station. Terms low. Box 39, Bethlehem, N. J. 6-2

HAIRY Hyslop's Maples and evergreens, home place at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 4-2

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-10tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good cook, washer and ironer. Wages reasonable. Address Mrs. "A. D. W.," care of EVENING NEWS. 5-3

WANTED—Nurse and no nasty girl with references. Apply 119 East Front street. 4-3

WANTED—Situation as nurse girl with children. Address "Nurse," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Situation as cook. Best of city references. Address "Cook," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Reference required. Call at 15 Bay street.

WANTED—An active man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with expenses for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1283, N. Y. 2-13 mo4 ly

LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"

THE NEW TARIFF goes into effect to-day, Oct. 6th. The cry is higher prices. We are receiving circulars from importers, announcing that all future orders will be subject to new prices.

OUR HOUSE has been fortunate in securing large supplies before the high prices go into effect, and will continue to sell at old prices as long as the present stock holds out. Some NEW LACE CURTAINS have just come in that are being offered LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!" No. 6 the figure:

95c, $1, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50 $1.65, $1.75, $2, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $2.65, $3, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

Also a lot of Linen Napkins at less than old prices. YOU can save money by investigating the LOW PRICES at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Edwards having entirely recovered from her severe illness, is now able to see her patrons again on and after Wednesday, October 1st, 1890, at the City Hotel. Room 4 one flight up. From 2 to 8 o'clock p. m. Ladies, 50c to $1; gentlemen $1. After this week can not be consulted all day. 30-1w*

CHOIR BOYS.
Three more soprano voices are wanted to train for the Episcopal church choir at Scotch Plains. Boys under 13 years of age, having good voices and sufficiently fond of music to go through considerable practice in voice training and learning to read music, may apply to Mr. Embury, 60 Washington avenue, on Thursday, Oct. 9th, at 4:30. All meetings for practice are held at a convenient place in Plainfield. A conveyance is provided on Sundays. The boys sing only at the morning services. 6-2

DUNELLEN.
All persons who wish to join the North American Endowment Associates of Dunellen, N. J., can obtain information at C. W. Oley and make out an application, before their next meeting, Thursday evening, Oct. 7th, which will be held at Edsall's. 3-3

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first 90 days or less. Terms moderate enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislations, in the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Vicour, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 282. 10-9tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse seeds. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 24 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and tea-dealer, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, china, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Haan's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-2tf-1y

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY
Sept 9th, the office of the late Dr. Titsworth at 109 E. Front street will be occupied by Dr. H. S. Jones recently of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m. at 12 noon; from 2 to 7:30 p. m. 6-6

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful roses, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, rare assortment, at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-30-1y

AUCTION SALE!

Of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

T. J. Gillen, Auctioneer, will sell, on Tuesday, October 7, 1890 at ten (10) o'clock a. m. at 122 East 2d street on the premises of the Undersigned.

Walnut and 4 cane seat and 4 reception chairs Walnut centre table, inlaid checker table, side table, music stand, wall and corner brackets, mirrors, engravings, ornamental ornaments, etc.

Oak sideboard, extension table, 6 chairs, rocker, 3 wood-mantle top, side tables, paintings and engravings, clock, etc.

Bedroom furniture, extension table, bureau, wash stands, bedsteads, springs, mattresses, feather beds, bedding, carpets, matting, rugs and mats.

Kitchen utensils, crockery, wood, tin, iron and stone ware, lounge, looking-glass, mirror, garden tools, etc.

MRS. G. S. FERRY,
Terms Cash. 122 East Second street.
9-24-6*

BAZAAR and Entertainment.

Under the Auspices of the

Ladies' Aid Society.

HOPE CHAPEL,

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Evenings,

OCT. 7th and 8th.

ADMISSION - - 10 Cents.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Monday and Tuesday

OCT. 6th and 7th.

Jefferson & Taylor's Great Aquatic Spectacle

"A Dark Secret."

With the original cast, scenery and realistic effects. The new Hanley Regatta Scene, real boats, racing sails and steam launches on a river of real water. George Honney, the popular oarsman, in the winning shell. The Herbert Bros., three heavies' gymnasts in the world. The Manhatten Quartette in vocal selections. The realistic drowning scene, the sensation of a lifetime.

Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Friday.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS,

The Mesmerist,

Will be at

REFORM HALL TO-NIGHT

And Every Night This Week.

AD PIERSON'S HARDWARE COMPANY, 45 West Front Street.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

E. W. BOSSHOM, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, ONE CENT PAID IN ADVANCE, OR $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

A strike has been successful recently in the mines of Halifax, Nova Scotia. The men carried all their points after holding out eight weeks, and returned to work.

The New York Sun declares the general drift of Protestantism is toward Unitarian Universalism, and toward the scientific mind is that religious teaching shall not be dogmatic, but shall be kept within the line of human reason and justice. Hardly. The general drift of extreme Protestantism is to split into two parties. One of these takes the line toward Unitarianism, Buddhism, Universalism, etc., the other tends powerfully and steadily back toward the Roman Catholic church, just as Cardinals Newman and Manning did. We do not begin to have so much from the agnostics as we did some years ago. Are they beginning to abandon their ground?

Fast Walking.

Walter Shirlaw, the artist, has been investigating the subject of fast walking and walkers, and finds that a man who can walk a mile in eight minutes makes an average stride or step three feet six inches in length. He says further that a man six feet tall can maintain a four foot stride for half a mile. A long step and a quick one at the same time is what gets over the ground fast.

It is known that tall people, other things being equal, can walk faster than short ones, yet Bertha von Hillern, the champion woman pedestrian, was not a tall woman by any means. She, however, used her arms extensively, as a bird does its wings, to help propel her. All fast walkers do the same. To walk rapidly the main forward movement must be made from the hips and by the large joint there. The knee should be bent scarcely at all, but the leg kept straight. For regard this in walking consequently they lose their ankle downslovenly appearance. Although the body was about to break in two at the knee joint. Keeping the hip joints limber will enable the walker to get over the ground quickly.

Mr. Shirlaw says that the practice of fast walking with head erect, shoulders back and chest thrown up and forward, will at once quicken one's natural gait as to add a mile or more to the distance he can travel in an hour without fatigue.

Raising a Family.

A man writes a whimsical yet quite serious letter to The Indianapolis News narrating the experience of himself and wife in family rearing. The account particularly records the expense of bringing up children.

Twenty-six years ago the couple were married. The husband owned a house and got $75 a week wages. At that time he began his expense diary, and has just closed it on the occasion of the graduation from the high school of his fourth and last child. All the four were well educated by the parents, but at the close of their school years very properly went out and earned their own living, thus taking off the father the burden of their support. What he has spent to rear them is faithfully set forth by the father's journal. The publication of it seems enough to scare young men and women from matrimony.

His wages were raised as time went on. He estimates that his total earnings in the twenty-six years have been $40,000. His real estate and belongings are now worth a thousand dollars more than when he began life. By that those and dollars he is better off financially than when he started. The rest of the money went to support the family and bring up the children. The family man puts it thus: "Given a plant of about $8,000 and two employes, man and wife, it has taken, therefore, about $40,000 to each man per year. This of course includes all employes' expenses. The plant is slightly enhanced in value, but the employes have seen their best days. The quality of the goods remains yet to be demonstrated."

He raised his wife, good soul and good mother, who loved her children, to tell him honestly if she would again be willing for his sake to undergo the experience again in rearing a family. And she answered: "Not for all that money could buy would I go through again what has been necessary to rear a family." The writer confesses that the two employes are proud of their work, but they emphatically don't want another job. As to items the family man says:

Some of the items of expense have been odd. Doctors' bills (twenty-seven years), $2.20 (and all paid, probably the only instance on record); groceries, average per week for the five years, $7; meat three, $6; number of the twenty-six years, $13 a week. For the twenty-six years $40 taken on an average one pair of shoes per week for the family, including myself and wife. The most annoying item of expense has been the amount of clothing which children wear out shoes. Only one thing approached it—the high price of children's shoes. I never could understand how, with all the reduction of the age and the demand for cheaper ex-penses, children's shoes have not been reduced in price. The lowest price I have paid for a pair of such ones added to my store shoes for a family, and if I had it to do I would go to Jordan, where not paper blankets, muslin ones nor zero existed.

MR. WANAMAKER IS FIRM

He Will Continue the Postal Telegraph Agitation.

TO THE DEFENSE OF HIS MEASURE

He Says It Is Perfectly Constitutional and Will Be a Great Benefit to the People if It Becomes a Law—His Interested Opponents.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Postmaster General Wanamaker has made public a letter recently addressed to Representative Bingham, chairman of the house committee on post-offices, embodying an elaborate argument in favor of his limited plan of postal telegraphy. Appended to the letter is a mass of matter, including opinions of the press for and against postal telegraphy, opinions of former postmasters generals, and prominent statesmen, on the constitutionality of postal telegraphy.

Mr. Wanamaker's Views.

The postmaster general in his letter says in part: "Your sub-committee on postal telegraph, before me that all the parties that have signified a desire to be heard on the postal telegraph bills have submitted their testimony, and that it is in order for me to add anything upon the subject. After standing for a year past in the midst of the controversy over the postal telegraph that for over forty years has gone on with sharper tone and widening range, I am more than ever convinced of the wisdom of the postal service. To carry the postal service from pony riders to stage coach and on to railroad service, and to add further progress because 5,000 owners of telegraph stock oppose, is not in accord with the genius of our people or the spirit of the times.

The Will of the People.

"The will of the people in this respect has manifested itself unmistakably before congress in public speech and statement during the last twenty years. Resistance to that great popular demand may not be the wisest thing, nor is it fair to count those who urge the adoption in some form or other of the postal telegraph as hostile to existing corporations. We stand confronting a public measure of no mean importance or magnitude. It is to give the country a vast enlargement of its postal system, and to bring home to the people the cheap use of one of the most powerful agencies of modern commerce and civilization."

Constitutionality of the Scheme.

As to the constitutionality of postal telegraphy, the postmaster general says: It has been argued by learned lawyers for a score of years that a government telegraph is unconstitutional. The majority of these gentlemen have been one of two in all cases. They have been the paid attorneys of these corporations whose special interests required that their monopoly should in no way be interfered with. They have known their business and have done it well. The strongest opponents were those who imagined that the constitution would be exposed to every sort of outrage if they were to fall sick for a day.

"The courts of highest appeal have settled this question. Congress settled it, in advance of judicial action, by making the United States telegraph lines a part of the department the manager of the first line of wire constructed for commercial and public uses. The old government telegraph schemes were constitutional. What shall be said, then, of the limited postal telegraph plan which I have been somewhat criticised for bringing forward? There is no doubt that it is constitutional. The constitution permits the general government to transmit intelligence for the people.

The Attorney General's Opinion.

"The postoffice department has been doing this, with the money and improvements of the department, for 50 years. It is preposterous to argue that the telegraph can not to be utilized for the cheaper, speedier and more accurate transmission of messages. I have had prepared and will submit for your reference an appendix which touches upon this consideration. The attorney general of the department assures me that the conclusion that the limited postal telegraph plan is constitutional cannot be resisted."

The Text of the Bill.

The postmaster general then follows with an elaborate explanation of the limited plan, and of its operation, arguing that it would not pay the telegraph companies and be more efficient as well as lower priced, in conclusion, he says: "I desire in conclusion to explain, as politely as may be, one or two things that are not understood. I have challenged the most rigid scrutiny of the limited postal telegraph bill. I ask to have printed all of the printed criticism of it which have come to my notice, as an argument in its favor. The limited postal telegraph bill is not a proposition to take money from the treasury or to employ additional civil servants; it is not a proposition to put any power whatever in the hands of the government which is not at present greater and more dangerous where it is. It is a proposition simply to dovetail together two great machines so that one shall do business equitably and by that means make more money (which shall be willingly accorded to it by the people), the other to utilize its present skilled and faithful energy to help supply the people with still better means of communication furnished still more cheaply.

He Will Continue the Agitation.

"It is a proposition incidentally to quicken the telegraph service by encouraging all the members of the operators' craft to realize that they are the better off the more they are able to devote themselves to the thing, and are protected to see some results from their inventive genius. It is not a proposition to buy the railroads, or the coal mines, or the saw mills or the bake shops of the country. It is not a conclusion that American ingenuity is incapable of keeping up with the march of invention and industrial progress. It is only to speak out for the telegraph skilled men of some one make stand for the people in the interest of the cheaper telegraph that they want. I believe it belongs to this department to take this stand, and I propose intelligently and persistently to keep this subject before you in strong confidence that it will not be long before your committee will take steps to give the people the relief prayed for."

PRESIDENT HARRISON GOES WEST.

Enthusiastic Receptions and Big Meetings in Illinois.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—President Harrison left Washington today for his western trip, to be almost eight days. The presidential party consists of the president, Secretary Tracy, Marshal Bailey, Capt. Parker, Secretary Halford, Mr. Tibbitts, the president's stenographer, and G. G. Bata, representing the United Press. A representative of the Associated Press will join the party at Cincinnati. The special train, in charge of Charles S. Bishop, general eastern passenger agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, will convey the party during the entire journey, left at 11:20 via the Chesapeake and Ohio road for Cincinnati. Arriving at Cincinnati early Tuesday morning, the party will leave at 8 a. m. and make short stops at various points between Cincinnati and Danville, Ills., at which latter place will be reached. At Danville the party will go over the Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western road to Gilsborg, Ills., where they will arrive at 5:30 Wednesday morning.

The party will then go from Galesburg to Ottumwa, Ia., westward to Kansas City and return to Washington. It is not positively known whether the president will on his return trip remain in St. Louis until late next Saturday night, but if train arrangements can be made to bring him to Indianapolis early on Sunday morning the party will not leave St. Louis until 10 p. m. that night. The president and party will travel the entire journey in an elegant hotel car furnished by the Chesapeake and Ohio railway. Portions of the journey will be made as a special train and other portions on regular schedule trains.

To Receive the President.

GALESBURG, Ills., Oct. 6.—Extensive arrangements have been completed for the reception of President Harrison when he arrives here next Wednesday. A message received from Governor Fifer yesterday says that Gen. Vance, with Battery D, has been ordered here. The remainder of the One Hundred and Second regiment will be here on Tuesday, and the Ohio and Indiana regiments will arrive that morning.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Louisville—

Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Louisville, 1; Columbus, 0. Errors: Louisville, 0; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Daly and Ryan, Keefe and Doyle. Game called on account of darkness.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0—6
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2

Base hits: St. Louis, 9; Toledo, 4. Errors: St. Louis, 1; Toledo, 3. Batteries: Hart and Frost, Healy and Welch.

Standing of the Clubs.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Boston	76	39	.661	Phila'a	64	51	.557
Brooklyn	76	56	.576	Pittsburg	59	68	.465
New York	74	57	.565	Cleveland	55	73	.429
Chicago	73	61	.545	Buffalo	36	88	.290

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Brooklyn	86	43	.667	Boston	74	57	.571
Chicago	83	54	.610	New York	68	68	.48
Phila'a	82	54	.603	Cleveland	41	94	.30
Cincinnati	77	55	.583	Pittsburg	38	114	.25

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Louisville	82	42	.661	Rochester	57	70	.47
St. Louis	78	45	.634	Athletic	52	71	.42
Columbus	71	55	.567	Syracuse	49	71	.40
Toledo	65	56	.535	Baltimore	37	88	.29

It Looks Darker for Lingo.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The Camden officials have just disclosed new and important evidence toward fastening the guilt of the murder of Mrs. John Miller upon Frank Lingo. Prosecutor Jenkins says he has facts to break down Lingo's alibi. He refused to reveal what they were, but said that the facts reached him by a queer coincidence. The inquest will be held Thursday morning at the Camden court house. Dr. Formad and County Physician Hand have compared notes on the microscopical examination of Lingo's clothes. Their analyses were essentially the same, and County Physician Hand says that Lingo's undershirt is not the only blood stained garment which accuses Lingo of not only having murdered Mrs. Miller, but of having criminally assaulted her. Mr. Jenkins said last night that aggregate evidence against Lingo was strong, and that the grand jury would surely indict him.

More Ohio Train Robbers.

LIMA, O., Oct. 6.—When No. 1 train, due from the east at 1 o'clock on the Chicago and Erie road, reached here the conductor reported the perpetration of an attempt made between Kenton and this city to rob the Wells, Fargo & Co. express car. Soon after leaving Kenton three men were discovered on the platform of the express car. The train was stopped, but they got on again after it had started. The train was stopped three times between Kenton and Forest, east of this city, before the men could be gotten rid of. They answered the description of the men who robbed the Adams express car near Bellefontaine Thursday night. There was over $100,000 in currency for western banks in the car.

Anxious About a Missing Man.

BUFFALO, Oct. 6.—The police at New York, Albany and other points have been notified of the disappearance of James Stamp, who lived with his wife at 347 Court street, this city. His wife says he left the city on Sept. 4 last to spend two weeks at Cape May to try and benefit his health. He had in his possession at the time he left some $600. Mrs. Stamp fears foul play, as nothing has been of him since he left Buffalo.

Devastated by a Prairie Fire.

ELBOW LAKE, Minn., Oct. 6.—The greater portion of Lawrence township, in this county, has been devastated by prairie fire. Dozens of farmers lost all their crops, houses, farm buildings and machinery, and are in an impoverished condition. It would require $10,000 to fully aggregate $40,000 or $50,000. The fire started from cinders dumped on the roadway by a farm engine.

Mrs. Helen Bosler Dead.

CARLISLE, Pa., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Helen Bosler, widow of the Hon. James Bosler, well known throughout the country, died suddenly Oct. 5, aged 57 years. She built Bosler Memorial Hall for Dickinson college and leaves an estate worth over $1,000,000.

Mysterious Illness of a Barn Party.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 6.—Grade Dairy Inspector McGuire is investigating the cause of the sickness which attacked two or three dozen of the guests at a barn party given by Mrs. Washington A. Roebling. None of the cases have so far been fatal.

Jersey's Largest Catholic Church.

TRENTON, Oct. 6.—The new church of the Immaculate Conception, the largest Catholic church in the state, was dedicated Sunday by Bishop Wigger. The sermon was preached by Bishop O'Farrell, of Trenton.

ERIE EMPLOYES UNEASY.

They Present a Long List of Their Grievances.

CERTAIN CHANGES ARE DESIRED.

They Want Ten Hours to Be a Day's Work and Better Pay for Overtime—If Their Requests Are Ignored 15,000 Men May Go on Strike.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The executive committee of forty-three of the "Federated Body of Organized Labor in Train Service" of the Erie system, called for short the federated board, expects to receive at noon today from Second Vice President R. B. Thomas, of the Erie railroad, some answer upon a list of grievances presented last Monday. The committee came to to town again on Saturday, expecting a reply then. They say that Mr. Thomas did not give them much satisfaction. All that could be learned at the Erie office was that no answer had been given to the men, but that an appointment had been made with the committee for noon today. It was said that the grievances presented contained eighty-three separate clauses.

The List of Grievances.

Just what these are is not made public, but the gist of them is said to be as follows: Shorter hours is the chief demand. Sometimes brakemen have to work fifteen and sixteen hours a day, and are weary and unfit to work. While the hours of labor of the engineers are relatively less than those of the other employes, the engineers complain of the heavy engines. "You've never ridden on an engine weighing sixty-eight or seventy tons, have you?" said an engineer yesterday. "No? Well, you'll want to get off before you've gone far, if you do. The shaking up you'll get will be worse than any you ever had in all your days. The very life is jarred out of you as the locomotive rushes along, perhaps at the rate of fifty miles an hour, and it rocks so that you can scarcely keep your feet. Sometimes we have to stop in rounding a curve it seems an age before it gets back to the rail again.

"An engineer's 'life' only averages four years now, and after the present generation who served on the smaller engines have died off there won't be any old engineers to be found."

What the Engineers Want.

The engineers now work twelve hours a day according to their own computation, and they say they have to work twelve and a half hours before they are paid for overtime. They want ten hours to constitute a day's work, overtime to begin at the end of ten and a half hours. The officials say that a third of the engineers have short runs of three and a half to five hours.

Ten Hours a Day's Work.

The conductors state that they are now running between 5,000 and 7,000 miles a month. They want this reduced to between 4,000 and 5,000 to correspond to the mileage of other roads running in connection with the Erie. The general demand of engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen is to have ten hours constitute a day's work for all the employes who handle trains. The causes of the dissatisfaction among the men were stated by another engineer to a reporter as follows:

A Trouble of Long Standing.

"The trouble has been growing for two years," he said. "Every change has been made with a view to cheapening labor. Dozens of old and experienced men were dropped in the last two years for trivial causes. The real explanation was that their work could be done more cheaply.

"A fireman would be promoted to take the old engineer's place, but with less pay. The old engineer was drawing $3 a day, but the promoted fireman would get only $2.76 for his first year and $3.25 for his second year's services as engineer. Lots of old men, conductors as well as engineers, were dropped out in this way, and of course, the company saved money by employing novices. Now, the main thing that the employes object to is the classification, whereby two years pass before a man draws full pay. If a novice can do a good man's work from the start why shouldn't he draw full pay? We ask that all engineers be put on the same footing; likewise all conductors, firemen, brakemen and other employes. They have been in the habit, in the hands of inexperienced operators, instead of dispatchers familiar with the switches and sidings along the line, of ordering them to wait for trains on the engineers. Many of the freight men who are supposed to work only ten hours are on duty twelve to fifteen. We ask that ten hours be made the day's limit, and that one-tenth of a day's pay be given us for every extra hour's work. This means increase of pay, but no more than they get on other roads."

They May Strike.

The Federated Body of Organized Labor in Train Service is composed of members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhoods of Firemen and Railway Trainmen and the Order of Conductors. It claims to number 90 per cent of the trainmen, and to represent 15,000 men on the Erie system. The committee appears to be in no hurry, but they say that a strike is contemplated if their demands are refused.

Miners Strike for More Wages.

BRADDOCK, Pa., Oct. 6.—Another miners' strike has been inaugurated in the western Pennsylvania district, in which over 400 miners are interested. The miners are employed in the upper district of railroad mines, along the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston railroad, near Pinkertons, Pa. They were receiving sixty cents per ton, and now demand an advance of six cents per ton. The operators in May entered into an agreement with the men to pay them sixty cents per ton, and the scale was to stand good for one year. The operators made large contracts on that scale for the year, and positively state that they cannot and will not accede to the demands.

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First Class Caterer.
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
142 NORTH AVENUE.

THE BEE HIVE
KID GLOVES.
4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 69c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan or slate, 89c.
7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.
Peater Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Globe" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.
WORSTEDS.
Zephyr, all colors, 5c per ck.
Germantown wool, 10c per bunk.
Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.
Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.
Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.
Don't forget the Celebrated Bear Ventilator.
Greatest Stove on Earth
A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Winter is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to harness the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES.
If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and desirable line of Fall and Winter goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Mrs. Martin's MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Bread has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at 15 Peary Goods store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for the
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
I am a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be
As Low as Any in the State,
consistent quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
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Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
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And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
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Mrs. Stephenson,
38 WEST FRONT STREET,
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FRENCH AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,
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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

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The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.
POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.
1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.
2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.
3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily during the
SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.
A. D. Van Sciver,
OFFCSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed.
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING
A. M GRIFFEN,
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SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting as well as road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

Make Home Beautiful.
We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of
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CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING SUITES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.
WINDOW SHADES.
Geo. H. Fairchild,
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All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
18 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

MOY'S

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.
YOU CAN GET
SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS
for 15 cents per square foot
AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,
Also jobbing of all kinds.
Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON
12 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Excelled by None
16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

McKINLEY'S BILL ABROAD.

The Reception It Received from the Foreign Press.

TWO EMPERORS IN ONE RUNAWAY.

A Lively Incident at Francis Joseph's Hunting Lodge in Mecrsburg Which Shook Up Austria's Sovereign and Germany's Kaiser.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The Daily News says: The European expectation of a revolt of the American farmers against the artificial increase caused by the tariff is one that has never been realized. It has always been threatened, but always postponed, and the day of its fulfilment is doubtless yet afar off. The idea that the McKinley tariff will have a weakening effect upon American independence is absurd."

The Observer in an article on the McKinley tariff expresses the hope and the belief that the new measure will, by its stimulus to American manufactures, absorb large numbers of the unemployed workingmen from England to America, thus affording partial relief to the labor market here.

The Pope in a Quandary.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Advices from Rome state that the British ministry, through its friends in that city, is bringing all the influence possible to bear upon the pontiff against the bestowal of a cardinal's hat upon Archbishop Walsh, of Ireland. The effect of these appeals is not known, but it is said that the pope is deeply perplexed, as between the British government and the Irish people. It is claimed, on behalf of the British government, that the elevation of the archbishop at this time would be an expression of approval on the part of Rome of the prelate's course in sanctioning the National league agitation and the plan of campaign, which have heretofore been condemned by the holy see. It is rumored in Rome that the opponents of Archbishop Walsh have obtained an assurance that he will not be promoted for some time to come, if ever.

Reciprocity with Spain.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—It is rumored that the government intends to open negotiations with the United States for reciprocal concessions of duty on Cuban and American products. It has instructed its agents abroad to notify it of any measures taken by foreign governments in respect to the McKinley tariff.

The cabinet has discussed the McKinley tariff, and has decided to suspend the application of the new Cuban tariff until a satisfactory reply is received from the United States to representations which the Spanish minister is expected to make.

More Letters from the "Ripper."

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The police have received two more letters signed by "Jack the Ripper," and announcing the intention of that bloodthirsty unknown to commit fresh murders and mutilations. The police believe that the letters are genuine. Vigilance committees are being organized in the Whitechapel district in expectation of a renewal of the "Ripper's" depredations. The police force has also been increased.

The Conference of Nationalists.

DUBLIN, Oct. 6.—Mr. Parnell will not be present at the conference of Nationalist leaders on Monday. Mr. Justin McCarthy will preside over the body and will outline Mr. Parnell's views. It is understood that resolutions will be adopted denouncing the government for its failure to take steps toward mitigating the evils of deficient food supply in Ireland, and for its prosecution of O'Brien, Dillon and others at Tipperary.

Two Emperors in a Runaway.

VIENNA, Oct. 6.—When the Emperors William and Francis Joseph were leaving the hunting lodge at Muerzsteg for Neuberg Sunday, the horses drawing their carriage became frightened and the vehicle was dashed against a fence. The pole of the carriage was broken, but the occupants were not injured. The two emperors alighted and walked along the road until the King of Saxony's carriage overtook them.

Death from the Potato Famine.

DUBLIN, Oct. 6.—Several deaths are reported from the Island of Achill, on the west coast of Ireland, owing to a lack of proper food, and indirectly to the failure of the potato crop. The condition of the inhabitants on this and other islands is being investigated by order of the government, but no relief has so far been extended.

A Royal Marriage in December.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—The date of the marriage of the Princess Victoria of Prussia to Prince Adolf von Schaumburg-Lippe is announced as Dec. 21, the birthday of the Empress Frederick. The princess is a sister of the kaiser, and was once reported to be in love with Prince Alexander of Battenburg, formerly ruler of Bulgaria.

Hebrews Ordered to Leave.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Several wealthy Jewish merchants of Odessa have been ordered by the authorities to settle up their business within four weeks and leave Russian territory. No charge is made against them except that they are Jews. The trade of Odessa is largely in Jewish hands, as is indeed that of most Russian cities.

A Big Iron Lockout.

GLASGOW, Oct. 6.—All the Scotch iron furnaces are now closed on the refusal of a few which do not belong to the iron masters' combination and which make iron for private purposes. The lockout reduces the market supply 30,000 tons weekly.

Austria Is Angry.

VIENNA, Oct. 6.—The papers teem with angry articles concerning the American tariff. They contain more denunciation than criticism. The government is making efforts to allay the excitement.

They Were "Green Goods" Men.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Two young men, Robert D. George and James F. Hadley, of Limestone county, Ala., were remanded at the Yorkville court on the charge of dealing in "green goods." A complete outfit of green tinted paper and up to possibly rolls of bills and $1,800 in genuine money were found in their possession.

Ole Will Squeal on Benson.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Oct. 6.—John Mettman, the husband of Mrs. Teresa Mettman, who was so foully butchered here last March, has been rearrested on suspicion. He will turn state's evidence against C. A. Benson, recently arrested at Camden, N. J., and Mrs. Rautzahn, his daughter, who is in jail here. All three are implicated.

TO BUILD STEEL VESSELS.

The Proposed Shipyards of a Big Pennsylvania Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The Pennsylvania Steel company has definitely decided to embark in the steel ship building business. At a meeting of the stockholders a few days ago steps were taken to issue new capital stock to an amount that will realize $5,000,000. Of this sum $2,000,000 will be devoted to equipping a shipyard at Sparrow Point, twenty miles below Baltimore on the Chesapeake bay, that is expected to be equal to any in the world.

The company already owns an extensive iron plant at this place which will turn out the steel plates used in the shipyard.

The officers believe they can build ships at a profit on account of their great facilities. The company can take iron ore, limestone and coal and make its own pig iron, convert the pig iron into steel and hammer the steel into ship plates all within its present plant. The full plans for the yard are not completed.

Charles H. Cramp, of the ship building firm, in speaking of the new enterprise, said: "The Duke of Devonshire, who owned his own ore mines, attempted the same enterprise at Barrow and collapsed, but I am just American enough to believe that American genius can achieve success if it can be done anywhere in the world."

A FATAL FIRE.

Three Persons Burned to Death and Two Injured.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Oct. 6.—A fire took place here early Sunday morning which came near resulting in the destruction of an entire family. As it is three persons are dead and a fourth will probably die. The dead are: Mrs. John McBee, Ross McBee, aged 18 years; Charles McBee, aged 5 years. The injured are: John McBee, Bertha McBee, fatally. The residence burned was that of John McBee. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

Binghamton's Cigar Strike Ended.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The long and bitter struggle between the cigarmakers of this city and their employers ended last night. The men held a meeting and voted to declare the strike off. The fight has been the most disastrous ever experienced here. Two factories have been compelled to make assignments, and on the other side there has been much want and suffering among the families of the 3,000 men called out, many of them having been compelled to ask relief from the poormaster. It is fifteen weeks today since the strike was ordered. As some of the shops have been able to procure nearly all the men they need it will be difficult for many of the strikers to obtain employment here. It is reported that the conspiracy cases brought by the manufacturers against the leaders of the strike will be vigorously prosecuted.

He Routed Three Policemen.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Oct. 6.—Thomas F. Cusick's case against Chief of Police McGahey for an injunction to restrain the chief from nailing up his place of business because it was suspected that liquors were concealed there, was thrown out of court, and the chief cordially lectured by the opinion delivered by Judge Crozier. McGahey had an order from the court to seize the liquors if he found liquors were sold there. He did not find any liquor, but attempted to nail the place up. Cusick met him in the doorway with a hatchet, and put the chief and two policemen to flight. In his opinion Judge Crozier declared that the chief of police was an executive officer and with such an order in hand if liquor had been found it was his duty to call out the state militia to enforce the order.

THE LATEST STYLES of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $60. 8-21 1y

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in tower. I have as choice a line of large Kitchen stoves, last make, with improved smoker grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Rench Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made. 7-7

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrap per for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ain for them. They are good.

A Five Thousand Dollar Meal for Rats.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 6.—Steve Kopp, a miner, living on the Missouri river, below Chamberlain, S. D., for several years past has secreted his surplus cash in a cellar under his house instead of placing it in a bank. The pile had gradually accumulated until the total reached over $5,000 in greenbacks, in denominations of from $1 to $100. On visiting his secret hoard on Tuesday he found that rats and mice had burrowed in and chewed up the bills until they were entirely worthless.

Baseball Doings in the West.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 6.—H. L. Hach and R. H. Griffin have purchased a two-thirds interest in the Minneapolis Western Association team for $10,400. Mr. Hach already owns one-third of the stock, so he and Griffin are sole owners of the team. Sam G. Morton and Fred Gladu, the retiring stockholders, have secured an option on the St. Paul franchise from J. M. Potter and Phil Auer, and it is understood the transfer will occur today. The price at which the team is held is $10,000.

She Poisoned Her Friend.

ROME, Ga., Oct. 6.—Great excitement prevails here over the developments in the case of Mrs. Wimple, who was poisoned by her friend and neighbor, Mrs. Doss McKee, a handsome and attractive woman 28 years of age. All efforts to relieve Mrs. Wimple were unavailing, and she died Sunday afternoon. Mrs. McKee has not yet been arrested, but the police are searching for her.

Looking for Amos Bills.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 6.—John Bills, the father of Amos Bills, who murdered George Boats Saturday afternoon, has been arrested as an accessory, he having been an eye witness of the crime. A large posse has been searching the mountains all day for Amos Bills, who is still a fugitive.

He Fled from His Wife.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 6.—Julius Wolff, formerly station agent at the Birmingham Iron foundry, who disappeared several weeks ago, has written from Hamburg, Germany, to his late employers that he will not return. He says he fled to get rid of his uncongenial wife.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

LOOK!!

for the

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

NEXT WEEK.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address MISS. ALBERT, P. O. Box 1096.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,

Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice examined from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM

will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. F. BABCOCK

will receive pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a musical method of singing, as taught by Jean Hall, of Milan, and the Leipsic method (Giovanni Sgambati). Will also form a class in of pupils. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9-5 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON,

pupil of Professors Steffanone and Hall, will receive pupils in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professor Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S,

Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In connection with thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting methods with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Children will be received into the KINDERGARTEN CLASS in charge of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 7-26tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. Full corps of teachers. Miss E. S. KENYON, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

No. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. S. C. DUNCE, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner's English and Classical School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

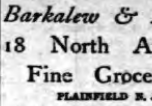
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE THREE B'S.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET and 28 Park avenue

P. O. Box 280.

FURNITURE AND PIANOS

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or vicinity. Piano moving a specialty.

Thompson Park,

NO. 12 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dusenberre.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Estey, Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt deliverance. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Nearly by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prod.,

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Case, 12 dozen pints(imported style)..15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED,

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Plainfield Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thorough and reliable line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My passengers will leave from the depot along Pemberton street to Watchungville, Beyond the borough limits the route will be

Crescent Avenue, 6:45, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 5:37 and 7:8 p. m. return trips go direct to the depot, connecting with the Lehigh Valley road. Leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m. Leave depot same hours and Front street.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:00, 8:15 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 6:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 2:40, 6:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 12:45 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd'1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:35, 5:54, 6:8, 6:40, 6:52, 7:08, 7:25, 7:40, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:50, 9:08, 9:20, 10:00, 10:30, a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 1:45, 2:07, 2:30, 2:45, 3:00, 3:15, 3:30, 3:45, 4:00, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 9:45, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 10:45, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30, 11:45, 12:00 p. m. Leave Elizabeth 10 minutes later. Leave New York at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:07, 9:40, 11:00, 11:58 a. m. 1:00, 2:30, 3:45, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 7:00, 8:38, 9:00, 11:15 p. m. Sunday at 11:40, 11:55 p. m. Leave Somerville at 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m. 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:07, 9:40, 11:00, 11:58 a. m. 1:00, 2:30, 3:45, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 7:00, 8:38, 9:00, 11:15 p. m. Sunday at 11:40, 11:55 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 9:40 a. m., 1:30, 5:00 p. m. Sunday at 11:55 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 7:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9:00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 8:05, a. m. for Phillipsburg, R. R. R. for Bethlehem, Manch Chunk 9:40 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Delaware Division R. R. to Scranton. 1:30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 4:30 p. m. For Dover, Mt. Arlington, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. 5:00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

For Flemington, 6:38 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8:00, p.m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays at 5:45 a.m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8:15 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8:05 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg and Pottsville 6:35 for Easton, Belvidere Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 12:01, 3:31, 5:32 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:22, a. m., 1:30 p.m. For Perth Amboy 3:37, 8:22, 10:00, 11:00, 12:01, 3:31, 5:32, 8:00, 11:55 p. m. Sunday 8:50, 1:30, 3:37 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3:37 a. m., 12:00 p. m.

For Freehold 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 1:00, 3:31 5:32, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3:37, 7:45, 8:22, 9:40, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:38, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:27, 9:46, 11:55 a. m., 7:00, 8:08, 8:54, 8:55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3:37, 9:46, 11:55 a. m., 12:01, 10:51, 11:55 p. m. Sundays at 1:27, 9:46, 11:55 a. m., 8:08, 8:54, 8:55 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave, and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:56 a. m. train. Rounds Hillside ave, and Broadway, Broadway 1, 8th st., to Second place; to Crescent ave; to Park ave; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.36 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.32 do.
4th do	10.05	do	10.32 do.
5th do	11.00	do	11.36 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.36 p.m. do
7th do	1.00	do	2.13 & 2.38 p. m.
8th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.13 & 2.38 p. m.
9th do	2.30 do	To the Post Offices.	
10th do	3.30 do	to meet 3.41 p. m. train.	
11th do	4.30 do	do	4.39 do
12th do	5.30 do	do	5.37 do
13th do	6.45 do	do	7.08 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and will make return trips over above routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.27, 9.26, 10.16, 11.30 a. m. 12.31, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Reading, Wet Cleaning of woolen and cotton blankets and comforts a specialty. Orders left at 7th street and Park avenue, or at residence, 104 West Front street, will receive prompt attention.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Bound Brook and Middlebush at 7:30 a. m., 1:30 and 5:30 p. m. Returning will leave Bound Brook at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Somerville at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Somerville at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Dunellen at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Dunellen at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Bonhamtown at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Bonhamtown at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Scotch Plains at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Scotch Plains at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Fanwood at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Fanwood at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Westfield at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Westfield at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Metuchen at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Metuchen at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Rahway at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Rahway at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Elizabeth at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Elizabeth at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Newark at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Newark at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Jersey City at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Jersey City at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hoboken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hoboken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Weehawken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Weehawken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hackensack at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hackensack at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Paterson at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Paterson at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Passaic at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Passaic at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Clifton at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Clifton at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Bloomfield at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Bloomfield at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Montclair at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Montclair at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for East Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave East Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for West Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave West Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for South Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave South Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Irvington at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Irvington at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Newark at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Newark at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Jersey City at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Jersey City at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hoboken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hoboken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Weehawken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Weehawken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hackensack at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hackensack at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Paterson at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Paterson at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Passaic at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Passaic at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Clifton at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Clifton at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Bloomfield at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Bloomfield at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Montclair at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Montclair at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for East Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave East Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for West Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave West Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for South Orange at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave South Orange at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Irvington at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Irvington at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Newark at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Newark at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Jersey City at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Jersey City at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hoboken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hoboken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Weehawken at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Weehawken at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Hackensack at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Hackensack at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Paterson at 8:30 a. m., 2:30 and 6:30 p. m. Returning will leave Paterson at 9:30 a. m., 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Stages will leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street and Rossmore and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, for Passaic at 8:30 a. m., 2:30

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FOR THE ENTERTAINMENT AND INSTRUCTION OF GIRLS AND BOYS.

Experiment of the Two Little Hohenzollerns While Out for a Canter on Their Matchless White Ponies One Fine Summer Afternoon.

The elder two of Emperor William's sons show as yet little of their imperial father's cold and domineering disposition. In their friendliness they much more resemble their gentle grandfather, the late Emperor Frederick. One afternoon, tells a writer in Wide Awake, the two little Hohenzollerns were out for a canter when they came on a peasant lad, well mounted, who was galloping by. The crown prince immediately touched up his spirited little steed, and springing forward tried to outride the country boy, but all in vain. The latter, with the true spirit of Hessian independence, so urged on his beast that he soon shot ahead, then turning round he waved his cap in the air to the royal lads on the snowy ponies and vanished out of sight. Frederick William was manly enough to take his discomfiture in good humor, and courteous enough to return the salutation of the stranger with smiles of admiration.

THE PRINCES AND THEIR IMPERIAL FATHER.

After a long ride the princes were hurrying home, when suddenly they encountered an old Hessian peasant woman carrying a monstrous collection of dried brushwood on her back, which so covered her that her figure was scarcely to be perceived. "Ach," exclaimed Prince Eitel to his brother, "look yonder. Fritz, the forest is moving. There is certainly a marchen (fairy) here." But as they approached nearer the old peasant woman, peering out beneath the dried wood, dropped her load and stood before the boys, her old careworn face all aglow, her eyes filling with tears of loyal affection and her lips murmuring endless blessings on their fair young heads. The boys, laughing at their childish fears and funny mistake, begged to be allowed to empty their joint tiny purses into the trembling palm of the poor wood gatherer, *and this done they galloped off* to the castle, having proved themselves to be the genuine "marchen." The picture here presented of the two little princes on their white ponies and the Emperor William is from a recent painting by the distinguished artist M. Lubke, and originally reproduced in this country for the benefit of The Wide Awake's readers.

A Curious Story of a Frog.

In a tank in the museum of the New York hospital, tells a correspondent in Harper's Young People, were kept a frog, seven turtles and a young alligator, the latter being about ten inches long. This mixed family got along very smoothly during the winter. The frog perched himself on the top of a piece of wood that floated in the tank. At night the little turtles and the baby alligator would settle themselves beside the frog, and slip into the water again for the day. During the entire winter the frog never moved, but sprawled on the stick, his eyes pointing straight up, nor did he all the time taste a morsel of food. But toward the end of May he slipped from the bit of wood, and took his place at the bottom of the tank. Shortly after this, one of the hospital officials looked into the tank, and found there only six turtles instead of seven. Each day there was one less, until only one turtle remained. At this point a watch was kept, and this is what was seen:

The frog was in his place, perfectly motionless, and the turtle was going round and round looking for its lost friends. At last it went over to where the frog lay, and settled itself for the night. Then the frog was seen to give a bound swift as lightning, and to compose himself again in his motionless attitude. But no turtle was to be seen. The frog had fairly jumped outside of the turtle. Nothing now remained except the frog and the alligator. One morning it was discovered that the alligator was missing. "There," said some one, "the frog isn't the thief this time, that's sure." "Isn't he, though?" replied Professor Ferguson. "Look here." There was the frog, sitting back, and contorted in the most comical way. Out of his mouth hung about two inches of the alligator's tail and part of the head. He had with nice precision seized it by the middle when it was performing some graceful curve.

A Miller Who Lived on the River Dee.

THE JOLLY MILLER.

A miller lived upon the river Dee.
He was a jolly man, and all day long
He sang and sang and never stopped his chorus song;
I wish with all my heart that we could see
Never people like him; blithe indeed was he,
And envied by the poor, but pitied strongly, strange,
Loved by the people that he lived among
Till there for one, or one, or more for me."
Was, it is true, the burden of his lay.
But sung by him it seemed not just the same
That it would seem if it were sung another day
By some one else, perhaps. I think that we
Should thus interpret the good miller's aim.
"I care for all, and all do care for me."
—St. Nicholas.

Adornment of Handkerchiefs.

Novelty in the way of the adornment of handkerchiefs includes those with flowers embroidered in their natural colors, also those on which the three initials are embroidered in a different color. Other handkerchiefs are edged with real black lace, or have a black lace insertion or lace applique on the centers.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

LONDON, PARIS AND NEW YORK FASHIONS IN DRESS.

A Stylish English Tailor Made Gown in Blue Diagonal Cloth—Popular Tight Fitting Jackets Braided Closely All Over with Narrow Braid.

Ordinary tailor made gowns are most simply arranged, the skirts gathered closely at the middle of the back. The jacket bodices frequently have one long sewer, and sometimes a velvet collar makes them more complete. These jackets are always lined with silk. Our cut shows a blue diagonal cloth gown, with double breasted jacket bodies with stepped lapels, and cut quite low to show a white front and standing collar.

Tight fitting jackets are becoming more popular with English women than the straight, loose fronted ones. Some have

BLUE DIAGONAL CLOTH GOWN.

high collar and back cut all in one. Many of navy blue serge, with large sleeves put in very full at the shoulder, are braided closely all over with narrow black braid. The collar is braided to match inside and out. Just now many leading women of fashion are wearing these blue serge gowns, hung as plainly as possible, with several rows of neat stitching around the skirts and the jackets braided as described.

Though tight fitting bodices are supplied, silk or gambric shirts—blouses, they are called—are much worn with these skirts. These blouses are variously made, tucked finely in rows reaching from neck to bust, with the full sleeves drawn together by tucks just above the elbow at the back of the arm, and the high collar tucked also, and with embroidery as a yoke and full sleeves.

A Light Wrap for the Demi-Season.

Already models of light wraps for the demi-season are appearing, and we here present one of a very dressy French manufacture.

This is a cape in beige colored cashmere, tucked at the edge and combined with a long front plastron in satin Merveilleux,

A FRENCH MANTELET.

covered with gold or black open gimp work, which is also used for the high Medici collar and the pointed yoke at the back. Two rows of copper colored pongee silk describe a point at the back, extend as low as a cape to the waist, and are carried over the shoulders down to the front, to allow the top flounce to spread in a cascade nearly to the knee.

A Parisienne Ruff.

A frahse or ruff of tulle worn high around the neck is the caprice of the moment with Parisiennes, to be worn with low necked evening dresses as well as with high day dresses. It is a thickly plaited ruche of tulle—black, white or colored, with dots of chenille upon it—made nearly long enough to encircle the neck, and is tied behind by a ribbon bow with long ends reaching almost to the foot of the dress.

Fashion Notes.

Breteilles of lace or of embroidery are worn on the bodices of dressy gowns; they are sloped quite narrow at the waist, and broader at the shoulders to droop over full sleeves. They are often used to heighten the tops of sleeves not full enough for the present style.

Diamond epaulets are comparatively new. These take the form of bows and buckles, and sometimes have the *effect of* Psyche wings.

Medici collars are cut much smaller than they were last season.

Colored pearls are extensively used. In brooches of geometric forms and in long lacings small colored pearls are set to a great advantage.

Leather trimming studded with steel or gilt will be worn on winter garments, and extra jackets of supple leather are blanked so.

There is a sudden and marked popularity in flower jewelry of deep tinted gold, usually uniting a diamond to the center.

THREE HOUSES IN ONE.

A Triple Cottage of Five Appartments Which Was Built for $6,000.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

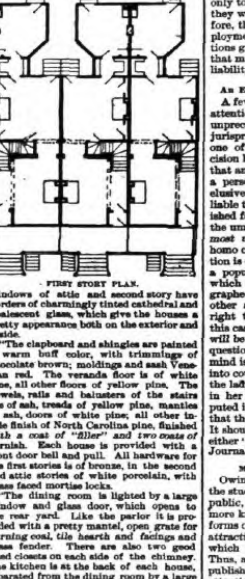
Mr. Worrywell owned a lot on New street which gave him much trouble. He didn't want to let it lie idle, and he didn't want to build little, cheap looking cottages on it. Finally he consulted his architect, Mr. Tasquare. An evening or two later Mr. Tasquare called with sketches of a building which would relieve Mr. Worrywell from his dilemma.

"I have concluded," said the architect, "to design a group of three cottages and treat the group as one large structure, and sometimes a velvet collar makes them more complete. These jackets are always lined with silk. Our cut shows a blue diagonal cloth gown, with double breasted jacket bodies with stepped lapels, and cut quite low to show a white front and standing collar.

FRONT ELEVATION.

in appearance to Mr. Harris's dwelling. *I have allowed eighteen inches on each of* the buildings for the projections of the cornices, and divide the remainder into three equal lots. Again, deducting two feet and six inches for the thickness of walls, we have 14 feet 8 2-3 inches in the clear for the net width of each house. There is a cellar 7 feet 6 inches in depth under the entire building, with a concrete floor. The foundation walls and chimneys to the roof are of hard brick laid in cement mortar; chimneys above the roof of pressed brick, laid in the same manner.

The building above the foundation walls is of wood; all framing timber and sheathing lumber of spruce; the studding of outside walls and supporting partitions, 2 by 4, minor partitions, 2 by 3, placed 16 from centers; floor beams, 2 by 10, 16 from centers; rafters, 2 by 7, 16 from centers. The outside walls and roofs of the entire building are sheathed with tongued and grooved ⅞ by 6 lumber, and covered with waterproof sheathing paper. The cornices, belt courses, veranda finish doors, door and window frames, cornices and window sash, clapboards and shingles of white pine. The lower story of the building is clapboarded, the second story and attic walls shingled. The valleys, flashings about chimneys and linings of gutters and all leaders of tin. The roofs of veranda and kitchen extensions of tin; all other roofs of slate. The sashes in the front



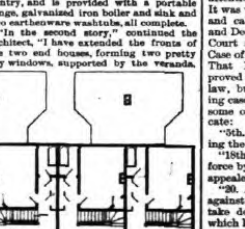
FIRST STORY PLAN.

windows of attic and second story have borders of charmingly tinted cathedral and opalescent glass, which give the houses a pretty appearance both on the exterior and inside.

"The clapboard and shingles are painted a warm buff color, with trimmings of chocolate brown; moldings and sash Venetian red. The veranda floor is of white pine, all other floors of yellow pine. The newels, rails and balusters of the stairs are of ash, treads of yellow pine, mantles of ash, doors of white pine; all other inside finish of North Carolina pine, finished with *a coat of "Elbert"* and two coats of varnish. Each house is provided with a front door bell and pull. All hardware for the first stories is of bronze, in the second and attic stories of white porcelain, with brass faced mortise locks.

"The dining room is lighted by a large window and glass door, which opens to the rear yard. Like the parlor it is provided with a pretty mantel, open grate for burning coal, tile hearth and facings and brass fender. There are also two good sized closets on each side of the chimney. The kitchen is at the back of each house, separated from the dining room by a large pantry, and is provided with a portable range, galvanized iron boiler and sink and two earthenware washtubs, all complete.

"In the second story," continued the architect, "I have extended the fronts of the two end houses, forming two pretty bay windows, supported by the veranda



SECOND STORY PLAN.

while the middle house has an open balcony with a neat railing, which gives variety and a picturesque effect to the whole. The bathroom is fitted up in the usual way, with a plentiful supply of hot and cold water, set bowl, bath tub and porcelain water closet, and is supplied with hot and cold water.

"In the attic story I have a large chamber in front, with two small bedrooms in the rear, lighted by dormer windows. The roof railing, which gives variety and a picturesque effect to the whole, from the street, and the waste from the bathroom, sink and water closets, and is supplied with hot and cold water.

"In the attic story I have a large chamber in front, with two small bedrooms in the rear, lighted by dormer windows. The roof railing, which gives variety and a picturesque effect to the whole. The bathroom is fitted up in the usual way, with a plentiful supply of hot and cold water, set bowl, bath tub and porcelain water closet

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD P. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held May 8th, 1890, it was resolved, that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, as

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 20 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
1st Ward	725 votes.	15	delegates.
3d "	173 "	3	"
6th "	338 "	7	"
7th "	392 "	8	"
8th "	177 "	3	"
Linden	232 "	4	"
Total		37	

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
2d Ward	349 votes.	5	delegates.
4th "	208 "	4	"
5th "	584 "	12	"
Union	147 "	3	"
Springfield	84 "	2	"
Summit	210 "	4	"
Cranford	140 "	3	"
New Providence	55 "	1	"
Total		34	

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Railway—			
1st Ward	116 votes.	2	delegates.
2d "	139 "	3	"
3d "	298 "	6	"
4th "	138 "	3	"
Clark	40 "	1	"
Plainfield—			
1st Ward	260 "	5	"
2d "	259 "	5	"
3d "	235 "	5	"
4th "	271 "	5	"
Fanwood	149 "	3	"
Westfield	283 "	6	"
Total		65	

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the Chairman of the said Conventions in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER FELTER, Jr.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Senator, Member of Assembly, Sheriff, Clerk and three Coroners, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at seven o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminsterville.

Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.

Branchburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.

Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.

Franklin—Bulisner's Hotel, East Millstone.

Hillsborough—Devendorf's Store, Frankfort.

Montgomery—Harlingen Hotel, Harlingen.

North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.

Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co, Ex. Com.
Dated September 20, 1890.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican Voters are requested to meet at the places and dates mentioned below for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention and assembly conventions and the choosing of two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward.

The first ward will meet at the Association House East Front street, Tuesday evening, October 7th, at 7.30 o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The second ward will meet at Bryant Hall Building, East Sixth street, on Thursday evening, October 9th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The third ward will meet at the Association House East Front street, on Tuesday evening, October 7th, at 8.30 o'clock, and is entitled to five delegates to each convention.

The fourth ward will meet at Association House on Wednesday evening, October 8th, at 8 o'clock and is entitled to six delegates to each convention.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

J. B. DUNHAM, Chairman.
J. B. COWARD, Secretary.
September 29, 1890.

"Brother" Schivers is the name of the man who has purchased the building on 129 New Brunswick avenue, who needed in the told they were sinners, to attend a meeting held in the open house at New Brunswick, at 6 o'clock in the morning (a. m.) Sunday.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE REGULAR MEETING FOR OCTOBER.

Hillside Avenue Accepted as a Public Street.—An Electric Railway Franchise Asked For.—Stopping the Expense for Water Works Engineer.

The city Common Council met in regular session at 8:35 o'clock last evening. When City Clerk Coward called the roll, President Moffett and Councilmen Hetfield, Newhall, Jenkins, Johnston, Roberts, Radmore, Smith and Spangenberg responded. Councilmen Dunham and Gallup were absent.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Voorhees Laing petitioned for the privilege of erecting a barn on Washington street. The matter was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings with power.

The Hillside Cemetery Company in a communication requested Council to accept Cemetery avenue as a street.

Councilman Smith explained that the above-mentioned thoroughfare had just recently been opened; that it extended from Park avenue to Hillside avenue; that the thoroughfare had but recently been graded at a cost of about $4,000 and was in good condition to be accepted by the city as a street. The matter was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. R. J. Shaw and others petitioned for a light on East Front street. The matter was referred to the Committee on Public Lights with power.

The Plainfield Construction Company in a communication asked permission of Council to build an electric railway. The document was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Carl Kaarth petitioned Council for the privilege of building a new shed on East Second street. The petition was referred to the Committee on Streets with power.

In a communication Mayor Male appointed Charles Fredrickson and W. B. Mattox as special policeman. The nominations were confirmed.

The monthly reports of the City Collector and Treasurer were read and referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr Newhall in presenting the eighth report of the Water Company stated that it was unfortunately impossible to give any definite information about the Water Works matter, and presented the following correspondence.

To the Water Board of the City of Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN:—We understand that at a conference between the executive body and the counsel for Mr. Moore and the Water Works Co., held Monday evening, it was agreed that a franchise ordinance, giving the Plainfield Water Supply Co., for the construction of water works would be the proper basis of further negotiations on this matter. We have accordingly considered the matter carefully, and have come to the conclusion personally and in conference between the Water Works Co., and the City, made in December last, and that we are ready to close with the city, although they would no doubt make it difficult to obtain capital to build the works, and make the best effectively to dispose the value of securities issued by a Company subject to the terms of such objects, however, soon to be attained by the contract are these:

1. The construction of water works capable of giving the city at all times a plentiful supply of pure and wholesome water.

2. Furnishing to the city with 250 hydrants for use in extinguishing fires, and such additional hydrants from time to time as the growth of the city may require, in the judgment of the Common Council; the charges for hydrants for a period of ten years after the completion of the works to be $15 each per year.

3. The good quality of the water to be constantly maintained, and the rates for consumers to be reasonable.

The schedule of rates set out in the contract of December 27 is for the most part fair, but a few changes of minor importance should be made in it. The guarantee contains safeguards sufficiently all that can reasonably be expected and our Company is ready and willing to enter into contract with the city based thereon, and to proceed at once to construct the works.

It should be added that our company has recently negotiated with the Plainfield company and Mr. Moore, and is now in position to obtain a title to the property at Scherwood on which twenty wells have been sunk and a pumping station is in course of erection. We have also secured the Water Supply, and our charter confers unquestionable authority to construct the works without applying for any additional grant. A committee of our Board of Directors—consisting of Messrs. John W. Murray, O. T. Wright and the vice-president have been appointed, and will be pleased to confer with your honorable body at your convenience.

THE PLAINFIELD WATER SUPPLY CO.
By Frank P. Bergen, President.
Sept. 19, 1890.

Mr. Newhall then presented a resolution to the effect that the proposition of Mr. Hering be accepted and that the services of the resident engineer be discontinued.

Mr. Hetfield objected to the passage of the resolution on the ground that he thought it had a deeper meaning, and preferred that it be referred to the Corporation Counsel for his opinion as to whether or not it would be advisable to change the original contract.

Mr. Newhall stated that Mr. Hering's communication was dictated by Corporation Counsel.

Mr. Hetfield—Nevertheless, I would prefer to have his opinion in writing as a matter of record.

Mr. Radmore thought it would be unfair to cut Mr. Hering to pay $150 for nothing. He said that Mr. Hering had acted in a friendly way to the city and hoped that the city would consider it in such a light.

Mr. Hetfield still adhered to his opinion that Council had no right to violate the original contract.

Mr. Smith thought that Mr. Hering's proposition was a fair one and that it should be accepted, inasmuch as Mr. Hering promised to re-instate the resident engineer as soon as the work was resumed.

Mr. Newhall thought that it was unnecessary to consult the Corporation Counsel, as the city could not be held responsible for the acts of Mr. Hering's proposition, and that it was an honorable move on his part, as it saved the city $250 per month.

After some further discussion the motion was carried.

On motion of Mr Hetfield the report of the Commissioners appointed to assess benefits and damages on Orchard place was accepted, and the same Commissioners were continued.

Mr. Spangenberg moved that three lights be located on Wesgate avenue. It was so ordered.

Mr. Smith moved that Cemetery avenue be accepted as a street. It was so ordered.

Mr. Smith introduced an ordinance to condemn a Cemetery avenue. It was read for the first and second time, ordered engrossed and duly advertised.

Mr. Smith asked the consent of Council to proceed with the work immediately.

President Moffett declared the motion out of order.

The ordinance to condemn Hillside avenue was adopted on its final passage.

On motion of Mr. Newhall the tax books of the collector, examined at this last meeting, were approved.

Mr. Newhall offered a resolution to the effect that the Committee on Fire and Buildings be authorized to purchase a steam whistle to be used as a fire alarm, the cost not to exceed $300.

After considerable discussion the motion was lost.

The Auditing Committee reported the various bills correct, and warrants were ordered drawn therefor, the total aggregating some $6,000.

On motion the treasurer was instructed to borrow $500 on account of poor fund.

The treasurer was also instructed to cancel the note of $3,000 now due.

The meeting then adjourned.

HYPNOTISM IN PLAINFIELD.

The Wonderful Power as Shown by a Master.

Prof. Reynolds, the hypnotist, who so interested his audience at each of his former visits in Plainfield, gave a very successful entertainment last evening, for one week, at Reform Hall, before quite a large audience, considering the stormy weather.

He had five people on the platform at one time, among whom were two young women. The subjects under his hypnotic influence were led at his suggestion to imagine all sorts of ridiculous things. One man shook hands with another supposing him to be his own sister. Another spoke through an imaginary telephone. Another scrambled over the floor like the proverbial gold dollars, with which he filled his pockets, and manifested the utmost astonishment when restored to find his pockets empty.

Many other interesting exhibits of the professor's power were given excited much wonderment on the audience while fairly convulsed with laughter.

Each evening there is to be a new series of fantasy the Professor.

A Very Novel and Pleasing Play at Music Hall.

The curtain of the Music Hall lifted last evening on the first take place that ever has been presented in Plainfield, and an enthusiastic audience expressed its approbation of the play and players of "A Dark Secret" by frequent and vociferous applause. The company and piece are the identical ones that held the boards by its run of over one hundred nights at the Academy of Music, New York city. An experienced engineer and the stage hands have been busy in preparing the great tank for the presentation of the Hanly regatta, and the result was an aquatic spectacle which it is claimed has never been equaled upon any stage.

The company is composed of excellent material, which gives a very enjoyable and well finished presentation.

Among the impersonations are George Horner, the champion oarsman of New England. The tank used in the regatta scene occupies 1,150 feet of the stage, and is flooded with 5,000 cubic feet of water varying from eight to ten feet in depth, upon which may be seen real steam and row boats.

"A Dark Secret" despite the unpleasant weather promises well for this evening.

Change of Street Grades Working Hardships.

There is considerable indignation along Central and Madison avenues over the changes being made in the grades.

We have several communications on the subject, the substance of which is that the citizens feel that a wrong has been done them and that they expect redress.

The grades were made to conform to the directions of former Common Councils and their Street Commissioner, which the present Commissioner insists are all wrong, and probably by the direction of the Street Committee, has ordered the sidewalks cut down to an old grade much lower than the roadbed according to one correspondent, who continues thus:

Many of our sidewalks are much lower now than the crown of the street, so much so that they are impassible for pedestrians after nearly every heavy storm. I went to the trouble to raise my sidewalk up to conform to the crown of the street in order to keep it from under water in times of showers and slush in Winter. This was no small task, as some of my six feet flagging will weigh from 500 to 600 pounds, and now, it is demanded that the walks are cut down to an old grade that is from six to twenty-four inches below the crown of the streets and sidewalks. Is that consistent? Most people do not desire to be ugly about public affairs, and have in some instances deeded their walks and curb stones down to according to order, lowering them nearly to the bottom of the walls, and nearly one-foot below the crown of the driveway. Some have refuse to grade them down as long as the crown of the street is high. This is one of the many things that impair the beauty of our streets; and obstructs foot travelers in time of heavy rains. Such is the case in the Madison avenue. There few planes will fit up to the level of the street-bed, as they now are. A visit to the locality will convince anybody of the impropriety of changing. We don't want up and down walks, and the crown of the street is high enough. Please call attention to this abominable but to fill up those deposits and cover the walks. Water will remain in the low places."

THE CAREY APPEAL CASE

COUNSELLOR BERGEN'S REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S BRIEF.

Showing How the Triumph of the Combine Infamy Would Demoralize the Police Force.—Hasn't it Already?—The Suspension Court's Decision Expected Quick and Decisive for Chief Carey.

REPLY TO BRIEF FOR DEFENDANTS.

In his argument for the defendants, counsel prudently ignores the act of 1881, page 185, which prevents, and was intended to prevent, the arbitrary dismissal of competent persons. The whims, passions, prejudices and political notions upon which the tenure of office of policemen formerly depended were by the statute deprived of their power to demoralize the police force of cities. The present case is a conspicuous instance showing the wisdom of the statute. Here two influential members of the Board of Police were aiding and abetting a liquor dealer in violating the ordinances of the city, and upon being detected by the Chief of Police proceeded to depose him from office and to diminish the force and value of his testimony as a witness for the city in the pending prosecution of the proprietor of the hotel. It would be difficult to conceive what could be more "subversive of all discipline in the police department," or more effectually destroy its efficiency than the success of such an enterprise.

Counsel puts two or three imaginary cases, and inquires what would be done in case a majority of a police board were incompetent to sit in a particular instance. It is sufficient to say that we are not dealing with such a case at present. Three was a quorum of the Board competent to sit impartially on the hearing of the charges against the prosecutor and to accord to him his statutory right to a fair trial. If there had not been a quorum competent to sit, the matter could have been referred to the Common Council, and some other steps taken to protect the rights of the prosecutor. The fact that a quorum of the board were competent to sit, and did sit, in the case does not diminish the force of the objection to the competency of the two members who had no right to sit. Their presence vitiated the whole proceeding, because it denied to the prosecutor a fair trial. State, Wissan Pros., v. Crane, 7 Vr. 394.

It should be remembered that the Police Board not only proceeded to find the prosecutor guilty; but by imposing a sentence of suspension gave all the effect in their power to the unjust trial. The offer to submit proofs of the incompetency of Moffett and Hetfield to sit at the hearing, made in the challenge, Case page 3, was refused in the very motion by which the challenge was received, Case page 7, line 10. The Board presumably ignored the advice of the corporation counsel during the whole proceeding, and took care that their conclusion should not come before the Common Council for review.

It is conceded on the part of the defendants, that "It it were true in any just sense, that Elmore D. Moffett acted at one and the same time as party and judge, his conduct would be utterly indefensible, and his vote would, of course, be a nullity." It is true that the counsel goes on to argue that while Mr. Moffett did sign the charges he thought he was merely performing the ministerial act of reducing to writing the complaints made by others. Mr. Moffett, however, does not say that any one requested him to reduce the charges to writing. A leading question induced him to say "yes" to a plausible statement of Mr "position," Case page 28; but the fact appears all over the case, too plain to be considered by any candid mind of record, that Moffett is the real complainant seeking by means of his influence and authority in the Board to gratify his hostility to the prosecutor. It is true that mere formalities and technicalities may well be disregarded in a Municipal Board not versed in the law, but in this case the very substance of the prosecutor's right to a fair trial was denied to him.

FRANK BERGEN,
Counsel for Prosecutor.

PERSONAL.

Mrs Josephine Uhrbahn, of Somerset street, North Plainfield, has returned home after a brief stay with her aunt, in Brooklyn.

Presbytery of Elizabeth met at Lamington to-day. Dr Ketcham and Messrs. Richards and Honeyman from this city were present.

Mr. George C. Martin of Eighth street recently started in business in Kansas City, Mo. He has had careful thing success that he has decided to locate there. With that end in view he visited Plainfield Saturday and on Sunday departed with his family, excepting his oldest son, who remains for a month to settle up his father's affairs Mrs. Martin, who is in delicate health, hopes for improvement in the great Western grain centre. Mr. Martin has been a successful New York grain broker, but regards the West as the great grain field of the county.

Saturday morning, Miss Marion G. Hance, eldest daughter of Mr. S. A. Hance, of Netherwood, and Mr. Constantine P. Ralli, eldest son of the late P. C. Ralli of London, were united in marriage in the beautiful Netherwood chapel, in the presence of a distinguished assemblage of Plainfield people. Rev. S. P. Simpson, the rector, assisted by Rev. George Vandervoort of St. Andrew's, New York officiating. The bride is a charming and very popular belle of Netherwood Heights, where her father has a most delightful home. The father is the President of the National Travelers' Protective Association, and is frequently a speaker in Reform Hall, on the subject of temperance. The groom is the manager of the banking house of Brown Brothers & Co., New York city. After no usual wedding trip it is understood the young couple will reside in Netherwood.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

To select delegates to attend the Union County Republican Convention will be held at Republican headquarters this evening.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

The October Term Opened This Morning.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 7th (Special).—The October term of the Union County Court opened here this morning. There was a large attendance owing to the races of the New Jersey Jockey Club. All the grand jurors were present. The Grand Jury was sworn in and immediately proceeded to business. It is composed as follows:

GRAND JURY.

Job. S. Crane, foreman; John B. Morton, Theo B Budd, Edward C. Woodruff, Hampton C. Williams, William M. Sanford, Stewart H. Whitney, Isaac W. Rushmore, A. M. Runyon, M. T. Gray, Jonathan Woodruff, S. F. Hall, Antoine Lounsbery, R. F. Terry, R. B. Heron, C. A. Smith, F. W. Clark, E. M. Burnett, A. P. Crater, W. B. Crazenhill, E. R. Morehouse, F. N. Brown, Peter Melothy and Michael Dunning.

The Boys' Club Opened.

The Boys' Club at Central Hall was opened in a most successful manner last evening. The weather was unfavorable, but quite a number of interested patrons were in attendance. Mr. A. M. Powell presided. Superintendent Collins and John C. Collins were present and addressed the meeting. He praised the Plainfield Boys' Club which he said was, with the exception of the Club at Worcester, Mass., the finest in the country. He also explained briefly the workings of Boys' Clubs. Mr. Wm. J Leonard and Rev Herbert Clark asked pertinent questions which Mr. Collins fully answered.

Next Monday evening Mr. Collins will again be present. Games and books will also be on hand that evening. All boys can now enter. Messrs. Wm. L. Patton and W. B. Wadsworth will be at the club rooms this evening to take the names of all who wish to enter and to give them tickets.

Only 15 More Subscribers Needed.

The Plainfield Choral Society held its first Autumnal meeting in Vincent chapel last evening. In spite of the atmosphere which surcharged with dampness was chilling it aroused in a successfully disagreeable manner, a large proportion of the members were present.

Musical Conductor Fitzhugh was present and received a warm welcome. President Hand, while thanking the members for graciously the voices of the numerous applicants in a few rooms, delivered to the members present a pleasant talk. One new lady was also received and the Society upon its success last year, and promised success this year. Mr. Hand, Mr. Fitzhugh, with whom we closed our season, and which caused the treasurer and Society to offer, and the Society lose of trouble was the largest in the history of the Society but one year we will have that as our record. Only fifteen more members to fill the numbers will be the limit, and of these they already had 140. Only 15 more were needed.

The programme of the season promises a delightful treat to music lovers. The President's remarks received hearty applause. Conductor Fitzhugh, in the name of the successful applicants were read and they had been unanimously elected members, made a few remarks in his usual happy style, after which the society took up its usual duties.

Law Violators.

Mary Drake, and Jane Lucsolle, both of North Plainfield, were arrested by Marshals Rutledge and Baurascahs last evening for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. They appeared before Justice Hardy this morning, were sentenced to 30 days in jail and taken to Somerville on the 10 a. m. train. They resisted so violently, while on the way to the tram, that handcuffs were found necessary.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A PINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Crescent church Excellent table. Reasonable rates. Address "House" care of EVENING NEWS. 6-4-tfs

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 52 West Front street. 27-13

FOR SALE—A Safety bicycle. In guaranteed A 1 condition. If bought within ten days will be sold for $75 cash. Address "O" care of EVENING NEWS. 4-3

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, cheap. Perfect condition. Ridden six weeks. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield. 10-3d

FOR RENT—Small house, Possession within a few weeks. Rent $12. Desirable location, 10 minutes walk from depot. Address Henry D. Morrison, care Look Box 1. 6-5

FOR SALE—At a bargain. First-class coach and heavy double harness, gold mounted at Homan's carriage manufactory, Somerset street. 7-3

GIRL wanted for general housework. References required 21 sycamore ave. 6-3

HALF of double house, furnished or unfurnished, near depot station. Turner low, Box 59, Netherwood, N. J. 6-3

LOST from 8 Second place, large black kitten. Reward for its return.

TO LET—Third story and cellar also new 2 story for sale. Enquire 81 and 83 Somerset street. 6-4

WANTED—Coachman and gardener. References. Apply A. W. Haviland, 28 Rockview avenue. Call after supper.

WANTED—Cook and laundress, or girl for general housework. References. Apply A. W. Haviland, 28 Rockview avenue.

WANTED—A light farm wagon. Address Box 1, West Fourth street. 7-3

WANTED—A young fresh milk cow. Address No. 1 West Fourth street. 7-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. References required. Call 16 Day street.

WANTED—Immediately, a reliable man for gardening and stable work. Must understand horses and cows, and come well recommended. Apply at 9 o'clock p. m., to E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 7-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Must be good cook. Address Mrs. J. D. W., care of EVENING NEWS. 6-3

LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"

THE NEW TARIFF is in full effect to-day, Oct. 6th. The cry is higher prices. We are receiving circulars from Importers, announcing that all future orders will be subject to new tariff.

OUR HOUSE has been fortunate in securing large supplies before the high prices go into effect, and will continue to sell at old prices as long as the present stock holds out. Some NOBLE LARGE CURT. Ends have just come in that are being offered LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!" Note the figures:

95c, $1, $1.25, $1.35 $1.50 $1.65, $1.75, $2, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $2.65, $3, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

Also a lot of Linen Napkins at less than old prices. YOU can save money by investigating the LOW PRICES at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But they won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and buy your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE—FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us so Leap us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

AT

V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are becoming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 2-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, colored for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, black for $1.48.

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Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and House-keeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

BAZAAR and Entertainment.

Under the Auspices of the

Ladies' Aid Society,

OF

HOPE CHAPEL,

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Evenings,

OCT. 7th and 8th.

ADMISSION - - 10 Cents.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Monday and Tuesday

OCT. 6th and 7th.

Jefferson & Taylor's Grand Aquatic Spectacle

"A Dark Secret."

With the original cast, scenery and realistic effects. The new Hanly Regatta Scene, real boats racing in and steam launches on a river of real water. George Horner, the popular oarsman, in the winning shell. The Herbert Brothers, the heaviest gymnasts in the world. The Mendora Quartette in vocal selections. The realistic drowning scene, the sensation of a lifetime.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Friday.

REFORM HALL

Hypnotism or Mesmerism.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS,

The celebrated HYPNOTIST, in his wonderful Entertainment, creating intense excitement and roars of laughter.

EVERY NIGHT

and

Saturday Matinee

AT PERSON'S HARDWARE COMPANY, 43 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

CHOIR BOYS.—Three more soprano voices are wanted to train for the choir of the Presbyterian church, North Plains. Boys under 12 years of age, having good voices and sufficiently fond of music to go through considerable practice in vocal training and learning to read music, may apply to Prof. Lincoln Hulley, 99 Washington avenue, on Thursday, Oct. 9th, at 4:30. All meetings for practice are held at a convenient place in Plainfield, and not in North Plains, except on Sundays. The boys sing only at the morning service. 6-2

CLAIRVOYANT.—Mr. Edwards having entirely recovered from her severe illness, is now able to see her patrons again on and after Wednesday, October 1st, 1890, at the City Hotel, Room 4 one flight up. From 2 to 5 o'clock p. m. Ladies, 50c to $1; gentlemen $1. After this we can be consulted all day. 30-1w*

DUNELLEN.—All persons who wish to join the North American Endowment Association of Dunellen, N. J., can obtain a copy of the by-laws of the Oley and make out an application, before their next meeting, Tuesday evening, Oct. 7th, when the charter will be closed. 6-3

FRENCH AND GERMAN.—Lessons given privately by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first of Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislature, is the Berlitz method it is the teachers who do the work. The learner, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Vivien, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 393. 10-6w

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsey's. Also a lot of greenhouse bulbs. Best designs of office conducted by Mrs. Lindsey, 91 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and stockman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries always on hand. Agent for stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar. Sweet grade ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELD.—Plainfield people and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop on Somerset street, next to Smalley & Cole. 6-24-1y

ON AND AFTER, SATURDAY, Oct 7th, the office of the late Dr. Titsworth at 105 E. Front street will be occupied by Dr. S. S. Jones recently of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m; at 12 noon; from 5 to 7:30 p. m. 6-6

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for fall to last; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view of ocean at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-30-1y

AUCTION!!

For the sale of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

For MRS. C. B. PERRY, 128 East Second street, by

ADJOURNED

to

Thursday, Oct. 9th,

at 10 o'clock.

Sale positive, rain or shine.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer. 6-2

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

on East Front street, I desire to inform the public that this old established laundry will receive careful attention, and prompt delivery guaranteed. It will be done in the best possible manner. Orders left at the office will be promptly attended to by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. Bruce, Prop.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TWELVE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1.

TELEPHONE CALL 62.

What Is a Good Climate?

A changeable climate is the best climate in the world when one gets used to it. At least that is the argument of Dr. W. S. Searle in The North American Review. He finds that nothing so wakes a person up and brings out all that is in him morally, intellectually and physically as the fierce alternations of climate to which we are subjected in America. Indeed, the doctor contends that we owe much, if not most, of our wonderful development in America to our climate. He writes:

There are other and worthier ways of measuring life than by numbering its days. Life, in its fullness and richness and fruitfulness, is developed and enjoyed only where the climate is fickle. The ambition, energy, inventiveness and general capacity which have made our civilization what it is, and which are tending to make America a greater nation than the world has seen, are to a large extent the results of a variable climate. Henry Ward Beecher used to say that the land where he came was the land of restlessness and inquiry.

Mankind are apt to make a superstition of good habits of living. But the fact remains that those whose sanitary habits are the worst sometimes live the longest. Negroes are noted for flying in face of all the rules of good health, yet such is the powerful hold on nature that they brought with them from barbarism that they are famous for longevity.

There is much of this as a man worrying himself into his grave by taking too good care of himself. He who lives by weight and measure finally becomes an intolerable burden to himself, and dies through sheer weariness.

If there is that in the spirit which defies all weathers, and is stronger than the snow, the sun, the wind and storms, the person who has this something will live through all epidemics and in unhealthful regions so called, and grow stronger by it all.

Dr. Searle grows eloquent and poetic thinking of what mankind owe to a changeable climate:

Which of the glorious achievements of man have found their birth and growth in the tepid ease so much envied by the grumblers who so loudly complain of the keen, swift buffetings of our climate? Where were born and reared the great poets, historians, novelists, scientists, musicians, inventors, statesmen and conquering warriors, saviours of earth? No sluggish air, no torrid heat, no frozen land, no changeless effete people ever produced them. Storms and tempests rocks obstructed their footsteps; they were tossed about as the sport and whim of nature in her liveliest moods; they suffered by heat and then by numbed by cold; cloud and sunshine followed each other swiftly over their pathway; they had to fight for their very existence, and forge their way ready at their hands or fallen at their feet. Then these glorious beings made their appearance, and thus they became such men as no tepid, placid, changeless region ever saw.

Solving the Servant Girl Problem.

The women of even the south have been driven to express their griefs publicly on the servant girl terror. The ladies of Asheville, N. C., held a meeting lately and formed a union, offensive and defensive, against the peregrinating shiftless who destroy domestic peace and comfort in this country by pretending to do kitchen work.

The Asheville ladies agreed on a plan of campaign. They formed a stiff housekeepers' union, all members pledging themselves to abide by the rules established. They established a graded scale of prices, to be determined by the capacity of the girl and the length of service in one family. This will work much good if the plan is strictly adhered to. A housekeepers' protective union is one of the needed organizations of the nation. It should extend all over the country.

Philadelphia ladies have tried a system which is working admirably. They have a course of instruction in cooking and housekeeping. To girls who can pass a satisfactory examination in the housekeeping course a certificate is granted. This will readily obtain a situation for any girl. Then the scale of wages is graded. The longer a girl lives in one family and gives good satisfaction the more her pay becomes annually, till it reaches a maximum. The girl herself is bound by writing to the contract to remain so long. The mistress, too, on her part must sign a contract, in which she agrees to treat the girl somewhat as she herself would wish to be treated under like circumstances. The system takes into account the depravity of mistress as well as hired girl.

Under the Philadelphia system incompetency or unwholesome habits is said to be diminishing rapidly. It is worth trying in other cities.

Patti expects to keep her birdlike voice till she is 70 years old, and it seems as if she would do so. Going over on shipboard the last time from this country she caught cold, and was not able to sing a note. That was not many weeks ago. The doctors—those wise fellows—said with exceeding care she might possibly get her voice back again, but even then it was not certain. Yet a few nights ago Patti gave a concert at Albert hall in London, and the cable tells us that this wonderful golden voice is "fully restored." Patti has beaten the doctors.

The design accepted for the monument at the tomb of Grant at New York is familiar now to almost everybody. When will it be finished?

GREEN B. RAUM'S REPORT

A Year's Business in the Pension Bureau.

$87,944 PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS

There Were 56,387 Original Claims Allowed During the Year, an Increase of 14,715 Over 1889—The Average Annual Value of Each Pension Is About $133.94.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The annual report of Green B. Raum, commissioner of pensions, for the fiscal year ended June 30 past and including the first quarter of the current fiscal year of the operations of his bureau, has been submitted to the secretary of the interior. It shows that at the close of the fiscal year there were 537,941 pensioners borne upon the rolls. There were 66,387 original claims allowed during the year, being 14,715 more than were allowed in 1889. The amount of the first payment of pensions for the year reached $22,-498,841, being $11,698,402 more than in the previous fiscal year and $40,179,225 more than the first payments of the fiscal year 1888. The average annual value of each pension at the close of the year was $133.94.

Business Reform in the Office.

Commissioner Raum says that upon assuming charge of the pension bureau last October he discovered that a number of important changes were necessary to secure satisfactory results, which were brought to the attention of the secretary of the interior. There were no satisfactory specified duties provided for the deputy commissioner or the chief clerk of the bureau. Several thousand letters were daily received from claimants and lawyers making complaints to which no reply was made; the medical division was divided into sections for consideration of specific diseases; the power of reopening claims was exercised by boards of division and examiners without submitting them to the commissioner; claims were drawn from the files from day to day for adjudication at the discretion of the file clerk, claimants having no power to cause the settlement of their claims when complete; 18 per cent. of the official force was always off to duty in the field for the special examination of cases, when there were 14,295 cases in the special examining division; a division had been created called the board of review, composed of about forty persons, for the re-examination of cases passed upon by the board of review, and matters relating to the appointment and promotion of the official force of the pension office and of boards of medical examination were under the direction of two divisions.

The report contains all the orders in regard to these defects in administration and the manner in which they were remedied.

Completed Files System.

The commissioner devotes considerable space to explaining and explaining the present system of drawing cases from the files for adjudication, and says that under the system of the completed files the claimant has a right, after the medical examination that his claim is complete, to have it immediately placed upon the "completed files" and taken up in its order for adjudication. Claims placed upon the "completed files" are taken up within a week for action, and if found complete are immediately allowed.

If proofs are lacking a call is immediately made upon the claimant to supply the deficiency, and upon the receipt of the required evidence the claim is again taken up for consideration. The soldier who is entitled to a pension and promptly furnishes the required evidence to establish his claim should have his case disposed of *without delay. He should have the right* to notify the office that he is ready for trial, and not be compelled to await the action of a file clerk in drawing his claim, for however diligent the file clerks may be, it is impossible for them, when there are a million claims pending, as is now the case, to have such knowledge of their condition as to enable them daily to select the cases which should have precedence in adjudication because of their priority of completion.

More Rapid Adjudication.

When Commissioner Raum took charge of the bureau last October, he says, the work of adjudicating claims and issuing certificates had during the period from July 1, 1889, fallen far behind the same period for the previous fiscal year, while from Oct. 30, 1889, to June 30, 1890, there was an increase in the adjudication of claims and the issuing of certificates greatly in excess of the same period of the preceding fiscal year.

The Disability Act.

To illustrate the great amount of business transacted compared with previous work of the bureau, the report furnishes a statement showing that since the disability act was passed the bureau received in July, August and September past 1,720,725 letters relating to disability claims, and sent out during the same period 485,462 replies. The commissioner thinks that probably 300,000 of these claims can be allowed. He speaks of the disability act as the first in the history of the world which grants pensions for disabilities not proven in the line of duty, and as a law which recognizes a higher obligation of the part of the people to disabled veterans than was ever before formulated.

Nothing, he says, shall be left undone by the bureau to give effect to this latest expression of the gratitude of the people to the "soldiers who saved the republic."

Minister Misner Must Explain.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—In addition to Minister Misner's own account of the killing of Gen. Barrundia on board an American vessel in the harbor of San Jose, Guatemala, Secretary Blaine will soon be in possession of the account of Lieutenant Commander George G. Reiter. It has been definitely learned that Reiter has been ordered to Washington expressly to give his version of the affair to the state department, and if it corresponds with Mr. Blaine's previous information, Mr. Misner will be asked to explain his action. If he cannot do this to the satisfaction of Mr. Blaine he will be recalled. It is understood that during the entire trouble in Guatemala Mr. Misner ignored the United States naval officers entirely and they knew nothing of the Barrundia affair until some time after it was all over.

The Site for Grant's Tomb.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The executive committee of the Grant monument committee has appointed a sub-committee to visit and survey the exact location for the monument in Riverside park. The Count of Paris having expressed a desire to visit officially the tomb of Gen. Grant before his departure for Europe, Gen. Collis, the chairman, was deputed to accompany him and to request the company of Gen. Sherman.

THE BUILDING OF THE NAVY.

Forty First Class War Vessels Will Be Completed by 1892.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Secretary Tracy is ambitious to have every war vessel now in course of construction ready for service before he goes out of office at the end of Mr. Harrison's administration. He has been carrying on a very vigorous correspondence with the several contractors who are building naval vessels for the navy. Much of the delay in building naval vessels has heretofore been caused by the inability of the manufacturers to get out armor plate promptly. This has been conspicuously the case with the steel makers, as instanced in the alteration of the plans of the Maine and the Texas, the armor for both having been late in coming.

The secretary is stirring these people up and doing all he can to expedite this part of the work.

Besides the ships to be launched will be the armored coast defense vessel Monterey at the Union Iron works, San Francisco, and the armored cruiser New York at Cramp's. The armored cruiser States at Cramp's will be launched next summer by the two 3,000 ton vessels now on the ways at Brooklyn and Norfolk. Next year also should witness the launching of the 3,000 tonner building at Boston by Harrison Loring, the naval academy practice vessel Constellation at Gill's shipyard, Elizabeth, N. J., and the two 1,000 ton gunboats from the Bath Iron works in Maine. Last of all, probably as late as the fall of 1892, will be launched the armored cruiser to be constructed by the Cramps, and her sister ship in the hands of the Scotts.

Work on these two ships will have to be pushed to the extreme if they are to be added to the navy during the Tracy regime. Three vessels already launched are awaiting trial. They are the Newark, at Cramps', and the Concord and Bennington, at Chester. No date has been fixed for the trial of the Newark. The Concord will probably be tried in a few weeks. She has made a number of preliminary runs, and is to have the pitch of her screw slightly changed before the official test. The Bennington will not be tested for at least a month yet. It seems probable, therefore, that the new steel navy will next year consist of twenty-seven vessels, of which three will be armored—the Maine, Monterey and Miantonomoh—and twenty-four unarmored, including the Chicago, Boston, Atlanta, Dolphin, Newark, Charleston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Yorktown, Concord, Bennington, Vesuvius, Petrel, Stiletto, two 2,000 tonners, three of 2,000, two of 1,000 tons and the practice ship. In 1893 it is likely that there will be forty first class ships, and in 1895 there will be a single second class ship commissioned by this government. This great increase has been virtually made existing since 1883, although in the Chicago, Boston Atlanta and Dolphin were commissioned before Mr. Whitney became secretary of the navy.

The Engagement of Winnie Davis.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 7.—A reporter called on Dr. Thomas Emory, at whose home Miss Winnie Davis was ill, just when she first met Mr. Wilkinson, in regard to the report from New Orleans that Miss Davis' engagement had been broken off. Mr. Emory said that so far as a reported postponement was concerned he knew that no time had ever been fixed for the wedding. "There has been a report," he said, "that the wedding had been postponed from September to next June, but I don't believe that Miss Davis ever intended to marry earlier than that anyway, out of respect to her father's memory. As a matter of fact, Mr. Wilkinson did not better any of the desirable loss in the bosom of the family home." When a reporter called at the Wilkinson home Miss Wilkinson declined to deny or affirm the report, and referred the reporter to Mr. Grovenor. About the time of Miss Davis' return from Europe a gentleman in this city received a communication from an intimate associate, Alfred Wilkinson and his family. He understood that it had something to do with Mr. Wilkinson's relations to Miss Davis and he addressed to Mr. Emory the points touched upon by the inquirer related to Mr. Wilkinson's habits, associations, character, his prospects, his business, etc. The failure of Wilkinson & Co. was particularly inquired into.

Ballot Reform in Vermont.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 7.—The legislature reconvened yesterday and A. O. Marshall, Democratic representative from the Brattleboro district, introduced a bill providing for the Australian system of balloting. The bill is a combination of the best parts of Massachusetts and New York laws on the subject. Thomas W. Moloney, Democratic representative from Rutland, introduced a bill providing for the weekly payment by corporations. Senator Morrill will be elected to succeed himself next week (Tuesday noon) and probably the legislature will not put forth a candidate, notwithstanding their strength.

Morris Park Yearlings Sold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The following are among the yearlings sold at Morris park: Chestnut colt by George Kinney—Kate Clarey, to S. S. Brown, $850. Chestnut filly by George Kinney—Southern, to H. McClellan, $1,275. Chestnut colt by Bine Eyes—Allegro, to D. T. Pulsifer, $1,050. Bay colt by Spendthrift—Janet, to R. McClellan, $1,275. Bay colt by Spendthrift—Torchlight, to S.S. Brown, $1,300. Bay colt by Spendthrift—Alcina, to J. H. Morris, $1,050. Chestnut colt by Spendthrift—Miranda, to S. S. Brown, $1,300.

He Cut Down a Spectator.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 7.—Capt. Cannon, of the Flambeau club and president of the board of public works, has been arrested for assault with intent to kill. Last Thursday during the Priests of Pallas parade Cannon cut down Philip Barhart, a spectator, who had been pushed by the crowd into the line of march. The captain's sabre inflicted a serious wound on Barhart's head three inches long. The captain gave bonds for his appearance.

Drowned Herself in a Cistern.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Mrs. Joseph Miller, a highly esteemed and respectably connected lady, fearful of insanity, arose from her bed at an early hour and threw herself into a cistern, where she was found drowned at daybreak by her husband. Acute suffering from pain is assigned as the cause of the suicide.

Vanz Will Run with McAleer.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—Congressman Richard Vanz has accepted the nomination tendered him by the citizens of the Third congressional district. He will run against William McAleer, the regular Democratic nominee. The Republicans have not named a candidate.

FRANCE IS DISPLEASED.

Erhardt's Welcome to the Count Was Too Warm.

SHE MAY ASK FOR EXPLANATIONS.

The President Unofficially Denies That He Gave the Collector at New York Authority to Use the Words He Is Reported to Have Uttered to the Count.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—A Washington special says that President Harrison has been apprised unofficially that the French government is likely to make the recent welcome of the Count of Paris in New York city a matter of official diplomatic inquiry. Collector Erhardt was represented in the New York papers as welcoming the count in this language:

"I am instructed, sir, by the president of the United States and the government at Washington to welcome you to these shores and to extend to you every courtesy in my power."

The African in the Wood Pile.

As the Count of Paris is the head of the house of Orleans and aspires to place that family on a throne in France, to the destruction of the present republican government, the French government's representatives at New York and Washington have been much disturbed by the character of this seemingly official welcome of the noted royalist.

No Such Welcome Directed.

President Harrison has unofficially stated that neither he nor the governor had directed or instructed such a welcome to be extended to the Count of Paris, and that an official inquiry from the French government, which is likely to be made, will be met by an official disavowal.

It is ascertained that instructions were sent to the collector by the treasury department to extend to the Count of Paris "the usual courtesies" extended to distinguished foreigners—that is, the passing of his baggage without inspection—and it is not believed here that he exceeded instructions. Nevertheless, the matter will unquestionably lead to a diplomatic correspondence of an unpleasant nature to the United States.

What Secretary Windom Says.

Secretary Windom said: "I gave Col. Erhardt authority to welcome the Count of Paris as I would give him authority to welcome any distinguished foreigner, especially if he had served this country in her hour of need, as did the Count of Paris. There was no political significance in the welcome, nor was it extended to him because of his relationship to the French government. That was not thought of. The intention was simply to extend to him, on behalf of a grateful government, every facility for traveling as a private citizen the battlefields he knew when a Union soldier. That was all there was to it."

THE COUNT AT PHILADELPHIA.

Citizens of Philadelphia Meet to Honor the Famous Frenchman.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—The special car with Count of Paris and party arrived at Broad street station soon after 3 o'clock. Awaiting their arrival was the mayor and a number of prominent city officials. The visitors were introduced to the mayor and those with him, and after a few pleasant words his honor said: "It is with the liveliest pleasure, count, that I present to you these resolutions adopted by select and common councils of the city and welcome you here. These resolutions are a modest tribute to the appreciation in which your services and yourself are held in Philadelphia." And the mayor handed to the count the splendidly engrossed resolutions that had been prepared. The count responded in a few well chosen words, and then followed several informal conversation. The visitors' departure from the city hall took place soon afterward, when they boarded the special train which conveyed them to Wootten, the residence of Mr. George W. Childs. Last evening

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for Fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 48 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

they attended the reception given them by the Loyal Legion.

The reception was one of the most brilliant affairs of its kind that has ever taken place in this city. About 9 o'clock the distinguished party arrived at the Union League club. The count entered on the arm of Gen. Gregg, followed by the Duc de Orleans on the arm of George W. Childs, and behind them, the rest of the party. On entering at the library the count and his son were introduced to the thousand or more guests who filled the rooms.

Among those introduced to him were Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, of New York; Gen. Parke, of Chicago, who commanded an army corps during the war; Gen. James Wilson, of Delaware; Webb, who commanded the Philadelphia brigade that broke Pickett's charge at Gettysburg; Gen. Doubleday, Gen. Lewis Merrill, Governor Biggs, of Delaware; Gen. Fitz John Porter, Vice President J. N. Du Barry, of the Pennsylvania railroad, Ex-Senator Sewell, of New Jersey; Adjt. Gen. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, and Gen. J. W. Hoffman, whose division opened the first day's fight at Gettysburg. Arrangements had been made for the count's party to leave the city in a private room, and the following gentlemen took supper with them: Gen. Sickles, Gen. Butterfield, Gen. Gresly, Gen. Doubleday, Gen. Parke, Gen. Wayne, Gen. Wayne MacVeagh, Edwin N. Benson, George W. Childs, William C. Houston, Samuel B. Huey and C. J. Nicholas. At 11 o'clock this morning a special train over the Pennsylvania road took the entire party to Washington. On Wednesday afternoon the count will leave for Richmond, and later will visit scenes of the battles in he participated in Virginia.

He Fell Five Hundred and Fifty Feet.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 7.—Dominick Kalciwicz, a Pole, was instantly killed last night by falling down a 550 foot shaft at the Clear Spring colliery.

The Queen Will Be Regent.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—It is stated that the queen of Holland will shortly be appointed regent on account of the king's disabling illness.

Weather Indications.

The weather indications now to be slightly cooler and generally fair.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to increase the heat in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods,

John J. Kenney,

(OR. FRONT ST. AND PARK AVE.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHEN SON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and black, 75c.

7 hook, in a nte, tan and brown (special), 89c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Globe's" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larges. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter goods on hand. Stove Blankets and Robes.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

MOY'S

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, as of all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

P. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Beer Ale for hotels and private families

No. 45 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Plainfield Ave. Telephone connection in the basement of each store. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables,

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

BIRCHALL IS WEAKENING.

Benwell's Slayer Has Made a Partial Confession.

HE ADMITS HE WAS AN ACCESSORY.

But He Still Declares That His Hand Did Not Hold the Weapon That Shot Benwell in the Back—A Touching Tribute to His Wife's Character.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.—The Globe publishes what purports to be a partial confession of Birchall, which says: "Birchall's story of the murder of Benwell is gradually coming out of him. Since he was sentenced he has dropped his devil-may-care air, is wearing down in flesh, and has become sober and subdued in manner. He cannot be said that he has made anything like a clean breast of the murder. All he has done so far is to make a number of half statements and to drop hints, which, pieced together, form a fairly connected story. He acknowledges that he was an accessory, and therefore merits the sentence passed upon him. He alleges, however, that some of the testimony adduced in behalf of the crown is untrue.

He Was Only an Accessory.

"He confesses directly that he took Benwell to Eastwood and beyond in the direction of the swamp, but as yet he resolutely sticks to it that his was not the hand that slew Benwell. Yesterday he said that he could have made a statement to the jury as to his whereabouts and doings on Feb. 17 which would have satisfied them that he was not the actual murderer, but that that statement would have established his guilt as an accessory. He says he was to have been joined by Pickthall in the scheme to defraud Benwell. Benwell was to be sent to Pickthall's farm, and Pickthall was to pretend to be Birchall's manager. The original scheme apparently did not involve murder.

Pickthall "Funked."

"Birchall declares that Pickthall had no hand in the murder, and was not aware it was to be committed. He says that either because he found that Benwell had not enough money in his pocket, or for some other reason, Pickthall 'funked' and did not carry out the scheme.

His Alleged Accomplice.

"All through his conversations since his conviction Birchall has insisted that he had an accomplice who did the slaying at the swamp, and he has made it appear of late that this accomplice was a young Englishman named Graham, who at one time lived with Pickthall on Pickthall's farm, and whose name cropped out at the trial in the evidence of MacDonald, of Woodstock, the man who placed Englishmen on farms as agent or representative of Ford, Rathbone & Co., of London, with whom Birchall also carried on some correspondence.

"Graham is fairly well known in the neighborhood of Woodstock as one of the brood of more or less useless young Englishmen who have found their way out here, and a friend of his has said that Birchall had a grudge against him. No one will for a moment believe that the charge against Graham is true.

She Could Not Embrace Him.

"Mrs. Birchall saw her husband for the first time since he was sentenced to death at 8:30 p. m. on Saturday. The meeting between them was a touching one. It was necessary to prevent Mrs. Birchall from kissing or embracing her husband. This is done in order to prevent the possibility of poison being conveyed to the man whom the law has claimed for its victim. Mrs. Birchall, who has been suffering intensely from nervous prostration, was completely broken down.

"The writer has it from trustworthy sources that Mrs. Birchall knew nothing from the first of the murder or the intention to murder, Birchall declared, and tears filled his eyes as he rose and grasped the bars of the cell door, that his wife was innocent of both the fraud which he had perpetrated upon Benwell and Pelley and of the more heinous crime.

A Tribute to His Wife.

"'My wife,' he said with warmth, 'is a perfectly honorable woman. She knew nothing that was going on. I deceived her; I lied to her. She believed all I said. If she found me out or thought she had found me out, I told her another lie. I tell you she is as innocent as a child of any participation in the affair. I mean she had no hand in or knowledge of the swindling or of what happened after we got to the falls. I hope I shall be believed in this. It is the truth.'"

The contributions for Birchall's defense, received from his relations and others in England, amounted to £560. He got some from men who had known him at Oxford. The secretary of the ex-Empress Eugenie sent a letter inclosing a modest sum. The Duke of Norfolk also contributed. These distinguished persons were personally acquainted with him.

Democrats at Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 7.—The Democratic jubilee and barbecue held here Monday was a success, despite the unfavorable weather. Democratic clubs in all parts of the state were represented. Letters were read from ex-President Cleveland, Senator McPherson and others regretting their inability to be present. Speeches were made by Senator Blodgett, Governor Abbett, Congressman Gussenheimer and others denouncing the McKinley bill and the alleged extravagance of the Republican party in national affairs, and predicting a sweeping Democratic victory in New Jersey this fall.

Day Indicted for Murder.

WELLAND, Ont., Oct. 7.—The grand jury returned a true bill against Arthur Hoyt Day for the murder of his wife, Desire Day, yesterday. Shortly afterward the prisoner was arraigned and stepped firmly into the prisoner's dock. His manner, however, betrayed his agitation, and his face twitched nervously. The clerk of the court then read the indictment to the prisoner, and Day replied, "Not guilty." The case came up at half past 9 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Day No. 2 was present to give evidence as to the second marriage. The case will be concluded to-night.

Two Prisons Burned to Death.

MAXWELL, Ont., Oct. 7.—James McNaughton's residence was burned Monday night. McNaughton and a girl about 8 years of age perished in the flames.

IRELAND'S APPEAL.

The Nationalists Ask Aid of America for Their Stricken Country.

DUBLIN, Oct. 7.—The conference of the Irish Nationalists called by Mr. Parnell was held in this city Monday. The following were appointed to visit America for the purpose of laying before the people a statement of the present condition of affairs in Ireland: John Dillon, William O'Brien, Thomas Power O'Connor, Timothy D. Sullivan, Timothy Harrington and Thomas P. Gill.

Mr. Justin McCarthy moved the adoption of four resolutions, all of which had previously been submitted to Mr. Parnell. The first of these pledges the fullest support of the National league to the tenants who are threatened with ruin in consequence of the course adopted by the government in causing the arrest of Messrs. O'Brien, Dillon and the other Nationalist leaders.

The third resolution says that the Nationalist party is compelled by circumstances to make an appeal to its friends everywhere in behalf of the Irish tenants, and it looks especially to its friends in America to subscribe generously for the defense of a distressed people.

This appeal, the resolution says, is made more unwillingly, but the desperate straits in which the Irish tenants are now placed makes it absolutely necessary that assistance should be asked from friends and sympathizers throughout the world.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The president has appointed Charles A. Dougherty, of Pennsylvania, to be secretary of legation to Mexico, and H. Remsen Whitehouse, of New York, to be secretary of legation to Italy.

The Republicans of the fourth assembly district of Albany county, N. Y., have nominated William B. Leroy, of Cohoes, for assembly.

Governor Campbell, of Ohio, has called an extra session of the general assembly on Oct. 13, to take action on the Cincinnati board of public improvement imbroglio.

It has been decided to place Mr. Timothy Harrington on the delegation of Irish visitors to America in lieu of Mr. Abraham.

Thomas H. Beale, of Madison county, N. Y., was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twenty-sixth district.

There has been more fighting between Guatemala and Salvador.

President Woodruff, of the Mormon church, has issued an order forbidding plural marriages, which virtually abolishes polygamy.

One policeman was killed and three persons were badly injured in a negro riot in St. Louis.

In regard to the trouble in the Twenty-second regiment at New York Governor Hill has informed the officers that Col. Camp, his staff and all the regiment must resign, or that the regiment will be disbanded. The court martials that have been ordered by the adjutant general to try Capts. Hart, Thurston, Treacy, Benarest, Maidhoff and Finch on the charge of conspiracy made by Col. Camp are to go on.

Representatives from Harvard and Yale have decided to have the Harvard-Yale football game played on Hampden park, Springfield, Mass., Nov. 22.

To Indict Lingo.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—Camden's prosecuting officers are now certain that Lingo will be indicted for the murder of Annie Miller, but counsel for the negro, Messrs. Jess & Taylor, are just as positive that he will not, notwithstanding the fact that the state officers claim to have indisputable evidence against Lingo. Lawyer Jess says that they will be able to refute a great many of the stories which have been told about Lingo's connection with the crime. Nothing in the way of new evidence against the negro was found Monday. Prosecutor Jenkins is satisfied with the work done in the case. He says his report of the medical experts, County Physician Izzard and Dr. Formad, together with that given by William Shivers and William H. Smith, farmers in Delaware township, have convinced him of Lingo's guilt, and as soon as possible the bills of indictment will be made out and sent to the grand jury, which meets on the 14th inst.

Cain Admitted to Bail.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 7.—On the motion of John T. Norton Judge Clute fixed the bail of Thomas L. Cain, the alleged train wrecker, at $5,000. District Attorney Kelly consenting. Cain expects to get bail this afternoon.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Brattleboro, Knoche Bros. Dunsborre. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

PIANO MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Louisville—

Louisville	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	5—6
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Louisville, 9; Columbus, 6. Errors: Louisville, 0; Columbus, 2. Batteries: Georgain and O'Connor; Sowders and Bass.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: St. Louis, 12; Toledo, 14. Errors: St. Louis, 2; Toledo, 1. Batteries: Nichols and Frost, Foutz and Briggs.

At Cincinnati (Brotherhood exhibition game)—

Cleveland	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	2	0—7
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 17; Cleveland, 8. Errors: Cincinnati, 11; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Mullane and Harrington, O'Brien and Bennett.

Buffalo May Go to the Magnates.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Secretary Brummell, of the Players' league, has wired the Buffalo club to come to Cincinnati for exhibition games with the Cincinnatis on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Mr. Brummell is interesting himself to help the Buffalo club out of the financial difficulties it is in. It is thought the losses of the Buffalo club will foot up between $10,000 and $15,0000. The capital stock of the club was held as follows: Players White, $1,300; Rowe, $2,000; Mack, $6,000; Brown, C. R. Fitzgerald, 15,000; F. T. Gilbert, $6,000; Moses Shire, $6,000. This stock has been bought by the players and they have bought stock will in proportion to loss part of their salaries. When Mr. Fitzgerald's services were dispensed with he declined to be paid for his stock. It is stated that he had paid in about $2,000 and drawn out nearly as much for services as secretary. The remaining $2,000 he declined to pay. Messrs. Shire, White, Rowe and Mack have brought suit to recover $6,000 from him. When asked if he had received any news from Players' league headquarters about the Buffalo's prospects for next year Mr. Shire replied: "No, but we don't know that Buffalo has been dropped. The impression is that any effort may be dropped from the circuit 'for business reasons.' The indications point to a conference between the two leagues, and perhaps Buffalo may be handed over to the National."

Bensen Must Go Back.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—The requisition papers have reached this city from Leavenworth county, Kan., authorizing Deputy Sheriff Pickens, of that county, to take C. A. Bensen, now in the custody of Camden police, west for the murder of Mrs. Teresa Mettman. The deputy cannot start, however, until the papers are indorsed by Governor Abbett, and this will delay the removal of the prisoner until to-night.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best make, with patent sprinkler grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stoves $10.25 and upwards at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. P. BENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Bench Ait The Stove, the greatest parlor stove made.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Heat Corn Killer on Earth; removes hard or soft Corns or Bunions in three applications in 30 minutes. Only infallible Corn and Bunion Killer. Ruines wearing a tight or new shoe. Scatter-Corns prevents. At druggists, or send 15c. silver for sample by mail. WM. H. ENSIGN & CO., Newark, N. J.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1109.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTSON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Musical Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 21 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils on piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches Kindergarten method of singing, as taught by the Misses Hill, Boston, and the Leipsic method Giovanni playing. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9 2 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Shiloh, will receive lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 109 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Shelding and Mudge, New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT, Kindergarten and School, 48 Crain place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department of the school instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History. Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. ENGLISH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20tw*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss R. E. Kirtland, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY. Will re-open Sept. 15th, 1890, 15 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Baron Rodman. Miss S. C. Dawson, Principal. 8 13 3w*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Mrs. and Miss KINNEY-BAKER, Miss Strifler and Miss Bowden's School for Girls and Children, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner Washington street, will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890.

$250,000 for Her Husband's Love.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Mrs. Ada Richardson has obtained a verdict before sheriff's jury in damages for the alienation of her husband's affections. Her husband is David C. Richardson, to whom she was married in 1876. The couple lived together until 1881, when Richardson began to court for Mrs. Ella T. Burt, wife of George A. Burt. Mrs. Richardson brought suit against Mrs. Burt for $25,000 with the result stated. Both women have cattle ranches in Texas and are supposed to be there now. Mr. Burt is understood to have business in Pennsylvania.

Pastor Roberts Wants a New Trial.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 7.—Application has been made today for a rule for a new trial in the case of Annie Hunsbee against Pastor Roberts. Among the reasons given there were eight of them—was that the absence of the plaintiff from the court room prevented the defense from proving that Annie had brought a similar action against Louis P. Jordee in Dane county, Wis., in 1883. Roberts' congregation has delayed action on his resignation until the rule for a new trial is disposed of.

The Cumberland Valley Railroad Officers.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 7.—The following officers were elected at a meeting of the stockholders of the Cumberland Valley railroad: President—Robert E. Kennedy. Directors—Thomas B. Kennedy, George B. Roberts, J. N. Du Barry, John P. Green, Wister Morris, A. J. Cassatt, E. H. Houston, John Stewart, W. W. Jennings, J. Herman Rooster and Edward B. Watts.

THE LATEST STYLES

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

[12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ahs for them. They are good.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mahogany, colley-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $60. 8-21 1y

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imported style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

30c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

Our Motto—"Low prices combined with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXHUSION SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Five Rose Flour Company. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a prompt, first-class line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business demands.

Express rooms in front of the depot, along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the depot, on Front street.

Connect with the 6:43, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 m. and 6 p. m. trains bring passengers to Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 9 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30, 9:40, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 and 6 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:40, 6:30 p. m.
Close—2:30 p. m., 6:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 6:58, 7:26, 7:56, 8:00, 8:15, 8:45, 8:57, 9:26, 10:26, 11:26, 12:26, 1:26, 2:26, 3:26, 4:26, 5:26, 6:26, 7:26, 8:26, 9:26, 10:26, 11:26 p. m. Sunday, 5:37, 7:56, 8:57, 9:26, 10:26, 11:26 p. m. Sunday, 12:26 a. m. Express for Somerset, 7:56 a. m. Express for Bound Brook, 8:57 a. m. Express for Bridgewater, 5:54, 8:00, 10:26 a. m., 1:26, 4:26, 6:26 p. m. Express for Somerville, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Dunellen, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Lamberts Mill, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Middlesex, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Manville, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Kingston, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Princeton Junction, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Trenton, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Philadelphia, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Bristol, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Bordentown, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Burlington, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Camden, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Atlantic City, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Cape May, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Wilmington, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Baltimore, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Washington, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Richmond, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Norfolk, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Newport News, 6:58, 8:15, 9:26 a. m., 12:26, 3:26, 5:26, 7:26 p. m. Express for Old Point Comfort

SOCIAL HYPOCRISIES.

WORDS GIVEN TO CONCEAL THOUGHT OR WANT OF THOUGHT.

Silver Certificates of Speech—The Future of Truth a Very Disagreeable Reflection—Amusing Stories. Leslie's Children—Killed by Fright.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The world is less sincere than it used to be, and the change is more obvious in our own country than in those across the sea, because we are so much younger, not to say cruder, and have just begun to understand Talleyrand's famous saying that words were given to conceal thought. Perhaps one might add by way of rider to this epigram that they are also useful to conceal the want of thought, that they are glittering tinsel "shams" that look like money but represent no values, that they are air plants, merely living on the breath of man or of the winds, and having no root, no depth of soil, springing from nothing and meaning nothing.

I have always said for my own part that this is a perfectly good system to live by, if only the matter is fully understood by all concerned, so that nobody is deceived. It would be very inconvenient if we had to load ourselves whenever we went shopping with silver dollars gold enough to pay for our purchases. In fact when recently a paternal government tried to force us into using silver dollars it became a question with fathers of them in the treasury a tendency toward "kicking" developed so alarmingly even in the gentlest class of citizens that papa hastily said, "Well, take these paper certificates to carry shopping, and I'll agree to call them silver dollars." Fancy going to buy a house, or a horse, or a *parure* of diamonds, or a bonnet, and having to employ a porter to go around the corner with the price of it in silver dollars! If it was any sort of a bonnet he couldn't do it.

No, we use the slips of paper worth perhaps a quarter of a cent, and we all agree to pretend that it is a dollar, and so it is; we give a check upon our bank for hundreds or thousands of dollars, and the merchant takes it with bows and smiles of gratitude because we have agreed that the check of a solvent person shall pass for money. How does that man know but I have over drawn my account, or in coming to his establishment have stopped and taken up the whole bank lying in that bank? He doesn't know; he can't know; he has to take the check on trust, and so demonstrates a genial truth often denied, namely, that "confidence between man and man" is still a living basis of social life.

Now, I have a theory that there is no breach of the obligation to truth and honesty in using silver certificates and bank checks, so to speak, in other ways than those of commercial life. We meet hundreds of people in the course of the week to each of whom we wish and feel it right to say something acceptable and pleasant. We do not love them all; perhaps we do not even like them all, although having nothing to say against them. To the great majority of them we are probably perfectly indifferent, but should we tell them so? Shall we even show it in our manner? In the famous Palace of Truth, according to Mme. de Genlis, we should go about saying, "You are stupid," "you are coarse," "you are pitiful," "you are silly," "you are affected," "I suspect you of knavery," "I have heard bad stories about you and fancy they may be true," etc. Or, on the other hand, we might say, "*How* I love you," "how I wish you were my wife and not that man's," "how I wish you would love me instead of loving her."

Of course the people we meet would be as frank in giving us their opinion of ourselves, and I for one have not the least desire to be told any disagreeable truths of that sort. If people approach me politely and pleasantly I am quite willing to accept them in the same spirit and to receive their silver certificates, even though knowing perfectly well that they are worth nothing in themselves and do not even represent a dollar's worth of gold. I receive them as I do the trademark of a silver certificate, knowing that in itself it is worth nothing, and having no intention of applying at the treasury or at the man's conscience to find exactly how much precious metal is really represented.

I remember an occasion somewhat amusing and yet somewhat painful when, although a very little girl, I much regretted the candor and sincerity of a lady who prided herself on those virtues. I was passing some days with a friend who lived very quietly in a little southern place, and the sincere lady was a relation of hers who had come for the day. We sat down at dinner, which began with soup.

"Not any for me. Soup always makes me ill," remarked Aunt Honesta, pushing away the plate instead of allowing it to be placed before her. Our hostess blushed a little, but said nothing, and as soon as possible the soup was removed and a nice looking roast of mutton placed upon the table. The best slice was carved and sent to Aunt Honesta, who emphatically exclaimed:

"Mutton? Why, I thought that every one who knew me knew that I detest mutton. It is a family antipathy, and I am surprised that you should not be aware of it, my dear."

"Oh, I am so sorry. What can I do, sa:, you will have no dinner" cried the hostess. "There is nothing for it in southern wilds where she lived no market was within reach, and none of those hasty improvisations familiar to city housekeepers was possible.

"I can eat vegetables," replied aunt sourly.

"There is a beefsteak in the house," began the hostess; but Aunt Honesta interrupted:

"Oh, no; I do not want a separate dinner, and to wait until every one has finished. *If* it had been cooked in the first place"——

But here the hostess interrupted in her turn, and sent out to have the steak broiled, while Aunt's plate was put to keep warm, but presently the maid came back to say that the fire was just buried in new coals, and no steak could be cooked for some time.

Well, instead of doing as a nice hypocrite would have done at this crisis and pretended she did not care, and insisted upon making herself fill on turnips and cauliflower, this honest lady allowed us all to perceive that she was "mad all through," and did not care how uncomfortable she made every one around her in consequence.

The third course, in the shape of a remarkably palatable pudding with wine sauce, had a mollifying influence to be sure; but when a spoon was sent her to eat it with she called out with a shrill laugh:

"I'll trouble you for a fork, my dear; I have not taken spoon meals since I was a baby."

So that dinner was spoiled for every one, and my poor little friend cried herself ill with a headache, and I became guilty of many uncharitable sentiments not yet abated, and all for what cause! Simply because that woman cultivated a brutal honesty under all circumstances, and had not the grace of pretending a contentment she did not feel.

Do you not say that she was simply deficient in good breeding, but I reply, good breeding involves a certain reticence that under other circumstances is stigmatized as hypocrisy.

One form of sincerity is to my mind especially objectionable, and that is, remarking upon the appearance of ill health, or of weariness or worry in the face and manner of a casual acquaintance.

"Why, how thin you've become!" or "How pale you are!" or "What have you been doing to yourself?" or "You're not looking as well as when I saw you last," all are over sincere speeches that tend to cold shoulders and to frighten others. There is a New Orleans story of a practical joke resulting in what one may almost call murder. It was in yellow fever time, and both a dozen men conspired against another, of a somewhat timid and nervous temperament. The first one met him, and breaking off his morning salutation exclaimed, "But man alive, how ill you're looking! What is it?"

The victim declared that nothing was the matter, and went on, feeling a little nervous. The second met him and made a similar attack, until as the fifth approached the poor fellow fell up against the wall, and begged the startled conspirator to call a carriage and take him to the hospital.

Well, he died, and died of fright, and although we need not in every day life expect to produce quite so startling an effect, the story is a warning. It is not only mortifying to be told that you look pale and tired and "under the weather," it is really injurious, and it is in my opinion sinful, bad taste.

Of course, in the case of one's intimate friends, of those one loves and feels sure of being understood by, it is different; true and tender sympathy is one of the most precious gifts of love, and the balm administered with one hand will more than heal any little wound to vanity given with the other. With such a companion one may dare to be sincere; that is, on the subject of health, and yet not on every ground even so. Men are apt not to quite understand this limitation, and a good and honest man will often say things to his *fiancee* or to his wife which had much better be left unsaid. No intimacy, no tenderness of affection ever makes it justifiable to tell a woman that some other woman is more charming than herself, although the speaker add that she to whom he speaks is dearer to him.

I once heard a man say to his wife, "She has the same lovely complexion you had when you were young." Poor woman! She had complexion enough for the next few minutes, and I felt that she would always hate me for having heard it. Again, I heard a young fellow tell a woman of about 40 that she must have been very handsome when she was a girl, and another told a friend of mine what color her hair used to be.

"What color is it now?" asked she serenely.

"Why—er—er—gray, isn't it?" stammered the youth.

"Oh, I didn't know you were color blind; I'm dreadfully sorry," said she sweetly, and he retired not at all in good order.

People come to see you, and when they go away say that they have had a delightful time. Sometimes they have and sometimes they have not; but in the latter case I had much rather they should not be sincere about it. The phrase means nothing; it is a silver certificate, and I should never think of demanding cash for it, although I *prefer* taking it to not having it. You tell people that you like their song, or their poem, or their lecture, or their book, if you are called upon to say anything about their efforts, and unless it has been a very unfortunate effort, indeed, there is always something about it that you did like, and it is quite unnecessary to refer to the other parts.

Somebody meets you and begins a tedious, desultory discourse upon his or her own affairs. Are you to say impatiently, Shall you gape in somebody's face, and say, "I don't care in the very least about it, or any of it?" That would be quite sincere, but I really think it is better to be a little insincere and smile inwardly and say, "Yes," or "No," or "Indeed," in the appropriate places, and gently extricate yourself from the clutches of the bore without too much frankness.

Of course I do not mean that in matters reaching down into the subsoil of life one is to evade or palter with the truth. There are times, and not so very seldom, when it is one's duty to stand bravely up and speak the truth, though it risk the love of one we hold most dear, or the comradeship of a valued associate; but when these times come, we know it for certain, and the man or woman who shirks the call does it to the loss of their self respect, whether others know it or not. There are times when noblesse oblige means, Be sincere! and there are times when the noblest and purest soul feels that "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth," would be a sort of brutality, and had much better not be spoken.

In fact, to return to our text, I boldly say that I think social hypocrisies of a certain sort, mind you, are not only justifiable but almost obligatory, and I most sincerely hope that the world will practice them upon me as I certainly do upon the world. *And if any of* my dear five hundred take me to task for this declaration I will demand of them whether they ever knew a really more thoughtful and sincere woman than myself, and I will further say: "You know that I am never insincere with you. Didn't I say there were people with whom one might venture to be quite sincere? Didn't you know who I meant?"

Will that be sincere, do you inquire? Why, of course it will!

Mrs. Frank Leslie

CHARMING ROOMS.

Some Suggestions of Value from Annie Isabel Willis.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The ways in which rooms may be made charming with little or no expense are infinite. A seemingly hopeless sort of room is a large, square apartment, with a low ceiling which slopes down on one side to within five feet of the floor. When to these difficulties are added a very homely ingrain carpet and a stove in the front room, the situation seems well nigh hopeless, but two energetic young women undertook to solve the problem of its transformation, and—they

A CORNER OF THE ROOM.

solved it. The room was changed into a cozy, pretty place, with an air half of "sitting room," half of "study," but wholly of genuine comfort.

The wall paper was nearly plain and of a grayish white tint, with a narrow old fashioned blue border. It was a convenient paper, for it did not interfere with any other colors. Of course no pictures could be hung where the ceiling sloped slanted, but one was placed on a small writing table so as to lean against that wall. It was a simple engraving framed in oak, and around it was wreathed some Egyptian asparagus—by far the most beautiful and feathery green stuff to be obtained at a florist's. On the same side of the room was a couch, and over it was fastened a large fan of home manufacture.

Opposite the lounge, on the other side of the room, was a well filled antique oak bookcase, whose top was decorated with bric-a-brac. One piece was a bust of Dickens, which stood out boldly against a brilliant background formed by a scarlet silk handkerchief hung on the wall behind it. A yellow art silk curtain hung straight from the rod on the book case. Another touch of yellow, without which no room is now considered complete, was found in a bunch of corn, whose husks were turned back to show the ears. It was suspended by a ribbon, so that the husks point upward, and was a very pretty ornament to the wall.

Pictures were hung on each side of the bookcase, and on the third side of the room between the windows. The two doors, one of entrance, the other leading to a closet, were removed and dark red stuff portieres were hung in their stead. The windows had white shades, and over them pale madras lace curtains hung straight from yellow rods with brass rings.

Another small table stood between the windows, and on it were the usual books and papers, and a slender necked vase with a bunch of peacock feathers, which

THE SCREEN.

always add to the coloring of a room. They can be put anywhere—tacked on the wall, pinned on a screen, or fastened over a picture, and always look well.

I spoke of the homely stove. That was concealed by a screen, just a frame with a single set of hinges. On it was some olive Canton flannel fastened with brass headed tacks. I have seen that same screen once adorned with the aforementioned peacock feathers, at another time with red and yellow autumn leaves, and now—triumph of inventive genius!—it was decorated with a tennis net hung in graceful folds over its top. Set in front of the stove, it concealed it and kept the room from becoming too hot. Carried into the little dining room and placed before the box which held an oil stove, it removed all "kitcheny" traces at once. In short, the screen was a family blessing.

There were the salient features of that pleasant sanctum. For the rest, there were easy and straight backed chairs, including a steamer chair—enough for the inhabitants and their guests. There was some common basket work, all easy of attainment, that the room was a delightful place to visit.

ANNIE ISABEL WILLIS.

WOMAN THE BETTER WORD.

Give us that grand word "woman" once again,
And let's have done with "lady."

One's a term
Full of the fossil—strong, beautiful and firm,
Fit for the noblest use of tongue or pen—
And one's a word for lackeys.

One suggests
The mother, wife and sister; one the dames
That lend life's poetry to the names
Of sweethearts and true friends;
One word upon its even strength leans and rests;
The other simpers, tiptoe.

Who would be
The "perfect woman" must grow brave of heart
And broad of soul, to play her troubled part
Well in life's drama. While each day we see
The "perfect lady" skilled in what to do
And what to say, grace in each tone and act
(Tis taught in schools, but needs serve native tact),
Yet narrow in her mind as in her shoe.

Give the first place, then, to the nobler phrase
And leave the lesser word for lesser praise.
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox in Kansas City Star

A DIFFICULT PLACE TO FILL.

Yet a Good Home Is Open to a Refined Woman Who Can Swallow Her Pride.

I have recently been visiting in a family of means, whose household machinery grinds out unusually easily the operations of a well trained corps of servants, yet there is a niche in that household waiting to be filled by the right person, who never presents herself. The dear old grandmother is feeble and deaf and sees but dimly, yet quite able to minister to herself except in case of sickness.

As a companion for her, confined as she is much of the time to her own room, is the place that some homeless one could fill. It does not seem hard to adjust this matter easily, nor would it be if the English system of upper servants prevailed in this country. But it is a serious thing to take into an American family a person of this sort, for a servant does not exactly fill the desired place, though she may be an excellent waiting woman.

Some one simply of gentle manners and of thoughtful ways, with good judgment and understanding, and with a sweet, clear ring in reading as well as speaking, would fill the vacancy desired. And such a some one who does not expect to take her meals with the family is hard to find. Confessed that she may be in all respects quite as agreeable a table companion as the ordinary visitor, still it does not argue that it is a feeling of pride which wishes to exclude her from those daily gatherings together of the family circle.

It is no little matter to think of, day in and day out, year in and year out, for who shall say how long, to bring an outsider to form one of the family party. In many a family, as in this one, this thing alone prevents a home accompanied by very light duties being offered to the needy. We are glad to have a visitor with us for a month, it may be; but outside presence only brightens the festivities at table. We submit for the semi-annual two weeks to the presence of the family seamstress, but it is a very urgent case when we are willing to take a stranger into our very midst for time indefinite.

More than this, persons who would admirably meet these qualifications are usually found among nurses, and for the few attentions and gentle ministrations that in a less busy day and generation daughters and granddaughters found time to attend to themselves the wages of nurses are much more than even rich families would wish to pay. Fifteen dollars a week is a sum most people are unwilling to expend, except for absolute value received; moreover, the dictatorial position assumed by the average nurse is an element undesired in such a position as I am speaking of.

Look at it from another point. It is useless to deny that the problem of domestic service in America has not been demonstrated to any one's satisfaction. If the right person were found for such a position, who, calmly and considerately judging of the difficulties, saw in the path of all who must earn their own living, proposed to take her meals apart from the family, what a revolution there would be in the kitchen. The cook would leave, the laundress would decline to do servants' washing, and the waitress would very sulkily carry meals to the poor nondescript up stairs.

What feasible plan is left? To fill such positions (which ought to be the refuge of the homeless) with ladies? "We all have seen better days") with the best servant care can find, or for that poor and homeless one to make it understood she expects to take her meals with the other domestics. There is no other solution to this matter, and there are hundreds of good and lovely homes awaiting those good souls who can bring them to this view of the case.—Theresa Dean in Chicago Herald.

Pretty Washington Clerks.

The loveliest woman I have seen in Washington, next to Mattie Mitchell, the queen of beauty, is Rose Alexander, a department clerk. There is Mrs. Senator Davis, herself once a milliner, who has about her in the social season a bevy of the prettiest girls to be found in the capital. Many of them are from the departments, and just as nice and sweet and well behaved as if they were the daughters of millionaires. Go out to the Country club house, or to the new Glen Echo cafe, or along the delightful drives which surround Washington, and you will see the department girl at her best. She is out, gayly, by couples and quartets, with senators, members of congress and promising and important men in general as escort. The department girl is always good company, vivacious, not too prudish, and with wit native or acquired by contact with the world. She is nearly always a good sport, and she catches a good husband.—Cor. Philadelphia North American.

When You Kiss the Queen.

Josi Benton gives important information to persons who expect to kiss the queen or to be kissed by her majesty. "Persons of high rank," writes Mr. Benton, "especially the ladies, have the privilege of being kissed by the queen. Other ladies make a low courtesy and kiss the queen's hand, which she places in the palm of their hand. If the queen condescends to kiss an untitled person this person must not expect to return a kiss in kind, but must only kiss her hand. Of course a lady, before making the queen a courtesy, must have her right hand ungloved." In addition to this it is also worth while for Americans to know that according to the best etiquette they do not have to kiss the queen's hand unless they want to.—Exchange.

A fortune awaits the inventor of an automatic dish washer. It was thought the problem would solve itself when, a few years ago, some genius invented paper buttons, plaisters and bowls, but neither the paper nor the pine crockery filled the bill, and half the world is still wearing her life out carrying pans, scouring knives and washing and drying glassware and porcelain.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

EVERYONE KNOWS

When we advertise a Bargain we mean it, and everyone who has been to any of our Bargain Sales has found everything as we said. But this is the Greatest Bargain of all. We bought a large stock of

Ladies' Goodyear Welt Shoes,

And we know we are **Over-Stocked.** So to reduce our stock we shall sell them at **$2.50** for this week only, commencing to-day. Also four cases of

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER TIP SHOE

in widths from A to D at **$2.00.** You can see this is a great bargain, and if you miss this chance you are to blame. We are not. We do splendid repairing. Try us and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.

12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

WE HAVE GOT IT AT LAST!
Nicaragua Coffee.

Our First Shipment Direct from the Plantation has Just Arrived.

Nicaragua Coffee in point of flavor is one of the finest brought to this market.

It is less harsh than Rio, much more pungent than Java, while the price at which it is furnished gives it a decided preference over both.

Consumers of Coffee will find it suited to most tastes. It only requires acquaintance with its merits to make it an established favorite.

Don't forget that we handle every kind of Tea and Coffee that grows, receiving shipments of the latter fresh roasted twice weekly.

Have you tried our Genuine Elgin Creamery Butter?

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.

We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PURE DRUGS.
At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 35c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR F F HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, for whom refer ence is made

Furniture Express

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the State, booked by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Disease generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 25 Rose Boulevard street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1296

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture move i

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In store to suit the trade. This coal was bought early and dumped again, enabling me always to obtain it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 120. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in Stockton. Contract now approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not already in can do so during October. Orders received at Post Hotel, Middlebrook & Son Coal Yards, Garden and Fifth streets, Plainfield, and Telephone call 31.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER PELTER, Jr.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the office of Senator, Member of Assembly, County Clerk and three Coroners, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at seven o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminster.
Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.
Branchburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.
Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.
Franklin—Hulsizer's Hotel, East Millstone.
Hillsborough—Devendor's Store, Frankfort.
Montgomery—Harlingen Hotel, Harlingen.
North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co. Ex. Com.
Dated September 25, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—The juice of half a lemon enhances a porterhouse steak.

—*There is an immense amount of foreign* fruit sold in this city.

—Henry Haas was yesterday acquitted in the somerset county court of attempting to poison his child.

—Goodwill Lodge, No. 101, will celebrate its anniversary Friday evening at their lodge room in Scotch Plains.

—A complaint has been lodged against several Jersey girls for "disturbing public worship" by chewing gum during service.—EX.

—The first meeting of the Oxford League for the Autumn will be held in St. Vincent Chapel Friday evening. A large attendance is desired as the meeting is important.

—To-night Messrs. Henry B. Wells and Wm. T. Broadway are in charge at the Boys Club and will receive the names and give tickets to all applicants for membership. All boys welcome.

—The progressive Gesang and Turn Verein Society of North Plainfield, are now starting, as may be seen by their advertisement in another column, a fair for the benefit of the German English school. The fair will be held in their handsome hall on Somerset street, October 13 to 18.

—The W. C. T. U. Bazaar, which was arranged early last Spring to be held the 25th, 26th and 27th of November has been postponed to December commencing the 9th in consideration of the Evangilistic meeting recently announced to be conducted in this city during November. Due notice will be given in our advertising column.

—The real estate syndicate on Saturday purchased twenty-four more acres of land on the mountains. Plans have been prepared *for an electric railway to connect with the* main line of the Central Railroad. This is only one of the schemes being considered, none of which, however, except the purchase of property may be of any consequence.

—A most competent instructor has been secured to teach a class in book-keeping and penmanship at the Y. M. C. A., the class will be organized when a sufficient number of young men have signified their desire for such instruction. The $3 membership fee in the association entitles to this and such other privileges as instruction in short hand, mechanical drawing attendance at members receptions and use of library.

—The Winter schedule of trains between Asbury Park and New York and Philadelphia on the New York and Long Branch Railroad shows that fewer trains will be run than in any Winter for several years. The new time table shows that there will be only seven trains to and from New York daily and three to and from Philadelphia. The Central Road will run four and Pennsylvania three to and from New York. Last Winter there were thirteen and in the Summer twenty-two.

—Prof. Reynolds will continue this evening at Reform Hall to show the wonderful power of hypnotism, or mesmerism as it is sometimes called, as per advertisement in another column. Some one has suggested that the professor might use his power to make a drunken man sober. He says he could do it as quick as a flash, but it is too revolting to him to have a man go sober for any such purpose. It would be better to teach the man, he thinks, to keep sober.

C. L. S. C.

Bartlett Circle, C. L. S. C., will meet tomorrow evening, in Vincent Chapel, at eight o'clock, to organize for the work of 1890-91. All persons who desire to join the members are to be informed respecting the purposes of the circle, are invited to attend. The course of readings for the year is varied and interesting, and includes English history, literature and literature. Friend in search of a pleasant evening's entertainment, come. W. H. LABARON, Pres.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

SUPERINTENDENT HURLBUT'S ANNUAL REPORT.

The Plainfield Public Schools of the Highest Standard.—Miss Bulkley's Mission Abroad.

City Superintendent's Report Plainfield, Union County, Jesse L. Hurlbut, Supt.

TO THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to present my report of the Plainfield public schools, for the year ending August 31, 1890.

As has been stated in former reports, the actual work of the superintendent is done by the principal who is now in charge of five schools, assisted in the management by a vice principal in each school building. During all the past year, our efficient Principal, Miss Julia E. Bulkley, was absent on leave, engaged in a tour through Europe and the East for recreation, information, and the study of school methods in various countries, of which she has now brought home carefully prepared reports. The high standard of our schools was maintained during her absence by the acting Principal, Mr. Lincoln B. Goodrich.

In the Spring of 1889 we opened a new building, the Irving school, on the corner of Monroe avenue and Fourth street, in a rapidly growing suburb of the city known as Evona. The building contains rooms for twelve classes, of which six are already occupied; a larger number than had been expected before the opening. This new building has only partially relieved the overcrowding in the other schools, as it is too remote from the center of the city to admit of the transfer of many scholars.

During the Winter an unusually large number of teachers and pupils were absent from school through the prevailing epidemic of *la grippe, which for a time seriously interfered* with our school work. Fortunately none of the cases proved fatal, and all the teachers were able after a time to resume their duties. The night school, which was so successful in 1888, was re-opened last Winter, but the pressure of orders on the three large factories of the city, required many of the students to work during the evenings; and this fact, together with the severe illness of the epidemic, reduced the night students to such a minimum of attendance that the Board did not feel warranted in keeping the school open after February.

In the Winter a concert was given under the auspices of the High school. The money raised together with the proceeds of a similar concert the previous year, resulted in a profit of over $150, which was expended in the purchase of new singing books. The musical training in our schools is thorough, every class receiving regular lessons from a special teacher each week, and being drilled between the lessons by the teacher of the class.

Drawing receives attention in our schools. The system is one of the best; and it is conducted by a professional teacher in charge of the department.

It is believed that one of our schools, the Washington, on Fifth street, was the first in New Jersey to receive the present of an American flag, a few years ago. Since that time nearly every school house of this city has been made to the same schools until all have been provided. We think that the flag of the nation, waving upon every school house will be an educating influence in character and in love of country.

Our Commencements always been marked by a peculiar interest on the part of its alumni. At every public occasion, the graduates of former years are present in large numbers; the classes have maintained an organization, and meet from time to time; and many of the classes have presented gifts to the school. Several valuable pictures, cabinets of mineral, of flora and of fauna, and of stuffed birds and animals, have in this way been received, and now ornament the halls of our High school building. Recently the class of 1879 erected its affection for its Alma Mater, by presenting the High School with a beautiful clock.

At the commencement exercises on *June* 25th, a graduating class of nineteen received diplomas. Fourteen of this number entered Princeton College without conditions; one, Rutgers on certificate without examination; one Wellesley on certificate, and one the Baltimore Woman's College on certificate. Vassar College and the State Normal School each received one graduate upon certificate. We send our graduates to the best colleges in the land without further preparation than is required to graduate in our own High School.

The three graduates of our Training class who received diplomas the previous commencement after two years of faithful study and practice in model teaching work, were among the rank or teachers of the school last year, and did work that merited approval. The requisite for membership in this Training class is that the candidate shall be a graduate in our own High School, and shall be recommended by the Board of Education. It will not be many years before our own Training class graduates will supply nearly all the demand in our schools for new teachers.

Let the request what I have often stated before, that the highest success in our school could not be attained by any workers less earnest, aspiring, and devoted, than the noble band of teachers in our schools, than whom no more faithful can be found.

JESSE L. HURLBUT,
City Supt. of Schools.

Their Third Anniversary.

Franklin Council No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., celebrated its third anniversary in Amphion Hall Monday evening. Admission was by invitation and all present were very well entertained with the pleasant manner in which they were entertained.

The affair concluded with dancing. The following were the committee: Floor manager, C. S. Martin; Assistants, J. V. Bodine and C. H. Gerber; Reception committee, L. M. Bennett, H. Bennett, H. Pope Jr., and W. H. Hardy; Committee of Arrangement, comprised Messrs. J. V. Bodman, C. S. Martin, C. S. Gerber, L. M. Donovan and H. S. Pope, Jr.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

The October Term Opened Yesterday at Elizabeth.

The following is a list of the cases to be tried by the Union County Court this term.

The First National Bank of Jersey City vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. Edwin A. Rayner, Wm. Crenstown. Filed Aug. 14, 1890.

William H. DeCamp et al. vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. Edwin A. Rayner, Wm. Crenstown. Filed Aug. 14, 1890.

The Central National Bank vs. Anthony W. Dimock et al. On contract. John Lion, W. F. Wilson. Filed Aug. 14, 1890.

Thomas S. Davis vs. Mary E. Moore. In tort. Chas. A. Reed, Wm. K. McClure. Filed Sept. 6, 1890.

John Chandler vs. The Plainfield Electric Light Co. Vail & Ward, Lindsley, Jackson & Coddington. Filed Sept. 5, 1890.

Fanny Ayres and Samuel E. Ayres, partners, &c. vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. James O. Clark, Wm. Crenstown. Filed Sept. 9, 1890.

John Schryver vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. James O. Clark, Wm. Crenstown. Filed Sept. 9, 1890.

Abraham Steers vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. R. D. Gilmore, Wm. Crenstown. Filed Sept. 9, 1890.

Jacob Fonerden vs. Connolly Street Railway Equipment Company. In tort. T. F. McCormick, J. C. Connolly. Filed Sept. 16, 1890.

David F. Cole vs. The Passa. Railroad Co. In ejectment. *Vail & Ward, J. R. English.* Filed Sept. 19, 1890.

Mary C. Martin vs. The Passa. Railroad Co. In ejectment. Vail & Ward, J. R. English, Filed Sept. 19, 1890.

The Second Methodist Episcopal Church, of Rahway, vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company. In ejectment. Vail & Ward, J. R. English. Filed Sept. 19, 1890.

John S. Irving vs. Patrick J. Whelan. On contract. J. R. & N. English, Traphagen & Beekman. Filed Sept. 26, 1890.

Margaret Haligan vs. Same, &c., vs. The Central Railroad Company of N. J. In tort. W. R. Wilson, B. Williamson. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

The State vs. The New Jockey Club. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of Pleas. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

The State vs. The Linden Park Blood Horse Association. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of the Pleas. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

The State vs. Ike S. Thompson. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of the Pleas. James J. Gerber. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

The State vs. Henry Bleecker. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of the Pleas. James J. Gerber. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

The State vs. Robert G. Irving. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of the Pleas.

The State vs. Joseph L. Anderson. Indictment. W. R. Wilson, pros. of the Pleas. James J. Gerber. Filed Sept. 27, 1890.

Susan C. Savage vs. Noah W. Pike. On contract. Ang. W. Cutler, Wm. K. McClure. Filed Sept. 30, 1890.

Joseph D. Spicer et al., partners, etc. vs. Nathan'l W. Trask et al., partners. On contract. R. V. Lindabury, James Benny. Filed Oct. 1, 1890.

The Samuel L. Moore & Sons Company vs. Charles A. Brown. In tort. P. H. Gilhooly, R. V. Lindabury. Filed Sept. 16, 1890.

Monroe B. Long and Jno. H. Jackson, *exrs. of Pranse Lee, dec'd., vs. Nicholas Mooney.* On contract. Jackson & Coddington, Vail & Ward. Issued joined Oct. 20, 1890.

William H. Hoover vs. The City of Elizabeth, Os ouvs., vs. W. Im. Wilson. Franz Bergen. Issued joined January 4, 1890.

The Lovell Manufact'g Company, Limited, vs. Gerhard Rau et al. On contract. Hayes & Lambert, John T. Dunn. Issued joined Oct. 18, 1890.

Johnathan H. Crane vs. Helen Burnet. In Ejectment. Foster M. Voorhees, P. H. Gilhooly. Issue joined January 18, 1890.

Henry Aitken vs. Joseph Battin. On contract. J. R. & N. English, Frank Bergen. Issued joined April 12, 1890.

The Elizabeth Street Railway Company vs. The Central Railroad Co. of N. J. In tort. P. H. Gilhooly, B. Williamson. Issue joined April 12, 1890.

John G. Cock vs. Henry Wood. On contract. R. V. Lindabury, J. Aug. Fay. Issue joined April 29, 1890.

Elias W. Vanderveer vs. The Mount Tamaa African Methodist Episcopal church. On contract. Robert E. Chetwood, T. F. McCormick. Issue joined April 28, 1890.

The Linden Park Blood Horse Association. On contract. P. H. Gilhooly, J. R. & N. English. Issue joined May 8, 1890.

Abram C. Devitt vs. The Elizabeth Ice Co. On contract. Rowe & Braden. J. R. & N. English. Issue joined May 8, 1890.

The J. L. Mott Iron Works vs. Sarah J. Doying. On contract. Gerber & Sornsen, Wm. Crenstown. Issue joined May 28, 1890.

Elizabeth Schneider vs. Elizabeth Gieu. On contract. Craig A. Marsh, Jackson & C. dington. Issue joined June 14, 1890.

Edward McNeal vs. The New Jersey Extraction Works. In tort. John T. Dunn, P. H. Gilhooly. Issue joined June 17, 1890.

William H. Cleu vs. Job Male. On contract. J. P. Hoffman, Jr., Craig A. Marsh. Issue joined July 23, 1890.

Issue Josephs vs. William H. Sault, Constable. In Replevin. T. F. McCormick, John T. Dunn. Issue joined July 19, 1890.

William H. Cleu vs. Henry Pope and James E. Brown. On contract. J. P. Hoffman, Jr., Foster M. Voorhees. Issue joined July 19, 1890.

Bridget Nolan et al. vs. Olaf Larsen. In Tort. P. H. Gilhooly, J. C. Connolly. Issue joined Sept. 20, 1890.

Gottfried Krueger vs. Reginhart Bardt. On contract. Craig A. Marsh, John T. Dunn. Issue joined Sept. 12, 1890.

Judith Berry vs. William Chamberlain. In Replevin. Robert G. Bell, Garret Berry, Jesse Joined Sept. 12, 1890.

The Newark and Seattle Railway Company vs. Hampton C. Williams and others. On appeal. Foster M. Voorhees, R. V. Lindabury. Filed Sept. 20, 1890.

Sarah A. Disbrow vs. James H. Durand, Adam'r of Simon Hon, deceased. On contract. Vail & Ward, Thos. H. Shafer.

George J. Ryan, appl't; vs. The City of Elizabeth, On appeals. Gerber & Sornsen, Frank Bergen. Filed April 27, 1890. Filed Aug. 1, 1890.

Wm. G. Rosyer, app'l; vs. Thomas Thompson, appls. Justice V. W. Nash. Filed March 25, 1890

Cornelia A. Pickel, appl't; vs. Henry Smith, appl'e. Justice J. Oakly Nodyne. Filed April 24, 1890.

John Harper, appl't, vs. Garret Berry, appl'e. Justice Chas. H. Lambert. Filed Sept. 2, 1890.

Wilson F'ds, appl't, vs. Thomas D. Bullock, et. al., Partners, &c. appls. Justice J. Oakley Rodyne. Filed Sept. 9, 1890.

Noah S. Noe, appl't; vs. David S. Noe appl'e. Justice Chas. H. Lamb'rt. Filed Oct. 1, 1890.

Freeman Cleo, appl't; vs. James Smith, appl'e. Justice W. R. Frazee. Filed Dec. 3, 1890.

Harry Green, appl't; vs. William Kelly, appl'e. Justice J. R. Behan. Filed Feb. 25, 1890.

James H. Green, appl't; vs. Harry Green, appl'e. Justice E. B. Kelly. Filed April 30, 1890.

W. S. Leaned, appl't; vs. Louis R. Hearl'ine, appl'e. Justice E. B. Kelly. Filed April 30, 1890.

Patrick Maddoon, apel't; vs. Nathan Rosenblum, appl'ee. Justice V. W. Nash. Filed May 6, 1890.

Henry Green, appl't; vs. James H. Green, appl'ee. Justice J. R. Behan. Filed May 5, 1890.

Tunis J. Carey, appl't; vs. Jos. B. Miller et al., appl'ee. Justice V. W. Nash. Filed Sept. 3, 1890.

Annie Mossman, appl't, vs. Walter Mathews, appl'ee. Justice Chas. H. Lambert. Filed Sept. 16, 1890.

Louis Davis, appl't; vs. Theo. F. Francis et als., as Francis Brothers, appls. Justice J. Oakly Nodyne. Filed Sept. 19, 1890.

Frederick Glasure, appl't; vs. Mayor and Common Council City of Rahway, appl'ee. George J. Trusler, Police Justice. Filed Sept. 23, 1890.

Wm. Callahan, appl't; vs. The Treasurer of the City of Plainfield, appl'ee. Judge W. R. Codington. Filed Sept. 30, 1890.

PETIT JURORS.

Abram Angleman: Plainfield; Peter Burdett, Elizabeth, 6th Ward; William C. Beach, Summit; Henry Barber, Springfield; John J. Beatty, Elizabeth, 3d Ward; Edward C. Bloodgood, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; John W. Blakely, Elizabeth, 5th Ward; William E. Blanchard, Rahway; William Connolly, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; Henry Chappel, Rahway; Edward S. Crane, Cranford; Orlando E. Chamberlain, Plainfield; Patrick Dougherty, Elizabeth, 8th Ward; Lewis Dayton, Springfield; Frank H. Dodd, Summit; Henry F. Fulkerson, Elizabeth, 5th Ward; Theodore S. Gray, Elizabeth, 4th Ward; Thomas Gray, Union; John G. Hammer, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; Hezekiah Hand, Fanwood; Silas W. Holden, Cranford; James B. Holmes, Westfield; William H. Hall, Rahway; Eugene M. Laing, Plainfield; Benjamin F. LaMott, Elizabeth, 5th Ward; William Mc Kinley, Elizabeth, 8th Ward; Samuel Morgan, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; William S. Martin, Linden; Thomas Mc Dermott, Cranford; Henry W. Manisfield, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; John C. Mosher, Plainfield; Martin Murphy, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; Edwin Marsh, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; John Newcomb, Elizabeth, 5th Ward; Orman Noble, Fanwood; Nelson Osborn, Rahway; Providence Sisman Patek, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; Charles Schnepel, Elizabeth, 1st Ward; Henry Smith, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; James A. Seymour, Elizabeth, 8th Ward; Morris Spinning, Summit; Joseph A. Sofield, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; Louis J. Bauer, Elizabeth, 2d Ward; William Schoonover, Westfield; George F Smith, Elizabeth, 4th Ward: Jonathan D. Winans, Cranford; George E. Way; Rahway; George R. Wilson, Elizabeth, 8th Ward.

PERSONAL.

Miss Minnie Angleman formerly of this city but now of Newark is visiting friends here.

Miss Lily Walters of Brooklyn, is visiting her cousin Miss Allison of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Miss Jennie Gibson of Brooklyn, is visiting Councilman and Mrs. Sebring of Prospect place, North Plainfield.

Mr. David McIntire of Newark and Miss Anna Woodland of North Plainfield were married at the home of the bride on Somerset street at half-past eleven o'clock this morning. Mr. and Mrs. McIntire will reside in Newark.

Mr. Wm. A. Coddington of this city and Miss Ida M. Wilson of Woodbridge are to be married at the latter place this evening. Mr. Coddington *is a popular young lawyer.* Miss Wilson was a teacher in the North Plainfield public school for a number of years.

W. C. T. U. Notes.

At a recent meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, the election of the following persons as superintendents of department work for the coming year was confirmed:

Press Work	Mrs. Baker.
Loyal Temperance Legion	Miss Beekman.
Kitchen Garden	Miss Allie Smith
Lumberyard	Miss Hoffman.
Sunday School	Mrs. Wyckoff.
Prison	Miss C. R. Yeo.
Flower Mission	Mrs. Bowne.
Parlor Meeting	Mrs. F. M. Smith.
Hygiene	Mrs. Cowd.
Finance	Mrs. Bowne.
Gospel Work	Mrs. Vogel.
Social Purity	Mrs. A. B. Pond.
Flower Mission	Mrs. H. Hamilton.

—Messrs. Ayres and Totten, two experienced expressmen, have started in the express business. Their office is at No. 19 Park avenue. Mr. Ayres was with Adams Express Co. for ten years. Read what they have to say in their advertisement in another column.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from correspondents will be published, but the editor will not be responsible in the sense of endorsement for any sentiments which may be expressed in communications, however, invited. Every article must be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.]

The West End's Manager Explains.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Owing to the charges made against myself and Mr. Goldie in the paper in last Saturday's West End-Cromwell game, by your correspondent of Monday, let me ask you for a little space in which to show this matter in the true light. The Plainfield management is found to pay the price decided by Mr. Goldie, and almost insisted up at their own umpire selecting, but we were desirous of obtaining a fair *and impartial one pire, and I was authorized* by the West End Athletic Association to engage Mr. Goldie, and, if necessary, to pay the balance of the sum demanded, twenty five dollars, ($25,) from the treasury, which I did.

Yours Very Truly,
I. C. MAGE.
Manager of W. E. A. A.

Storms Raised Them.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Will you kindly inform me, and a great many others through your columns if the committee appointed by both councils to look into the matter of widening and opening of Pence street have had a meeting and been over the ground as yet? If not, can you make any good excuses for their not doing so? It is a matter of great importance to the city and cannot not to be neglected. PEACE STREET.

[We understand "that Mayor Main and Councilman Smith for Plainfield, and Mayor Pierce and Councilman Sebring for North Plainfield have tried to have a meeting to go over the ground, but have been hindered by bad weather.]

A Valuable Gift to the Library.

On October 3d, Mr. J. Evarts Tracy presented to the library the largest and most valuable gift of books it has yet received. The books numbered 300, and comprise volumes publi-hed by the Smithsonian Institute on Ethnology, the reports of Alaskan fisheries, report of Secretary of the Interior, Navy, War, etc., etc. A very valuable gift to all lovers. The warm interest Mr. Tracy takes in the welfare of the library is shown by his many favors of this character.

Republican Primaries.

The Republicans of this city held their primary meetings last night and selected delegates to attend the Republican County Convention, which is to meet at Elizabeth tomorrow. The result was as follows:

FIRST WARD.
Chairman—J. B. Coward.
Secretary—R. R. Coriell.
Delegates to County Convention—Wm. Cole, J. B. Coward, George W. Moore, R. A. Meeker and E. H. Bird.
Members of the Executive Committee—J. B. Coward and George W. Moore.

SECOND WARD
Chairman—W. H. Coddington.
Secretary—L. J. Denton.
Delegates to County Convention—A. C. Bayton, L. J. Denton, John Johnson, George H. Goddard and S. A. Gimm.
To Assembly Convention—H. C. Squires, I. C. Mage, B. Gray, W. H. Sampson and John Brooks.
Members of County Executive Committee—H. H. Baker and R. K. Case.

THIRD WARD.
Chairman—W. W. Murray.
Secretary—W. T. Kirk.
Delegates to County Convention—Wm. Thompson, F. A. Dunham, J. F. Hubbard, J. W. Murray, Jr. and W. T. Kirk.
Assembly Convention—T. O. Doane, M. M. Dickinson, J. E. Mann, B. F. Coriell and Alexander Gilbert.
Members of County Executive Committee —J. Frank Hubbard and E. R. Ackerman.
The Fourth Ward Primary will be held at the Republican Headquarters this evening.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COLORED man wants place as waiter or to do drivine. "P. M." 7 Central avenue.

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 23 West Front street. 27-19

FOR RENT—A good square piano, $3 per month. 49 West Fifth street. wtf, tw

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, 52 inch, Perfect condition. Will be sold cheap. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-1tf

FOR RENT—Small house, Possession within a few weeks, Rent $12. Desirable location, in pleasant part of town. Address Dress Henry D. Morrison, care Look Box I. 6-5

FOR SALE—At a bargain, First-class coach and heavy double harness, gold mounted at Homan's carriage manufactory, Somerset street.

GIRL wanted for general housework. Enquire at this office. 6-3

LOST—Left in carriages from D. S. Roberts & Sturday Oct 4th, black astrachan cape. Finder will be rewarded. Reward will be promised paid for its return. 10 Cleveland avenue.

LOST—Bookskin pocket book, with a sum of money, between 10 West Seventh street and the depot. A liberal reward will be paid if delivered at above address.

TO LET—Third story and cellar also new 1 buggy for sale. Enquire 81 and 83 Somerset street.

WASHING wanted at home. Address L. F. Cole, Post Office Plainfield. 6-2

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. References required. Mrs. R. H. Dupee 14 Central avenue. 5-3t

WANTED—A light farm wagon. Address No. 1 West Fourth street. 7-3

WANTED—A young fresh milk cow. Address No. 1 West Fourth street. 7-3

WANTED—A boarding, a reliable man for garden—Immediately. A man with moderate sum of horse and cow, and wife to board. Mr. Ayers will call upon parties after 6 o'clock p. m., or by R. R. Check, 19 West Front street.

VICTORY IS OURS!!

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

We propose to help all by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of *Castleronia Frutes before the advance in prices* took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery we fix to reach Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"

THE NEW TARIFF goes into effect to-day, Oct. 6th. The cry is higher prices. We are receiving circulars from importers, announcing that all future orders will be subject to new prices.

OUR HOUSE has been fortunate in securing large supplies before the high prices go into effect, and will continue to sell at old prices as long as its present stock holds out. Some NEW LACE CURTAINS have just come in that are being offered LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!" Note the figures:

95c, $1, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50 $1.65, $1.75, $2, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $2.65, $3, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

Also a lot of Linen Napkins at less than old prices. YOU can save money by investigating the LOW PRICES at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But they won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—bed, hanging, stand and banging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

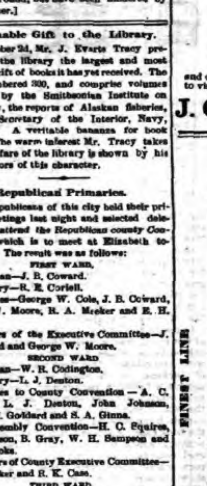
5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE--FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. *It will cost* you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.



AUCTION!!

For the sale of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

For MRS. C. B. FERRY, 125 East Second street, is

ADJOURNED
to
Thursday, Oct. 9th,
at 12 o'clock.

Sale positive, rain or shine.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer. 8-3*

Grand Fair

OF THE

PLAINFIELD GESANG & TURN VEREIN

To be held for the benefit of the

GERMAN-ENGLISH SCHOOL

At their Hall on Somerset Street.

October 13th to 18th.

Admission - - 10 cents.

For particulars see Fair Journals.

8-5*

Ayers & Totten,
CITY EXPRESS.

Freight and Baggage Delivered to any part of the City.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Charges reasonable. Orders received at W. F. Adams's, No 19 Park avenue.

W. S. AYERS & J. E. TOTTEN,

Late with Adams Express Co. 4-28

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Edwards having fully recovered, will remain for a few weeks longer, before she leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. Call at once, as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. 8-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week during the day. Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood." Terms moderate. Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislature, in the Berlin meeting of the teacher who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a task, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Vrooman, the only responsible instructor of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 382. 10-3tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Also keeps during the day choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, tobacco cider vinegar, fluted grade ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles H. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 8-5t-1y

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY
Oct 7th, the office of the late Dr. Titsworth at 106 E. Front street will be occupied by Dr. H. B. Jones formerly of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m. at 12 noon; from 5 to 7:30 p. m. 6-6

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Deuton's Nursery No. 127 Bilinda avenue. 8-29-1y

REFORM HALL.

Hypnotism or Mesmerism.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS,

The celebrated HYPNOTIST, in his wonderful Entertainment, creating intense excitement and cases of laughter.

EVERY NIGHT

and

Saturday Matinee

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business, I desire to call the attention of the public that from this date all laundry left will receive prompt and careful attention. Delivered. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfy my work and prices will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

1890 TAXES!

Notice is hereby given to the Taxpayers of the City of Plainfield, that the Collector of said City for the year 1890, are now due and payable, and that if the said Taxes be not paid by the

20TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT,

The names of the Defaulters, with their respective Taxes, will be returned to the City Judge for Prosecution.

The Commissioners of Appeal
In cases of Taxation, will meet in the Council Chamber on the Fourth Tuesday in November next, (the 25th,) and all from two o'clock p. m., until 5 p. m. or longer, if found necessary, for the purpose of hearing such complaints as may be presented to them for consideration.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Collector of Taxes.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 1st, 1890.
10-3-wtd

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PREFERRED, IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. BOX 1087. TELEPHONE CALL 37.

When there is not a blessed seal left in all those Behring sea fishing grounds then we shall have some peace.

Miss Caroline Wilkinson, the fiance of Alexander H. Stephens, died lately at Atlanta. They were never married on account of his ill health. Stephens was faithful to this one sweetheart of his life forty years. But then, Alexander was an invalid.

When Sherman was commander-in-chief of the army the infantry was the pet, and the cavalry never received special care. With Sheridan it was the cavalry that was particularly looked after. Now, under Schofield, the artillery is at last getting its innings.

The fact that illiteracy is increasing in a few of the states of the union, in spite of our vaunted public school system, is disgraceful enough. It is almost enough to make us wish that something very like the celebrated Blair education bill was a law. The authorities in the states where the shameful condition indicated exists should take this monstrous ignorance in hand at once and strangle it, or in time it will strangle them. There should be no let up, night or day.

A Gentleman's Wardrobe.

If the London fine gentleman were asked what is the true object of life he would reply, if he were honest, "To dress." He wears a tweed suit in the morning, a frock coat suit in the afternoon, an evening dress after 6 o'clock, and perhaps finishes off the day with a smoking suit.

His wardrobe costs him $1,500 to $2,000 a year. There was, not long since, a London tailor made man who had a new pair of trousers for every day in the year. He became bankrupt before the season closed, and left his tailor out in the cold for a hundred pairs of the trousers. The ordinary fashionable Londoner spends, according to the tailor's story, about $300 a year on his clothes. He must have twenty new suits at the beginning of the season, which cost on the average in the city of cheap clothing for men about $25 the suit. Then he needs two evening suits a year, and the finest swallow tail costumes cost, even in London, $100 each.

But the average, middle class young man manages to rub along on $75 a year for clothes.

The Rite Shaped Race Track.

Toward the close of the season the kite shaped race track was tried at the trotters' meeting at Independence, Ia., with the result that each of the animals speeded over it lowered their previous records by several seconds.

The question now is whether the kite shaped track for racing will become the fashion. It is a mile in length. Each straight side of it is a third of a mile long, while the curve around the upper end is also a third of a mile long. The grand stand is at the small end, where the straight sides come together. W. B. Fasig, secretary of the Cleveland Driving park, devised this new track. Its advantages are all on the side of the horse. It gives him only one long curve to turn, with two straight lines between in which to make the best time. On the part of spectators it is said that while the kite shaped track is not so handsome to the view, still all parts of it can be seen all the time. It is so much better for the horses that it may crop slowly into fashion. Mr. Fasig himself claims every advantage for it, among others that it can be constructed on ground which would not be suitable for the common track.

Beauty at the Texas Fair.

The Dallas News, as well it may, contemplates ecstatically the presence in that city of over 400 of the most beautiful maidens in Texas to welcome to the agricultural fair "Mrs. Grover Cleveland and her administration husband." They will be the very "pick and choice of Texas beauties," selected from each district by the unerring eye of Texas congressmen, though one pities the judges when he thinks of the maidens who get left. This gorgeous show of incomparable loveliness will come off in October, it is intimated, during the dazzling scene prospectively The News portrays that:

> Such a sight will indeed be most entrancing, and one never witnessed before in the history of the republic. In fact, in the life of the country, has a great state assembled in its delegates, chosen especially for their beauty, on any like occasion, and with such a unique and distinguished courtesy to a welcomed guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland must feel the great honor that has been done them, and all the press of the world will doubtless emphasize it by adequate descriptions of the notable event. To some lucky person the following sketches of the great scene had upon such a scene would be worth a fortune to the fortunate writer.

It is now possible to pronounce this scene upon impartiable canvas the artists of the state should see to it that this be done. The instantaneous photographer will doubtless find here a noble field for his work. The reporters staff of the country will find an item that will fan the genius of the most felicitous and brilliant writers to do it justice, and Dallas, queenly Dallas, always gallant, ever hospitable, will welcome royally the sunshine honor that such an occasion must bestow.

SEVEN DEADLY REPORTS

A Frightful Explosion at the Dupont Powder Mills.

NEARLY A DOZEN LIVES LOST.

The Town of Rockland, Del., Was Completely Wrecked and the Explosion Was Heard Over Thirty-five Miles—Houses Wrecked and People Killed.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 8.—A terrific explosion, resulting in the loss of nearly a dozen lives, the injuring of many people, and the destruction of much property, occurred in this city this afternoon. In the upper yard of the extensive powder works of E. E. Dupont, De Nemours & Co., on Brandywine creek, three miles north of this city. The shock was keenly felt here and caused intense excitement. Buildin a number of residences were severely shaken. Instantly everybody rushed to the doors to ascertain the cause of the disturbance. There were seven reports resembling the booming of cannon and about a second apart. The hazy atmosphere hid the smoke and caused the reports to sound differently from those of preceding explosions. Physicians who had been summoned by telephone, and who were soon hurrying toward the powder manufactory, was the first indication the public had of the exact location of the catastrophe.

Immediately thereafter throngs of people went to the scene of the disaster. The shock of the explosion was terrific and was plainly felt in many parts of Philadelphia, and also at Chester, Pa.; Millville, N. J., and other places thirty to thirty-five miles away.

Ten Killed and Twenty Wounded.

Every dwelling in the neighborhood was wrecked or unroofed, and buildings within a radius of half a mile are more or less damaged. At midnight a messenger brought in the following dispatch: "Ten killed and upward of twenty wounded. The little town of Rockland is a complete wreck. None of its houses are left standing." Rockland is a village on the Brandywine, a mile above the scene of the explosion.

At the Scene of the Explosion.

At the scene of the explosion women and children, wives and sons and daughters of men employed in the powder manufactory, were madly rushing here and there seeking information about the safety of their loved ones. The yard in which the mills stood was littered with debris of fallen buildings, and at some places where buildings had been the only trace left was empty cellars and a few foundation stones. The little village of Dupont Banks, immediately opposite the powder yard, presented a most pitiable appearance. A hundred dwellings were either demolished or badly damaged. Buildings were unroofed, fronts of houses blown out and wrecked. Inside the dwellings the devastation was complete. The rooms on the ground floor were strewn with broken furniture, crushed stoves, remnants of clothes, etc.

The soda mill, a large stone building about 300 yards from the magazines, is wrecked, the roof of the charcoal mills fell, and the buildings themselves took fire from the furnaces. Effective use of the fire apparatus at the works soon extinguished the fire.

A Close Call for the Deposits.

Where the corning and packing house stood there are holes in the ground ten feet deep. The large storage magazine containing several tons of powder, and built of corrugated iron, which is situated about a quarter of a mile from the wrecked mills, and another smaller mill escaped, as well as the glazing and press rooms. Four of the Dupont and several clerks were in the office when the explosion took place. Every window was blown out and much of the plastering fell from the walls, but beyond scratches, cuts and bruises no one was hurt. Two horses being driven through the yard were killed, while their driver escaped. William H. Green was working in the magazine that blew up first. He was packing powder for the government. It is supposed that his soldering iron became too hot and ignited the powder.

Collecting the Remains.

Ten men have been killed, but the bodies of but two have been found. While daylight lasted portions of the other bodies were being collected, a limb here, an arm there, a piece of the trunk in another place. The list of dead so far reported is as follows:

W. R. Green, a soldier, aged 40, leaves a widow and four children. His body was found whole, but so badly blackened as to be barely recognizable. William McGarvey, laborer, aged 40, single, head blown off. Martin Dolan, aged 63, employed in the graining mill, leaves a family. Jim Dolan, a laborer, aged 26, single. John H. Harrigan, laborer married, aged 30; Michael Harrigan, laborer; Patrick Dougherty, aged 30, single; John Newell, laborer, aged 30, leaves a family. John Herline, laborer; Michael Berline, laborer; Mrs. Rosie Dougherty, aged 80, found crushed by the roof of her house.

The Injured and the Losses.

All the names given above were men employed in and about the mills that exploded. The injured are as follows.

Daniel Harkins, aged 25, fatally. Patrick Gilpin, badly hurt; he was standing in the door of his house 300 yards from the mills. Thomas Dougherty, aged 3 months, seriously injured by having a stove fall on him. William Logue, head badly cut. Mrs. Lizzie F. Anderson, arm broken and internally injured. Hugh Feary, ribs crushed. James Ward, leg lacerated. Winfield Thaters, eye torn out. In the excitement and confusion it was impossible to obtain a complete list of the wounded. It is known that scores were cut by flying glass and bruised by falling beams and timbers. It is estimated that between seven and ten tons of powder were exploded; some reports say two or three times that much.

The total loss will be from $200,000 to $300,000. The company is rich and will begin to rebuild at once.

It Was a Fight for Life.

Immediately after the explosion a large building known as the "Refinery," located near the center of the village, took fire. It was a matter of life and death to the whole population that this fire should be extinguished before it communicated with the powder the building contained. Taking their lives in their hands the Dupont fire brigade fought the flames, which had caught on the roof. It was touch and go between saving and destruction, but the flames won. Had the roof fallen in it is doubtful if any man, woman or child in the vicinity would have escaped death or injury. As it is, Alexis Irenee Dupont has rendered boundless by the disaster.

LATER.—Another report places the number of lives lost at sixteen.

DAY MUST HANG.

Convicted of His Wife's Murder by Mrs. Surratt's Son.

WILLIAMS, Ont., Oct. 8.—Early this morning the jury in the Day murder trial rendered a verdict of guilty and Judge Rose sentenced Day to be hanged on Nov. 18. The prisoner took his sentence coolly. He was charged with pushing his wife, Dudley Day, off a precipice near the whirlpool rapids near Niagara Falls, on the night of September 3, the anniversary of his sister, Mrs. Mary E. Quigley, of Rochester.

She testified that she lived in Rochester. On July 27 she went with the prisoner and his wife to Niagara Falls from Buffalo. They all had dinner at the Falls, and then went over the river to the Canadian side and went down the bank toward the whirlpool.

Witness' foot became sore and she sat down to rest. The prisoner and his wife wanted to see the whirlpool and they went on. Witness saw them both near the bank. Mrs. Day was nearest the water. When witness looked again Mrs. Day was gone and the prisoner was waving a black handkerchief.

The witness here appeared to be faint and took a drink. When she had recovered somewhat her examination was continued. She said:

"I went to the prisoner and he told me 'Mary' were the whirlpool had done completely and cried piteously, but finally saying, 'It I must, I must,'" continued: "He said he had pushed her over the bank, and struck her but knew what struck her."

Mrs. Quigley's evidence was not much shaken by the cross-examination, although she was in the witness box nearly three hours.

Knights Templar Elect Officers.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The seventy-seventh annual conclave of the Knights Templar of the state of New York opened in this city yesterday. Delegates were present representing fifty-five commanderies, and there were also present seven past grand commanders, representatives from the different grand jurisdictions of the United States and grand officers from Pennsylvania and Vermont. The grand recorder's report shows the total membership in the state to be 5,650. The grand treasurer's report shows the receipts for the year at $6,347.50; disbursements, $4,480.95. The election resulted as follows: Sir Gaius McCormick, Lyons, R. E. G. commander; Sir George F. Loder, Rochester, V. E. G. commander; Sir Edward L. Gaul, Hudson, grand generalissimo; Sir John H. Downing, Brooklyn, grand captain general; Sir Rev. Cornelius I. Twing, Brooklyn, grand prelate; Sir James W. Boden, New York, grand senior warden; Sir Horace A. Noble, Buffalo, grand junior warden; Sir Ralph C. Christiance, Ithaca, grand treasurer; Sir Robert Masters, Brooklyn, grand recorder; Sir John A. Mapes, New York, grand standard bearer; Sir Arthur MacArthur, Troy, grand sword bearer; Sir George Nicholson, Brooklyn, grand sentinel; Sir Charles H. Hensley, New York, grand inspector; J. W. Schagg, Saratoga, captain of the guard. The next annual conclave will be held at Saratoga the first Tuesday in September, 1891.

To Revise the Confession of Faith.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 8.—The committee on revision of the confession of faith of the Presbyterian church, appointed at the last general assembly, held their opening session in the library building of the Western Theological seminary, Allegheny. All of the distinguished members of the committee were present except Rev. Dr. Thomas and S. H. Hastings, of New York, and Barker Gummere, of New Jersey. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Dr. William C. Roberts, president of Lake Forest college, Illinois, president, and Dr. William E. E. Moore, of Columbus, O., secretary. The remaining time of the session was occupied in formulating rules for the government of the future sessions of the committee. The hours for meeting will be from 9:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. and 2:30 to 5:30 p. m. daily. The members of the press will be excluded.

Report of Alaska's Governor.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Lyman E. Knapp, governor of Alaska, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, says that fourteen government day schools are in session, eleven of which were attended wholly by natives. About 100,000 full sized furskins were taken by the Alaska Commercial company during the year, and probably half as many more were captured at sea and stolen by poaching vessels. The cod fishing industry in Alaska, though far from insignificant, is only a tithe of what it should be. The people of Alaska exhibit a strong feeling upon the subject of having a delegate to represent them in congress. The Greco-Russian church has been established in Alaska many years, and now have twelve churches with resident ordained priests, sixty-seven chapels and about 12,000 members.

Two Mail Pouches Stolen.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 8.—The mail wagon which left the postoffice at 2:30 a. m. in charge of Driver John Davis and Mail Agent D. B. Petersen, en route to the Louisville and Nashville depot, was robbed of two mail pouches containing valuable registered packages. Soon after daylight one of the mail pouches was found on a road float on the river. Every letter or package containing money or valuables had been rifled. The pouches' contents does not think the aggregate amount of the registered packages will exceed $10,000.

The Connecticut Election.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 8.—Returns from the town elections come in slowly. These are to a large degree local contests, and are often more personal and domestic than political, though the result is always looked for with interest. Of 110 towns at present reported 49 elect Republican town clerks and boards of selectmen, 39 go Democratic and 22 are divided. Last year these same towns stood 52 Republican, 32 Democratic and 26 divided.

He Was Beaten to Death.

CENTRALIA, Pa., Oct. 8.—John Kerrigan, a young miner, was fatally clubbed from the effects of a beating received at the hands of Michael McManamon and John McHugh. Kerrigan during a quarrel with McHugh and McManamon on Sept. 29 was beaten and kicked in a terrible manner, but survived over a week. His assailants are under arrest.

He Was a Contemporary of Poe.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 8.—Professor J. H. Hewitt died at his home in this city at 11 o'clock in the 90th year of his age. He was a contemporary of Edgar Allen Poe and the author of a number of songs and poems popular fifty years ago.

Two Passengers Committed Suicide.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 8.—Two steerage passengers on the steamer Majestic committed suicide during the voyage from New York. The passengers made up a purse of $250 for the widow and children of one of the men.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Louisville—

Louisville	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	—5
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Louisville, 9; Toledo, 10. Errors: Louisville, 2; Toledo, 2. Batteries: Cunningham and Boyle; Weyhing and Wachsdorfer.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Columbus	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Base hits: St. Louis, 5; Columbus, 7. Batteries: Hart and Frost, Chamberlain and O'Connor. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati (Players' league exhibition game)—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Base hits: Cincinnati, 4; Cleveland, 3. Errors: Cincinnati, 1; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Parrott and Harrington, McGill and Brennan.

He Killed Two Persons.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 8.—In the Houston county superior court at Perry Thomas G. Woolfolk was a second time convicted of murdering the murder of ten members of his father's family in Bibb county in August, 1887. The case is the most notable one in the criminal annals of the state. On the night of Aug. 7, 1887, Woolfolk took an ax, and going from room to room in his father's house butchered every one of the family in their sleep. They were his father, stepmother, three half-sisters, three half-brothers, one infant in arms and an aged aunt, Mrs. West. The murderer was tried in this city in November, 1887, and afterward, having been given a new trial by the supreme court with a change of venue, was retried in November, 1889, at Perry, in Houston county. He was convicted and sentenced to be hanged on both trials. On the last appeal the decision of the lower court was sustained and the sentence has been pronounced is final. He will be hanged Oct. 10.

England's Envoy to Ireland.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Mr. John Morley, speaking last night at Swindon, ridiculed the idea that because he had been a minister he should blindfold himself to the condition of affairs in Ireland. What pleased him more than being a minister was his being an envoy of peace and hope from the democracy of England to the democracy of Ireland. Every word he had told Englishmen as to happenings in Ireland was the truth, and he was glad that he had helped in the exposure of the ministerial authorities. He claimed that Magistrate Caddell's letter was a corroboration of his statements. After describing the distress existing in the congested districts, he suggested that a remedy was available in renewing the proposals as to Irish land made in 1886, and inviting the co-operation of the Irish members in pressing the measure.

He Blew His Son.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 8.—Franklin Colts and his son, Charles, aged 16 years, of Warrensburg, visited the Luzerne fair the last week in August. Colts returned home, saying the boy had gone to Mt. Edward to work. He brought back the boy's old clothing, bloodstained and dirty, to be washed. Nothing further being heard of the son, search was made, with the result of finding the dead body of Charles under the lean to. It is said that the father has been arrested.

The Catholic Object.

LOWELL, Mass., Oct. 8.—Rev. William J. Joyce, of the Oblate order, has presented at the county clerk's office the remonstrance against laying the corner stone of the city hall by the Masonic rite. The remonstrance bears the names of twenty-five Catholic clergymen and 4,640 Catholic laymen. The names of the pastor and associates of St. Peter's church are not in the remonstrance.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be clear, with slight temperature changes.

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Cor. Talbot'st, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $25.00. 8-21 1y

Winter's Approaching,

And it is time to keep warm and comfortable. It is necessary to have the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, carefully borne my former friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Ranges, best make, with patent oven attachment, prices at $18.50. Fancy parlor stove $12.00. Base burners proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Sherlock Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how deep the stain,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a perfect protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Just Received,

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

270 BROADWAY.

Thompson Park,

NO. 53 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunsmere.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Estey Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Glaty" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter goods on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

MOY'S

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 20 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate ornament given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1866.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Netherwood avenue. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables,

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

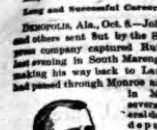
AN OUTLAW OUTWITTED.

Rube Burrows Run to Earth at Last.

RABBED BY TWO PLUCKY NEGROES

The Notorious Train Robber and Murderer Was Taken by Surprise and Fell an Easy Victim to His Assailants—His Long and Successful Career of Crime.

DEMOPOLIS, Ala., Oct. 8.—John McDuffee and others sent out by the Southern Express company captured Rube Burrows and arrested him in South Marengo. He was making his way back to Lamar county, had passed through Monroe and had been



RUBE BURROWS.

in Marengo for several days. Several detectives and deputy sheriffs have been close behind him since Sunday. McDuffee ran across Burrows, who had stepped out of a train into a house which he was passing, and, being armed, with two colored men, to go into the house ostensibly for some other purpose. Burrows had placed his rifle in the corner of the room, but had his revolvers in his pocket. The darkies engaged him in conversation and then grabbed him by his hands, preventing his shooting.

Rube Fought Manfully.

Burrows fought the darkies manfully until McDuffee and others got into the house, when, after a desperate struggle, they succeeded in conquering and securely tying the great desperado. McDuffee went to Linden jail this afternoon with Burrows strapped hand and foot in front of him on his horse lying across—head on one side and feet on the other. The robber's position was very painful, but he was allowed no chance of escape. Burrows is now really in jail, but only $175 on his person when captured.

The Colored Men Were Plucky.

Mr. Agee and Mr. Fisher, both superintendents of the Southern Express company, went at once to Linden to pay Mr. Burrows a call. Superintendent Agee is greatly pleased over the capture of the long sought for Burrows.

The two colored men showed great courage in making the first steps toward capturing the great robber. They will doubtless be handsomely rewarded. The whole amount of rewards for Burrows is $3,500, of which McDuffee will receive a large share.

The whole town here is excited over the news of the celebrated captive. Linden jail has the honor of having first held the notorious outlaw. Mr. D. J. Meador sent a special courier to Superintendents Fisher and Agee Monday night stating that Burrows had passed his house, making inquiries as to a ferry near by. All the detectives left in the morning to make the capture.

The deputy sheriffs of the county, Peck and McDuffee, showed especial determination in the hunt for the outlaw.

Five Men in the Gang.

There were originally five men in the Burrows gang, and all five have been arrested. No man is now at large who can say that he has ever robbed a Southern express train. Superintendents Fisher and Agee state that about $10,000 has been spent in the capture of Burrows and his gang. The captive acknowledges his name and identity. He will be brought here today by Messrs. McDuffee, J. G. Carter and the two colored men who captured him.

A Remarkable Career of Crime.

Rube Burrows' life furnishes an exciting piece of criminal history. He was born in North Alabama about the beginning of the war of the rebellion and is about 29 years old. His first crime was committed when he was 19 years old. A companion and he were out hunting one day when a dispute over some trifle and killed him. Burrows claimed that he did it in self defense and was released. Vernon, Ala., is his home. It is a village situated away up in the mountains of North Alabama, remote from civilization. The inhabitants of this vicinity are a set of lawless and reckless people.

Some of His Exploits.

Along in 1882, when Burrows was a mere youth, he organized a band of thieves. He was their captain. They made whisky and sold it to the farmers up in his neighborhood. Burrows also tried counterfeiting, but without success. Three years ago, in Pine Bluff, Ark., Rube, his brother, Jim, and Nick Thornton robbed an express car of $30,000. Jim was captured and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years. Rube and Thornton escaped, and no officer was brave enough to capture them. In July, 1886, Rube killed Postmaster Gardner at Vernon because Gardner would not deliver him some masks he had ordered by mail. In October, 1889, Burrows killed James Delano, a deputy sheriff.

His Most Daring Robbery.

Burrow's most daring exploit was on the night of Dec. 13, 1889, when he and a companion held up the Illinois Central express at Duck Hill, a small station northwest of New Orleans. One of the twain held up the engineer and fireman, marched them to the express car, captured the express messenger and robbed the car of $6,000. The other robber intimidated the passengers and killed one of them named Chester Higgins, who attempted resistance. The robbers escaped, and detectives have since been upon their trail.

A Defeat for the "I" Road.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The second division of the court of appeals has handed down a decision in the case of William P. Ahrendorf, respondent, vs. the Manhattan Railway company, appellants, in which the order of the lower court is affirmed and judgment absolute rendered against appellants. The action was brought to restrain defendants from operating their road in front of plaintiff's premises, No. 99 Pearl street, New York city, and to recover damages for injuries to the rental value of said premises by reason of the operation of defendant's road. The effect of the decision is to render the railroad liable for damages by reason of the amount of which will be determined by a subsequent suit.

Safe-Mover Palmer Convicted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Phenix P. Palmer, the safe mover, who on March 29 last killed Lawyer John H. Atkinson by the blow of a cart rung, was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree, discharged in the indictment, last evening by a jury in the general sessions court. The penalty is from five to ten years.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant to me directed from the Board of City Taxes of the City of Plainfield, in the county of Union, I will expose to public sale and real estate in the said City of Plainfield, on the premises hereinafter described, at public vendue, on Monday, the 27th day of October, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the lots of land and premises described in the Commissioners' Assessment Roll for the year 1890, for the purpose of raising the sum of $30,000 for the purpose of paying the interest on the bonded debt of the City of Plainfield, and the expenses incidental thereto, and the amount assessed upon each of said lots of land and premises, and the name of the person to whom each of said lots of land and premises was assessed, as appears by the Commissioners' Assessment Roll for the year 1890, for the City of Plainfield, and the interest and costs thereon, to wit:

[Long list of property descriptions and assessments]

Dated September 17th, 1890.

JOHN MAIN, Mayor.
JOSEPH B. COWARD, City Clerk.
Fees $6.50.

CORPORATION NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time, and ordered engrossed for a third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same:

JOSEPH B. COWARD, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., October 6, 1890.

ORDINANCE.

To macadamize Cemetery avenue, running from Park avenue to Woodland avenue.

Be it enacted by the City of Plainfield by their Common Council as follows:

SECTION 1. That all that portion of the southerly side of Park avenue to the northerly side of Woodland avenue, for the width of sixty feet, be and is by say for the distance of eight feet on either side of the centre line of said avenue be permanently improved with broken stone for the depth of six inches of good quality and proper size, the same to be properly laid, compacted and rolled, so that when completed the surface shall be smooth and even, and shall conform to the grade of said avenue, as may hereafter be established by the City Engineer, and to be paid for out of the money raised by the tax for the improvement of streets, as provided by the act of the Legislature entitled "An act to authorize the making of certain improvements in the roadbeds of the streets at the general expense of the cities."

THE LATEST STYLES
of
FALL AND WINTER
Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.
All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.
Schwed Brothers.
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

First Class Caterer.
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH
PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
42 NORTH AVENUE.

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE RUN OF THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to Park, to Second street, to Front, to Park ave., to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
2d do	do	do	10.07 do
3d do	10.00	do	10.37 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.34 do
5th do	12.00	do	12.36 p. m.
6th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.30 p. m.
7th do	3.00	do	3.37 do
8th do	4.00	do	4.37 do
9th do	5.00	do most	5.31 p. m. train.
10th do	6.00	do	6.37 do
11th do	8.00	do	8.37 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Second street, Hillside, every half hour after 7:00 a. m. for Plainfield, according to the above time table, to meet incoming trains.

Stage will make return trips over same route from Depot to Hillside ave. and Broadway. Sunday trains leave Depot at 9.00, 11.30 a. m. 2.00, 5.30, 8.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly hirers' use, and for the purpose of ladies' accommodation. Orders promptly filled at any hour, for small parties and ladies.

Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties only.

H. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Grasmere street ... west 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 2. 1-22

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers
Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Wm. Marsh, would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, &c.
Marsh & Ayers.
BO 20 AND 22 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line
FARE FIVE CENTS.

To say the public on the route within the limits of the Borough.

We have made arrangements to run for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is convenience to give a thoroughly first-class service.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the demand requires.

My present route is from the depot along Watchung avenue to Somerville. Beyond the borough limits.

Connect with the 6:3, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 n. and 4 p. m. morning trips go also to Westfield.

Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Stage will leave Depot at each train.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 8.05, a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 12.30, 4.30, 6.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.05 a. m., 2.30, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.45, 6.58, 8.04, 8.39, 9.07, 9.28, 9.36, 9.58 a.m., 12.05, 1.37, 2.38, 3.38, 4.08, 4.38, 5.08, 5.38, 6.08, 6.38, 7.08, 7.38, 8.08, 8.38, 9.08, 9.38, 10.08, 11.08, 11.38 p.m. Sunday 5.37, 6.45, 7.38, 8.38, 9.38, 10.38, 11.38 p.m. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a.m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p.m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a.m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p.m. Passengers for Newark connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 8.00, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a.m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p.m. Sunday at 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a.m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p.m. Leave Somerville at 7.00, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a.m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p.m. Sunday at 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a.m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p.m. Passengers for Somerville connections at Plainfield.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Leave Easton at 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Passengers for Easton connections at Phillipsburg.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 10.40 a. m., 2.05, 5.00 p. m. Sunday 8.21 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Hartley Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Scranton.

7.00 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch Easton, 7.00 a. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk 10.40 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 1.05 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 4.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 6.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 8.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 9.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 10.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 11.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 12.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 1.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 2.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 3.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 4.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 5.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 6.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 7.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 8.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 9.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 10.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 11.30 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 12.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 1.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 2.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 3.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 4.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 6.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 7.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 8.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Oswego, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 9.30

WOMAN AND HOME.

MORAL SIDE OF THE QUESTION OF MARRIED WOMEN TEACHERS.

How Some Women Go Shopping—Sending Flowers by Post—Women Who Feel Young—To Make Girls Think—Carlyle on Novel Writing.

The objection made to married women in the schools was not that they failed in any way as teachers. We grant they have generally had more experience than the unmarried and are more settled in their plans. They are indeed admirable teachers, but how much more admirable would they be as mothers.

Some enterprising person collected the illustrious names among sons of clergymen, and then attempted to compute what the world had lost by the celibacy of the priesthood. So we might compute the loss to our own time due to this false ideal of a childless marriage by referring to the children of those cultivated women who have found in home and family their broadest sphere of action.

Miss Millicent Fawcett, who won the highest honors at Cambridge, is a good illustration. Her mother, Mrs. Fawcett, is a woman of the highest cultivation. We are truly thankful she did not enter British schools or government offices, but chose rather to help her husband and train her child at home.

A law to exclude married women from our schools would do but little good. The question is a social and moral one and legislation cannot reach it. A good, healthy, moral sentiment is what we need; a sentiment which makes teaching less honorable for a married woman than the care of a home; a sentiment which considers childless women unfortunate and to be pitied.

Of course the presence of married women in our schools is to be the answer to the current, yet it shows the way the river flows. There are married women seeking public positions everywhere. A childless marriage is their supplied excuse.

Well, we are digging our own graves. Who will there be to perpetuate our name? Who will be the bearers of the best moral tendencies with which we have sought to better the world? Our places must be taken not by those who have profited by the rich development of our own lives, but by those from the lower ranks, who must learn anew the lessons of culture and refinement.—Cor. Chicago Tribune.

How Some Women Go Shopping.

But it is when fair woman goes a-shopping that she manifests most admirable. Then, her hand is raised against every woman who crosses her path. From the moment she pushes open the swinging doors of the first retail shop she enters and lets them fly back into the face of the woman behind her till she reaches her home again she has held herself open at every step to the charge of discourtesy. She has in her progress made tired clerks spend hours in taking down goods simply for her amusement when she has not the smallest intention of purchasing from them.

She has made audible comments upon "the stupidity and slowness of these shop girls." She has swept off from loaded shop counters with her draperies more than one easily damaged article, which she has scorned to pick up and replace. She has jostled against other women and met their indignant looks with a stony, not to say insolent, stare. She has needlessly blocked the way when others wished to pass her.

She has carried her closed umbrella or sunshade at an angle that was a perpetual menace to any woman that came near her. She has put up her glass and stared haughtily through it at the gown of the woman next to her, at the bargain counter. In her shrill, penetrating voice she has discussed in the most public places gossip reflecting more or less injuriously upon other people.

She has, in short, done very little that she should have done, and very, very much that she ought not to have done; yet she returns from it all with a serener conscience than a medieval saint coming home to the convent after a day particularly well filled with meritorious deeds. She will tell you complacently that a man can never learn to shop like a woman. And man can never be too thankful for his inability in this particular direction.—Oscar Fay Adams in North American Review.

Sending Flowers by Post.

Sending flowers through the mails is a pretty sentiment, and often a source of delight to the recipient, especially when the flowers are of a new variety, and sent from a long distance by a traveler in token of the places seen and visited.

Sprigs, fine grasses and lilies of the valley are to be arranged for transportation through the mails. A small pasteboard box must be procured and lined with cotton wadding moistened with water. Over this make a bed of the leaves from the lilies, and upon those leaves place the flowers. Much of the beauty of the flowers in the arrangement, and upon opening the box the effect will be quite the same as that of a bouquet.

Cover the stems of the flowers with damp moss in such a way that they will be firmly imbedded, and thus kept fresh for a long time. Before putting on the lid upon the box sprinkle the flowers and place a covering of leaves over them.

A friend who received a box of camelias from Georgia reported their arrival in perfect condition. Their stems were laid in freshly cut potato. Some florists wrap soiled paper or tinfoil about flowers when all but ready to open, to prevent the escape of moisture. I have received roses packed in their own leaves in a perfect condition after several days.—Jenness-Miller Magazine.

Women Who Feel Young.

There's a sister I often meet in my travels. She is the good sister who "feels just as young as she ever was." She's a handsome thing, yet she'd be a little more kittenish if she was less elephantine. Frisky old girl, how she does love to climb into the driving seat with me. Weighs two hundred and fifteen and makes the swing creak like a bobstring tackle. "Higher, Mr. Thomas. Higher! Oh, higher! You can't frighten me! I'm not one of the timid sort of girls." You bet she isn't. Has six children, and if you'll mistake her for her eldest daughter's sweet, slender girl, with an oval face, spiritually expression, and figure as graceful as a swaying lily—she'll ask you to dinner for a week.

Plays "Puss in the corner" and "Hunt the slipper." Loves to "teeter." With an eighteen foot board you have to pull all hers about thirty inches over to your side of the trestle to make it balance. When the board is balanced right in the middle she can fire the whole young men's Bible class clean up in the air as though they had been fired from a catapult. When her end of the board bangs down on the ground it jars all the "teeth" off the trees. Feels the mountain climbing. Deputy fastens us to a young man to drag her up. Other luncheon too weary. They dragged her up hills when she was younger. Besides, the old youngsters retain their old time prejudice in favor of younger girls.

They help her to her daughters' way. Man never mistakes mother for daughter going up the mountain. Apt to make that mistake about fourteen miles only. Oh, we know the old elderly—that is, the middle aged—woman who is the youngest of the lot! And, knowing her, we fly from her; that is, as well as a man who has long since shed his wings and raised a few aches of corns can fly.—Robert J. Burdette in Ladies' Home Journal.

To Make Girls Think.

Now, what can be done to correct irregular habits and lawless girls think? One of the best things to make them thoughtful, earnest and practical, and to teach them to use their own judgment and form their own opinions, is a well selected course of reading. Most of our girls do read a little, generally novels and newspapers, and, as to this class of reading there is little that they can learn. They fall into slovenly and careless habits of thought and expression.

What they need is to read something that they desire to remember; something that contains facts presented in an interesting manner. Give them the companionship of the best authors, and they will find an enjoyment which social gayety cannot give. Many would be glad to read not only for amusement but for culture and information, if the way were pointed out. Authors and literary men, seeing young people venturing into the world of books alone and unguided, have proffered the fruits of their experience and given advice as to the selection of books.

The following list of books on this subject or part of them can be found in all large public libraries: "Books and Reading," Porter; "What to Read," Moore; "How to Do It," Hale; "Best Reading," Cutler; "Choice of Books," Baldwin; "Choice of Books," Carlyle.—Business Woman's Journal.

Carlyle's Advice About Writing.

Carlyle's opinion regarding the writing of novels by women may be gathered from this letter addressed to a girl who sought his literary advice: "A young lady's chief duty and outlook is not to write novels (especially not while she is 'ignorant of the world,' and not even when perhaps she knows it well), but to study to be a queen of a household, and to manage it queenlike and womanlike. Let her turn her whole faculty and industry in that direction; should her own novel well aside for a good while or forever, and be shy even of reading novels.

"If she do read let it be good and wise books (more and more exclusively these), which not one in ten thousand of the kind called 'novels' now is."

The young writer, dismayed by this counsel, wrote again to the Scotchman, and promised to "shove her novel well aside." Thereupon Carlyle seems to have mustered a little, for he penned another epistle, in which, amidst much kind advice, occurs the significant passage:

"You do not forbid you literature, if there absolutely be no other aim. But in that case first prepare for it; read, study, reflect; inquire far and near (perhaps in various cases, for some months, for languages); become acquainted with the great souls that have been—see if you have anything to do which is distinctly in their spirit; and if yes, do so."

Perfumed Ladies.

That fashionable ladies in Parisian society sometimes inject morphia to calm nerves which have become agitated by excited days and sleepless nights is beyond doubt, but do they go as far as to inject patchouli and other perfumes? And if they did what would be the advantage over simpler methods of diffusing sweet odors from their dainty persons? It has been gravely stated in quarters which would not be expected to libel French society that this is the case; but this is one of those bits of news which you may believe or not. It is not difficult to scent the feminine garments in such wise that the lover, like the goddess in the Odyssey, should waft around her a cloud of sweet odors. To perfume the blood seems to be, to say the least of its unnecessary. But are not women just now rather too much given to perfumes? A drawing room with half a dozen ladies in it is apt to have an atmosphere a good deal too reminiscent of Mr. Rimmel's shop. A little perfume goes a long way—at all events with men.—St. James' Gazette.

Washing Black Hosiery.

Great improvements have been made in the dyeing of black stockings by the use of the new imperial fast dye, for which it is claimed that the color will improve rather than not by washing. They are always on hand to give a hint to their customers how dyed cotton stockings ought to be treated. No washing powders or washing liquors of any sort should be used, but the water in which they should be washed in soft water, soft lather first, and instead of wringing them out hard, which is the common method, and by which, at all events, certain portions of the dye must be expected to be removed, they should be rolled in a dry cloth and then the water well pressed out and then dried quickly afterward. Nothing could be more melancholy looking than the rusty white black stockings of years gone by, after they had been a short time in use, and the blue black color of the new dye shows them an excellent appearance. —British Warehouseman.

Turpentine in the Household.

After a housekeeper fully realizes the worth of turpentine in the household she is never willing to be without a supply of it. It gives quick relief to burns; it is an elegant application for corns; it is good for rheumatism; it will remove fruit stains; it will give a tint to pa

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Somerset county.

For State Senator
MAYOR WILLIAM RANKIN,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALKER FELTER, Jr.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Senator, Member of Assembly, County Clerk and three Coroners, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at eight o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminster.
Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.
Branchburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.
Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.
Franklin—Hulsizer's Hotel, East Millstone.
Hillsborough—Davender's Store, Frankfort.
Montgomery—Harlingen Hotel, Harlingen.
North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co. Ex. Com.
Dated September 25, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—Rice's Evangeline is booked to appear at Music Hall next Wednesday evening.

—The borough Council will meet in adjourned session to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—At Prof. Reynold's matinee for children Saturday afternoon the admission is to be but ten cents.

—The service at the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church next Sunday evening at 7.30 will be one of song.

—The North Plainfield Democratic primaries will be held in the basement of the public school to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Don't fail to attend the North Plainfield Republican primaries which are to be held in the basement of the public school Saturday evening at eight o'clock.

—Invitations are out for an evening sociable to take place at Arapahoe Hall on the 15th inst. The committee in charge of affair are Messrs C. S. Greer, L. E. Woolley, A. J. Everitt and T. A. Kurshals, Jr

—United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, ever making improvements in conducting their business, have decided to further the convenience of their trade by delivering goods by wagon on Saturday evenings, to any and all parts of the city till 9 p. m. Read their adv to-day.

—Inspect your stovepipes and flues well now that the days have come when fires are needed. Pipes are prone to rust during the Summer vacation, and rust soon makes a hole under the stress of heat. So, lest penalty you be burned out of house and home through the treachery of rust, examine well your pipes.

—The man who went out to milk and sat down on a boulder in the middler of a pasture and waited for the cow to back up to him, was the oldest brother of the man who runs a store and did not advertise, because he reasoned that the purchasing public would back up to his place when it wanted something.—Ex.

—Prof. Reynolds had great success last evening at Reform Hall showing his power to hypnotize or mesmerize such of his audience as chose to subject themselves to him, some excellent people being among the number. The audience as usual was fairly convulsed with laughter. To-night the entertainment continues.

—The Somerset county Republican convention will be held at the Court House at Somerville next Tuesday at eleven o'clock a. m. Candidates for Senator, Assembly, County Clerk, and three Coroners are to be nominated. North Plainfield Township is entitled to five delegates to be selected at a primary meeting to be held in the basement of the new school house next Saturday evening October 11.

—Since the Bilnco people have been induced to make a proposition to furnish 250 full 16-candle-power-electric street lights in the borough of North Plainfield at the annual price now paid—namely $2,500—for 169 gas and coke lamps, and the Committee of the Council has been directed to have a contract prepared at once and submitted to-morrow evening. The Plainfield Electric Light Co's monopoly is bestirring himself to prevent the Bilnco Company, if possible, getting a foothold. He claims that he has not been fairly treated, and is himself for boosting the light up the company which controlled the borough when it had a monopoly so that now we do not desire to deal with the Company at all.

A NEW MUSICAL SOCIETY.

Organized in the Chapel of the Crescent Ave. Church Tuesday Night.

At a meeting held in the chapel of the Crescent avenue church Tuesday evening a new musical society was organized. It is to be known as the Mozella and will be under the leadership of Mr. W. R. Chapman, a celebrated musical director from New York. Officers were elected as follows:

President—Rowland Cox.
First Vice President—Col. Mason W. Tyler.
Second Vice President—Chas. Fish.
Secretary—W. T. Kaufman.
Treasurer—H. G. Rankin.

Four concerts will be given during the coming season. The first of which will be at the Union County Club's Casino on December 23d. Miss Howe, the celebrated soprano, has been engaged to sing at a concert that will occur January 27th.

Admission to the concerts will be by invitation and a limited number of tickets will be issued.

The new Casino will be completed on or about November first.

Elliott Won.

Messrs. Charles Smith, Fred Quimby, William Casson, (the champion one arm shooter,) Milton Linsley, Tee Kay, Jacob Hance, Hubert Brinsmaid and C. M. Hedden, crack shots of the Middlesex Gun Club, visited Bergen Point yesterday afternoon to witness the shoot for the championship between, J. A. R. Elliott of Kansas city and Edgar Murphy of the Carteret Gun Club. The match was for $1,000 a side and was won by Elliott, he having succeeded in killing 94 birds to Murphy's 93. The rules which governed the "shoot" were very strict. The birds were given a 30 yards rise and were killed within twenty-one yards boundary of the trap.

Mr. C. Smith of this city witnessed Mr. Elliott's shooting while attending the tournament at Dunellen last week and he felt sure that he would win yesterday's contest, so despite the protests of his friends, he bet considerable money on the result and is consequently a "heavy" winner.

The Way to Make a Town Flourish.

We find the following truthful bait running wild through our exchanges, with no mark to tell whence it came or whither it goeth, and we hail it long enough in these columns to let our readers study its strong points: "We think the proper way to run a town is to run it with a vim, or sell out and leave it. Men who are always slow to support home institutions and do nothing to induce new business where they live will never do much toward building up a town. One of two things must be done. Either run the town for all it is worth—get up steam and keep it up—or quit the whole thing, slide out and let nature take its course. If you want business men to come to your town, encourage those who are already their. If you want a prosperous town where people will come who are disposed to make homes, you must bury all jealousy and spite; work together for common prosperity and mutual benefit. Walk out with your eyes and go to work. Borrow no troubles, but make it the best kind of a town—a progressive and prosperous town."

W. C. T. U. Notes.

Reports form all departments are given at the Thursday meetings of the Union, which are to be held hereafter at 3.30 (at 75 West Front street) and at which not only members but the public are cordially invited.

Commencing with Oct. 16th the weekly meetings of the W. C. T. U. will be held Thursday afternoons at 3.30 o'clock.

The regular monthly business meetings of the W. C. T. U. are hereafter to be held on the afternoon of the 3d Thursday of each month at 3.30 o'clock.

Pursuant to a call by the National W. C. T. U., the meeting of Thursday, Oct. 30th, will be set apart as a day of prayer. Further notice of which will be given later.

Republican Delegates.

The Fourth Ward Republican held their primary meeting last evening at eight o'clock. The result was as follows:

Chairman—W. B. Ayres.
Secretary—J. C. Randall.

Delegates to the County Convention—Abraham Anglemen, C. F. Richardson, Henry Pilser, Charles Hand, Gershom Frazee and J. B. Miller.

Assembly Convention—W. T. Newman, Abram Anglemen, W. B. Ayres, Gershom Frazee, Robert Mitchell and T. J. Lyman.

Members of County Executive Committee—Abram Anglemen and T. J. Gillin.

Court Notes.

The case of Dr. Davis vs. Mark Moore came up for trial in the Union County court at Elizabeth Wednesday and the jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff awarding him $96.95 damages for the loss of a horse through the neglect of defendant.

Lawyer J. K. Vannote was arrested Wednesday by Constable Moffett for contempt of court, he having failed to answer to a summons issued by the Union county court.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Members of the short hand class of last Spring are requested to see Mr. Robinson at the Y. M. C. A. this evening.

The Workers Training class for ladies will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Friday at 4 p. m. The review of the book of Exodus will be the lesson for the day. All ladies interested are invited.

Mechanics, Attention!

The Y. M. C. A. will tender a reception to mechanics at the Association rooms this evening between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock. A fine gymnastic exhibition, musical selections, readings and recitations will be rendered and all invited to make the evening one of great pleasure to all.

—The Republican county convention is taking place at Elizabeth this afternoon.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are strictly invited, even if contrary to the views of the editor. All communications must be as brief as possible, however, and must always contain their names, not necessarily for publication.]

Please Explain a Little More, Mr. Mack!

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In your issue of yesterday the "West Ends" Manager "explains" how it was that he agreed to pay Umpire Golden "ten dollars extra out of his own pocket" or in other words, out of the West End treasury.

We have no objection to his making an explanation. Indeed it was quite essential that he should do so. But when he says we almost insisted upon our own umpire officiating, he is mistaken. We wish in plainly understood that he ther the management nor the members of the Crescent League believe that Mr. Mack intended the extra ten dollars as a bribe, or that he would stoop to such low practices to win a game, but the general public who do not know him must look upon it in that light. Mr. Mack did say to us before the game that he had agreed to pay the umpire $25, and that we might pay half of that if we chose, and if we did not choose to pay more than half of $15, he would pay the extra $10 himself. And further, when we went to him after the game and told him that the umpire said he had agreed to pay $20 extra," why he denied that he had made any such arrangement.

We have no desire to prolong this matter, as we have assured everyone that Mr. Mack meant nothing underhand, and have explained his position the best we knew how, but now that he has attempted to "put the matter in the true light" through your columns, we wish that he would kindly relieve his many friends in this city by an explanation of the points above mentioned.

CRESCENT.

PERSONAL.

Miss N. Conway and Miss Lotta Powers of this city are visiting friends in New York.

Mr. Henry Todd and family have returned to their home in Brooklyn after summering at Scotch Plains.

Bishop Wigger of the Diocese of Trenton is to address the congregation of St. Mary's church this evening at eight o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. David McIntyre left yesterday on a wedding tour which will included Old Point Comfort, Va., and other points of interest.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gilbert of 90 West Eighth street gave a luncheon to Mr. Ambrose and Lieut. Gov. Sumner Whitney. Sir Ambrose is Governor of the Bahamas.

The marriage Mr. Herbert Stover of this city and Miss Lillian Symmonds of Albany will take place at the residence of the bride in the later place this evening.

Miss Plainfield Branch of New York City, who's engagement to Mr. Frank Smith of Plainfield has already been announced, returned to her home in New York, having been visiting Mr. Smith's mother for a few days. The date of the marriage has not been decided upon, owing to the recent severe illness of Mr. Smith.

Last evening at the home of the bride in Brooklyn, Dr. Charles R. Theirs of this city and Miss Emma L. Fellowes of Brooklyn were united in marriage. After the ceremony the invited guests were tendered a reception at the home of the bride. Messrs. Emerson and Jackson of this city acted as ushers. After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Theirs will reside on Scott street this city.

A reception was tendered the Rev. and Mrs. Hertes at the parsonage in Coontown last evening. A large number of the members were present and the evening was pleasantly spent by all. Mr. John H. Carney of this city entertained the company with humorous readings, after which a bountiful repast was furnished which all partook. The occasion will long be remembered by those present.

A large company of friends assembled at the residence of Mrs. F. Hosinger at Scotch Plains last evening to witness the marriage of her daughter, Miss Annie, to Mr. Edward L. Hand. The ceremony was performed at seven o'clock by the Rev. J. H. Parks, the pastor of the Scotch Plains Baptist church. The bride was attended by Miss Emma Schriner, as flower girl, and the groom by Mr. J. R. Flanery as best man. After the ceremony the guests partook of a sumptuous supper. Dancing followed and was enjoyed by all the young people until the small hours of the morning, when they departed to their homes with hearty congratulations, and heart-felt good wishes for the young couple. The presents were numerous.

As reported in THE NEWS of yesterday Mr. Wm. A. Codington of this city and Miss Ida M. Wilson were married at the house of the bride in Woodbridge last evening. When at 6 o'clock the bridal party entered they were preceded by four ushers carrying white ribbons by which they formed an arch through which the happy couple passed to a bower of autumnal foliage in the bay window of the front parlor. There the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Gates, the pastor of the M. E. Church of that place. It was attended by but few, beyond immediate relatives on account of recent death of groom's mother. The bride wore a handsome gown of white antibrocade and moussoline de soire with full train and carried bouquet of white roses. At nine o'clock amid showers of rice Mr. and Mrs. Codington left for a short trip through the East. They will reside in this city upon their return.

—The stories of speculation in mountain real estate are just now very numerous. One case in point is that of a mountain real estate deal in 1870 which cost him originally $10,000. Of course some of these stories must be taken with a grain of salt.

—It is important that the names and addresses of poll clerks appointed by the Boards of Registry and Election in various precincts throughout the county be sent to the County Clerk at once, in order that the proper blanks be sent them.

THE FEAST OF BOOTHS.

The Hebrew Holidays Come to an End.

The times change and manners and customs of the Hebrew race change with them, though to some extent are his orthodox members that, so far as the majority affords use the festivals prescribed to them in religious rites with a faithful tenacity that implies the highest respect and sets an example to the freethinking liberalism of the period.

The Feast of Booths or Tabernacles, now being kept, which lasts nine distinct succeeds the high days' penitential exercises between Rosh Hashonah and Yom Kipour, puts an end to the long feast, and commemorated first the Israelites dwelling in tents or booths in the Wilderness, and as the Feast of Ingathering, the gladness for crops and the booths made of the boughs of trees, and offered thanks in grateful remembrance of God's past mercies to them and to their forefathers, the last day being the great day of the feast.

This Feast of Tabernacles was a time of general rejoicing, and even yet in some Hebrew dwellings the ritualistic Booths—the Succah—is erected as an emblem of the providential care and protection of God. The festive wreath is woven and hung up, as a sign that the pious Jew should rejoice before the Lord during the hour, and the idea of the whole festival is to represent the union and brotherhood of mankind, and their going yearly "from strength to strength," as the Israelites during their forty years' wanderings in the wilderness came every Feast of Tabernacles nearer and nearer to their rest in the Promised Land.

The Feast of Booths is kept on the 15th day of the Seventh month (Tisri or Ethanim) of the civil year of the Hebrews, including parts of September and October.

Its recurrence brings to an end the holiday time till the month of Abib or Nisan (part of March and April,) the beginning of the ecclesiastical year, when the Passover occurs.

ENROLLING THE VOTERS.

The House to House Canvass Under the New Law.

Election officers were making it interesting for the residents of this city yesterday, and are keeping up the amusement to-day. They are busy making the house to canvass for the voters whose names are to decorate the registry list in compliance with the new Ballot Reform law. Registration required by laws last winter passed has been confined to the cities with over 5,000 population. But this year every man in the State who expects to vote must be on the registry list. Nor is the voter required, as in previous elections, to go to the election office to have his name enlisted for the poll. The election officer has to go to him, and that is what the election officers all over the State were doing yesterday, and what they will keep on doing till saturday They are required to have their personal canvass completed by then. They travel in couples—a Democrat to see that the Republican does not enter false names, with a Republican to see the Democrat does his duty straight. Reports from some of this rural districts, were the hours are far apart, are to the effect that these canvassers are not only very tired, but that some people fear another plague of census enumerators is on them.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the Union county clerk's office:

Chauncey B. Ripley, Westfield, to Enos J. Whitehead Westfield, land on Rose place, Westfield 1,275

Elizabeth B. Stewart & husband to Emily A. Swanson, all of Plainfield, land in Plainfield, at s cor of 9th, west 3d, plan. 129x75 3,000

Charles H. Hand and wife, Plainfield, to Richard Hand, Bishop, of North Plainfield, lot on s McLowell st. 50x 100 ft 400

Peter Disch, Berwyn, to Peter Dyck, Jr., land in Plainfield on sw side 2d st 163 ft se from Richmond st, 162x26 ft..... 1,500

William D. Manning, of Plainfield, to Cora W. Manning, of Plainfield, to Peter A. Emmons and John P. Emmons, all of North Plainfield, on Rose st, Plainfield, 167x40 ft. 1,300

Ida Neal Opdyke and husband to Edson Grant P. Richmond, all of Plainfield, land, cor 8th st and Arlington ave, Plainfield, 90x200ft..... 5,130

Central New Jersey Land Improvement Co to Margaret Lovell, of Plainfield, land on sw 2d st, 400 ft sw from Spooner ave, 50x176 400

William M. Ashland and wife to Edward C. Manning, all of Plainfield, land on Sanford ave, Plainfield 540 ft nw from East Front st, 108x200 ft..... 810

Clarence J. Rice and Mary R. Loomis and husband, of North Plainfield, to Abram D. Van Cleef, land on Scotford avenue, Plainfield, 1,075 ft from East Front st, 136x250 ft..... 1,000

—Mr. Maitford will be at Central Hall tonight for the purpose of taking the names of the boys who wish to join the Boy's Club.

—The Somerset County Clerk has sent to the election officers of the several districts the books and stationery necessary to carry on the forthcoming election under the provisions of the new election law.

—A bunch of apple blossoms was plucked from a tree on the Shotwell farm, near Potterson, the other day. The blossoms were as pink as if they came forth in the May sun. Can any Plainfielders report the equal of the above?

—The envelope to be used at the polls is not translucent when voted, as some claim. The law forbids any distinguishing mark; it only requires that black ink or pencil shall be used in sending name upon a ballot. In counting the votes the ballot is again placed within the envelope, and the envelope is numbered a d

—The Committee of the Board of Freeholders, which is to investigate the books of Register Dunham, and report upon the criticisms made in the public press, was in session yesterday afternoon in the court house at Elizabeth. The committee comprises Freeholders Treiber, Dey, Hall, Ellis, Wood and Director Hubbard. Register Dunham was in attendance, also the clerk of the board, Mr. A. Reed.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

UNION CO. REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

Nominations made this Afternoon.—Mayor Rankin of Elizabeth for Senator and James H. Clark of Rahway for Sheriff.

ELIZABETH, N. J., October 9 h, 3 p. m. (Special.)—The Union County Republican Convention to select candidates for the State Senatorship and Sheriffalty took place at Library Hall in this city this afternoon and was largely attended. The delegates were called to order shortly after two o'clock by Hon. Amos Clark, the chairman of the last convention.

Mayor John Hicks of Summit was chosen permanent chairman and Coty Clerk J. B. Coward of this city was elected one of the Secretaries. After the appointment of the committees on Credentials, etc. Editor McBride read a set of Resolutions which were loudly applauded.

Mr. Rankin was then unanimously chosen as the Republican candidate for State Senator and James H Clark of Rahway was nominated as the candidate for Sheriff.

Both nominations received great applause.

The convention is still in session as we go to press.

—The Republicans of the Third Assembly District will hold their Assembly Convention at Westfield next Monday afternoon at two o'clock.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 a m	2 p m	9 p m
1. Wednesday	66	81	70
2. Thursday	55	84	61
3. Friday	54	84	71
4. Saturday	60	81	68
5. Sunday	59	81	71
6. Monday	53	84	68
7. Tuesday	52	84	67
8. Wednesday	55	88	69
9. Thursday	61	81	80

Married.

MCINTYRE—WOODLAND—On Wednesday October 8th, 1890, by the Rev. D. C. Yerkes, D. D., Ar ta Bovington Woodland to David A. Mc Intyre of Newark, N. J.

Died.

SPERLING—In this city, October 7th, Anna M., daughter of Mrs. Rachel Sperling, aged 20 yrs m and 4 months.

Funeral services from the Baptist church, George Road, Middlesex county, Friday morning, Oct. 10 at 11 o'clock a. m. Interment at Dayton, N. J. Re

A man was brought before the justice of the peace, charged with the offense of kissing a young lady "by force and violence and against her will." The young lady, who was very handsome, gave her testimony in a modest and straightforward manner, while the court in worship gave the following decision: "The court in the case sympathizes with the defendant, and if he were the only man in fault, would cut a fine, imprisonment or reprimand, before the court, which the court in the further progress, has been obliged to hold on to both sexes of his chair in order to keep from kissing the complainant himself."

Cents-a-Word Column.

A JERSEY Ayrshire cow and calf for sale. Apply to Josiah Coriell, Warrenville, or write.

A FINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Crescent church. Excellent table. Rose to be seen. Address "House Central" care of EVENING NEWS. 6-6-tu

FOR SALE—A large first-class watch dog. Apply to Josiah Coriell, Warrenville, or write.

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 22 West Front street. 9-19

FOR RENT—A good square piano, $3 per month. 43 West Fifth street. wtf, tw

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, 1 cheap. Perfect condition. Hidden stz reaches. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-3tf

FOR RENT—Small house. Possession within a few weeks. Rent $12. Desirable location. 10 minutes walk from depot. Address Henry D. Morrison, care Look Box L. 6-5

FOR SALE—At a bargain. First-class coach and heavy double harness, gold mounted at Stoms's carriage manufactory, Somerset st. 7-3

PAINTING in all branches. By day or contract. Lowest terms. Address "Painter," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-4

TO LET—Third story and cellar also new 1 buggy for sale. Enquire 81 and 83 Somerset street. 7-4

WASHING wanted at home. Address L F. Cole, Post Office Plainfield. 8-3

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. Reference required. Mrs. E. H. Depew 14 Crescent avenue. 9-2*

WANTED—German or American girl for general housework. Apply at Vanarsdell's market, Somerset street. 9-4

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent leading responsible New York house. Reference required. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1080, N. Y. 10-4td ly

WANTED—Immediately, a reliable man for gardener and useful man. Must take care of horse and cow, and come well recommended. Address, stating wages, "Gardener," care of EVENING NEWS. 10-3tf

WANTED—Situation to sell nursery stock. Have good reference and first class goods, warranted first class. Permanent, profitable positions for the right party. Good salaries and expense paid weekly. Liberal inducements. Write for terms. Address, Nursery, Rochester, N. Y. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age. Chas. H. Chase & Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this paper. 9-5

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help folk over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of **Californin Fruits** before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery we will to Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"

THE NEW TARIFF goes into effect to-day, Oct. 9th. The city is higher prices. We are receiving circulars from importers, announcing that all future orders will be subject to new prices.

Our House has been fortunate in securing large supplies before the high prices go into effect, and will continue to sell at old prices as long as our present stock holds out. Some NEW LACE CURTAINS have just come in that are being offered **LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!"** Note the figures:

95c, $1, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50 $1.65, $1.75, $2, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $2.65, $3, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

Also a lot of Linen Napkins at less than old prices. YOU can save money by investigating the LOW PRICES at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But th y won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE--FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Grand Fair

OF THE

PLAINFIELD GESANG & TURN VEREIN

To be held for the benefit of the

GERMAN-ENGLISH SCHOOL

At their Hall on Somerset street.

October 13th to 18th.

Admission - - 10 cents.

For particulars see Fair Journals.

8-6*

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best made, with patent ash sifter grate at **$12.50.** Fancy parlor stove **$10.50.** Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. P. DENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Clarick Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Auction Sale

OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th,

At 10 30 a. m., at 32 West Eighth street, corner Central avenue. All the handsome furniture in the house. Parlor sets, mantel ornaments, draperies, hall coat, desks, lounges, chairs, tables, mirrors, brass bed, spring and spring mattresses, dining room furniture, carpets, stoves, Arrasene, Wilton and Brussels carpets, etc. Also a fine Colladon Stained Table.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

9-3*

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking done, call on tailor maker; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-6-m

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. Dr. Edwards having fully recovered, will remain for a few weeks longer before she leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. Call and see her while it may be your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. 8-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first month, for a reasonable price. Address with enough, "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Professors of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures, that Berlitz's method is the best—are now before the world. The difficulties of acquiring a strain on the mind, are a pleasure, and the fascination of classic literature opens. Call or write to Prof. L. Virenz, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office Box 282. 10-9-tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, 141 Somerset street. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 91 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and steadsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Hams from every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, flour and feed. Ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS

and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles H. Hand's Barber Shop on Somerset street, next to Smalley & Cobb. 6-24-tf

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY

Oct 7th, the office hours of the late Dr. Titsworth at 106 E. Front street will be occupied by Dr. H. S. Jones recently of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m; at 12 noon; from 5 to 7:30 p. m. 8-6

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and flowering plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-30-1y

REFORM HALL

Hypnotism or Mesmerism.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS,

The celebrated HYPNOTIST, in his wonderful Entertainment, creating intense excitement and roars of laughter,

EVERY NIGHT

and

Saturday Matinee

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 37 and 50c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' all-wool vests and pants, $1. Men's heavy shirts and drawers, 50c. Men's scotch-wool shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's all-wool shirts and drawers, 90c, $1. Men's scarlet-wool shirts and drawers, $1 and $1.25.

Children's merino vests and drawers, 16 in. 19c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 18c.

Children's natural-wool vests and drawers, 16 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c.

Children's scarlet or all wool and drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.

Full size quilts, 69 and 75c.

Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Jersey Jean Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.00. Plaid Capes, $2.50.

Louis Callman,

49 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT No. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HORSMON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 2.

TELEPHONE CALL 67.

How is it that Henry S. Ives is again in Wall street, treated with respect, dressing like a lord and making more money than ever?

One Texas steer at large, and mad all through, can raise more commotion in the streets of a city than prize, president or preacher.

The mere report that there were lobbyists in Washington striving to prevent the anti-lottery bill from becoming a law hurried up its passage. There are some things it is not safe for even a lobbyist to attempt.

A peculiar discovery has been made in connection with the famous mortgaged farms of Kansas. It has been found that a majority of the mortgages have been placed, not on bona fide farms that the struggling agriculturist was endeavoring to make his own for a home for himself and family, but on uncultivated lands bought merely on speculation. The buyer purchased them, paid nothing for them to speak of, but gave a mortgage on them, expecting that they would rise so in price that he could sell them for not only enough to pay the first cost, but a handsome profit for himself out of the "unearned increment" of the ground. When, therefore, the lands did not rise as was expected, and the buyer merely surrendered what he had never paid for and never made any attempt to pay for, it was not so very cruel after all, was it?

The World's Grain Crop.

America is the country that produces the world's Indian corn. North and South America, Australasia, Egypt and India produce the wheat. At Vienna is the International Grain market. In August the Association published its estimate of the wheat crop of the world for 1890. The crop in Europe this year is good, being 60,000,000 more than in 1889. It is also good enough elsewhere, outside of the United States and India, to add another 5,000,000 bushels to the 60,000,000, making the crop of the world, except in the two countries named, 65,000,000 above that of 1889.

But in the United States and India wheat production this year is 95,000,000 bushels short of that of 1889, so that the world's wheat crop of 1890 is less than that of last year by 10,000,000 bushels. The Indian corn crop is also short in 1890 by over half a billion bushels. The potato crop of Ireland is a dismal failure, which will make the demand for grain all the more heavy.

To offset these short stages there is only the rye crop of Europe, which is exceptionally good. The world's wheat reserves will therefore be heavily drawn upon until the ripening of the wheat crop for 1891. Consequently all grain crops must bring good prices for a year to come if not manipulated out of their natural course.

Great Year for Records.

A great year for making records in all directions is 1890. In August the White Star steamer Teutonic crossed the ocean from Europe to America in 5 days 19 hours and 5 minutes, breaking all former records. This year also the most powerful electric light in the world, one of 2,000,000 candle power, was put in operation on the coast of Jutland. The largest Corliss engine ever made has just been built for the Homestead Steel company, of Pittsburg.

Men and animals have outstripped previous numbers, too, in this memorable year. Philippa Fawcett broke the record for women in the senior wranglership which she snatched from scores of men at Cambridge university. In the athletic field G. W. Rowden, of the Dawlish Athletic club, England, covered 6 feet 6 1-5 inches at one running high jump in August. In the same month Davis Dalton, an American, swam the English channel from Folkestone to Boulogne upon his back, using his feet alone to propel him. The distance is sixty miles, and Dalton swam it in 22 hours and 35 minutes.

At the American swimming contest Gus Moffert this year lowered the championship record by four minutes, making a mile in 22 minutes 39 3-5 seconds. Sept. 6 D. M. Barringer, of Philadelphia, swam down the Delaware a distance of twenty miles in 9 hours and 15 minutes, breaking the record for twenty mile swims.

In the horse racing world the old records have been lowered so much nearly all around that turfmen are very much at sea, and like those familiar with the runs of ocean steamers begin to wonder what will happen next. Among running horses Ten Broeck's great mile in 1:39¾ has remained the unattainable since 1877 until 1890 came swinging into the dotted circle of years. During the summer two horses, Harvico and Salvator, lowered Ten Broeck's mile. In August J. B. Haggin's California horse Salvator ran a mile in 1:35¾. And 1890 sees the record broken for every trotting horse except Maud S. Her 2.08¾ stands still untouched.

THE DEATH OF KEMMLER

Synopsis of the Official Account of the Execution.

MORE HUMANE THAN HANGING.

The Official Report Alleges That Kemmler Was Instantly Killed and That the Execution Was a Very Successful One.

The Alleged Signs of Life Explained.

ALBANY, Oct. 9.—By the presentation to Governor Hill Wednesday of an official report of the execution of William Kemmler the electrocuting machine and law providing the electrical execution law are made very slim. The report is from the pen of Dr. Carlos F. McDonald, who had charge of the execution. Dr. McDonald answers criticisms at the time of the execution on the contrary as follows: "When Kemmler was brought into the room the warden asked the physicians how long the contact should be maintained. I replied twenty seconds, but subsequently assented to ten seconds, in deference to the opinion of my associate physician that a considerably less period of time would suffice, an opinion, which doubtless would have been sustained had the voltage been 2,000 or more. At the end of seventeen seconds Kemmler was pronounced dead, none of the witnesses dissenting, and the warden signaled to have the contact broken, which was done.

No Evidence of Returning Consciousness.

"When the electrical contact was broken the condition of rigidity was instantly succeeded by one of complete muscular relaxation. The body remained motionless, and apparently lifeless, for approximately one-half minute, when there occurred a series of slight spasmodic movements of the chest. There were no evidences of return of consciousness or bodily sensation, but in view of the possibility that life was not wholly extinct, the current was ordered to be reapplied, which was done within about two minutes from the time the first contact was broken.

Kemmler Died Instantly.

Dr. McDonald argues that Kemmler died instantly. He says: "The second closure of the circuit was instantly made and sustained for about seventy seconds, when a small volume of smoke was seen to issue from the point of application of the spinal electrode, the act subsequently found, to momentary scorching of the edge of the sponge with which the electrode was faced. The odor of the burning sponge was faintly perceptible in the room. There was also some burning, or rather desiccation of the already dead body, immediately underneath the electrode." After describing the autopsy he continues: "The wrists were found to be pulseless, the heart inactive, the pupils were widely dilated, and the cornea, or anterior surface of the eyeballs, were depressed and flaccid on pressure. In other words, William Kemmler was dead, and the intent and purpose of the law to effect sudden and painless death in the execution of criminals, had been completely and successfully carried out."

A Successful Experiment.

In arguing that death was instantaneous, Dr. McDonald says: "Notwithstanding the wide publication of unofficial reports of the execution of Kemmler, and the efforts which have been made to proclaim it a failure and to invest it with an air of inhumanity, brutality and horror, it is confidently believed that when all the facts in the case are rightly understood the first execution by electricity will be regarded as a successful experiment.

"As might naturally have been expected, at the first execution there were certain defects in the operation of the apparatus which those in charge of the next execution will be able to avoid or overcome; but in spite of these defects the important fact remained that unconsciousness was instantly effected and death was painless. Had the first contact of the current been maintained for fifteen seconds, as first suggested, in all probability there would have been no reflex muscular movement after it was broken, and no unfavorable criticism of the result could then have truthfully been made. The reflex movements referred to were as nothing compared with those usually exhibited by animals suddenly decapitated, and which usually continue for some seconds or even minutes.

"That the man was dead, however, long before the burning of the sponge and dessication occurred there is no reason to doubt."

Compared with Hanging.

He continues: "Compared with hanging, in which death is frequently produced by strangulation, with every indication of conscious suffering for an appreciable time on the part of the victim, execution by electricity is distinctly more humane, both as regards the suddenness with which death is effected and the expedition with which all the immediate preliminary details may be arranged. By the latter method the fatal stroke renders the victim unconscious in an infinite small fraction of a second, as small as to be beyond the power of the human mind to estimate, while at the same time it disintegrates the nerve tissues and blood to an extent which insures an instantaneous death in a shorter space of time than is possible by any other known method.

"The execution of Kemmler, from the time he entered the room until the second contact was interrupted, occupied not more than eight minutes, whereas executions by hanging usually require from fifteen to thirty minutes. In fact, it not unfrequently happens that the heart continues to beat for that length of time after the fall of the fatal drop.

A Great Saving in Time.

"Then, too, far more time is consumed in placing the prisoner on the scaffolds, pinioning his limbs, pulling on the black cap, placing the noose about his neck and carefully adjusting the knot under his left ear, so that there is sometimes slips at the critical moment, resulting in strangulation instead of a broken neck) than would be required for arranging the preliminary details of an electrical execution."

Dr. McDonald recommends that but one plant located in the central part of the state should be provided. The building should contain the necessary electrical apparatus, an engine, execution room, solitary cells and quarters for the guards and other necessary officials, the apparatus to be in charge of and operated by a competent, accredited electrician. The engine and dynamo should be especially constructed for the purpose, and should be capable of generating at least 2,000 volts in order to insure the maximum voltage that would be necessary, and at the same time cause no injustice to any electrical lighting company, such as is likely to be caused by using as commercial dynamos are used in executing criminals.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD.

A Large Batch of Congressional and Other Nominations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Hon. Roosevelt P. Flower was renominated last night for congress by the County Democracy and Tammany Hall in the Twelfth district. Jacob Worth Wanamaker was nominated for congress in the Eleventh district by the County Democracy and indorsed by Tammany Hall. Amos J. Cummings was renominated for congress by the Tammany organization of the Ninth district and indorsed by the County Democracy.

Timothy J. Campbell was nominated for congress by the County Democracy of the Eighth district and indorsed by Tammany Hall.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The Kings county Republicans made the following congressional nominations last evening: Second district, James Graham; Third district, William C. Wallbridge; Fourth district, Andrew J. Perry; Fifth district, John R. Smith.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 9.—William Sohn, of this city, was nominated by the Democrats of the Twenty-fifth congressional district for representative in congress.

FONDA, N. Y., Oct. 9.—At the Montgomery county Republican convention today the Hon. W. Barlow Dunlap, of Amsterdam, was nominated for the assembly, and Daniel J. Tozer for county treasurer.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Capt. R. K. Barnham, of Newark, Wayne county, was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twenty-seventh district. Capt. Burnham was also the nominee of the Union league, a union of farmers, veterans and union labor.

ALBANY, Oct. 9.—The Republicans of the Nineteenth congressional district nominated Edward A. Durant for congress.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The Republicans of the Twentyfifth congressional district, at Boonville, nominated the Hon. James S. Sherman for congress; A. B. Robinson, of Green, for the assembly, and Holdridge U. Owen, of Norwich, for county treasurer.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 9.—The Republican convention for the Fourth congressional district nominated Hon. Fred Miles, of Salisbury, for congress.

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 9.—The Democratic convention of the Third congressional district nominated Hon. David G. Wells for congress.

BALFOUR'S UNBELIEF.

He Says the Cry of General Famine in Ireland Is Absurd.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Mr. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, writes to the Central News as follows: "I have, of course, received endless reports and communications of all sorts regarding the potato crop in the west of Ireland. No positive or final conclusion can be formed until the potatoes are dug—toward the end of October—but the reports of many value, and which obviously is not doctored for political purposes, appears to indicate that the cry of general famine is wholly absurd.

"Although the failure of the potatoes is undoubtedly serious, the measures taken by the government will without question enable with ease the great distress which may be beyond the power of the ordinary poor law machinery to meet."

Mr. Balfour's statement regarding the Irish potato shortage was issued as the result of pressure from his friends, who desired to use it as a cue for campaign work. Mr. Balfour is expected to go into the matter fully in his Dundee speech on Saturday. It may therefore be taken as settled that the government officially rejects the idea that any distress exists which cannot be said to be alleviated easily and by ordinary measures.

Young Catholics Meet.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The sixteenth annual convention of the Catholic Young Men's National union met here Tuesday. Delegates to the number of 100 were present, representing about fifty Catholic societies. On the first day the annual business meeting was called to order in old Carroll hall by the president, Rev. Father Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's cathedral, New York. In an address Cardinal Gibbons said:

"Some one has said that were he given the making of a country's songs he cared not who made its laws. I would amend that by saying that if I were given the forming of the character of the young men of the land I would not care for the rest."

He went on to talk of the prosperous and duties of the union, and referred to the plans of work that are to be discussed at this meeting, more especially the question of the formation of reading rooms and libraries. He was frequently interrupted by applause. The union was welcomed by Washington by District Commissioner Douglass in a short address, to which Mr. Keane responded.

Mule Spinners Choose Officers.

BOSTON, Oct. 9.—A large amount of business was transacted at the second and last day's session of the National Mule Spinners' association. Reports showed some variation in prices, and the association determined to take steps to establish a uniform scale of prices. The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, Harry Woods, of Karney, N. J.; vice president, Joseph Dowling, of Nashua, N. H.; secretary, A. Moore, of Fall River, Mass.; treasurer, Thomas O'Donnell, and an executive committee. It was decided that none of the spinners would vote for senators or representatives who had ever voted against labor measures. The convention adjourned to meet at Lowell, Mass., at the expiration of six months.

Five Months for Manslaughter.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Oct. 9.—William Minehan was convicted of manslaughter in Alfred and sentenced to five months in jail. Last summer Minehan while drunk took his children out in a boat. To frighten the youngest, a little girl, he held her over the side of the boat. His hold upon her gave way and the child fell into the water and was drowned.

Kemp and O'Connor Matched.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—A special cablegram from London says that William O'Connor, the champion oarsman of America, posted £100 as the first deposit in his match with Kemp, which was arranged in Australia. The match is for £200 a side, and is to be rowed in America in March.

For Murder Once Long Ago.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 9.—Nathan Willett, a farmer living near Norwalk, has been arrested on a charge of murder. He killed H. H. Woodward in Andersonville, Tex., seventeen years ago.

CHEERED BY COMRADES.

The President Chats with His Old Brigade.

GREAT GALA DAY AT GALESBURG

The President and Secretary Tracy Enjoy a Ride in the Cab with the Engineer and Fireman While on Their Way Through the State of Illinois.

GALESBURG, Ills., Oct. 9.—The president was accorded a rousing reception upon his arrival here and spoke at the dedication of Knox College Alumni hall and at the reunion of his old brigade. Just before the train reached Galesburg it was brought to a standstill and the president walked up the track to see the beautifully decorated engine and to speak to the engineer, Frank Hilton, who was a member of the Ohio Heavy Guard and Second Illinois regiment, part of the president's brigade. The president, after shaking hands with the engineer and fireman, signified a wish to take a ride on the locomotive. "I'll get up and ride with you if you'll keep her on the track," said the president as he climbed into the cab. Secretary Tracy and Judge Rice, of Quincy, followed. Engineer Hilton grasped the lever while the president sat on the engineer's long cushioned seat, the throttle valve was opened and away sped the train toward Galesburg.

Secretary Tracy Pulls the Bell.

Secretary Tracy, who was occupying the fireman's seat, assisted himself during a part of the ride by pulling the bell rope, and the president made the whistle shriek several times when there were no crossings within a mile or more. After a run of five miles the train was stopped, and the president shook hands again with the engineer and fireman and left the cab.

His Eyes Filled with Tears.

At the station here the president was met by Mayor Stevens and a local committee, who acted as his escort to the Union hotel. There was an enormous crowd at the station and lining the streets, and the progress of the procession of carriages through the streets was marked with enthusiastic cheering. A short time later the president reviewed his old brigade and 2,000 school children from a stand on the public square.

As the veterans passed the stand the president's eyes were filled with tears. From the reviewing stand the president was driven to the court house, where a stand had been erected. A chorus of children dressed in gowns of muslin of red, white and blue welcomed the president, singing "Columbia, the gem of the ocean." Mayor Stevens delivered an address of welcome, and the president replied as follows:

The President's Speech.

Mr. Mayor and Fellow Citizens: I came here in the characteristic and the only mood to spend quietly in the companionship of the old veterans. But, to my surprise, I have found that the First brigade, for the first time in its history, has been captured. They seem to have been swallowed up in this vast concourse. Nowhere else on earth, hardly except under the stars and stripes, could such an assemblage be gathered. These are the people upon whose God fearing consciences and with whom the strength of all our institutions rests. What are presidents and cabinets if there is lacking this love of the people? It is the one thought of this country that every one should be served as little as possible. It is not the politicians who are the strength of the nation—they are safe. It is the law abiding sentiment of the people, the sentiment that accords to every other man what to him, and asks for each only what is his own.

The Citizen and the Law.

The war taught the world that that sentiment was strong enough to demolish any combination or conspiracies could overthrow it. The government will go on so long as in every local community there is that characteristic. Every citizen should obey the law. When we allow any other power to set the law above us, where is your security? Where is mine, when one man makes concessions stronger than the law of the land? The decision of the people of the United States is not, like that of some of our Spanish-American neighbors, to a man, but to a law, a constitution. When I was last addressed of 1880 in New York I made the suggestion that the flag be taken into the school houses, and I am glad to see that it is there now. I am informed of 1889 with the flag every day.

The president was then followed by Secretary Tracy, who made a brief speech, confining it chiefly to the silver question in its relation to the agricultural problem. At the conclusion of the speech making the president proceeded to Knox college, where the corner stone of the new alumni hall was laid, a small silver trowel being handed to the president for the purpose.

To His Old Brigade.

Later the president attended the reunion of his brigade at the opera house. In the course of a long speech he said:

I should not I think have been persuaded to make this trip except for the pleasure which I expected to find in meeting the men of the old brigade, from most of whom I have been separated since the muster out day. It is very pleasant to me to see so many of you here. I cannot recall the names of all of you. Time has wrought the changes upon the faces of us all. You recognize me because there were not so many colonels as there were soldiers—fortunately, perhaps, for the economy. I suppose I may say you as individuals in the brigade line when it was drawn up for either parade or battle. It is quite natural, therefore, and I trust it will not be held against me, that you should have a better recollection of my features than I can possibly have of yours, and yet some of you I recall, and all of you I love. [Applause.]

POWLISON,

No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mobbasay, refit-p-ep combination desk, and-bookcase. PRICE $50. 8-21 ly

This Date in History—Oct. 8.

PIERCE.

1777—Battle of Andenach; Charles the Bold defeated.
1813—Assassination of Marat, tribune of Rome.
1854—Henry Fielding, English novelist, born 1707.
1869—Thiers, Alfred, Duke of Istrabid, died; born 1797.
1872—Assassination of William I of Holland.
1880—Mr. Forbes, British consul at Canton, captured by the Chinese, released by the allies; two of his companions died of ill usage.
1885—Battle of Perryville, Ky.; Union loss 4,848
Confederate loss 4,211.
1886—Franklin Pierce, ex-president United States, died, aged 67.
1888—All Frenchmen under 60 years of age forbidden to enter Paris.
1889—M. Gaudette arrived at Rome in a balloon in which he escaped from Paris, and declared his action of ill omen to the French.
1889—Great Chicago fire; burned over three and a half square miles of territory; 250 persons killed by persons and rendered 98,000 homeless.
1889—Great forest fires in Michigan and Wisconsin; 2,000 lives lost.

This Date in History—Oct. 6.

1776—Birth of Louis Philippe, King of the French; died 1850.
1777—Pierre Clinton and Montgomery taken by the British at Fort Montgomery.
1787—Great Chicago fire; burned over three and a half square miles of territory; 250 persons killed by persons and rendered 98,000 homeless.
1789—Great forest fires in Michigan and Wisconsin; 2,000 lives lost.
1789—Return of the royal family from Versailles to Paris.
1790—Banish Mrs. Hamilton for marrying with her own consent.
1790—Meeting of Colonial congress met at New York.
1777—Battle of Saratoga.
1780—Battle of King's Mountain (American Revolution).
1841—Birth of Nicholas I, Prince of Montenegro.
1849—Edgar A. Poe, American poet and writer, died; born 1811.
1854—Battle of Metz; the French defeated; the town capitulated the same day.
1861—E. A. Burke, ex-treasurer of Louisiana, indicted for misappropriation of state funds, announced his intention of returning to America to defend himself, but left steamer Teutonic at Queenstown and returned to London.

This Date in History—Oct. 7.

EDGAR A. POE.

1571—Battle of Lepanto; Don John of Austria victorious in a naval action.
1763—Trial of Mary Hamilton for marrying with her own consent.
1765—Colonial congress met at New York.
1777—Battle of Saratoga.
1780—Battle of King's Mountain (American Revolution).
1841—Birth of Nicholas I, Prince of Montenegro.
1849—Edgar A. Poe, American poet and writer, died; born 1811.
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ON HAND NOW.

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Don't forget the Celebrated Rear Ventilator.

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A full line of Fall and Winter goods on hand. Eaves Troughs and Roofing.

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12 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2d—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST EVER offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

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OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

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Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

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Fine Carriages,

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Eugene M. Laing

No. 9 PARK AVENUE.

RUBE BURROWS BAGGED.

He Was Shot Dead While Attempting to Escape.

CUPIDITY CUT SHORT HIS CAREER

By a Daring and Clever Ruse He Escaped from His Captors, but Was Killed While Endeavoring to Recover the Money That He Had Been Relieved Of.

DUNKIRK, Ala., Oct. 9.—Rube Burrows, the train robber, murderer and outlaw, is dead. He died with his favorite pistol in his hand in a daring, reckless attempt to regain his liberty, and, when he fell, two men had gone down before his unerring aim. To the last he displayed that spirit of devilish cunning and daring which for four years has made his name a terror in the south and west. Wednesday night Burrows was taken by his captors to Linden. With his hands and feet tied they placed him in the sheriff's office in the jail, and John McDuffy and a negro named Marshall sat down to watch him through the night. The negro was one of the captors.

J. C. Carter, who planned the capture, took the money, $78, found on Burrows and went to Glass' store to sleep. While Burrows was quietly sleeping, his captors sat near him with pistols in their hands.

The Desperado's Clever Ruse.

At 4 o'clock the prisoner awoke. "I am hungry; get me something to eat," he said. "We cannot get anything to eat at this hour," answered McDuffy. "Well, hand me my satchel there. I have some crackers in that." A leather satchel which Burrows carried in his hand when captured lay in one corner of the room where it had been thrown without examination. McDuffy handed the satchel to Burrows. The manacled hands of the prisoner were thrust inside, and, bringing out a handful of crackers, he handed them to his guards, and McDuffy and the negro put down their pistols and began to eat the crackers.

Again the shackled hands went down into the open satchel, and when they again came forth the startled guards looked into the muzzles of two gleaming revolvers.

Orders from the Outlaw.

"Untie me, and be quick about it," said Burrows to the negro, who obeyed at once. "Now unlock the handcuffs on my wrists," and again the negro obeyed. "Put them on that man," was the next order, and the trembling negro closed the cuffs with a snap on the wrists of McDuffy. "Open the door," demanded Burrows, and the bars were removed. Then placing one of the pistols in his pocket Burrows secured the key of the door, and pointing a pistol at the negro's head he ordered him outside. Keeping the negro covered with his revolver Burrows locked the door on the outside, leaving McDuffy a bound and helpless prisoner within.

He Wanted His Money.

"Now, where is that man Carter with my money?" asked the outlaw of the negro. *The negro told him, and was ordered* to lead the way to the store, and Burrows knocked loudly on the door.

"Who is there?" asked Carter, in a whisper Burrows ordered the negro to answer, which he did.

"Tell him to get up quick, that McDuffy wants him at the jail," said Burrows; in the same stern whisper, and the negro repeated the words. Carter recognized the voice of the negro, and coming to the door he opened it and asked: "What is the matter, John?"

"Where is my money? Give it to me at once," said Burrows, and a pistol was at the breast of Carter. At a glance in the semi-darkness was enough. Carter recognized Burrows and understood the situation in an instant. But he was not going to lose his $7,500 prize without a struggle.

A Duel to the Death.

Instantly he sprang back to the bed where his pistol was lying, seized it, and, turning to the door again, fired almost at the same instant that the outlaw's pistol sounded. Both shots were well aimed. The ball from the outlaw's pistol struck Carter in the left breast, above the heart and passed through the lungs. Burrows was shot through the bowels. He staggered back into the street, but raised his pistol again and sent a *ball crashing* through the shoulder of Marshall, the negro who was standing there half dead with fear.

Carter was staggering from the shock of his wound, but he ran out into the street, and seven more pistol shots rang out on the night air. Both men had emptied their revolvers.

Rube Burrows Was Dead.

By this time Burrows had crossed to the opposite sidewalk and Carter was near the middle of the street. As the echo of the last shot died away both men sank to the ground. The shots had aroused half the people in the little village, and the few inhabitants running out into the street in their night clothing, stumbled over the bloody forms of the two men lying prone in the dark street. Soon a lantern was brought, and its pale light cast ghostly shadows about the weird scene. The startled people heard a groan from the man lying on the sidewalk, they gathered about him just in time to witness one long convulsive shudder, and then Rube Burrows, the man who had so often defied the grim destroyer, was dead.

Carter was suffering the most agonizing pain from his wounds. He was carried to the town and everything possible done for him. *He is yet alive*, and may recover, but his wound is a dangerous one. The negro, Marshall, is badly wounded also, but his wounds are considered dangerous. The body of Burrows lay where he fell until the coroner came and took charge of it. Carter, the man who killed Burrows, is the man to whom his capture is due. He keeps a small country store eight miles south of Linden.

He Let the Golden Opportunity Pass.

The express company's detectives who have seen Burrows say this is the man. The officials who have studied his habits for years are positive of his identity, and the dare-devil spirit which cost him his life leaves no room to doubt the identity of the dead outlaw.

The spirit that prompted Burrows to go in search of Carter, recover his money, and thereby surely lessen his chances of escape, is hard to understand. At the hour he escaped he and his two guards were probably the only men in the town awake. On a fleet horse he could have been miles away before daylight. But he let the golden opportunity pass and rushed to his fate.

After the inquest the body of Burrows was turned over to the officers of the express company, and they decided to send it to his aged father in Lamar county, Ala., for burial. So ends the career of Rube Burrows, a man whose history is almost without a parallel.

PAULINE HALL'S DIAMONDS.

About $25,000 Worth Were Stolen and Recovered to a Curious Way.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.—While Detectives Bond and Murray were in a South street pawnshop yesterday a young man entered with a parcel and looked on as Manager Stearns was telling the detectives he hurriedly departed, remarking that he would call again, leaving the parcel on the counter. The package was found to contain a handsome silk dress, which the detectives, believing it to have been stolen, took to the Central station, where they learned that the chief had been notified of theft of costumes and diamonds belonging to Pauline Hall from the Newark theatre Tuesday night. Chief Wood at once telegraphed to Newark asking that some one come on to identify the dress.

About 5 p. m. Manager Stern, of Miss Hall's company, arrived at the station. He identified the garments and asked, "Where are the jewels?" The police answered that they knew nothing of them, whereupon Mr. Stern put his hand into a sleeve of the dress and pulled out a silk stocking rolled into a small ball. Unfolding the hose he found the lost jewels. The astonished detectives a big handful of diamond and pearl jewelry. Mr. Stern said the jewels represented a value of $25,000. Miss Hall, he said, disposed of her valuables in that apparently careless manner in order to throw thieves off the scent. Obviously the thief knew nothing of the diamonds.

Pauline's Diamonds Gone Again.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 9.—The chief of police was notified last evening that eighty-two diamonds and other jewels, valued at $15,000, the property of Pauline Hall, the comic opera singer, had been stolen from Jacob's theatre, where Miss Hall is playing. The jewels were worn Friday night and placed in a trunk in her dressing room after the performance. Wednesday they were missing. Among the jewels stolen are a diamond cross, the gift of the empress of Russia, and a diamond bracelet presented by Queen Victoria.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Micah W. Norton, adjudged guilty of the murder of his housekeeper, Mrs. Anna Colley, at Skowhegan, Me., was sentenced to state prison for life.

The Bismarck memorial fund has now reached the sum of $30,000. The Berlin Volksblatt insists that the cash shall be handed to the prince instead of being used for the procurement of a bust or other memorial.

Minister Reid has explained to the French government, by directions from Washington, that the reception of the Count of Paris in America has no political significance whatever, and that the United States has the friendliest feeling toward the French republic.

William Sprague, Jr., son of ex-Governor William Sprague, of Rhode Island, committed suicide at Seattle, Wash.

Only seventy thousands of the flesh of the many victims of the Dupont powder mills explosion were found.

High Priced Horseflesh Sold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—All of the horses belonging to the Castle stable were sold at auction at Morris park. The prices realized were rather thousands of dollars. Competition for Diablo, Bermuda and Thorndale, and this brought the total up to quite a good figure. The details of the sale are as follows: Elkton, 3, by Rochester—Majority, A. Garson, $750; Elkton, 3, by Eolus—Helen, H. C. Myers, $1,150; Hemet, 3, by Grinstead—Coutinella, D. Campbell, $500; Rainbow, 3, by Iroquois—Explosion, M. Byrnes, $600; Dalnabire Lass, 3, by Dalnacardoch—Yorkshire Lass, M. Byrnes, $600; Diablo, 4, by Eolus—Grace Darling, J. E. Campbell, $3,000; Thorndale, 2, by Eolus—Lizzie Hazlewood, G. B. Morris, $3,100; Pert, by Glenelg—Silk Gown, M. Byrnes, $650; Bermuda, by Bersan—Fair Lady, B. McClelland, $5,300; Glaucus, 3, by Glenelg—Lapelka, D. Gideon, $1,000.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Corn Cure Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications or no pay. Sufferers, beware of imitations! The best dealers admit Scatter-Corns walking at a loss.

Sold by druggists everywhere. At druggists, or send 15c. silver for sample by mail. W. H. HISCOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer. I would be pleased to have you call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothes. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Penny Goods store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Iron Men in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 9.—The members of the British Iron and Steel Institute, Verein Deutscher Eisenhuettenleute and the American Institute of Mining Engineers arrived in Pittsburg this evening and will remain the rest of the week. A movement is on foot among the employes of the iron mills to take part in the reception of the visitors, as many of the latter are desirous of inquiring into the condition of American iron workers for the purpose of comparison. A delegation of fifteen gentlemen of the local committee escorted the distinguished delegates to this city from Altoona today, and Friday will be given to sightseeing in Carnegie hall and theresorrounding about the city. The Edgar Thomson steel works at Braddock and Carnegie's at Homestead will be visited Friday. On Saturday the delegates will be taken to the coal and coke regions and other points of interest.

Steam Navigators Elect Officers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—At the second day's session of the National Board of Steam Navigation A. C. Cheney, who represented Nicaragua at the International Maritime Conference, presented a copy of the reports of the conference, and also a copy of the bill passed by congress. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, J. Hasbrouck Davis, of Albany; first vice president, B. D. Wood, of New Orleans; second vice president, F. A. Churchman, of Philadelphia; treasurer, Addison Lynde, of Pittsburg; secretary, J. W. Bryant, of New Orleans.

Shot Himself Dead.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 9.—Alfred Calvert, one of the oldest residents of Hastings and highly connected, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself through the lungs. He represented St. Paul flour mills, and was short in his accounts.

Another Embezzling Official.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 9.—William Pike, the ex-city treasurer of Kansas City, was arrested and arraigned before Police Judge White on the charge of embezzlement of city funds while in office. He gave bonds for $5,000.

Choked to Death by a Coffee Grain.

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 9.—A 3-year-old son of Mrs. James Duffin was choked to death by a grain of coffee, which lodged in his throat.

Yale Defeated Wesleyan.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Oct. 9.—Yale defeated Wesleyan at football on Wesleyan field in this city—26 to 0.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and generally fair, followed by cloudiness.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF AARON B. MYER, Deceased. Pursuant to the order of Orrin T. Parrow, Surrogate of the County of Union, this day made, on the application of the undersigned, Administratrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the administratrix.

MARGARET L. MARSH, Administratrix.
DAVID DALY, Jr. 17-9th

ESTATE OF CLEMENT. Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executors of Mary Jane Boyd, deceased, will be audited and settled by the Surrogate, and reported for retirement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN F. GRIFFEN,
ROBERSON FOUND.

Dated August 12, 1890. 8-14 th

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

BUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25. per doz.
1 Cask, 12 dozen pints imported style).....15.00.

BUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative.)

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for first grade groceries.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Albert, P. O. Box 1056.

MISS ANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried every day from 2 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application, address 51 East Fifth street. 8-29

MISS L. K. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Hall, of Milan, and the Lejsec method of Giovannigling. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Dunellen. 8-23 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stoffmacher and Whitney, will resume lessons in vocal culture at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others to Professor Stoffmacher, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago. 7-25 3w

MISS FAWCETT, Kindergarten and School, 46 Crain place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, September 17th, 1890. A thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Special attention to mathematics with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Children received from the age of four. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of A COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-23tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. For circulars address Miss S. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

PODMAN SEMINARY, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DUNHAM, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Barbour and Miss Bowker will open their School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Real Notices.

Thompson Park,

NO. 22 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Sterling Bros. Dunnberre.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

Winter is Approaching.

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good !

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Segar with Bunstrs wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

[12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ahs for them. They are good.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

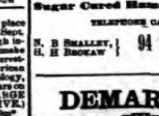
First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.



NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley& Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices compliment with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Stump Farm Creamery. Prime cold and creamery goods and eggs.

P. M. Demarest,

29 PARK AVENUE

He Sued His Mother-in-Law.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Frederick A. Thomas, one of the proprietors of the defunct Oswego Worsted and of the Mexican Republican, has sued his mother-in-law, Mrs. Ann Taylor, for $20,000 damages for having alienated his wife's affections. The suit has caused quite a sensation in the village of Mexico, where all of the parties reside. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas are each about 28 years of age and have been married but two years. The mother-in-law charges that Thomas was cruel to his wife.

Polley's Warm Reception at Home.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The little town of Salford, Ont., Middlesex, is the scene of much rejoicing over the safe return of young Polley from Canada, where he is believed to have had a narrow escape from the fate which overtook his companion, Bennell. The streets of the place are decorated, and the numerous friends of the family are giving the returned young man a hearty welcome.

Day Gets a Month's Respite.

WELLAND, Ont., Oct. 9.—Governor Ross announced at the opening of court that in pronouncing sentence on Day, the Niagara Falls murderer, he fixed the date of execution for Monday, Nov. 10. He had intended to say Thursday, Dec. 18, and in consequence granted the prisoner a respite till Dec. 18.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will run extra coaches in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Horses will be attended as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Broadway, thence to the Borough limits and return.

Connects with the 6:15, 7:30 and 9:30 a. m. trains for New York. On the 5:37 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips depart at Broadway and Somerset, 10 min. after. Leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:00, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:00, 4:00, 7:00 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.

Arrive—8:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect, June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 7:14, 7:58, 8:45, 9:30, 10:06, 10:58, 11:30 a.m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 5:37, 8:45, 9:30, 10:06, 10:58, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Monday at 5:37, 7:14, 7:58, 8:45, 9:30, 10:06, 10:58, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 7:14, 7:58, 8:45, 9:30, 10:06, 10:58, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 7:14, 7:58, 8:45, 9:30, 10:06, 10:58, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOUTH PLAINFIELD.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave South Plainfield at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:36, 6:00, 6:30, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Leave Monday at 5:36, 6:00, 6:30, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 5:36, 6:00, 6:30, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Monday at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 3:30, 6:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Somerville, Bridgewater, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Pemberton, Vincentown, Medford, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Pemberton, Vincentown, Medford, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Pemberton, Vincentown, Medford

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE GOOD OLD FASHIONED PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Progressive Conversations—She Will Not Be Familiar—How Children Are Spoiled—Brilliant Lady Macdonald—A Woman's Hair.

Every state in the Union has been greeted as to the public schools—munificent individuals have built and endowed with lavish hands magnificent colleges for young men, and within the last two decades women has had doled out to her, with great reluctance, with much reserve and many misgivings, some of the crumbs which fall from the tables of the great universities. And four colleges, exclusively for women, have been built and generously endowed.

The question as to her capacity to receive this blessing is not yet decided, and the fear that it will subvert the purposes of feminine life and unfit her for the functions of domestic life is finding nervous and incoherent expression in the periodical literature and after dinner speeches of the day. Meanwhile there is a surest and powerful arm of the educational force of this country which has no literature, no written history, which is seldom referred to by professional, scientific, or the orator of the day, except in some flippant allusion to point a moral or adorn a tale—this is the "private school for girls."

For 200 years this institution has held a dignified and responsible place in the educational and social system of this country. To this the American woman, such as she has been in times past and such as we find her today, owes the character, the culture, the grace and the embellishments which enable her to take her stand, not blushing for her ignorance or her stupidity, side by side with the cultivated and representative woman of either other land.

It has no favor from the state. Being private property it cannot hold endowments: it has paid its own taxes and supported itself. European educators have marveled that American writers should leave the world to learn by accident that American ladies were all educated in their famous public schools.

The French commissioner of education to the Centennial Exhibition, whose report, forward met, could not forgive the committee which waited on him in New York that it had not afforded him an opportunity to visit one of the schools in which the accomplished women whom he had met in this country were trained.—Mrs. Sylvanus Reed in Scribner's.

Progressive Conversations.

A new amusement particularly adapted to the traditional talent of fair women is the "progressive conversation party," which had its birth in the east. Its popularity is evinced by its possibilities to entertain any number of guests, though more than twenty cannot be easily managed. Its modus operandi is somewhat as follows: As many tables are required by the number of guests invited are arranged in pairs in a continuous line, one behind the other, and are poked together with broad ribbons of different colors. The topics of conversation for the evening are announced on the invitation cards.

A card on which is written a topic of conversation is tied with a narrow ribbon to the connecting ribbons on the chairs, and tally cards, as in progressive euchre, with a tiny ribbon bow of which matches the colors on the chairs, are arranged for both ladies and gentlemen, as in the game when played with cards. When all the guests have drawn a card they take their seats according to the color designated by the tally card, the ladies on the left and the gentlemen on the right, the hostess taps a bell, and the buzz of conversation begins.

Ten minutes are allowed for each topic, and the couple on each set of chairs differ from all the others. The judges chosen pass down the line and criticise, and at the end of the time specified affix a gold star on the card of the most conversational, a silver star on the card of the vanquished. The entire company change seats, the gentlemen remaining stationary, the lady advancing one, and the buzz begins again. When ten changes have been made, ten topics dished up and discussed, the person having the greatest number of gold stars is the winner.—Chicago News.

She Will Not Be Familiar.

What strikes the pilgrim from other lands is the predominance of women in Boston. Women everywhere—in the restaurants, behind the counters, in the shops, in the offices, women seem to be doing all the work. I don't find any fault with this arrangement. They are more civil than the men. I only wish they could become street car conductors. Probably they may some day.

Second to Nantucket touch you find the same unpretentiousness of the fair sex. They preside at the popcorn booths with all the dignity of long lineage and great mental development. Foreigners from New York or Chicago, ignorant of the customs of the country, sometimes make an effort to be familiar at first with these young ladies. The result is always disastrous to the foreigner.

"I'll wait upon you, but I'll not be familiar with you."

That's the shibboleth of the Boston serving lady.

I was much amused at the attempt of one of these "foreigners" just mentioned to be stow a small fee upon one of these young women. She drew herself up with all the hauteur of family pride—for no doubt her name was Worthington or Adams, or Hancock, or Winslow—and then she remarked:

"Excuse me, sir, we are liberally rewarded for our services by the courteous bearing of the beach, and, consequently, the offer of any gratuity is entirely a supererogatory act."

Then turning to a small boy she murmured:

"Johnny, accept the gentleman's nickel.

"We keep him for that purpose, in order not to offend the delicacy of the strangers in Boston."—Cor. Philadelphia Press.

How Children Are Spoiled.

It is easy enough to spoil a child. No great art is demanded. Only three or four things are requisite to complete the work. Let the nursery walk on Main and fly at his bidding; let him learn never to go for a drink, but always have it brought to him, at 10 years of age have Bridget tie his shoe strings; let him strike auntie because she will not get him a sugar plum. He will soon learn that the house is his empire, and he is to rule it. He will come up into manhood one of those precious spirits that demand obeisance and service, and with the theory that the world is his oyster, which, with knife, he will proceed to open.

If that does not spoil him buy him a horse, it is exhilarating. It is enlarging for a man to own such a noble animal. A good horseback ride shakes up the liver and helps the man to be virtuous, for it is almost impossible to be good with too much bile, an enlarged spleen, or a stomach of duty. We congratulate any man who can afford to own a horse, but if a boy can ride he will probably ride on it to destruction. There will be room enough in the same saddle for idleness and dissipation to ride, one of them before and one of them behind.

The bit will not be strong enough to rein in at the right place. There are men who all their lives have been pulling on the bill, and the reason is that in boyhood they sprang astride a horse, and got going so fast that they have never been able to stop.—Dr. Wm. Talmage, in Ladies' Home Journal.

Lady Macdonald.

Lady Macdonald, wife of Sir John, of Canadian fame, is a remarkable woman. The daughter of a West Indian merchant, Miss Bernard left Jamaica as a girl and was educated in England. At her father's old home she met the distinguished barrister, who was created a baronet the year of his marriage with the young southerner. All unused to responsibility and court etiquette, Lady Macdonald accompanied her husband to the provinces, and by her wit, kindliness and tact soon established herself as the acknowledged head of dominion society.

Since her advent into Canadian circles her influence has been an unquestioned force. She is a thorough politician, has an extensive acquaintance in this country and England, and by many is thought to be the power behind the throne in the Macdonald household.

Like all clever and politic women, she is an accomplished hostess, and at the head of her dinner table is reckoned a formidable enemy for the opposition to encounter. Tall and stately, very haired and dignified, the charm of her fine presence is only excelled by her consummate art in conversation. It is highly dangerous for enemies of Sir John's policy to come too near his fascinating wife. More than once a Radical voter has found his views take a different complexion altogether after a talk with the brilliant Conservative.—Illustrated American.

A Woman's Hair.

Has it never occurred to people to note the intimate relation that exists between a woman's mental processes and her back hair? Why, a woman can't give her hair a twist of a morning without looping into it something of her own state of mind! If she is in her loveliest and best temper her hair will go up quite of itself, seemingly, and into the easiest and most beautiful little coils. It adjusts itself at the most becoming angle, and when all is done the quintessence of her amiable being breathes from the top of her head. But let the day start disastrously, let her rise with her "innard vane p'inting east," and her back hair will be the first herald of her misfortune to the world. It at once manifests a familiar tendency to take crooked ways unto itself. It refuses to lie in any accepted pattern. Each individual hair has a theory of its own which it proceeds to carry out. She pats and coaxes and smooths, but the hair will not down, and when she comes out to the world her hair and her temper are as one in being the crookedest and most unlovely things in all the world.—New York Evening Sun.

Right Eating and the Complexion.

Good diet, not limited, should be the rule, for eruptions in young people are often set at to indicate a healthy call for generous diet as the contrary. Not ham, bacon, salt beef or salt fish, fat gravies, lard pies or puddings of the roly poly order, should be allowed girls desiring good complexions. If they can eat four to six large juicy pears every day they are in season it will do much for digestion and bloom. If the appetite is capricious follow the appetite till better and wholesome bread regulate it. Keep good courage.

It may take three to six months or a year to cure the trouble, but I do not believe there is such a thing as incurable skin disease. Plenty of exercise and friction of the body are called for, and hot foot baths with soda in the water, to equalize circulation. Carbolated oil, ten drops carbolic acid in two tablespoonfuls of olive oil, rubbed on the face at night, will soften and heal the eruption, if other care is taken.—Shirley Dare in New York Herald.

An Accomplished Telegrapher.

Perhaps the only society woman in New York who has any practical knowledge of telegraphy is Mrs. Collis, wife of Gen. Charles H. T. Collis, ex-general, ex-banker and present insurance magnate. Mrs. Collis, who is a strikingly handsome woman, unusually accomplished, may really be considered an expert at the art of telegraphing. She learned when Gen. Collis, then a banker, had a private wire connecting his New York and Philadelphia offices with his handsome Fifth avenue residence.

Mrs. Collis learned to telegraph that she might have little snatches of conversation with her husband during business hours or his occasional absences in Philadelphia, and so thoroughly did she acquire a knowledge that Gen. Collis declares he can telegraphic expert can click a message over the wire with greater skill and firmness than his pretty wife can wire "Please send me a check."—New York Press.

Don't Be Afraid of Pink Sugar.

A great many housekeepers do not understand the use of pink sugar in cake. A tri-colored cake is very ornamental. Make one layer of pink, one of white, and one of yellow cake. The same rule serves for all, using half of pink sugar and half of white sugar for the pink layer; the yolks of three eggs in the golden layer, and the whites alone in the white layer. The angel cake rule is a very nice one for this purpose. A layer of crab apple jelly, of white frosting flavored with orange juice or almonds, or layers of chopped raisins or chopped figs, may be used between the layers, and a thick white icing should cover all. Pink sugar costs but ten cents a pound, and can be had of any first class confectioner's. It is to be hoped that it will be used wholly, but is perfectly harmless, being colored with cochineal.—New York Tribune.

The Rose Bath.

The bath of roses, so often mentioned by writers on the luxurious age of Roman life, is a comparatively cheap luxury today. The warm water, in quantity sufficient to the usual requirement of the bath, is first softened by stirring into the tub finely sifted oatmeal, to which also is added half a pint of glycerine, both put into a large dose of attar of roses. If the massage treatment be available use it by all means; if not, let a coarse towel and hard rubbing serve the purpose of the massage system. This bath is simply fine, as it softens the skin and leaves a delicate tone each line of the body.—New York Tribune.

Save the Small Pieces of Soap.

All the little scraps of soap, that are used, even the tiniest ones. Save the bits from the kitchen soap, and when you have half a dozen or more put by take a small steel knife and scrape off the soap, then with the puncture holes in both ends by hammering a nail through the tin. Select a can with a cover that fits firm and close, for there must be no danger of the lid slipping off.

Drop the pieces of soap inside the can and place the lid on securely. This transformation tends to economy and makes the best soap for washing dishes, where it will prove to be a great convenience, and in using it there will be no danger of getting the hands sore as is often the case when lye is used in the water with the dishes.—Youth's Companion.

To Wash Blankets.

In washing woolen blankets, to avoid shrinkage do not have the water different two widely different degrees of heat, and do not apply soap directly to them. The best way is to dissolve two tablespoonfuls of borax in hot water, and add the solution to a tub half full of very hot water; put in the blankets and let them remain one hour, stirring often and rubbing with the hands, but never on a washboard. Squeeze them out of this suds, prepare another water of the same temperature, considering but one tablespoonful of borax and enough fine white soap to make a nice suds; immerse the blankets and repeat the same process of cleaning as at first. Afterward rinse through two waters, of the same temperature as the others, and dry.—Good Housekeeping.

Facts Worth Knowing.

For faded green blinds, rub on a little linseed oil.

Put bits of camphor gum in trunks or drawers to prevent the mice from doing any injury.

To freshen leather chair seats, valises, etc., rub them with the well beaten white of an egg.

To prevent pans from rusting, rub fresh lard on them, and set in a hot oven until thoroughly heated.

Soak clothes that fade over night in water in which has been dissolved one ounce of sugar of lead to a pailful of rain water.—Good Housekeeping.

Nursing Becoming Fashionable.

As showing that nursing is becoming fashionable, it is asserted by a writer in The British Medical Journal that Princess Helen Cusa is a nurse in the children's hospital, Lady Constance Asta Butcher has been nursing the invalids of Capt. Wissmann's force at Zanzibar; Miss Godolphin-Osborne, niece of the duke of Leeds, is matron of the Lessington Hospital for Incurables; Lady Leveson Gower is a nurse in one of the metropolitan hospitals, and Lady Amherst and Baroness Ebba Bonfron were trained at St. Mary's hospital, Paddington, a few years ago.

A Lover of Fans.

"The Swedish Nightingale," Christine Nilsson, is an enthusiast in the matter of fans. She has a collection of rare and beautiful specimens. Among the number is one which was presented to her by the ex-Empress Eugenie. It formerly belonged to Mme. Dubary; possibly it is the famous fan valued at so many thousand francs. Another of the fair singer's fans is one which was given to her by the crown prince of Russia, and is an exact copy of the one that belonged to the queen of Oude.—New York World.

To Put the Child Asleep.

Under no circumstances give a child drops, stimulants or syrups to produce sleep. Only a physician be made responsible for this dangerous practice. The excitement of being tossed and jumped by a too active papa, the effect of the dinner table or a tardy romping about the room often unstring the delicate nerves and chase away sleep. Hunger is often the cause of distress at bed time, and negligence on the part of the nurse to observe it is another reason for fretfulness.—Exchange.

In washing, sponging or bathing a child wet the head first. One bath a day is enough for a sturdy little one; one every week is all that should be inflicted upon a feeble child. Give a sponge bath for this daily washing, and follow it with brisk rubbing. A rag is unfit for a baby's toilet. Get a fine sponge, use water at a temperature of 98 degrees and white Spanish castile soap, and let the youngster have as many bites of the sponge as he wants.

For comedones or black heads use a lotion of ether, one fluid ounce; carbonate of ammonia, twenty grains, and two fluid drachms of water. Have a druggist mix it, and apply twice a day with a bit of rough crash. Take also a glass of fresh grape juice every morning before breakfast, which will have the effect of Saratoga water, and is better than any mineral water for young complexions.

It is not generally known, perhaps, that Lady Randolph Churchill, formerly Miss Jennie Jerome, is a capital musician, and, did any reverses come to her, she could support herself and family with the proceeds that her paintings would command. She has a studio in her London house, and paints delightful pictures that have real merit and beauty.

Miss Mary E. Wilkins, whose short stories have won so many hearts, is a small, shy, brown eyed woman, extremely unsophisticated in manner and appearance. It needs but a short acquaintance with her to convince you what kind of a woman she is. All that she says is full of the charm of her stories.

Mrs. Caroline Harrison owns a photograph in the golden layer, and the white alone in the white layer. The angel cake rule is a very nice one for this purpose. A layer of crab apple jelly, of white frosting flavored with orange juice or almonds, or layers of chopped raisins or chopped figs, may be used between the layers, and a thick white icing should cover all. Pink sugar costs but ten cents a pound, and can be had of any first class confectioner's. It is to be hoped that it will be used wholly, but is perfectly harmless, being colored with cochineal.—New York Tribune.

Rhoda Broughton, the English novelist, has written twenty-two books and published twenty-one. At fifty years she is snowy haired, but sweet faced and sunny hearted. She has a pretty home in Oxford that has taken her a quarter of a century to procure.

A lady who makes it her business to remove hair from women's faces has an establishment on Regent street, London. She employs electricity, and says it sometimes requires as many as twelve sittings to electrify a mustache out of existence.

Some very careful and successful housekeepers insist that a frying pan should never be washed. Their method is to scour it thoroughly with salt the moment it has been used and set it away for the next service.

Miss Lillian Blanche Fearing, whose magazine articles and poems are well known, is entirely blind. She is a graduate of the Union College of Law in Chicago and has been admitted to the Illinois bar.

A young woman who has a dressmaking establishment in New York makes her rent by storing furs, wraps and winter clothing for her customers during the warm weather.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The Importance of the Tea Gown—New Examples Described and Illustrated for the Benefit of Fair Readers Who Wish to Keep Up with the Times.

Tea gowns, it was long ago decided, both by the ladies who wear them and the modistes who make them, have come to stay. The tea gown is no longer a simple garment for negligee occasions, but in many instances is a gorgeous affair, worthy of a large and critical audience. No lady's wardrobe is complete without a tea gown; indeed, most ladies possess several.

Some of the new tea gowns are worth describing. A black satin affair seen was trimmed with white lace, fully gathered around the throat, falling in jabot on the left side. The sleeves were tucked, puffed and bordered at the wrist with a frill of lace.

A Japanese tea gown was of quite another order, made in blue satin, trimmed with colored metallic galon. It was in the make that this garment followed the modes of the eastern nation. The sleeves were of

TEA GOWN WITH DRAPED BODICE.

the cut we associate with the land of the mikado, and the front fell in the loose, easy folds of that country. A buttercup tone of oriental silk had been made in a very graceful tea gown, the collar square and tacked, the sleeves pendent, the soft drapery caught up on one side.

The tea gown illustrated in the cut is fashioned with a draped bodice, invisibly fastened, and wide sleeves of surah silk, like the skirt. This latter is surrounded along the edge with a fluted ruching in finely plaited mousseline chiffon. The turned down collar, revers of sleeves and girdle is corresponding, and these are in harmony with the Watteau train in soft brocade, lined with foulard.

Fashions for Men.

Dressing is a serious as well as expensive business in the life of a fashionable man. Thrice a day does he array himself in different clothes. A tweed suit is his morning wear. In the afternoon he dons a frock coat, a somewhat dressy waistcoat and a bigger tie. In the evening he has to dress for dinner, and if he be a tremendous swell he will, later on, exchange his dress again, this time for a smoking suit. The English set the fashions for men, the Prince of Wales giving the keynote in his own wardrobe. For instance, broadcloth has gone out of fashion for dress suits, the prince setting the fashion for rougher fabrics. Viennas and rough and smooth twill fabrics are now in vogue. A square figure is the kind aimed at among Englishmen now. This effect is produced by the shoulders being cut narrow, and a little extra fullness put into the breast.

The New Opera Glass Bag.

To enumerate even half the many ways in which silver is now used would be impossible within the prescribed limits of a short article. How it has served not only for personal ornaments, but as a mounting for every imaginable thing, from the fittings of elaborate traveling bags to the handles of our sticks and umbrellas; how it has taken possession of writing tables and turned many dressing tables into exhibitions on a small scale of some of the best work of the silversmith's craft. These are, indeed, but a few instances of the many and various ends that silver serves.

It often happens that these silver and silver gilt mounted affairs are only old friends returned to us, in slightly different guise, perhaps, but substantially the same; others confute the often repeated statement that there is nothing new under the

SILVER MOUNTED OPERA BAG.

sun. Such a one is here illustrated in the cut reproduced from The Jewelers' Circular. This silver mounted opera glass bag is the latest thing out. The bag is of plush, in any color that may be desired, with a silk or satin lining. It is drawn together at the top with cords, after the usual fashion of these bags, the novel feature being, of course, the ornate silver mounting, which not only enhances the intrinsic worth of the bag, but also confers a decorative effect that is decidedly pleasing.

Fancy Belts.

There are many fancy belts made—some in leather, with leather covered buckle. Others have two rows of leather united, with strands of thick gold cord. These have two buckles, as one is supposed to be able to draw in the waist tighter with the lower buckle. These are quite the jeweled belts and collars to match. These are generally of gold woven ribbon, with a motif in raised cord and work, set with imitation turquoises or other stones. These belts can be had with one motif or three—that is, one for the front and one for each side; or back they are finished off with a tassels of the gold cord. The prettiest are those made slightly pointed in the front, and the motif arranged in points set.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jacket and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are becoming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a five-button kid for 45 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 3-hook kid, black and colors, for 61. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, colored, for 98c. And will sell an 8-button length, real kid, black for $1.48. Worth $2.00.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

EVERYONE KNOWS

When we advertise a Bargain we mean it, and everyone who has been to any of our Bargain Sales has found everything as we said. But this is the Greatest Bargain of all. We bought a large stock of

Ladies' Goodyear Welt Shoes,

And we know we are **Over-Stocked.** So to reduce our stock we shall sell them at **$2.50** for this week **only,** commencing to-day. Also four cases of

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER TIP SHOE

in widths from A to D at **$2.00.** You can see this is a great bargain, and if you miss this chance you are to blame. We are not. We do special order repairing. Try us and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.

12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

No. 30 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.

We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING

OF

MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and unfrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 50c, worth 75c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Jaconet Carpet Sbc. Heavy Chart 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Mattings 12 1-2c. Ladies' Autumn and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS,

in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

ILARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or country or to the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington

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TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1288

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture move1

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

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with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 54 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

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Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when coal was always taken at the close of the season at low rates and is unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the improved self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the shortest time. His coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 139. Orders constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Terms to suit. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28. Orders promptly attended to at Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 54 Jackson avenue North Plainfield. Orders received at Post Boxes, Plainfield, Dunellen and Fanwood. Office 29, telephone call 28.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

Assembly Convention.

REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY CONVENTION.

The Third Assembly District Republican Convention for Union county will be held at Town Hall, Westfield, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1890,

at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Assembly.

WALTER PELTER, JR.
Chairman of Last Convention.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House in Somerville, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14th, 1890,

at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the offices of Senator, Member of Assembly, County Clerk and three Coroners, and of hearing the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Each township will be entitled to five delegates, who will be selected by the Republican voters of the respective townships, on Saturday, the 11th day of October instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon (excepting in North Plainfield, where the primary will be held at eight o'clock in the evening), at the following places:

Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel, Bedminster.
Bernards—Moore's Hotel, Basking Ridge.
Bernardsburg—Coddington's Hotel, North Branch.
Bridgewater—Commercial Hotel, Somerville.
Franklin—Hulsizer's Hotel, East Millstone.
Hillsborough—Devender's Store, Frankfort.
Montgomery—Harbeson's Hotel, Harlingen.
North Plainfield—Basement of New School House.
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel, Mt. Bethel.

G. S. COOK,
Chairman Republican Co. Ex. Com.
Dated September 23, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—Gum-chewing is no longer fashionable.

—The Elizabeth firemen will parade on the 16th inst.

—The class in short hand will be organized at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—Powdered resin sprinkled over a cut checks the bleeding at once.

—There were 42 new members admitted to the Boy's Club last evening.

—The State Y. P. S. C. E. Convention meets in Camden on the 20th inst.

—Delegations of chestnut hunting boys raided suburban farms yesterday.

—The borough Council will meet in special session this evening at eight o'clock.

—Goodwill Lodge No. 101 of Scotch Plains will celebrate its anniversary this evening.

—The County Democratic Convention will be held at Elizabeth next Monday at 3 p. m.

—It is now asserted that New Jersey has a potato trust that is buying up the tubers and shipping them to the West.

—The Middlesex county Republican Convention will be held at New Brunswick tomorrow morning at eleven o'clock.

—The Elizabeth Crescents are like a shoemaker's thread—waxed at the end. The West End, as it were.—Westfield Leader.

—Evangeline is the next play to be produced at Music Hall. Rice's company will interpret it next Wednesday evening.

—Every person should be cautious at this time of the year, as the changes are so varied that sickness may be the result of not paying heed.

—To-morrow the Crescents will play the last game of the season. Their opponents will be a benefit one and the gate receipts will go to the players.

—The Union County Medical Society held its quarterly meeting yesterday at the Court House at Elizabeth. There was a large attendance. Several remarkable operations and cures were described and discussed.

A New Church.

The vestrymen of Grace Protestant Episcopal church of this city have decided to build a handsome stone edifice on the desirable building site, which the church has long owned, at West Seventh and Sycamore streets. The structure will cost about $40,000 and in beauty of design will be one of the finest churches in Plainfield. In place will be an elaboration of those of St. Stephen's church at Ocean, N. Y., and Trinity church at King Hing.

Personal Purity.

The Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis will speak on the subject of "Personal Purity at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday at 4.15 p. m. Dr. Lewis has been long impressed with the importance of work along social purity lines, and is well qualified to speak to the men of the city upon this important subject. You will be especially good in bringing all this meeting. All men will be welcome.

Coroners Nominated.

At the Republican Convention held at Elizabeth yesterday the following were nominated for coroners:

Elizabeth—Dr. E. L. Wilson.
Rahway—Dr. H. H. Hough.
Plainfield—Dr. J. A. Allis.
Westfield—Dr. Sherman A. Cooper.

Y. M. C. A. RECEPTION.

A Hearty Welcome to Machinists Last Evening.

The reception given last evening by the Young Men's Christian Association to the machinists of the city was perhaps more heartily enjoyed than the seven any previous social gathering held at the rooms. After spending some time in social intercourse all were invited to the hall where the following programme was most acceptably rendered:

Echo Solo.....Mr. Gustav Schwarz
Club Recitation.....Prof. F. Miller
Feats on Horizontal Bar—Prof. E. W. Logan and members of Orange Y. M. C. A.
Tambourine Solo (Eleven Girls).....Prof. F. Miller.
Zither Solo.....Mr. Gustav Schwarz
Club Recitation.....Logan, Instructor in Orange Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium.
Head Rest Solo.....Prof. Miller
Tumbling.....Prof. Logan and others
Address.....President Murray
Zither Solo.....Mr. Gustav Schwarz

Mr. Murray in the address of welcome took occasion to speak of what the Association seeks to do for the social, intellectual and spiritual welfare of the young men, and extended a cordial invitation to all to visit the rooms at all times.

While the programme as a whole was enthusiastically received the Zither Solos of Mr. Schwarz are deserving of special mention.

The Reception Committee served the refreshments prepared by the Ladies.

An Open Camp Fire.

Major Anderson Post, No. 159, G. A. R. last evening tendered its friends an open camp fire in the Knights of Pythias rooms. Commander A. S. Titsworth presided and made a short address. He was followed by Past Commander Moffett of Post 159; Past Commander Mattison of Post 79; Past Commander Bolton of 239; Past Commanded Vance of Brooklyn and Commander Stephens of Post 73. During the evening a delegation from the New Brunswick Post headed by a fife and drum corps after indulging in a short parade extended the rounds.

An entertainment, which consisted of recitation, music, singing, etc., followed, after which all present sat down to a bountiful collation which had been prepared by the ladies. At about midnight the festivities were concluded and the guests departed for their several homes, thoroughly satisfied with the pleasant manner in which they had been entertained.

Red Men Entertain.

The first public dance of Miantonomo Tribe, No. 118, Improved Order of Red Men, at its place last evening was a most pleasant affair. The affair was largely attended, nearly five hundred persons being present. The festivities began with a promenade concert during which the following programme was rendered by the orchestra:

Overture—Merry Music With the Minstrels.
Cornet Solo—The Surf.....Mr. Barlow
Gavott—Woman's Heart.....Holst
Waltz—Dreamland.....Rosey

At its conclusion dancing occupied the remainder of the night, and when the affair concluded it was early morning. Stephenson catered.

The following committees had charge of the affair: Donald Livingston, W. J. Howell, Frank Lane, George Rogers, William Nethenwood, George McGinnis, Edward Wolverton, Samuel Closson, Andrew Sleigleta and E. L. Kinney.

Hypnotized Subjects.

Prof. Reynolds gave another most uproarious entertainment to a very appreciative audience at Reform Hall last evening. Such hearty laughter is seldom heard. The Professor made one subject suppose himself a candidate for mayor of Plainfield, and made what every one pronounced to be a good speech. But what provoked the most side-splitting laughter were the ludicrous things the subjects did while hypnotized. A white man was made to believe himself black, a thin man to suppose himself very fat, another to consider himself John L. Sullivan, and so on. The entertainment continues this evening, with a matinee for children to-morrow afternoon, the series concluding Saturday evening.

Cypress Commandery Entertainment.

Cypress Commandery, (colored) gave a reception at Templar Hall last evening. The affair was largely attended, delegates from the following commanderies being present: DeMolay No. 1, of Camden; Damascus No. 5, of Trenton, Ivanhoe No. 1, of New York. During the evening dancing was indulged in and when the affair broke up at an early hour this morning, the participants wended their way homeward well pleased. The annual Committee were in charge:

William Douglass, A. W. Brown, Lewis Randolph, James A. Sanders, William Jones, James Connect, Nathaniel Cook, Austin Spencer, Charles Barber, James Walker, George Van Blake and James Long.

Bicycle Parade.

On Saturday evening Oct. 18th, the Elizabeth Wheelmen will indulge in a grand bicycle parade, and it is safe to predict that it will be a big one, if the night is clear. Invitations have been issued to thirty-three clubs and as the E. W. have a good name as entertainers, there will doubtless be a large response. The parade will start at 8.30. The Plainfield Bicycle Club is included in the list of invited clubs.

Bishop Wigger's Visitation.

Bishop Wigger is making his Episcopal visitation to the various Catholic parishes in the Diocese of Newark. Yesterday he visited St. Mary's church and on eight o'clock last evening preached an interesting and instructive sermon to a large congregation which had assembled. His remarks were attentively listened to. This morning he celebrated mass.

The Unknown Won.

A most brutal prize fight took place on Staten Island a few evenings since between Patrick Smith of Westfield and an Unknown of Elizabeth. Twenty-four rounds were fought and in the last round Smith was knocked senseless.

A PIGEON'S LONG FLIGHT.

Returning Home From Seven Hundred Miles at Sea.

The homing pigeon Dan, owned by J. Harvey Dunn, of this city, has reached home after more than a year's absence under circumstances which make his case one of the most remarkable in carrier-pigeon annals. The members of the Scripps League Expedition, which sailed for Paris on July 24, 1889, took with them six pigeons. Of these four were released the first day out at sea for an ordinary ocean fly; the other two, Dude and Ariel, were set free the second day, 700 miles from home, in an attempt to get a record. Ariel flew almost to the world. Ariel flew almost to New York and dropped exhausted on the deck of an incoming vessel. Of Dude no tidings ever came, and he was given up for lost, till a few days ago, when his owner found the familiar feathered form, almost worn out by its fifteen months' flight, in the loft in his old time perch. A partly deciphered message from the Scripps League Expedition still clung to his leg, its cabalistic wrapper tattered from constant exposure. It is supposed that the returned wanderer had been driven northward in various parts of the world in his endeavors to reach home and he is credited with the longest fly on record.

A Dangerous $2 Counterfeit Bill.

B. M. Burnett, of the Secret Service Department, has received from the authorities at Washington a communication stating that a dangerous counterfeit on the back of the $2 silver certificate has been discovered by an employee in the United States Treasurer's office. This counterfeit has a small round pink seal—W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury; C. N. Jordan, Treasurer of the United States. No closer imitation of a genuine United States note has appeared in years. The paper used by distinctive fibres and no parallel silk threads. The genuine note has both. In the counterfeit a few hairs of General Hancock's mustache curl upward, while in the genuine the whole mustache is slightly drooping. In the words "Register of the Treasury" in the counterfeit the "r" in "Register" is not dotted, neither is there a period following the word "Treasury." So dangerous is the character of this counterfeit that Acting Chief Brooks, of the Secret Service, advises the utmost care in accepting of $2 silver certificates, check letter "c" bearing a small pink seal and the name C. N. Jordan as treasurer of the United States.—Madison Eagle.

Mr. Schleppin the Winner.

The Dunellen Bowling Green Club competed for the Silver Cup presented yesterday in Schleppin's Court, Dunellen, with the following results:

FIRST TIE.

C. Schedlin	21
Mayor Baynes	19

SECOND TIE.

F. P. Haffner	20
J. Smith	21

THIRD TIE.

Wm. Elliott	21
Geo. Haynes	14

FOURTH TIE.

W. Elliott	21
J. Schleppin	15
C. Schedlin, bye	

FIFTH TIE.

C. Schedlin	21
W. Elliott	17

Mr. Schleppin having been successful for the third is now the final holder of the medal.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Singleton C. Reynolds has removed his family from this city. They are now residing at Elizabeth.

Cashier Carman Parse and Mrs. Parse returned Wednesday evening from an enjoyable visit to the Adirondack mountains.

Mr. John Stewart of Plainfield avenue is at home from a pleasant visit to his son the Rev. R. H. Stewart, of Portland, Pen.

Mary, the six-year-old daughter of Mr. Peter Lantz of Plainfield, died yesterday at the home of her parents after a short illness with pneumonia.

John Brandon was arrested last evening while drunk and disorderly. When arraigned before City Judge Codington this morning he pleaded guilty to the charge and a six dollar fine was imposed.

Mr. Frederick Knowland has returned to his home on East Seventh street from a trip to Baltimore. Mrs. Knowland intends spending the Winter in the South and they also where advertise their house to let furnished or unfurnished.

Mr. Herbert W. Stover of this city and Miss Emma Byron of Albany, N. Y., were married last evening at the home of the bride's mother in the latter place. After a short wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Stover will reside in this city.

Benjamin F. Lowe, the father of Mr. W. B. Lowe of Park avenue died suddenly at the Grand Union Hotel in New York yesterday. Deceased was seventy-seven years of age. The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, No. 156 Park avenue this city tomorrow at three o'clock.

Preparations are in progress for an entertainment at the Somerset the latter part of October, which is to be duly advertised. The amateur talent is to include Miss Annie Murphy, daughter of Rev. T. Logan Murphy, Mrs. George C. Evans, Mr. Walter M. Mc-Gee and Mr. W. L. Saunders of North Plainfield.

The Rev. Mr. Newell has been ordained a minister of the Gospel by the Elizabeth Presbytery. The Rev. W. E. Honeyman of Somerset street, North Plainfield, was the ordaining prayer, Rev. Wm. Rice, W. H. Richards, the pastor of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church, administered the charge to Mr. Newell.

Mr. G. W. Van Benbrek and family returned to Plainfield last week, with the intention of making that city their future home. Mr. Van Benbrek is well-known in Plainfield, having been for six or seven years a member of the choir of its oldest and best residents, Grace church and of its most popular young singers. Mr. Van Benbrek's voice is a rich and sympathetic one and highly cultivated by years of study. While absent from Plainfield he has performed on more than one occasion for the edification and entertainment of their new home.—Westfield Leader.

THE POTATO ROT.

A Hint how to Prevent the Further Infection.

Some farmers are having great trouble with their newly dug potatoes owing to the rain storms having affected them. Many of these, as usual, stored their crops in the house cellars, but after a few days it covered that they were rapidly going into putridity, evidenced by a bad odor. Many of these, it is said, intend to store them where they may obtain cool frosts, but fresh air contains no air. Ordinarily frost will stop the rot, but it does not do so this year, at least not so far as heard from. The trouble is all owing to a disease caused by a fungus which closely resembles the downy mildew on the grape. Its first attacked the leaves of the plant, causing them to curl up, and become "frozen" on the under side. The fungus then passed to the stems, and the vine soon died and lost their leaves. The potatoes were attacked last, and the fungus, being in the solidity money became infected originally with the fine fungus threads before the "rot" became visible. Where crops have not been ploughed up the vines should be raked into heaps and burned beforehand, thereby preventing any further infection. When ploughing up, the potatoes should be allowed to dry out thoroughly in the field or elsewhere, and if not marketed, they should be stored in some shallow bins, etc., in a dry, cool, airy place, and care observed that all rotten tubers are removed. Decayed potatoes should be removed from time to time through the Fall and Winter as soon as detected in the bins. A sprinkling of air-slacked lime should be applied as a further prevention of the rot.

ENFORCING THE DRUG LAW.

Druggists Selling Impure Articles Had Better Beware.

A car full inspection of the drugs throughout the State is being made under the direction of State Inspector George McGuire. This has been going on for two or three years, but where impure drugs were found the guilty parties were only given a warning. The crusade has begun in earnest in Atlantic City. Last week some tinctures of nux vomica was analyzed and found to contain only three-quarters of one per cent. of dry matter, whereas, according to the standard laid down in the United States pharmacopoea, two per cent. is required. The druggist in Atlantic City from which it was bought was arrested and tried last week, and being found guilty, was fined $50. This is only the beginning of what is to come, for there are three cases of the kind already for trial, and more will follow. The trial last week is the first one under the present drug law.

Settled With the Architect.

A suit was finished yesterday in the Union County Courts brought by Architect Louis Quinn against the Linden Park Blood Horse Associat on for the construction of the building on the race track. Quinn claimed that by the contract he was to receive $2,500, and there was a balance due of $1,800 which the Association refused to pay. The defence was that the contract was not properly executed. Contractor Quinn went over the work with the association's counsel and made such changes as were desired, but this did not satisfy the Association, and his only redress was a civil action. After a conference yesterday the case was settled by the defence agreeing to pay Mr. Quinn $13,700.

Y. P. S. C. E. County Convention.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will hold its county Convention in the Trinity Reformed church in this city this evening. Societies from Rahway, Westfield, Cranford, Elizabeth and other portions of the county will be represented, and a large and enthusiastic gathering is anticipated. Rev. W. H. Sherman, of Elizabeth, Rev. George H. Payson, of Rahway, and Rev. John T. Kerr, the State president of the society, will be the principal speakers. A no programme of music has been prepared by the society of the Trinity Reformed church.

Y. P. S. C. E. Sociable.

The members of Young Peoples' Society of the Trinity Reformed church gave one of their enjoyable sociables to the lecture room of the church last evening at which the following programme was well rendered:

Vocal Solo.....Master Bartlebalk
Reading.....Mr. Harvey Dayton
Society's Report.....
Reading.....Miss VanDyke
Reading.....Miss Mattison
Vocal Duet.....Misses Bartlebalk

Refreshments followed and an hour was devoted to social intercourse.

A Fall That May Result Fatally.

Patrick Kiely, a coachman, while engaged trimming trees yesterday fell from the limb of a tree on which he was standing and received a compound fracture of the elbow. He was taken to his home on Central avenue and Dr. Bowne was summoned. The doctor did all in his power to alleviate the man's suffering's, but his injuries are such that it is considered doubtful if he will ever be able to use his right arm. Mr. Kiely is a married man and is the only support of his wife and several children.

Wetumpka Lodge Honored.

The Grand Lodge Knights of Honor, of the State of New Jersey, held their annual session at Newark on Wednesday. Messrs. F. P. Haffner and C. J. Feytal of Wetumpka Lodge, No. 1,807, this city, were representatives. The former was appointed chairman of the Committee on Appeals, and the latter was elected Assistant Grand Dictator. S. E. Flower was created a Past Dictator. This shows the esteem in which Wetumpka Lodge is held by the Grand Lodge of the State.

State Board of Canvassers.

Governor Abbett has appointed the following gentlemen to act as the State Board of Canvassers to canvass the vote on the Constitutional Amendments: Senators George T. Werts, Henry M. Bowers, Henry K. Keerly, Assemblymen Henry D. Wells and Edward George T. Cranmer. They will meet on October 21st to canvass the vote.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

O'Brien and Dillon Escape.

LONDON, Oct. 10th, (special)—When the names of Wm. O'Brien an John Dillon, the "Friends of Ireland" were called by the court to answer to the charge for which they were arrested and confined to jail, it was found that they had escaped. Warrants were immediately issued for their arrest. It is supposed they are on their way to America. They were arrested for advising the Irish peasantry not to pay their rents, unless their landlords complied with certain just requests.

Sixteen Years for Manslaughter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10, (Special)—FRANK G. Palmer, convicted of manslaughter, was today sentenced to 16 years at hard labor. On March 16 1890, Lawyer John A. Atkinson got into a dispute with Palmer in a basement house in New York, and Palmer settled it by picking up a wrench and crushing in the lawyers skull.

McGonegal has a Respite.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10th, (Special)—Dr. Mc Gonegal, convicted of malpractice in the case of Anna Goodwin, to-day secured a stay of sentence through his counsel.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September,	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1890.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Wednesday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
2. Thursday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
3. Friday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
4. Saturday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
5. Monday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
6. Tuesday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
7. Wednesday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
8. Thursday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
9. Friday	55	58	61	70	73	70	69
10. Friday	44	45	46	47	49		

All boys desiring to join the Boys' Club are requested to report this week. Mr. and Mrs. George Wharton Edwards will have charge of the rooms to-night and will register the names of all applicants for admission to membership.

Died.

LOWE—At the Grand Union Hotel, New York, suddenly Oct. 9th, Benjamin F. Lowe, age 77 years.

Funeral Notice from the residence of his son, Wm. E. Lowe 156 Park avenue, Saturday Oct. 11th, at 3 p. m. 2t

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COLORED WOMAN wants situation at cooking or general house-work in a small family. 106 West Second street.

BARGAIN—Tan mare, suitable for grocer, or butcher cart. Price $120. In good condition four, $40. Single-cut wagon and harness, $25. Inquire 14 East Front str. A. 10-4

FOR SALE—A large first-class watch dog. 128 East Front street. 10-3t

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 22 West Front street. 27-1t

FOR RENT—A good square piano, $3 per month. 42 West Fifth street. 9tf, tw

FOR SALE—Warwick rubber bicycle, cheap. Perfect condition. Riddens' st. west of Arlington. Go W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-3t

FOR RENT—Small house, Possession within a few weeks. Rent $12. Desirable location, 10 minutes walk from depot. Address Henry D. Morrison, care Box 1. 6-5

PAINTING in all branches. By day or contract. Leave cards. Address "Painter," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-4

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No. 19 East Seventh street. 10-3t

TO carters, Carpenters and builders. Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned, on Saturday, October 11th, for removing the Hampton Hall last evening. The affair was largely attended, delegates from the following commanderies being present: DeMolay No. 1, of Camden; Damascus No. 5, of Trenton, Ivanhoe No. 1, of New York. During the evening dancing was indulged in and when the affair broke up at an early hour this morning, the participants wended their way homeward well pleased. The annual Committee were in charge: 6-3t

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and evergreens, ornamental plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BULLDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY. New subdivision at Dunellen Railway Station. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-2t-tw

TO THE MEMBERS OF FRANKLIN Council No. 5, U. A. M., all are requested to meet in the Lodge room on Sunday, Oct. 12th, at 2 p. m., to attend divine service in M. E. church. By order of C. M. MARTIN, Recording Secretary. 10-2t

THE WATCHFUL CIRCLE of King's Daughters will hold an afternoon tea and cake sale, at Miss Scribner's and Miss Mary Smith's, corner of Grand and Somerset and Washington street, on Saturday, October 11th, from 2 to 6 p. m.

Grand Fair

OF THE

PLAINFIELD GESANG & TURN VEREIN

To be held for the benefit of the

GERMAN-ENGLISH SCHOOL

At their Hall on Somerset street,

October 13th to 18th.

Admission - - 10 cents.

For particulars see Fair Journals. 8-6t

Auction Sale

OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13th,

At 10:30 a. m., at 10 West Eighth street, corner Central avenue. All the handsome furniture in the house, Parlor sets, sofas, lounges, easy chairs, hall stands, chamber sets, bed and spring mattresses, dining room furniture, Kitchen utensils, carpets and oilcloths. Without reserve, etc. Also a fine Columbia Billiard Table.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.
Auctioneers. 9-5

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we ask old like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS,
12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We intend to help in the change, and assist them by selling TEA, Coffee, Sugar and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of **Californian Fruits** before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery we run to South Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"

THE NEW TARIFF goes into effect to-day, Oct. 6th. The city is higher prices. We are reversing directions from Republican practice, announcing that all future orders will be subject to new prices.

OUR HOUSE has been fortunate in securing large supplies before the high prices go into effect, and will continue to sell at old prices as long as its present stock holds out. Some NEW LACE CURTAINS have just come in that are being offered **LOWER THAN "OLD PRICES!!"** Here's figures:

95c, $1, $1.25, $1.35 $1.50 $1.65, $1.75, $2, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $2.65, $3, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

Also a lot of Linen Napkins at less than old prices. YOU can save money by investigating the LOW PRICES at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE Clothing, the tailor made fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-6-m

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Edwards having fully recovered, will remain for a few weeks longer, to those who leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., as usual, at the City Hotel, room 6. Call at once as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. 8-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three an hour a week, during the first week, will remain for a few weeks longer, to those who leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., as usual, at the City Hotel, room 6. Call at once as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. 8-1w

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HYACINTHS, TULIPS
CROCUS, Etc., for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cuts. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 10 West Front.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and gentleman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lean beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, whole grain, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., yours respectfully. Fresh grade ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELD, N.J.
and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles D. Jones' barber shop 50 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

OPEN AFTER TUESDAY
Oct. 7th, the office of the late Dr. Titsworth at 106 E. Front street will be occupied by Dr. E. S. Jones recently of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m. and 12 noon; from 5 to 7:30 p. m. 6-3

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.
Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, on Saturday, October 11th, for removing the Hampton Hall last evening. The affair was largely attended, delegates from the following commanderies being present: DeMolay No. 1, of Camden; Damascus No. 5, of Trenton, Ivanhoe No. 1, of New York. During the evening dancing was indulged in and when the affair broke up at an early hour this morning, the participants wended their way homeward well pleased. The annual Committee were in charge: 6-3t

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Report of the Condition

OF THE

City National Bank,

At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business,

October 2d, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$260,238 72
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	1,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Stock and securities	14,000 00
Due from other National Banks	2,500 00
Due from other National Banks	8,599 19
Due from State and Private Banks and bankers	18,000 00
Furniture and fixtures	6,000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,000 00
Premiums on U. S bonds	2,000 00
Checks and other cash items	1,000 00
Bills of other banks	318 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	207 79
Specie	13,000 00
Legal tender notes	12,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	1,500 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	1,750 00
Total	$561,747 79

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$150,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits	30,000 00
National Bank notes outstanding	50,000 00
Dividends unpaid	1,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	230,466 99
Demand certificates of deposit	12,400 00
Certified checks	1,484 81
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,896 00
Due to other National Banks	3,661 99
Due to State Banks and Bankers	1,731 00
Total	$561,747 79

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
COUNTY OF UNION, }

I, F. H. GARDNER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of October, 1890. J. G. PARR, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
E. S. JONES,
JAS. F. CAMPION, } Directors.
C. SEBRFIELD,

REFORM HALL

Hypnotism or Mesmerism.

PROF. JOHN REYNOLDS,

The celebrated HYPNOTIST, in his wonderful Entertainment, creating intense excitement and roars of laughter.

EVERY NIGHT

and

Saturday Matinee

Matinee, 10c for children; 25c for adults.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribb. 2 vests, 25 and 50c.
Ladies' natural-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vests and pants, 98c.
Men's heavy ribbed shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's fleece-lined shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool shirts and Drawers, $1.
Men's scarlet-wool shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 to 24c; 26 to 34c; 36c; 39 to 50c.
Children's natural-wool Vests and Drawers, 25c; 26 to 34c; 36c; 39 to 50c.
Children's heavy ribbed shirts and Drawers, 16 to 24c; 26 to 34c; 36c; 39 to 50c.
Fine heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.98.
Bare Capes, $2.50.

Louis Callman,

42 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 47.

[illegible] Checkley.

Edwin Checkley is a young gentleman, English by birth, who weighs not over 120 pounds and is about 5 feet 7 inches tall. When he was a baby he was a weakling, who, if he had been a quadruped instead of a biped, would not have been thought worth the raising. Yet today he can lift three men, each weighing 150 pounds, and trot a hundred yards with them. It was because he was born a weakling that his family and himself took especial pains with his physical development, and his present superb health and marvelous bodily powers show the result.

In a plainly written little volume called "A Natural Method of Physical Training" Checkley tells his readers how he accomplished astonishing results. He believes the body is a machine, and that every person should make the most and the best of it. It is for this that bodies are given to us. The doctrine is sound, at any rate.

The powerful young man uses no machinery for physical development. Elsewhere he has said that his method is simply an exaggeration of the natural movements of the human body. In the present volume he lays down emphatically the law that the first principles of development are to learn how to breathe correctly and stand correctly. Those are the foundations of all, that on which the strength and endurance of the giant must be built. In breathing the student must use the abdominal muscles strictly. He is to stand or sit erect and draw long, deep breaths slowly through his nostrils, his lips being tightly closed. The nostrils were made to breathe through. Running or going rapidly up stairs or up hill with the lips tightly closed will develop the chest in the only natural way by enlarging the lungs. By this practice you will become long winded in the only right way to be long winded and full as to your chest. Draw the long, slow, deep breaths as often as you can think of it through the day, and let *the air pass out of your lungs as slowly* as it came in.

Modern clothes interfere frightfully with the correct manner of carrying the body. The conventional cut of trousers interferes with easy sitting, walking or stooping. As to the corset to which woman is wedded, Checkley hates the corset as Satan hates holy water.

If a drawing were made of the way in which a dozen persons stand, eleven out of the twelve would be represented with distended abdomen and more or less flattened chest. Corsets produce the distended abdomen which is the horror and the plague of women. The muscles should be trained to hold the body up straight and slim and trim, then no corset will be needed.

Ninety-nine persons out of every hundred, however, make the bones do the work of the muscles, and give the latter no training at all. How to train these muscles Checkley tells the public in his book. It is designed as a manual for all, and to bring the whole muscular system up to the high general average which precedes the special training for the athlete.

The powerful muscles of the hips, back and abdominal region should sustain a man when he stands erect. If these muscles are cultivated we make ourselves actually taller than when we slump down upon the leg bones, and stand upon our heels, with crooked knees.

Push the chest upward and forward when you stand or walk, but do not exaggerate this pose so that it hollows in your back, or you will look hollow backed, pigeon breasted and ridiculous. Let the lung development make the large chest chiefly.

Walking is an exercise highly commended by the author. In walking keep face and chest well over the advanced foot, and preserve the habit of lifting the body with the muscles and by inflation of the lungs.

Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby says that if he had his way he would extinguish public high schools and colleges and diminish the figure of public instruction to three years. If the expensive high schools and colleges were abolished there could be plenty of school house room made for children in the primary grades, without turning any away, as is done by the hundred every September in the older cities at present. This is proper enough in some respects. That is the poorest possible system of education which starts the primary grades for teachers and house room and maintains costly high schools. But still it would be a precious poor sort of an education that a child starting to school at 6 could get in three years.

The Knights of Labor, too, are demanding government ownership and control of the railroads.

Bill Nye's wisest saying: "Blessed is the man who makes his mistakes early in life, regrets them, and puts vaseline on the sore places."

PRESIDENT KING'S "NO."

The Demands of Erie Employes Have Been Refused.

REASONS FOR THE COMPANY'S ACT.

The President Says the Road Pays as High Wages as Its Competitors, and Consequently Cannot Grant an Advance—All the Demands Unfavorably Considered.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The New York, Lake Erie and Western railroad through President King last evening made known, by means of a printed notice, its action in regard to all of its employes. In reply to the demands of its engineers, conductors, firemen and trainmen made some days ago. These demands numbered eighty-three and related to a schedule of pay and regulations to govern the employes of the road. They came from the "federated body of employes of the system." The demands are refused. The reply says:

President King's Reply.

"The company is unable to advance wages generally. It does not expect or desire to pay less wages for similar services than those paid upon competing and adjacent roads, but on the other hand, as it cannot obtain higher rates for transportation it cannot afford to pay rates higher than those of its competitors. And the fact is that its present rates are almost without exception higher than the average paid by them. In the few instances where it is not the case the company will, however, readjust its rates.

With the Kindest of Feelings.

"So far as the management of the corporation itself is concerned and the employment and discipline of the company's officials are concerned those matters are committed by law to the wise discretion of the officers and directors in office when such questions regarding the same may arise. No one has power to make any arrangements or contracts which will be effectual, to deprive *them of that discretion. The interest of* all concerned—of the employes no less than of all others—require that the law in these respects should be obeyed and the stability and efficiency of the corporation be thus insured. But the officers of the company will continue in the future, as they have in the past, to faithfully endeavor to promote the welfare of each and every employe, as well as the efficiency of the service."

The Ten Hour Question.

Of the demand that ten hours shall constitute a day's work the reply says: "One of the articles of the schedule proposes that ten hours shall constitute a day's work and overtime shall be paid for at the rate of one-tenth day per hour. While this apparently relates to the length of time during which employes shall be on duty, it is in fact a proposition for an increase of wages. The proposition is not to limit continuous hours of work to ten, but is merely that any time beyond the limit shall be paid for as extra work.

The Trip System.

"The system of pay in force is the trip system; all runs are computed as a day, or more than a day, as the length of the division may warrant. It is manifest that many of the regular trains occupy much less than ten hours. The present proposition is that for every hour in excess of ten (unexplained by a run, additional wages shall be paid. But if the runs are to be paid for strictly by the hour, it would naturally follow that for every hour less than ten wages would be correspondingly reduced."

There May Be a Strike.

A reporter saw Chairman Youngson last night and he did not care to make any statement. "We shall hold a meeting at Jersey City Friday," he said, "and consider the matter."

"What do you think of the refusal to grant your demands?"

"I have nothing to say now."

"Is it true that the Erie pays higher wages that competing lines?"

"No; it pays less."

"You said some time ago that the men would insist on their demands?"

"If we did not intend to insist on them they would not have been formulated," and then Mr. Youngson withdrew.

The committee said to have full power to act in the present case, and it may not do so for several days, and then again it may. The men are reported in a warlike mood for trifling, and some of them think that the company is playing a game of bluff.

A Protest Against O'Reilly's Memorial.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—The following has been received by the mayor: "To the honorable aldermen and councilmen of Boston: The undersigned citizens of Boston most earnestly and personally protest against the appropriation of public funds for or allowing the erection of any memorial in said public grounds to the memory of the city in honor of the late John Boyle O'Reilly, editor of The Boston Pilot and the indefatigable enemy of the public your back, or you will look hollow backed, pigeon breasted and ridiculous. Let the lung development make the large chest chiefly. The communication has about *1,000 signers.*

Gen. Clarkson Handsomely Remembered.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Gen. Clarkson last night was the recipient of a unique and beautiful present from the employes in the office of the assistant postmaster general. The present was a solid silver envelope, inclosing a solid silver two leaf letter, with the engraved signatures of 100 employes of the first assistant's office. Gen. Clarkson, although taken entirely by surprise, acknowledged his heartfelt gratitude.

Lord Salisbury's Return.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Lord Salisbury, who has been sojourning on the continent for the benefit of his health, arrived in London Thursday and started at once for his home in Hatfield without calling at the government offices. It is understood that after a brief rest at home he will resume active charge of public business and will give his personal attention to the problems arising out of the altered situation in Ireland.

McAuliffe and Myer Matched.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—The Times says articles have been signed here for a match between Jack McAuliffe and Billy Myer for $5,000 a side and a purse of $5,000 offered by the Metropolitan club, of New Orleans. Each man is to pay his own expenses. The fight will be with five ounce gloves, to take place in New Orleans during the early part of February.

Killed on a Crossing.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Oct. 10.—A special train conveying Superintendent Othanson ran into a farmer's wagon at Dryland crossing of the New Jersey Central railroad last evening, killing Frank Sell, aged 28 years, cutting the horses to pieces and demolishing the wagon.

THE PULLMAN PATENT SUSTAINED.

A Victory That It Wears $25,000,000 in the Company.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—The Pullman Palace Car company has been successful in its vestibule car suit against the Boston and Albany railroad. Judge Colt, in his decision, says, after describing at length the claims of the Pullman patent, and in connection with the fine ground of defense, which is that the patent is void for want of novelty: "Considering the great benefit brought to the country directed toward improvements in railway mechanism, whereby greater safety and comfort may be secured to the traveling public, it hardly seems possible that the Pullman vestibule system, in view of what it has accomplished, and the immense capital invested in its use, was the result of the exercise merely of mechanical skill, and therefore not patentable under the laws of the United States. I have carefully cut the Sessions patent I can discover nothing in the prior state of the art which anticipates the Pullman patent, or which should render it void for want of patentable novelty."

Concerning the Sessions patent granted to H. H. Sessions, Nov. 13, 1887, which was applied for two weeks before the Pullman application was made, and which the defendants contended described what is claimed as the Pullman invention, Judge Colt said that Sessions set out to solve certain evils incident to a train of cars—namely, to the starting and stopping of them and to the inconvenience they are causing. On the other hand Pullman undertook to overcome the difficulties incident to a vestibule connection between cars, and this he accomplished by means of "flexible or adjustable joints to permit of sufficient movement between individual passenger cars." The court could not hold that Sessions is the prior inventor. It would seem to be unjust for the court, by inference, to incorporate the Pullman invention into the Sessions patent, and thus prevent both inventors from deriving any benefit from this improvement, because if the Pullman patent were destroyed, Sessions could not make use of it, as it is a mere invention, as he nowhere describes or claims it in his patent.

In conclusion, the court ordered a decree to be drawn for complainant as prayed for in the bill.

Worth $25,000,000 to Them.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—George M. Pullman is quoted here as saying that the decision in the vestibule cases against the Boston and Albany railroad and in favor of the Pullman is worth $25,000,000 to that company.

The Westminster Confession Revision.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—At the meeting of the committee on the revision of the Westminster confession of faith, Dr. R. R. Booth, of New York, and Elder M. H. Stratton, of Newcastle, Pa., elected, to take the places of the two members who resigned. A resolution was passed accepting the invitation to hold the next meeting in the Church of the Covenant in Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1891. No formal action has been taken, and it is not now likely that there will be a vote at this meeting of the committee. Expressions on section 3, of article 3, reading as follows: *"By the decree of God some men and* angels are predestinated unto everlasting life, and others foreordained to everlasting death" was received from thirty-eight presbyteries. Three favored omission, ten revision, nine insertions of various kinds, and sixteen the omission of the last clause. When chapter 4 was reached a number of scientific papers were read asking for the elimination of the clause stating that the earth was created in six days. The opinion seemed to prevail that the six days mentioned in the Bible refers to six periods of time, and the section will probably be changed to express that idea.

A Mishap to the Cruiser Newark.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—The new cruiser Newark, which left Cramp's shipyard on her initial trip, against the wishes of her builders in the afternoon with a section of her machinery broken. When the cruiser left her wharf she was going at a high rate of speed down the river. Just before she reached Wilmington an unusual jarring was noticed throughout the ship. The machinery was stopped and an examination disclosed that the rocker shaft bearing on the forward engine was cracked. The injury was of such a serious nature that it was impossible to repair with the means at hand, and the Messrs. Cramp decided to return to the yard again. Those who were on board the vessel when she turned down the river say that her speed was very great, and that she promises to be one of the fastest vessels ever launched.

"Germany United, Europe Pacified."

PARIS, Oct. 10.—The Gil Blas publishes a report of an interview with Emperor William during a visit in Austria. The kaiser is represented as having dilated upon the Teutonic character of the Alsatians. It was the duty of Germany to assist Alsatian industry and commerce. He declared that he would spare Alsace-Lorraine the horrors of another war. The socialists had too long been treated as savage enemies. Bismarck had tried to force a policy of perpetual war; therefore he had been left at Friedrichsruhe. "Germany united, Europe pacified, that is my grand dream," concluded the emperor."

The Reunion a Grand Success.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 10.—The state reunion of soldiers and sailors is a great success. On the dome of the capitol, nearly 300 feet above the ground, is a gorgeous display of incandescent lights arranged so as to make the figuring, "Welcome, G. A. R." The principal streets, business houses and residences are handsomely decorated. There is already a very large crowd in attendance. Today President Harrison will be present, and it is expected that the largest crowd ever assembled in the state will be in attendance.

A Rejected Lover's Deed.

LYONS, Ia., Oct. 10.—Last night near Clarence, Jo. Johnson, a farmer, had Matthias drove to the house of Johnson Stears, a farmer, and invited the latter's daughter to take a drive. She refused and her father ordered Matthias from the premises. Matthias then drew a revolver and fired, first at Stears and then at a brother of the girl, wounding them both. Then he shot himself through the breast, inflicting fatal injuries. Matthias was intoxicated.

A Snub for Chicago's Fair.

ROME, Oct. 10.—The Italian committee on Chicago World's fair exhibit has been dissolved. The reason given is that few Italian houses care to send displays to America in the face of the high duties imposed by the McKinley tariff.

He Fired at the Priest.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10.—At the close of the service at the Cathedral of Kumkapo an Armenian in the congregation fired two shots at the arch priest. Neither of the bullets took effect. The man escaped.

A COMPROMISE IN SIGHT.

Baseball Leaders Endeavoring to End the War.

A TEN-LEAGUE CONFERENCE HELD.

Brotherhood Men, Magnates and American Association Representatives Talk Over the Situation and Agree Upon a Postponement's Truce.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—A good beginning has at last been made toward the settlement of the disastrous baseball war between the National and Players' leagues. After a session that lasted, with and occasional intermission, all the afternoon and evening yesterday, the National league magnates assembled in parlor F of the Fifth Avenue hotel, and finally at 9:30 p. m. adopted the following resolution:

The Peace Resolution.

"That Messrs. A. G. Spalding, John B. Day and C. H. Byrne constitute a confer*ence committee of three to confer with* a similar committee of the American association to meet this committee which we have been advised has been appointed by the Players' league, consisting of Messrs. E. P. Talcott, Wendell Goodwin and A. I. Johnson, and said committee is hereby requested to report the result of the conferences to this meeting at its earliest convenience."

The Conference Opened.

Then the general meeting adjourned, and Messrs. Day, Byrne and Spalding went up stairs to Allen W. Thurman's room, where they found Messrs. Von der Ahe, of St. Louis, and Von der Hurst, of Baltimore, who, with Mr. Thurman, are the American association committee, awaiting them. Messrs. Johnson, Talcott and Goodwin, of the Players' League, followed the National league men in, and the conference was then called to bring baseball order *for* 1891 out of the baseball chaos of 1890 was opened. The conference immediately got down to work under the diplomatic guidance of *Mr. Thurman. The* whole situation was gone over in detail. No definite agreement has yet been reached. Shortly before 1 o'clock the conference adjourned, agreeing to meet again Oct. 22.

A Truce for Two Weeks.

It was also agreed that until Oct. 25 both leagues would respect the rights of one another in the matter of signing players. The Players' league will take no men from the National league or association, or vice versa. The Players' league agreed also to respect the "reserve" rule until the date set.

The Meeting of the Magnates.

The hours which the National league magnates spent arguing and figuring behind the doors of parlor F were full of interest. There was not much suspense felt, for every one knew that the decision to confer on the part of the National officials was inevitable. But there was plenty of strong talk against conference. Messrs. Soden and Conant came on from Boston, prepared to fight *against it.*

President Robeson, or Cleveland, was also a dissenter, as was President J. Palmer O'Neill, of Pittsburg. Those men did all they could to prevent a conference. Then Allen W. Thurman, who is trying to bridge the chasm between the leagues and incidentally get a little something out of it all for the Columbus club, laid before the magnates a scheme of settlement that he had thought out and which had been talked over at the informal conference held Wednesday between certain Players' and National officials.

The Thurman Scheme.

The scheme was to call up three baseball organizations—the Players' and National leagues and the American association. Then to divide the whole into two organizations, one called the National league and the other the National association. The league was to be considered the major combination and to have the larger cities and the best players. There would be a league club in New York, another in *Brooklyn, both an association and a league* club in Boston, and two clubs in Philadelphia, corresponding to the Philadelphia and the Athletics of 1889. Pittsburg and Cincinnati were to be dropped from the National league. Baltimore and Washington would be transferred to the association. No one thinks that this scheme will receive the indorsement of the conference.

What the Brotherhood Leaders Say.

John M. Ward, of the Brotherhood, told a reporter that he thought a settlement would be reached "unless the League men think they hold the keys to the situation and ask too many concessions."

"The Players' league has nine clubs now, eight of which are in excellent condition. If the League people can show us how we may be benefitted there will be no speedy settlement.

Buck Ewing, on the other hand, said the Brotherhood players would never play with Glasscock, Denny, Clarkson, McKean, Myers, Thompson and others. He said he voiced the sentiments of all the Brotherhood players, and that in case of a settlement the objectionable players would have to be excluded. Buck, however, was confident that the capitalists of both sides would arrange matters amicably.

Carr's Assailant Arrested.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 10.—Tegus Holland, who attempted to take Editor H. Carr on the highway Wednesday night and shot the latter, was arrested Thursday in a swamp near the water works pumping station. No pistol was found on him and he says he has had none for two days. Holland was taken into Carr's presence and fully identified by the latter, then removed to the jail followed by a large and angry crowd. He denies the shooting and says he never saw Carr before.

She Pitted Him Full of Shot.

ATCHISON, Kan., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Plummer, the wife of a prominent physician of Maxwell, created a sensation last night by filling Dr. J. E. Martin, a druggist, full of shot for selling whisky to her husband. She was afterward stoned and otherwise maltreated by her fellow citizens, was arrested, but her husband went her bail. Martin tried to shoot her in self defense, but was too excited to use his weapon. The extent of his injuries is not known.

Assassinated by an Employe.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 10.—A private telegram received here announces that George B. Henderson, the manager of the "seventy-one cattle outfit," had been killed by one of his employes. No further details have been received, as telegraphic communication has been temporarily interrupted.

A Lineman Killed.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 10.—Henry Strum, a Western Union lineman, was struck by a New York Central train while stringing wires in this city and instantly killed. He was 26 years of age and lived near Rome, N. Y.

She Made Twenty Knots.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 10.—The United States dynamite cruiser Vesuvius made two runs Friday over the measured mile course at full speed with forced draft and all boilers working, and made twenty knots an hour.

Weather Indications.

Generally from cloudy to partly cloudy, with rain and slight changes of temperature.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emslie and Buser Sts.

Mrs. Stephenson,

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware. Lamps etc., in great

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Fresh Creamery Butter.

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

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FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

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WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and screw it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2d—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

AT PIERSON'S HARDWARE COMPANY, 49 West Front Street.

FINEST LINE

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 PARK AVENUE.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 72 dozen pint screw-top style).....15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

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Suits and Overcoats

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LEADING CLOTHIERS,

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FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

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PARLOR SUITES,

CHAMBER SUITES,

DINING SUITES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done on short notice.

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Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

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AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

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Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING.

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Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

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All Prices.

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16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

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THE NEW

CLUB Stables

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SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting an. road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 4 PARK AVENUE.

SHOT DEAD BY A MANIAC

He Was Mary Anderson-Navarro's Insane Lover.

A BROOKLYN DOCTOR HIS VICTIM

Strange Love Letter Addressed to the Famous Actress Found Upon the Murderer's Person—His Name Is James M. Dougherty.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Shortly before 6 o'clock last evening James M. Dougherty, the insane lover of Mary Anderson-Navarro, entered the office of the Kings County Insane asylum and asked to see the superintendent, Dr. Fleming. The assistant superintendent, Dr. George F. Lloyd, recognized him as having escaped from the asylum a fortnight ago and sought to engage his attention.

A Dangerous Visitor.

The specialist's crank stood bareheaded in the doorway of the office with a big, brand new, glistening revolver in each hand. His eyes were gleaming with the light peculiar to a dangerous lunatic, and Dr. Lloyd and his companions, Drs. Mc-Gee and Ashford and Drug Clerk Schneider, instantly realized that they were in extreme peril. Their first thought was to pacify the madman by soothing words and then overpower and disarm him. He stood in the doorway for a moment glaring at the frightened men, and then said in a savage tone: "Where is Dr. Fleming?" Dr. Lloyd nervously fingered the paper before him and answered:

"Dr. Fleming had just put on his hat and coat and gone out."

A Moment of Terror.

Dougherty remarked gruffly, still staring at the young physician, "I don't believe it." Then he walked to the door of the pharmacy, which adjoins the office on the north, and backed in, covering the four men with his revolvers. "He is not in there, sure," he said. Dr. McGreal, white as plaster, stood directly in range of the weapons with his back to the lunatic. It was only then that Dougherty saw that he was behind him, but he says it seemed like half an hour. Dougherty moved toward Dr. Lloyd, who was still sitting at his desk in the middle of the room.

The doctor said, in a conciliatory tone, looking calmly into the muzzle of the two self cockers:

"Dougherty, you ought to be ashamed of yourself to want to hurt Dr. Fleming. He has always been a good friend of yours."

The Young Physician's Murder.

The lunatic said nothing. He coolly walked up to the doctor's chair, placed the muzzle of the larger revolver (which is nearly a foot long) almost against the doctor's left side and fired. The bullet pierced the young physician's heart and went clear through his body. He threw up his hands, arose convulsively from his chair, and exclaimed: "Oh, Dougherty!" While he was toppling, with his life already gone, the assassin sent another bullet through the doctor's neck.

He Wanted Another Victim.

Dougherty then left the asylum and started for the Kings County hospital, with the avowed intention of killing Dr. Arnold, one of the surgeons. There, however, *fortunately that gentleman was out.* From the latter place his steps were lost until he was arrested at the New York terminus of the bridge as he was alighting from a train and taken to the Oak street station. His arrest was due to Dr. Edwin W. Ashford, of Washington, D. C., one of the special enumerators who was taking the census of the asylum at the time of the murder. He followed Dougherty to the hospital, saw the murderer threaten others to shoot him, but he evaded the maniac.

Capture of the Maniac.

Dr. Ashford had just come over the bridge, after notifying the Brooklyn police, when he learned that the murderer would return to New York on the very next train. Dougherty came and was arrested. Dougherty still had the two revolvers, and in his pockets were a number of manuscripts and several letters. One of the letters was addressed to "Mrs. Mary Anderson Navarro," and read:

He Wished Her Happiness.

"MY MARY—I must now bid you goodby. I wish you all happiness. You deeply wronged me, but I understand the extenuating circumstances, and freely forgive you. It's ever thus; I am hurt by those I love. I have no wish to leave you. Now, Mary, be good, happy and true."

Another letter rambles incoherently about God and love as follows: "I use the term 'it' to represent our God, instead of he or she, as I do not think God is sexual. Maybe in the future phase of existence this may be granted. If there be mating in it I intend to be awful good to you. Sometimes I was afraid of you. It was a sort of hero worship.

He Signed Himself "Jimmie."

"You were my heroine and are so yet. I did love you; if I loved I hate. In concluding, Mary, I advise you to study spiritualism. It is full of frauds. This is human nature. The other life is very near to us. I can hope to meet you there. I wish you would attend to my manuscripts. There is no friend to take interest in my discoveries and they would help the world if diffused. I arose so poor and lowly that none takes note of them. These, the children of my brain, my orphans. I would wish to live on, and now farewell

"JIMMIE."

He Expected to Die.

Other letters were addressed to his mother, Mrs. Margaret Dougherty, Ocean, N. J., Mr. Lewis Spencer, New York, and Charles O. Pearson, room 59, war department, Washington, D. C. Dougherty was confined in the lunacy asylum about two months and escaped on Sept. 26. It is learned that last Thursday he bought two revolvers at 43 Bowery to kill Dr. Fleming, and he admitted at the station house that he went to Brooklyn to kill and fully expected to be killed himself.

Dougherty's Mad Infatuation.

Dougherty gained wide notoriety by his mad infatuation for Mary Anderson. He followed her to Europe, and disturbed her here and in other cities while she was acting by his attentions. He met her once when she returned from abroad, and was arrested for the explosiveness of his devotion. Dr. Lloyd, whom Dougherty killed, was 30 years old and unmarried. He was once surgeon on a steamship of the Netherlands-American line. He succeeded Dr. John L. Mosher as assistant superintendent of the Flatbush asylum about three years ago. Dougherty will be turned over to the Brooklyn authorities.

A Philadelphia Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—Fire last night destroyed the Cherille manufacturing establishment of Edwars Jones on Frankford avenue. Loss about $80,000.

IRON KINGS AT PITTSBURG.

They See an Old Well Shot and Take In the Smoky City's Sights.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 10.—At 9 o'clock the distinguished iron and steel delegates started for Carnegie hall, in Allegheny, many of the delegates and their ladies preferring to walk the mile and a half. At 10 o'clock the delegates were all in their places. The auditorium, with its seating capacity of 2,500, was comfortably filled. The decorations were confined to flags of the nationalities represented. Sir James Kitson was made chairman of the meeting. John H. Rickstein, chairman of the general reception committee, delivered an address of welcome.

The following papers were read: "The Probable Future of the Manufacture of Iron," Sir Lowthian Bell, Bart., Middlesborough; "The Protection of Iron and Steel Ships against Sounding from Injury to Their Shells," Sir Nathaniel Barnaby, K. C. B., late chief constructor of her majesty's navy, London; "The Development of the Marine Engine and the Progress in Marine Engineering the Past Fifteen Years," Mr. Seaton, of Hull. At 1:30 the delegates left the Wildwood, where the petroleum and natural gas fields were inspected. One of the wells was shot with nitro-glycerine while the visitors were present. Such delegates as did not go the oil fields were escorted to the exposition and other points of interest about the city, including Davis island dam and the Ohio river connecting bridge. From 8 to 11 last night there was a full dress reception at the Duquesne club.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Philadelphia—										
Athletic	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	x—2

Base hits: Athletic, 7; Rochester, 7. Errors: Athletic, 5; Rochester, 1. Batteries: Stecker and Daley, Grimm and McKeogh.

At Baltimore—										
Baltimore	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	x—4
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Baltimore, 10; Syracuse, 11. Errors: Baltimore, 5; Syracuse, 3. Batteries: O'Rourke and Tate, Keefe and Pitz.

At Louisville—										
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Louisville, 2; Toledo, 12. Errors: Louisville, 3; Toledo, 6. Batteries: Goodall and Welch, Hendrick and Wadsworth.

At St. Louis—										
St. Louis	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	5
Columbus	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	0	x—7

Base hits: St. Louis, 9; Columbus, 6. Errors: St. Louis, 5; Columbus, 4. Batteries: Neal and Munyan, Knauss and Doyle.

At Cincinnati (Players' league exhibition game)—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	x	—4

Base hits: Cincinnati, 5; Buffalo, 6. Errors: Cincinnati, 4; Buffalo, 2. Batteries: Mullane and Harrington, Stafford and Mack.

Mann Counsels Peace.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—President Thomas Mann, of the Dockers' union, is doing his utmost to bring the men to reason and prevent them from plunging headlong into a life and death struggle with the ship owners. He knows such a struggle at this time would mean life to the Ship Owners' federation and death to the Dockers' union, for the federation is amply prepared for a contest, while the union is in an undisciplined and half bankrupt condition. It was Mann who insisted upon an agreement being reached to handle the Allan and Wilson-Hull lines freight reasonably, and he has threatened to dismiss today any men who fail to carry out the terms of the agreement. Much depends, both in respect of the union's future and of the interests of London's shipping trade, upon the action of the men in response to Mann's urgings.

To Redeem More Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Secretary Windom has issued the following circular about the redemption of 4½ per cent. bonds: In pursuance of the authority contained in section 3 of the act of March 3, 1881, (chapter 133 of the statutes at large), public notice is hereby given that until further notice the bonds of the 4½ per cent. loan of 1891 will be redeemed with interest to Aug. 31, 1891, on presentation at the treasury department in the city of Washington.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

T. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS.

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

Various Nominations.

ROME, N. Y., Oct. 10.—The Democrats of the Twenty-third congressional district nominated Henry W. Bentley, of Boonville, for congress.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 10.—The Second district Republican convention nominated Josiah M. Hubbard for congress.

NORWICH, CONN., Oct. 10.—The Republicans of the Third district renominated Hon. Charles A. Russell for congress.

MIDDLETON, CONN., Oct. 10.—The Democrats of the Second district renominated Washington I. Wilcox, of Chester, for congress by acclamation.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 10.—A. J. B. Rowe, of Keene, was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twenty-first district.

Babe Barrows' Home Going.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Oct. 10.—The dead body of Babe Barrows reached here at 5:30 a. m., and was gazed upon by hundreds of eager sightseers as it lay in the pine box inclosing it. It was subsequently taken to Lamar county and delivered to his father at Sulligent Station. The old man wept at the sight of his boy's remains and his daughters were in hysterics, crying that he was shot down like a dog. The body was clothed in the same dirty suit Burrows had on when captured.

Cigarmakers Demand an Advance.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Spanish cigarmakers to the number of 600 employed in manufacturing the higher grade of cigars have demanded an advance in wages of 25 per 1,000, and have decided to go out should their demand not be conceded. Committees waited upon the manufacturers and informed them of their action. It is expected the eleven firms interested will concede the advance.

Crushed in a Pulp Hopper.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 10.—Henry Berning, engineer at Taylor's brick works, while oiling the cogs of an immense hopper used in making pulp, was caught by the machinery and crushed to death. The body was a shapeless mass when found by the other workmen half an hour later. Berning was 30 years old and leaves a widow and four children.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and best complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Knee Hole tea top bed parlors, with patent self-cinker grate at $19.50. Fancy parlor stoves $10.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. BENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Perfect Air Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets *and clothing.* It is a perfect protector against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

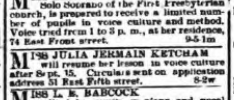
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Lessons in **Elocution**, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1069.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 24 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a music an method of singing, as taught by the Itali. of Milan, and the Lyric method of Governaigh, Eng. Will also form a class in of piano. Acts on 73 East Fifth street, Harmony 9 3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Prof. W. Byrde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and J. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department a thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 3tue*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. For particulars address Miss H. E. KNIGHT, Principal. 7-25 2m

RODMAN SEMINARY. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DUNDAS, Principal. 8-15-2m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner's Home and School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

This Date in History—Oct. 10.

1731—Birth of Thos. Jefferson, third president of the United States.

1845—Benjamin Franklin, the philosopher, died.

1846—Mortal debuts of the famous actors, Joseph Jefferson and Edwin Forrest.

1847—Death of John Potter, secretary of Delaware.

1850—Beautiful hurricane at Barbadoes; more than 4,000 inhabitants of Guadeloupe killed.

1864—Mrs. Siddons made her debut as a star.

1780—Benedict Arnold, after many treasons, was defeated and taken prisoner by the Americans at Saratoga.

1845—U. S. Naval academy opened at Annapolis, Md.

1847—Prince Bonaparte returned to France after an exile of 32 years.

1854—Battle of Antwoy; French defeated by the Germans.

1872—Death of William H. Seward, statesman.

1876—The corpse of the wife of Sir Charles Dilke was coffin cremated at Dresden; ashes about six pounds.

La Grippe in the West.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 10.—A Bismarck (Da.) special says that la grippe has struck that city badly. A number of Burlington people are down. Two deaths from the disease are reported.

Knocked Down and Killed.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 10.—Hon. Lewis Barker, one of the most prominent men in the state, was knocked down by a runaway horse Thursday, and died a short time after the accident.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to, in one the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Segar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the laundry business at the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivrance. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Work by postal card goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

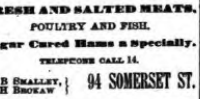
First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.



NEW FIRM

N.B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE

Thompson Park,

NO. 22 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros., Dunsbarre. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Baby Buggies. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Finest Music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a Specialty.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business warrants.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits to

Connect with the 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. and 4:57 p. m. express trains for New York. Leave the 10:37 and 11:37 a. m. and 5 p. m. express trains for Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 6 and 8 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:00 p. m. Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:30, 5:00 p. m. Close—7:30 a. m., 12:45 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 8:40 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.24, 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.08, 7.30, 8.08, 8.15, 8.31, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 a. m., 12.40, 1.41, 2.07, 2.30, 3.30, 3.51, 3.56, 4.31, 4.07, 4.54, 5.05, 5.30, 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.08, 7.30, 8.08, 8.15, 8.31, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 p. m. Sundays at 12.40, 1.41, 2.07, 2.30, 3.30, 3.51, 3.56, 4.31, 4.07, 4.54, 5.05, 5.30, 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.08, 7.30, 8.08, 8.15, 8.31, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 p. m.

Express trains for New York at 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.30, 8.08, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 a. m., 2.07, 3.30, 3.56, 4.31, 4.54, 5.30, 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.30, 8.08, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 p. m. Sundays at 5.56, 6.04, 6.19, 7.30, 8.08, 8.37, 9.08, 10.05, 11.39, 11.58 p. m.

Express for Somerville, 7.00, 8.40, 10.40 a. m., 12.45, 3.45, 5.45, 7.05, 8.40, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 8.40, 10.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.40, 9.40, 11.00, 11.48 a. m., 12.45, 3.45, 5.45, 7.05, 8.40, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 8.40, 10.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.40, 9.40, a. m., 12.45, 3.45, 5.45, 7.05, 8.40, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 8.40, 10.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 8.40, a. m., 5.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.40, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopez, for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R.Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 4.54 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, etc., 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, Manch Chunk, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 9.08, p. m. For Flemington, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

8.40, a. m. and 5.45 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown and Reading. 8.40 a. m. and 5.45 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown & Scranton; 5.45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Reading. 8.40 a. m. and 5.45 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre. 8.40 a. m. and 5.45 p. m. Sundays for Easton, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.21, 5.21 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.00 a. m., 5.21 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.37, 8.00 a. m., 12.00, 2.21, 5.21, 7.05 p.m. Sunday 8.00 a.m., 5.21 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Freehold 7.37, 8.00, 10.05, a. m. 1.00, 2.21 5.21 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 2.46, 8.00, 9.46, 11.58 a. m., 1.32, 2.32, 4.06, 5.24, 6.36, 7.30, 9.07, 10.37 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 2.46, 5.24, 6.36, 9.07, 10.37 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 2.46, 11.58 a. m., 2.45, 4.06, 7.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 2.46, 4.06, 7.30 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—COMMENCING

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way 7.30 a. m. to meet 7.58 a. m. train. Route—Broad way and Broadway to Broadway, 9th st. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave.; to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.33 a. m. train
2d	do 10.00	do	10.17 do
3d	do 11.00	do	11.17 do
4th	do 11.45	do	12.03 p.m. do
5th	do 1.30 p. m.	do	1.48 p. m. do
6th	do 3.45 do	To the Post Office.	
7th	do 5.00 do	to meet 5.18 p. m. train.	
8th	do 6.00 do	do 6.18 do	
9th	do 8.00 do	do 8.22 do	
10th	do 9.00 do	do 9.22 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 9th street, and Rockview and Mercer aves. 30 minutes before each train, and will run through the borough, connecting with the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will leave Depot to carry all over coming from Plainfield Depot as follows: 8.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.05, 2.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hire. Horses to let by the day or week. Livery and Boarding Stable. Horses a specialty, for pleasure and ladies. Horses kept at Depot in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

E. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street 2nd, 4th and 6th. Telephone Call. 51 1-26f

Kline's Extracts.

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter T. Wentz, I am prepared to supply customers promptly generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything at bed rock prices. Call and see with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO. 19 AND 19 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 BROADWAY

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1541.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

T. E. MORGAN, NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, 5 cent rail street. Address

H. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

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Loads and Trunks moved. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

CHILDREN OF ACTRESSES.

BOYS AND GIRLS WHO ARE THE PETS OF STAGE STARS.

Jeanne, the Adopted Daughter of Mrs Langtry—Lillian Russell's Little Girl in Love with Lord Fauntleroy—Georgie Drew Barrymore's Handsome Children.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Jeanne Langtry, aged 7. Like many older people who play on the stage or have theatrical antecedents, she can tell just when she made her first appearance. It is true that the elder ones conceal the incidents of debut for reasons best cal-

JEANNE LANGTRY.

culated to conciliate their self love, but Jeanne can have no such excuse. Nearly four years have elapsed since she was first taken by her nurse into the drawing room of the handsomely decorated house of Mrs. Langtry, on Twenty-third street, New York, to receive the homage of callers. Jeanne is the adopted daughter of Mrs. Langtry, but not much more than this has been told to even most intimate friends. During the actress' last stay in New York, in the summer of 1889, the child was much seen with her, always at home and frequently in her victoria and on the street.

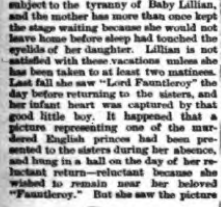
She is a beautiful girl, with fair hair and dark eyes, charming dimpled features and a pure complexion. Her manners are sweet and engaging, and she loves her "mamma" with perfect devotion. Her portrait presented was taken just before Mrs. Langtry returned to London. Jeanne has spent the past year in the Island of Jersey, riding shaggy ponies, eating delicacies in which cream forms a staple, and, in a word, reproducing the conditions which brought to perfection the Jersey Lily.

Lillian Russell's daughter is fair, like her mother, with hair and skin browned by the sun. Already, too, although she

LILLIAN HARRIET SOLOMON.

has but six years to her credit, she has manifested a predilection for the stage. Perhaps this is natural, in view of the fact that until two years ago her mother took her everywhere with her. Miss Russell, while "on the road," would not consent to a separation from her baby. Everything was done first for the comfort and safety of the child, and after that for the mother. Then came a permanent engagement in New York, and the little one was placed in the charge of the Sisters of the Sacred Heart academy.

Miss Russell visits her twice every week, and as often as the rules of the institution permit she takes the child home. On such occasions all things are subject to the tyranny of Baby Lillian, and the mother has more than once kept the stage waiting because she would not leave home before sleep had touched the eyelids of her daughter. Lillian is not satisfied with these vacations unless she has been taken to at least two matinees. Last fall she saw "Lord Fauntleroy" the day before returning to the sisters, and her infant heart was captured by that good little boy. It happened that a picture representing one of the murdered English princes had been presented to the sisters during her absence, and hung in a hall on the day of her reluctant return—reluctant because she wished to remain near her beloved "Fauntleroy." But she saw the picture



MRS. BARRYMORE AND HER CHILDREN.

as soon as she entered the hall, and her baby heart was touched by this delicate attention. She thought the sisters had heard of her passion and procured a portrait of its object to solace her during the enforced separation.

Mrs. John Drew worships her grandchildren, and rears them in the strictest fashion. They are the sons and daughter of Maurice Barrymore and Georgie Drew Barrymore—Lionel, aged 12, the image of his father; Jack, who is like the old block in disposition, and Georgie, who came between the boys. They live in perfect harmony, returning in full the love bestowed on them by their mother and grandmother, while for "Uncle Sam Swift" they cherish unbounded admiration, mingled with a little awe. No one can tell them stories like "papa," no one can teach them such original games and no one can surprise them as he can by his perfect assumption of a boy's character. Nevertheless they do not hold their father lightly; on the contrary he is their oracle, from whose decision there is no appeal.

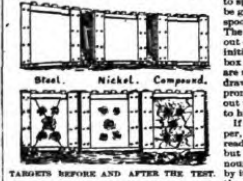
Miss Mohl, who is an exact copy of Marion Manola, her mother, in many charming ways besides that of looks, is equally at home in her Ohio birthplace and in New York city. She is quite a young lady now, and has acquired by her residence in various cities and at various schools a cosmopolite way of looking at and judging things which is better worth seeing than the latest farce comedy. Last August, when she was in New York with her mother, just before leaving for the west the child compared the behavior of some city children and a party whom she had met at Newport, to the disadvantage of the former, but she uttered her criticisms in such an impartial, not to say judicial, manner that even the objects of her scorn could not take offense, while the grown auditors were convulsed with laughter. Mina has already entered school, this year at Forest Park, near Chicago, but if you ask her she will reply that she tolerates school, but she much prefers the stage.

FRANCIS LIVINGSTON.

IMPORTANT TESTS OF ARMOR.

Nickel Steel Beats Two Competitors in a Fair Trial.

Some very important tests of armor were made recently at Annapolis. The plates tested were a compound plate having a wrought iron back and a hard steel face made by Charles Cammell & Co., of Sheffield; a forged steel plate



TARGETS BEFORE AND AFTER THE TEST.

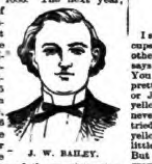
made by Schneider & Co., of Le Crensot, and a third plate, also by Schneider, made from an alloy of steel with between 3 and 4 per cent. of nickel. The three plates were each 8 feet high by 6 feet wide. The thickness varied slightly, that of the two Schneiders being 10.5 inches, and that of the Cammell 10.6.

All the targets were well backed and supports and bolted to thirty-six inches of oak backing. The first gun used was a 6-inch naval breech loading rifle, from which twelve shots were fired—four into the corners of each target. The second gun, trained on the center of the targets, was an 8-inch naval breech loader, throwing a 210 pound shell. The trial ended in the wreck of the compound plate and the triumph of the Schneider plates, with the advantage in favor of the nickel steel, which showed less injury although penetrated more deeply by the projectiles. On learning the result of the tests congress, in the last days of the recent session, immediately appropriated $1,000,000 for the purchase of nickel ore, so as to permit the alloy of nickel in the steel plates to be made for the new war ships.

A Young Man Eloquent.

J. W. Bailey—certainly the most precocious politician in the United States—is to be the youngest member of the Fifty-second congress, and probably the youngest influential orator in that body since the time of Henry Clay; for he has just been enthusiastically and unanimously nominated by the Democrats of the Fifth Texas district, and their "normal" majority is 18,000.

Mr. Bailey was born in Copiah county, Miss., in 1863, took a brief course at the University of Virginia, and was graduated from the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., in 1883. The next year,



J. W. BAILEY.

being barely of age, he was chosen as elector at large, and made a brilliant canvass for Cleveland and Hendricks. In 1885 he located in Gainesville, Tex., and in 1886 was offered the nomination for congress, but he declined a few days of the requisite time in the state and nearly two years of the required age. In 1888 the state convention by a unanimous and rising vote nominated him for elector at large, and this year he has received a nomination for congress over the veteran Judge Silas Hare, who served with distinction in the Confederate army and is now in his second term in congress.

A Tyrant with an Eyeglass.

The latest fact brought to light regarding Nero, the infamous emperor of Rome, is that he wore a monocle. It is stated that the tyrant was never without his eyeglass when watching the gladiatorial games.

John Williams, a coachman of Philadelphia, will ride instead of drive hereafter. His uncle, who died in California recently, left him a half interest in an estate valued at $7,500,000.

S. S. Kerr, a resident of Amherst, N. Y., has the Confederate flag which floated over Andersonville. He claims to have been the last prisoner to leave that historic place.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

INSTRUCTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FOR GIRL AND BOY READERS.

An Excursion to the Country That Made Nearly Two Hundred City Boys and Girls Very Happy—They Rode in Curious English Railway Carriages.

The very last day of August there was a children's excursion from Bayside to Beechcroft, England. There were nearly 200 children. Enough folk came to look after the children. Some of these children had been shut up in the hot, dusty town all summer.

The very smallest had labels pinned on their frocks, with their names printed on them and the town to which they belonged. This was so that if they were lost whoever

"GOOD-BY! GOOD-BY!"

found them might know where they belonged. Mr. Dolliver had invited all these little folk to spend the day on his farm.

Some of the boys had brought their fishing rods. There was a club of cricket players, too, made up of big boys. There were plenty of flowers in the woods and meadows —cardinal flowers and golden rod and daisies, late blooming clover and meadow sweet, wild roses and pink hardhack. Each girl had a fine large bouquet that she had picked herself when it came time to go home. They had their dinner in a big tent, and never did a day go by so swiftly as that day. The Dolliver and Chenery all went down to the train to see the "Good-by! good-by!" they all shouted from the platform as the train moved off. And "Good-by! good-by!" came from the children on board. "We've had a splendid time!"—Little Men and Women.

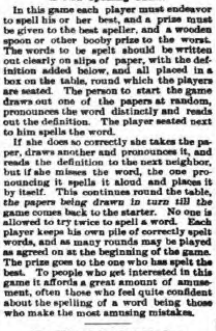
A New Spelling Game.

In this game each player must endeavor to spell his or her best, and a prize must be given to the best speller, and a wooden spoon or other booby prize to the worst. The words to be spelt should be written out clearly on slips of paper, with the definition added below, and all placed in a box on the table, round which the players are seated. The person to start the game draws out one of the papers at random, pronounces the word distinctly and reads out the definition. The player seated next to him spells the word.

If she does correctly she takes the paper, draws another and pronounces it, and reads the definition to the next neighbor, but if she misses the word, the one pronouncing it spells it aloud and places it by itself. This continues round the table, the papers being drawn in turn till the game comes back to the starter. No one is allowed to try twice to spell a word. Each player keeps his own pile of correctly spelt words, and as many rounds may be played as agreed on at the beginning of the game. The prize goes to the one who has spelt the best. To people who get interested in this game it affords a great amount of amusement, often those who feel quite confident about the spelling of a word being those who make the most amusing mistakes.

The Elf and the Bumble Bee.

"Oh, bumble bee!
Bumble bee!
Don't fly so near!
Or you will tumble me
Over, I fear!"



DON'T FLY SO NEAR.

"Oh, fussy elf!
Fussy elf!
Don't be alarmed!
I'm looking for honey, elf,
You shan't be harmed!"

"Then tarry,
Oh, tarry, bee,
Fill up your sack;
And carry, oh, carry me
Home on your back!"
—St. Nicholas.

Do You Like Butter?

I suppose ever since there were buttercups children have held them under each other's chins to see if they liked butter, says a writer for Little Men and Women. You all know how it is. You hold the pretty golden blossom just under Bessie's or Johnny's chin, and if the chin looks yellow, why, then they love butter. And I never knew a child that did not like butter, tried in this way; the chin always looks yellow. And I wonder if there ever was a little boy or girl who did not like butter? But the pretty golden buttercups do not grow everywhere. And what do children do who have no buttercups? Do they try with the dandelion or some other yellow flower to see if they love butter? Oh, no, of course not; they can only try with the buttercups.

A Short Lesson.

Many boys and girls, and for the matter of that grown folk, too, have a careless way of talking. For convenience sake the following brief lesson is in the form of "don'ts."

Don't say which is the best of the two but which is the better, etc. The superlative adjective should not be used where there are only two objects.

Don't say he is very much of a gentleman, but very gentlemanly.

Don't say a new pair of gloves, but a pair of new gloves.

Don't say he can't learn me anything, but teach me, etc.

Don't say the man was hung, but the man was hanged.

Don't say two spoonsful of cream, but two spoonfuls.

The Boy and the Apples Green.

The boy is by the farmer sent
To store the apples green.
The farmer laughs: "Ha! ha! ha!
That theft, my boy, will bring you woe!"
The boy is by the rabbit's ear
The boy is in the apple's power.

THE FRANKLIN TRUST FUND.

The Notes of the Famous Philosopher Must Be Divided.

What may turn out to be one of the most interesting cases ever placed before a judicial tribunal for solution is expected to come up in Philadelphia shortly. The heirs of Benjamin Franklin, after the lapse of a century, have decided to contest his will. The preliminary petitions have already been filed and an army of legal lights en-

A. D. BACHE. W. B. MANN.

gaged that is calculated to dazzle an ordinary judge. In this instance the city of Philadelphia appears as the contestant. Under the philosopher's will, which was probated in 1790, he bequeathed in trust to the cities of Philadelphia and Boston each the sum of £1,000, to be invested in the form of loans at 5 per cent. interest to "married young artificers," not over the age of 25, to assist them in starting in business.

"Poor Richard" calculated that in a century the sum would increase to £131,000, or $655,000. From this amount £106,000 was to be devoted to municipal improvements, with especial reference to a water supply from Wissahickon creek for Philadelphia. The remainder was to be reinvested for another hundred years, after which it was to be divided equally between the city and state. The same provisions applied to the Boston bequest.

In Philadelphia the sum held by the board of trust has increased to $100,000, or about one-sixth of what Franklin anticipated. The Boston bequest amounts to $400,000 now. A short time ago Col. William B. Mann, of the board of city trusts, which has in charge the immense Girard estates, suggested that it would be a good plan to spend Franklin's bequest for the erection of an additional girls' normal school to relieve the overcrowded condition of the present one, the new building to accommodate from 1,000 to 2,000 girls who cannot gain admittance now. This, it was claimed, would be in direct line with the intention of the donor when he mentioned "municipal improvements."

Upon the broaching of this proposition heirs sprang up from every one of the thirty-four wards of the city. It is estimated that there are over fifty of these heirs in Philadelphia. They claim that the purpose of the testator has not been carried out, owing to the apathy and negligence of the trustees. The board of city trusts in answer say that the purpose was fulfilled as long as practicable, and that the increase of the fund from $9,000 to $100,000 shows that they have not been negligent.

The suit is brought through Albert D. Bache, paymaster of the United States navy at League island. He is one of four great-grandchildren of Richard Bache, who married Franklin's daughter. He is well known in Philadelphia, and popular in naval circles. Another of the heirs is Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, who is noted in the Quaker City for her successful management of society entertainments for charitable purposes. Among the others are included Mrs. Perry, mother-in-law of Dr. William Pepper, of the University of Pennsylvania; James May Duane and Admiral Harwood, of Washington. A feature of the case is the fact that nearly all of the claimants are comparatively wealthy.

She Can Whistle Like a Bird.

Miss Eugenie Richter is a young woman who has developed a talent. She can do many things well, but the thing she does best of all is to whistle. When she puckers up her pretty mouth to imitate the notes of forest warblers her friends say she can charm a bird off a tree or give the canary points on his own warbling. And when it comes to the "Star Spangled Banner," "Annie Laurie" or "Home, Sweet Home," the piano "isn't in it" compared with her.

EUGENIE RICHTER.

Miss Richter is a resident of Woodside, N. J., and is the daughter of parents who have given her every advantage in the way of education and accomplishments. But whistling is her specialty, and it is for that she has gained renown among her society friends.

It Belonged to Webster.

A feature which attracted much attention in the display at the recent Milwaukee exposition was the carriage formerly owned by Daniel Webster. Hon. Stephen White purchased it in London eighty-two years ago for $1,200. After lapse of time it became the property of Daniel Webster, and in due course passed into the hands of his son Fletcher Web-

HOW THE CARRIAGE LOOKS TODAY.

ster. By him it was sold to William Vanderwort, of Tonawanda, N. Y., who gave it to the husband of his niece, John R. Goodrick, of Milwaukee. Martin Van Buren, Henry Clay, Silas Wright, Charlotte Cushman, Dean Richmond, Erastus Corning and many other notables of long ago have had seats in the carriage. The old vehicle is still strong and trustworthy despite its great age.

GRAND ANNUAL.

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Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 25c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Wool Hose, Silk CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

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NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

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AT

V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have its call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell our celebrated 7-hook length, Suede kid, colored, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, suede kid, black for $1.50.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But they won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—there are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE--FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
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NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

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PURE DRUGS.

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Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

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CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

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under the instruction of

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made.

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80 WEST FRONT STREET.

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will cure

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Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendants for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

in sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars is always taken so that at the present time it is thoroughly seasoned from state and stone. It is stored under cover.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the pockets, enables us to load wagons and take in orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone No. 98. Lumber always on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads for $3.00. Office at Stables. Orders promptly attended to. Contracts for cleaning cesspools taken by the year. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Leave orders at Randolph's City Pharmacy, Park avenue, or at Stables, Somerset and Jay sts., Plainfield. Telephone call 38.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services at No. 6 East Front street to-morrow. Lecture Rev. H. commencing at 2.45 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7.30, at the Jackson school-house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7.30 a. m.; morning prayers and service 10.30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4.30.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church as usual, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis will occupy the pulpit.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cubberly pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.30 p. m.

German Lutheran services at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 78 West Front street, to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. P. Jubelt, of Greenport, N. Y.

Congregational church West Seventh street. Rev. C. A. Dimmick pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday school at 2.45. Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting at 4 p. m.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. Wm. R. Richard pastor, services at 10.30 a. m. Prayer 7.30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2. 30 p. m. Rests free at the evening service.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Conducted by Rev. George Karmer, in the morning and the pastor, Rev. K. P. Ketcham, in the evening. All welcome.

First Unitarian church, Second Place, Rev. Robert Clark pastor will preach in the morning and Rev. Wilbur Leonard in the evening. Services at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school 11.45 a. m.

Ten services will be held in the German Reformed church at the following places to-morrow. One at 10.30 a. m. and the other at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Weekly service Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Dutts, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Morning theme: "Hope." Evening theme: "The Hindered Life."

Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the cordial welcome of all attendees at 9.15 a. m.; business session at 10 and at 2.30 p. m. Mass meeting. Address in the evening by Rev. Mr. Dwight of North Plainfield, and Mrs. C. S. Whitney of York.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. Praise service at 7.30 led by M. M. Dunham and regular Sunday evening meeting at 8 o'clock at which Rev. Mr. Ferral will preside. Young people's meeting, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell, pastor. Morning sermon at 10.30 a. m., Subject: "A correct Life at a correct Time." Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at 6.45 p. m. Evening service at 7.30 p. m. Subject: "Danger Signals."

The First church of Christ will meet at Vanderveer's Hall to-morrow. Rev. J. B. Cleaver will preach. Morning theme, Revelations 9 chapter. Evening theme, Titus 2 chapter 11 verse. Sunday school at 9.30. Prayer meetings every Wednesday and Friday evening at 7.30 p. m., to which all are invited.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murray, rector. Holy communion of the Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening song at 4 p. m. Saturday next being the Festival of St. Luke, the Evangelist, the service and Holy Communion at 10 a. m.

The 4 o'clock Sunday meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Honeyman. The 5 o'clock on Sunday and the Saturday evening at 7.30 will be held as usual. The evening work please take notice that the usual Tuesday prayer meeting has been changed to Thursday and the hour is 3.30 instead of 3 as heretofore. All are welcome.

Good will's anniversary.

Last night was the 16th anniversary of Good will Lodge 101 of Scotch Plains. At eight o'clock a large number of members and friends met in Castle Hall, which was artistically decorated with bunting and potted plants, showing the handiwork of the lady friends of the order. Mr. Richard Bunnell acted as master of ceremonies, and the evenings entertainment was opened by Prof. Cook, after which the eclipse quartette captivated the audience by storm by their original selections.

The German delineator, John H. Carney, in full costume of an emigrant, was then introduced and humorously opposed the changing of the name of Scotch Plains to that of Fanwood. He was repeatedly encored. Dancing was then enjoyed. The committee, Edward Hand, and August Seebert deserve credit for the success of the evening's entertainment.

PERSONAL.

Mrs Ida L. Varnum of Chatham street left this city yesterday morning for a few weeks' visit with friends in New York.

Mr. J. J. Gardner, died at his home in Sayville, L. I., yesterday. The funeral will take place from his late residence Sunday afternoon at 2.30 p. m. Interment will be made in this city Monday at 3.30.

PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD NO. 8—TRINITY REFORMED CHURCH.
Where the Union Co. Y. P. S. C. E. met last evening. From a photograph by Thorn.

Y. P. S. C. E. UNION CONFERENCE.

Most of the Societies in Union County Well Represented.

The conference of the Union County Christian Endeavor Union was held at the Trinity Reformed church last evening.

The many members and friends of the Society were present in force and well filled the spacious building. Mr. J. D. Lowden, editor of the Elizabeth Journal, was chairman and with Rev. C. G. Goodrich occupied the pulpit.

The following programme was closely adhered to with the exception of time. Some of the speeches prepared were too full of vital and interesting particulars to be put aside, and a little extra time was accordingly allowed.

PROGRAMME.

8.00—Praise and Devotional Exercises.
8.15—Preliminary Business.
8.20—Three-minute reports from Presidents of Societies.
8.45—Address—"The New Pledge."
Rev. Geo. H. Payson, Rahway.
9.00—Business and election of officers.*
9.10—Address—"Manliness of Christianity."
Rev. W. H. Sherwood, Elizabeth.
9.30—Address—"The Society in the State."
Rev. J. T. Kerr, President of the New Jersey Christian Endeavor Union.

The officers elected were:

President—Horace J. Martin of North Plainfield.

First Vice President—Mr. Ridley of Elizabeth.

Second Vice President—Mr. Foster of Cranford.

Secretary—Mr. Vanderveer of Elizabeth.

Treasurer—Miss Florence Pettrie of Plainfield.

The retiring president, Rev. John T. Kerr, was tendered a vote of thanks by the various Unions for the energy he efforts he had made, as president, to get the Union to its present standing.

Mr. Horace J. Martin, the newly-elected president, was then called upon and responded appropriately.

The general feeling among all present was most harmonious and pleasant, and all agree that the conference was the most successful yet held. The Unions cordially thanked the Trinity Reformed church Society for their kindness in giving them the use of the church.

The Society numbers 800,000 in the United States, 1,144 of whom are to the Trinity Reformed.

The choir consisted of Miss Fannie Mattison, Miss Bessie Blair and Messrs I. H. Barnes, Horace J. Martin, Mr. Arthur Titsworth, organist.

Another conference was announced to begin Oct. 29, at Camden, N. J., and to last three days. A special and interesting programme is being prepared by those having the matter in charge.

Mr. Mitchell's Little People.

Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell's Junior League held its first meeting of the Autumn Series, in Vincent chapel yesterday afternoon. Nearly every seat was occupied. No new scholars will be admitted after next Friday. The pastor will give eight "Talks to Little People." Miss Eleanor Morrison will give instructions in the Delsarte system of gymnastics. The other assistants are Mrs. Chas. B. Mitchell, Mrs. D. E. Davis, Mrs. Harry D. French, Mrs. J. L. Hurlbut, Mrs. A. A. Taft and Miss Daisy Mitchell. Mr. Mitchell's talk to his "Little People" yesterday was on "Shadows." He spoke of the shadows mostly interested. The membership of the league is not strictly confined to children of the Methodist Episcopal Sunday school. A few more boys and girls, 12 years of age and under, can be received next Friday. If parents would remember the kind of work being done for the children in the Junior League they would all desire their younger children to attend.

A Talk on an Avoided Subject.

Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., will speak on "Social Purity" on Sunday at 4.15 p. m. at Association Hall, 9 and 10 East Front street. As this is a subject of vital importance it is hoped that a large number of men will avail themselves of the privilege of listening to a subject that effects their best interests.

THE EDISON LIGHT.

CHOSEN FOR THE BOROUGH OF NORTH PLAINFIELD.

By the Borough Council Last Evening, at an Adjourned Meeting, by a Vote of 5 to 1.

The borough Council met in adjourned session at eight o'clock last evening. When Clerk Brokaw called the roll, Mayor Place and Councilmen Buckle, Emmons, Hageman, Randolph, Sebring and Smalley answered to their names.

Mr. Hageman moved that the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps be instructed to read their report in reference to lighting the borough streets by electricity. It was so ordered.

Chairman Sebring then read the following report:

To the Mayor and Council of the Boro ugh of North Plainfield.

A committee of your committee on Fire, Water and Lamps, to which was referred the matter of Electric Lighting for the streets of the borough, beg leave to report as follows:

Two formal propositions have been made to light the streets of the borough, and a third proposition of an informal character has also been received.

The first proposition in point of time is that made by the Edison General Electric Company of New York. This company offers to erect an electric lighting plant in the township of North Plainfield, to be operated by water power, and to furnish a sufficient number with and furnish a satisfactory bond to the borough of North Plainfield for one year or a term of years.

To furnish, erect and maintain in first-class manner and light all and every night.

Two hundred (200) twenty-five candle power (their first offer was of twenty candle power lamps, but they will now agree to furnish twenty-five candle power lamps) for the sum of thirty-six hundred dollars per annum, or at the rate of $18 p r lamp.

This company also offer it to bond themselves to set the said plans to the borough at a reasonable price and within a reasonable time, if the borough so desires.

The second proposition in point of time comes from the Plainfield Electric Light Company, which offers as follows:

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Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. MORGHOM, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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High life seems hard up for amusement when it resorts to negro "cake walk" lances.

A leading politician of Canada who favors annexation says that Canadians are tiring of conducting their business and public affairs on sentimental principles, and are beginning to realize that their future prosperity depends on political union with the United States.

An Old World "ex-diplomat" writes that the chief danger to American beauty is that of contamination by admixture of plebeian blood. Dear, dear! Has that ex-D. person never heard that the most absolutely dazzling beauty on earth is found among the Irish girls who go barefoot, live on potatoes and oatmeal and carry baskets of turf that would crush an ordinary man—carry them, too, day after day and month after month?

The czar of Russia is a hopeless conservative, but in sending his son and heir to travel around the world, where all countries "to gain vigor of constitution and breadth of intellect," he does a more liberal and radical thing than any of his predecessors ever did. The czarewitch will even visit and study the United States. If the knowledge he gains will cause him, when he comes to the throne, to give the Russian people a parliament, and treat Siberian prisoners like human beings, then his travels will be to some purpose.

Phenomenal Children.

It is a well accepted principle that what is true of one individual of a species may be true of any other individual of the same species. The fact that from time to time phenomenal children have been born who seem to know by intuition the things that mankind generally take years to learn, points to marvelous developments in the future of the race. The fact that phenomenal musicians and mathematicians are born who at 5 years of age have all the powers that mature professionals in mathematics and musical science, may foreshadow a time when not occasionally, but all children will finally be born with these extraordinary abilities. Little Elsa Breidt, a 5-year-old child of German parentage in Chicago, is the latest musical wonder. Elsa, when only 2 years old, had to climb upon the piano stool "and strike the keys as if she had been taught how to do it long ago." Now she improvises long and difficult music for herself, and can play any composition, however intricate, without making a mistake, after once hearing it.

A Favored State.

Few dreamed on the first discovery of gold in California that it would ever take rank as one of the first states in the Union agriculturally. But the first flush of the stream of gold from its mines had hardly subsided when it was found that California seemed specially designed by Providence for an agricultural and wheat growing state. Crops of wheat so immense were thrashed by the great steam machines, which first came into general use in California, that in some cases wealthy land owners put well nigh a whole county into one wheat field.

Then came another discovery. California was admirably adapted to grape culture. Sweet and luscious grapes, such as would ripen nowhere else in the country, came to be a specialty of California, and her wines are of such flavor that, unknown to themselves, most gentlemen who at hotels and restaurants fancy they are drinking rare imported champagnes and other foreign wines—white and red, are merely paying tribute to the excellence of our native California product. What next? Well, next it was found that no part of the country was so well adapted to the raising of fast horses as this wonderful state. California trotters and thoroughbreds have won a reputation in racing annals the world over.

Only one thing more seemed left, and that was the culture of fruit. And for the season of 1890-91 California will have shipped 10,000 carloads of fruit. These consist of peaches, grapes, plums, apricots, figs and pears chiefly. California horse prosperity is rivaled by the raisin market of the world. Her grape growers have found a way of curing raisins by simply drying them by a natural process, adding nothing to them. Raisins prepared by the California process are so superior that they have practically driven the Malaga raisin out of the market, only 30,000 boxes a year of the latter now being annually imported into the United States where the supply used to be 25,000,000. California's own product of raisins this year will be 45,000,000 pounds.

California ships this year 2,500 carloads of fruit more than last season. The fruit district is in the southern part of the state, and the culture of pears, peaches, plums, etc., for the eastern market is so profitable that farmers are preparing to go into it more extensively than ever.

BALFOUR WAS BAFFLED

The Flight of O'Brien and Dillon to America.

THEY FORFEITED THEIR BAIL.

The Government Prosecutors Cleverly Outwitted by the Irish Patriots—Their Escape Is the Sensation of the Hour in London—How It Was Carried Out.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The flight of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien is the great sensation of the hour. The Star indulges in some severe sarcasm, aimed at Chief Secretary Balfour, whom its twits with not being able even to shadow prisoners effectually. The $10,000 bail which the absentees have forfeited will be paid by the league. The Conservatives declare that this money comes from America, and is being applied to another purpose than the one his contributors designed. It is now believed that the illness of Mr. O'Mahoney, one of the accused, was feigned in order to secure an adjournment of the case and give time for the ripening of the plot for the escape of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien.

Balfour Much Chagrined.

Secretary Balfour is deeply aggrieved over the affair, and has ordered an investigation in order to fix the blame for the escape upon some of his subordinates. It is taken for granted that there is a traitor in the camp, for it seems impossible for the fugitives to have gotten away without collusion on the part of some detective.

The opinion is also general that too much stress has been laid upon the escape. So closely were the spies instructed to follow the accused that the constables detailed to keep an eye upon Mr. O'Brien were known to have watched the window of the bedroom occupied by himself and wife, refusing to go away when requested by Mr. O'Brien. To have escaped such vigilance may indeed be regarded as miraculous, except on the theory that from one motive or another the escape was connived at.

A Severe Blow to the Government.

The flight of the two principal objects of the government's prosecution is regarded by the leading Nationalists as a severe blow to Mr. Balfour's plans, which undoubtedly aimed at keeping them away from America at all hazards until after Parliament convened. Mr. Harrington is quoted as saying that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien will be worth a great deal more in America to the Irish cause now as fugitives from British injustice than they would have been as simple commissioners in behalf of the Irish people.

The Star says that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien went to Queenstown via Waterford Wednesday, and sailed from there for New York.

Utterly Vanished.

The transatlantic steamship companies know nothing of the route taken by Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon. They were not booked from London either by the Cunard or White Star Lines. The company which sailed from Southampton yesterday, or by the Normannia, of the Hamburg-American line, which left Southampton today. Nothing is known at either Queenstown or Moville of their whereabouts.

A correspondent of The Freeman's Journal, the organ of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien's paper, sailed from Queenstown yesterday on the City of Berlin, and it is thought not unlikely that Dillon and O'Brien may also be aboard that vessel. In the absence of information the government is perplexed as to what action to take in the matter.

Searching for the Fugitives.

The government has caused all outgoing steamers at the various ports of the kingdom to be searched by detectives, but no trace of Dillon and O'Brien has been found, and the authorities are convinced that the fugitives are already on the ocean. It is thought possible that they are aboard a yacht waiting to join a steamer outside of Queenstown.

The Post says that just as the battle was set in array the generals of the Home Rule side fled ignominiously from the field.

The Daily News' Tipperary dispatch says that though shadowed as men were never shadowed before, Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon have escaped, joined a liner by the aid of a friendly craft, and are now well on their way to New York.

The Chronicle says the inference is that for some reason the government did not wish to detain Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon, otherwise they could not have escaped.

They Did Not Appear.

DUBLIN, Oct. 11.—When the case of the crown against William O'Brien and John Dillon, who are charged with conspiracy in inciting tenants to resist their rents, was again called in the magistrate's court at Tipperary yesterday Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon did not put in an appearance.

Both the defendants are members of the committee which was appointed at the conference of Irish Nationalists to visit America for the purpose of soliciting aid for the Nationalist cause, and a rumor that they had forfeited their bail of £7,000 each in the conspiracy case and sailed from Queenstown for the United States created great excitement.

An adjournment was then taken to enable the crown to consider what steps should be taken. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien.

To Welcome O'Brien and Dillon.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The intelligence that Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon, M. P.'s, had outwitted Balfour and succeeded in escaping to a friendly port, whence they sailed for America, was received with joy by Irishmen in this city yesterday. Last night the leaders here received the knowledge that Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon went from Dublin across the channel to Hollyhead, thence to London and to Hamburg, where they took a Hamburg-American vessel. Sunday night a meeting will be held to make arrangements for the reception of the Irish delegates.

The Municipal Council Meets.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11.—The municipal council of the Irish National league held a special meeting last night in Independence hall to take action upon the unexpected sailing for this country of Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon. One of the members said they had received no intimation whatever from either of the Irish patriots of the course they contemplated, and the published reports were so indefinite that they had decided to wait till something was received confirming the statements before making any kind of preparations to receive them.

The Engineers Win.

CHICAGO, Ills., Oct. 11.—The demands of the locomotive engineers of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad for an increase of pay and abolition of the "classification system" were granted by President Hoghkirk.

OVER 500 WERE LOST.

Further Particulars of the Sinking of the Turkish Warship Ertougrul.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—The steamship Belgic brings further details of the loss of the Turkish frigate Ertougrul. Japanese papers place the cause of the disaster to the explosion of the boilers during a gale. According to the reports of survivors who were brought to Kobe, the frigate left Yokohama Sept. 15 for Kobe. On the 15th a gale sprang up off Kishinseki, 220 miles from Yokohama, and a heavy sea rushed in. Suddenly a terrific noise was heard, and all was confusion. The men and officers were mostly below in the berths. Those first reached killed themselves rushing up to find what remained of the vessel was sinking. Capt. Ali Bey was seen on the bridge for a moment with a lamp in his hand, and was heard to cry, "Save yourself!" Then he disappeared and was seen no more. Navigation Officer Nouri Bey also perished. The chief engineer was almost the first to die. He went from the cabin to the engine room just before the explosion and was literally blown to atoms. The sea was soon full of debris in which the men fought and struggled for life.

Osman Pasha, the admiral, was swimming toward shore when he was struck on the head by a spar and sank. Out of a total of 600 souls, only six officers and fifty-seven of the crew reached land. Many of these are dangerously injured and they are not expected to recover. The vessel was an old one, and was formerly used as a training ship. The engines were of English make and built in the date of 1865. Subscriptions were opened for the relief of the survivors, and the Japanese and German gunboats lent all the assistance possible. Up to Sept. 21, 120 corpses had been recovered and most of the survivors had been removed to Kobe for medical treatment.

The vessel Musha Maru, which foundered during a gale Sept. 13, together with Capt. Prahm and fifty men, was the latest addition to the fleet of Nipbon Yusen Kaisha company, and was the strongest on the coast. The vessel was built at Renfrew and cost about £30,000. It was reported that the sailing ship Younabi Maru, belonging to the same company, had been lost in Ku channel, and that only five lives were saved out of thirty on board.

MAYOR GRANT RENOMINATED.

The New York City Ticket Chosen by the Tammany Hall Convention.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Tammany Hall county convention met last night and nominated a full city ticket as follows: For Mayor, Hugh J. Grant; for comptroller, Theodore W. Myers, the present incumbent; and nominee of the fusionists (a County Democrat); for president of the board of aldermen, J. V. H. Arnold; for sheriff Police Justice John J. Gorman; for district attorney, Delancey Nicoll, of Sharp tribune fame; for coroners, Edward Feenan and Gregerich; for coroner, M. J. B. Messemer for superior court judges, John J. Freedman and Joseph Newburger, the retiring ticket and David McAdam; for judges of the city court, James M. Fitzsimmons and Joseph A. Newberger, a County Democrat.

Tithes to Support the Cures.

MONTREAL, Oct. 11.—Mgr. Lafleche, bishop of Three Rivers, has issued an order by which farmers will have to pay $7.50 per 1,000 bales of hay to their cure. They are to be refused the sacrament if they neglect to pay. The cures are not to receive any grain from which they derive their tithes, but is raised to enable the cures to live. This is a new departure, and has caused a great sensation among the farmers in the province. It means a large revenue for the church. The same order will be issued by all the bishops. Formerly the habitants were exempt from tithes on hay and pasture only on grain. The effect was to induce farmers to give their attention to hay growing, and so evade the tax.

Nellie Clarke's Jury Disagree.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 11.—The jury in the case of Nellie L. Clarke, charged with forging and uttering a forged note at the Mechanics' Savings bank, in this city, disagreed last evening, standing ten for acquittal and two for conviction. Miss Clarke was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000, which was furnished by C. L. Dorsey and William H. Draper, and the indictment against her was continued. The trial has occupied the whole week, and greatly engrossed public attention. Miss Clarke was arrested in New York four months ago, just as she discovered that her faithless lover, to whom she had sent large sums of money, had married another woman.

Testing the Weekly Payment Law.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 11.—In the general term here a case was argued that was made up for the purpose of obtaining a judicial interpretation of the new weekly payment law. It is entitled, "The people of the state of New York against the city of Buffalo," and the nominal complainants are men employed in the various city departments, who recite that their salaries continue to be paid monthly, despite the new law. The point in dispute is whether the law applies to city officers or merely to laboring men employed on city work.

Gladstone on the Tariff Bill.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—Mr. Gladstone has sent to a Nottingham correspondent from Hawarden a postal card giving his opinion of the new United States tariff bill. He says: "The tariff act is, as you well suppose, in my eyes a deplorable error, attended with severe and cruel consequences to innocent persons. I shall certainly desire to find an opportunity to offer remarks on it in Midlothian."

He Poisoned the Whole Family.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 11.—A special to The Advertiser from Newton says: A white woman named Clayton Lloyd poisoned his family, consisting of a wife and four children, this morning. One of the children is dead. Lloyd has left the place and has not yet been found. It is said he has another wife in Georgia.

Professor Cherbulier's Sudden Death.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Professor David Cherbulier, instructor in mathematics and German at the College of the City of New York, was found dead in his bed at his home, No. 206 Willis avenue. He had been very feeble for some time, and his sudden death was no great surprise.

Australian Strikers Want $100,000.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The Australian strikers have telegraphed to the English unions that they need $100,000, and if the amount is forwarded they will guarantee to repay it, as it will assure their success. The London committee is considering the feasibility of raising the money.

Sister Rose Gertrude Will Return.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—It is stated that Sister Rose Gertrude, who went to Hawaii to minister to the lepers but met with obstacles in her efforts to join them, will resume her former occupation in Paris.

HE FELL ON THE STREET.

Associate Justice Miller Stricken with Paralysis.

HIS CONDITION IS VERY CRITICAL.

The Eminent Jurist's Entire Left Side Was Paralyzed and Little Hope Is Entertained of His Recovery—He Comes of a Family Afflicted by the Malady.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The Hon. Samuel F. Miller, senior associate justice of the United States supreme court, was stricken with paralysis yesterday afternoon while walking on the street, and his condition is very critical. Justice Miller was returning from the Capitol, and had just alighted from a street car at Thomas Circle when he first experienced a numbness in his left side. He was within 100 yards of his residence, and realizing his trouble endeavored to reach it by quick-

JUSTICE MILLER.

ening his pace. His left leg refused to perform its function and became more and more useless. This numbness finally extended to the entire left side. The justice, a man of determination, with a mighty effort attempted to drag himself along. He perhaps would have succeeded, but at this point he had to cross a street car track paved with cobblestone. Upon these he stumbled, reeled and almost fell. He recovered, however, and seemingly aware of approaching unconsciousness again put forth another effort to reach his doorway, now only twenty yards distant.

Fell in Front of His Own Home.

Unconsciousness overcame him, however, at this moment, and upon the rough cobblestones of the carriageway leading to his residence the justice fell with his whole left side paralyzed. He fell upon his face, which was badly cut by the rough stones. All this time his body servant had stood in the doorway, not noticing that Justice Miller was approaching, and not until the justice fell was he aware of his presence. He immediately hurried to his assistance, and with the help of others lifted Justice Miller up the terraced steps leading to his residence. When picked up he was totally unconscious. After being conveyed to his room he partially regained consciousness, and later on, after the physicians who had been summoned had administered medicines, he wholly recovered consciousness. His left side, however, still remained numb, and his left limbs were useless. His articulation, while it could be understood, was very thick and heavy. He is resting easily, but a return of the paralytic stroke at any moment may carry him off. He seems to realize, as do his family, his precarious condition. His physicians, Drs. Lincoln and Cook, hold out but little hope of recovery. His son, Mr. S. F. Miller, Jr., said to the United Press representative that because of the advanced age of his father the family entertained but little hope of his recovery. Paralysis, he said, ran in the family, and an aunt on his father's side had died of it. His father had always feared it, and at times had premonitions of his approaching fate. The fact that this was the first stroke lent some little hope that his father's life might be spared for several years to come.

A Sketch of His Career.

Samuel F. Miller was born in Richmond, Ky., April 5, 1816, and is consequently now in the 74th year of his age. He was graduated with honor at the University of Transylvania, and at first elected to adopt the profession of medicine. After practicing as a physician a few years, however, he decided to study law, in which profession he soon rose to eminence. His sympathy with the northern cause and the slavery question determined him to leave Kentucky, and in 1850 he went to Iowa.

In 1862 President Lincoln appointed him an associate justice of the supreme court, and for many years he has been the senior justice, Justice Field, appointed in 1863 by Lincoln, standing the next in order of seniority.

A Judicial Giant.

Justice Miller by common consent has been regarded as the strongest man on the supreme bench ever since he took his seat thereon. On two occasions he was selected for chief justice by the appointing power. President Grant decided to nominate him for that office, but it was argued that it would be an affront to Justice Noah H. Swayne, who had served longer than Justice Miller, and as a compromise Morrison R. Waite was chosen.

During Mr. Cleveland's administration the question of promoting Justice Miller was seriously considered by the executive when Chief Justice Waite died, but he was dissuaded by his party associates and Melville W. Fuller was appointed chief justice instead.

Some of His Famous Opinions.

Justice Miller has always been a strong authority on constitutional law, in which branch he has incurred reputation second only to that of Chief Justice Marshall. Among the best known opinions delivered by Justice Miller were in the slaughter house cases of Louisiana in which he defined very clearly the line of demarcation between the rights of the government and those of the states, and in the celebrated Hallet Kilbourn case in which he held that congress, as a legislative body, had no right to take judicial proceedings against any citizen, but that such action must be left to the courts as having exclusive jurisdiction in such cases. He has been the legal adviser of the presidents of the United States on many intricate questions, and it is probably true that no American jurist ever stood so high in the estimation of the leading men of both political parties.

His Work Is Over.

It is hardly possible that he will ever resume his seat on the bench, even if his life is prolonged. He passed the time limit of 70 years in 1886, but never gave any indication of a desire to take advantage of it, nor, indeed, was there any reason why he should.

Until the present time he has been as vigorous physically and mentally as most men at 50, and he has constantly done his full share of work on the bench. Personally, Justice Miller has always been one of the most popular men in Washington. He is treated very much as a brother, as an equal, and with a delightful courtesy. In social life he was always brimming over with fun and good nature, and yet never deficient in dignity. He has been married twice, and a son and daughter by his second wife are both married and have families. A daughter by his first wife married the late District Attorney Corkhill, of Washington.

To Lend Aid to Ireland.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 11.—A mass meeting was held in this city last evening to raise funds in aid of the famine stricken people in Ireland. The call for the meeting was issued by Mayor Dwight at the request of a committee from several charitable institutions. The mayor presided and speeches were made by Senator Joseph B. Hawley, the Hon. S. S. Cleveland, Editor K. A. Burrow, of The Times; Cornelius O'Neill, Gen. Thomas Hawley, John W. Coogan, Hon. Sylvester Barbour and Dr. Morrissey. A telegram from Arthur Dudley Vinton, private secretary of the American committee for the relief of famine in Ireland, was read by Mayor Dwight expressing sympathy with the purpose of the meeting. The fund raised was $535.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37½, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c.
Ladies' heavy shaved vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' fine all-wool vests and pants, 98c.
Men's heavy shirts and drawers, 50c.
Men's camel-hair shirts and drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool shirts and drawers, 98c.
Boys' scarlet-wool shirts and drawers, 75c.
Children's merino vests and drawers, 16 in., 12½c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's heavy vests and drawers, 16 in., 18c; 18 in., 15c; 20 in., 20c.
Children's heavy fleece-lined vests and drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Ladies' gauze vests, 65 and 85c.
Ladies' gauze vests, ribbed with white cotton, 81, 41.25 and 41.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at 1.88, 42.75 and 44.50.
Bear Capes, 43.50.

Louis Callman,

31 WEST FRONT STREET.

POWLISON'S,

No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mechanic's Roller Spring Combination Desk, self-locking. PRICE $50.

8-21 ly

THE LATEST STYLES

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

EAST FRONT STREET.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,

38 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

MOY'S

"THE DAIRY"

Heads usarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3rd—Prices will be the LOWEST EVER offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING!

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 63 East Front Street.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 279 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES,

CHAMBER SUITES,

DINING SUITES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 23 Third street, corner Dew. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of 81 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting ex...road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene [illegible] Laing

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

A Hearty Welcome from the People of Kansas.

ANNUBTHAT FLASHED IN THE PAN

St. Louis Sons of Veterans Forbidden to Parade in the President's Honor, but the Order of the Commander Will Be Disregarded by the Members.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 11.—The railroad station here was packed with people when the president's train came in. The local committee escorted the presidential party to carriages and drove to the state house, where the president reviewed the parade of militia. From the state house the president was driven to the Copeland house, where luncheon was served, after which the president gave a reception to the members of his old brigade, city officials and others. After the reception the president went to the fair grounds, where he made an address to the soldiers. From the fair grounds he was driven back to the railroad station, and shortly after 3 o'clock the president's train left Topeka for Kansas City.

Cheers for the President and Party.

When the president arrived here he was warmly welcomed by Senator Ingalls, Governor Humphrey and other distinguished citizens of Kansas.

The president's passage through the streets of Topeka was enthusiastically received. He was cheered continuously along the line. Second only to the ovation given to the president was the reception accorded Senator Ingalls. He was cheered by the veterans from the beginning to the end of the march to the state house. Arriving at the state house the carriages of the president's party were drawn up in line along Tenth street to review the parade. The president stood up, hat in hand, and bowed to the passing procession.

"How Are You, Ben?"

When the Illinois contingent came abreast of the president's carriage the first demonstration occurred. Rev. Allen Buckner, "The Fighting Parson," rode up and down the line crying, "Illinois, the home of Lincoln, the home of Grant—three cheers for the president of the United States." They were given with enthusiasm. The members of the First brigade, the president's old brigade, came in a separate division and cheered as they went by. The Iowa delegation halted and cheered.

When the Indiana division arrived at the place of review Major George Noble stepped in front of the president's carriage and a dozen times led the veterans in a ringing recognition of the chief executive. "Hello, Ben; how are you, Ben?" cried a grizzled veteran, and the president smiled as he returned the salutation. The New York delegation cheered Secretary Tracy and his colonel with enthusiasm. There were fully 30,000 veterans in line, and following them were 6,000 school children bearing flags and banners.

Grumbling in Kansas.

In the course of a long speech to an impassing army of veterans and citizens, the president said:

I hear there is some grumbling in Kansas and sometimes think it is because your advantages are too great. (Laughter.) A single year of disappointment in agricultural returns should not make you despair of the future or tempt you to unwise experiments. Life is made up of average and I think your's will show a good average. (Cries of "Good" and cheers.) Let us look forward with hope, with courage, with patience, good neighborly hearts and a patriotic love for the Union and love greater than an assured and happy future. (Prolonged cheering.)

A Little Girl Fainted.

The president's train after leaving Topeka ran at a very rapid rate. The track had been cleared and the wheels spun over the rails at a rate that made the car fly about on its springs. At Lawrence there was another large crowd, to which the president spoke. In the crush of those who were endeavoring to reach the car and shake hands with the president a little girl fainted. The crowd stopped shaking hands and motioned to the crowd to separate and give the little girl air. "Help her out to the edge of the crowd," said the president, and then turning to the empty crowd that stood with outstretched hands he shook his head and said, "I am afraid to begin shaking hands again."

At Atchison there was another huge crowd. The president and Senator Ingalls were enthusiastically cheered and the president spoke briefly. At numerous towns between Atchison and Kansas City great crowds had gathered. They cheered the president and he made brief speeches.

At Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 11.—The president reached Kansas City at a quarter to 6 o'clock. The president and Secretary Tracy, with the other members of their party, were treated to a ride about the city and then taken to the Coates House, where a banquet was given. President Harrison made a speech, and then retired to visit the residence of his brother, John S. Harrison, who is a resident of Kansas City and a Democratic politician.*

A public reception was given in the Chamber of Commerce at 8 o'clock, the president making a speech, and at 10 o'clock he took his departure for St. Louis.

They Will Parade Just the Same.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 11.—Considerable excitement was caused in local G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans circles yesterday by the receipt of the following order from the commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, St. Joseph, Mo.:

"Lieut. Col. E. W. RAYMOND, St. Louis: "Our order is non-political. I will suspend all officers who participate in any political parade. Drop the Harrison reception. H. J. KLINE."

Such an order coming on the heels of the arrival of the chief executive created great indignation, and was looked upon as a studied insult. President Harrison. The G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans had made the most elaborate preparations for today's parade in the president's honor, and were not inclined to obey the order. The lieutenant colonel of the department, E. W. Goldschmidt, when seen said:

"We shall certainly disregard the order and turn out as the president's escort. It is true that our organization is prohibited by its constitution from participating in any political demonstration, but this is not an affair of that kind. It is merely a reception to the president, and politics cut no figure in the matter. The president embodies the executive authority of the constitution and for which we have the right to greet him. This man Kline is a St. Louis reporter who was selected recently and takes this method of revenging himself

SOUVENIRS FOR THE DELEGATES.

Closing Days of the Iron and Steel Institute at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 11.—The delegates to the Iron and Steel Institute held their final session yesterday at Carnegie hall, Allegheney, Dr. A. Thielen, presiding. The titles of papers read are: "The Progress of Siemens Process," by Metallurgy of Iron and Steel Since 1876, with Special Reference to the Basic Process," by Dr. Hermann Wedding, Berlin; "International Standards for Rail and Tyre and Steel," by Professor John W. Langley, Pittsburg; "The Relation of the Geology of the United States to its Mineral Resources," by Dr. F. J. Moore, New York; "Dangerous Contamination as an Element in the Iron and Steel Manufacture," by W. P. Shinn (president of the American Society of Civil Engineers), Pittsburg.

The only excursion of the day was by steamer up the Monongahela river. The excursionists left at 2 p. m. The works visited were Edgar Thomson steel works and furnaces, Braddock; Carnegie's Homestead works and Jones & Laughlin's Americain iron works. On the return trip a natural gas display was given at Hays station by the Philadelphia company. When the delegates leave Pittsburg Sunday night they will carry with them a very handsome and costly souvenir of their visit. The album donated to the members of the institute by the local committee is handsomely bound in morocco. On the cover is richly engraved in artistic style the name of the visitor to whom each album is presented. The book is handsomely illustrated, and besides giving the programme of the Iron and Steel institute in full, is replete with valuable information, enabling the visitor to form some idea of the magnitude of the industries centered in western Pennsylvania.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

The American Association.

At Baltimore—										
Baltimore	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3—3
Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Base hits: Baltimore, 6; Rochester, 3. Errors: Baltimore, 1; Rochester, 1. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson.										
At St. Louis—										
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—3
Columbus	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	2—8
Base hits: St. Louis, 8; Columbus, 10. Errors: St. Louis, 5; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Hart and Menyan, Chamberlain and O'Connor.										
At Louisville—										
Louisville	0	2	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0—7
Toledo	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
Base hits: Louisville, 10; Toledo, 8. Errors: Louisville, 5; Toledo, 1. Batteries: Ehret and Weshlecker, Sprague and Sage.										
At Cincinnati (Players' league exhibition game)—										
Cincinnati	3	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0—10
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Base hits: Cincinnati, 11; Buffalo, 11. Errors: Cincinnati, 1; Buffalo, 1. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Twitchell and Mack.										

The Dupont Coroner's Inquest.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 11.—The coroner's jury in the Dupont Powder mills disaster went to the works yesterday afternoon and viewed the remains of the bodies of the six men—John Harrigan, Michael Burbidge, Charles Hamm, Martin Dolan, James Dolan and John Newell. The remnants of their bodies will about fill a bushel basket. There is an arm, a hand and part of a face. The other pieces are small blackened pieces of flesh. The remains were in an ice box in a store house. Members of the families of the six men have identified as many as six separate pieces. The remains were buried today at St. Joseph's church. After viewing the remains the jury adjourned to meet on Monday evening to hear evidence. The funerals of Patrick and Mrs. Rose Dougherty took place yesterday. Interment was made in St. Joseph's cemetery. Four members of the Dupont firm attended.

Two Squatters Murdered.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 11.—Alexander Bartleson and his son squatted on a claim near Republic which was claimed by a man near Nellis. There were frequent attercations between the two, and the latter had often threatened Bartleson's life. Friday a party of prospectors, coming by the way, found both father and son murdered. Nellis has disappeared.

New Grades for Winter Wheat.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—At a meeting of the grain trade in the Produce Exchange two new grades for hard winter wheat were adopted as follows: Grade No. 2 hard winter wheat to consist of the hard varieties, to be sound, dry and reasonably clean and not to weigh less than sixty pounds to the bushel. Grade No. 3 hard winter wheat to be sound and reasonably clean, not to weigh less than fifty-seven pounds to the bushel.

Young Bigelow Acquitted.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 11.—The trial of Walter W. Bigelow, son of the late New England Railway Mail Superintendent Bigelow, charged with appropriating mail matter to his own use while mail agent on the route between Boston and Portland, ended last night in his acquittal.

A Brakeman Gets $10,000.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., Oct. 11.—Leonard Matthews, a Chicago and Alton railroad brakeman, has been given judgment against that road for $10,000 in the circuit court. He was knocked off a train by an overhead bridge at Joliet, and suffered severe injuries to his spine.

A Novelty in Suicides.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Edward Caston, a clerkgrapher, aged 25 years, committed suicide here last evening in the rear of the White House. He squeezed his head in between the iron railings of the fence that surrounds the grounds and choked himself to death.

She Was 101 Years Old.

BOSTON, Oct. 11.—Mrs. Lydia Fearin, probably the oldest woman in Boston, died Oct. 10, aged 101 years. She was born in Westford, Mass., but for eighty-two years has lived in Charlestown. She was mother of ten children, four of whom are living.

Indorsed by the County Democracy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The County Democracy convention last evening indorsed the ticket for municipal offices presented by the People's Municipal league. The ticket was also indorsed by the Republican county convention.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, test make, with patent anti-clinker grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Gem, at prop'rietary's low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. BENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Perfect Air Tite Stove, the latest parlor stove made.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR. IT IS LIFE GIVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite R. R. Depot.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle. Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

Victory for the Edison Company.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 11.—The appeal in the case of the Consolidated Light company (Westinghouse) vs. The McKeesport Light company (Edison) to the United States supreme court has been perfected. The case was decided against the plaintiffs Oct. 4, 1888, and permanent Judge Acheson made the formal decree dismissing the bill. Complainants' attorneys asked the court to allow an appeal, which was done, and obtained an injunction restraining defendants to appear at the supreme court, Washington, D. C., the third Monday in October, 1890. The appeal will be filed in the office of the clerk of the supreme court of the United States on the 20th inst., but the case will not be heard for about three years.

Another Record Broken.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 11.—At the Terre Haute race meeting another world's record was broken, this time by Nellie Hamlin with Justina as mate, making the mile in the fast time of 2:15. After scoring several times Driver W. J. Andrews nodded for the word. The first quarter was made in 34½, the half in 1:08½, and as they entered on the third quarter they quickened, and the mile was passed the post in 33½ seconds. Without a stop or wabble the mile was finished in 2:15, and another world's record stands to the credit of the Terre Haute track.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to, in-sure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ahs for them. They are good.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery when called for. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Newly by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions "to a painless extinction," sometimes or cutting; keeps the feet comfortable; 15c. at Druggists, or send 20c. in stamps for sample by mail. Insist on having Scatter-Corns. At druggists, or send 20c., stamps for sample by mail. W. H. HINCKLEY & CO., Newark, N. J.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROWN. | 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine State Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacob Doll, Dunnbering.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Bailey Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Choice Music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New coaches will be introduced as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Park avenue to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits as ordered.

Connects with the 6.30, 7.30 and 8.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 p. m. and 6 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street, New York. The first quarter was made in 34½, the half in 1:08½, and as they entered on the third quarter they quickened, and the mile was passed the post in 33½ seconds. Without a stop or wabble the mile was finished in 2:15, and another world's record stands to the credit of the Terre Haute track.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

9-5-19

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 9.40, a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 5.54, 6.8, 6.30, 6.54, 7.30, 7.54, 8.30, 8.54, 9.30, 9.54, 10.30, 10.54, 11.30, 11.54 a. m., 12.30, 12.54, 1.30, 1.54, 2.30, 2.54, 3.30, 3.54, 4.30, 4.54, 5.30, 5.54, 6.30, 6.54, 7.30, 7.54, 8.30, 8.54, 9.30, 9.54, 10.30, 10.54, 11.30, 11.54 p. m. Sunday, 5.30, 5.54, 6.30, 6.54, 7.30, 7.54, 8.30, 8.54, 9.30, 9.54, 10.30, 10.54, 11.30, 11.54 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark stations or Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.45, 11.00, 11.38 a. m., 1.38, 2.38, 3.45, 4.54, 5.30, 7.30, 7.00, 8.38, 9.45, 11.32 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.38, 2.38, 3.45, 4.54, 5.30, 7.30, 7.00, 8.38, 9.45, 11.32 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.38, 2.38, 3.45, 4.54, 5.30, 7.30, 7.00, 8.38, 9.45, 11.32 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.38, 2.38, 3.45, 4.54, 5.30, 7.30, 7.00, 8.38, 9.45, 11.32 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.45, a. m., 1.38, 4.54 p. m. 1.00, 8.38 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 1.38, 4.54 p. m., 8.38 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.45, a. m., 4.54 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Shamokin.

7.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Stanton, Bound Brook, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 12.45 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 4.54 p. m. for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bound Brook, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg etc., 8.38 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Bethlehem, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

SUNDAYS 9.30, for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays at 5.45 a.m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 9.45 a. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.01 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, 8.38 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 1.38, 4.33 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.45, a. m. 4.33 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.37, 8.45, 11.00, a. m. 1.38, 4.33, 5.54, 7.05 p.m. Sunday 8.37, 8.45, 9.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Freehold 7.37, 8.00, 10.05, a. m. 1.00, 3.52 5.54, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.37, 7.45 8.00, 9.46, 11.38 a. m., 1.38 3.52, 4.33, 4.54, 5.54, 7.05 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 9.46, 5.54 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.37, 9.46, 11.38 a. m. 3.52, 5.54 p. m. Sundays at 7.37, 9.46, 5.54 p. m.

For Washington at 4.47, 7.45 p. m.

GEO. L. BALDWIN, Gen. Pa'r Ag't.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE TO TAKE EFFECT ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7.00 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broad way, Broad way 1 mile, Front st. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.53 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.53 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.37 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.37 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.26 p.m. do
7th do	1.00	do	1.15 & 1.37 p. m.
8th do	1.45 do	To the Post Office,	
9th do	2.45 do	do meet 3.37 p. m. train.	
10th do	4.05 do	do	4.37 do
11th do	4.45 do	do	5.37 do
12th do	5.45 do	do	6.37 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave.; Sea, North Plainfield, connecting with the above trains, and make same connections.

Will run every half hour over above route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m. 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hire at all hours. Orders left at Gates House a specialty, for pleasure and business parties after 7 p. m. in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates,

H. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, 4th and 5th. Telephone Call 3. 7-207

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter Weaver would inform their customers and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge as fancy prices, but put down everything to the lowest figure consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

30 TO 32 AND 30 TO 42 PARK AVENUE.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE 49 B'DWAY

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Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1546.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 211

P. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. P. O. Box 1226. Jobbing attended to. Estimates cheerfully on all kinds of work.

G. R. Musgrave
Carpenter & Builder
Jobbing promptly tended to at
66 West Front st.
Opposite M. F. church.
RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 56 Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone call 41. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with personal attention. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, room 1 22 and 23. Inspector and Trustee Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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Only agent in New Jersey.
(At Randolph's Drug Store.)
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

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Life Insurance
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

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In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improved points on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Rose street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
21 1-2 West Front street, STC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, 5 cents per foot street. Address
R. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the new level.

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REAL ESTATE
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INSURANCE.
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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co.
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET. Next to Laing's Hotel.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Frank J. Carey.)
NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET
and 33 Park avenue
P. O. Box 288,
FURNITURE AND FIRE
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Can move to any part of the city or country. Prices moderate, & quick.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Neat Touches in Finishing Off and Mounting Ornamental Needlework.

The finishing touches, by which is meant the bordering, the cords, the tassels, the fringe and mountings, are all important items in decorative needlework. In finishing off fancy work a handsome substitute for cord or twist is often made by a close rope composed of many strands of silk. The effect is delightful. For the draw strings of opera, carriage or work bags the same plait is chosen. In some the strings are flattened cords. Then, again, the tassels are not sewn on to the draw string; they are formed with the ends left of the silk plait; these are tied round tightly until they assume the shape of tassels. Sometimes silks of several different colors are used for the plait; they correspond always with the embroidery.

For instance, an opera bag is of terra cotta satin lined, with a pale shade of terra cotta cord. The embroidered pattern is done in shades of gray, green and gold. The plait and tassels are of the same shades as the embroidery, but fewer are used, one of deep shade, one of light shade and one of gold. About two-thirds of the plait is of smoke gray, which is a charming contrast to the terra cotta. The fringe is not shorter than the satin tags. They are loose below the drawstring, but are just sewn to the center of the bottom of the satin. This pulls up the latter, and makes it look full and soft. This plan would not answer for sacks, but it is admirable for round handbags.

Narrow gold gimp is most useful to the mounter. Embroidered book covers have rows of it across the back to represent the gold lines on leather bindings. Some are also edged with it. It is good, too, for hiding the sewing which is necessary when covering caskets and boxes with embroidered satin or velvet. Table covers of material fabrics, serge or embroidered materials often need but the simplest edging. A reversed vandyked plait is made of crewels or silks—just an outlined vandyke, say, of blue, with one line of gold up the center. Another method of finishing off the edge of such material is to work five or seven deep buttonhole stitches not very close together, then to leave a space of half an inch or so, then repeat the stitches.

Gauze Fans and Grate Screen.

The artistic arrangement in our cut represents a hanging panel that may be used as a grate screen, and three gauze fans for decorative purposes.

The shaped panel is in gauze silk of a delicate tint of pink, embroidered with silk to represent a large trail of roses and birds with a dragon fly. It is stretched over wire and edged with a gold cord, a loop of

GAUZE FANS AND GRATE SCREEN.

which suspends the screen in front of the grate or allows it to be hung to the wall. Of the fans one is fancifully cut in cream gauze, embroidered and edged with a narrow ruching of pink satin ribbon, finished off with a large satin bow; the handle is gilt. Another is in white gauze, embellished in the center with a bunch of roses. The large fan is hand painted with a nest and flowers.

Canned Goods and Open Tins.

An "expert" says that canned goods should be turned out and eaten as soon as possible. If kept at all the food should be covered and put in a cool place—always, however, turned out of the original tin. The liquor around lobsters, salmon and all vegetables, excepting tomatoes, it is desirable to strain off and throw away. Lobsters and turnips are improved by being turned out into a sieve and rinsed with clear cold water. Never on any account add vinegar, sauces or any kind of condiment to tinned foods while they are in the tins.

All tinned goods are put up as fresh as it is possible for them to be, but unless they are corned or salted will not keep if turned out as freshly cooked goods will, and certainly not longer, so many thoughtlessly suppose or expect they will. Sardines, if preserved in good oil and of good quality, will be an exception, so long as the oil in which fish can be kept in time.—Grocers' Chronicle.

Kitchen Floors.

Kitchen floors will be kept in good condition for two years, says a good Housekeeping correspondent, if equal parts of Vandyke brown and burnt sienna are added to thin oil. These may be had ground in oil and put up in one pound cash. The shade may be regulated to suit the fancy. This is preferable to paint and turpentine, which, when the original tin with clear, moderately hot water; no soap.

Apple Pudding.

To make an apple pudding which is sure to meet with favor from all who try it peel, core and quarter one dozen rich apples, stew them in a small stew pan until tender, then mash them smooth. Then add to the same cupful of sugar add one teaspoonful of ground cinnamon, the grated rind of one lemon one egg and a third of a cupful of butter; when cold mix the apples, pour into the paste and bake slowly.

One Thing and Another.

Old Nankin china is in demand with connoisseurs. A valuable design in this is the "hawthorne sprig."

Mauve is a new shade in note papers, both plain and ornamented. Another new notepaper is the nolgonette. This is in a very pale shade of green.

A "tea wagon" is an English invention for transporting food to the tennis ground.

In blazer flannels simple plastic designs seem to be popular. Children playing on logs and saw-sawing are favorite subjects. The colors are all light and gay, cream and gold predominating.

Checks are set in cut glass plaques and in octagonal blocks of onyx to hang on the wall.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS, POPULAR HINTS AND NOTES.

A Simple Experiment That Shows the Upward Pressure of Liquids—Described and Illustrated So That All May Understand.

A disk of cardboard and a lamp chimney are all that is required to show the upward pressure of liquids. Apply to the top of the glass chimney a round piece of cardboard, which you can hold in place by means of a string. The tube thus closed may now be plunged into a vessel filled with water. The piece of cardboard is held now by the pressure of the water upward. To ascertain from the opening is sufficient to pour some water into the tube up to the

DEMONSTRATION OF THE UPWARD PRESSURE OF LIQUIDS.

level of the water outside. The outer pressure exercised on the disk, as well as the pressure beneath, is now equal to the weight of a body of water having for its base the surface of the opening of the tube, the depth being the distance from the card board to the level of the water.

Syringes, pumps, etc., are based upon the effects of atmospheric pressure. Balloons rise in the air by means of the buoyancy of gas. A balloon being a body plunged in air, is consequently submitted to the same laws as a body plunged in water. Boats float because of the pressure of liquid, and water spurts from a fountain for the same reason.

Numbered with useful applications of the principles of fluid pressure is the following: A horse was laden with two tubs for carrying a supply of water, and in the bottom of the tubs a valve was fixed. When the horse entered the stream the tubs were partly immersed, the water then exercised its upward pressure, the valve opened and the tubs slowly filled. When they were nearly full the horse turned round and came out of the water. The pressure had ceased. Thus the action of the water first opened the valve and then closed it.

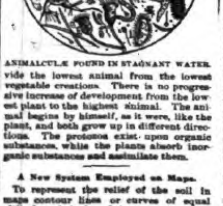
Microscopic Organisms in Cheese.

M. Adametz has lately made some researches upon the microscopic organisms that inhabit cheese. In Emmenthal, a soft variety of Gruyere cheese, he found in each gramme when fresh from 90,000 to 140,000 microbes. This number increased with time. But the population of a cheese is not everywhere distributed the same in it. The center is but moderately inhabited with respect to the exterior portion. The population of a soft cheese near the periphery is from 3,600,000 to 5,600,000 microbes. According to the mean of these, these two figures there are as many living organisms in 350 grammes of such a cheese as there are people upon the earth.

Curious Animalcula.

Plants have their lowest representatives, called protophytes. Animals which correspond to this class are termed protozoa, from the Greek protos, first, and zoon, animal. The protozoa are microscopic creatures consisting of one or more cells and are infinitely small, thousands existing in a drop of water. They have no distinction of sexes, and their generation takes place by subdivision or blending of cells. The infusoria are the highest of the protozoa. Their numbers are infinite, and in a drop of water some very interesting specimens will be found. (See cut.)

Those infusoria are a jelly like substance, and some have hairy appendages with which they agitate the water and cause a kind of current that brings them food. It is this partaking of food that serves to di-



ANIMALCULÆ FOUND IN STAGNANT WATER.

vide the lowest animal from the lowest vegetable creations. There is no progressive increase of development from the lowest plant to the highest animal. The animal begins by himself, or carves, like the plant, and both grow up in different directions. The protozoa exist upon organic substances, while the plants absorb inorganic substances and assimilate them.

A New System Employed on Maps.

To represent the relief of the soil in maps of large size, in which curves of equal altitude and shades of the same intensity for the same level are employed, M. Lallemand, engineer, has, however, introduced a new system on a map of France designed for the Ecole Polytechnique. The usual shading is preserved, and the isothermal lines are marked, but the latter are traced in white on the side which is supposed to be illuminated, and in black on the side on shadow. The full values of the method of light and shade is thus brought out.

Thunder Storms.

Thunder storms are more numerous in low latitudes than in high, and one reason why they are less destructive in England than in some other countries is the dampness of the climate.

Tomato Garnish for Roast Beef.

Peel and skin the tomatoes, removing the seeds; lay the slices in a well buttered baking tin, with pepper, salt and a few drops of tarragon vinegar. Cover with paper over them and cook in a moderate oven ten to fifteen minutes; then dish round the beef.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Origin of the Names of Several of the States.

At an annual meeting of the American Antiquarian society Mr. H. B. Stapler read a paper in which he discussed the origin of the names of several of the states. He said: New Hampshire gets its name from Hampshire, England. Massachusetts is derived from an Indian name, first given to the bay, signifying "near the great hills." Rhode Island has an obscure origin; the island of Rhodes, the "Island of the Roses" and a Dutch origin, "Red Island," were mentioned, the first seeming to have the best historical support. Connecticut is an Indian name, signifying "land on a long tidal river." Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia have a royal origin. Maine was named from the fact that it was supposed to contain "the mayne portion" of New England. Vermont has no especial question except that it is claimed to have been first an alias—New Connecticut, on account of.

Kentucky popularly signifies either a "dark and bloody ground" or "a bloody river," but its origin signifies "the head of a river." The latter is correct. Ohio comes from its river, the name being derived from the name of an Indian village on the river—"Panasee." Ohio is named after an Indian word, signifying "something great," with an accent of admiration. Indiana comes from the name of an early land company. Illinois comes from the Indian—the name of a tribe. Michigan is claimed to mean "lake country;" it probably came from the name of the lake, "Great Lake," which bears this name before the land adjacent was named. Louisiana is from the French. Arkansas and Missouri are Indian, the former doubtful; the latter is claimed to mean in its original "muddy water," which describes the river. Iowa is also Indian, with doubtful meaning.

Texas is popularly supposed to be an Indian, but may be Spanish. Florida is Spanish, "a flowery land." Oregon has a conjectural origin. It is probably Indian, but a Spanish origin is claimed.

California comes from a Spanish romance of 1510. Nevada takes its name from the mountains, being at first there only a resemblance to the Nevadas of South America. Minnesota is Indian, "sky tinted water." Nebraska is variously rendered "shallow water" and "flat country."

Kansas is from an Indian root, Kaw, corrupted by the French. Mississippi is "great water" or "whole river." Alabama is Indian, the name of a fortress and a tribe, signifying, as is claimed, "here we rest."

The Study of Literature.

Cardinal Newman was one of the many eminent men who have used abstracts as an aid to study. He drew up a summary of every book he read, together, in many cases, with a statement of his own views upon it. Mr. Gladstone, it may be added, does something of the same kind. He reads a book, pencil in hand, marking off on the margin those passages which he wishes to remember, carrying them about with him if in doubt, and putting a cross opposite those which he disputes. At the end of the volume he constructs a kind of index of his own, which enables him to refer to what he wishes to remember in the book.

Mr. Gladstone is thus an advocate of marginal note taking. That great Sir William Hamilton was in favor of underscoring. "Intelligent underlining," he said, "gave a kind of abstract of an important work, and by the use of different colored inks to mark a difference of contents and discriminate the doctrinal from the historical or illustrative elements of an argument or exposition the abstract becomes an analysis very services de for ready reference." But this assumes, as Mr. Morley remarked in his lecture on "The Study of Literature," that the book to be operated on is your own, and perhaps it is rather too elaborate a counsel of perfection for most of us. Even Cardinal Newman's plan is probably more than most people care to adopt.

Interesting Facts About Pearls.

Pearls, as most readers know, are small bodies found either in mother-of-pearl shells or in the nacreous lining itself. They are formed either by a disease, by the presence of a parasite, or by an effort on the part of the mollusk to rid itself of some foreign substance which has found its way into the shell. Pearls are composed of many layers of carbonate of lime with organic matter between, are not always entirely pearly throughout, and invariably have some small central core or kernel. The finest pearls are those of true lustre and color are very valuable, and their value increases rapidly with their size. The finest white pearls are from India, the Persian gulf and Panama. Red pearls are found in gray pearls, from the coast of Lower California. Beautiful pink tinted pearls are often secured by the common brook mussels. One valued at over $2,000 was found near Paterson, N. J., in 1856, and quite a number have been met with in Ohio, Tennessee, Kentucky and Tippecanoe, and also in England, Scotland and Germany

Coffee and Coffee Houses.

Coffee came to England from Persia and Arabia, and from countries from Abyssinia. It was used at first by the Mohammedans as a means of preventing drowsiness when they wished to remain all night at their devotions. It reached France and England about the same time as tea. The first man who seems to have used it in England was a Greek, a student of Balliol college, Oxford. At the restoration of King Charles II coffee houses became common in London and were soon places of great resort. Each house had a sign, often something like a hay, being red when ripe. Two seeds are found imbedded in its pulp.

Discovery of a Large House in Pompeii.

A house of five stories (leaning against a rising ground) has just been excavated at Pompeii in which important frescoes are still in a good state of preservation. In the principal room is a representation of Bellerophon, mounted on Pegasus, holding the winged Pegasus with one hand while with the other he receives the orders from Proteus, who is seated on a richly decorated throne. The lower part of the house is divided into bathrooms. The paintings in the frigidarium are specially well preserved—a nymph riding on a sea horse, and a frieze with comic scenes of pigmies fighting birds and crocodiles in Egypt.

Girard College.

Girard college, in Philadelphia, was founded by the bequest of Stephen Girard, who left $2,000,000, besides the proceeds of a certain portion of his estate, for the erection and establishment of a college for orphans. This edifice, of white marble, built in the Corinthian style, is admitted to be the finest specimen of Grecian architecture in America. It was begun in 1833 and opened in 1848, having cost in its construction almost two millions. A marble statue in the lower vestibule covers the remains of the founder.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

An Elegant Poem, Graceful, Alert, Birdlike—How Women Can Attain It.

To sit well may be quite as great an art as to write a poem, and to accomplish either requires effort. The pretty pabe of the pond, the erectness of the trunk and neck and the position of the lower limbs are clearly emphasized in a type of woman with which, says The New York Sun, habitues of the opera are familiar. Now this particularly graceful, alert, birdlike pose, which even in repose suggests some thing of action and energy, is only attainable by strengthening the muscles about the waist and hips.

The various exercises for muscular development the average woman, who, even with no house to keep or children to rear, is always more hurried and busy than the principal minister of a nation, never has a moment to practice. She can, however, practice the best of them on her way to the matinee, in the midst of a monotonous round of a sample expedition, and that is to hold her body perfectly erect for half an hour each day, touching neither back, couch nor car seat back, and sitting well toward the edge of the seat, with the right foot slightly in advance of the left, ready to rise quickly without help from the hands at any emergency. After a time prolong the half hour to a whole hour, two, three hours, and finally so elastic, sinewy and independent will those lazy muscles become that she will cease to care for spinal supports and head rests like a pseudo invalid.

Treatment of Snake Bites.

The following summary of a paper by Professor Kaufmann in The Revue Scientifique, describing his recent researches and experiments regarding the bites of poisonous snakes, is given by Science:

Professor Kaufmann advises that in the treatment of the bite the injection should be tightly bound above the bite as quickly as possible with a handkerchief or any other available constrictor, and that then in one to two minutes a 10 per cent acid should be injected deep into the wound, making several similar injections in the neighborhood of the wound. If these directions are carefully followed the poison will be destroyed before being absorbed.

If there is already much swelling of the wound more injections should be made in various parts of the swelling, which should then be manipulated to bring the acid thoroughly into contact with the poison. The swelling should then be freely lanced, and as much as possible of the fluid squeezed out. The skin should be washed with the chromic acid solution, followed by the application of compresses saturated with the solution. If the swelling returns these procedures should be repeated. This local treatment should be supplemented by the internal administration of alcoholic stimulants and aqua ammonia. Professor Kaufmann, however, strongly condemns the use of large quantities of alcohol, which, he thinks, paralyze and depress the nervous system.

Paste for Whitening the Hands.

Cold cream or glycerine well rubbed in are the usual remedies for keeping the hands smooth and white, but glycerine is not adapted to some hands, making them rougher than they were before. For such a skin the following has been recommended by an authority on toilet matters: The yolks of two fresh eggs beaten with two teaspoonfuls of the oil of sweet almonds, one ounce of rose water and thirty-six drops of tincture of benzoin. Make a paste of this, and either anoint the inside surface of a pair of gloves with it or spread it freely on the hands and draw the gloves on afterward.

Which Grow Faster, Boys or Girls?

Quetelet has expressed the opinion that, as a rule, boys in growing keep ahead of girls, but recent measurements of 21,000 children of both sexes made in the Freiberg (Saxon) district are against this conclusion. The boys, up to their eleventh year, were found to run about 0.6 to 0.9 centimeters taller than the girls. They were then overtaken by the girls, who surpassed them in height till their sixteenth year, when the boys again grew faster than the girls and came to the front.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A Novel and Pretty Form of Entertainment for Young People.

The crowning feature of a successful entertainment is that it shall be as much as possible unlike any one that has preceded it. A very novel entertainment given by a young college graduate to a number of his friends at the residence of his father not long ago is described by The Art Interchange. The invitations were written on delicately tinted paper, and announced a cotillion, to begin at 11 o'clock. At 9 o'clock the guests began to arrive. The ladies, by preconcerted signal, were in dominos, each one having upon her domino a device, or decoration, belonging to some well known book, which she represented for the time.

For instance, one who had selected the "Ring and the Book" were suspended at her girdle a chain of rings, with a little gilded book at the end. Another who had taken "Kit and Kitty" as her own had numerous cats and kittens outlined in crewels upon her pink domino. A third representing "The Light of Asia" had various Hindu emblems, and oriental devices painted upon her domino of white serge. All were distinguished by something original or comic, and much amusement was caused in guessing the secret during the early part of the evening, the fair dominos wearing their masks until the hour for the cotillion arrived. At 11 o'clock the basket was brought in, and the young men had the agreeable duty of drawing and naming the book which each of the fair ones was supposed to represent, and she thus became his partner for the cotillion. Masks and dominos were then discarded, and the graceful dance began. The favors were paper knives, handsome pens, booklets, etchings and drawings prettily framed, periodical covers and such things. The supper was served at 12 o'clock in the dining room.

Street Etiquette.

Unless you have something of importance to communicate, do not stop an acquaintance in the street during business hours, or perhaps it would be better to say at any time.

If an acquaintance should stop you in the street when your time is limited, you should with perfect propriety courteously excuse yourself and hasten forward.

When walking with an acquaintance, do not leave him to speak to another acquaintance. Excuse a word of apology. Should you be walking with a lady, do not leave her alone if you can well avoid it.

One salutation to a person passing on a promenade or drive is all that usage requires.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.

12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of Christmas Fruits before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagons delivery goods to North Plains, Fanwood, Scotch Plains, Crawford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING

OF

MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State.

Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Sarah "APS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Linen Crash 25c. Heavy Ear Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

AT

V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have arrived. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booking our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for 81. And will sell 8-button length, Spade kid, colored for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, black for $1.48.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housefurnishing Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver every where FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WARD

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But th y won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick. They are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE-FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

No. 30 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCK.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Consumption, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies, 65 East Second street, corner of Washington

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1295

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Offices 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 36 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.,

LUMBER

and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars is always taken to close out at the end of the season, and consequently free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and unloading. This, with the use of the latest air-drawing apparatus, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone No. 1. Leave orders at head. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in service. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Special attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Ice Cream Freezers and Pat. Ice Pail Stands. Office 45 Somerset and Pat. Ice Pail Stands. Office 45 Somerset and Pat. Ice Pail Stands. Office 45 Somerset

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, OCTOBER 13 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.
For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE W. KYTE, of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.
For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Somerville.

$40,000 WORTH OF FARM LAND.

Bought by the Lehigh Valley Railroad at South Plainfield for Storage Grounds.

For some months past the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have been quietly buying up farms at South Plainfield. They have finally secured 400 acres, the last sale being consummated a few days ago. It is proposed to use the property for storage and the work of laying the 150 tracks needed has already commenced. The farms varied in price from 100 down to 50 and an average price of $100 was paid per acre. Some of the farms bought were owned by Messrs. John Kenny, E. B. Boice, Cranmer and Lowe, S. Gary, Abel Laing and others.

JOTTINGS.

—John Dorgan was arrested last evening while drunk.

—Cross this year shows the largest line of fine Derby's he has ever had in stock.

—The Plainfield Bicycle club will hold a regular meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band will accompany Engine Company No. 2 to Perth Amboy Wednesday, where the company will go to participate in the firemen's parade.

—A meeting will be held this evening in the parlors of Mrs. Poole at 7:45 o'clock, conducted by Mrs. C. S. Whitney of New York City. Subject: "Divine Healing."

—On Thursday next the Elizabeth firemen will participate in their annual parade. The Plainfield Cornet Band will furnish the music for Red Jacket Engine Company No. 4.

—On Saturday evening last, Mr. August Trut of Somerset street, North Plainfield, shot a large screech owl, which had taken refuge in one of the large cedar trees, which surrounds Mr. Adam Fritz's residence.

—The Congregational church Chatauqua Circle will meet for the first time this Fall, in the church parlors Tuesday evening Oct. 14, at 8 o'clock. All who are interested, whether members of the congregation or not, will be welcome.

—The Crescents have been negotiating for several days past for a lease of a portion of the Allen property on Somerset street for their new ball grounds. It is understood that terms have been agreed upon, and that the lease was signed to-day.

—Pierson Hardware Co., elsewhere advertise that they have decided to place their business on a cash basis, and offer their goods at a reduction of 10 per cent. Those needing stoves, lamps or housefurnishing goods would do well to read their advertisement.

—Specifications have been prepared by the Central Railroad of New Jersey for two new bridges to be erected in Bayonne at Avenue D and West Eighth street, and at Locust street. They will be higher than the bridges at present in use at these places.

—Fred Lang was arrested in North Plainfield Saturday night charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct and resisting an officer. When arraigned before City Judge Codington he pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial was set down for this evening at half-past eight o'clock.

—At the M. E. Church last evening, the Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell preached an interesting and instructive sermon to the members of the Jr. O. U. A. M., taking for his text, "Emigration." About forty members of the Order were present and they all speak in the highest terms of the reverend gentleman's discourse.

—Literary Note.—Miss Julia Magruder, a daughter of the late General John B. Magruder, of the Confederate army, who held the "Peninsula" against McClellan in the Spring of 1862, begins in the New York Ledger of October 18th, a serial entitled "Zephiah's Daughter." The story is an exquisite and artistic adaptation of the Biblical tale.

—At all the services in St. Mary's church yesterday morning, Father Smith, the pastor, preached eloquently. His remarks were especially addressed to the young men and young women of the congregation. He laid great stress upon the evil of intemperance, using as an illustration the story of a young man who from robust health and all the advantages of life, became a mental and physical wreck from intemperance in drink. His sermon was listened to with closest attention by those present.

—The Republican County Convention Saturday was presided over by Mr. Joseph H. T. Brinck, of Woodbridge. The following candidates for Sheriff were named: John F. Tan Brinck, of Perth Amboy; Charles C. Campbell, of Raritan; Thomas Richards, of Monroe; Bernard Reddy of South Amboy, and Daniel Herbert of East Brunswick. On the fifth ballot C. C. Campbell was nominated and the nomination was made unanimous. For Coroners D. J. R. Wilson, of Perth Amboy and Justice C. P. Pond, of New Brunswick, were nominated. The Third Assembly District Democratic Convention renominated Assemblyman Charles H. Monahan.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES.

A Fall From a Tree Result Fatally.

A few days ago Patrick Kiely, a coachman in the employ of Mr. George B. Burgess, while engaged trimming trees around his employer's premises, fell from one of them, a distance of about twenty-five feet, sustaining a concussion of the brain and other injuries. Dr. Rouse was summoned and he did all in his power to alleviate Mr. Kiely's sufferings, but his discovered symptoms of lock-jaw, and the man's life was despaired of. Dr. C. M. Field performed an operation, but his effort to save the man's life proved unavailing, as Kiely died during Saturday evening.

Deceased was a native of Ireland and was 40 years of age. He came to this city when a young man and has resided here ever since, following the vocation of coachman and gardener. He leaves a wife and a large family of children.

The funeral will take place from his late residence on Central avenue to-morrow morning at nine o'clock, and from St. Mary's church at half-past nine. Interment will be made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Democratic Primaries.

The following delegates have been chosen to attend the Democratic County and Assembly convention:

FIRST WARD.

Chairman—George Carpenter.
Secretary—John J. Kenney.
Delegates to County Convention—John J. Kenney, E. P. Thorn, Louis F. Wadsworth and John McIntyre.
Assembly—Walter L. Hetfield, John Rafferty, S. E. Flower, Charles B. Van Winkle.
Member of County Executive Committee—Walter L. Hetfield.

SECOND WARD.

Chairman—James E. Martine.
Secretary—John Mortimer.
Delegates to County Convention—Leonard Spangenberg, Lewis H. Brown, R. M. Stover.
Assembly Convention—W. K. McClure, Peter Jones, George Westman.
Members of County Executive Committee—R. M. Stover

THIRD WARD.

Chairman—Auguste Saltzman.
Secretary—John Mortimer.
Delegates—Auguste Saltzman and Joe Sheppard.
Member of County Executive Committee—Auguste Saltzman.

FOURTH WARD.

Chairman—Vincent L. Frasse.
Secretary—Elmore D. Moffett.
Delegates to County Convention—Elmore D. Moffett, Wm. L. Force, Edward C. Searing, Frank Fine, Peter Flynn, Jr., and Daniel McCarty.
Assembly Delegates—G. R. Rockafellow, Thomas McCarthy, Daniel Hogan, Jr., N. Apgar, Joseph T. Sullivan and Ira Hurlbut.
Member of County Executive Committee—Vincent L. Frasse.

The convention will meet at Elizabeth tomorrow afternoon.

PERSONAL.

A son of Mr. Benjamin Mumford died this morning. He was a man well known.

On Saturday last the Rev. I. E. Livermore baptized, Mr. Charles Rogers, a convert, in the lake at New Market.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Ulrich of East Fifth street left to-day for a month's stay at Chicago, Ill., and Des Moines, Mich.

Mrs. Jacob Dallied, of Second street on Friday last presented her husband with a ten-pound baby. Both mother and child are doing well.

Messrs. Victor L. Hesse and E. C. Fay of Newark rode from Newark to this city on their bicycles yesterday morning, arriving here in time for luncheon.

The funeral of Mary, the six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lutz, took place from her parents residence this afternoon at two o'clock. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Nicholas Gisser, who for a number of years past has conducted a wholesale butcher business on Second street, died in a hospital at his home on South Avenue yesterday. Deceased was sixty-two years old. The funeral will take place from his late residence tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock.

At a recent meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Park avenue Baptist church, the following officers were elected: President, Miss Alice Spangenberg; Vice President, Mr. Abram D. Van Sciver; Recording Secretary, Miss Florence Hawkins; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Asa Reed Dilts; Treasurer, Miss Laura E. Runyon.

Probably the happiest young man in Plainfield Friday evening after reading his News was Mr. R. Sidney Dorman of Central ave. The item which particularly pleased him was that relating to "Dude," the now famous carrier pigeon, which found its way home after a year's absence. It appears that "Dude" was bred by Mr. Dorman, and given its odd name by Mr. Dorman's mother because of the bird's beautiful plumage when young. Dude's mother was "Silver No. 27," and his father "Blue Checked, No. 154." Silver's exploits were recorded in THE NEWS "many a time" in 1888. Mr. Dorman flew the bird "Dude" about ten times before selling it to Mr. J. H. Doane, his present owner, the last time having been from Harrisburg, when "Dude" was but seven months old. "Dude" was mated with the young Homer, No. 19 which was a great favorite of "Dude's" mother, and used to fly with her, being lost at 600 miles. "Dude" when eight weeks old took one week to fly from Shotwell's store, as he seems to have been always slow. Mr. Dorman is very proud of his bird, and would not exchange it for the chairman bird of Plainfield.

Kicked By a Horse.

While engaged cleaning a horse last evening, Sambo, the colored boy employed by Mr. Israel Lewis of North Plainfield, accidently touched the animal in the flank, and he reciprocated by kicking him on the knee. When Sambo picked himself up, he found that his injuries were not of a severe nature.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, even if contrary to the views of the editor. Writers are requested to be as brief and direct as possible. All communications must be signed [their name, and necessarily for publication.]

STATEMENT BY THE PLAINFIELD ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

Respecting the Proposed Contract to to the Edison Company for Lighting the Borough.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—We have read the published report of two of the members of the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps for the borough of North Plainfield and find that the statements made concerning this company are prejudiced and misleading. The statement is made that our bid is far below the market price. It is very evident from this, that the gentlemen have not made any very diligent inquiry or otherwise they would have ascertained the fact that we had already established a local market rate for incandescent street lighting, as may be clearly evidenced by our contracts with the City of Plainfield, extending over a period of three years, during which time the following rates have been in effect.

For the City of Plainfield proper, $14.60 for each lamp per annum, and for the suburbs, including Netherwood and Evans, $17 50 each per annum, or what is an average of not over $16.00 for each 25 candle-power lamp per annum.

This company voluntarily established the foregoing rates, and are satisfied with them, notwithstanding the adverse opinion of interested individuals or companies.

Any person desiring to satisfactorily ascertained the local market rates for incandescent street lighting, at any time, by applying to this company or to the Clerk of the City of Plainfield.

It is unfair to assume that this company would have made rates to the Borough in excess of what has already been established in the City of Plainfield, particularly as the general conditions are as favorable in the one place as the other, as to points of distance from the electric light station, existing poles lines etc. The so-called desire for competition on the part of the committee is certainly not indicated by the course they have pursued. When competition is really desired in the construction of public improvements it is usual to properly advertise for bids in the form of sealed proposals.

We do not understand that this course has been pursued, but, on the contary, negotiation have been carried on with one particular company for some time, and with comparative secrecy.

Before any bids were published we endeavored to get a hearing with the committee and submit our bid, but our efforts were not encouraged, and we were led to infer that the committee had already gone so far as to be obligated to another company.

After that, we felt at liberty to present our proposal to the Mayor of the Borough. Our price was based entirely upon our rates for the City of Plainfield, and in nowise influenced by any published bids as referred by the report. Copies of our proposal were also furnished to each member of the Common Council.

It is quite evident that the competing company has had access to our proposal before the report came, and has taken a given opportunity to change their bid so far as to substitute 25 candle-power lamps.

Notwithstanding the fact that our lighting station is located in the City of Plainfield, we could furnish ample security to ensure a continuous and satisfactory service to the borough of North Plainfield.

We fail to see how the term "monopoly" applies to the Plainfield Electric Light Co., since it must now be admitted that we are already furnishing incandescent street lighting at rates that defy competition.

PLAINFIELD ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
By W. H. MOORE, Manager.

Freeholder Jones Dead.

Freeholder W. K. Jones of North Plainfield died this morning at nine o'clock at his home on Somerset street, where he has been ill for several months past. He was elected by the elected term on the Somerset Co. Board of Freeholders in the fall of 1889, and was likewise a director, but not during his present term. A sketch of his life is revised by himself and published in THE NEWS of Friday, May 14, 1886, and is republished below:

William Edward Jones of North Plainfield, who was Wednesday elected Director of the Board of Freeholders of Somerset County, is a native of Hereford county, England, where he was born Dec. 3, 1826, and is therefore over sixty years of age. He came to this country when a child, and has become thoroughly Americanized. He first settled in Orange, New York. He has been a resident of Somerset county forty-seven years. He had two children, both of whom died in infancy in the land of their adoption. The eldest brother was First Lieutenant of the Louisiana Volunteers in the Mexican War in 1847, and was fatally wounded at the storming of Monterey, leading his command. The other brother was Captain of the 114th Regiment Illinois Volunteers, and was killed in the War of the Rebellion. He was married to Miss Mary Ann Jones followed the vocation of farming. In 1868 he was elected trustee for three years of North Plainfield public school, and twice re-elected term of the Somerset Co. Board of Freeholders, and has been for several years director, but not during his present term. A sketch of his life is revised by himself and published in THE NEWS of Friday, May 14, 1886, and is republished below:

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FELLED WITH A GUN.

Farmer Daniel Randolph's Encounter With a Chestnut Thief.

The following is taken from the New York Sun of this morning.

The man or woman who trespasses hereafter on Daniel Randolph's farm, near Plainfield, whether he is there to shoot sparrows or to steal the farmer's chestnuts, is going to get hurt. It has been unsafe for years for men and women to go on the farmer's land and no take whatever they found there. Farmer Randolph never objected seriously unless they took all he had. This has been a good season for chestnuts, and there have been an unusually large number of pesky thieves to steal them. They almost cleaned Farmer Randolph's trees. The farmer was patient and made practically no protest until they came there on his Sabbath, that is Saturday, he being a Seventh Day Baptist. Then he thought it was time to act. Saturday morning he went out walking in the woods on his farm with his fifteen-year-old daughter. Returning home he saw a tall, broad-shouldered young man climb a fence and jump into the field where the chestnut trees grow. He carried a shotgun. He was after either sparrows or chestnuts. "Go back!" shouted the farmer.

"Why?" asked the young man.

"Go back!" said the farmer again.

The young man stood still in his tracks.

Farmer Randolph had a little stick in his hands which he used to pound open the prickly chestnut burrs. He waited toward the young man, telling him repeatedly to "go back." The young man didn't budge, but as the farmer approached him he took his gun by the barrel and prepared to fight. "I may go back," said the farmer as he reached him, and at the same time he gave him a push. The young man swung the gun around his head and brought the butt down on the farmer's left temple. The farmer's daughter screamed and the farmer sank almost senseless to the ground. His wife and two other daughters heard the girl's scream and ran out of the house, which is near by. The young man fled, trailing his gun after him. The boy from the gun had opened a big gash in Farmer Randolph's head from which blood poured in a stream. He got on his feet as quickly as he could and tried to follow his assailant, who dashed into a piece of bushy swamp land and disappeared.

Mr. Randolph went home and went to bed. A doctor came and dressed his wound. Last night the farmer told a Sun reporter that he had registered a vow to protest his home against bumwad hereafter. He was able to go up, but he felt bad. His head was swathed in bandages. His wife and three daughters and two grandchildren were in the room with him.

"I'll come, we all come," he said, "from old Revolutionary stock. We are Randolphs. So you see there is no scare in us. I have got a home here where I was born and brought up, and I've come to the conclusion that it's got to be protected. I'm a peaceful man. I never was in but two fights in my life; but I'm driven to it, and the next person I find on my property I'll be prepared to meet. And if I hit 'em once——." The farmer clinched his fists and his eyes snapped.

"If I'd had a gun I'd have blown his head off," said Miss Mata Randolph, the farmer's eldest daughter, the mother of one of the grandchildren.

She referred to the assault on Saturday. The farm that must not be trespassed on is two miles from Plainfield proper, and runs along both sides of the New Brooklyn road.

The Crescents Victors.

Saturday was intended to have been, as a benefit day to the Crescent nine, very beneficial in its results. Unfortunately the day was cloudy, raw and gusty, disagreeable to spectators and players, and prevented a large attendance.

The Crescents had already played two games with the Ridgewoods, and the honors were even and they selected that club as adversaries to determine which should be victims.

The game was distinguished for its numerous brilliant plays, its wonderful catches and its many errors.

The high one-handed catches of Lee, Martin and Lafberry made almost in succession have rarely been equalled.

The batting of the Crescents was the test of the season. The pitcher closed his full worth by the longest drive over the right field fence, ever seen on the grounds and the three "baggers" of J. ses found its fence. The Crescents had the supreme satisfaction of driving Livingston out of the box at the close of the fifth inning, having made ten runs in the half inning. Anderson pitched out the game, and no more base hits were made.

Collins maintained his high reputation at second, and Landman especially distinguished himself by hard hitting and his puzzling pitching.

McIntire "covered" first base in excellent style. He proved to be the right man in the right place.

The score:

CRESCENTS.	AB	R	O	BH	PO	A	E	LB	SB	HE
Martin, s.s.	5	1	2	2	2	7	1	2	0	0
Landman, p.	4	2	2	3	12	0	1	0	0	0
McIntire, 1b.	4	2	2	2	12	0	1	0	0	0
Hatfield, r.f.	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	2	2	1	3	0	1	1	0
Lee, c.	4	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	0	0
Lever, c.f.	4	0	2	1	2	1	0	1	0	1
Lafberry, l.f.	4	0	2	1	2	1	0	1	0	1
Hammel, p.	4	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
	34	5	24	10	36	14	3	9	1	4

RIDGEWOODS.	AB	R	O	BH	PO	A	E	LB	SB	HE
Byman, c.f.	4	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Heizer, l.f.	4	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Gates, 1b.	4	1	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0
Bennett, 2b.	4	1	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	0
Fritz, c.	4	0	2	0	2	3	1	0	0	0
Ely, r.f.	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Baker, p.f.	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Landreth, 3b.	3	0	2	0	4	1	1	0	0	0
Livingston, p.	3	0	2	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
	31	3	24	4	24	10	6	5	0	5

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Ridgewoods	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0

Earned runs—Crescents, 2; Ridgewoods, 0; Home runs—Martin, Landman, Lever; Two base hits—Landman, 2; Hatfield, 2; Collins, Lee, Lever, Lafberry, Hammel, Byman, Heizer, Bennett, Ely, Baker, Livingston; Stolen bases—Martin, Collins, Lever, Lafberry, Hammel, Byman, Heizer, Gates, Bennett, Ely, Baker, Landreth, Livingston, 2; Wild pitch—Hammel. Passed balls—Crescents, 11; Ridgewoods, 16. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—Mr. Berryman.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

FREEHOLDER GEORGE W. KYTE

Nominated for the Assembly This Afternoon.

WESTFIELD, N. J., Oct. 13th, (Special)—The Third District Assembly Convention met here at two o'clock this afternoon. The delegates were called to order by Mr. Walter Potter, the chairman of the last convention.

Mr. Amos S. Grant of Westfield was elected chairman and Mr. George W. Moore of Plainfield was made secretary.

Mr. F. E. Marsh of this city moved that the chairman of each delegation be empowered to cast the entire vote of his delegation. It was so ordered.

Rahway renominated Mr. William Chamberlain of Rahway and Plainfield went solid for Freeholder George W. Kyte of Fanwood. After hearing from a number of the townships, the chairman of the Rahway delegation withdrew the name of Mr. Chamberlain and moved that Mr. Kyte received the nomination by acclamation. It was so ordered.

A committee appointed sought out Mr. Kyte and brought him before the convention and in a few appropriate remarks he accepted the nomination.

The convention then adjourned to meet in Clark Township next Fall.

Keys Democratic Candidate For Senator.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Oct. 13th, 3 p. m.—At the Democratic County Convention held hear to-day Beckman, Bergen and Pass withdrew as candidates and William J. Keys of New York was nominated for Senator over Andrew Lane on first ballot 27 to 18.

Marsh for Senator.—Hicks for Sheriff.

ELIZABETH, Oct. 13th, (Special.)—The Democratic Union County Convention here to-day nominated Hon. Fred C. Marsh for Senator and William Hicks for Sheriff. Both from Elizabeth.

A Fast Train.

About two hundred persons assembled at the depot yesterday afternoon to witness the Washington Express pass through this city. It was rumored on the streets that the train would pass through Plainfield at about 3:20 o'clock, but as it did not leave New York on time it was 3:33 p. m., before it passed the Plainfield station. It passed Dunellen at 3:45 1-3 making the run at the rate of a mile-a-minute. It was just 4:49 1-4 when the train reached the Bound Brook station, making the 9 1-2 miles between Fanwood and Bound Brook in 5 minutes. It is the fastest time on record. The train was drawn by engine No. 35, "Billy" Allen was the engineer.

Nominations in Middlesex.

The Post Assembly District Republican convention of Middlesex County met at Woodbridge Friday afternoon and nominated David M. Brown, of Woodbridge.

The Third Assembly District Republican convention met at Rhode's Hall, Sayerville, and nominated R. Bodine.

The Second Assembly District Republican convention met Tuesday night in the Assembly Room, New Brunswick, and nominated Thomas L. Janeway.

The Hetfield Case Adjourned.

The case of the city vs. Hetfield Bros., which was set down for trial this morning before Police City Judge Codington, was on motion of Corporation Counsel Marsh, adjourned over until November 8th, owing to the absence from the city of a material witness for the prosecution. It will be remembered that the above named firm, of which Councilman Hetfield is a member, are charged with carting without a license.

Died.

GISSER—In this city, Oct. 12th, 1890, Nicholas Gisser, aged 62 years.
Funeral, Wednesday afternoon, October 14th, at 2 p. m., from his late residence 339 South Second street. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

KILEY—In this city Oct. 11, 1890. Patrick Kiley.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence on Central avenue Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock and at 10 o'clock at St. Mary's church where high mass will be said for the repose of his soul. 2T&C

Cent-a-Word Column.

BEAUTIFUL plants, ferns and ferneries at Deaton's Hillside avenue nursery. 11-8*

FOR SALE—Fresh cow and calf. Apply to N. S. Smalley, of Smalley and Co., Somerset street. 11-8*

FOR SALE—A large first-class watch dog. 338 West Front street. 9-6

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, cheap. Perfect condition. Hidden str. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield. 10-2w

LOST—A small account book between Somerset street and Westervelt avenue. Reward for return to J. S. Lange, 50 Westervelt avenue. 11-8

MIDDLE-AGED woman wants a position to do general house-work in small family. Good wages and good home. Address, 11-8 Herman, 9 Regent street. Mrs. Ward, 13-2

PAINTING in all branches. By day or contract. Good terms. Address "Painter," care of EVENING NEWS.

TRUCK FARM for sale. Eleven acres with good house and barn, two miles from Plainfield. Apply to W. C. Butler, 1 East Front street.

TO EXCHANGE—Ladies' silver watch for baby carriage. In good order. 25 canning street.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No. 30 East Second street. 10-3tf

WANTED—At once, a girl for light house-work. Inquire at 20 Somerset street, 1st floor. German preferred. 12tf.

WANTED—An active, intelligent man to travel for wholesale house. Salary $75 per month and expenses. Address, with opportunities for advance, to registered letter, responsible New York House, Box 1293, N. Y. Manufacturers. 9-13 m-t-1y

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Colored preferred. No. 307 Broadway. 11-8

LOCAL NEWS BY WIRE.

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10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 49 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

IT WILL PAY YOU!!

If you are not already trading at OUR HOUSE, to examine the quality of our goods and the prices. YOU WILL FIND that we sell the **Best Quality** at

THE "CHEAP" PRICES!!!

Another Thing Too!

Our goods are fresh and new, and the styles can be depended upon as correct.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "rather than lookers." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

20 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of **GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.**

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES.

SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE tailor-making; also tailor made; fit guaranteed, call at 27 East Third street. 10-8-m

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Reeds having fully recovered, will remain for a few weeks longer, before she leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 to 3 p. m. at her rooms at the City Hotel, room 4. Call at once, as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. and $1. 8-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the Fall Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principal of High schools, U. S. Senators, Governors and Congressmen. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible agent of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 252. 10-2tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cacti. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 32 West Front street.

H. SPENCER,
Grocer and Gentleman, 26 and 28 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day. choice groceries and provisions, white granite, china, glass and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade mapleine.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others, you can get a clean shave or your hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY
Oct 7th, the office of the late Dr. Thurworth at 109 S. Front street will be occupied by Dr. R. S. Jones recently of Elizabeth, N. J. Office hours until 10 a. m.; at 12 noon; from 2 to 3:30 p. m. 6-4

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale at low rates; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, very cheap for quantities, at Deaton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-30-1y

HERRMANN & PETERSON,
Slate Builders, and tank and cistern makers, Corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.
HERMANN J. PETERSON,
9 Regent street. 15 Somerset place. 10-10-1y

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.
Wednesday Oct. 15th.
The famous extravaganzas of America.
Rice's Beautiful EVANGELINE.
Under the immediate supervision of Mr. R. E. Rice, Mr. C. J. Rich, Proprietor and manager. With its wealth of captivating attractions.

40 ARTISTS

In the company, more burlesquing, more specialties, more comedians, more scenery, more costumes, more everything that benefitting in the grand march of the American. The armed troops are represented as Americans, and beautiful ever one as the American maid.
Prices 75, 50 and $1. Box seats $1.
Seats on sale Monday.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Excelsior Metal Elastic Paint. Water proof and very durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 20 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the East Rahway Depot.
Dr. W. K. Bell. City Hotel, 11-12

Grand Fair

OF THE

PLAINFIELD GESANG & TURN VEREIN

To be held for the benefit of the

GERMAN-ENGLISH SCHOOL

At their Hall on Somerset street.

October 13th to 18th.

Admission - 10 cents.

For particulars see Fair Journals. 8-30

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 37c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vests and pants, $1.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's fine all-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Men's natural-wool Shirts and Drawers, $1.
Men's scarlet-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's natural-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c.
Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 30c; 18 in., 35c; 20 in., 40c.
Full size quilts, 50 and 75c.
Bedspreads heavy quilts, fringed with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.98.
Shaw Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,

47 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 14 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. BOSSERD, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $4.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 7. TELEPHONE CALL 22.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1890.

A Rich Man's Expenses.

A correspondent of The Philadelphia Press has been investigating the interesting question of how much a rich man is expected to spend in order to keep up his reputation each year as a member of fashionable society.

There must be, to begin, a town house, a country house, a seaside villa and a yacht. Of course each of the houses must be kept closed, and are of no use to anybody for at least a third of the year, but the outlay for them continues all the same. The finest and most expensively kept country house in America is that of George W. Childs, "Wootton," at Bryn Mawr. Mr. Childs is just building a new stable that will cost $40,000. The expenses of keeping "Wootton" in trim are not less than $30,000 a year.

William Waldorf Astor spends $250,000 annually. "It is estimated" that Cornelius and W. K. Vanderbilt spend each $400,000 a year. Mrs. Robert Goelet has a house at Newport that cost $1,000,000. One of her neighbors is Fairman Rogers, of Philadelphia, who manages to rub along and make both ends meet for a year on $70,000. For $60,000 a family can make a very good show in the fashionable world, but nobody that is anybody thinks of spending less than $40,000 annually. He could not show himself among the Four Hundred on less.

Where does the money go? Well, much of it is spent on maintaining horses and carriages. Pierre Lorillard pays $6,000 a year for liveries alone. Some of the millionaires keep twenty carriage and saddle horses. At a seaside cottage it costs a family $40 a day to live. The widow of Thomas Scott, the railroad man, lives "rather quietly" on $40,000 a year.

More and more splendid and luxurious grows the living in America, till one wonders where it will end. Fortunes heap themselves up after they have made a beginning, and none can tell whether the great estates of the country will stop till they absorb the whole country. But there is not any more pleasure in the life now than there was half a century ago. It simply takes more to satisfy, that is all. After a certain point is reached it is very questionable whether mere expenses of living are any gratification.

Meantime a reasonable person can knock a good deal of fun out of $5,000 a year.

Poverty of the Fremonts.

If Jessie Benton Fremont's children have any pride of manhood or womanhood at all it must gall them beyond measure to hear the reports of their mother's desperate poverty, of her being so poor, in fact, that she could not pay for the telegram announcing her husband's death. The person that would send such a telegram and not prepay it must, under the circumstances, be a queer duck to begin. Of course the country owes generous support to Mrs. Fremont, and no one can doubt that it will be accorded her. But what have her sons been about all these years? They are now nearly middle aged, they have always been in good health, so far as one knows, yet today their talented and famous mother is too poor, it is said, to pay for a telegraphic dispatch.

Many a single woman of Miss Fremont's age has supported both father and mother for a quarter of a century, yet if Jessie Benton's daughter ever turned over a finger to earn even her own living the world has never heard of it. The country has treated her father shamefully, to be sure, but is that any reason why the daughter should not make an effort at least to earn her own living? One way or the other it is time to put a stop to this long cry of the poverty of the Fremonts.

Three grown, healthy children and a mother in the straits of poverty does not have a good look on the face of it.

Farm products went up with a rush when they did start. They had been depressed long enough, heaven knows. Now let us all join in hoping prices will continue such for the next few years that the farmer will be able to lift that mortgage. It is the great advance in prices of farm products that caused the sudden enormous demand for money throughout the country.

When it is telegraphed to the newspapers throughout the land, and published by them, that an actress has been before a police court on the charge of "chronic alcoholism" that is a new kind of professional advertisement.

Two Atchison Globe sayings: "No man is as good at home as his picture looks in a neighbor's album." "The only way to make a man do right is to make him want to."

Cardinal Gibbons is of the opinion that what the negro most needs is religion and preachers.

THEIR BOAT CAPSIZED.

Wholesale Drowning at the Village of Kinkora, N. J.

FIVE MEET DEATH IN THE RIVER.

While Attempting to Effect a Landing Their Boat Was Overturned and the Unfortunate Occupants Were Engulfed Within a Short Distance of the Shore.

KINKORA, N. J., Oct. 13.—Five persons were drowned in the river near the sluice and the Knickerbocker ice houses at this place Sunday by the capsizing of a boat. The names of those drowned are: Augusta Fletcher, aged 30, Fred Fletcher, aged 32, Angelo Fletcher, aged 24, brothers; Cheshu Merry, aged 40, and Alonzo Cannon, aged 22. All five lived here and were employed at Murrell Dobbins' brick yard. The men were having a merry time in their sloop, each about fourteen feet long, from Silver Lake ice house in an open boat with a single sail. In attempting to make land between the ice houses and the sluice the bowsprit of the boat struck one of the dogs of the former.

They Sank to Rise No More.

The shock of this and the swift current of the waters of the sluice caused the boat to careen and the heavy pilings to shift to one side, overturning the craft. The men sank at once, and the attempts made to save their lives by onlookers were unavailing. The bodies of Angelo Fletcher and Cheshu Merry were recovered.

An Aged Mother's Grief.

The face of Angelo Fletcher was badly cut by the gates of the sluice, and Merry had a wound on one side of his neck apparently from one of the large iron spikes projecting from the framework of the sluiceways. The aged mother of the Fletchers when informed of the drowning of her sons was at the head of the stairs in the second story of her home and was so overcome that she fell to the floor and sustained a compound fracture of the arm.

Mrs. Fletcher was picked up unconscious and a doctor pronounced her in a dangerous condition. Merry leaves a wife and two children and Cannon an aged mother whose sole support he was. The men are all said to have been sober and industrious.

HOME ONCE MORE.

The President Passes Sunday Quietly at Indianapolis, Ind.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 13.—President Harrison and party reached this city at 6 o'clock Sunday morning, after an uneventful run from St. Louis. The car in which the party travels was placed on a side track near the Union station, and the occupants did not make their appearance until 8 o'clock. Mr. J. R. McKee, the president's son-in-law, accompanied by Frank McKee, Mrs. Scott, Mr. Benjamin, and other relatives and friends, came to the station, and all were warmly and affectionately greeted by the president. The president, in company with the McKees, was at once driven to the residence of the latter, on North Tennessee street, where breakfast was served. Secretary Tracy, Marshal Ransdell and Mr. C. R. Bishop, of the Chesapeake and Ohio road, were also guests. The president, his

A FATAL CHICAGO FIRE.

Three Men Were Literally Burned to a Crisp.

THE HEROISM OF A FOND MOTHER

She Leaped from a Window with Her Baby and Was Fatally Injured, but Her Body Broke the Child's Fall and Saved Its Life—Scenes of Terror.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Three men were burned to death and a woman was fatally injured at a small fire which occurred at 9 a. m. in J. H. Putnam's European hotel, Nos. 163 and 165 East Adams street. The dead are:

A List of the Dead.

Edward Payton, colored, 36 years of age, porter of the hotel.

Two unknown men, respectively 35 and 55 years of age.

The fatally injured woman was Mrs. Minnie Robinson.

Panic Stricken Guests.

The fire was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp in the hall on the fourth floor. The burning oil set fire to the stairway and soon a sheet of flame burst from the rear windows. An alarm was turned in quickly and a second one followed five minutes later. The guests of the house were awakened by the noise of the fire engines and rushed from their rooms to find the hallway filled with dense smoke. The scantily attired inmates groped about to find a way of escape. Several were cool headed enough to resort to the fire escape that runs down the front of the building. These were mostly men, and they got out safely. In the hallway, struggling and blinded by the smoke, were several women.

Mad Dash to the Child's Life.

In a very short time the fire was under control and the firemen began to search the house. In a room on the fourth floor Edward Payton, the colored porter of the hotel, was found burned to a crisp. The search was continued and the firemen soon found the charred bodies of the other three. the charred bodies of two unknown men who had been caught in the trap and burned to death." The bodies were taken to Kianer's morgue. The total loss on building and contents will not exceed $5,000.

Mrs. Robinson Is Dead.

LATER—Mrs. Minnie Robinson died at the County hospital this morning from her injuries. The two unknown men who were burned to death were identified as Thomas B. Dowler, of New Orleans, and H. Kirk Salms, of Calumet, Mich. Dowler was a professional gymnast and was formerly a teacher athletics at New Orleans. Of Salms little is known, but he was supposed to be a traveling salesman.

FOR THE WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP.

The Brooklyn and Louisville Clubs Arrange Their Schedule of Games.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 13.—President Byrne and Mr. Parsons met here last night and made an agreement to govern the coming world's championship games. It was agreed to play a friendly series of games not to exceed nine in number. It was also understood that the club winning a majority of such games shall be entitled to be called the world's champions of 1891.

The umpires agreed upon to officiate are John McQuaid, selected by the Louisville club, and Wesley Curney, selected by the Brooklyn club. The following is the schedule of games: In Louisville, Thursday, Oct. 16; Friday, Oct. 17; Saturday, Oct. 18; Monday, Oct. 20; Tuesday, Oct. 21, to be left as an open date. In Brooklyn, Thursday, Oct. 23; Friday, Oct. 24; Saturday, Oct. 25, and Monday, Oct. 27. If the ninth game is necessary to decide the series the place and date will be determined hereafter. The Sunday game was:

At Columbus—									
Columbus	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0—6
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Columbus, 13; Toledo, 0. Errors: Columbus, 1; Toledo, 1. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor; Smith and Stage.

Mrs. O'Connor's Mishap.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The wife of Mr. Arthur O'Connor, member of parliament for East Donegal, was found late Saturday night lying in a pool of blood in an untrequented part of one of London's suburbs. It was evident that she had jumped or fallen from an overhead railway station near the spot. She was severely injured, and has remained unconscious ever since found. The lady was not long ago under treatment for mental aberration, but was thought to have been restored to her normal condition. It is supposed that in a sudden fit of insanity she wandered away from home and either attempted suicide or accidentally fell from the station.

The Grand Duke Nicholas Insane.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 13.—It has transpired that at the close of the military maneuvers in Volhynia, the Grand Duke Nicholas, chief in command of the army, suddenly became insane. His mental derangement is the result of disease from which he has long been a sufferer, and the effects of which were aggravated by the strain incident to the maneuvers. The physicians pronounce his case a hopeless one.

Iron Men Off for Chicago.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 13.—The members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain and the Verein Deutscher Eisenhuttenleute left Pittsburg last night in three special trains for Chicago. The trains are made up in three sections and are supplied with everything which can add to the comfort and convenience of the visitors.

O'Mahoney Is Seriously Ill.

TIPPERARY, Oct. 13.—There is no longer any doubt that Mr. O'Mahoney is seriously ill. It will be necessary either to omit his name from the indictment of the Nationalists now on trial or to adjourn the case pending the result of his illness.

An Incendiary Lynched.

HOMER, La., Oct. 13.—Frank Wooten, colored, who confessed to setting fire to the residence of Dr. Pace, at Athens, Oct. 8, was lynched last night. His body was found this morning swinging to the limb of a tree.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Charles H. Merritt, president of the David Maydole Hammer company, died at Norwich, N. Y., Oct. 13, aged 70 years.

The Thomas A. Hendricks club, of Brooklyn, has received a portrait in oil of the late vice president, the gift of the widow.

A Paris dispatch says that the movement for a European boycott of American products has fallen through so far as France is concerned. The very earnestness of Germany has caused the French government to receive the proposition with disfavor, and France will do her own business with the United States, with a view to obtaining as favorable terms as possible.

Advices from Lisbon state that the revolutionary feeling there is running high. The king is caricatured in the most outrageous manner in the press, and spoken of as plain "Carlos Stoner" and as the financial agent of Lord Salisbury, who has sold his country for a British loan. The king is in better health, and is giving personal attention to the political situation.

Joseph F. Donoghue, the Newburg (N. Y.) skater, has sailed for Copenhagen. He will endeavor to win the world's championship for fancy skating.

"Billy" Maxwell, the famous temperance lecturer of Elmira, N. Y., died of heart disease Oct. 10. He was 69 years of age.

Congressman Brunner was renominated by the Democrats of the Ninth Pennsylvania district.

Kiernan, the alleged New York Central train wrecker, has been discharged from custody at Albany.

Malcolm W. Ford, the ex-amateur champion all around athlete of America, has been declared a professional.

Officer and Prisoner Mangled.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 13.—Mr. Critchfield, who lives near the Orville switch yards, complained recently to Marshal Porter of the rowdyism of a gang of tramps who occupied an old shanty near his house. Deputy Marshal Boydston, of Orville, arrested James Sweeney and started with him across the tracks to the station. Sweeney resisted, and in the struggle the two men were run over by a passing engine. Boydston was mangled beyond recognition, while Sweeney had his leg crushed at the knee. At the inquest it was brought out that one of Sweeney's friends hit Boydston with a billy and pushed him under the engine, and that Boydston held on to his prisoner and drew him after him. Mike Moran has been arrested on suspicion of the murder.

To Help McKinley.

CANTON, O., Oct. 13.—Hon. M. L. Smyser, who is managing Maj. McKinley's campaign, wires that Speaker Reed will speak in Canton Oct. 17 and Secretary Blaine on Oct. 25. Congressman Burrows was in town and called on Maj. McKinley, promising to make six speeches in the district. McKinley consented to speak in Burrows' district twice during the present month. He will also speak at Cincinnati on Oct. 28. Congressman Bynum will speak for the Democrats on Oct. 17 and Governor Hill is announced to speak on the 23d. Maj. McKinley believes his election is assured.

Socialists in Congress.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The great socialist congress at Halle convened today. The sessions are held in the Hofjaeger restaurant, which is elaborately decorated within and without and floats a huge red flag from the housetop. The delegates have met with an enthusiastic reception, and the outcome of their deliberations is awaited with intense interest. The police do not seem to be taking any unusual notice of the meeting, and the military garrison has been ordered to remain confined in the barracks.

Who "X," "Y" and "Z" Were.

BRADFORD, Pa., Oct. 13.—Ex-Senator Emery has disclosed the names of "X," "Y" and "Z" mentioned in his arraignment of Mr. Delamater. "X" is ex-State Senator Homer J. Hume, who served at Harrisburg from the Fiftieth senatorial district (Crawford county) from 1883 to 1886. "Y" is ex-Representative D. C. Beach, of Meadville, who was in the legislature for the term of 1885-6. "Z" is Daniel O'Dell, a former journalist of Meadville, who is now a resident of a western state.

Female Footpads in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—During the last two weeks more than fifty men have been held up on the downtown streets by women and robbed of all they had. In most instances the women are big and strong, and on exth terms would be no match for their victims, but two or three together can make short work of a man who is bold enough to resist. The majority of the robberies have occurred near police headquarters. The police officials have issued orders to arrest every known street walker.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS.

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

72 BROADWAY.

BALFOUR STILL SEARCHING.

The Government Does Not Believe That O'Brien Has Left England.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 13.—Government detectives have been patrolling the harbor all day in boats, and searching all the tugs and Cunard passenger steamers for the sixteen Umbria and Etruria. Steamers and mail trains arriving from Cork are also searched. It is evident that the authorities do not believe Mr. Patrick Dillon's statement that they have yet succeeded in leaving the country, and hope to intercept them. The steamships themselves have also been thoroughly searched. Mr. W. J. Lee, member of parliament for East Cork, and Mr. John Deasy, member of parliament for West Mayo, will sail in a French steamer for New York, arriving here probably next Sunday. As to the reported famine in Ireland, Mr. Gill said the outlook for the potato crop was favorable. It would probably be a failure, but at present there was no great suffering among the people.

A YOUNG CLUBMAN'S SUICIDE.

The Tragic Death of Walter A. Kernochan, a Wealthy New Yorker.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Walter A. Kernochan, a wealthy young clubman, committed suicide in his room at the Delta Chi club at 10 o'clock Sunday morning by blowing off the top of his head with a revolver. Kernochan returned to the club, where he was found about midnight Saturday night, having spent the evening making several calls. Shortly after he retired to his room. At 5 o'clock the policeman patrolling the beat in front of the club house heard a pistol shot and at once sought admittance to the club. Several of Kernochan's clubmates also heard the pistol shot and all rushed to Kernochan's room.

The dead body of the young man, still clad in the full dress suit he had worn when he came into the club at midnight, was found lying across the bed. Kernochan was 27 years of age, and three years ago inherited a large fortune from his father, John A. Kernochan, a well known capitalist of Pittsfield, Mass. Of late young Kernochan has been a hypochondriac. He imagined himself afflicted with numerous physical ailments, and had employed several doctors to treat him. The suicide was a member of the Calumet club and the New York Jockey club. He left no letter to give a clew to the cause of his death. Some of his friends say he has lately been troubled with insomnia, which may have affected his mind.

Three Murder Cases on Hand.

ALBANY, Oct. 13.—Three murder cases will occupy the attention of the court of appeals of last term, which opened here today, viz.: John O'Connor, charged with murder of John Walker, near Cohoes; John O'Brien, who killed William Meste at Kansers, and William Taylor, charged with murdering his wife at West Troy. It is probable that the case of O'Connor will be called first.

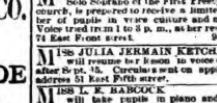
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

Educational.

EDUCATION.
Instruction in Elocution, classor private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alexandrine Bly-Lewis.

MISS ANNETTE KARTHAUS,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Solo soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tested from 2 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture after Sept. 15. Can be seen on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. K. BABCOCK
will take pupils in piano and vocal music on and after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Conservatories of Milan, and Le Grand Howard Gaveau-Bagby-ag. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9 3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON,
A pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Ulbrich, will resume lessons in vocal culture at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others to Prof. Stoffanone, Leonard Grover, New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School of Music, Chicago. 15-2w

MISS FAIRCHILD'S
Kindergarten and School, 46 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make the school life attractive. The primary class includes the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Gymnastics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 23tw*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 25. The Kindergarten will re-open Monday, Sept. 29. For particulars address Miss E. F. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

PODMAN SEMINARY.
No. 28 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DUNDER, Principal. 5-19-6m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sayford and Miss Sampson's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LeGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

He Shot His Sweetheart.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Oct. 13.—August Schultz, a prominent young farmer of Franklin township, went to the house of Christian Lindley, Tuesday, and asked her to marry him. She refused, and he shot her in the breast and instantly blew the cover brains out. Hopes are entertained that the young lady may recover. The young man for some time had been madly in love, and his affection was not reciprocated.

Conductor and Fireman Fatally Hurt.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 13.—A stock train and a section train collided near Lake City, Minn., on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. A heavily loaded train of cattle were killed, the engines were wrecked and Conductor William Day and Fireman M. C. Chamberlain, of the section train, are perhaps fatally injured. The stock train was four minutes slow, and this caused the wreck.

It Looks Like Murder.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 13.—The dead body of William Walton, a hatter, was found Saturday lying in the water of Beaver Brook, three miles east of here. He was last seen on Friday. Bruises on the body raise the suspicion that he was murdered. Walton's father is an Episcopalian minister at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Van Heest Will Fight the Winner.

BUFFALO, Oct. 13.—John Van Heest, who recently fought a draw with Tommy Warren at Bradford, Pa., says he is willing to fight the winner of the Warren-Boucher fight at New Orleans, before either of the clubs there, for a fair purse. He will weigh 118 or 120 pounds.

To Purchase a Home for Mrs. Fremont.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—A committee has been formed to raise from the women of California a fund of $5,000 for the purchase of a suitable home for Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont, and her daughter. About $1,000 has already been subscribed.

The Locomotive's Boiler Blew Up.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Oct. 13.—The boiler of a locomotive on the Chicago and Erie blew up Sunday. Engineer Murphy and Fireman Kirby being badly injured.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to incase the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Segar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Also for them. They are good.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Fine Stock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a good line. Leave orders at

New rooms will be established as rapidly as the business requires.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits the route is

Leaving with the 7.30 and 8.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 5.37 and 7.8 p. m. and 7 p. m. return trips go direct to Washingtonville, the Fourth ward, Netherwood Heights and Park. A heavy load of cattle were killed, the engines were wrecked and Conductor William Day and Fireman M. C. Chamberlain, of the section train, are perhaps fatally injured. The stock train was four minutes slow, and this caused the wreck.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 8.00, a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 8.00, a. m., 1.30, 5.00 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.00 a. m., 2.00, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12.00, 1.44, 5.36, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.; 12.00 night. 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m. Sunday 12.00, 1.44, 5.36, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.; 12.00 night. 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. Leave North Plainfield 5 minutes later. Leave Dunellen 10 minutes later. Leave Metuchen 15 minutes later. Leave Menlo Park 20 minutes later. Leave Metuchen 25 minutes later. Leave Rahway 30 minutes later. Leave Elizabeth 40 minutes later. Leave Newark 50 minutes later. Arrive at Jersey City 60 minutes later. Arrive at New York 70 minutes later. Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, 11.00, 11.58 a. m. 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 9.40, 11.00 a. m. 1.30, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville 5 minutes later. Arrive at Bound Brook 20 minutes later. Arrive at Bridgewater 25 minutes later. Arrive at Raritan 30 minutes later. Arrive at Somerville 35 minutes later. Arrive at Bridgewater 40 minutes later. Arrive at Raritan 45 minutes later. Arrive at Somerville 50 minutes later. Arrive at Bridgewater 55 minutes later. Arrive at Raritan 60 minutes later. Arrive at Somerville

DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

THE ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF MATTER RECEIVED THERE.

Nearly $50,000 in Cash, $5,000 Odd in Postal Notes, About $1,500,000 in Commercial Paper, in One Year's Time. Hints to Letter Senders.

Following is given the full text of a very instructive circular recently issued by the Dead Letter Office of the United States postoffice department. It will be seen that an enormous amount of mail matter annually fails to reach its destination, and that this is the fault in almost every instance of the sender or the party to whom the matter is addressed. Hints and directions that if followed closely will serve to insure correct delivery of mail are also given:

Over six million pieces of mail matter are sent annually to the Dead Letter Office by reason of incorrect, illegible or deficient address, insufficient postage, insecure inclosing, whereby matter mailed becomes separated from the envelope or wrapper, or the failure to be called for or delivered to the person addressed. This is a daily average of over twenty thousand pieces.

Of those the greater portion either are not called for at the postoffice to which they are directed, or, in case of free delivery offices, the addressees cannot be found, notwithstanding every known means is resorted to on the part of the postal officials to effect delivery.

Matter sent to the Dead Letter Office which cannot be delivered to the person addressed is required to be opened in its treatment for the purpose of return to the sender, and if the name and address of the sender be not shown or cannot be ascertained from the contents, and it contains no valuable inclosure, it must be destroyed.

Letters opened and found to contain any inclosure of obvious value are entered upon proper records, and of such those which do not disclose sufficient information to enable them to be returned are filed, subject to reclamation upon proper application and identification.

Letters which contain no inclosure of obvious value are not recorded.

Packages and parcels are recorded, and where they do not disclose the name and address of the owner are filed. If not called for or claimed within two years they are disposed of at public auction, and the proceeds covered into the United States Treasury.

A large proportion of the packages and parcels received at the Dead Letter Office fail to be restored to the owners because of the absence on the wrappers or inclosures of anything to indicate ownership thereof.

Information as to the character and nature of the matter thus received at the Dead Letter Office, and the conditions and influences which occasion its failure to reach the persons to whom the senders designed it to go, may be of interest, and the mere statement of it carry with it suggestions which may serve the public in its exercise of postal privileges.

Of the unclaimed and undelivered mail matter received at the Dead Letter Office during the past fiscal year, four hundred and fifty-one thousand were letters misdirected or only partially addressed—that is, not addressed to a postoffice, or addressed to a postoffice without the state being given, or addressed to a postoffice not in the state named, etc., while twenty-four thousand were entirely blank, bearing no address whatever. Among the latter were frequently found the correspondence of business men, of which a large portion contained inclosures of money, drafts, checks, etc.

Ninety-eight thousand were letters to domestic addresses, "held for postage," together with letters, etc., addressed to Canada and Mexico, matter to these countries being unmailable except upon full prepayment of postage.

One hundred and sixty-five thousand were letters mainly addressed to persons in care of hotels. The guests to whom the letters belonged having departed without leaving their address, or forwarding orders for their mail, they were returned to the postoffice by the hotels and thence sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Forty-two thousand were letters to fictitious addresses, and principally correspondence relating to what is known as "green goods" or "saw dust" swindles, etc., many of them containing money with orders for the purchase of these fraudulent goods. Parties engaged in these fraudulent and unlawful enterprises invariably do so under an assumed name, and when the character and purpose of such persons is discovered by the postal authorities, such matter addressed to them is declared "fictitious" and delivery withheld.

Eighty thousand were parcels of merchandise, books, samples of dry goods, jewelry, etc., etc., many of which were misdirected, while others were without wrapper, having been insecurely inclosed, and others from which the address had become separated and lost.

A large proportion were those upon which the required amount of postage to entitle them to transmission through the mails had not been prepaid, insufficient payment being due to improper inclosing, whereby a higher rate of postage was required.

Twenty-eight thousand contained money amounting in all to $46,642.

Four thousand had inclosures of postal notes in small sums under $5, aggregating $8,300.

Twenty-seven thousand were found to contain drafts, checks, notes, commercial paper, etc., etc., in the sum of $1,471,871, while forty-eight thousand contained paid and canceled obligations, receipts evidencing payments of money, deeds, mortgages, general miscellaneous papers, etc., etc.

Forty-two thousand contained photographs, one thousand contained articles forbidden to be transmitted through the mails, and eleven thousand upon being opened were found to contain lottery tickets, which, under the terms of the law, are declared unmailable.

One hundred and sixty-two thousand contained postage stamps, and were inclosures to secure return answers to the correspondence which they accompanied, or were the remittances in payments of small balances, or accompanying orders for small purchases of merchandise, subscriptions, etc.

Five hundred and thirty-one thousand were letters and forty-one thousand parcels of printed matter, samples, etc., which had been mailed in foreign countries to postoffices within the United States, and failing of delivery were sent to the Dead Letter Office, and thence returned to the postal administrations of their respective countries of origin unopened.

Two hundred and five thousand were letters and forty-seven thousand were parcels, books, samples of merchandise, etc., which had been mailed within the United States addressed to foreign countries, and having failed of delivery at destination were sent to the Dead Letter Office by foreign postal administrations.

Over five million of the letters received at the Dead Letter Office contained no inclosure of obvious value, although doubtless many of them were quite as valuable and important to both sender and addressee as thousands of other letters containing money, checks, stamps, etc., and yet of this immense number of letters over three million bore within either no definite or sufficient address of the writer—in most cases no address whatever—or there was no signature whereby the writer might be identified or determined, without which the Dead Letter Office could not make return.

Misdirection, incorrect, illegible and deficient address are given as leading causes which occasion the failure of mail matter to reach its proper destination, and affect alike that which is addressed to either city, town or village.

In addition to these in the case of matter mailed to cities or free delivery offices are the failure to give street or number, business or occupation, or some designated place of delivery of the person addressed; inability to find transient people, and their neglect to give forwarding orders for their mail; the neglect of permanent or temporary residents to notify the carriers or postoffice of change of place for the delivery of their mail matter upon moving from one part of the city to another, together with the failure of newcomers to furnish the postoffice with their names and places of address. It is to these causes, with others of more or less consequence, that the non-delivery of mail matter is, in the main, attributable, and they are conditions over which the postal service has no control, and may alone be remedied by the people themselves.

The following suggestions, if observed, will aid the dispatch and delivery of matter sent through the mails, or its return directly to the sender in the event of non-delivery, and thus prevent the annoyance, delay and embarrassment caused by sending matter to the Dead Letter Office.

Mail matter should be plainly and correctly addressed, the name of the postoffice to which it is to be sent should be distinctly written or stated, and to avoid confusion from the similarity of abbreviations, as frequently used, the name of the state should be given in full. In the case of mail addressed to offices in states having duplicate names of like names in different states, the name of the county should be added.

As the immense quantity of matter sent through the mails is necessarily required to be handled rapidly by the railway mail clerks and at the postoffices in the cities too much care cannot be exercised in addressing mail matter clearly, plainly and correctly.

Where mail matter is addressed to cities or free delivery boxes the street and house number or postoffice box number of the person addressed are important, and should always be given when it is possible to do so.

Where this cannot be done the business or employment of the person addressed, if stated, will often secure delivery.

In free delivery offices, being in the cities and larger towns—the trade centers of the country—have a large, varying, transient population, which cannot be known to the postoffice officials in the same degree as in the smaller places, and delivery is therefore rendered more difficult; and where recourse must be had to city directories they are often found imperfect and incomplete, so that the means of ascertaining the location of the addressee frequently is found wanting, and delivery fails because the person is not known or cannot be found.

A small proportion only of the mail received at the free delivery offices is called for at the general delivery of the postoffice, the public expecting delivery by the letter carriers; and hence the importance of giving street and number or some other designation whereby the person addressed may be found.

Matter mailed to cities and free delivery offices addressed without street and number or some other designation will be delivered upon it into the general delivery, subject to be called for, and of such matter the statistics of the postoffices of some of the larger cities show that not more than 25 per cent. is called for.

Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the letter carrier system is in operation should be marked "transient" or "general delivery," if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

The name and address of the sender, either printed or written, should be placed upon the upper left hand corner of the envelope or wrapper of all matter mailed.

This will secure its immediate return to the sender from the mailing office for correction if improperly addressed, insufficiently paid or otherwise defective, thus affording opportunity to comply with the postal regulations and requirements, and place the matter in proper condition to enable it to be all the privileges of the mails, and is especially important in the case of packages and other matter mailable at less than letter rate of postage, which is restricted to certain conditions and requirements as to weight, size, manner of inclosure, etc.

Letters and all other matter mailed, in addition to the name and address of the sender, that should fail to be called for or delivered to the person addressed, and upon which full letter rates of postage has been paid, are not sent to the Dead Letter Office, but are returnable to the sender directly—without additional charge, and with the reason of non-delivery indorsed thereon.

The above suggestions in respect to the return of unclaimed and undelivered mail matter directly to the sender from the postoffice addressed refers only to letters and other mail matter upon which full letter postage has been paid.

Packages and all matter mailed at less than letter rates of postage should, in addition to the name and address of the sender upon the envelope or wrapper, bear in connection therewith a request for its return in the event of non-delivery, in which case it is also returnable directly to the sender from the postoffice addressed, charged with return postage at the rate required for the class of matter to which it belongs.

The distinction, under the postal regulations, as regards the return of unclaimed and undelivered matter is, that letters and other matter prepaid at full letter rates are returnable free, whereas matter mailable at less than letter postage requires the payment of return postage.

If it be borne in mind that only such unclaimed and undelivered letters and other matter prepaid at full letter rates of postage do not bear the name and address of the sender, and such other matter mailed at less than letter rates of postage as does not bear a request for its return, is required to be sent to the Dead Letter Office, the importance of the suggestions in respect to placing the name and address of the sender, etc., on all matter mailed is apparent.

All matter mailable at less than letter rates of postage must be so wrapped or inclosed that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as at the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper, otherwise it is subject to letter postage.

Much of the package and parcel matter received at the Dead Letter Office is that which has been deposited for mailing sealed and closed against inspection, and prepaid at less than letter rate, being unmailable in such condition, and the name and address of the sender not appearing upon the cover, therefore it might be returned for correction, and proper compliance with postal conditions, it necessarily is sent to the Dead Letter Office.

A large proportion of the packages sent to the Dead Letter Office are addressed to foreign countries.

In addition to being sealed or closed against inspection and deficient in postage many of them contain articles that are unmailable through the post because of customs regulations and conditions of the countries to which they are addressed, or exceed the limit of size and weight.

In such cases, if the name and address of the sender does not appear, the parties addressed are notified that the package will be forwarded by express at their expense, or returned to the sender if they will furnish the proper address in this country.

With no knowledge of the value of the package or by whom mailed the addressee often declines to direct it to be forwarded and pay the charges, and the sender being unknown to the Dead Letter Office it eventually takes the course provided for other unclaimed matter of its class.

All mailing packages addressed to foreign countries care should be taken to ascertain whether they are prohibited from transmission to the country of destination, or can only be forwarded when the postage is fully prepaid at foreign letter rates—five cents per half ounce.

Only bona fide trade samples are transmissible at reduced rates of postage.

Persons desiring to mail matter other than letters to foreign countries should consult their postmasters, who, being provided with the postal laws and regulations, are enabled to give proper information respecting conditions, etc., etc., of mailing to foreign countries.

All valuable matter to be sent by mail should be registered. It will thus receive such protection as it is not always possible to give it matter sent in the ordinary mails. Money should be sent by money order or registered letter.

Proprietors of hotels should omit the return request from envelopes supplied gratuitously to their guests, and guests using envelopes furnished by hotels should be careful to designate what disposal should be made of letters sent by them in case of non-delivery.

On mail matter to foreign countries, especially Canada and England, in which many postoffices have the same names as offices in the United States, the name of the country as well as postoffice should be given in full.

In mailing packages and parcels—books, pamphlets and other articles—by mail the address should be placed on the article inclosed as well as on the wrapper.

Should the wrappers become detached, as they frequently do, through the handling incident to mail transportation by sea or land, it may still be possible to restore the article if this precaution is taken.

While the efficiency of the postal system and service has attained high standard, the public may materially aid in the fuller and more complete delivery of its mail matter, or the prompt return of the same to the sender in the event where delivery from any cause cannot be effected, if the foregoing suggestions are conformed to.

D. P. LEIBHARDT,
Superintendent.

Trade marks were known in ancient Babylon. China had them as early as 1,000 B. C. They were authorized in England by the first patent law, the invention of printing, it said, to have had a benefit over his trade mark.

STARTING RIGHT WITH HIM.

He Had to Ask It, and They Probably Lived Happily.

A vivid blush dyed the cheek of the young girl.

Archie Proft was about to propose.

"Sardinia," he said, "may—may"——

"Well, Archie"——

"I—I—was going to say, Sardinia—I was going to say that"——

"Yes, you were going to say that"——

"Yes," he broke in eagerly, "I was going to say that I—that I"——

"Well, what were you going to say?"

"Why, I was—I was"——

Young Mr. Proft clutched at his collar to loosen it, cleared his throat and tried it again.

"Why, the fact is"——

"Yes, Archie, the fact is"——

"That I—that what I—I"——

"Yes. You—you"——

"I—I have forgotten what I was going to say."

"Oh, Archie! How could you?"

"No, I haven't!" said the poor fellow desperately, "I remember now. I was going to—to ask"——

"Yes, Archie, you were going to ask"——

"That it! I was going to ask—Sardinia, don't you know what I was going to ask?"

"I am not a mind reader, Mr. Proft."

"Don't mock me, Sardinia! Try to read my heart!"

"I think I can, Archie," she said softly. "You want to ask me"——

"That's right" he said encouragingly. "Go ahead!"

"To be"——

"Yes, yes—to be'—go on! Go on!"

"To be your"——

"That's right! 'To be my'"——

"Your—your"——

"Yes. 'My—my'—why don't you go ahead? You're the bashfulest girl I ever saw."

"I—I can't say it, Archie!"

"Yes, you can. 'To be my'—what's the rest of it? Don't let a little thing like that fluster you. Be a brave girl, Sardinia!"

"I can't say it!"

"Oh, yes, you can. Speak it right out!"

"You wanted to ask me to be your wife, Archie."

"That's it!" he exclaimed in triumph. "You see how easily it is done." And he patted her head majestically. "All you want is a little courage."

"Was that what you wished to ask me?"

"Of course it was!"

"Then why don't you do it, sir?"

"Me? Great Christopher! You know what I"——

"Yes, sir. I knew it all the time. I've known it for six months. But you've got to ask it. Get down on your knees!"

"Why, Sardinia! what's the use of my"——

"Down on your knees!"

He flopped down, and the imperious young beauty made him repeat after her the necessary question. She promised to take it under advisement, and give him a favorable answer if she found upon inquiry that he had been always good to his mother. And then she permitted him to rise, the most thoroughly humiliated young man in America.—Chicago Tribune.

Effect of Caffeine.

Caffeine has not the property of taking the place of food; it does nothing but replace the general tonic stimulation produced by taking food. For in fact if it prevent at all, it has the direct immediate action of food which stimulates the stomach and the nervous system, and that its alimentary value has primitively nothing to do with it, one stimulant could be substituted for another under these conditions. But caffeine, so far from economizing our reserves, will only put a man deprived of food in a condition to resume work by drawing on these reserves, of which it hastens the destruction by stimulating the nervous system and, through its intermediary, that of the muscles. From that moment the organism will soon exhaust its nutritive stock, and caffeine will not be able to prevent it, though being of indubitable yet temporary use for the physical forces. —Paris Herald.

Ingalls in the Chair.

Ingalls is the best presiding officer in the senate. Others are called to the chair, but none is his equal. His pronunciation of the names of the states is scrupulously correct. He never says "Minnesoty" or "North Carliny," "Minnesota" and "Carolina" are brought out with distinctness. In this he differs from Vice President Morton, who always says "North Dakoty" and "Minnesoty." Ingalls gives the Indian names the full benefit of their virgin pronunciation. After a man has heard Ingalls say "The senator from Ark-ansaw" he will never speak of Ar-kansas again.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

A Queer Birthmark.

One of nature's strange freaks may be seen on a farm four miles north of Ottawa, Kan. It is a colt, not unlike other colts, except in one thing. Beginning on a line with the lower part of the nostrils, and extending to a point just below the eyes, is a perfect outline of a rattlesnake. Its mouth and eyes are perfectly formed. On its tail seven rattles and a button may be distinctly seen, and stranger still, the outline of the snake is raised, being about as large as a lead pencil, and not a hair on it.—Kan's Horn.

The Maid Knew Him.

Mistress (to her maid)—Did any one call during my absence, Marie?

Marie—Yes, madame; Monsieur Pommier.

"Monsieur Pommier? I don't know such a man."

"I know him, madame. He came to see me."—Texas Siftings.

"When you eat fish," said a distinguished physician, "don't eat anything else with it. Bones are apt to slip into the throat, or cake or cracker, or the potatoes or anything else you eat with the fish, and thus become lodged in the throat."

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not affect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we sh uld like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.,
12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help this over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our entire stock of Teas before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery to North Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State.
Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c., worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Sarah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.
AT
V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very low.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we have the best 50c that Rue, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 63 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Spade kid, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, Spade kid, for $1.45.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we have most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proot Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But th y won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in

HOUSE-FURNISHINGS.

and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-10-1p.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Thomas J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.
Furniture Express
30 WEST FRONT STREET.
(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 69 East Second street, corner of Washington

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, slate and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors, Box 1208

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
21 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In size to suit the trade. This coal was bought early this season at low prices, and we are able to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for the rapid handling of coal. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping cars, enables us to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is stored in the highest and driest location. Telephone 125. Lumber and coal always on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner of short notice.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads for a specimen job. Contract approved of by the Board of Health. Prompt attention paid to ordering. Orders received at Post Box 1208, Residence of Jones, Locust Grove, Garden and 7th Streets, or at Office, 30 Somerset st.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE W. KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—Golden rod being nationalized will have to be grown by the florists now.

—The State Y. P. S. C. E. convention will meet in Camden on the 29th inst.

—Organization of mechanical drawing classes at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Somerset County Republican Convention convened at Somerville to-day.

—Corner loafing in certain sections of the city is carried on to an alarming extent.

—The Hop Pharmacy Co., have an announcement for you in their adv. to-day.

—The Union County Court room at Elizabeth is being renovated by order of Judge Van Syckle.

—The Borough Common Council will meet in adjourned session next Friday evening at eight o'clock.

—It is generally conceded that under the new apportionment, New Jersey will gain an additional member for Congress.

—The Secretary of the Home Building and Loan Association makes an interesting statement in another column to-day.

—There is a glut in the New York markets. Hundreds of tons of grapes being offered for sale, retail at three cents per pound.

—The Union County Court has granted Ira and Tavern licenses to Fred Schaufflein and Aug. Schmidt, both of Linden.

—Pepper pickles want to be served up after they have been stuffed with chopped cabbage, and before they have been put in vinegar.

—The Plainfield Assembly No. 42 Non Secret Endowment will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The public is invited.

—Mr. Geo. L. Van Emburg of the Committee on Boys' work of the Y. M. C. A. will conduct the meeting of the Young Mens' Auxiliary this evening.

—To-morrow evening in Amphion Hall there is to be a select sociable, for which invitations are out. Rainy weather will not prevent the occurrence.

—An important idea for afternoon teas is a beverage made of young leaves of the strawberry plant after they have been dried, and prepared like tea leaves.

—The Board of Health is in session in the various wards of this city to-day. The hours are from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. If you value your vote see that your name is on the list.

—In 1797 the Legislature of New Jersey enacted that "no fair or fairs shall hereafter be held in any city, town, or place in this State," and the law has never been repealed.

—Farmers in this vicinity say the corn crop will not be as good as anticipated, owing to the cold and damp weather. The stalks are large, but ears are not filled well, and there is much soft corn.

—The Directors of the Music Hall Association have decided to light the large chandelier, which hangs from the dome, by electricity and men are engaged to-day wiring the building for that purpose.

—The members of Engine Company No. 1, took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening at eight o'clock. The steamer took water from the well on Putnam avenue and Franklin place and is said to have worked satisfactorily.

—The State Council of the Jr. O. U. A. M. will convene in Newark next Thursday. It is the regular annual session and bids fair to be a lively one as the annual, election of officers takes place. Delegates from Franklin Council of this city will be in attendance.

—A fair for the benefit of the school fund was given by the Ladies' Aid Society, connected with the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society in Turn Hall last evening. There was a large crowd present and all apparently enjoyed themselves. The display of articles was very pretty and the proceeds will swell the treasury handsomely. Dancing was carried on from 10 until 12.

—Rev. William R. Richardson will entertain the young men of the city at Y. M. C. A. rooms Thursday evening of this week. The relation of incidents and experiences pertaining to college life will no doubt be fully appreciated by our young men. This will be the first of a series of popular talks to be given under the auspices of the Association during the season. Admission free.

—The American Protective Tariff League has just issued in pamphlet form a complete refutation of the claims of the Free-Traders that our manufactured products are sold to the foreign consumer at a lower price than for home consumption. The subject of this document is "Export Discounts" and if you desire a copy enclose a two cent stamp to the American Protective Tariff League, 23 West Twenty-third street, N. Y. This document is No. 13. In ordering use number only.

A RESIDENCE DESTROYED.

The Handsome Home of George I. Seeney a Mass of Charred Ruins.

The palatial country residence of George I. Seeney, in Bernardsville was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

The inmates were awakened by the stifling smoke that filled their sleeping apartments and had just time enough to escape in their night clothes, so rapid was the advance of the flames.

Nothing was saved, the loss being total. The house was richly furnished, and many rare pictures and costly bric-a-brac were destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The loss on the cottage is placed at $15,000, and that on the furniture at a like amount. A wealthy woman, said to be Mrs. John Simpson of New York, who was visiting Mrs. Seeney at the time, is reported to have lost $20,000 worth of diamonds in the fire. Her wallet, containing a large amount of money, was saved, but the case of diamonds could not be reached.

At the Boys' Club Last Night.

Last evening Central Hall presented an attractive appearance. One hundred and eight boys were seated around the different tables, playing games, reading books, and the low hum of voices, and the bright faces made it evident that they enjoyed their surroundings.

The club is now in the hands of John C. Collins, the originator and organizer of Boys' Clubs in the United States and Canada. His name has appeared often in the papers, of late, that all now know who he is. He was present last night, with the Superintendent, Mr. W. H. Miner, who he has brought from New Haven. Mr. Miner will live in Plainfield and will identify himself with the interests of our city. The Executive Board have agreed to accept Mr. Collins' plan of work for boys, and the club will be open every week night, free, from seven to nine o'clock.

The many friends of the club, who have expressed themselves as willing to assist the superintendent by playing games with the boys, reading, singing etc., are needed now.

The committee would like a draft of workers who will take an evening each week so that there may be a regular system of assistance.

Two things are needed at once for the club. A piano and a stove. Should there be any one who would loan or pay the rent of a piano, the committee would feel pleased and relieved. If a stove could be sent either as a gift or at a reduction in price, the ball would be all ready for Winter use. The committee urges all the citizens to come and see them at work.

Five Years for Horse Stealing.

Peter J. Howard, alias Harrington, the young man who was charged with stealing the horse and carriage from Col. Potter, of Linden, was arraigned in the Union County Court yesterday for sentence.

Col. Potter was sworn, and testified that he engaged Howard at the Y. M. C. A., rooms in New York, on Thursday, Aug. 28th. On Sunday morning Howard was missed, and on going to the stable Col. Potter found that his horse and carriage were also gone.

He traced the thief to New York and secured his arrest and recovery of the property.

The court imposed a sentence upon the young prisoner of five years in State prison. Howard was very pale, and when the sentence was pronounced he burst into tears.

Middlesex Committee.

Following is the newly appointed Republican County Executive Committee for Middlesex County. Perth Amboy—Moses Morris, Chas. Cluny; Piscataway—Charles A. Corlell, S. Y. Runyon; Woodbridge—J. H. T. Martin, L. P. Melick; New Brunswick—C. J. Carpenter, J. M. Buckalew, Robert Carson, J. S. Doyle, C. H. Rogers, W. Read, J. Van Pelt, S. D. W. Owens, Thomas Corrigan; Monroe—C. B. Stults, C. Smith; Sayreville—Robert D. Conger; South Amboy—R. T. Applegate, E. D. Everett; South Brunswick—I. F. Bennett, A. Bayliss; Cranbury—W. H. Fette; East Brunswick—C. Freider, B. Herbert, C. Hofsapp; Madison—Harry Cottrell.

Jr. O. U. A. M.

Although there are a number of Councils to hear from the indication are that the effort to change the name of the Jr. O. U. A. M. to Order of United Americans has been defeated by over 4,000 votes. The total vote reported in a few days was about 10,000, of which 11,000 was for the old name and 7,000 for the new. It is quiet probable that when the returns are in the majority will be increased to about 5,000 votes. The State of Pennsylvania gave a majority for the old name of over 5,000, while New Jersey voted 300 majority in favor of a change.

Firemen to Parade.

To-morrow morning Plainfield Fire Engine No. 2, will leave this city at six o'clock to participate in the firemen's parade which is to take place at Perth Amboy. The members of the company have been engaged for some time past polishing the steamer and it is expected that when the sun strikes the highly polished brass to-morrow the effect will be dazzling to the eyes.

The members of the company will leave in stages at seven o'clock. The Plainfield Cornet Band will accompany them.

The New Casino.

Wiremen have been engaged for some two weeks past wiring the new Casino on West Seventh street for electric lighting. It will require 300 lights to illuminate the main building, and 50 lights will be placed in the basement which will be used as a bowling alley. What completed the building will be one of the best equipped in the State, and the members of the Union County Country Club justly feel proud of it.

Fire.

—In the corner of the usual Fall struggle with the stove pipe you may get soot on the carpet. Don't get angry and belch forth words that leave a streak of blue behind them, but just calmly throw an equal quantity of salt on the soot, sweep it all up together, and it, not a spot remains.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, even if contrary to the views of the editor. We reserve the right to reject any letter that is not couched in proper language, and would always endorse their name, not necessarily for publication.]

Henry George Wants to Know a Man.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Plainfield parties made an agreement with Henry George some time ago by which the great single tax advocate promised to come here and debate the Tariff question on the last Friday in the month. Since then Henry George has been so busy that he has forgotten the names of the committee, and has written to Plainfield to find out who they are. Who are they and who is going to meet George to settle the protectionist side of the question?

THIRD WARD.

Harmonious Conventions.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have attended a large number of Conventions during my life time, but in all my experience I never attended any in which such harmony prevailed as the Republican Convention held in Elizabeth a short time ago and the Assembly Convention held at Westfield yesterday. We are bound to win.

GEO 49TH.

Saturday's Races.

There was some lively trotting on the track of the Gentlemen's Driving Park on Park avenue Saturday afternoon, and it was witnessed by a large number of persons.

The first race was between Mr. J. H. Foster's "Amboy" and the Woodbrook Farm "Colonel." "Amboy" won the first heat in 2.48 1-4, and "Colonel" the second in 2.48 1-2. The third heat was postponed.

The second race was participated in by M. Quinn's colt "Kitty Pilot" and the Woodbrook Farm colt "Peter." "Kitty Pilot" won the first heat in 2.55 3-4, and "Peter" the second heat in 2 57 1-2. The final heat was postponed.

The third race, was between John Hayes' "Andy" and Peter Osborne's "Blanche Warwick," "Andy" won. Time 2 44 and 2.44 1 2.

The fourth race was contested by C C. Vail's "Frank S.," and J. H. Foshor's "Frank F.," and C. T. Herring's "Copeland," "Frank S." won both heats. Time 2.32 1-2 and 2.33 1-2. "Frank F." came in second and "Copeland" third. This race was the most interesting event of the day as it was trotted by the fastest and best horses owned in Plainfield.

The fifth race was between Mr. Quinn's "Shamrock" and Charles Brower's, "Sweepstakes," "Shamrock" won. Time 2.48.

There will be good racing next Saturday afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Miss Marguerite McBride of Seventh street is visiting her parents in New York.

Mr. Charles Schepflin of the firm of Schepflin & Co., is on a business trip in the South.

The usual fallings off in railroad travel, after the fashionable outing season, is now noticeable.

Nicholas Diesser was buried from his late home, South avenue, Bridgewood this afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. A. W. Haviland and family have returned to their home on Rockview avenue from a pleasant stay in Canada.

Mr. Milton Barkalew of the firm of Barkalew & Dunn in this city and Miss Fannie Kissam of Westfield are to be united in marriage to-morrow.

The Rev. Mr. Serad, the pastor of the Dunellen M. E. Church, Saturday evening married Mr. Frank Covey and Miss Hannah Johnson both of that place.

The funeral services over the remains of the late William E. Jones will take place from his late residence on Somerset street, North Plainfield, Thursday afternoon at two o'clock, and from the First Baptist church at 2:30 p. m.

Louis Bleeker, the oldest son of Benjamin A., and Maria P. Mumford, died at the home of his parents on Arlington avenue yesterday afternoon. Deceased was in the twenty-third year of his age, and was well known and highly respected in this community. His funeral will take place from his late residence Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

—Rice's "Evangeline" is to be presented at Music Hall to-morrow evening.

—The messenger boys in the employ of the New Jersey Postal Telegraph company look quite neat in their new uniforms.

—A number of stoves, etc., comprising a part of the stock of Cortney Bros., will be sold at Auction on the 21st inst, for the benefit of their creditors.

—Mr. Alexander Thirworth, the president, publishes a card in our special notices which should be read by the members of the Exempt Firemens Association.

—The Young Peoples' Society of the Dunellen Presbyterian church will celebrate its fourth anniversary in the lecture room of the church next Thursday evening.

—Trinity Commandery No. 77, Knights Templar at a meeting held last evening, conferred the Order of Temple on one candidate. The Sir Knights appeared in full uniform.

—Patrick Kisly, the unfortunate man who fell a distance of twenty-five feet while trimming trees on Central avenue a few days ago and who died Saturday evening from lockjaw, was buried from St. Mary's church this morning at half-past nine o'clock. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

—Good times are being reported from all over the country, as a result of the increased confidence on the part of those interested in home industries. The loans by Secretary Windom have relieved the money strain, the result of the general fear caused by the uncertainty due to the Tariff debate now so happily settled. The fall crops in Dakota have been unusually to work night and day, another has already begun.

"BETTER LATE THAN NEVER."

The Bi Club to Give a 'House Warming' to their Fair Helpers.

A regular business meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle club was held in the Club House parlor last evening. President Rushmore occupied the chair. The announcement that the Loan Certificates were ready had brought out an unusually large number of the members. After the minutes had been read and approved, the secretary pro tem, Mr. David Lenox announced that Messrs. Erickson and Tracy wished to become members of the club. Their names were submitted separately and both were unanimously elected. Two resignations were also received. One was from Mr. Geo. C. Martin Jr., as Secretary of the club. This was made necessary on account of his removal to Kansas City. The announcement was received with exaggerated groans and deep regrets, for Mr. Martin is one of the most popular members in the club.

The proposal for a foot-ball team was sanctioned by the club and the work of organizing will begin at once.

It was decided that for the purpose of encouraging athletics the club would pay the entrance fee of all its members who entered cinder track, cross country or road-races, provided they raced under the club colors.

To cancel an obligation of long standing to their many friends among the fair sex it was decided to give them a good old fashioned house warming on the club house within a few weeks. The date will be fixed and duly announced by the committee appointed.

Mr. David Lenox was unanimously elected to fill the position of secretary made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Martin.

After some discussion it was decided to give a club dinner on Thursday evening Oct. 23d. The meeting then adjourned.

THE NEW LAW.

Judge Lanning on the Duties of Election Officers.

Wednesday, October 15th.—On that date each of the registry or poll clerks should post in a conspicuous public place within the district a correct list of the names entered on the registers, with residences and street numbers, if any. Both of these lists should be certified by the Board of Registry and Election, or a majority thereof, to be correct copies of the original registers. (See Section 9.)

On or before the date, the certificates and petitions of nominations of candidates for the General Assembly must be filed with the County Clerk. These certificates and petitions must be accompanied with the written acceptance of each candidate, otherwise the names of the candidates shall not be printed on the official ballots. (See Section 30.)

On or before this date, the Secretary of State should certify to the County Clerk the names of the candidates for Congress to be voted for in the county. (See Section 21.)

Thursday, October 16th.—On or before this day the Board of Registry and Election should forward to the County Clerk all affidavits made before them on October 14th, by persons claiming that they will be entitled to vote on November 4th. (See Section 16.

City Court Notes.

During last night the police found a respectable looking woman lying on Eighth street. They took her into custody and this morning when arraigned before City Judge Codington she informed that official that she had been looking for her sister's house, but in the darkness, had lost her way and being exhausted had laid down by the wayside to rest. As there was no charge against her the Judge discharged her.

Samuel Gibson, a man who is said to be degenerate, was found on the streets by the police last night. He was locked up in the station house during the night and this morning friends called for him and took him home.

Thomas Lyons' wife complained to the police last night that her husband had assaulted her. The latter was arrested but when arraigned before City Judge Codington this afternoon no one was present to press the charge, and the accused was accordingly discharged.

—Stephen R. Muller of Summit was yesterday nominated as the Republican candidate for the assembly in the Second District of this county.

—John Dorgan paid a ten dollar fine into the City Treasury yesterday. It was imposed by City Judge Codington and the charge against him was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—A lady who, while preparing dinner, severely burned her wrist, the other day, says there is no better remedy for scalds and burns than the one she used, and which healed the sore in a few days. It is simply common molasses spread on a piece of paper the size of the wound and pasted over it. The remedy is cheap and certainly worth trying.

Died.

MUMFORD—In this city, Oct. 13th, Louis Bleeker, eldest son of Benjamin A., and Maria P. Mumford in his 23d year of his age.

Funeral services from the residence of his parents 179 Arlington avenue, Thursday Oct. 16th, at 3 p. m. Interment private.

14-2*It.

JONES—In North Plainfield, Oct. 12th, William E. Jones, aged 62 years.

Funeral services from his late residence, 203 Somerset street, Thursday, Oct. 16th, at 2 p. m. and from the First Baptist church at 2:30 p. m.

14-2*It.

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Rossiter Metal Roofing Paint. Water proof and very durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 29 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the Plainfield Trust. Bro. Wm. E. Hall, City Hotel.

11-12

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

SOMERSET COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield Chosen as Candidate for Senator.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Oct. 14, (8pm tel)—The Republicans of North Plainfield held their primary saturday evening in the basement of the public school to select delegates for the County Convention.

Councilman B. A. Hageman Jr., called the meeting to order, and Mr. T. W. Morrison was chosen chairman, Mr. Horace Martin secretary and Messrs. B. A. Hageman, Jr., William C. Smith, Dr. J. H. Carman, George Conover and ex-Mayor Cooley were elected delegates.

They took part in the convention which met at Somerville to-day, and selected as the Republican candidate for Senator on the first ballot, Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield. Mr. A. G. Anderson was chosen as chairman of the convention and Mr. H. N. Spencer of North Plainfield was selected as secretary.

Mr. John H. Schomp of Harlingen, Montgomery township, was unanimously elected candidate for Assembly, and Peter N. Van Nuis of Hillsborough for County Clerk.

For coroners, Messrs. A. I. Stilwell of Bridgewater Dr. Fred Jones of Bernards and William H. Merrell of Hillsborough were chosen.

The convention is in session as we go to press.

Cent-a-Word Column.

BARGAIN—Upright piano for sale, in first class order. Address "B. B." Post office.

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14 f

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East third street. Inquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14tf.

FOR SALE—A large first-class watch dog. 229 West Front street. 9-6

FOR SALE—Two good hounds. Address Cyrus Wilcox, Westfield, N. J. 14 3

FOR RENT—A good square piano, $3 per month. 43 West Fifth street. 9tf, tw

FOR SALE—Warwick safety bicycle, cheap. Perfect condition. Ridden six weeks. Address Geo. W. Morrison, agent, Plainfield, N. J. 10-4tf

MIDDLE-AGED woman wants a position to do general house-work in small family. Good weather and kind. References. Address box 10 Grant avenue. Mrs. Ward. 13-3

SITUATION wanted as coachman by a married colored man, city or country. Thoroughly understands farming and gardening. For address colored man, 29 Plainfield avenue.

TRUCK FARM for sale. Eleven acres with good house and barn, two miles from Plainfield. Apply to W. C. Bosler, 1 East Front street. 13tf.

TO EXCHANGE—Ladies' silver watch for baby carriage. In good order. 33 Manning avenue.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED—A cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-tf*

WANTED—Nurse for young babe and growing child. Only reference required. Central avenue.

WANTED—A competent chambermaid and waitress. Apply to 35 Lafayette avenue. 14-2

WANTED—At once, a girl for light house-work. Enquire at 39 Somerset street, 1st floor, Bruner preferred. 13tf.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor made; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-9-m

ATTENTION EXEMPT FIREMEN. Members of the Exempt Firemen Association of Plainfield, N. J., are requested to meet in their rooms on Wednesday evening Oct. 15th, inst, at 8 o'clock to make arrangements to attend the funeral of their late brother W. B. Jones. By order,

R. TITSWORTH, President.

CLAIRVOYANT. Mrs. Dr. Edwards having fully recovered, will remain for a few weeks longer, before she leaves for the South. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., as usual, at the City Hotel, room 1. Call at once, as this is the last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c and $1. 8-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons instead of being a task, are in the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes address Prof. L. Vivart, the only authorized director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 283. 10-9tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER. Grocer and undertaker, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lime bought from every day, cheaper than elsewhere. Cement, whitewash, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade sauerkraut.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS can have their carpets cleaned, shave or hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop 16 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's.

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, Plants, flowering plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGHLAND DRY LOTS, suitable for suburban homes. Inquire of Mrs. 127 Hillside avenue.

8-10-3y

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 43 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "rather than lookers." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11. DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

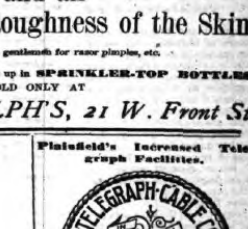
It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin.

IMPERSENABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES. SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

Plainfield's Increased Telegraph Facilities.



"THE NEW JERSEY POSTAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY," organized recently under the laws of this State, with the view of establishing a general system of telegraph to all large cities and towns, has opened its doors to the public at 5 Park avenue this city. The company operates in close relation with the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, and the Commercial Cables of Mackay-Bennett to all parts of the world.

Everett Frazee of Orange, is the President, and Joseph A. McClave of Jersey City, associated with the Postal Company in New York, is the General Manager; Benjamin O. Bowers, of this city, is one of the Directors and the chairman of the Executive Committee. William Thompson is also associated with the new company. New lines are now being extended to Montclair, Orange, Paterson, Plainfield, New Brunswick, Elizabeth, Rahway, Bound Brook, Somerville and many other towns as rapidly as possible—eventually to reach Long Branch and Seashore points. The system of the Post-1 Co. embraces 50,000 miles of land lines and 12000 offices. The Commercial Cables (the most substantial ever constructed) embrace 8000 miles of Ocean Cables and it is truly said to be the greatest and largest competitive system ever organized. The messengers will be soldierly and handsomely uniformed and will be provided with bicycles for the speedy delivery of messages.

The office is to be open day and night. The combined services will consist of "Telegraph," "Cable," "Telephone," "Messenger service," and send electrical department for the supply, construction and maintenance of "Private Lines," "Signaling," "Electric Bells," "Annunciators," "Burglar Alarms," Electric Lighting," "Interior and Exterior wiring of all kinds." The

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 340 PARK STREET AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD PUBLISHING HOUSE, PLAINFIELD P. O. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

Once more it is claimed that the air ship has been successfully invented. One expansion which was really moderately successful has been made. The air ship is worked by propellers, and is steerable. It traveled several miles in an hour and three-quarters.

The decision of Judge Thayer in the case of three men arrested for peddling the "Kreutzer Sonata" through the streets of Philadelphia does not agree with the verdict of Postmaster General Wanamaker. Judge Thayer discharged the arrested men, deciding that the "Sonata" was not an immoral book, though he pronounced it a silly one. He declares Tolstoi's conclusion that celibacy is better than marriage to "insane fanaticism," but says, "The insane fanaticism which has brought the author's mind to the absurd conclusion he has reached is a fanaticism not of vice, but of virtue." Therefore the "Kreutzer Sonata" may be hawked through the streets of Philadelphia by the million copies under the very nose of Mr. Wanamaker when he happens to be at home.

A Compressed Air Motor.

It may be that the next general motive power of the world will not be electricity, but merely common air, compressed air. In France there is already a railway in operation whose trains are thus propelled. In the French car storage tanks of compressed air are carried. When they are exhausted they are taken out at the stations along the way and replaced by other filled tanks. Thus the car runs by a method somewhat similar, to that employed by the storage electrical batteries.

In New York, however, an inventor believes he has perfected an air compressor which fills itself as the car goes on. The compressor is upon the car. The inventor claims that by the motion of the car the air is carried into the tank which automatically compresses it, and that when once started it can go on forever without stopping. The car must first be started by horses, but after it has been pulled some thirty feet the compressor becomes filled and is at work, and will thereafter meet the requisitions of this air motor unaided.

A steam injector takes steam from a boiler, and uses it to again throw water into the boiler. By a principle similar to this the air motor is supposed to work. Anything that promises to release horses from the streets of a city is worth careful trial.

Grievances of "Tommy Atkins."

In the English vernacular "Tommy Atkins" is the familiar name for the British soldier. It was Tommy Atkins of the Second battalion of grenadiers, who showed up mutinous last summer, and was sent to Bermuda in consequence. Why he did so is shown in the English Nineteenth Century by Arthur W. Palmer, who was himself a private soldier and took the "queen's shilling," which means a shilling a day—twenty-five cents—the pay of a British soldier.

Arthur W. Palmer draws a picture which makes an American wonder why the whole British army did not mutiny long ago. He avows himself a strict disciplinarian, and believes a soldier may be guilty of offences for which death itself would not be too severe a punishment.

But Tommy Atkins' grievances. These are, first, that he is enlisted under false pretenses. Seductive pasted bills inform that if he enlists everything will be found him, and he has only to draw his shilling a day. Once in, he finds that nothing is furnished him for food except three-quarters of a pound of meat and one pound of bread a day. If he wants fruits, vegetables, tea, coffee or milk he must buy them all out of the queen's shilling. He has even to pay for the soap with which he cleans the floors of his barrack room. Even the meat that is dealt out to him is not always weighed with strict accuracy. It is the joke of every drill sergeant to tell new recruits that a soldier should always have a full chest and an empty stomach. To which a witty Irishman once said: "Begorra, there's no use in remindin' me o' that, for since I 'listed me chest has always been fuller than me stomach, glory be to God; an' if I thought the 'queen was so hard up she'd have never taken her shillin'—I'd have given one."

Many of the recruits enlist from hunger and poverty, and to stint their food is disgrace and cruelty.

Clothing? The infantry soldier gets on joining the army two shirts and three pairs of socks. These must last him seven years, or he must buy new ones out of his twenty-five cents a day. In Lord Wolseley's pocket manual for soldiers' instruction he tells Tommy Atkins that a shirt turned inside out, brushed with a stiff brush and hung up in the sun to dry shall be considered "cleaned."

But the worst disgrace of all is on board troop ships. Here the private soldier is treated "more like a pig than a human being."

TO STOP THEIR FLIGHT.

A British Cruiser May Intercept Dillon and O'Brien.

THE GOVERNMENT'S HUGE SCHEME

If the Fugitives Are on an English Ship a Man-of-War Will Be Dispatched from Halifax to Cut Off Their Escape to America.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—It is officially stated that if the government ascertain that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien are aboard a vessel flying the British flag they will order a man-of-war to be dispatched from Halifax to intercept the vessel and arrest the fugitives. In that case the prisoners will at once be brought back to England.

Are They on a French Steamer?

The general belief is, however, that they took a French steamer from Havre.

Alleged Name of the Fugitives.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Chronicle's Paris dispatch says: "A private dispatch from Havre says that Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien have landed on the Brittan coast and are journeying to Paris."

A Holocaust in London.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The four story building on Middle street, occupied by Rowley & Brock, hat, cap and helmet manufacturers and government contractors for military headgear, was destroyed by fire Monday afternoon. Six persons were burned to death and several others seriously injured. There were thirty persons in the building. Two minutes after the fire was discovered the whole building was a mass of flames. The spread of the fire was so rapid that the work people found every avenue of escape, except toe windows, cut off. Through these some of them escaped, jumped to the ground. Five women employed by the firm were killed by jumping from the windows.

The Funeral of Mrs. Booth.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Funeral services for the late Mrs. Gen. Booth were held Monday in the Olympia. Twenty-five thousand persons were present. The scene in the vast amphitheatre was an imposing one. The dense fog which hung over the city penetrated the building and almost obscured the view of one part of the assemblage from the other. The ward effect thus produced was added to during the frequent pauses in the service, when the deathlike stillness was broken only by sobs and sorrowful lamentations. The service was more touching and grand in its simplicity than many a regal funeral ceremony.

They Shelled the Village.

MADRID, Oct. 14.—An official dispatch from Manila states that the vessels of the Spanish expedition shelled the rebellious village of Mutalams, after which a column of troops landed and stormed the native positions. The attacking party lost seven killed and nineteen wounded. The natives suffered great losses.

More Insubordinate British Troops.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Guernsey detachment of the East Surrey regiment, which has been ordered to Malta, refused to leave their barracks yesterday. They were disarmed and threatened with severe punishment. They finally embarked, but retained their disrespectful behavior throughout.

Driven Away by Strikers.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 14.—A large body of non-unionists have arrived here and report that they were driven away from the Coalcliff mines by a body of about 300 strikers. The strikers set fire to a large quantity of coal that the non-unionists had hewn and derailed several trucks.

THE PRESIDENT AT PITTSBURG

He Made Thirteen Speeches Monday and Was Very Tired.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 14.—The time of arrival of the president's party was not generally understood by the citizens of Pittsburg, and there were but few people upon the depot platform when the special train arrived. The representatives of the city papers were accorded a brief interview. The president looked somewhat wearied and remarked concerning the remarkable October weather. He made thirteen speeches Monday and upon reaching Washington will have rolled over 3,000 miles. With one exception the president has slept on his car every night since leaving Washington.

The president's train left for Washington via the Pennsylvania railroad at 8:45 o'clock. There was no speech making or demonstration of any kind while the train was in this city. The president was warmly welcomed at numerous places in Ohio. At Salem, the last station on the programme for the day, the crowd demanded a speech, but the president asked to be excused. His voice was indistinct and showed the wear and tear of the day's efforts. The president has broken all of his previous records for speechmaking.

A Veteran Editor Banqueted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Benjamin Wood, wife of Hon. Benjamin Wood, editor of The New York News, gave a dinner last evening at the Fifth Avenue hotel in commemoration of her husband's seventieth birthday. Notwithstanding his advanced years the veteran journalist is as active as a man of 50, is in excellent health, a hard worker, and takes the same interest in public affairs that he did forty years ago. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Grace, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Cockerill, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Fellows, Mayor Grant and Hon. Smith Ely.

A South Dakota Bank Failure.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Oct. 14.—The well known and old established banking house of F. H. Hagerty & Co. closed its doors at 2:30 p. m., having assigned to Ira Barnes and J. O. A. Bardon. The liabilities aggregate $240,000. The assets will run from $220,000 to $250,000, consisting of bills receivable, bank balances, stock and real estate. The immediate cause of the failure is general hard times and depression of business, caused by two crop failures in succession.

A Train Dispatcher Shot and Robbed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 14.—Robert Middleton, train dispatcher for the Big Four, at North Indianapolis, at 3 a. m. saw a man looking through the window with his face covered by a handkerchief. At the same instant the stranger fired through the window, the ball penetrating Middleton's leg. Middleton fell to the floor and the robber, supposing him dead, entered and robbed him of his watch and money and then escaped.

SPEAKER REED AT UTICA.

He Praises the Tariff Bill and Defends the Republican Congress on Both.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The Republicans of the Twenty-third congressional district opened the campaign in this city with a rousing meeting, at which the principal speaker was the principal speaker. An immense audience greeted the speaker when he entered the hall. In the course of his speech Mr. Reed said:

"Your votes will show whether you are constant or inconstant in your opinions. Two years ago you solemnly declared that you were in favor of the doctrine of protection, not incidental, but protection on purpose. The McKinley bill embodies that doctrine and gives more fully than any other law the American markets to the American people. In order that it may have full support and be useful to the American people, it must again receive your sanction, for your sanction alone will give to it that stability which will encourage business and give us prosperity. I therefore appeal to this audience to declare again by their verdict what they did in 1888. One would not think that would be necessary, and yet the sacred writings tell us that when the good man sleeps a citizen of another country is also sowing tares.

"When the Republicans stay away from the polls the Democrats go to sleep and go there. You will find that your presence at the polls is necessary for the inauguration of a period of prosperity. I desire your approval by the re-election of a Republican congress, because I believe such an election will be conducive to the interests of good government in this country; good government not in a partisan sense, but on that basis on which rest the liberties of this country.

"It is a great spectacle, that of a government of 64,000,000 people, and the spectacle is the more wonderful when the government is carried on by themselves. Can you ever think what is meant by a government of the people by the people? It doesn't mean a government by the rich, or that was disapproved when the property qualification was abolished. It doesn't mean a government by the most intelligent, for that might leave you and many others off the voting list. It doesn't mean a government of the highest morality, for that would mean the millenium. On the other hand, it does not mean a government of the poor, or by any class, but by the average sense of all, rich and poor, all mingled together, and in my judgment the average sense of all is the best government that ever existed on the face of the earth."

The speaker said there were 8,000,000 of people in this country who were not represented in the government, and continued: "Is there anything in the burning sin of the south that makes higher intelligence or greater business sense than the child of the north? In Wisconsin 350,000 votes elect nine members of congress. Twenty thousand more votes in five of the southern states elect twenty-six members of congress, and every southern gentleman who has done us the honor to come back to us for the purpose of governing us counts for three of you. Are you prepared to indorse this? Are you prepared to indorse this when it is in defiance of the solemn and full ration of the people of the United States as recorded in the constitution? (Applause.)

"I can't disguise the fact that while we seek this vindication of the rule of the majority at the hands of the people of the United States that the dice are loaded against us. Our doctrine is that one man know more than one. Their doctrine is that one man, if from the south, knows more than three of us. After we met in the house of representatives it was a stranger sight that met the eye. What do you suppose the election of 1888 was for? Did we marshal a great many voters in Dakota? Did we set to work able journalists? Did millions of us go to the polls as a mere fact, or was it a solemn act of self-government? After the solemn declaration of the people, arrived at with much toil, difficulty and thought, there stood the minority proclaiming itself ready to die in defense of its rights, and among those rights was the right to stop the registering of the verdict of the people of the United States. That verdict was registered and the minority did not die. He that fights and runs away, may live to tell the story."

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Baltimore—

Baltimore	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	0	8—6
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Baltimore, 9; Rochester, 1. Errors: Baltimore, 1; Rochester, 3. Batteries: McMahon and Robinson, Miller and McKeogh. Called on account of darkness.

At Columbus—

Columbus	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	0—6
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits—Columbus, 9; Toledo, 0. Errors: Columbus, 0; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor, Healy and Welch. Called on account of darkness.

At Providence, R. I., Players' league exhibition game:

New York	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	0—6
Boston	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0—5

Base hits: New York, 9; Boston, 5. Errors: New York, 3; Boston, 4. Batteries: Crane and Vaughn, Radbourne and Murphy.

Best Boy's Serious Stumble.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—In the third race at Morris park, a half mile dash, Best Boy, owned by W. C. Daly, stumbled near the finish and broke his right foreleg. He had to be shot. In falling he rolled on Jockey Lamley, who was riding him, and badly injured the boy. Lamley's injuries consist of a broken left arm and bad bruises. Another bad accident occurred during the sixth race. Torchlight with Jockey Slack up, and Wanda, with Jockey Sloane, second breakaway and ran into the fence, wheeled about striking himself and falling to the ground. When the horse arose he trampled over the prostrate jockey, seriously injuring him.

The Snow-Alley Case Reopened.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—Chief Justice Snow yesterday reopened the famous Snow-Alley case by bringing further suit against Hon. John B. Alley for $100,000 on account of twenty-five bonds of the Postal Telegraph company. There have been six trials in this case, but Col. Ingersoll succeeded each time in getting a new trial except the last time, when a settlement was made which it was supposed would end the litigation.

Bond Looking Up the Fisheries Question.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 14.—Hon. Robert Bond, of the executive council of Newfoundland, is here in company with the British minister, Sir Julian Pauncefote. Mr. Bond is sent here by his government in connection with the fisheries. He will hold a conference today with president men on matters connected with the fisheries.

Two Men Reported Drowned.

QUEBEC, Oct. 14.—The bark Mallory, from Quebec for Greenock, has been ashore at Little Harbor, N. S. Eight and nine of the crew are reported lost.

EMPTY IS THE CRADLE.

The Awful Fate of Two Brooklyn Babies.

BURNED TO DEATH IN THEIR BED.

Their Mother Left Them Alone for a Short Time, and When She Returned Found Them Scenes of Life—Sad Scenes in an Humble Home.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 14.—There was a fire in South Brooklyn yesterday which was confined to a very small space, and which was fed by a tiny bit of fuel, but the misery it wrought is to be measured by heart throbs and tears, rather than in words. James Aldridge is employed as fireman on the tugboat Harry Temple. When he set out for his work yesterday morning he left behind him a very happy family. Mrs. Aldridge was devoted to her eldest child, the little 2-year-old boy, and was doubly happy in the possession of her pretty twins. After washing and dressing the babies she tucked them away in their cradle, and then gave little Charlie his bath. She had had only a cup of tea for her own breakfast, and it was necessary for her to visit the grocery near by to obtain some family stores.

Then the Mother Fainted.

How long the poor woman was absent from her home and how soon she does not know. Whether ten minutes or half an hour it will forever hereafter seem almost a dreadful lifetime to her. As she neared her dwelling she found the neighborhood in an uproar; three fire engines were tearing madly down the street, and an immense throng surrounded the doorway of the tenement. "Your babies are burned!" said a woman, who meant well, and then mother fainted.

The Discovery of the Fire.

The fire was first discovered by the little daughter of a Mrs. Lynch, who occupies the apartments across the hall from the Aldridges. She saw the light shooting up through the transom and gave the alarm. It is a thickly populated tenement in one of the poorest neighborhoods of South Brooklyn, and a score of people were almost instantly at the door of the Aldridges' rooms. Finding the door locked, they seemed to question among themselves the right to break in. The flames were intense when young Ingvald Thurgessen, a Norwegian sailor who happened to be on the premises, came through the narrow hall with a rush and throwing his sturdy frame against the door burst it from its hinges.

It Was a Pitiful Sight.

The sight made women faint. Nothing was burning but the cradle, and that was a funeral pyre. Willing hands hurriedly brought buckets of water and the flames were speedily extinguished. And then the women clustered around the charred and smoking cradle, and shrieked with consternation as they saw that both of those sweet little cripples' babies had seemingly burned to charcoal under the lashing of the flames. There was nothing exactly in their appearance. Their tender flesh had simply baked and blackened in the heat, without being burned away.

The arm of one of the little things was charred to a jet black, without being a particle of his graceful shape. The legs of neither of the babies were more than blistered, the fire having raged most fiercely at the head of the cradle, and the little white foot of one protruded from under the scorched blanket.

Was Their Brother at Fault?

It took several moments before any of the neighbors remembered that an older child had been left in the room. A search was then made for the little fellow and he was discovered frightened but undisplayed, and crouching in the furthest bedroom. The little fellow is a twin sister of one of the little 2-year-old boy tiring of his toys had picked a bit of paper from the floor and lighted it at the open range, as he had perhaps seen his mother or his father do before.

Then, child like, he had run toward the cradle to show his pretty flaming plaything to his little twin sisters. He was not in the least burned, nor did his little hands show any evidence of having handled fire. Beyond question he is by no way to account for the dreadful occurrence, and the heart stricken mother in her great grief last evening could not look upon the little author of her sorrow without some bitterness of heart. The names of the twins were Minnie and Annie. A coroner's inquest will be held today.

Extra Session Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—A large number of political gossips have got the opinion that the president will call an extra session of congress. While it is known that the Republican leaders are not of one mind on the extra session question, it is believed by many who are supposed to know what is going on that the president has already made up his mind to call such an session before the congressional elections convening congress about Nov. 11. It is said that a number of conferences have taken place between the President and others on the subject, and that it has been talked of at cabinet meetings. At these discussions a majority of those in attendance were in favor, so reports say, of convening congress at an early day. Should an extra session be called its main purpose will be the passage of the Louisiana state lottery bill.

It Published a Lottery "Ad."

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 14.—The first newspaper in this section caught by Wanamaker's anti-lottery advertisement law is The Hartford Evening Post. Postmaster Kinney has ordered that the entire mail of the paper be stopped because this Saturday edition contained a half column advertisement of the Louisiana state lottery. The publishers were notified of this action and were advised that the paper would be excluded from the mails hereafter, unless the advertisement was omitted.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

HERRMANN & PETERSON,

Stair Builders, and hard wood mantle makers, 340 PARK and Grand and Regent streets. Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 8 Regent street. J. PETERSON, 13 Somerset place.

10-10-y

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' fleece lined vests, 75c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 88c. Men's heavy ribbed shirts and drawers, 50c. Men's extra-weight shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's natural-wool shirts and drawers, 81. Men's scarlet-wool shirts and drawers, 75c and $1. Children's merino vests and drawers, 16 in. 13c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 20c. Children's natural-wool vests and drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c. Full size quilts, all sorts, 49c. Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Attractive Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50. Hair Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 53 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacob Bros. Dunsbeme. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Peter- Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, am now ready for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As

Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. H. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

THE LATEST STYLES

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET. All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen stoves, tent broiler, with patent sprinkler grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. ENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Perfect Air Tight Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street, Walnut bureau and writing desk.—Bargains.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in stock.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS for 15 cents per square foot AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET, Also jobbing of all kinds. Hardwood work a Specialty

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FIFTY POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1866.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 6 West Front street, 120 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS, 18 WEST FRONT STREET, Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 8 PARK AVENUE.

JUSTICE MILLER DEAD.

The Judicial Giant's Life Work Has Ended.

EX-SECRETARY BELKNAP'S DEATH

He Was Found Dead in Bed at His Office in Washington—Heart Disease Was the Cause of His Sudden End—A Sketch of His Career.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Samuel F. Miller, associate justice of the United States supreme court, ended his gallant battle with the grim destroyer at 10:57 p. m. Oct. 13. The dead jurist's age was 74 years, and the paralysis was the fatal malady that ended his long, brilliant and useful career.

Justice Miller was stricken with paralysis Friday afternoon on his way home from the Capitol, where he had been attending to business as usual in the supreme court chambers. He was seen to fall when near his home on Highland terrace by his servant, who, with the assistance of others, picked him up and carried him to his bed chamber. He regretted consciousness and protested against summoning a physician, but was overruled.

His Last Hours.

For several hours after the shock he was very cheerful and made light of his trouble in order to comfort his devoted wife, who, with their son, Irving, returned Saturday week from a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Wyeth, at Colorado Springs. Toward night his mind became clouded and it was apparent to the physicians that death was only a question of time. His sturdy constitution kept the spark of life in a glow until last night, much to the suprise of the doctors. Mrs. Tonsalin and his niece, Mrs. Corkhill, are expected to arrive today.

Wyant and Gardner came to be was surrounded by his loved ones and friends.

The Oldest in the Service.

In 1862 President Lincoln appointed the deceased associate justice of the supreme court of the United States. He was at the time of his death the oldest justice in continues service on the supreme court bench. Judge Field, who was appointed by President Lincoln in 1863, coming next, and Judges Bradley (appointed in 1870), Harlan, Gray, Blatchford, Fuller, Lamar and Brewer following in order of seniority of service.

Death of Ex-Secretary Belknap.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Ex-Secretary of War W. W. Belknap was found dead in his apartments on New York avenue Monday. Death occurred most probably on Saturday night, during the absence of his wife and family. Gen. Belknap occupied a suite of apartments in the Evans building. He was last seen on Saturday afternoon in his usual health. On Sunday his mail was taken to him, but as the door was locked it was put in the letter box and found unopened. About 8 o'clock Maj. Cameron called at the general's rooms, but was unable to open the door. He then went down and called on Mr. James C. Spragg, who rented the rooms to him. The two went back to the apartments and had a boy climb over the transom. The door was opened and inside Gen. Belknap was found dead.

GEN. W. W. BELKNAP.

He was lying on his back, with his right hand clutched at his throat and his left hand extended out of bed, as if reaching to catch some support. One leg was out of bed, showing evidently that he had struggled to get up. Heart disease was the cause of his death. Medical aid was summoned, but of course was of no avail. Mr. Spriggs immediately telegraphed the news to Mrs. Belknap at the Victoria hotel, New York, and also notified his son out west.

A Sketch of His Career.

Gen. William Worth Belknap was born in Newburg, N. Y., on Sept. 22, 1829. He was graduated at Princeton in 1848. He studied law and practiced at Keokuk, Ia., where he settled in 1851. He entered the political field and was elected to the legislature as a Democrat in 1857.

Gen. Belknap's father had been a brave soldier in the war of 1812 and in the Mexican war. For his gallantry he gradually rose from second lieutenant to brigadier general. When the civil war broke out his son, William, entered the army as major of the Fifteenth Iowa volunteers. He was engaged in the campaign in the southwest in 1862 and 1863, and fought at Shiloh, Corinth and Vicksburg. He was promoted on Gen. Sherman's Atlanta campaign and the march to the sea, and was made a brigadier general July 30, 1864. He was brevetted major general on March 13, 1865, just before the close of the war.

His Impeachment.

After the war Gen. Belknap was appointed collector of internal revenue in Iowa, and served from 1869, until Oct. 13, 1869, when he was appointed secretary of war by President Grant. He retained the place through Grant's second term up to March 2, 1876, when, in consequence of charges of official corruption, he resigned. Belknap was impeached by the house of representatives on March 3, 1876, for alleged malfeasance while in office. The committees had previously discovered unquestionable evidence of bribery and corruption while Belknap was secretary of war. Belknap was present and heard the witnesses testify against him before the committee of investigation prior to his having been impeached.

He resigned his portfolio twenty minutes after the report of the committee had been agreed upon. His resignation was immediately accepted by the president. The house of representatives subsequently appointed its managers and laid before the senate articles of impeachment. The articles had been prepared with great skill and care and the minutest details were given to each specific case of bribery and corruption. Belknap appeared in person and was represented by counsel at his trial. He did not attempt to deny the commission of any of the charges made against him.

He pleaded that at and before the passage of the resolution for his impeachment he was not secretary of war, and that neither then nor at any time since had he held any official place under the government of the United States, and he denied the jurisdiction of the court.

The validity of the resignation of the accused was questioned and delared not to have been made in good faith.

The trial lasted thirty-seven days, covering the period of 1876 from April 18 to July 27. On Aug. 2, 1876, a verdict of acquittal was rendered on the technical ground a want of jurisdiction.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Design the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

THE ENGAGEMENT BROKEN.

Winnie Davis Will Not Marry Alfred Wilkinson, of Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 14.—All the curiosity regarding the reported broken engagement of Miss Winnie Davis, "the daughter of the Confederacy," and Alfred Wilkinson, of Syracuse, was assuaged last evening when the young gentleman announced in person that it was true. It was first reported from New Orleans, but the Wilkinson family would neither affirm nor deny the report. Various reasons were given for the rupture, including Mr. Wilkinson's financial standing, Miss Davis' health and the opposition of prominent southern families who are intimates of the Davis family.

Mr. Wilkinson said a correspondent that the reports sent out were so unjust and unfair to both himself and Miss Davis that he would say that the engagement was broken and that no marriage would take place. "Miss Davis' health has been poor for some time and it was for the purpose of gaining strength that she went abroad."

Mr. Wilkinson said, "She returned in only a slightly improved condition, and but a few weeks ago she expressed the wish of both herself and her estimable mother that the engagement cease." Further than this Mr. Wilkinson did not care to talk. While there is no doubt that the blow is a very severe one for him, he is acting manfully.

There is a great disappointment in central New York over the termination of an engagement that promised to end in one of the most notable weddings this country has ever known. It is believed by some that Mr. Wilkinson's intimate friends that his financial condition had something to do with Miss Davis' asking for a release from her engagement.

Run Down by a Schooner.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 14.—Capt. J. A. Hart and crew of five men of the schooner Josiah Whitehead have arrived in port. The Whitehead now lies sunk in Vineyard sound about two miles off Naushemena. The Whitehead hails from St. George, Me., and was bound from Port Johnson to Salem with 400 tons of coal. Capt. Hart was running into Vineyard sound, when at 8 o'clock Sunday night a two masted schooner ran square into them. Without waiting to see what damage had been done, the stranger kept on her course. Capt. Hart went into the forecastle and found that he stood in water to the knees, and seeing that he could not save his vessel he ordered the men into the boats. The men had gone but a short distance when the schooner sunk. The crew reached the island of Naushemena and found the house of Capt. Peter Davis, who brought them to this city.

Tried to Kill His Sweetheart.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Oct. 14.—Charles Bennett, while in a jealous rage, tried to kill his sweetheart, Miss Holden, a young and pretty woman, Monday. He would probably have succeeded had not a friend thrust aside the hand containing the revolver, and the ball went wide of its mark. About four years ago Miss Holden left England with the intention of making her home with relatives in this country. Charles Bennett was a passenger on the same steamer. He met Miss Holden, and at once became madly infatuated. Their love was mutual, but Miss Holden spurned other admirers. Bennett noticed this, and several times threatened the life of his sweetheart if she did not desist in her flirtations, but she did not heed him. He was taken to the Mount Holly jail.

He Has One Wife Too Many.

KINGSTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Harry W. Crawford has been arrested here charged with bigamy on complaint of a woman From Newark, N. J., who claims to be his wife. Her former name, she says, was Laura A. Lane. Crawford came to Port Ewen, Ulster county, two years ago, and being of address rapidly gained the confidence of the people of that place. He found employment as traveling salesman for Staples & Co., of Hondont. Last August he married and married to Miss Leona Dubois, a highly respected young lady. Wife No. 1 just appeared upon the scene.

He Stole from Carmencita's Manager.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Jose Villegas, the interpreter, who stole $800 from Pablo Echepare, one of the Spanish students and the manager of Carmencita, was sentenced to seven years in state prison.

Another Dupont Explosion Victim.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 14.—Daniel Harkins, a victim of the Dupont powder mill explosion, has died from his injuries. His death makes the twelfth.

Weather Indications.

Cloudy, with slight temperature changes, preceded by rain and followed by cooler, clearing weather.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Design the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The census office has announced the following newsboy figures: Population, 62,622,250; increase, 7,491,086. Louisiana, 1,118,588; increase, 208,662. Mississippi, 1,289,600; increase, 132,920.

Professor Austin Phelps, of Andover, and Mrs. Elizabeth Stewart Phelps, died after a long illness at his Bar Harbor cottage Oct. 13.

William McKenna, of Lawrence, known as the king of horse thieves, has been sentenced under the habitual criminal law to twenty-five years in state prison.

Billy Hawkins, the lightweight champion of the west, has issued a challenge to fight any lightweight in the United States for $1,000 a side.

Francis T. Finnegan, a letter carrier of New York, has been arrested on a charge of robbing the mails. In default of $2,500 bail he was committed to Ludlow street jail to await examination.

John W. Hife was unanimously renominated for congress by the Republicans of the Fourteenth Pennsylvania district.

Hon. M. N. Kane, of Warwick, N. Y., has been nominated for member of assembly.

The will of the late Frederick Billings, of Woodstock, Vt., bequeaths to the Congregational church in Woodstock and to the American board of foreign missions $15,000 each; the Vermont Domestic Missionary society and the American Home Missionary society, $10,000. Members of his family and friends are liberally provided for.

Arthur D. Farley, first lieutenant of Company C, New Hampshire militia, has left Nashua, and several forgeries to the amounting to $4,100, are charged against him.

Dr. Eli Fox, president of the Mohawk National bank, died at his home in Mohawk, N. Y., Oct. 13, of Bright's disease, aged 57 years. Deceased was president of Union Commandery No. 8, Knights Templar.

The Hon. Cornelius Parsons, ex-mayor of Rochester, N. Y., has been nominated by the Republican convention of the Second district of Monroe county for the assembly.

Frank Larue, charged with the murder of Harry McBride, who died in a prize fight at the Golden Gate club, San Francisco, has been acquitted.

The Republicans of the Ninth New York district have nominated John Weiss for congress.

The Eighth district Republican convention of New York indorsed Timothy J. Campbell for congress.

John R. Fellows was nominated for congress by the Sixth district Tammany Hall convention.

A. E. Conover was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Thirteenth New York district.

The Iron and Steel institute reached Chicago, and was enthusiastically received. Sir James Kitson was presented with the freedom of the city.

The municipal census of New York is complete, with the exception of three election districts, which, with the present total, will give the city a total population of 1,906,320, or 88,139 persons more than the federal census.

Mrs. Cornelia E. V. Miller, arrested Saturday at New York on a charge of having obtained money by fraud in Great Britain, was released by Judge Barrett from the custody of Inspector Byrnes and at once rearrested on an extradition warrant. Commissioner Shields ordered her to be held pending the arrival of documents from the British government.

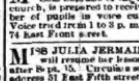
NEW STOCK

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE BEST BEER.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address, 1 p. m., 1 Bond st. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Teacher of Singing, the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after the 15th. Circulars sent on application. Address 21 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal culture after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a new and method of singing, as taught by the Tonic Sol-fa system of England. Address 1 Grove street, or may be seen at the close of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Hampton. 9 3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Abbiles, will resume lessons in vocal culture, after September 15th, 160 West Front street. September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Stoffanone, New York; Professor W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care is taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 3 15m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. For particulars address Miss E. E. Knowles, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. Dungan, Principal. 8-15-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sylvester and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 7 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington, will re-open Wednesday, September 17th, 1890.

Killed by His Own Wagon.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Joseph Kneffler, while driving a team attached to a wagon loaded with stone, on Jefferson avenue, near Clifton street, fell from his seat to the ground. A forward and rear wheel of the wagon passed over his stomach. He was picked up suffering great agony. He died while being taken to the hospital.

Deaf Pirates Were Elected.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 14.—The revenue cutter Corwin has just arrived here. She reports that during the three months' cruise of the revenue cutter Rush in Behring sea she spoke only five British sealers, and three of these were ordered beyond the league limit. Though they had illicit skins on board, no attempt was made to seize them.

Swift California Trotters.

NAPA, Cal., Oct. 14.—Palo Alto's stallion, Electricity, trotted for a record at the second day's meeting of the Pacific Coast Trotting Horse Breeders' association. He went the mile in 2:18½. San Mateo stallion, Farm's Regal Wilkes also trotted for a record, and went the mile in 2:18¼.

She Threw Mary Down Stairs.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—The police have arrested Mrs. Catharine Brown, 36 years of age, of Charlestown, on a charge of manslaughter in causing the death of Mrs. Mary McLaughlin, who lived with her family in the lower part of the same house. Mrs. McLaughlin went up to Mrs. Brown's rooms and a row ensued, ending in the latter throwing Mrs. McLaughlin down stairs. When Mr. McLaughlin arrived home from work he found his wife sitting in a chair dead.

Three Years for an Embezzler.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 14.—Mathews Pickney, who gave himself up at Alton two weeks ago and was brought here to answer to the charge of embezzling $1,700 from the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad two years ago while cashier, was sentenced to Jackson penitentiary for three years.

Winter is Approaching.

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at B. F.'s store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashion ble line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

CR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar, with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

[12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS Job Department.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley&Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROWN

94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—NEW—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Corns, Bunions and Callous Growths. Scatter-Corns is a liquid, and is applied with the finger. Scatter-Corns cures in 48 hours. Scatter-Corns is painless. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Corns. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Bunions. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Callous Growths. Scatter-Corns is a liquid. Scatter-Corns is applied with the finger. Scatter-Corns cures in 48 hours. Scatter-Corns is painless. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Corns. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Bunions. Scatter-Corns is the only sure cure for Callous Growths.

Sold by all druggists, 25 cents per bottle. Manufactured by the Scatter-Corns Chemical Co., 1 Park Place, New York.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Stages will leave in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

The routine will be established to rapidly meet the business.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond there as business may require.

Connect with the 6:39, 7:30 and 8:27 a. m. trains for New York, and the 5:27 and 7:2 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips connect with Easthamptonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-25-3m

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:30 a. m., 2:45, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. S. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 5:45, 6:8, 6:40, 7:00, 7:40, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Passengers will take steamer at foot of Liberty street for Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:45, 11:00, 11:45 a. m., 1:00, 2:45, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 9:45, 11:45 a. m., 4:00, 8:00, 10:00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON

Leave Plainfield at 8:45, 7:00, 9:45, a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:45, a. m., 5:00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

9:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Phillipsburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Scranton.

5:00, p. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopp.m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Branch, Manch Chunk and Mauch Chunk, at 5:00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 5:00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, etc., 5:00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, etc., 5:00 p. m. For Flemington, 5:00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre, 5:00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Branch at 5:45 p. m. For Easton, Allentown & Scranton, 5:45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 5:45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 5:45 for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m., 2:35, 5:31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 11:00 a. m., 5:31 p. m. Ocean Grove, 8:00 a. m., 11:00, 2:35, 5:31 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 11:00 a. m., 5:31 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Cape May, 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. Sunday 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:37, 7:45, 8:09, 9:48, 11:56 a. m., 12:11, 2:39, 3:26, 4:56, 5:34, 6:56, 8:15, 9:55, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 7:37, 9:48 a. m., 4:56, 6:56, 8:15, 9:55, 11:30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:37, 9:48, 11:56 a. m., 2:45, 4:56, 6:56, 8:15, 9:55, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 7:37, 9:48 a. m., 4:56, 6:56, 8:15, 9:55, 11:30 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway, 6:45 a. m. to meet 7:05 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 5th to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

7d trip	8.35 a. m.	to meet	8.58 a. m. train
8th do	9.15 do	do	9.32 do
9th do	10.05 do	do	10.27 do
10th do	11.05 do	do	11.27 do
11th do	12.05	do	12.05 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.16 & 2.32 p. m.
8th do	3.05 do	To the Post Office	
9th do	4.05 do	do meet	4.41 p. m. train.
10th do	5.05 do	do	5.27 do
11th do	6.45 do	do	6.57 do
12th do	8.05 do	do	8.27 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 5th street, and Rockview and Mercer aves nue, North Plainfield, according to the above time and route, to meet all trains.

Stages will make return trips over all routes, leaving Plainfield depot at 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 a. m., 12:20, 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p. m., 12:20 night.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for Funerals, Parties and Weddings. Coffins Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies' funerals. Orders left at the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, rear of Nos. 15 and 17. Telephone Call. 2 1-207

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers.

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter Wyckoff, would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited. etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 20 AND 20 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 BROADWAY

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Evenings P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

G. R Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. R. Gayle, No. 264 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. All surveys sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, room 4 to 6. Office, 23 Second and Traders' Bank Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Martin's MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR. OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at th Fancy Goods store of.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. Wyllie, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN, NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 31 1-2 West Front street. ETC.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Iron rail street. Address

H. F. H. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No. 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park Avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

45 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leiser's Hotel.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Corey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 32 Park avenue

P. O. Box 335,

FURNITURE AND FIRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Low prices system. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

BY THE SEA.

The beating waves of the foaming sea
Dash over the prow of my saucy yacht,
While dances as light as a sea bird free
From life, and the yearning world forgot.
And my heart is as light
As the moonbeam bright,
Whose radiance in the tents of the gale falters not.

O soulful life of the ocean grand!
As if with the winds of a noble kind
We hasten afloat to the port up land,
And soared in search of the purple heard
Through the sighing waves
From the ocean's graves!
And soaring, rejoice, by this solemn voice
Strangely stirred.

Lend prow the thirst of the roving storm
And eerful the swirl of each wave's crest,
But I shudder not as I see the form
Of death career on my dancing breast.
Enter life shall cease,
And there shall be peace,
When, in quiet sleep, 'neath the tossing deep I shall rest.
—Henry J. Livermore in Boston Budget.

The Small Boy and Tobacco.

The irrepressible small boy is not going to be "downed" by the anti-smoking regulation. For a day or two he was in the vicinity of the school. Formerly he was wont to walk up to the passerby and pertly demand a light for his cigarette. *All is changed. The still small voice is hushed throughout the land, for the small boy carries his tobacco in his mouth and finds it just as good as smoking. There are so many tempting brands of tobacco, flavored with all sorts of sweet extracts, that the boy is consoled.

Outside the Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue station a reporter saw a group of boys comparing their brands of chewing tobacco. In every case the tobacco was "plug," for fine cut is strong and has no flavoring added. The lads were giving each other "views" off their tobacco, to show how nice each one's special brand was. Soon the police will have to establish a sort of quarantine at street corners to hold up the boys and examine their mouths. It is a fight between the small boy and the police, and the odds are in favor of the former.—New York Telegram.

Damages for a Nervous Shock.

Martin Dillon has entered a peculiar claim against the People's Passenger Railway company. He states that on July 26 last he was a passenger on a car on Susquehanna avenue, and when near the Philadelphia and Reading railroad crossing the conductor ran ahead of the horses, and suddenly called the passengers to jump to avoid a collision with an approaching passenger train.

There was a great rush, and Dillon says that while he was attempting to leave the car he "became greatly frightened and suddenly lost control over himself, and sustained a shock to his nervous system of such a character that he believes he has been permanently injured, and he has been unable to attend to his usual business." The car got over the crossing in safety, but Mr. Dillon wants $5,000 damages for his nervous shock.—Philadelphia Record.

A Cheap Gas Producer.

Daily improvements in processes and apparatus for producing cheap fuel gas are widening the field for gas engines and heightening the economy of their operation. Philadelphia gas engineer has put a gas producer on the market that can be made in small sizes, put in a cellar and run by a hired girl if necessary, and which makes gas from soft coal so cheaply that when a gas engine is supplied with this gas a horse power is obtained with the consumption of only one pound of coal per hour. The best that the great triple expansion marine engines can do is to develop a horse power for every 1.4 pounds of coal per hour, while the best stationary engines do little better than 2.5 pounds per horse power per hour, and when small steam engines are used 8 to 10 pounds of coal frequently have to be shoveled into the furnace for every horse power developed by the engine.—Exchange.

What Some Autographs Are Worth.

One, and only one, letter written by Corneille, the dramatist, has ever appeared in the trade, and that was purchased for $800 by Mr. Morrison, of London. Corneille's signature alone sells for $200. The signature of Christopher Columbus finds ready purchase for $800; the only known letter written by Titian brought $600, and a letter that Raphael wrote to a lady friend once upon a time was sold for $300. No letter of Moliere's is to be had; it is not known that any is in existence, but the great playwright's signature is to be had for $200. Rossini's last letter to the Empress Marie Louise sold for $800, yet what is termed an ordinary Bonaparte letter is to be had for $100. Autographs of royalty can be depended upon to bring a certain fixed price; the signatures of Louis XIV and Henry IV are valued at $300 each.—Eugene Field in Chicago News.

A Pest of Fleas.

A horde of black fleas, each one being about as big as a pin head, has appeared in many Connecticut towns and is a great pest. First the bugs were noted about three weeks ago in New London, and last week they appeared in New Haven and other cities. They are borne along on a warm southerly wind in big round clouds and settle on buildings, the sides and roofs of houses, on the sidewalks and in stores and households.

They do no harm, but it is not pleasant to have them about, for they get down a man's back and into his food. Though they come on the wind, still it is believed they are produced in the state in marshy places, and the humid, festering weather is the cause of them. Lots of the strange bugs have been produced in the same way, and great, white winged millers that fly by night are plentiful, too.

It is now proposed to use magnetism for overcoming scale in boilers. Magnets are arranged within the cylinder in sheaves and bundles, and the water being kept in constant motion deposits are prevented.

Young Gould has a pretty superstition. He wears his wife's picture in a locket on a chain, and believes he will have an accident should he lose it.

O'ERLEAPING AMBITION.

THE REASON WHY MANY PEOPLE FIND LIFE A FAILURE.

They Dare Too Much, and During Loss All—The Army of the Disappointed Who Have Left the Country for the City—Room at the Top.

The stage hero in the conventional drama has a way of getting on in life that excites my enthusiastic admiration. His only parallels in real life are those uncommonly good young men celebrated by E. P. Roe, and Macaulay's remarkable Scotchman, who "if he enlisted became a sergeant; if he was taken into a ware house as porter he soon became foreman," and so on.

All our popular writers would seem to be in a conspiracy to foster this illusion. The lad who leaves the country for the village or the village for the city has

DREAMED OF PLOWING THE DEEP.

free course to run and be glorified. He is sure to prove invaluable to his employers, and to rise rapidly through all the grades from junior clerk to junior partner, from roustabout to special traveling agent with big salary, liberal "allowances," and a swell turn out on the country roads, with silk hat and a shirt that buttons at the back.

Now, what I become of all the other fellows? They must be fifty times as numerous; for any observant traveler can see that more than fifty times as many youths are aiming for these nice places as the business of the country will sustain in them. Almost every smart country boy wants to locate in the village or small city; almost every clerk in the latter longs for the large city. Every day's trains from New England bring scores of ambitions lads to New York city; every boat down the Hudson brings other scores; with the drove of stock from the west comes always at least one employe who wants to stay, and every coasting schooner that lands at New York loses one of its crew—a contribution to the great army of strugglers. Every day I see scores of new ones in the park; every night that I am abroad I see them thick about cheap hotels. Where is the Samuel Smiles who wrote of those who did not succeed? Who will relate their sorrows? Why, I will. Yes, "in Horace and Minerva's spite" I will sing the epic of the disappointed.

Time was when the popular stories dealt largely with seafaring life; the farmer's boy read them on rainy days and in "mooning hours," and while resting in the wood or field he dreamed of plowing the briny deep. It was easier—the dream—than plowing corn at any rate, and when he climbed the haystack he sighed for other climes. Rarely, very rarely, was that dream translated into action, and not one time in fifty did the experience continue beyond the first voyage. The hearing clerk brought into heaving stomach, and "A Life on the Ocean Wave" he found could be sung with far more jollity on dry land, while no foothold for the "Sailor's Hornpipe" was so sure as the old barn floor. To succeed on the sea one must be bred to the sea—the exceptions may be counted on the fingers of one hand.

How the country urchin's heart swells at his first circus, and how he envies the nine little boys who turn such pretty somersaults in such elegantly spangled tights! If a novel reader, his next ambition may be to "shoot injuns" or be a cowboy, to arrive just at the right time, to "dash madly through the prairie fire" and rescue the emigrant maiden from the "redskins." (N. B.—The American Indian, in his full-blooded state, has no natural red in his countenance.) And the practical part of this dream is often realized, for there are many cowboys. Their average life as cowboys is three years. Not that they all die, though many do, as the life is one of frightful exposure, but they wear out and quit in sickness or disgust. For the most part it is a life of insupportable loneliness; not one young man in fifty can endure it five years.

But what of the many who seek the great city? Ah, the great city! The cruel, treacherous, voluptuous city—how

RESCUING THE EMIGRANT MAIDEN.

it does suck them in! How it devours the freshness of country youth! How like the fabled maelstrom does it swallow the unwary and cast them up on distant shores, mangled out of all resemblance to the original type! Why is there no American Hogarth to picture the sorrows and trials of the apprentice and clerk in New York or other cities; no Juvenal to lash their follies; no Johnson to give new lessons on the "Vanity of Human Wishes"?

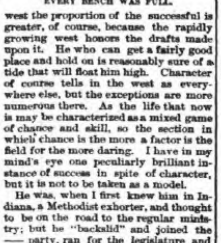
Of all the young seekers who reach New York (and I suppose it is the same in other cities) a large majority simply pass on. They remain from three weeks to three months, spend all their money and all they can borrow, and then pass on. With rare exceptions they are ashamed to return to their native places, and so they, go elsewhere, generally to the westward, according to the natural instinct of the Aryan. Of the minority which remains a year or two, a very large majority finally pass on. They may be found driving teams in the coal mines of Pennsylvania or further west, working as deck hands on steamboats, as common laborers about western towns, or, very rarely, as substantial farmers in the west.

Many, too many, who aim to be clerks or actors or journalists hang about barrooms and do little work now and then—and wait and wait and wait till their market is gone. Of all professions none require steadiness and reliability more than the stage and journalism. Many a really able writer is sure of power because a manager cannot rely upon him. He does splendid work for a while, but just when the pressure is greatest he fails to report. Then he is done for. And it is astonishing how soon these stage managers and managing editors do learn to recognize such a man at sight. They may never have seen or heard of him, but to their keen eyes he might as well have "unreliable" stamped all over him in letters of fire.

Perhaps 5 per cent. of all the seekers remain in the city. Of these one may make a great success, and one or two an average success. The others must compete with the native lads of the city, of whom there are more than enough, and all sink into inferior positions to stay. And yet New York is a good place—for one who has a specialty. Let him be master of some one thing, even though it be the violin or the flute, and there is a place for him. But he must be thoroughly the master of it. For mediocrity in all lines New York is the best place in America to stay away from.

Recently I dreamed that little scallop of green which is dignified with the title of "City Hall park" because it lies between city hall and the postoffice, Broadway and Park row. About it there is a faint semblance of rural life. It was early forenoon, yet every bench was full. Every third or fourth man was asleep, and on the face and hands of at least a third of the men there I noted the unmistakable evidences of toil they were recently from the country.

The authorities tell me that there are never less than 60,000 able bodied, willing, unemployed men in New York. These are the disappointed. Of course the surplus is simply frightful, for there are 80,000 more women than men in New York, according to the last estimate. Of the eastern people who go



EVERY BENCH WAS FULL.

west the proportion of the successful is greater, of course, because the rapidly growing west honors the drafts made upon it. He who can get a fairly good place and hold on is reasonably sure of a tide that will float him high. Character of course tells in the west as everywhere else, but the exceptions are more numerous there. As the life that now is may be characterized as a mixed game of chance and skill, so the section in which chance is the more a factor is the field for the more daring. I have in my mind's eye one peculiarly brilliant instance of success in spite of character, but it is not to be taken as a model.

He was, when I first knew him in Indiana, a Methodist exhorter, and thought to be on the road to the regular ministry; but the "backslid" and joined the ——— party, ran for the legislature and was badly beaten, became a "Reformer," was defeated again, went to Missouri and kept a railroad saloon, ran off with another man's wife and went to the mining regions. There he got the option of a wildcat mine and sold it to some confiding Englishmen for $150,000, swindled his "pals" out of most of the swag, bought a county and went to the territorial legislature. There he took high ground in favor of "retrenchment and reform," and sold his vote and influence to a railroad company, worked through the legislature an act of incorporation for a concern in which he was a silent partner, then sold out his partners and everybody else, and the last I heard of him he was a rich and influential citizen, the owner of thirteen good barroom sites, the dictator of politics in his district and the biggest scoundrel in the new state.

J. H. BRADLE.

A Funny Typographical Error.

The people of San Francisco are laughing over a compositor's blunder which, some of them say, brings the statement nearer the truth than the original copy. The printer, in setting up a list of persons whose claims against the city had been allowed by that board of supervisors, substituted a k for an l, and passed the list with the assertion that "the following bilks were ordered paid."

Ex-Senator George W. Jones, of Iowa, is a well preserved and jaunty man of nearly 80 years. His head is covered with bunches of wavy, white curls, and his Van Dyke beard and mustachios are white and curly. But his figure is still light, strong and graceful. He lives in Dubuque, Ia.

IN HONOR OF HOLLEY.

A Bust of the Noted Engineer Unveiled at New York.

The other afternoon the members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers and of the British Iron and Steel institute met in Washington square, New York city, to witness the unveiling of the bust of Alexander L. Holley, the

A. L. HOLLEY.

distinguished metallurgist. Holley was born in Connecticut in 1832 and died in Brooklyn in 1882. For a number of years he edited railway magazines. Then he went abroad to study ordnance and armor. While in England he bought the American rights of the Bessemer patents and erected the first Bessemer steel works in 1865. He modified the details of the Bessemer process and adapted it to the special requirements of the American manufacturer. Speaking of this period of Holley's life his eulogist at the unveiling ceremonies, Mr. James Dredge, of London, said:

He continued to be recognized as the one great authority in America on Bessemer steel. In England the question most nearly if not quite as high. We all remember the prominent part he took in the Centennial exhibition of 1876; his editorship reports on the iron and steel exhibits of that year, and which were followed by a long and masterly series of articles on the steel works of the United States—a series which unfortunately remained unfinished. Some of us have had the privilege of studying his annual and confidential reports on the steel manufactures of the world. The reports are marvels of technical skill and lucidity. They attracted universal confidence which he commanded both at home and abroad, in the steel works of Europe as well as those of the United States. They were the result of periodical visits to England and the continent, and were, during the last years of his life, prepared solely for the use of the Pennsylvania railroad, with which he had entered into confidential relations. The gates of every steel works in Europe were open to him, and from him as manufacturers' secrets were withheld. It was quite a unique position which he thus occupied, one for which his long training, high intelligence and perfect integrity absolutely fitted him. Manufacturers knew well that their secrets were safe in his hands; that if they gave him much he brought still more to them; that his visits were always useful and suggestive, and that the exchange of American experiences for their own never left Holley their debtor. There was also another aspect to these annual visits. Time, hard work and the cares of a busy life had never withered the great charm of Holley's character; but, on the contrary, his genial manner and indefinable power of attraction had increased with years. He was loved as much as he was admired; he was as popular in France, in Germany and in Belgium as he was in England or the United States.

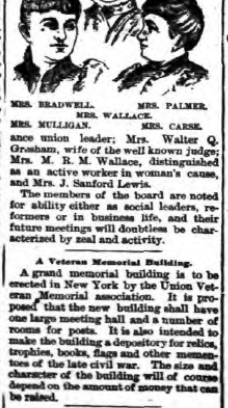
The Holley bust is a bronze of colossal size and is the work of J. Q. A. Ward. It was erected by contributions from the engineers of England and America.

A Lonely Arctic Expedition.

It will be Christmas before Warburton Pike sees civilization again. He is enjoying a solitary ramble in the Arctic regions of America. When last heard from he was at Fort Resolution and intended ascending the Great Fish river. About 1,000 miles of this will bring the desolate coast off which Sir John Franklin and his men were lost will bring the traveler to the mouth of the Mackenzie. His intention is to ascend the great river, cross the mountains, pass through New Caledonia to Quesnell, and thence come home by civilized routes. He is without a guide, that official having returned to Fort Resolution with the information that the provisions were running short.

World's Fair Lady Managers.

The Chicago board of nine lady managers of the Columbian exhibition, recently appointed by President Palmer, include Mrs. Potter Palmer, wife of a hotel keeping millionaire; Miss Frances Dickinson, an oculist; Mrs. James R. Doolittle, Jr., a sanitary inspector; Mrs. Myra Bradwell, publisher of The Chicago Legal News; Mrs. Marion L. Mulligan, widow of Colonel Mulligan, of Irish brigade fame; Mrs. Matilda B. Carse, a Woman's Christian Temper-



MRS. BRADWELL. MRS. PALMER. MRS. WALLACE. MRS. MULLIGAN. MRS. CARSE.

ance union leader; Mrs. Walter Q. Gresham, wife of the well known judge; Mrs. M. E. W. Sherwood, distinguished as an active worker in woman's cause, and Mrs. J. Sanford Lewis.

The members of the board are noted for ability either as social leaders, reformers or in business life, and their future meetings will doubtless be characterized by zeal and activity.

A Veteran Memorial Building.

A grand memorial building is to be erected in New York by the Union Veteran Memorial association. It is proposed that the new building shall have one large meeting hall and a number of rooms for posts. It is also intended to make the building a depository for relics, trophies, books, flags and other mementoes of the late civil war. The size and character of the building will of course depend on the amount of money that can be raised.

Wives for French Canadians.

Arrangements have been made by the Roman Catholic priest living near Calgary to supply wives to young Canadians of the northwest territory. The girls are to be brought from France and placed in the care of respectable families until their secure husbands.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.

Driving Out: HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.,
13 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of California Fruits before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery weekly to Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
PROPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State.
Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 25c., worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Inerain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. All Oil Cloth 25c. Ladies' Merino Vests 13 1/2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.
AT
V & W

Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jerseys and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a one five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, colored, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, black for $1.49.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But they won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—they are Lamps in endless variety—hall, hand, stand and hanging. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in
HOUSE---FURNISHINGS.
and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.
LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m.
1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies, 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors, Box 1886

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 81 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most coal was low, and is able to offer it at the same price, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the piers, self-dumping vessels, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone No. 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads, 50 cents. Office, Corbin's hardware store. Orders left at Post Office or Telephone No. 3 will receive prompt attention. Residence of Jos. Lewis, Gordon and Fox, Plainfield. Other city Telephone call 32.

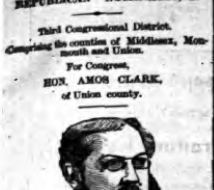
PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.



For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE W. KYTE,
of Pinewood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—A Grand Army Post is about to be organized at Bernardsville.

—The Constitutional Amendment election takes cost the State over $100,000.

—There are 45 varieties of golden rod, of which 20 are found in New Jersey.

—"Evangeline" is to be presented at Music Hall this evening by Rice's company.

—Quite a number of our people seem to be suffering with a disease resembling la grippe.

—The regular weekly prayer meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3.30.

—The Attorney General has decided that the patent ballot boxes must be used at the coming election.

—Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias met in their Armory on Second street last evening for drill.

—A rock hanger fell on Patrick Boyle's left hand Monday badly crushing it. Mr. Boyle is employed at the Potter Press Works.

—W. Scott Terry has been awarded the contract to tear down the Crescent League Club house which was recently damaged by fire.

—It was rumored on the streets of this city this afternoon that a fire was raging at Perth Amboy. The rumor cannot be verified.

—A large delegation from the Plainfield Bicycle Club will go to Elizabeth Saturday night to participate in the bicycle parade at that place.

—The first re-union of the 35th Regiment, N. J. Volunteers, since the close of the war, will be held at Newark on Wednesday, Oct. 22d, with headquarters at 840 Broad street.

—If you did not register yesterday you will have another chance previous to election. If You value your vote it is imperative that you should take advantage of this last opportunity.

—Every watch is a compass. Point the hour hand towards the sun and south is exactly half way between the hour hand and the figure XII on the watch. If it is four o'clock it is exactly South.

—From now until the 31st of December the days will continue to get shorter and the nights longer, when we shall have our longest nights. After that there will be a gradual change the other way.

—For the benefit of inquirers it must be again stated that the game laws are unchanged and that grouse, quails and rabbits may be killed between 12 o'clock on the night of October 31st and 12 o'clock on the night of December 15th.

—The "scattered Four" of this city tendered their friends an evening sociable at Mt. Bethel last night. Mr. Edward Apgar of this city and Miss Paxson of Newark led the grand march. About twenty couples from this city were in attendance and all apparently enjoyed themselves, returning home at daylight.

—There is an old superstition about the weather which very few people know of, although it is an old one. It is, that no matter how gloomy and dull it may be on Wednesday, the sun is sure to show itself, if only for a few minutes, on Wednesday was the day on which it was created. There is no room for superstitious people in this age.

—The Young Mens Christian Association membership fee $3.00 entitles to the following privileges of the association: Instruction in mechanical drawing, short-hand, type writing, book-keeping, penmanship, members receptions and use of circulating library. The first quarterly members reception will be after the pattern of a genuine "Camp Fire" and will be held in the Association Hall, Thursday evening Oct. 23d.

Look Out for Her.

A woman is traveling around collecting money presumably for the help of Jacob Shenker and family. He says it is unnecessary and wishes us to warn people not to pay her.

THE CANDIDATES.

A REVIEW OF THOSE TO BE VOTED FOR IN THIS VICINITY.

Reasons why it is Very Important to See That the Whole Republican Ticket is Elected.

The nominations in which the people of this section are interested have all been made, the last being that of yesterday.

THE NEWS circulates largely in two congressional districts—the Third and the Fourth. Candidates of both parties in the Third District for Congress are ex-Congressmen, and it is a very simple matter for the intelligent voter to decide between them, for aside from the principles which each candidate represents no congressman ever did so much for the district as Hon. Amos Clark, the Republican candidate, while none ever did so little, so far as known, as the Democratic candidate, Hon. Jacob Geisenhainer. He says in his stump speeches that he was not recognized by Speaker Reed because of his being a Democrat. During part of his term there was a Democratic administration. Yet it was the same then as since the Democrats were kicked out of power because of their follies. The truth of the matter is—and we make this statement on most unquestionable authority—the Honorable Mr. Geisenhainer says what is not true. He never presented for consideration important bills entrusted to him—and his trying by falsehoods to put the blame on the Republicans for his failing to do his duty is greatly to his discredit. If he would thus try to deceive the voters to gain their votes, *is he worthy to be a representative of so* important a district? He has been tried and found so badly wanting that he is dubbed everywhere "The Do-nothing Candidate." He is rich by inheritance and indolent by nature. On the contrary, Mr. Clark has always graced with honor to his constituents and credit to *himself every position he has* been chosen to fill, and has a record of which he may well feel proud. He is truly a representative man—honorable to the core, energetic, warm-hearted, and yet prudent and experienced. He is worthy of the name of statesman.

We need men like him in Congress, especially at this time. To insure his election, however, it is necessary that every voter who believes in the Protection of Home Industries, and in being represented by a man who will attend to the wants of his constituents, does his duty from now until election day, and then *vote for* Hon. Amos Clark.

All that can be said for Mr. Clark as a worthy candidate and against his opponent will apply with equal force to the Fourth District Republican Candidate, Richard F. Goodman. He has, however, a Democratic majority of from 3,000 to 4,000 to contend with, *and it will be a wonder indeed* should he be elected.

THE SENATORIAL CANDIDATES.

The Union County Republican Candidate Mayor John C. Rankin, Jr., of Elizabeth, has been chosen because of the splendid record he has made in his present position, and because of his life long record as a man of rare ability, and of unimpeachable character. His opponent is Lawyer Fred. M. C. Marsh of Elizabeth, and it is a pleasure to be able to say that there is nothing to be said against Mr. Marsh's character which is calculated to be thoroughly detested, however by a large section of his own party for some unknown reason, for he is a very agreeable young gentleman, his chance of election on this account alone is very slim. It is very slim indeed when it is remembered that Republican candidate in the field as Mayor Rankin—a man a head and shoulders above Freddie mentally as well as physically.

The Somerset County Republican Candidate, Mr. Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield, is a gentleman against whom *character* and fitness for the office not even his political opponents can say a word. He has been identified with the interests of Somerset all his life, and is well and favorably known from one end of the county to the other. During the three years he has lived in North Plainfield he has won the esteem of his fellow citizens and the confidence and respect. The nomination of a North Plainfield man for the important office of Senator is a compliment to that township, to which it is justly entitled. Only once before since it has been a township has North Plainfield been honored by either party *with a nomination*, that of *Hon. John Veterlin* for member of Assembly. Mr. Reed yesterday received the nomination upon the first ballot and if the demonstration in his favor at the convention may be accepted as an indication, he will be elected.

His opponent, William J. Keys is a New York *Hvery stable keeper who married rich.* He recently bought a Summer residence near Somerville, and spent his leisure time during the warm months driving about the country, returning to New York in the Winter. Very little is known about him except what he says in his own behalf. His nomination was the result of a combination among *rival candidates* to beat Andrew Lane, an old and worthy citizen of the county, and the plan was given to Keys because he was unknown within a few days of him. Conductor Boily of drill engine No. 30 saw Mr. Titsworth's peril and dragged him out of the way of the *express train just as it rushed by.*

The Republican candidate for county clerk of Somerset Co., Mr. Peter S. Van Pelt, has the most hearty endorsement of his party, as a sturdy Republican and generally upright man, whose chance of election is considered good. His opponent, Mathew H. Vanderveer, held the office for two terms, and was United States Revenue collector under the Cleveland administration. The dispute over his mismanagement resulted in the Democrats losing the first office ever elected to in the second office being taken away from Somerville altogether and put into the Newark office.

THE ASSEMBLY CANDIDATES.

Freeholder George S. Kyte of Pinewood is an exceedingly popular as to leave no doubt but that he will be elected as the Republican successor of ex-Judge Ulrich, and that being a foregone conclusion it isn't worth while mentioning his opponent at all, as he "ain't in it." Mr. Kyte was a soldier during the war, leaving sch ol to serve his country, and he has filled with greatest honor every public position in the township and county in which he could be induced to accept. He is one of the kind of men whom the office seeks rather than of the class who seek office. We bail thee, worthy comrade, as Assemblyman-elect Kyte.

The Republicans of Somerset County expect to elect Mr. John E. Bilsonn of Martinsville, *Montgomery township*, and no other name was even mentioned at the convention yesterday, so thoroughly were all satisfied with him.

We have given what we believe is a fair resume of the qualities of the candidates, and we urge their election for the best interests of the people. It is very important that the next Congress and the next Legislature be Republican, as they will be if all good men do their duty. We will try to do ours.

Officers Installed.

At a meeting of Howell Division, Sons of *Temperance, held last evening Lloyd Paingborn*, John Cross and John A. Johnson were elected members of the order, after which the following officers were installed.

W. P.—C. J. Johnson.
W. A.—Mary Clum.
R. S.—Stewart Todd.
Assistant Recording Scribe.—Cornelius Wyckoff.
Financial Scribe—Oscar Worsley.
Treasurer and Scribe—George Rockefellow.
Chaplain.—Mrs. A. Corwin.
Conductor.—Jessie Clum.
Assistant Conductor.—John R. Johnson.
Inside Sentinel.—*Harry Matlox.*
Outside Sentinel.—Isaac Scribner.
Organist.—Lloyd Pangborn.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

A most interesting talk to young men may be expected at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-*morrow* evening at 6:15 o'clock, when the Rev. Wm. R. Richards will recount some of the experiences of a young man during his college days. College ses ge at eight o'clock. Admission free.

Educational classes will be held weekly at the Y. M. C. A. as follows: Monday, book-keeping and penmanship. Tuesday, Mechanical drawing classes. Friday, shorthand and type-writing. The members of the shorthand class will be received on or before next Friday evening. Boys too young for membership will be admitted to class privileges.

City Court Notes.

Thomas Kelley imbibed to freely yesterday and consequently he was landed in the police court. He was very penitent when arraigned in court this morning but his pleadings were unavailing. Judge Codington sent him to the county jail for twenty days.

Nellie Hoppel partook too freely of the juice of the forbidden fruit yesterday and her arrest followed. Her promised Judge Codington that she would forswear the use of liquor and he suspended sentence.

An Attempted Robbery.

Monday evening a man passing along Plainfield avenue, when in front of Stelle's woods, was confronted by two suspicious looking characters who demanded money from him. Although he was terribly frightened he succeeded in escaping with his valuables. He informed his friend, "Bert" Johnson and the two proceeded to the spot, but when they arrived, the fellows had made good their escape. It is said that tramps infest the woods *nightly and that timid persons are* afraid to pass in that vicinity after dark.

Y. P. S. C. E. Officers.

At a meeting of the Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel, held last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—M. M. Denham.
Vice President—Henry Sealer.
Recording Secretary—Gifford D. Johnson.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss Lillie M. Bird.
Treasurer—Miss Sadie Searing.

A Narrow Escape.

Mr. R. B. Titsworth of New street had a narrow escape *from death at the main de*pot in this city yesterday morning. He attempted to cross the track just as the Flemington express, due here at 7.28 was within a few feet of him. Conductor Boily of drill engine No. 30 saw Mr. Titsworth's peril and dragged him out of the way of the *express train just as it rushed by.*

The Electric Crane.

The electric crane to be used at the Frog Machine Tool Company for lifting heavy castings, etc., has been put in position and will be tested either this afternoon or to-morrow. It is said to be one of the most complete pieces of mechanism ever erected in this city and will save considerable labor.

Baptist Young People's Sociable.

The Young People's Society of the First Baptist church held their first Autumnal sociable, at the residence of Mrs. Smith on Grove street, last evening. A large number attended. Songs and games whiled away the evening delightfully.

JUMPED FROM A TRAIN.

A Fractured Leg Resulted.—An Unfortunate German.

Basil Dreger, a German from Cumberland, Maryland, arrived at the Netherwood depot just before eight o'clock last evening, tired and hungry. He had tramped all day, his destination being Plainfield, where he hoped to obtain employment. While he was taking a rest at the above named station, the passenger train due in this city at 8.08 stopped and Dreger heard the last car, his destination being to steal a ride to the main depot in this city. When near the Berckmans street bridge a brakeman opened the door and told him to get inside the car. He evidently became frightened for he leaped from the train which was then running at a high rate of speed. The brakeman was horrified and thinking the man had killed by the fall or had sustained serious injury he rang the bell and had the train stopped. The man was found apparently seriously injured, and was picked up and brought to this city.

Dr. Pritts, the railroad physician, was notified and he hastened to the depot and after a careful examination he ascertained that Dreger's right leg was fractured and that his left knee was badly lacerated. He was taken to the Muhlenberg Hospital where his wounds were dressed.

Dreger did not have the appearance of a tramp and is evidently a hard working man in unfortunate circumstances.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Theodore Vroom of Somerset street is confined to the house by illness.

Dr. Charles L. Thorn and bride will return from their wedding tour about the 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodland and Miss Woodland moved to-day from their Somerset street home and will hereafter reside in Newark.

Mr. Edward Connolly of Easton, Pa., and Miss Sarah McNally of this city were married with a Nuptial mass at St. Mary's church this morning by the Rev. Father Stafford. As the bridal party entered the church, Miss Renau, the organist played a wedding march from Lohengrin. During the ceremony the *solo Ave Maria was beautifully rendered by* Miss Renau. Mr. and Mrs Connolly left on a wedding tour which will include, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Upon their return they will reside in this city.

Mr. F. W. Grant, of Plainfield, New Jersey, has set out in an ambitious attempt to present in numbers a new translation of the Bible, with comments and critical notes. He has an idea, not clearly enunciated, that there is a numerical mystery in the composition of the sacred text, but in the presentation of its several features. He therefore omits his work "The Numerical Bible." He sees a *mystical meaning in the five-fold division* or the books of Moses. Genesis has a No. 1 line of 50 words, Exodus 'the line of truth' connected with No. 2," and so on to the end of the Divine Revelation. These five forms are reproduced, united or singly, in all the subsequent separate divisions. We see no meaning of any value or vitality in the theory, however, and we will leave the determination of the publishers, Loizeaux Bros., at the Bible Truth Depot, 63 Fourth avenue.—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

A Cause of "the Grip."

An exchange quotes a Maine man as saying that "the golden rod is responsible for many cases of influenza." While ago his little daughter gathered a large bunch and put it in a vase in the parlor. Two sleeping apartments are on the same floor, and the doors are frequently left open at night. Two days after the golden rod was thrown into the house several members of the family began to sneeze, complain of sore throat and feel greatly depressed, but not for several days did they find out the cause of their illness. It is said that the flowers give off an imperceptible powder like substance, which it takes into the lungs by the sneeze, causing an irritation. It also irritates the throat, produces violent sneezing, makes the limbs feel as though burdened with some heavy weight, and depresses a person's spirits."

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending October 13, 1890:

Angle, Lizzie (3)	Hoseman, Mrs Huldy
Blue, Idella	Kelly, Jr Mrs S D
Buckley, Kate	King, Mrs Jane H
Boiles, J	Lewis, Miss Mary
Collins, E. J.	McCann, John J
Conant, Foster	Patterson, Miss M
Dobbins, Mr Rev	Patterson, Miss Lculay
Dunham, Miss Maude	Peery, Will C
Dempsey, Mary	Sobey, Omer
Fayes, Louren (2)	Smith, Chester
Fasbury, Annie E.	Scribner, Chas E
Gleaney, Mary	Taylor, Samuel M
Haskes, C W	Voorhis, Mr H (2)
Weber, Rudolphert	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

H. B. POPE, P. M.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

October, 1890.	8 a. m.	12 m.	4 p. m.	8 p. m.	12 p. m.	Rain.
1. Wednesday	62	68	71	70	66	00
2. Thursday	59	66	68	66	62	00
3. Friday	59	66	68	66	62	00
4. Saturday	59	66	68	66	62	00
5. Sunday	59	66	68	66	62	00
6. Monday	59	66	68	66	62	00
7. Tuesday	59	66	68	66	62	00
8. Wednesday	59	66	68	66	62	00
9. Thursday	59	66	68	66	62	00
10. Friday	59	66	68	66	62	00
11. Saturday	59	66	68	66	62	00
12. Sunday	59	66	68	66	62	00
13. Monday	59	66	68	66	62	00
14. Tuesday	59	66	68	66	62	00
15. Wednesday	59	66	68	66	62	00

Off for Perth Amboy.

About fifty members of Engine Company No. 2, headed by Plainfield Cornet Band preceded from their headquarters this morning to the Park House where they embarked in stages for Perth Amboy, to participate in the parade of the Amboy Fire Department. They made a fine appearance on the street, and will undoubtedly be a welcome addition to the parade. Chief Dunn, ex-Chief Carney, Jennings and Martin accompanied the "boys" of No. 2.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

24 Years for Dr. McGonegal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15, 1890. (Special).—Judge Fitzgerald to-day denied the plea of Dr. McGonegal's counsel for the suspension of sentence. After a brief statement he sentenced Dr. McGonegal to 24 years in the State prison. This is virtually a life sentence for McGonegal is old in years as well as sin.

—Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather a good audience gathered in Reform Hall last evening to listen to Mrs. C. S. Whitney of New York City. Mrs. Whitney is a pleasing speaker, and all who heard her clear and powerful exposition of Bible truth were convinced and delighted. She commenced a Bible meeting in Reform Hall at 3 p. m. to-day and will preach in the hall at eight o'clock this evening. She will also conduct the mother's meeting on Thursday at 3 p. m. All are welcome.

Married.

MCNALLY—CONNOLLY.—At St. Mary's church, this city, on Monday, Oct. 13, 1890, by the Rev. Father Stafford, Miss Sarah McNally of Plainfield to Mr Edward Connolly of Easton, Pa., by the Rev. Father Stafford.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A MIDDLE-AGED German woman wants situation at washing, iron, scrubbing or any kind of house-work. Will call. Enquire Mrs. Ward's Intelligence, 18 Lee place. 15-2

ALMOST NEW: Warwick safety bicycle, 52 inch wheel, ball bearings, tone bell, with automatic pneumatic tell-a diamond cut glass lantern and Gaylord saddle. $110; worth $140. Also, without safety, $80.—W. Garrison, EVENING NEWS office. 15 6

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Meat, somerset street. 10 14 t

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East third stree. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14-t.

FOR SALE—A large first-class watch dog. 229 West Front street, 9-6

FOR SALE—Two good hounds Address Cyrus Wilcox, Westfield, N. J. 14 5

FOR RENT—A good square piano, $5 per month. 43 West Fifth street. wtf, tw

FOR SALE — Warwick safety bicycle, 52 inch, cheap. Perfect condition. Ridden six weeks. Address Geo. W. Morrison, Rahway, Plainfield, N. J. 10-4tf

GOOD washer and ironer would like work to do or will go home. Address "M," care of EVENING NEWS. 13-3

LOT near Somerset street, 10 minutes from D. & L. for sale. Address "Lot," care of EVENING NEWS.

ROOMS to rent. Three or four rooms, 222 North Second street, Plainfield. 9-14-tf

SITUATION wanted as coachman by a married colored man, city or country. Thoroughly understands farming and gardening. Call or address colored man, 39 Plainfield avenue.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 8-16tf

WANTED—A co k and laundress. Call at 317 West Front street. 9-14-tf

WANTED—A competent chambermaid and waitress. Apply to 35 Lafayette avenue. 14-2

WANTED—A woman to wash on Monday s. Must be good washer and ironer. Call at 15 Park Place, Plainfield, N. J. 13-3

WANTED—A second hand safety bicycle, must be in good condition and not much used "28, 28" preferred. 12 East Ninth street, Plainfield.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be competent and bring good refrences. Apply 148 Broadway. 15-2

WANTED TO BUY—A small house, well located. North Plainfield preferred. Must be in good condition. Address stating all particulars. "Property," care of EVENING NEWS. 15-2

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly; if suitable with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. Reference. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1585, N. Y. 5-13 m-4 1y

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property in exchange for $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property. Value location, $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class modern house, this is an unusual opportunity. "Equity," care of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. 15-12p

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE Hair Dressing, Shampooing or Manicuring, call at 37 East Third street. 10-6m

CLAIRVOYANT WILL LEAVE SOON. Mrs. Dr. Edwards can be seen as usual at the City Hotel, rooms 6 and 7, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at once, as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. and $1. Can be consulted on all affairs of life. 13-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons as residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse with ease. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Mistress of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures. Miss Rose Bertin, Plainfield, is prepared to perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. Apply at residence, 6 Somerset street, or write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible director of the Spring Academy of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 282. 10-2tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and an Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of grapevine roots. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 24 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and Provisioner, 76 and 78 Somerset street, has beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite stone, rock candy, glassware, Royal polish, stone ware, cider vinegar, Pearl grain sweetening.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Chester's Barber Shop, 9 Somerset street, next to Stadley & Co's. 6-24-1y

THOROUGHBRED, YOUNG and old Jersey cows for sale, and in lease; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, near improvements, at Lambert's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-20-1y

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL.

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin.

Indispensable to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES. SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "rather than lookers." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11. DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Deceptive Advertising.

Many people are constantly being deceived by the high sounding advertisements published by some large manufacturers in the nearby large cities.

A "special sale" of carpets now going on in one of our large neighboring cities is a very striking illustration.

They announce with an immense flourish of adjectives, in this wise, viz.: because of their extensive purchases; in many cases amounting to the "entire output" of certain manufacturers, they are enabled to sell at these unheard of prices.

Under such tremendous statements as the above, and the like, here is what they actually do:

Elegant Tapestry Brussels Carpets, good for 20 years' wear, sold elsewhere for $1.35, at 85cts.

Edsall's every-day price for the identical makes is just 85cts.

Again they say an elegant line of do, worth 65cts at 45 to 75cts.

Edsall's price for the same goods is 60cts, every day.

They advertise Extra Body Brussels worth $1.25, at 98cts.

Edsall's price every day is just even $1.00 for the same quality.

They advertise Extra Superfine, all-wool ingrains, fully worth $1.00, at 65 and 75cts.

Edsall has never asked more than 65 and 75cts for exactly the same goods.

The above is only one of the hundreds of cases of like manner in which some people are induced to go out of Plainfield to spend their money. If any one thinks this is merely an advertising dodge, we have in our possession a printed copy of the advertisement referred to for their inspection.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday October 20.

Special engagement of America's greatest actress,

MISS MARGARET MATHER,

Supported by Mr. Otis Skinner, and a powerful New York Company, in a production of Mark Twain's Famous comedy

The Honeymoon.

Special scenery, new and beautiful costumes. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

1890 TAXES!

Notice is hereby given to the Taxpayers of the City of Plainfield, that the tax assessed in said City for the year 1890, are now due and payable, and that if the said Taxes be not paid by the

20TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT,

The names of the Defaulters, with their respective bills will be returned to the City Judge for Prosecution.

The Commissioners of Appeal

In case of Taxation, will meet in the Council Chamber on the Fourth Tuesday in November next, (the 25th,) and sit from two o'clock p. m., until 5 p. m., or longer, if found necessary, to dispose of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

JOSIAH JOHNSON,
Collector of Taxes.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 1st, 1890.
10-3-wstd

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

Wm. M. Sullivan, assignee of Cursey Bros., plumbers, will sell at public vendue, at the store and premises, No. 9 somerset street, now occupied by said Cursey Bros., on

Tuesday, Oct. 21.

next, beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon, a lot of stoves, ranges, heaters, refrigerators, pumps, water backs, and other plumbing and fitting material, being part of the stock in trade of said Cursey Bros., to be sold for the benefit of their creditors.

This will be a rare chance to lay in a Winter supply of stoves, etc. Sale absolute.

Terms cash. Sale hours each day of sale.

WM. M. SULLIVAN, Assignee.
T. J. GILLEN, Auctioneer. 14-1w*

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Excelsior Metal Plastic Paint. Water proof and very desirable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 39 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the Real Estate Trust.

Dr. W. K. Bell, City Hotel. 11-12

ABSOLUTE AND PEREMPTORY SALE,

OF

250 Choice Building Lots.

On Jerusalem road, Fanwood avenue, John street, South street, and Scarlet, Cleveland and Harrison avenue, at Westfield, N. J., on

THURSDAY, October 16, 1890,

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, noon.

JOHN B. C. MARSH, Auctioneer.

These lots are situated in the best residence parts of Westfield, on graded levelled streets, convenient to the depot, and to new road from Newark to Somerville.

WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE IN PARCELS OF TEN SUITABLE PURCHASERS.

Ample conveyance on at Westfield depot to take buyers to the ground.

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND. REMEMBER THE DAY.

Buyers of this valuable property will double their money within a few years. Terms easy and all conditions made favorable. For further information apply to JOHN B. C. MARSH and F. C. PEARSALL, at Westfield, N. J.; HERBERT VANDYKE, Real Estate Building, 171 Broadway, New York. Conveyances to New York only two cents.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT.

The famous extravaganza of America, Rice's Beautiful EVANGELINE.

Under the immediate supervision of Mr. E. E. Rice. Mr. C. J. Rich, Proprietor and manager. With its wealth of captivating attraction.

40 ARTISTS

In the company, more bewitching, more charming, more entrancing than ever. Gorgeous and elaborate scenery, new and elaborate scenery.

NOW'S THE CHANCE. SECURE YOU.

Buyers of this valuable property will double their money within a few years. Terms easy and all conditions made favorable. For further information apply to JOHN B. C. MARSH and F. C. PEARSALL, at Westfield, N. J.; HERBERT VANDYKE, Real Estate Building, 171 Broadway, New York. Conveyances to New York only two cents.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBERSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE EVENING NEWS PUB. CO., PLAINFIELD N. J., LOCK BOX 1.

TELEPHONE CALL, 6.

For the Winter.

Cold weather is coming. At the first frost, therefore, swathe yourself in heavy woolens from head to foot, like a mummy or an Esquimau. Put a thick "comforter" around your neck. Bring it around and around till nothing is visible but your eyes and nose. Do not take it off till next June.

The "comforter" will make your neck small and skinny, and your throat sensitive to cold, as the neck and throat of a healthy person should be. Who wants a throat like that of a dumb brute, that never knows what hoarseness is? Next wear a heavy fur cap that has been in the family for generations and has never been renovated. It will keep your head warm, and make your hair fall out by handfuls, and you will look wise and bald headed early in life. Animals never cover their heads or protect them from the cold, and animals are never bald headed: but again, who wants to be like a dumb brute in any respect? What is civilization for if not to make men bald headed and delicate, so they can take proper care of their health.

Travelers will tell you that the most magnificent hair in the world, if not the most magnificent health among women, is to be found among the picturesque Italian women who go bareheaded the year around, and let nature cover their heads for them. Don't mind travelers' tales.

It is true again that numerous people are beginning to find that they are better off without dressing so like a mummy in winter; that nature insures them to cold if they trust to her, and keeps them warm from within outward, but don't pay any heed to this. Nature never was civilized. People who dress *lightly and find warmth and stimulus* in themselves are cranks.

Don't take a bath for the next six months. You might take cold. Tramps know what they are about when they fight to the death the attempt to give them a bath. Don't go any account sleep with your windows open at night. Finally, and this perhaps is the most important of all, live in mortal dread daily and nightly of "taking cold." Fancy this is one huge bundle of "colds," and that, like the peck of dirt, you must get your share. You will be sure to if you believe in them. The cheerful, lightly clad, deep breathing fellow who throws his window open at night and defies the colds will escape them, and you will get his share and yours, too. And you can have pneumonia and consumption, too, if you like.

The Ideal Friend.

Once or twice in a lifetime he is found, and one who is worthy of him will be sure to find him. You will know him when you meet him and he will know you.

He will make the most and the best of the good that is in you, and so influence you that the evil in you will steadily diminish the longer you know him. Whatever is deficient in you he will supply, and in like manner you will fill his needs and wants. You will fit together because you were made for one another. When you meet him it will seem to you as if you had always known him, as if, somehow, in some previous existence you had been true comrades and friends and now only picked up the chain that had been dropped erewhile. And this impression as of previous acquaintance will not die out, as with lovers, but will continue to the end, and grow stronger, for your friend is your counterpart, your other self.

Your honor, your good name will be as sacred to him as his own. Never once will he show cowardice, jealousy or treachery. He will rejoice with royal gladness when all goes well with you, he will sympathize with and try to help you when you are ill at ease, exactly as he would try to help himself. You can depend on him as on a rock for support. When you find him cherish him as your life, and never let him go.

But how will you find him? Make yourself worthy of such a friend, and he will come to you of his own accord.

Dion Boucicault was undoubtedly the greatest playwright of his time, yet there was one shade over his life which will prevent his ever being respected by the world as a man. This was his treatment of his wife, the mother of his children. After they had been married so many years that their children were grown, matrimonial difficulties intervened, and the wife sought a divorce. Then it was that to escape paying alimony Boucicault decided that there ever had been a marriage, thus deliberately pronouncing his own lawful sons and daughters illegitimate. A father who would do that is not much of a father, even if such a thing were the truth. But in Boucicault's case the first marriage was sufficiently established, and Mrs. Boucicault will personally fight her suit for his property in America.

The Farmers' Alliance the country over seem to be in favor of government control of railroads and telegraphs.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS

Arranging for Two Notable Funerals at the Capital.

MORE TALK ABOUT RECIPROCITY

An Estimate of What Reciprocal Trade with Mexico Would Amount To—The Prospects of a Treaty with Spain and the Antilles—A Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The arrangements for the funeral of Justice Miller have been completed. The funeral services will take place in the supreme court room at the capitol between 2 and 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Shippen of this city, will conduct the services and Rev. Dr. Bartlette will deliver an address. The remains will be taken from the court room to the Pennsylvania depot thence to Keokuk, Ia.

The Justices as Bearers.

The justices of the supreme court will act as pallbearers and will accompany the remains to Keokuk. The train will leave here at 7.45 p. m. on Thursday, and will reach Keokuk Saturday morning about 10 o'clock.

The Belknap Obsequies.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The arrangements for the funeral of Gen. Belknap are not completed. It has been decided, however, that the funeral will take place from St. John's church, in this city, and the general will be buried at Arlington. Flags are flying at half mast over the Executive Mansion and the executive departments out of respect to the memory of the ex-secretary of war. The following has been issued at the war department:

A Gallant Soldier.

"It is with great sorrow that the acting secretary of war announces the death of the Hon. William W. Belknap, which has just occurred in this city. Gen. Belknap was secretary of war under President Grant from Oct. 25, 1869, to March 2, 1876 and rendered valuable service. He entered the United States army as major of the Fifteenth Iowa volunteers Dec. 7, 1861, was promoted lieutenant colonel Aug. 30, 1862, and colonel June 3, 1863, and was appointed brigadier general of volunteers July 30, 1864. During his service in the army he was recognized as a brave and efficient commander, and was made major general of volunteers by brevet for gallant and meritorious service during the war. As a mark of respect to his memory it is ordered that the war department be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days, and that all business be suspended therein on the day of the funeral.

"Upon the day of the receipt of this order at each military post seventeen guns will be fired at intervals of one-half hour, commencing at 8 o'clock a. m."

The Reciprocity Question.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Secretary Blaine has received a letter from Carlos Criet, of the Agricultural company of Oaxaca, Mexico, stating that the treaty of reciprocity between the United States and the island which lands has built up a trade which last year amounted to $16,183,780. Mr. Criet says that he does know why a reciprocity such as that negotiated between Mexico and the United States by Messrs. Romero and Grant would not produce equal, or even greater results, and if so the trade between Mexico and the United States, if increased in the same proportions as that of the Sandwich islands, might in a short time amount to $25,000,000 a year. The Mexicans, he says, now purchase every species of commodity produced in the United States. They most purchase in large quantities because they have not the means of paying. Mr. Criet states that he has documents which would amply prove that all the North American products find a good market in Mexico.

In regard to newspaper dispatches from London asserting that Spain could negotiate a reciprocity treaty with the United States for the Cuban trade without violating the "favored nation clause" in her existing treaties with other nations, it is said at the department of state that this point was discussed and finally decided in 1884, when Minister Foster negotiated a reciprocity treaty on the same basis that is now proposed, and is now revived, not by Spain, it is stated, but by the commercial interests of great Britain for an obvious purpose.

The "Favored Nation Clause."

The state department officials say that the United States also has the "favored nation clause" in most of her commercial treaties, but this will not embarrass the government in the negotiation of reciprocity treaties or arrangements with other nations, because the department of state has uniformly held, from the time of Mr. Jefferson as secretary of state to Mr. Blaine, that the favored nation clause only applies where privileges are granted freely and without a consideration, but wherever a special consideration is made the condition of a favor granted or received the favored nation clause does not apply. This construction has been recently sustained by the supreme court of the United States in its opinion in the case of Bartram vs. Robertson.

The Supreme Court Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—When the supreme court of the United States assembled here to-day in which it holds its sessions it was crowded with spectators. The chair that had been occupied by the late Associate Justice Miller was heavily draped in black. There were no other signs of mourning about the court room. When the crier was announced that the court was in session Chief Justice Miller announced in a low voice the death of Justice Miller. "Out this account," he said, "no business will be transacted and the court stands adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock noon." The members of the court then filed out to their robing room. The whole ceremony did not last over two minutes.

A Meeting of the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Shortly after the president arrived at the White House he issued a call for a meeting of the cabinet. All the members of the cabinet were present except Secretary Proctor and Postmaster General Wanamaker. It is understood that the subject of an extra session of congress was discussed. Private Secretary Halford when asked about the matter said he had no information to impart.

Killed by a Falling Wall.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—A heavy wind blew down one of the walls which fenced in the works of the Chicago Crucible Steel company, killing Tom Ferguson and Christian Brosse, and seriously injuring Louka August and Charles Gilia. The men were all laborers and had sought shelter against the wall during the storm, when it toppled over on them.

REED AT ROCHESTER.

He Predicts a Revolt Among the Southern Democrats.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 15.—The first rally in the Republican campaign of this state in the Thirtieth congressional district was held last night at Washington rink. The building was well filled. Gen. Thomas B. Reed met with the Hon. John Van Voorhis, Republican nominee for congress, and they were heartily applauded. The latter was greeted with great applause. He said in part:

"The rule of the majority prevails even in the Democratic party, the leaders of which have been fleeting it throughout the last session of congress. It is the only instance in which so firm a believer in majority rule as I am wishes the majority did not rule. The majority of the Democratic party resides south of Mason and Dixon's line, and the use of the northern Democrats are put to is generally to fill the ranks of the party rather than make up the roster of the officers. I believe that the northern Democrats will revolt from southern leadership, not by the violence of overturning with their opponents, but by the judicious and proper course of losing interest in a losing game.

"Our system of government is nothing more nor less than a system of counting of heads. There are those who believe that if we could be governed by an intelligence, like the editors of independent newspapers, for instance, it would be far preferable. I do not believe that the assembled wisdom could give us as good a system of government as this government by us all, and nobody should be left out."

Senator Hiscock also spoke.

A DESPERATE DUEL.

One Man Fell with Three Bullets Through His Body.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 15.—John McRary shot and killed Oscar Barringer in a duel at Lexington, about fifty miles from this place. McRary put three bullets into Barringer's body, killing him almost instantly. Both men were armed with Smith & Wesson fifty-calibers, which they emptied at each other at a distance of twenty paces. McRary escaped unscathed. The duel grew out of Barringer's undue intimacy with McRary's wife. The latter had warned him to keep away from Mrs. McRary and until recently Barringer ceased his attentions.

A few days ago, however, he sent a loving epistle to Mrs. McRary which her husband intercepted, and he forthwith sent a letter to Barringer informing him that he must either fight a duel or leave the state. Barringer promptly agreed to a duel, with the result already stated. McRary's whereabouts is not known. McRary's wife wept bitterly over Barringer's body.

Capt. Brown's Horses Sold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Col. Bruce sold at auction, at Morris park, all the horses in training belonging to Capt. S. S. Brown, with the exception of Senorita, which the captain prizes very highly and will keep. The sale was a great success, as will be seen by the figures below: De Muth, 3, by Ten Broek, dam: Belle of Nantura; F. C. McLewe & Co., $11,000. Buddhist, 4, by Hindoo, dam Emma Manley; E. G. Smith, $5,500. Reporter, 4, by Enquirer, dam Bonnie Meade; W. Barrick, $4,100. Long Run, 3, by Longfellow, dam Rosemary; W. Donohue, $4,000. Defaulter, 5, by Spendthrift, dam Authoress; M. Corbett, $3,500. Bay gelding, 3, by Longfellow, dam Anne Boleyn; McGuire & Co., $2,400. Bay colt, 3, by Powhattan, dam Lucy Jane; H. Keene & Sons, $2,150. J. A., 4, by Glenelg, dam M. A.; R. F. E. Shorer, $1,400. Jennie R., 3, by Springbok, dam Jennie V.; M. J. Daly, $1,050. Jewel H., 2, by Himyar, dam Jewel; M. J. Daly, $1,075.

Two Men Dangerously Stabbed.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Yesterday Timothy Mahoney, of No. 2426 Broad street, returned home in an intoxicated condition and commenced to abuse his wife. Mahoney picked up a pitcher and made a savage blow at his wife's head. She dodged and called for her brother, Michael McLaughlin, to protect her. McLaughlin grappled with Mahoney. The infuriated husband was getting the best of McLaughlin, when the latter seized the bread knife from the table and made a vicious lunge at his antagonist. At this juncture James McCann stepped between the two men, and the thrust that was intended for Mahoney entered his back and inflicted a dangerous cut. McLaughlin struck again and Mahoney received a stab in the left breast directly over the heart. Mahoney's wound may result fatally. McLaughlin fled and has not yet been captured.

Almost as Bad as a War.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 15.—Premier Parkes declared during a speech in the chamber of deputies that the strike was almost as disastrous as a general bombardment. The country would suffer less at the hands of a national enemy. He denounced especially the stoppage of fuel for the railways. The action of the strikers amounted almost to revolution, but the government was determined to maintain its supremacy.

The Engineers Meet.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 15.—The twenty-seventh annual international convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers opened here today. Four hundred delegates were present and over 300 engineers attended the convention in an unofficial capacity. Chauncey M. Depew will address the convention on Thursday.

Senator Edmunds Will Not Resign.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 15.—The report of Senator Edmunds' contemplated resignation is announced absurd by that gentleman. He says he never heard of the rumor until Tuesday night. He has nothing to do with the present legislature, as the question of his election does not come up until 1892.

Buckeye Oil Goes Down.

FINDLAY, O., Oct. 15.—The Standard Oil company has again reduced the price of Buckeye oil and now pays but thirty-two and a half cents, a drop of five cents a barrel within two weeks. This condition of affairs has aroused the small operators and producers to a high state of indignation.

To Receive Dillon and O'Brien.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The board of aldermen have appointed a committee of seven, including the president and vice president of that body, to receive Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, who are expected to arrive here shortly on a French steamer.

Osman Digna Will Attack Suakim.

CAIRO, Oct. 15.—Osman Digna, the rebel leader, is preparing for an attack upon Suakim. Arrangements are being made to send re-enforcements from here to that place.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally warmer and from fair to partly cloudy.

AN EXPERT'S OPINION.

Gen. Walker Believes Mr. Porter's Census Was Honestly and Fairly Conducted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Gen. Francis A. Walker, who was superintendent of the tenth census, in a letter published in The Independent today denies the statement that he recommended Mr. Porter for this position. On the contrary, he favored the appointment of Carroll D. Wright. Gen. Walker believes that Superintendent Porter's work was honestly and faithfully conducted, while there was no good reason for suspecting the count made by the police of New York city was not also honestly taken.

The difference in favor of the latter he accounts for by the fact that the government enumeration was taken during the season of the year when many residents of the city are absent, and by the indisputable fact that there has been a large influx of Jewish and other immigrants since June, who have naturally been included in the later count. Gen. Walker believes both counts to have been fairly taken, under widely different conditions, and demands in the interest of justice that judgment upon the census bureau be suspended until that department shall have been heard in defense of its own count.

Admiral Ammen's Formidable Ram.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Plans have been completed at the navy department for a twin screw armor plated harbor defense ram authorized by the act of March 3, 1869. The design is Rear Admiral Ammen's. The vessel is to have an armament and will be obliged to rely entirely on her ramming powers when in action. The design contemplates a length over all of 243 feet, and extreme breadth of 48 feet 5 inches, and a draft of 15 feet.

The displacement is to be 2,030 tons, the indicated horse power 4,800 and the speed seventeen knots. The outside stratum of the deck armor is to be 6 inches in thickness, the inner stratum tapering in thickness from 5¼ to 2¼ inches and the remainder of the deck plating is to be 2½ inches thick. The side armor is to be in two courses, the outside one of 6 inches and the lower of 5 inches. Triple expansion engines are contemplated in the plan and the vessel is to be lighted by electricity. By means of Cragston valves the ram may be submerged to fighting trim.

A Close Call for the Iron Delegates.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Two excursion trains on the Illinois Central railroad bearing the 300 distinguished members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain narrowly escaped what might have been a very serious accident. The engineer of the first train was derailed by a misplaced switch at South Chicago. The train was fortunately running very slow and stopped inside of a few feet so that none of the coaches were derailed. The engineer of the second train seeing that trouble was ahead brought his train to a stop just when a collision with the first train seemed inevitable. How the switch came to be out of place is a mystery. No one was injured, but the entire party was greatly inconvenienced by being forced to walk a long distance.

The Schuylerville War Again.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Oct. 15.—The trouble between Father Hoffman, of the Catholic church of Schuylerville, and the electric light company has broken out again. The difficulty began about three months ago, when the company attempted to erect a pole in front of the church. Father Heffernan rang the church bell and summoned the parishioners to prevent the electric light men away. The company was granted an injunction restraining the church people from interfering or removing the pole. This decision is at present before the general term. Encouraged by this state of affairs the company sent a squad of men to again erect the pole yesterday. The church bell was rung and the people rushed to the rescue and drove the men away after an exciting scrimmage. If the company lists in the afternoon attempted to put up the pole before the courts have finally passed upon the matter a riot is not improbable.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

POWLISON'S, No. 9 Somerset street.

Walnut bureau and writing desk.—Bargains.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK TUB THREE B TEA.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 45 and 50c.
Ladies' fine all-wool vests at 50c and 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 65c.
Men's heavy shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's Scotch-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool Shirts and Drawers, 81.
Men's scarlet-wool shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 20c.
Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 40c; 18 in., 45c; 20 in., 50c.
Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 35c; 18 in., 38c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 60 and 85c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $6.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best make, with patent anti-clinker grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU.

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting as heretofore done. Call and see the Search Art Tile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

HERRMANN & PETERSON,

Stair Builders, and hard wood mantle makers, shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, 13 Somerset place.
S. PETERSON, 8 Sargent street.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

70 BROADWAY.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunsmore. Musical Merchandise Newman Bros. Estey. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 42 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

13 Park avenue.

THE LATEST STYLE

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farey Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEAR NO-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and reserve it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, as all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OFFCSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 42 West Front street, 129 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 26 Third street, corner Plum. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Rye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 94 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene Laing

[illegible] PARK AVENUE.

WINNIE DAVIS SPEAKS.

Did the War Feeling Break Her Engagement?

SHE WILL NOT MARRY WILKINSON.

They Agreed to Disagree, but What It Was All About Is Still a Mystery—The Confederacy's Daughter Says Financial Matters Were Not the Reason.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The engagement of Miss Winnie Davis, "the daughter of the Confederacy," and Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of Syracuse, is definitely broken. The principals themselves authorize the announcement. To a reporter, who met her in Mrs. George A. Custer's apartments at the Fifth Avenue hotel, Miss Davis said: "I do not care to converse about the breaking of my engagement. *Suffice it to say* that no mercenary motive prompted me in the course I decided to take. Mr. Wilkinson and I severed our relation by mutual agreement."

Her Health Is Good.

In regard to the reports about her delicate health, Miss Davis declared that, while not robust, she is by no means an invalid.

"My trip abroad did me a world of good," said she. "My travels are not over yet, either. This winter my mother and I purpose to make an extended tour through South America."

Referring to the breaking off of her recent engagement Miss Davis manifested some signs of pique. "All this chatter about Mr. Wilkinson and myself is exceedingly annoying," she exclaimed.

"Mr. Wilkinson is an estimable young man. I think a great deal of him and his family. That's all there is to it. As for my friendship terminating, that is absurd. The decision was left entirely to myself. Many of my relatives in the south were particularly fond of Mr. Wilkinson. But," said Miss Davis, drawing herself and lifting her lip just perceptibly, "I don't think such matters are for the public. My reasons concern my immediate family alone. They are perfectly satisfied with my conduct."

They Agreed to Disagree.

After Miss Davis and her mother had taken their departure Mrs. Custer gave it as her opinion that the rupture of the much talked about engagement was due to personal reasons entirely. "Miss Davis," she explained, "is very self willed and likes to have her own way. She has been the idol of every aristocratic southern family since her birth, and has formulated some very decided notions concerning the late war, which she never hesitated to express. I believe, although I have no right to assert, that Miss Davis and Mr. Wilkinson agreed to disagree."

There is great disappointment among Mr. Wilkinson's friends over the result of his noted engagement. Many of them refuse to accept such reasons as have been detailed, and persist in believing that Mr. Wilkinson's financial misfortunes are at the bottom of Miss Davis' refusal to marry him. *Mr. Wilkinson himself is too high minded to cherish such ideas for an instant.*

Wilkinson Greatly Disheartened.

Syracuse people still refuse to look upon *Miss Davis' decision as uninfluenced by* thoughts of wealth. Mr. Wilkinson's own family refused to credit the reports that the engagement was off until he gave his positive assurance of their authenticity.

He is greatly disheartened by the unhappy turn which his affairs have taken, but magnanimously refrains from casting any reproach upon Miss Davis. He personally acknowledges the breaking of the engagement, *saying that he believed some* such open declaration necessary to Miss Davis' comfort and happiness.

Was the War Feeling to Blame?

Some of Mr. Wilkinson's neighbors *breathe the suspicion that a little war* feeling got mixed up with the affair. It is certain that prominent Massachusetts, old friends of Miss Davis' father, kept writing to find out as much as possible about Mr. Wilkinson's financial, social and professional status.

They were willing enough to have romance in its proper place, but preferred to have it kept within comfortable limits and solidly backed up with good, round dollars. People who pursue this line of argument dwell with emphasis upon the fact that letters of inquiries have become especially searching after the Wilkinson homstead was destroyed by fire in July. There were dozens of persons in Syracuse who believe that if such an event had not happened Miss Davis would not have asked for her release.

Birchall Condoles with Day.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 15.—Birchall has started to keep a diary, and each morning he counts the remaining days he has to spend in jail. He continues cheerful and is more talkative, and while there appears to be no reason for it, he has not given up hope. He thinks there is a chance for his life yet, and will not be convinced to the contrary. He was much interested in the Day trial at Welland, and criticised the verdict, founded as it was on the evidence of a woman of unsavory reputation. He will write to Day congratulating him on the change in his sentence which gives him a longer lease of life, and trusting that on the reserve points Day may be acquitted.

The Shop Girls Thrashed Him.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 13.—Annie Blas and Sophia Basse, two shop girls, armed with horsewhips, administered a severe flogging to Louis Ahimas yesterday. The man works in the same store with the girls and it is said circulated stories defamatory to their character. *The attack was so sudden* and the punishments so effective that he turned and ran, the two girls following him for several blocks, slashing him repeatedly with their whips. *He finally escaped down an alley.*

Discussing the Fisheries Question.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 15.—Hon. Robert Bond, colonial secretary for Newfoundland, held an audience at the board of trade rooms with President Smith and other prominent men connected with the fisheries. The object was to submit a proposition for admitting the products of Newfoundland fisheries free, in return for which Canadian fishermen would have free access to bait and other outfits in Newfoundland ports.

Mayor Gleeson's Trial.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Oct. 15.—The trial of Mayor Patrick J. Gleason, of this city, for assault in the second degree on George R. Crowley, a reporter, on Sept. 7, was given to a jury in the court of oyer and terminer. At 7:30 the jury sent word into court that they had not agreed on a verdict, and the judge ordered them locked up for the night. The court then adjourned till 10 a. m.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, in the county of Union, to me, the undersigned, the collector of said city, I will sell at public vendue and real estate, in the said City of Plainfield in the county of Union, on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following lots of land and premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the amount assessed thereon by the Common Council for the purpose of paying for the improvement of Central avenue from the east line of Watchung avenue to the west line of Grant avenue, in the City of Plainfield, and the amount assessed upon each of said lots of land and premises, as certified, as follows, that is to say, the amount assessed upon each of said lots of land and premises, with interest and costs, to which I am directed and required to collect, and which I am hereby authorized to sell for the payment of such taxes, together with interest thereon, and costs, to-wit:

Allen, Samuel C b b and at corner 339 to 347 Berry ave 79 80
Anthony, Henrietta h and lot 255 and 257 Seventh st 86 10
Boyd, Wm C h and lot 17 and 19 E Front st 1 00
Bordorf, Mrs Jennie E h and lot 1 Richmond ave 4 72
Brewster, J Lyle Broadway 1 30
Bond, Nelson H h and lot 1 Richmond avenue 2 16
" " lot 12 Netherwood avenue 2 16
Bliven, Edward M lot 59 Prospect avenue 2 16
Bogart, B P h and lot 262 W Sixth street 26 10
Bartholomew, James A and 113 East street 2 16
Bartholomew, Homer lot 8 Prospect st 2 16
Bartholomew, Wm H lot 9 Prospect st 2 16
Bandy, Henry h and 1 Elizabeth street 2 16
Bowne, Wm H h and lot on screes 260 to 264 E Front street 218 60
Cole, Jas and east end of Marsh b b and 18 Cook, Jas h and lot 1 Richmond ave 74 20
Campbell, Mrs John O h and 1 lot 8 5th st 19 05
Cole est of Rhea h and lot 1 and 1 54 across South avenue 2 16
Crowell, Margaret lot 30 Netherwood avenue 2 45
Cuff, Lewis H h and 1 east of Bobrid re 2 16
Casey, Patrick h and 121 to 23 W 3 street 2 16
Collins, John H lot 59 W 6th street 1 26
Collins, John H h and 1 lot 6th street 2 16
Conway, Mary h and 126 W 5th street 2 16
Cohen & Bro h and 1 lot 6 Richmond ave 2 16
Craig, William J h and 10 acres 230 to 240 E Front street 26 10
Clune, Winfield h and 1 cor W Front st 4 32
Cole est of Rhea h and 1 cor 9 Jefferson ave 6 84
Day, Richard et lot W side of Grove 2 16
Darling, William S h and 1 256 South ave 29 24
Brown's Payne rent 3 37
Darling, Lemuel h and 1 12-34 Rahway road 6 84
" " lots 117-136 Woodland ave 6 84
" " lots north side Prospect ave 4 91
Darling, Emma lots south side Prospect ave 1 10
Daly est of Patrick or Mary h and 1 80 W 3d street 1 64
Dunham, Solomon F h and 1 cor W Front st 4 38
Dunham, Joseph T h and 1 90 Arlington ave 26 10
Darling, Wm S lots 23 and 25 Clinton ave 2 16
Free v. James R lot 230 s. 2d street 2 16
Free v. Daniel lot 230 s. 2d street north 2 16
Flynn, Bernhard h and 1 152 Carroll road 8 77
Fox, Alexander h and 1 81 Cedar st Woodland avenue 109 00
Fritz, Adam h and 1 7 Exchange alley 10 95
" lot est of Abram h and 1 25 W 3d st 10 95
Flannigan, Jas lot 107 South 2d street 1 09
Flynn, Ann J h and 1 cor W 2d st at Field, Mr lot 50 ft front W 6th street 5 80
Fisher, Jacob h and 1 cor 9 Lee ave and street 1 64
Goff, Adella J 37 W 7th street 1 64
Hart, Carrie lot 27 Jackson avenue 2 16
Hart, Carrie 1 lots 2 and 81 Netherwood avenue 4 32
Hart, Levi R 8 lots 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue 6 54
Henderson, Rachel C farm and 5 1-2 acres 7 and 8 ..... 11 43
Harding, John h and 2 1 180-16, South 2d street 15 08
Ho seman, George W h and 1 19 W 3d st 26 10
Harris J T 7 lots 230 to 242 W 7th street 1 10
Harris, J T 12 lots 13 to 233 W 7th street 2 16
Huff est of Rachel h and 1 61 Park ave 21 80
Hop ernon, Rachel lots 36 and 38 Rose street 2 16
Hop ernon, Rachel C 3 1 266-300 Arlington ave 4 36
Jones est of Lewis h and 1 42 E Front st 26 10
Jones Emma A lots 194-198 La Grande ave 6 54
" " lot 1 Kenilworth ave 2 16
" " h and 1 6 Kensington ave 26 10
" " 5 " 62 Richmond st 10 90
" " 2 lots 5, and 81 4 86
" " 2 lots 9 to 15 Putnam st. 13 05
" " lots 21 to 27 ..... 16 30
Jimerson, Aaron h b and 7 acres 180 to 186 Lisle d aven e 32 70
Jones, Wm J 1 25 f t front S W 6th st 250 to 300 ..... 27 35
Kelly, Susan E h and 1 97 b Front street 27 35
Kirkbride, Isaac H h and 1 Richmond ave 43 50
Ka e, John h a d 1 88 W 3d street 4 36
Kipatrick Matthew h and 1 79 W 6th st
Kelly, Harriet h and 1 Lee ave and Leonard 5 10
Leonard, Wm J h and 1 10 and 11 W Front st 47 96
Leonard, Wm J 1 3 in crest in farm 1 8 to 170 Plainfield ave 35 97
Lee, Thomas h and 1 95 and 17 s 24 st and 4 32
Lane, Mary M h and 1 Pemberton, Field, Dunnewith and Cortland ave s 110 6
Lewis, Israel h and 1 90 Park ave 27 35
Mulford, Silas h and 1 44 s 6th st 2 16
Matsin, Jamison h and 2 1 53 and 15 e 8th st 54 90
Martine, James E h and 1 e 9th st 1 80
Martine, w. Jas E 2 lots and 1 front 6 ..... 3 60
Martine, estate of D h b and 7 and 116 s 146 St. Broadway 9 1 10
Mount, Caroline and Richard 1 94 Park ave 76 30
Martl. Mrs David 1 2 Grove st 1 09
Mulver, Wm H h and 1 s 23 st 4 36
Motley, Patrick h and 1 70 w 2d st 4 36
McKeown, Patrick h and 1 90 s st 6 54
McDon ough, Peter h and 1 3 w 3d st 15 26
McDonough, Peter h and 1 w 4th st 8 72
Marsh, Lucy A h and 1 s 8th st 23 18
Moe, Rapperence h and 1 25 and 27 w 5th st 39 24
McLaughlin, Jo ts 25 ft on 321 to 329 w Front st 2 16
Meyer Sigmund T Lot 3 0 it front w 6th street 3 0 to 3 0 ..... 4 36
McCarthy Chas 2 h s 1 21 and 21 Plainfield ave 19 62
March Randolph, h & l 44 Plainfield ave 19 62
Murphy, Elizabeth and Mary h and 2 1 and 7 Stebbins place 21 80
Madden, William h and 1 471 w Front st 4 36
Noel, J 2 1 1 and 2 Prescott place 6 51
Noel, Jas and Richard h and 1 rd trang e 1 12 s 2d st 15 26
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 176 s 2d st 17 44
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 176 s 2d st 17 44
O'Neil, Jas one-half s and 1 178 s 2d st
O'Neil, Richard cor s and 1 178 s 2d st 13 05
O'Keefe, John h and 1 1 w 5th st 13 05
O'Riley Bros., 11 1 180 to 200 w 7th st 23 80
Oil, Caroline J 6 1 and 5 a Pemb rton ave 43 78
Pike, estate of Josephine W 2 3 interest s and 1 457 to 520 s 2d st 58 14
Pike, Virginia 1-3 interest h and 1 122 to 126 e Front st 29 07
Perrine, James B h and 1 5 La Grande ave 76 00
Pringle, Mr 1 Hillside ave n Randolph pl 2 18
Powell, Daniel S h and 1 28 s 2d st 4 36
Sutphen, Martha 2 s 21 and 24 e Front st 1 ..... 87 87
Schorb, Elizabeth 1 story b h e Front st 107 72
Smalley, Morgan R 1 Hillside ave 2 92
Smalley, Morgan R 5 1-4 a 1 Randolph st 11 45
Smalley, Samuel T a 1 Randolph road 15 20
Smalley, Geo M 2 a 1 Randolph road 21 80
Smalley, Mary B h and 1 243 to 271 Plainfield ave 21 80
Spencer, Mr. 1 200 ft by 175 Ravine road 5 45
Smith, Henry W 1 Raymond ave 1 64
Smith, Jas H 1 e of Hillside ave 1 64
Smith, Ferdinand O h and 1 96 w Front st 26 10
Sutphen, estate of John C h and 1 28 and 30 w 2d st 43 50
Scott, Ned 1 15 1 acre street 2 16
Scott, Ned 1 1 acre Elizabeth street 2 16
Smalley, Morgan R 1 b Rose street 1 64
Smalley, Samuel T 1 0 to 35 Rose street 1 64
Smalley, Samuel T 1 0 to 35 Rose ave 1 64
Smalley, Samuel 1 213 Arlington ave 17 37
Smith, Jas H h and 1 1 Elwood pl 19 24
Smith, James P h and 1 1 Elwood pl 19 24
Steward, David P h and 1 7 John st 4 36
The assessors, est of Darwell—
" 2 1 4 to 220 e Front st 17 46
" 1 1 7 to 32 Richmond ave 17 46
" 6 1 to 61 Jackson ave 13 05
" 6 1 to 61 Jackson ave 13 05
" 1 26 to 30 North ave 8 68
" 1 2 to 12 Netherwood ave 8 68
Terry, Geo W 2 1 st to 60 Netherwood ave
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Thurber, Wm G 1 and 26 W 6th st 43 50
Unknown owners—
" 4 1 60 to 81 e Front st 10 90
" 4 1 60 to 81 e Front st 10 90
" 2 1 21 and 22 s 2d st 8 72
" 1 1 s 2d st 4 36
" 1 1 s 2d st 4 36
" 1 76 of Hillside ave 10 90
" 1 1 s 2d st 4 36
" 1 1 s 2d st 4 36
" 1 1 s 2d st 4 36

Women on the Witness Stand.

A woman in the witness chair in a court of justice is a source of perplexity to a good lawyer. To the indifferent practitioner it makes little difference whether the witness is a man or woman. With equal impersonality he pitches into everybody who appears against him, and often succeeds in prejudicing his client's cause. A shrewd attorney hesitates to get into controversy gingerly. When a pretty woman's name is called in court she rustles to the stand, looks modest and shy, and places her hand on the Bible in a most bewitching manner. Her arch covers are incrusted with grease—with an oh-how-I-do-wish-to-tell-you-all-about-it-but-cannot-especially for the trouble to begin.

If she is trifling with the truth, and the lawyer knows it, he cannot browbeat her as he would a man, but he must smile, behave courteously and dismiss her with a bow; otherwise the jury will fight against him in their deliberation room. If she is homely and he cross-examines her too much and too personally, she will brace herself and tell him more in a minute than he wants to know in a lifetime.

The best way to treat a woman is to hand *over a female witness to the lady politicians* by some such expression as "That is all, my dear Miss," if she is over forty, or, "I have been your opponent in this case," with a sudden show of recollecting himself, propound a question big with results, and dollars or cents as the will fall the drop and hurt the side of the cause she was *called to aid. An old practitioner says that* his invariable rule has been not to cross-examine a woman to any extent.—New York Times.

What a Man Expects in a Wife.

A man who is a poet, a writer, an artist, a doctor, is merged in the profession he chooses; a woman is a woman still, whether she write or sketch or heal the nations. And because she is a woman she must be winsome and womanly and dainty. She can't afford to wear shabby gowns or mussy bonnets, and if she does, or if her husband's love she must never let him realize that she is superior to him in intellect or power. It is irritating rather than restful to a man to live with one who is continually in advance of him.

Men smile at woman's ways, as they call them, but they are the outcome of the woman heart's ways to amuse them. And that woman is more tenderly regarded who can make a tired man forget his vexations by the way you grasp, when he comes home at night, by the way she has twisted her hair, by the way she sits and stands and walks in womanly grace, by the pretty deference with which she listens to his explanation of something she knows all about, by her amusement at the story he knew she had told twenty-five times before, and she knows he has told twice as many, by the very cajolery with which she coaxes him into some new extravagance...than is the man who has never even written a treatise on theosophy and forgotten to curl her bang.—New York Sun.

Literary Wives.

Generalizations upon the domestic felicity or infelicity of literary women are utterly worthless. People in married life are not large according as they use or do not use a pen, but according as they show themselves capable of practising the lesser charities of life. A woman may obviously take to literature without any real bent in that direction her husband is likely to show himself as zealous as a wife who finds that her husband, who has been a soldier all his life, is determined to become a stock broker. In essay, however, where a woman makes literature a successful vocation, and at the same time does not neglect the work she *tacitly undertook to perform when she* married, the notion that she risks her happiness and his is absurd. Provided she does not overwork herself, the writing of books will, in itself, no more bring unhappiness than it will felicity.—London Spectator.

A Girl's Training.

That portion of her life which a girl spends in her first home is incomplete and almost useless unless it includes a thorough and systematic training for the future. The probabilities are that she will be a wife and a mother one day, and her education must be judiciously directed to that end. Yet there are many of our girls who, if they do not remain single all their lives, are in that state when the old home is broken up, and they find themselves alone in a world in which they must struggle for a livelihood.

A girl's training, then, must include also a preparation for self-dependency, and the safest course is to give all our girls a fair chance of maintaining themselves if adversity overtakes them. It is well if the parents are able to leave their children a competence or independence, yet riches have been known to take to themselves wings and fly away.—Hall's Journal.

Electricity in the Kitchen.

Electrically heated flatirons are now made which are very serviceable. The flatiron is of the usual form, but is made hollow. The interior contains a lot of coiled wires, through which the electrical current is passed before the iron is first red hot. The latter are arranged between protecting sheets of mica and asbestos. You turn a switch, and the flatiron at once heats up ready for use. The stove is also supplied with electric current. In the same way all kinds of domestic utensils may be heated, such as cake bakers, meat broilers, coffee pots, etc. Electrical platters for keeping food warm when on the table may be had. Electrical heaters for warming apartments are also made. There is indeed no end to the useful appliances of wire and electricity. —New Orleans Picayune.

An Influential Woman.

Fraulein Helene Lange is said to be one of the most influential women in Germany at the present time. She is a lecturer and essayist, with a remarkable power of critical analysis and originality of thought. Twenty years ago she went to Berlin to teach in the high school for women. She was called to the principalship of a training school for teachers, and by her efforts in bringing it somewhat before the public in the course of deputies she materially raised the standard of education for women.—Boston Woman's Journal.

Keep Him from Saying "Darn It."

To mend a very large hole in socks or woven underwear take a piece of strong lace over the aperture and darn it over it. This mended the garment will be stronger than when new, and look far neater than if darned in the ordinary way. This fact will prevent many a young wife from making a botch of her work and earning the contempt of her husband.

A Temperance Beverage.

The business of preparing pure grape juice for the market, which has been conducted on by Mrs. Thomas Taylor, of Woburn, Mass., has passed into the possession of a syndicate of the Women's Christian Temperance union, under the firm name of Mrs. Sarah C. Thompson & Co., Bedford, Mass.—Exchange.

PAY OF WOMEN AND MEN.

UNEQUAL REMUNERATION OF INTELLECTUAL PURSUITS.

How the Wages of Educated People Have Increased in Forty Years—Difference in Salaries of Men and Women Who Are Doing the Same Work.

I remember well, more than thirty years ago, when the principal of one of the best academies in Massachusetts boasted to me that he had just offered to his first assistant a higher salary than had ever before been paid to a woman as teacher in that county. The amount thus offered and gratefully accepted was $600. The salaries paid by endowed academies have usually gone above those offered in public schools, yet the newspapers have lately recorded the fact that two women have just been awarded salaries fixed respectively at $1,800 and $1,600 in New Hampshire as principals of public grammar schools, and the one woman on the board of school supervisors in Boston has, if I mistake not, a much higher compensation than the two.

It is safe to say that salaries of $1,000 for women's services as teachers, clerks and bookkeepers are now much more common than were salaries of half that amount forty years ago, while the expenses of living have not increased in anything like that proportion. On the other hand, it is also true that to gain these higher salaries a far more expensive education is necessary than was needed for the lower ones, and that the number of women competing for employment is still much greater in these particular directions than is the case with men.

Our public libraries, for instance, are coming largely to be officered by women, simply from the fact that the salary which would only secure the service of one efficient man will commonly provide two equally well qualified women. Now in most of these cases the demand will *greatly overrun* A school or a library can commonly only pay a certain amount, and must get the best it can for the money It is only by extremely difficult work—such as in the post of grammar school principal—that trustees are coming to be willing to pay what the services are intrinsically worth, without regard to the number of *competitors*

OCCUPATIONS IN WHICH BOTH ARE EQUAL.

There are, as has before been pointed out in these columns, but two prominent occupations in which there seems no distinction of sex as regards compensation. One of these is the "walking lady" (the concert room) and the other is literature. *Accordingly it is said in the newspapers* that the two women of this generation who have earned the largest incomes are Ouida and Patti. Even on the stage I am told there is little difference in payment at the outset, and as a walking lady herself she receives little more than a "walking lady." It is also true that the expenses of an actress, in the direction of costumes, are greatly greater than those of an actor that the equality of payment is more apparent than real

Here, elsewhere, the path of literature has especial convenience for a woman. pens, ink and paper cost her no more than they would a man, nor does she require a very expensive toilet to meet her publisher or her readers. In the first stages of journalism her regular pay may be less than if she were a man, but when she enters the domain of magazines and copyrights there is absolutely no difference. It is hard to say why the labor of sex contributes no disadvantage in this sphere of industry, when it is otherwise in so many directions, but the fact is unquestionable. Nobody cares, or has time, for a book to be readable or an article available, whether it is written by a man or a woman.

Mrs. Burnett is said to stand at the head of our authors in the matter of her literary earnings. The London Daily News says that she has received for her American rights on the play of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" no less than £17,000 ($85,000), and that if we were to add her similar profits in England and the proceeds of the "enormous sales" of this novel the amount ormed out of the book would be "quite startling." Almost as startling are the successes of women less conspicuous in literature. I know a lady who assures me that her first volume of poems yielded her $1,000, whereas most poets of the other sex expect to make money, if at all, by their prose.

PROFITS OF SEVERAL MEN.

I know another lady who wrote, as a venture, a story of watering place life. It did not seem to me nor (I am happy to say) to the author a great production. but it went through twelve editions in six months. No doubt women have applied this success. The total sales of Mr. E P Roe's novels has amounted, it is said, to 2,667,000 copies. Mr. J W Buel's four town books have sold to a still greater extent, or 2,500,000 copies, one of them alone reaching more than half a million in two years. Mr. Albert Ross tells us that his first three novels sold to the extent of 800,000 copies in a year and a half These successes were attained, it may be said, by men, but their being men had nothing to do with it. the same books, such as they were, lay in the books, such as they were. had these been written by women the result would have been the same

If the point is now raised that these successful books are not necessarily of the highest grade we must simply answer that women, like men, must indeed make their choice between a cheaper success and one higher or more permanent. If they love literary work—and that person is to be pitied who enters upon it while finding it unattractive—they will perhaps be willing to have the income a little less and the work a little higher.—Harper's Bazar

A Hustling Undertaker.

A Cincinnati traveling man tells of an energetic undertaker in that town who has tried all sorts of dodges He made an innovation in the business by resorting to a prize package scheme. With every first funeral he supplies he throws in a typewritten report of the officiating minister's sermon. The other undertakers stood aghast at this scheme to catch afterward but went to several druggists and offered to furnish them labels for their morphine and poison bottles if they would allow him to stamp his advertisement upon them. When the respectable undertakers heard of the stamp of the early bird they made it so hot for him that he left the city.—Detroit News.

New York Girls at the Palace.

Two of the seven ladies in waiting of Queen Margaret of Italy are New York girls—the Princess Visconti, who was Miss Eleanor Lorillard Spencer, and the Princess Brancaccio, who was Miss Hickson Field. The Princess Visconti is a Quaker, and still owns the stately palace which belonged to Lucrezia Petroni, the stepmother of Beatrice Cenci, together with the magnificent gardens of the ill fated beauty.—Harper's Bazar.

SUMMER IN THE HEART.

Spirit sweet, hang low in the silent skies,
And summer's glow in the dreamy cloud,
The bitter blast and snowy wreath
May sweep across the world;
But the years are full of splendors
That never will depart,
For they shed eternal fragrance,
When there's summer in the Heart.

The shadows linger on the earth,
The sunbeams hide away,
The seed sinks fold their chill white hands
Around their tiny clay;
The tempest and the rush of life
Sound ayes in street and mart;
But they cannot chill the summer life's made
When there's Summer in the Heart.

The city towers are crumbling fast,
And tetter to their fall;
The rivet moths eat the bright
Shows many a ruined wall;
But most solid material dies
With strength and wondrous art,
They are shrines for the Immortals
When there's Summer in the Heart.
—Montreal Star.

WOMEN WHO WHINE AND SCOWL.

Trivial Matters Over Which Women in Easy Circumstances Are Disturbed.

I seem never before to have remarked so much fretfulness. What on earth is the matter with them all? Women with every indication of luxury and ease, who are clothed in soft raiment, who have rings upon their hands and solitaires in *their ears, and whose shoes and gloves are* irreproachable, go about with a peevish discontent upon their faces, with the scowl of rage and that of contempt. There is the frown of anxiety and of reproof, but the scowl most women carry seems born of mere ennui. I have watched so many women of late upon the streets and in the cars on whose foreheads have crept those unmistakable little wrinkles which indicate the habitual frown, and I have wondered what they had to frown over.

Have you known what it is to battle the world and fight for bread and butter, madam? No? Then why that frown? Are you carrying some great sorrow along with an atmosphere of luxury? Are your friends all dead or dying? Is life insupportable? Should you put these questions to a vast majority of these scowling women, ten to one they would answer "No," but would explain that they couldn't match a piece of silk, or that their dressmaker had failed to send home their gowns on time, or that the cook or Harry had told them they could not give them $50 until to-morrow, or that their dolls were stuffed with sawdust and they were bored beyond expression, and actually, really, there was absolutely nothing in life. I want to shake such women. I want to tell them that if they have a home, and enough to eat and wear, and lovely children about them, and a big fellow to smooth the rough paths of life, they've got all they deserve, and they have no business whatever to whine or scowl.

"I declare I wish I were dead," I heard a handsomely dressed woman say not long since to her friend. "My cook has given me warning, for we turn early now, you know, and Fred says he can't give me a brougham until Christmas. What's the use of living? I don't suppose another woman in New York has the trouble I have." Ah! how I longed to say to this pretty, pettish, complaining creature, "Madam, you are a wicked woman. Go home and pray God to forgive you for talking such abominable stuff."

Another woman, gowned in silk and flashing with gems, the mother of two bright, beautiful children, the mistress of an elegant home, was speaking of holidays in general and Thanksgiving in particular before her husband, a great hearted, generous fellow, who cheerfully indulges her every whim. "Well, I'm sure I've nothing to give thanks for," cried the husband's handsome face flitted a look of pain as he answered, "Why, my dear, very few women have more than you. I—" "Oh, yes," she retorted, "I have my board and clothes, to be sure, but every woman has a right to expect that." I think her husband could have given quite justifiable in locking his unappreciative wife up until she begged his pardon.—Edith Sessions Tupper in Chicago Herald.

The Real Comforts of Life.

There are numerous conceptions of pleasure and comfort. Most people find, with or without experience, that the real comforts of life are to be had at home, for there the devoted wife is the presiding deity; there the children romp and play there the young girl approaches and reaches womanhood; within its sacred precincts youth puts on the responsibilities of manhood; there are the reunions of hearts hopes and prayers; there can be found real rest; there are the place and affection typical of the best life, there the generating and binding together of hearts and minds and souls in a bond as strong as a chain of steel and as lovely as a wreath of immortal flowers; there the memories take glow and exist with *life itself*; there the influences that strengthen and bless and guide in after years, whether we do good wherever our footsteps roam.—New York Ledger.

The Place to Chew Gum.

The gum chewing girl is an eyesore to all *refined people, and it is astonishing* that even well dressed, and well conducted women indulge in this altogether reprehensible habit without appearing to realize that it is unladylike and insufferably vulgar If chewing gum is such a delicious pleasure, the women who are slaves to the habit should practice it in the seclusion of their own chambers and confine to its delights behind closed doors, just as they would smoke the surreptitious cigarette which is tabooed in public.—Jennes-Miller Magazine.

Women's Ways.

A woman does not make her husband any better by reminding him of how good he used to be.

Some women are pretty and don't know how to dress; other women know how to dress, but are not pretty.

Our idea of a real nice girl is one who will do things to please her women in preference to pleasing the men.

If you ever noticed, the woman who manages her husband the best is the one who has the least to say about managing the men.—Atchison Globe.

Miss Severance's Idea.

Miss S. M. Severance, of Gilroy, state superintendent of franchise for the California W. C. T. U., is the author of an able leaflet entitled "The Devolution and Evolution of Woman." Miss Severance believes in the power of the press as the most efficient instrumentality in spreading reform doctrines. She argues that although the San Francisco Morning Call, baldhes writing much and well for other papers.

No garment is fit to go on a child that binds it any way or places. Clumsy effects are abominable, buttons are torturous and so are finger rings. Except in very hot weather the child should be dressed in flannel underwear from chin to toes.

Waste of Food in America.

In the use of food the Americans are lavish and even wasteful. In calling attention to this fact J. R. Dodge states that Great Britain consumes an average meat ration not over two-thirds as large as the Argentines; France scarcely half as large; and Germany, Austria and Italy still less. The average consumption of meat in the United States is probably not less than 132 pounds per annum. Of other civilized nations only Great Britain exceeds 100, and many scarcely average fifty pounds. The consumption of the cereals in this country by man and beast in three times as much in proportion to population as in Europe.

For the past ten years the average has been forty-five bushels for each unit of population, while the usual European consumption does not greatly vary from sixteen bushels per person. While all this is not used as food for man, no small part of it contributes to the meat supply. In the consumption of fruits the difference between this and other countries is marked. Small fruits, orchard fruits of all kinds, and tropical fruits, as well as melons of many varieties, are in profuse and delicious *supply in most of our towns, and in the* country the kinds locally cultivated are still cheaper and more abundant. The consumption of vegetables is also excessive. —New York Commercial Advertiser.

Buffalo Bill and Parliament Members.

A story which is told about a prominent politician of Illinois shows what social attentions were heaped on Col. Cody when he was in London. The gentleman from Illinois was in London, and went to call on Mr. Phelps, the then minister, to whom he had a letter of introduction. Most Americans who get acquainted with their minister in London ask him for tickets to the house of commons, a certain number of which he receives. Mr. Phelps, in the course of the conversation with the American, expressed his regret that he could not give him a ticket to the house of commons, as he had already promised all that he could spare to Buffalo Bill's friends.

"My dear sir, don't bother about it," replied the visitor, "I have already got a whole lot of them from 'Buffalo Bill.'" Colonel Cody had been acquainted with so many members of parliament that he had an almost unlimited supply of tickets to the house of commons, which he distributed with a liberal hand among the Americans whom he met.—New York Tribune.

Eastern Salutations.

Nothing can be more dignified than the way many Easterns salute a friend. Their wishes for his welfare, of those dear to him, expressed in few words, are to the point, yet nothing can exceed the sublime *imbecility of some tribes of Arabs*, who seize each other's right hand, and on through the entire list of their relations, changing the grasp as each relative is named. How is your father? A grasp. How is your mother (B grasps A's thumb); how is your uncle (grasp); how is your aunt (grasp); your nephew, your niece, your cousin, your grandfather, etc. (grasp, grasp, grasp), and so on for a quarter of an hour. The Persian saves himself all this wear and tear by simply touching his forehead to you, something as your grown does on being told to go home, while the Chinese, Burmese and most other nations do something nearly as simple.

A Violin Piano.

A new invention in musical instruments has been brought out in Austria by a manufacturer living at Pressburg, which is causing a good deal of interest. This is called a bowed piano, but is really a case *resembling a pianoforte frame*, and containing six violins, two violas and two violoncellos, the strings of which are turned to different notes. The instruments are connected by circular bands, which are brought into contact with the strings by means of the keys of the pianoforte, two of which bear upon the bands with varying pressure. The instrument is said to produce a fine tone, rich or powerful; but the principal difficulty in bringing it into practical use would be the tuning of the gut strings required, as wire strings could not be universally employed, and it is to be feared it is only to be a musical curiosity.

Panama Hats.

The best known palm leaf hats are the Panama ones, made from the finely plaited fiber of the leaves of a South American plant. The finer the tree grows on the slopes of the Andes. About 200,000 dozens of these hats are made in Ecuador and different states of South America, and they are distinguished from all others by consisting only of a single piece and by their lightness and flexibility. They may be rolled up and put in the pocket without injury. The plaiting of the hats is very tedious and troublesome. The coarse ones may be finished in two or three days, but the fine ones take as many months to plait. They vary in price according to fineness and quality, from $5 to $100.

A Cat Tending a Chicken.

At a farm in the district of Forest Hall one of a brood of chickens was lamed. Unable to follow the hen in its search for food the chick was quite half starved. The chick was missed, and next day was found lying with three kittens, the mother of which gave the fledgling every attention. Every day the pet hen carried the lamed bird in its mouth into the farm yard, where it has obtained food, and as regularly conveyed it in the same manner back to lie with the kittens. Through their care the lamed bird is growing stronger and the chicken is thriving.—Feathered World.

Making Brick Waterproof.

Bricks impregnated with tar are said to be hard, durable and perfectly waterproof. The process of impregnation is extremely simple, ordinary bricks, or, still better, machine brick, being boiled in coal tar for twenty-four hours. Bricks thus treated are claimed to be much superior to wood for paving workrooms, depots, etc. They are also recommended for the construction of sewers, reservoirs, the insulation of foundation walls and similar purposes.—Builders' Gazette.

Microbes in Hailstones.

The British Medical Journal states that Dr. Fontain, a Russian observer, has recently demonstrated the existence in hailstones of germs, both microbes or microscopic organisms. The water resulting from the melting of the stones used in the experiments yielded an average of 726 bacteria to the cubic centimetre (a volume about the size of a small marble). Nine different forms of bacteria were discovered, including the bacillus mycoides.

A Charitable People.

A man who had been swindled out of $6,000 good money while trying to buy $6,000 worth of property, arrived in Milwaukee in a penniless condition, and the people so felt for him that they raised a purse of $2 to help him get home in first class shape.—Detroit Free Press.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.
13 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we have it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of California Fruits before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery weekly to South Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
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GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
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MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Scarlet UNDERWEAR at Lowest Prices. Best Ingrain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 12c. 44-inch Cloth 25c. Fancy Knitted 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM.
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.
AT
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Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.

Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.

Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have us to call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.

We are beginning our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 63 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, colored, for $1.25. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, black for $1.48.

We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at especially low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Housekeeping Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

THEY HAVE COME AT LAST.

But they won't stay long, for we have marked them at a selling price, and they are bound to go. Call while the assortment is good and take your pick—it is a endless variety—ball, hand, stand and banglor. Don't go to New York for toys and dolls when you can get suited and save money at the

5 and 10c. Store.

We are constantly adding new and desirable goods in
HOUSE-FURNISHINGS.
and can give you bargains in Tin, Crockery and Woodenware. It will cost you nothing to visit us, so keep us in mind.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
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LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Railway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE W. KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—A new stand is the latest acquisition to the main depot in this city.

—The city Common Council will meet in special session the 24th inst.

—The State Council of the Jr. O. U. A. M. is in session in Keyport to-day.

—A few slight changes have been made in the C. R. R. time table this week.

—The Borough Common Council will meet in adjourned session to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The Union County Court of Common Pleas will meet Saturday night from 7 to 9 o'clock to grant naturalization papers.

—There will be gospel meetings in Reform Hall, Tuesday and Friday evenings at 8 o'clock, conducted by Mr. C. S. Whitney of New York City. All are welcome.

—The semi-monthly meeting of "The Young Ladies Mission Band" of the First Baptist church, will be held in the church parlors to-morrow, Oct. 17th, from two to five p. m.

—At a meeting of the Iron Hall Society, held Monday evening, four candidates for membership were initiated into the Order and six applications for admission were received.

—A horse belonging to a man named Mulligan of Newark was seized with the colic on Somerset street yesterday afternoon. He finally recovered under the care of a veterinary surgeon.

—The Ladies' Aid Society connected with the Plainfield Gesang and Turning Society is holding a fair in Turn Hall for the benefit of the German school fund. The cause is receiving liberal patronage.

—An old sailor who was making himself obnoxious was ejected from a West Front street liquor saloon yesterday. Policeman Lynch shortly afterward hove in sight, and the fellow took his departure.

—A number of the residents of this city went to Elizabeth this afternoon to witness the firemen's parade which took place there. The Plainfield Cornet Band furnished the music for Red Jacket Engine Company No. 4.

—A new eye disease is said to be epidemic in different cities of the country, and is thought by some to be the forerunner of another visitation of la grippe. It is in the nature of what is commonly known as "pinkeye."

—Revival meetings are to be held in several of the churches of this city for a season commencing Nov. 3, by the well-known evangelist, R. Fay Mills. The first service will be held in the First Baptist church on the evening of the date named.

—All the licensed cigar dealers in Cape May city have signed an agreement, under a forfeit of $50, not to sell another cigarette to either man or boy during the present Winter. The agreement took effect October 1st. Can't we do as well in this town? It would save many lives.

—Joe English will hold forth at the following-named places next week, on the evenings of the days specified: Monday, Martinville school house; Tuesday, Somerville; Wednesday, Raritan; Thursday, Plainfield; Friday, Bound Brook; Saturday, Nashanic Station. All are invited to attend the meetings.

—The Netherwood Bowling club was reorganized Tuesday evening. Mr. James L. Anthony was re-elected president and Mr. Jacob Vanderwater, treasurer. This club has secured the bowling alley connected with the Hotel Netherwood. Among the members are Messrs. Anthony, Vanderwater, Talbot, Bowen, Ellis, Plumley, Holly, Haines, Bowen, Ball, Smith, Lord, Hyde and Finch.

—The firemen of Westfield are considering the question of having a grand parade in the near future. A committee has been appointed consisting of three members of each of the companies for the purpose of conferring with the chief engineer, and of taking such action as they may deem proper. A meeting of the committee is called for Monday evening at eight o'clock in the rooms of the Rock & Ladder Co.

—A select company gathered at Amphion Hall last evening, the occasion being an evening socially under the auspices of the Enterprise Cornet Band. About forty couples were present. Dancing was the main feature of the occasion, and it was indulged in and evidently heartily enjoyed by all present. During the evening refreshments were served, after which dancing was again resumed and continued until early morning. The affair was one of the most successful ever given by the Circle. The committee comprised Messrs. C. S. Greer, L. E. Woolley, T. A. Kershaw, Jr., and A. J. Everitt. Admission was by invitation.

TURN OUT, TO-NIGHT!

AND MEET OUR RECENTLY NOMINATED CANDIDATES.

Hon. Amos Clark for Congress.
Mayor Rankin for Senator.
Jas. H. Clark for Sheriff, and Geo. W. Kyte for the Assembly are to be at the Republican Headquarters.

An informal reception will be tendered to the Republican candidates for Congressman, Senator, Sheriff and Assemblyman at the Republican Association rooms over the City National Bank, East Front street, to-night, from 8 to 10 o'clock. The voters of the city are cordially invited to see them.

Found Playing with a Big Snake.

Yesterday morning the family of William Porter of Somerville left their child, a boy a year old, playing upon the kitchen floor while they busied themselves at their work upstairs. Shortly after they heard the young star crowing and laughing, and one of the women ran down to see what it was that was furnishing amusement for the child. She was horrified to find a snake with part of its body coiled up in the baby's lap and its head on a line with his face. The child was stroking the snake's body, and it apparently enjoyed the sensation, as it made no demonstrations of anger. The reptile was driven off and killed. It was a flat-headed adder, and measured a yard in length. Its child manifested great grief at being deprived of his dangerous playing.

Elizabeth Wheelmen to Celebrate.

The *Elizabeth Wheelmen are going to celebrate* the opening of their new Club House on Friday and Saturday in first-class style. On Friday a reception and dance will be given, and on Saturday a monster lantern parade will take place, in which representatives from thirty-three of the leading clubs of the State are expected to take part. If the weather is clear this latter spectacle will be very fine. The procession will start at the Club House at 6:30 p. m., and will be followed by a grand reception to the visiting club. A number of the members of the Plainfield Bi Club will participate in the parade.

The Firemen's Parade.

The firemen's parade which occurred yesterday in Perth Amboy was a decided success. Invitations had been extended to the five companies of New Brunswick, Plainfield, South Amboy, Bound Brook, Rahway, Woodbridge, Matawan and Tottenville, S. I. The line of march formed at Smith and Stats streets, and was through the principal streets of the city. The borough was handsomely decorated. Several business houses closed during the parade. The line was reviewed at City Hall Park by the Mayor and Council. The members of Engine Company No 2 took part, returning to this city at about nine o'clock last evening.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Don't forget the talk of Rev. W. R. Richards at the Y. M. C. A. this evening at 8:15 o'clock. Subject: "The Experiences of Young Men During College Days." College songs at 8 o'clock. Admission free.

Young men and boys will have one more chance this morning to take up the study of shorthand in the class organized at the Y. M. C. A. last week. Let every young man who wishes to quality himself for a business career avail himself of this opportunity. A $20 membership in the Association entitles to all privileges.

Arrested for Larceny.

Albert Brown, a Somerset street blacksmith, went before Justice Hardy yesterday and swore out a warrant for the arrest of David Vail, Jr., charging him with the larceny of a wagon. Mr. Brown claims that during the absence from his shop, Vail visited the place, hitched his horse to a buck-a-board and drove off. Justice Hardy issued a warrant for the arrest of the accused and placed it in the hands of Constable Codington. That official apprehended Vail while mooping. He will be given a hearing this evening.

Mr. Seney's Misfortune.

The fire which consumed Mr. George L. Seney's house at Bernardsville Monday evening was the third fire that has occurred on Mr. Seney's property within three years. The first fire destroyed his entire stables, coachhouse and outbuildings, together with their contents. Another fire, about eighteen months ago, resulted in the destruction of his farm, barn and several other buildings Both those fires are said to have been caused by incendiaries.

Arrested on Two Charges.

Fritz Lang was arraigned before Justice Hardy last evening, charged with disorderly conduct. He pleaded not guilty and was given a hearing. Ex-Judge Ulrich defended him. After hearing the testimony Justice Hardy reserved his decision. There is another charge against Lang. Michael Rielly, one of his neighbors, has alleged that the accused resisted arrest. The case will come up for a hearing within a few days.

Grand Lodge, Good Templars.

The annual session of the Grand Lodge I. O. G. T., was held in Library Hall, Trenton, yesterday and was continued to-day. There were 75 delegates and 125 persons present, representing 25 lodges and 1,500 members. J. V. D. Faris was elected editor of the Order's organ. The only other business done was committee work.

Struck by a Runaway Team.

A farmer named George Spivey, residing in Lawrence township, was injured, it not fatally, injured yesterday morning by being struck by a runaway horse and wagon, in Elizabeth. He was knocked down, frightfully cut about the head and sustained internal injuries. He was removed to his home on Rahway avenue.

SOMERSET COUNTY FREEHOLDERS.

A Short Session Held at Somerville Tuesday.

The members of the board met in the Court House at Somerville Tuesday.

After the minutes of the last meeting were read notification of the death of one of its oldest members, William E. Jones of the borough of North Plainfield. It was resolved that a committee, with the Director as Chairman, Messrs. Bollinger, Vreeland and Ballentine, with the Clerk of the board, be appointed to draft resolutions respecting the demise of Mr. Jones. The board then adjourned for dinner at the Van Ryck House.

At the afternoon session the report of the Finance Committee, showing the amount of expenditures to date to be $27, 004.05, was accepted.

The County Collector was authorized to borrow an amount, not exceeding $10,000, on temporary loans, in anticipation of taxes.

It was moved and carried that the board and the officers, as a body, attend the funeral of W. E. Jones on Thursday.

A communication was received from the Board of Commissioners of Bound Brook removing the condition of Union avenue, in that town. A committee was appointed to confer with the Town Committee of Bridgewater respecting the matter of complaint. Bills were passed and the board adjourned.

The bills of messengers for delivering returns of tax collection to the Secretary of State were laid over until the next meeting of the board.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Emily Banks, a colored girl of Burlington, who attempted to drown her babe in the Delaware river at the city park, has been sentenced *to two years in State Prison by the Burlington* County courts.

An unknown Hebrew peddler was attacked by some school boys yesterday in Railroad avenue, Jersey City. One of the boys hit him on the head with a paving stone, and he fell dying at the City Hospital from the effects of the blow.

Carl Imlay, aged twelve years, son of William Imlay, was accidentally shot at Bordentown yesterday by George Hiber, aged fourteen years. The boys were practising with a rifle, when a bullet struck Imlay in the left side in the region of the heart. He is in a critical condition.

Yesterday afternoon while Mr. and Mrs. George Coombs, residing near Carmel, Cumberland County, were from home, leaving their two little boys, aged eleven and nine respectively alone, the latter left possession of a piece, and taking his little brother out to practise. A moment later the nine-year-old brother fell to the ground, having been shot in the right breast by his brother. Medical aid was immediately summoned, but the boy died before he could be of any use.

The Borough Commissioners, at a meeting in Asbury Park last night, passed a resolution censuring the railroad companies for reducing the number of trains between that place and New York and Philadelphia. A committee was appointed to wait on the railroad authorities and ask for a return to six trains to each shore towns two express trains each way daily. The commissioners claim that the present schedule will cause numerous would-be Winter residents from the cities to forsake the Park.

PERSONAL.

Mr. William T. Broadway of La Grande avenue is convalescing from his recent serious illness.

Messrs. W. N. Pangborn and Abram King have been elected members of the Democratic County Executive Committee from North Plainfield.

Mrs Butler of this city, President of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of New Jersey, will speak in the Westfield Baptist church to-morrow evening on a missionary topic.

The Rev. Hobart Clark, the pastor of the Unitarian church, is attending the Ministers' Conference at Saltaire. The Rev. Mr. Wende of Newburgh, N. Y., will occupy his pulpit next Sunday.

A pretty home wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. I. D. Ten Eyck on Liberty street, at eight o'clock last evening, when Miss Ida Dora, their daughter and Mr. Wallace V. Miller of Lehigh Hotel were united in marriage by the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, the pastor of the First Baptist church. Only the immediate relatives were present, owing to the illness of Mr. Miller's mother. The bride was becomingly attired in a travelling dress, and the groom wore the conventional suit of black. After the ceremony the happy couple left on their wedding tour, which will include Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Upon their return they will reside in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Miller have the best wishes of their many friends in this vicinity.

About Prophets.

Canada has her Venner and Hackensack its Devoe, both of whom have predicted more things that never happened than anything else but it remains for Plainfield to claim the bakery on prophets with one that will be a record breaker. He has evidently won the reputation of a prophet and will look into the dim and uncertain future and predicte many things besides the weather. His predictions for this week are as follows: rain, followed by frost necessitating the placing of light suits in camphor for the winter. At the closet day, according to his calendar, there will be promiscuous hold at the residences of two prominent citizens the dates of which have not yet been determined on and which will be exclusively family affairs, as no invitations are to be sent out. Other predictions will follow.

Reunion of the Fifteenth.

The annual reunion of the Fifteenth N. J. V. will be held at Hamburg, Sussex county, on Tuesday, Oct. 28. Gen. Wm. S. Stryker of Trenton will deliver an address. E. C. Pangborn of the Jersey City Journal will also speak. The people of Hamburg are making great preparations to entertain the veterans on this occasion. A number from this vicinity will attend.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed. Writers are requested to be brief, and direct. Without exception, over most always contain their name, not necessarily for publication.]

The Electric Light Question.

To the Editor of THE NEWS:—May I trouble you for a little of your valuable space in to-day's issue?

I am a taxpayer in the borough, and, in common with all other taxpayers, would like to know what benefit we are to receive from paying four hundred dollars more for electric street lighting than another responsible company offers to furnish the same amount of lighting for?

I would ask these same councilmen who vote away the people's money, how many of them, if it was a private transaction of their own, would put their hands into their pockets and pay four hundred dollars per annum more for light than they could obtain it elsewhere for? It certainly would look like very unbusiness-like transaction, to say the least.

TAXPAYER.

The above is from a prominent taxpayer of the borough. The question he asks is a fair one if the facts are set in the proper light.

The borough has been paying $4,000 per year for street lighting by gasoline lamps, the number being 182, and even these lit only eighteen nights of the twenty seven each month, or 216 nights out of the 365 per year. The Edison Electric Light Co., for the same amount of money offers to light the borough with 200 25-candle-power electric lamps for the entire 365 nights of the year—that is two per cent. more electric lamps to replace the present, more electric lamps than nights in a year, *more nights of light* also, and with the assurance that if they would give such a favorable proposition they would be given the contract as it was the best that was known of at the time.

Now the Plainfield Electric Light company comes in at the eleventh hour and makes an offer which it claims is some $400 per year less than the Edison Co.'s offer. The Plainfield company had the contract before and it has been disagreeable and unreasonable, presuming it had a monopoly, that the people were compelled after one year's trial, to introduce gasoline lamps. These have been in use for three years, yet the Plainfield company never saw fit to make any offer, or indicate its need to do so, until a rival electric light company makes an offer so much below the price paid even for gasoline lamps that the council promptly accepts, feeling sure the people, understanding all the circus stances, will justify them. Aside from this, the plant which the Edison Co. will put in will be built, it is understood, make up for much of the difference, besides relieving the borough from being at the mercy of a monopoly, as they were three years ago. That we understand to be the position the board is in, we would like to see the Edison County give a price that would run over the only objection made, and think it would be better in the end, if it did so. But the borough is in honor bound to stand by its agreement, at least for one year. The company has gone to considerable expense for lighting to be re-imbursed for its outlay in putting up poles and wires. Any one can soon see by a little figuring that the company for several years will need to spend in the borough much more than it will probably realize. It must erect buildings, put in machinery, put up poles and wires, and employ a regular force of men, and the only contract on hand will not count in gross to $5,000.

Somerset Co. Republican Platform.

The Republicans of Somerset County, assembled in Convention, through their duly elected representatives, do resolve:

1. That we heartily endorse the excellent and upright administration of President Harrison, whose patriotism and official integrity and pure life should be incentive to all statesmen toward a higher ideal of private and public conduct.

2. We cordially endorse the wise counsels of Secretary Blaine, including his methods for bringing together into close touch our republican sister States of the South and North and South American Republics; and we approve his desire to stimulate and increase our commerce with those kindred nations.

3. We approve Postmaster-General Wanamaker's plan to give the public lower rates of postage, the cheapest in the country, by means of a 1-cent-all-through system, and the security of small savings to postal savings banks—all of which measures are in the interest of the people at large.

4. We endorse the conduct of Speaker Reed, and we condemn that obstructive policy of the Democratic party, by which the business of the last Congress was so long delayed and made so contemptible to the public interest.

5. We approve of any wise legislation to improve the condition of the agriculturists, the mechanics and the laboring classes of the country.

6. We endorse the Republican Tariff law as now upon the statute books, believing it will invigorate new and diversify home industries, and be of as much benefit to the farmer, who is to be protected, as to the manufacturer and the mechanic.

7. We cordially endorse the name of Captain Richard F. Goodman for Congress, and pledge our best efforts to secure his election over an incompetent opponent.

8. We cannot overlook the able, signal and successful services taken by our former Senator, Hon. L. A. Thompson, during his two terms as Senator. He has deservedly won the respect of his people, and his record, by its straightforward, manly conduct in office, is his pledge.

We pledge our united efforts as Republicans to secure the election of the county candidates this day nominated.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

October, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Wednesday	47	70	58
Thursday	48	70	58
Friday	48	70	58
Saturday	48	70	58
Sunday	48	70	58
Monday	48	70	58
Tuesday	48	70	58
Wednesday	48

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBBINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, BY MAIL OR EXPRESS, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCAL BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALLS 42.

At the annual meeting of wholesale druggists in Chicago this year the president of the association criticised severely the senate bill to prevent the adulteration of drugs. He said it gave room for trafficking and the spying out of valuable secrets. Well, why were not all the druggists honest, mixing and compounding on the square? Then there would have been no need of any law at all.

Free trade been had to hostile during the last days of September. The tariff law went into effect Oct. 6, and it lays a tariff on eggs. In view of this eggs in the United States went up in prices at once, about Oct. 1. Some Canadian exporters worked day and night to get their eggs over the line before the bill went into effect. One firm had to ship 15,000 dozen across the border between the 1st and 6th. Thus they got the benefit of the rise.

Give Quickly.

In the face of great calamity all mankind are brethren. Our brothers in Ireland are at the point of starvation. In previous famines there was aid in abundance for them, but it came too late. Whole families were in some cases found lying dead in their cabins with none left to bury them, before the world was fully awakened to the fact that the famine horror was upon them. The ghastly stories of living skeletons and unburied corpses in the famines of 1846-7 and 1879-80 turn the imagination sick with horror.

In our day news travels quickly. The need of Ireland for food is now fully before the public. It is of course only necessary for the prosperous American people to know there is need, and they will respond royally.

There is need, and urgent need. Contributions of food, money and clothing can be forwarded at once—they must be forwarded at once—or the fathers, mothers and chubby cheeked children of beautiful Ireland will die of starvation. Ireland has given many noble citizens to this country and will give more. Let us feed some of these now.

To those who have no direct way of communicating with committees who take charge of relief funds it is sufficient to say that *The New York Sun* will act as treasurer and agent for this purpose and will forward faithfully all contributions.

The Count of Paris.

Louis Philippe, Comte de Paris, is with us again after more than a quarter century. He wishes to visit his old comrades in arms, the scenes of his old battles, and to show his gallant young son who accompanies him how great the republic of the United States is. Being the head of the royal house of France the count cannot for family reasons approve of the republic at home, however much he would like to. But there is one republic across the water from his native land that the illustrious heir to an illustrious but now happily defunct monarchy does thoroughly approve, and that is the United States. He liked it so well that during the civil war, when the chances were uncertain whether our government should hold together and be a shining light proclaiming liberty to the nations or split to pieces and go down in anarchy and blood—at this tremendous time the Count of Paris came with his younger brother and fought with the Army of the Potomac to save the Union.

They brought with them the deposed though still spotless lilies of France and placed them beside the Stars and Stripes, as the colleagues of the American republic. The two princes, grandsons of Louis Philippe, the count direct heir to the throne of France, if France had had any throne, came to America in 1861 and served on the staff of McClellan till political reasons called them home. McClellan in his memoirs can scarcely praise them highly enough, so brave and courteous they were, so gallant, so polished and at the same time so thoroughly intellectual and wide awake. After the war the count wrote a history of our civil war, one of the best, perhaps the most impartial, that has yet appeared. It is particularly valuable as a military history.

This is the man who is visiting us now. He will see gigantic strides of progress that will astonish him, for the United States has been revolutionized industrially since 1861. Wherever the prince and his suite go let them receive a welcome as royal as if royalty itself bestowed it on them. It is not the fault of the Count of Paris that he is heir to a defunct monarchy and has to try to live up to his blue chairs. He is a good fellow in spite of that.

It is a little odd, by the way, that France under the monarchy has been always friendly to this Union. The republic of today would be much more friendly if she liked our tariff better. The only period when France was decidedly hostile to us was under the arch empire of Louis Napoleon.

A HOTEL HORROR.

Many Guests Wrapped in a Shroud of Fire.

OVER A SCORE ARE DEAD.

Fatal Flames in the Leland House at Syracuse.

The Fire Broke Out Early This Morning and Spread with Such Frightful Rapidity that Many of the Inmates of the Hotel Found Their Escape Cut Off and They Were Either Roasted to Death or Leaped to the Earth Far Below. Narrow Escape of Cora Tanner, the Actress—Scenes of Horror at the Hotel—Many Persons Injured by Jumping—The Hotel Entirely Destroyed.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 16.—What promises to be the most horrible holocaust in the history of Syracuse occurred last night and this morning in the burning of the Leland hotel, and the city is in a furor of excitement. The hotel, which is by far the largest in central New York, was totally destroyed by fire, and it is believed that twenty-five of the guests and employes perished in the flames. Frank Casey, of Glens Falls, N. Y., and Emmett Forbes, a prominent Syracuse broker, are among the dead. Miss Cora Tanner, the famous Brooklyn actress, who was playing an engagement at the Grand Opera house, had a room in the hotel. She escaped with her life, but was badly burned about the head and feet. The majority of the killed were on the fourth and fifth floors.

Their Escape Was Cut Off.

The fire, which started in the kitchen, spread by means of the elevator well, which was near the stairway, and so all means of escape were cut off and those in the upper stories were compelled to jump. The fire broke out and began sending in the alarm by telephone, but the flames spread so rapidly that he was driven from the instrument and compelled to jump to save his own live. The firemen saved many lives. Nothing is left of the building except the elevator shaft and the chimney. The total loss will reach $500,000.

It Spread with Frightful Quickness.

The fire started at 11:30 p. m. last night and spread with such frightful quickness that within minutes after the first alarm was given the entire hotel was entirely wrapped in flames. Many of the guests escaped in their night clothes, but at least fifteen met a horrible death in the flames. Nine engines were engaged in fighting the fire, and by 2:30 a. m. today the conflagration was under control.

Leaped for Their Lives.

A later account than the above says: The most disastrous fire that has visited Syracuse since the burning of the Leland hotel at 12:50 o'clock this morning. The fire was first noticed coming from the kitchen on the second floor. Immediately the blaze was communicated to the dining room, and from there spread in a very few moments to all parts of the great building. The bell sounded the warning to the guests in every room in the building and from the windows heads of frightened people were thrust. Then they came down the elevator and down the stairs, many with hardly any article of clothing upon them.

One man jumped from the fourth story to the top of the American express building. Several other guests, including the ladies, sprang from their windows. There were perhaps one hundred guests in the hotel. The people injured were taken in the ambulances to the hospitals of the city. The flames were all-powerful at 1:15 o'clock and sprang forty feet above the six story building.

From Ten to Twenty Lost.

It is estimated that from ten to twenty people have met their fate. One woman jumped from a fourth story window and was killed. Cora Tauer, the actress, and her company were guests at the hotel. Miss Tauer slid down a fire escape and was cut and burned by the rope on her hands. It is said that some of her company lost all their effects and that she was saved, and it is believed that a list of the lost can be made within a few hours.

Forbes Was Not Killed.

Forbes, the stock broker reported dead, has been found wandering in the street almost naked. He was injured about the head and hands. One man says he saw six people jump from different windows on the Fayette street side of the building within a space of four minutes, and the sight sickened him so that he could not control himself to leave the spot. The building was provided with both iron fire escapes on the outside and ropes on the inside, which saved the lives of many many lives. One woman was found with a nursing baby in her arms crouched in a stairway where she had been overcome by smoke. She was removed by the firemen but has not yet regained consciousness, and it is impossible to tell her name or what her occupation was.

E. D. Nichols, of Dunkirk, had his leg broken by jumping. W. H. Harron, of New York city, jumped and had both legs broken. The building was built two years ago at a cost of $250,000. It was six stories high and contained 400 rooms.

Names of the Injured Dead.

Frank Casey, of Glens Falls, was burned to death, and his brother, J. J. Casey, had his leg broken and sustained internal injuries. John C. Gorman, of 196 State street, Brooklyn, rescued Miss Tanner, who he found wandering about in the corridors.

William H. Harris and Annie Kennell died at 4:30 a. m. at the hospital. Two ladies, whose names are unknown, jumped from the fifth story, and though badly hurt they escaped with their lives. Samuel Goodman, assistant general freight agent of the New York Central railroad, who was a guest at the hotel, escaped in safety.

All the physicians, preachers and priests of the city are on the spot, aiding the wounded as best they can.

Some of the Dead and Injured.

It is reported that one of the Day Brothers, clothing merchants of this city, was burned to death. A son of Division Superintendent Burrows, of the New York Central railroad, jumped from a window and was badly injured. Frank E. Abbott, a traveling man from Lewisville, Ky., jumped and was badly hurt.

William H. Foster attempted to slide down a hat rod. When he got within one story of the ground he lost his grip, let go his hold and he fell to the ground, but escaped without serious injury. When he reached the ground two men seized his gold watch and got away with it.

Several policemen stood on the sidewalk holding some rescued by the guests as they jumped. Two persons, a man and a woman, jumped into one of the nets almost at the same time and escaped with broken limbs.

The next to jump was a woman who appeared in a window on the fifth floor in her night clothes. She leaped out of the window and missing the net was dashed to pieces on the stone sidewalk. She was picked up and removed to the morgue. One of the firemen told the story of the woman who was killed by jumping:

"When we first came we were hampered by telegraph wires on West Fayette street. In trying to take my ladder I became caught in the wires. A woman stood in the window crying for help. The flames were leaping out toward her, and she was frantic with fright. I went up the ladder to cut the wires.

"While I was doing this she jumped, thinking we could get much help, and the awful result was that she missed the net and was killed."

THE FIELD INSPECTED.

The Count of Paris Puts in a Whole Day at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Oct. 16.—The Count of Paris and his party spent the entire day inspecting the battle field, accompanied by the generals who commanded corps in this fight—O. O. Howard, of the Twelfth; Henry S. Slocum, of the Eleventh; John Newton and Abner Doubleday, of the First, and Daniel E. Sickles, of the Third—and numerous other generals. A start was made at 8:30 and at 9:30 the Lutheran Theological seminary was visited, and from its cupola the ground of the attack and the retreat of the first day's battle was spread out. From this point the drive was continued as follows: Along the line of the First corps to the Emmettsburg road, Gen. Doubleday explaining portions; thence along the Eleventh corps avenue to Barlow's knoll, with Maj. Gen. Howard as instructor, and in the Harrisburg road to the town.

At 11:30, breakfast having been served, the start was made for the second and third days' field. They proceeded first to the national cemetery, and stood at the foot of the statue of Gen. Reynolds, the party was photographed. On East Cemetery hill the battlefield was explained and then the line of carriages rolled down to Culps hill, while Gen. Slocum pointed out to the count the points of interest. In returning to town the Emmettsburg road was followed as far as the peach orchard, Gen. Sickels riding with the count. Thence the party proceeded through the wheat field and passed the Devil's Den to the summit of Little Round Top, where Capt. Long, the battlefield guide, explained the movements of the day's assault.

Hancock avenue was then the road, and at the Bloody angle the assault of Pickett's division of Confederates on the third day was detailed.

The cavalry battlefield, three miles east of town, was next visited, and the party took supper in their cars. At 7 o'clock the Duke of Orleans returned to New York, where he will await his father. At 8 o'clock a reception was tendered the count by the town authorities in Brenemorial chapel of Pennsylvania college. Today the special train starts at 8 o'clock for Cornwall, Pa., where the party will be the guests of Robert Coleman at his iron works.

SAFE IN FRANCE.

Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien Were Chased by a Cutter, but Escaped.

CHERBOURG, Oct. 16.—Messrs. Dillon, O'Brien and Clancy arrived here at 9:00, and started for Paris last evening.

The Manner of Their Escape.

DUBLIN, Oct. 16.—United Ireland gives an account of the escape of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, from which it appears that they were rowed from Dalkey at midnight on Friday and boarded a yacht which was awaiting them in the offing. They were met with no special adventure on the trip except that when off Guernsey the yacht was chased by a coast revenue cutter, but owing to the bad weather the pursuit was abandoned. They landed at Cherbourg in fine health and spirits, congratulating themselves on their good luck.

The Pope Wishes to See Dillon.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Chronicle's Paris special says that the pope has expressed a desire to see Mr. Dillon in reference to his controversy with Bishop O'Dwyer, of Limerick.

The 144th Annual Session.

READING, Pa., Oct. 16.—The one hundred and forty-fourth annual session of the southeastern district of the Reformed church in the United States, the oldest synodical body of the denomination in this country, commenced here last evening, to continue eight days. The annual sermon was preached by Rev. John M. Fitzel, D. D., of Lancaster, the retiring president. This synod numbers 200 ministers and nearly 250 ministers, nearly 500 churches, 600 Sunday schools, and its jurisdiction includes, besides portions of other states, all of east and central Pennsylvania. Reports which will be submitted will show a very satisfactory increase in the membership over last year.

Knights and Laslers United.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 16.—The lynn Lasters' Protective union has decided that the lasters in the factory of Rumsey Brothers be called out in support of the Knights of Labor strikers. Committees of conference between the lasters' union and the Knights of Labor have agreed upon a programme for an agreement and defensive alliance which will be submitted to the various unions. If approved it will shortly take effect. This is a radical change of the situation in Lynn, as there has been some antagonism between the two organizations, one declining to assist the other.

His Skull Was in Court.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 16.—In the Ellenberger trial it was shown by the murdered man's wife, Mrs. Edwards, and by her son, that Mrs. Ellenberger was an expert shot with a revolver. She was once arrested and tried for burning her farm buildings for the insurance. During the trial Edwards' shattered skull was offered in evidence. His widow and daughter were overcome, and there was a sensation in the crowded court house. All the leading criminal lawyers of this section are engaged in the trial on one side or the other.

Newton Has a Trio of Wives.

WATERBURY, Conn., Oct. 16.—Perry Newton, who was married to Miss Maggie O'Connor, of Torrington, three years ago, and was converted to the Catholic faith, is now proven to have two other living wives. Miss May Watson was married in Brewster, Sept. 1, 1888, and Miss Bertha Schmidt was wedded in Yonkers, N. Y., in 1886. When Newton went to Torrington he cut a wide swath among the girls. He had to wed, having Miss O'Connor and her

SPEAKER REED REPLIES.

His Answers to a Number of Democratic Questions

THAT WERE ASKED AT BUFFALO.

Various "Tenets" on the Tariff Question Put to the Man from Maine and Answered in His Usual Vigorous Manner. Protection and the Laboring Man.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 16.—The Hon. Thomas B. Reed addressed an audience of over 3,000 people in Music hall last night. Speaker Reed came to Buffalo at 4 o'clock and was escorted to Music hall by the Republican League club, and on being introduced by Chairman Becker was greeted with a storm of applause. After thanking his audience for their cordial welcome he said:

A Democratic Club's Questions.

"I intend to address you on the living issues of the day but I will vary the order. I have been respectfully requested by a Democratic club to answer certain questions. I am a little used to respectful language from the Democratic party in the region where the major part of my duties is performed that I feel inclined on account of this remarkable phenomenon to comply with the request, and further because the questions are quite easy.

"The first question is, Do I consider the McKinley bill just to the poor? Well, I should say so. A bill which has for its object the raising of the wages of the poor and at the same time to lower the price of necessities would seem to me to be not only just, but generous.

Wages and the Tariff Bill.

"This club desires also to know whether any instance can be given where wages have been raised by a high tariff bill. The McKinley bill has been in operation only about two months. The most remarkable brilliancy on the part of the club that they expect wages to be raised in that time by that bill. But if they read the morning newspapers they would learn that manufacturers of pearl buttons are reported to have raised the wages of their men 15 per cent, on account of the McKinley bill. What shall it profit a young free trader if he only loves Grover Cleveland and never reads the Mugwump papers? Another question is:

"If protection makes higher wages, why is it that the people of New South Wales have higher wages than protected France? Protection never raises wages. The question is whether protection causes higher wages than in a country under free trade? That question is answered by the United States under thirty years of Republican rule. Everybody knows that the wages of the laboring man in the United States is higher than they were in 1893, at the close of the free trade period.

Articles Lowered by the Bill.

"Still another question is, Can I state any article which has been lowered in price by the McKinley or any other tariff bill. I can spend the evening doing that. I remember paying $1.25 a yard for ingrain carpet which I can buy today for forty-five cents. Iron nails cost $6 a keg then; steel ones now are $3.90.

Mr. Carlisle's Dilemma.

"Several years ago Mr. Carlisle stated as a favorite Democratic dilemma that it is an absurdity that no sophistry can explain that the tariff by making labor higher, can make the product of that higher paid labor cheaper.

"It was a hard dilemma; they had to admit, when factory-wages were higher and the products of those wages lower. The Democrats claim that the lower prices are caused by invention and cheap railroad freight. Did you ever hear of an invention? I will prove it rests on protection. Do you suppose somebody reached out into the dark and drew in the steam engine? It was only by slow processes that it was invented. Take the electric light. It was known for fifty years, but was nothing but a scientific toy. By and by the world got richer and wanted better light than gas, and 10,000 minds were directed toward perfecting the electric light. Now, then, the more minds that are directed toward invention the greater the possibility of invention.

Inventions and Protection.

"What creates a demand for inventions? Why, protection, and when you direct 10,000 minds toward invention you double the chances of getting it. In 1883 Great Britain was in a condition of depression. A royal commission was appointed to examine into the cause. They found that if Great Britain could have got in 1883 the same prices for her exports that she got in 1873 she could have got $500,000,000 more than she did get. The world got Great Britain's products that much cheaper. Between 1873 and 1883 the civilized world became possessed of the fact that the world were in competition with Great Britain so that she had to put the value of her goods down that enormous sum. But what's the use of discussing protection? We did discuss that in 1888 and it received a handsome indorsement, and that indorsement resulted in the McKinley bill.

"The first essential to business prosperity is stability of the law. Every man wants to measure his business conditions in advance. For years we have been upset in tariff agitation. It is time it ceased for the business interests of the country. The world ought to know that the people of 1890 ratify the demands of the people of 1888."

Gone to McKinley's Aid.

Speaker Reed then spoke of the obstruction tactics of the Democrats during the recent session of congress and the necessity of a federal election law, and concluded by urging all good Republicans to see to it that the next house of representatives shall be securely Republican. Mr. Reed left for Ohio last night, where he is to deliver addresses in Maj. McKinley's district.

A Beautiful Actress Adjudged Insane.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 16.—Miss Shaw, the beautiful variety actress who was rescued from the roof of the Putnam building, on Franklin street, while walking in a somnambulistic condition along the roof in her sleep on Monday morning, has been adjudged a lunatic. Miss Shaw belongs to Putnam's variety theatre troupe. The girl is an opium eater and has been drinking to excess for several weeks. She is believed to be a native of Toronto, Canada.

She Wants $25,000 Damages.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 16.—The widow of Washington Olivet, who was murdered by Arthur Pendergast, had commenced an action against Hamilton Pray, at whose saloon her husband obtained the liquor of which he was under the influence when he killed him, to recover under the civil damage act. Pendergast has been sent to Sing Sing for life.

A TERRIBLE TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

Husband, Wife and Babe All Die Violen Deaths.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 16.—Perth Amboy is greatly excited over a double suicide and child murder. Gador Shaw dash has long been jealous of his wife, apparently without cause. They had one child, a babe in arms. Tuesday Showdash and his wife had a terrible quarrel, during which he accused her of infidelity.

The woman brooded over the charge, and when he went to dinner she secretly mixed arsenic in water and drank the stuff. Her moans attracted attention, but nothing could be done to relive her, and she died last night.

Showdash, when informed of the deed, shot himself in the head and died yesterday. In the excitement nothing was thought of the babe, and later it was found dead. It is supposed that the mother gave the child some of the poison. An inquest will probably be held.

Candidate for Mayor.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Oct. 16.—Gen. Daniel Butterfield, who is here with the Count of Paris, sent a telegram last evening to Mr. C. C. Shayne, representing the Business Men's Republican Organization of New York city, accepting conditionally the nomination for the office of mayor of New York.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Sconda Bros. Dusmburre. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for the

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 42 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Lenst Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

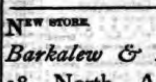
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



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First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 20 Third street, corner Dive. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, and

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King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

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New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting an.. road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

A WINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO. 5 PARK AVENUE.

FOR THE VACANT PLACE.

Who Will Occupy Associate Justice Miller's Chair?

MEN WHO HAVE BEEN MENTIONED

Secretary Noble and Attorney General Miller Seem to Stand First in the Competition—Judge Gresham's Claims Urged by His Friends—Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Even before Justice Miller is laid to rest in the tomb there is much speculation as to who will be nominated to fill the now vacant and grand supreme court bench. First among the names mentioned in connection with this honorable and responsible position is that of Attorney General Miller; to him the majority of political gossips have awarded the place. He but narrowly escaped appointment when the prize was given Judge Brewer, and this time, it is believed, he will certainly have conferred upon him the authority to wear a flowing silk gown.

Judge Gresham's Availability.

Judge Gresham's friends have not been slow to push the claims of their idol, and many politicians who are not disposed to favor Gresham think if would be good policy to appoint him, for such an act would shelve a very promising obstruction to the possibilities of nomination in 1892. It is believed, however, that Gresham's chance for the vacancy now under consideration is too small to attract any degree of attention.

Secretary Noble a Candidate.

Last evening another name was projected into the field, and if the proprietors will only allow it to remain there Mr. Miller's show for becoming Justice Miller will be lessened several per cent. The latest arrival is Secretary Noble, and his friends are in earnest when they say he is a candidate. Personally Gen. Noble is as well liked by the president as is Mr. Miller, and it is believed that the Missouri man's kindred influences which will gather to the support of Noble will more than outweigh the advantages of personal association which are possessed by the attorney general.

No appointment will be made until congress reassembles in December, for no man would care to sit on the supreme bench before senatorial confirmation made his calling and election sure.

Victims of Faith in Faith Healing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The British minister has transmitted to the department of state a letter from the governor of Sierra Leone inclosing a note from the colonial surgeon at Freetown. Dr. D. Palmer Ross, relative to the case of certain American missionaries at that place. Dr. Ross reports *that the superintendent of the party*, Mr. Kingman, arrived there on Feb. 27, 1890, and was followed on June 13 by Mrs. Kingman, Miss Dot. Messrs. Helmick, Jadergnist, Codding, Price (a negro), Gates and Harries. It is stated that upon their arrival they began to live in native fashion, hoping thus to gain the confidence of the natives.

Two of Them Died.

On July 9 Mr. Kingman informed Dr. Ross *that two of his party had died that day.* Upon inquiry Dr. Ross learned that no doctor had been called to attend the deceased (Messrs. Gates and Harries), the whole party being staunch believers in "faith" healing, and that they had taken no medicine and died of fever.

Dr. Ross knowing that tropical fever, if neglected, is apt to assume a virulent form among newly arrived white people, ordered the bodies to be buried as soon as possible, and sent military guards to them to disinfect the house and destroy all bedding, clothing, etc., used by the deceased. That officer reported that others were sick in the house, a fact which the missionaries had not stated. On the next day Mr. Kingman sent for the doctor to see his wife. She was found to be in the last stage of exhaustion from neglected fever, having been ill for nine days, and in spite of all that could be done she died on the evening of the 11th.

He Refused Medical Assistance.

On the previous day Mr. Kingman was found to be ill, but refused to accept medical assistance. That evening Mr. Price, who was also ill, sent for a doctor and consented to be taken to the hospital for treatment, under which he has recovered. On the 13th Mr. Kingman, though worse, having again refused to receive the doctor, *that gentleman informed* him as the missionaries had by their action originated a malignant type of fever in Freetown, endangering the whole community, he would report the matter to the governor, isolate the house, and advise that the rest of the party be sent to America. Mr. Kingman then consented to be treated solely on the ground that he did not wish to endanger the community, and was on July 22, 1890, convalescent.

The Governor Protests.

Dr. Ross adds that he understands that these missionaries intend going due east into the interior guided only by a compass. In view of these facts, and of the statement in The Missionary Review that another party of missionaries is expected, the governor of Sierra Leone calls attention to the matter, as this climate is not suited to those who trust alone to the faith healing and ignore the means placed by Providence-at their disposal for the relief of suffering humanity, and as such conduct is a "danger to the community at large."

To Increase the Corn Export.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Col. Charles J. Murphy, of New York, has been appointed special agent of the department of agriculture in Europe, for special duty in regard to the use among Europeans of corn and corn products, and to present to Europeans the availability of this cereal for human food purposes. Secretary Rusk believes that a proper understanding of the edible value of corn in its many attractive forms would greatly increase its use among the people of Europe for this purpose, whereas at present its use is confined to cattle feeding purposes, with the result that but a very small per cent. of the crop is exported. Col. Murphy labored earnestly to secure an American corn exhibit at the Paris exposition, and more recently has conducted a similar exhibit at the international exposition at Edinburgh.

Two Freights Come Together.

ASHLAND, Pa., Oct. 16.—Two heavy freight trains running at high speed came into collision at Centralia, on the Lehigh Valley railroad yesterday afternoon, through disregard of orders on the part of the conductor of one. Engineer Frank Demerits and Brakeman Burkel Buckwalter were injured, and a number of cars and both engines were demolished.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Baltimore (First game)—

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Base hits: Baltimore, 10; Rochester, 12. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Rochester, 7. Batteries: Hemming and Tate, Titcomb and McGregh.

Second game—

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Baltimore, 5; Rochester, 7. Errors: Baltimore, 6; Rochester, 4. Batteries: Robinson and Robinson, Miller and Kelly. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati (Players' exhibition game)—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Stivetts and Vaughn, Hutchinson and Daily.

At Cleveland, Ohio, (Players' exhibition game)—

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries: Beatin and Zimmer, Foutz and Clark.

FIVE MINERS BURIED ALIVE.

Two Taken Out Alive, but the Remaining Three Were Dead.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 16.—Five men are buried alive yesterday by a cave-in of rock in shaft No. 6 of the Ludington mine, and three were taken out dead. Work was at once begun to liberate the imprisoned miners, and soon two of them were rescued uninjured.

J. Fisher was discovered almost covered with ore and pinned down by timbers. He was alive when found, but died before he could be got out. William Bailey and W. R. Davis were dead when the rescuing party reached them. The shaft was about to be abandoned and the timbers were being removed.

An Appeal for Birchall.

LONDON, Ont., Oct. 16.—A number of sympathizers of Birchall, the murderer awaiting execution at Woodstock, who believe he was not altogether fairly dealt with, have prepared a petition to be presented to the governor general in his behalf. Among the reasons urged for asking it is that the evidence against him was *wholly circumstantial; that the press of* Canada had prior to the trial so inflamed and prejudiced the mind of the public against the prisoner that it was impossible to obtain a jury to try the matter impartially and without bias; that much that was alleged in the newspapers against him after his arrest, but of which no proof was given at the trial, must have had an influence upon the minds of the jury prejudicial to the prisoner.

Treasurer Huston Talks.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Treasurer Huston returned to Washington last evening. He was authorized a United Press representative *to state that he had not been tendered the* position of assistant secretary of the treasury, and that he would be indelicate to state what action he would take until it had been tendered him. He would say, however, that if his name had been brought to the attention of the president in connection with the vacant assistant secretaryship it had been without his consent.

Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Officers.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 16.—At the annual meeting of the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting association William H. Skirm, of Trenton; A. C. Fields, of Dobb's Ferry, N. Y., and C. R. Harding, of Philadelphia, were elected members of the executive committee to fill vacancies caused by death. E. H. Stokes was elected president; E. A. Ballard, vice president; David H. Brown, treasurer, and George W. Evans, secretary. *The treasurer's report shows receipts for* the year of $150,000; expenditures, $160,000.

It Was a Bad Bank Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—Recent developments in the affairs of the Bank of America show that the inaccurate depositors of that institution have been so thoroughly robbed of their money that it is unlikely that they will receive as much as ten cents on the dollar in payment of their claims. District Attorney Graham, who has just completed his investigation into the affairs of the bank, declines to talk about the prosecution of the bank's officials at the present time.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The People's National bank of Waynesburg, Pa., capital $50,000, has been authorized to begin business.

William Wilson has been sentenced to five years and six months in Sing Sing prison for stoning a Central Hudson passenger train.

Henry B. Depuy, of the real estate and insurance firm of Depuy & Westbrook, of Kingston, N. Y., died suddenly since Monday, and it is rumored that he has absconded with several thousand dollars.

Harry M. Crawford, of Newark, N. J., was held to await the action of the grand jury for bigamy at Rondout, N. Y., in the sum of $2,000. He is said to have had three wives. He is about 25 years old. His last wife died in a hospital, of cruel treatment. The second was Laura A. Kane, of Newark, who caused his arrest, and the last is Leona Dubois, of Port Ewen, N. Y.

Col. William A. Booth, superintendent of construction of the new postoffice in Brooklyn, was stricken with apoplexy. His condition is precarious.

The treasury department has been informed officially by the United States consul general at Ottawa, Canada, that the Dominion government removed the export duty on lumber Oct. 13.

Murderer Birchall is writing a sketch of his life. He will sell it to the highest bidder and give the proceeds to his wife.

W. L. Gorgas, of Harrisburg, Pa., was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Fourteenth district.

The United States government has notified the Italian government that hereafter no Italian immigrants who have been under sentence in the courts of their native country will be permitted to land in America.

Jack McAuliffe was arrested for causing the death of his wife, Katie Hart-McAuliffe, but was released on discharged, as sufficient proved that this pretty actress bride had died of valvular disease of the heart.

Lieut. Alpheus Robert French, the sole survivor of the Black Hawk war, died in Baltimore, Oct. 15, in the 82d year of his age. He was born at Chittenango, N. Y.

The stallion McDoel defeated Allerton in the race for the $5,000 stallion stake at Lexington, Ky. Time, 2:15¼.

The celebration of the 90th birthday of Count von Moltke, at New York, has been fixed for the committee in charge for Oct. 27, in the Metropolitan Opera house. The speakers will be Carl Schurz, Chauncey M. Depew and William Walter Phelps, United States minister to Germany. Two thousand German societies will be represented.

The creditors of the Harrisburg Car company have practically decided to grant the extension of time asked by the directors in order to complete existing contracts and tide over the present embarrassments. The company's assets greatly exceed its liabilities.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION OF AARON B. MYER, deceased. Pursuant to the order of the Surrogate of Union county, made on the above date, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARGARET L. MARSH, Administratrix.
Dated July 7th, 1890. 17 9 18

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscriber, executrix of Mary Jane Ford, deceased, will be audited and settled by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN F. GRIFFEN,
ROBINSON YOUNG.
Dated August 12, 1890. 8-14-th

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Lessons in **Elocution**, classes or private. Terms reasonable. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1069.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Teacher of **piano**, and organist of Park Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Studio from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture on Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application. Address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 1st. Miss Babcock teaches a new and improved method of singing, as taught by the Italians of Milan, and the Lyric method of Boston. Address 72 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 8 3 2w

MISS L. L. ANDERSON,
pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dungey W. Hyde, of Nedawood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT,
Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department is thorough instruction given, care being taken to adapt the school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on Natural and Historical Subjects. Primary, Academy and Business. Unlimited use of Calisthenic apparatus. Special CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20tu2w

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 24. For particulars address Miss E. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY,
25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DUDLEY, Principal. 8 15-3w

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Norton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange terrace, Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Scatter-Corns Will Cure Corns, Bunions and Warts. Scatter-Corns is the only remedy that will cure Corns, Bunions and Warts. Scatter-Corns will cure Corns, Bunions and Warts. Scatter-Corns will cure Corns, Bunions and Warts. Scatter-Corns

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE WOMEN OF THE RHINE, WHO WORK AND SING AND MARRY.

Value of Smearing—Designers of Advertisements—The Happy Woman—Make Womankind a Specialty—The Modern Girl Must Know Everything.

It is a land of corn and wine that borders this tortuid river, but its fruits are not gathered without its women. They scorn not wives, these Rhenish peasants say, who sit in rocking chairs. It is the girl who sings the loudest in the vintage who soonest gets a husband. Twelve cents a day is the wages she earns besides the prospect of marriage.

Forty cents is a man's hire, with two quarts of the poorer wine. And when the rustic lover has married his sweetheart then you will see her climbing the hillsides in the morning to the vineyards for their scrip. If you walk you will notice everywhere the low stone posts set back a few feet from every highway.

Between one and the beaten track the peasant women's sickles are always busy, for those little margins are public property and supply grass for the summer and hay against the winter time. You will meet her, too, with an enormous weight of wood on her head, a load that a man could not carry, dead and picked up off the forest.

Or you will pass her digging in the little patch of vines and potatoes that every peasant owns and leaves his wife to plant and tend and harvest, while he hires out to a vineyarder. This is her morning—her housekeeping—and at 1 o'clock she, too, is ready for half a day's hiring to pull weeds or tie vines. And while she bears many children and finds life not less pleasant than women of other lands whose tasks press not so heavily.—Cor. New York Commercial Advertiser.

The Value of Rich Seasoning.

A potent aid in making cheap cookery savory is the judicious use of seasoning. In some homes knowledge of these seems to be confined to an acquaintance with pepper, mustard, onion and parsley. Little is known of the variety of even simple herbs, like thyme, sweet marjoram and summer savory, and still less of Worcestershire, Harvey's savory and chili sauce, of chutney, of curry powder, of tarragon vinegar, of bay leaves, of maitre d'hotel butter, of olives, of boudin and walnut catsups, or of the careful employment of spices in small quantities. The magical improvement wrought by the addition of a little lemon juice and a wineglassful of California sherry (at fifty cents a quart bottle) is totally unknown.

Of course the first outlay for some of these commodities may savor of extravagance. But many of the articles are very cheap, and even the more costly ones are used in such small quantities that a supply of any one of them will last a long time. Moreover, if a woman's aim is to prepare delicious, wholesome family will eat and enjoy she will find that the judicious use of condiments pays, and the variety their occasional use gives will make a change back to simplicity a welcome relief.—Mrs. Christine Terhune Herrick in Harper's Bazar.

Designers of Advertisements.

Clever draughtswomen in various sections of the country are doing a brisk business getting striking pictures that they sell at high rates for advertising purposes. If they succeed in hitting upon a novelty straightway many others trade is quick and handsome profit is the result. A couple of sisters who were left entirely dependent on their own exertions happened upon a new industrial scheme. One of the girls possessed a knack for rhyming, while the other was ready with her pencil. Having settled upon a subject, their publication seemed pretty serious, when as by inspiration the eldest sister sketched a fleecy army of bugs pursued by a bottle having the head and wings of a seraphim and carrying a flaming sword.

It was not much of a picture after all, but a firm bought it of the pair and asked to see other designs. This first encouragement set her wits to work, and she soon turned out a number of effective sketches. They were nearly all accepted, and when the younger girl supplemented the drawings with odd and catchy bits of verse they were paid double for their work.

For two years these young women have lived in comparative ease on their jingles and pictures, that bring in a tidy monthly income.—Illustrated American.

The Happy Woman.

I know a woman whose lot in life is one of the plainest, and, as for shore the average. She has a loving husband commanding a comfortable income, one of the sweetest babies that ever lived, and a home that is a perfect picture of artistic beauty and domestic comfort. Yet she is discontented because just opposite to her home lives a woman in equal fortune hardest close to a million dollars, left her by her husband. She has her retinue of servants and gorgeous livery, and everything in the world apparently to make her happy. Is she?

Listen to her own words, as told to a member of my family: "I suppose the world regards me as a happy woman; but it does not know how I suffer! What is my money to me when at the strike of the midnight hour I awake, as I often do, and stretch forth my hand in vacancy for the form which lies in the graveyard, or turn to the crib in search of the little form that lies with him? I tell you, my dear, money is a mockery when your heart longs for companionship and for sympathy!" But yet her neighbor's husband in the way, who at nights needs only to stretch forth her hand to touch the shoulder of her protector, and hears the soft breathing of her infant child, envies the woman her happiness!—Ladies' Home Journal.

Make Womankind Your Specialty.

Homomania is a straw, we are told, that shows the trend of feeling and ambition among women of all grades. Having asked for and obtained the right of equality, we will be content with nothing short of the all of acknowledged superiority. Satirists point to such inflows of popular sentiment as incident to the history of all emancipated serfs. To the lover of womankind these telltale floats bring pain and unsatisfaction. If woman would be truly great she must be great in a womanly way, and within the pale of the sex she reverences too fondly to risk confounding it with another.

The pathway to success in this age is trodden by many feet. Let woman make a specialty of womankind, and the incommunicable obligations and opportunities that belong to it.

Home is more than a badge. It is a symbol and a pledge. All nations and ages have accepted this as truth. The best offensive and defensive weapons of her sex are always in that she is dissatisfied with her gender; that she desires to look and act and feel as little as possible like a woman and as much as may be like her exemplar and superior—man.—Marion Harland in New York Herald.

The Modern Girl Must Know Everything.

The conditions of modern life in this great and growing country are such that the average American girl of more favored circumstances may step from the school room, generally before she is 20 years old, into a station where the demands of domestic, social, charitable and practical affairs leave her little time for further systematic study, and yet tax every resource of her store of knowledge and development. If then she be confronted with subjects of which she is ignorant, but with which she should have acquired at least a speaking acquaintance, while at school she may justly reproach her teachers that they have adopted the mistaken policy of educating a girl who was to leave school at 20 on the plan requiring a confidence at school till at least 25. Though many have doubled the possibility to provide for this active and proper demand without compromise which is unfair to thoroughness, and which will not result in superficiality, I am justified in having adopted and for many years defended such a plan by the high authority among the educators of modern times.—Mrs. Sylvanus Reed in Scribner's.

Children's Rights.

If a child has any sensibility scolding either kills it or makes it vicious. Children have rights which ought to be respected as much as with their elders. They can reason as well as older and wiser heads. They are as quick to see an injustice, and know as well as any one else when parents are making fools of themselves. The household of a noted dramatist in New York is said to be a democracy. The voice of the youngest child in it is as potent as that of a parent.

This is a result of the recognition of children's rights, and while it might not prove successful if generally applied, owing to parental incapacity, when one or that it is not a result of wisdom, and one that in many cases might work wonders of domestic harmony?—While oftentimes children have been ruined by indulgence they have frequently been spoiled with "discipline."

Children were never designed for nonentities—a fact in proof of which the omnipresent small boy stands out with monumental prominence. While children can be allowed to become a nuisance by the laxity of parents they can, on the other hand, be oppressed until they become atrophied in mind and heart and soul.—Albany Journal.

For Children's Spare Hours.

A pleasant pastime for children originated in the active minds of some Kansas youngsters, and was called "The Children's Industrial Exposition." In vacation days six little ones, between the ages of 7 and 13, worked busily with their hands on all sorts of industries with which they were familiar, and during the week had furniture, clothing, egg shell vases, ladders, pumps, small herbariums consisting of small collections of plants neatly labeled, leaves of trees and specimens of forest woods, chicken feather fans, small tables, benches, boxes, boats and drays in wood work, and new kinds of frames and other wall paper fans were among the products of their toil.

These exhibited on neatly decorated tables in "Basement hall." The proceeds of the small admission fees were applied to premiums for exhibited articles. The cards attached to the articles, as well as the posters used for the occasion, were hektographed by the children, and the affair proved a very happy and interesting one for all concerned. Here is a hint for vacation employment for children.—New York Ledger.

Be Careful of Your Broom.

With a little care brooms can be kept equal to new for a long time, and when everything else, they must be well treated to do their best work.

Always stand a new broom before it has ever been used. Pour boiling water all over the broom where it is attached to the handle; then stand the broom up to dry, with the end of the handle resting on the floor and the straws uppermost. This treatment renders the broom soft and pliable, making it wear better.

When a broom is not in use never stand it with the straws next the floor, for it tends to make the broom one sided and spoils its shape. Rather stand the broom as it will rest on the end of the handle, with the straws lightly leaning against the wall; or better still, pierce a hole through the top of the broom handle with a hot nail, run a string through it and tie in a loop to hang the broom up by.

Then see that the broom is always hung up clear of the floor when it is put away.—Youth's Companion.

Color During Mourning.

There is much to be said against the custom of wearing mourning. When carried to the extent it is in some countries, as it casts a gloom over the family circle and is an eternal reminder of the loss sustained. It is of course incompatible with one's feelings to don a gaily colored garment immediately after the demise of a friend, although the heart may throb as sadly beneath a rose colored robe as it might under one of as funereal a hue as that of Hamlet's inky cloak.

It has become quite common of late years for dying people to ask their survivors not to wear black, and these well intentioned requests are often productive of embarrassment, as it is difficult to explain this fact to the world. A lady once told me that one of the most trying ordeals she underwent during her whole life was the wearing of a bonnet at her father's funeral, as his last wishes being that the family should attend in their ordinary attire.—Jennens-Miller Magazine.

Dress—Its Proprieties and Abuses.

Some peculiarities of dress which attract the vulgar.

Materials may be humble, but they may always be tastefully made and neatly kept. It is a shame for a servant girl to dress anatractively who has it in her power to dress well.

Dress in such a manner that your attire will not occupy your thoughts after it is upon you.

That mode of dressing the form and face which best displays and adds to its beauty is that which pleases God best.

A woman was made for something higher than a convenient figure for displaying dry goods and the latest freaks of millinery and mantua making.—Good Housekeeping.

Roumania's Pretty Queen.

Her majesty of Roumania, who under the name of "Carmen Sylva" is well known both as poetess and philanthropist, is at the age of forty-seven, still a beautiful woman. She is tall, with an extremely good figure, and, but for the silvery tinge which has replaced the golden hue of her auburn tresses, would look as young as in her youth. Her eyes are quite bewitching, being large and blue, with a delicious brown look. She has a really classical mouth, exquisitely white, regular teeth, a finely cut nose and small, well shaped hands and feet. She was very quickly married in a grey tweed walking gown.

When at home, I hear, her majesty greatly affects the picturesque costume of the Roumanian peasant. She is quite an indefatigable worker, and rises every morning before it is day. She is firm in her refusal to allow her maid to attend her, but lights her own lamp, and sits down at her table to spend an hour or two over her MSS. It would take too long to commence all her books, many of which are well known, and she has also written the libretti of three successful operas.—Cor. Philadelphia Telegraph.

Pure Air for the Baby.

It is the opinion of a noted specialist on diseases of the nose, throat and lungs that one baby in every three has a growth in the nose that obstructs nasal respiration. One evidence is seen in the baby hospitals, the great number of sleepers breathing through the mouth entirely. The disease, generally hereditary is fortified by the very bad air supplied the little one, who, if put to sleep with a nurse or adult, generally inhales bodily exhalations from under cover.

It will be well for the health of young America when the old fogy idea of putting babies to sleep with their heads covered is pacificated. A baby to grow good, stout lungs must have good, pure air in abundance. It is neither natural nor wholesome to smother the tot, nor is an even temperature necessary to keep him from catching cold. The babies that live in the open air are the healthiest.—New York World.

The Care of the Breast.

When the milk accumulates or "cakes" in the breast in hard patches they should be rubbed very gently from the base upward with warm camphorated oil. The rubbing should be the lightest, most delicate stroking, avoiding pressure. If lumps appear at the base of the breast, and it is red, swollen and painful, cloths rung out of cold water should be applied and the doctor sent for. While the breast is full and hard all cover not much appreciation need be felt. It is when lumps appear that the physician should be notified, that he may, if possible, prevent the formation of abscesses.—Medical Interview.

No Rocking for Baby.

Aside from the mental evil it is not wise to rock a baby, it is also a woman's notion that the eternal swaying facilitates sleep. The lullaby is quite as effectual and considerably sweeter rendered in a stationary chair. In the baby hospitals, homes and asylums of New York, where thousands of little ones are carefully and tenderly reared, rocking chairs and swinging cribs are abolished on the ground of nervous disorders. The death rate is not only lower than among private nurseries, but the general health and habits of the babies is considerably better.—New York Letter.

A Novel Plan.

A Parisian lady, Miss De Broen, is conducting a medical mission in Belleville that is without a parallel in the history of medicine or religion. This little mission chapel like building is built on the spot where a number of communists were shot down after the peace of the Franco-Prussian war had been proclaimed. The patients assemble in the pretty little chapel, and while waiting their turn to enter the adjoining dispensary listen to prticles, as well as hear the organ by a volunteer. Advice and medicine are given by the house physician and no fee is charged.—Paris Letter.

Women Doctors.

This is the pleasant way in which an eminent English physician, Sir William Gull, speaks of women doctors: "I think one ought always to help women studying medicine in every possible way. I have the greatest respect for the ladies now practicing in London, and feel sure that they must fill far more satisfactorily than the average medical man could pretend to do certain branches of practice. I would not always rather be attended and operated upon by a woman than by a man, though they get wonderfully well accustomed to the doctor.'"—Exchange.

It is a mistake to feed children from reshes. The food to be palatable should be prepared for each meal, and the vessels and spoons require as much care and neatness as an adult would exact. The common practice of making in the morning a supply of food for the day is most pernicious, as there are chemical changes going on and accumulations of dust and animal life which render it unfit for the child.

At a day wedding, no matter how the bride dresses, the groom wears a black cloth coat and colored trousers; at an evening wedding he wears a dress suit. The bride may wear a traveling dress and hat at a day wedding either at the house or at church. The groom furnishes gloves for the ushers. The bride and groom lead the way to the dining room after receiving congratulations.

Mrs. Isabella Bird Bishop, better known as the indefatigable traveler, Miss Isabella Bird, has obtained from the maharajah of Kashmir the gift of a piece of land on which to erect a hospital and dispensary for women, the first building of this kind ever thought of in the domain of his highness.

French toast is always a favorite dish for lunch or tea, and is very easily made, and is nice to use up slices of dry bread. Beat two eggs with nearly a pint of milk, and dip the slices of bread in it. Fry a golden brown on a buttered gridiron.

The Queen of Roumania, well known as an author, was led to write by reading of Shelley says poets always are. Her majesty's only child died at an early age, and her sorrow rendered it impossible to distract her mind from this bitter grief.

A pretty way to arrange French windows would be to have a small rod at the top of each of the three panes, from which hang curtains of thin silk, each a different color, like pink, yellow and pale blue, or terra cotta, dull green and white.

Common horse radish grated into a cup of sour milk, then strained, is said to be an excellent lotion for removing freckles. A few ounces of lemon juice in a pint of rose water will also answer the same purpose. Both are harmless and good.

Mrs. Agnes Reynolds is a dealer in limestone. She has discovered that the material for flagging or paving, and that it is exactly the kind and value of building stone used in uptown sections of New York.

When mattresses are stained take starch wet into a paste with cold water. Spread this on the stains. First putting the mattress in the sun, let an hour or two rub this off, and if not removed repeat the process.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

AUTUMN FASHIONS THAT FIND FAVOR AT HOME AND ABROAD.

A New and Attractive Gown Which Is Suitable for Either Reception, Evening or Dinner Dress and Shows a Good Figure to Especial Advantage.

Evening dresses are most of them devoid of shape. A charming gown, appropriate either for dinner, reception or evening wear, is illustrated in our cut. This gown, which shows to advantage a good figure, depends greatly upon its absolutely perfect fit for success. The model here shown is in cream green net spotted with mauve chenille wafers. It is edged around the skirt and along the coat tunic with rows of silver and mauve ribbon, two bands of which encircle the semi-long sleeves, and are finished off with a bow.

The stomacher, cuffs and bands that enrich this gown are in brilliant cut beads

A GRACEFUL EVENING DRESS.

work, combining numerous tints of green, heliotrope and silver. The back is arranged with a few plaits at the waist, and at the opening it describes a point smaller than that at the front. This style of dress would be exceedingly effective in black Russian net with a garniture of cut jet passementerie.

Millinery Memoranda.

"I gather that birds will be the popular trimming for bonnets again this winter," says Miss Mantalini in The Pall Mall Budget. "The milliners are piling them on with their old reckless prodigality.

Hats are worn in any direction now, according to the wearer's fancy. Some women still wear their hats perched right at the back, others will go to the opposite extreme and wear them low on the face, like a burglar's cap. Another style is to wear the hat slightly on one side.

A rather new kind of hat for traveling, in blue felt, has a moderate brim slightly curved all round, and a low crown bound by a velvet band and shaped with a bow of velvet on one side and a paste buckle.

Quills and wings will be popular trimmings this autumn.

The toreador hat promises to be fashionable again. It is trimmed in various ways. One of the newest trimmings for this particular hat is a couple of ropes of velvet and a bird or two. The velvet is twisted round the base and top edge of the crown, the birds finding a resting place at the side.

Bonnets are assuming sensible proportions, and the coal scuttle is nearly a head cover, and worthy the name. Those nonsensical things consisting simply of a butterfly, a scrap of lace, or half a dozen ostrich tips, and called bonnets the early part of the year, have vanished.

Fashions of the Future.

As an indication of fashions to come it may be told that thicker striped woolens, with softened shaded effects, are being prepared for later autumn. One is green and black and another a combination of many colors are most original. All kinds of Irish lace are coming into favor, and a very pretty bridal dress of white satin was recently trimmed in most graceful style with Limerick. In this trousseau was a green cashmere tea gown, the collar bordered with gold, the loose sleeves plaited at the shoulder. The short style of sleeve, with its double puffs and perpendicular bands of material, is being resuscitated.

Street Dresses for Autumn.

Dress skirts for the autumn are plainly made. The waists are mostly made with collar and lapels similar to those seen on a man's inside coat. These are worn over a basque of the same material like the dress, as best suits the taste of the wearer. Sleeves are still made high and full on the shoulder, and are open on the inside of the cuff and buttoned together.

A New Evening Bodice.

A new and pretty evening wear has been recently developed in a gown, the bodice of which is high on one side and low on the other. The high side of this unique bodice is finished with a ruff, which reaches half way around the throat. The effect is singular and will hardly prove popular.

Lady's Waistcoat.

The illustration here given represents a favorite style of waistcoat among women of fashion. The material of which it is made may be of white piqua, flannel, stockinette, figured cheviot, etc., to contrast or compare with the costume.

WAISTCOAT WITH A SIMULATED UNDERVEST.

The waistcoat illustrated here is intended only for the front, with its single gore on each side, the back being made in the lining. The V-shaped opening at the neck shows a simulated undervest in printed or braided cloth, with the military collar to match, and a curved basque opening from under the light colored waistcoat, which is fastened with mother o' pearl or gilt buttons.

Pointed bands, corselets, fancy jackets with waistcoats and blouse bodices are all fashionable styles likely to remain in vogue throughout the winter. The newest complaints of passementerie or velvet are made in Swiss belt fashion, with edges of points below the waist and much longer and sharper points rising on the chest, in front and between the shoulders at the back.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE
Demands a Comfortable Shoe.

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "rather than lookers." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT. STREET.
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,
After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.
It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,
INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.
NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES.
SOLD ONLY AT
L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our
Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,
At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.
Pierson Hardware Company,
Telephone 126 NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.
N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

The Prices Which Make Trade!
Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of all.
We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.
It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.
Having purchased a large supply of Californian Fruits before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.
Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery daily to South Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Scotch Plains, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.
United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,
Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Hessian Crash 3½c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.
I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.
AT
V & W
Our Dress Goods stock surpasses all previous years. We have bought everything that is new and desirable in plain, plaids and striped, and our prices are as usual very moderate.
Better values were never offered in Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Newmarkets than we are offering this season.
Underwear for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children will soon have the call. Remember we keep everything in that line, and we guarantee Quality and Price.
We are booming our Kid Glove Department. And will sell a fine five-button kid for 65 cents. And will sell a guaranteed 5-hook kid, black and colored for $1. And will sell an 8-button length, Suede kid, black, for $1.25. And will sell a 12-button length, Suede kid, black for $1.48.
We bought very early in the season five cases of blankets, and will sell them at special low prices for the next ten days. Don't miss it.
Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of Crockery, Tinware and Woodenware Goods, and sell them at right prices. We deliver everywhere FREE OF CHARGE.
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.
I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.
TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.
CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR F. F. HELLWIG,
on reasonable rates
Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 7-16-1p.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
2 LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY
DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors, Rear Building

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most care is always taken in the selection of the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and unloading. This, with the use of the most self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders with the greatest dispatch. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Orders left at the office or otherwise promptly attended to. Turning and screening done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Carts are not allowed to pass through Front street. Office at Park House. Residence 17 Somerset street. Manufacturers of Iron Lawn, Garden and Fire Escapes. Telephone No. 7.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17. 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—Mrs. Whitney will speak at Reform Hall this evening.

—A new fire company has been organized at Fanwood.

—The Scott Press Works is being wired for extra electric lights.

—The North Common Council will meet in adjourned session at eight o'clock this evening.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey has declared a dividend of 1 1-2 per cent., payable Nov. 1.

—By the will of the late Mary Van Derveer, the First Reformed church of this place secures a bequest of $2,500.

—For something new and to the point, read Van Emburgh and White's advertisement and see what they are offering.

—The new electric crane which was recently erected in the Pond Machine Tool Works has been tested. It is said to have worked satisfactorily.

—We publish to-day on our last page a full list of the changes in tariff, selecting this time because our people will more thoroughly appreciate it.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band will go to Brooklyn to-morrow evening to participate in Bishop's McLaughlin's jubilee. It is said that two hundred bands of music will be in line.

—William Kenny, an old offender, was arrested Wednesday evening, while drunk. When arraigned in court yesterday morning he pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness and Judge Codington sent him to Elizabeth to board at the county's expense for the next sixty days.

—Voters should examine the registry lists that are now posted in their polling districts, and be sure their names are on. If not there, they can be added by applying to the Board of Registry, on October 28th, when its last meeting will be held. You can't vote unless you are registered.

—A new fad with the women in some sections of the country, particularly so in the East, is the wearing of a yellow ribbon in the place of a white one, which is to give the people to understand that they want to vote, and that is the insignia of the would-be voters.—Hunterdon County Democrat.

—The Fanwood post office is almost a fact, the Department having appointed A. P. Downer as postmaster. As soon as possible the office will be put in working order. Mrs. McKee, who occupies the house adjoining, will have charge of the actual working of the office, and with an efficient clerk, expects to render satisfactory service.

—The following is given out as a correct list of wedding anniversaries: Three days, sugar; sixty days, vinegar; first anniversary, iron; fifth, wooden; tenth, tin; fifteenth, crystal; twentieth, china; twenty-fifth, silver; thirtieth, cotton; forty-fifth, linen; fortieth, woolen; forty-fifth, silk; fiftieth, golden; seventy-fifth, diamond.

Another Swindle.

A huckster is going the rounds of the county swindling unsuspecting housewives. The fellow's plan is to offer potatoes for sale in quantities from one peck to two bushels at a reduced rate. If he succeeds in making a sale he will give short measure. He worked his "game" successfully in Elizabeth. In one instance a woman purchased as she supposed two bushels, but when she measured them she discovered that she had less than a bushel. She reported it to the police but the fellow could not be found.

Interesting to Firemen.

Plainfield Engine and Hose Company, No. 2 of Plainfield, has 80 members.

Plainfield Engine Company gave an exhibition of their steamer in front of Hotel Central which delighted the many hundreds of people who witnessed it. It was the finest steamer in the parade.—Perth Amboy Herald.

The Treacherous Banana Skin.

Mr. Thomas Trowle, an aged man residing on Orchard place, while walking on West Front Street Wednesday evening, stepped on a banana skin and was thrown to the side walk. He was painfully injured about the left hip and right hand. This accident fully further demonstrates the danger of carelessly throwing banana skins on the sidewalks.

Injured by a Fall.

Mr. Mason Dunham of New Market, while working in the hay loft of his barn Wednesday evening fell a distance of twelve feet, fracturing his thigh. He was also badly bruised about the head and shoulders. Dr. Whitehill of New Market and Dr. Jenkins of this city attended him.

THE GERMAN FAIR.

Now in Progress in the Turn Hall on Somerset Street.

A short time ago the Ladies' Aid Society connected with the Plainfield German and Turning Society established a school in Turn Hall to educate their children in German. The school is in session every Saturday, and is in charge of a prominent German linguist from New York. In order to re-imburse him for his trouble the ladies decided to hold a fair, and last Monday the hall was sufficiently with articles both useful and ornamental which were exposed for sale. The fair has been in progress every night this week and will continue to-night and to-morrow night. Owing to the storm last evening the attendance was not as large as it had been on former occasions, but a large attendance is expected during the two remaining nights. There are several tables and booths situated throughout the hall, but probably the most conspicuous is the flower and lemonade booth which is situated in the centre of the hall. There a person can quench his thirst and at the same time purchase a button hole bouquet. Miss Lillian Lang, Miss Minnie Zeiss and Miss Jessie B. Waters have charge of the booth.

The Committee of Arrangements comprises Mrs. A. Bohnaker, Mrs. Joseph A. Blatz, Mrs. Minor, Mrs. Charles Myers and others. They are ably assisted by Messrs. Charles Mann, Charles Dressell and Heller.

Several contests are in progress, one for a gold watch between Miss Beanie Blimm and Miss Katie Schulins, another for a sewing machine, and the third is for a rifle. Mr. Cooney Krueger and Mr. Lighthouser are the contestants for the last prize.

Judged in every evening from ten to twelve o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Jennie Hoffman has returned to her home in this city from a pleasant stay at Liberty Corners.

Mr. John J. Peterson and Miss Alice Johnson were married at the home of the bride's parents in Evona last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter V. Weaver of Orchard place will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Tuesday evening, October 21st.

Chief Engineer Doane of the Plainfield Fire Department went to Elizabeth yesterday and participated in the parade of the Elizabeth fire department.

Aaron Allen of Washingtonville, accompanied by his grandson, Mr. Harry Coddington of Somerset street, left Tuesday evening for Illinois. A pleasant time with friends and relatives is one of the attractions.

Mr. Abner A. Allen of Annandale and Miss Annie E. Opdyke of West Postal were married by the Rev. John M. Allen on Oct. 9th. They are the guests of Mrs. John M. Shephard, the bride's sister, of Emily street, North Plainfield.

The many friends of Mr. J. Mare Martin of 135 Park avenue, will be pained to learn of the critical condition in which he has been for the past few days. He is suffering with nervous prostration and Bright's disease of the kidneys.

A surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Chambers at their home in Dunellen last evening. About thirty-five young people from this city attended. Dancing and other pastimes were indulged in. A bountiful supper was served and the Plainfielders returned home at about half-past three o'clock this morning, well pleased with the night's enjoyment.

Judge Codington, when a schoolboy, had Mayor Rankin for his school teacher. Last evening for the first time since his school days he met at the Republican headquarters the mayor, now the Republican candidate for Senator. The delight of both may be better imagined than described, as they exchanged reminiscences. It appears that Mayor Rankin was born at Baskinridge, over the mountain, so that he is virtually an offshoot from this county.

Mr. Milton C. Barkalow, the senior member of the firm of Barkalow & Dunn, the North avenue grocers, and Miss Fannie Kissam of Westfield were married at the residence of the bride's brothers in that place Wednesday evening at seven o'clock. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. N. W. Cadwell, the pastor of the Westfield Presbyterian church. The bride wore a travelling dress of a bee-of-rose sootan cloth, trimmed with gilt passementerie. Mr. and Mrs. Barkalow left on a wedding trip to Washington. Upon their return they will reside on Emily street, North Plainfield.

Westfield will claim a share of the honor with Plainfield in having among its midst the next Grand Commander of the Order of Knights of this State. The Hon. John Ulrich who has resided in this city for the past twenty years has leased a house on Clark street, where he and his family will reside until spring, when they purpose to move in their own new residence, which ex Judge Ulrich proposes to erect on one of the choice lots overlooking the town. Assemblyman Ulrich merely changes his residence, however, and will still retain his business and professional interests in his building on North avenue, where he proposes to devote his time daily. The Judge will be missed by the many societies, with which he is identified in this city, and he and his family will be missed in their accustomed places by their many Plainfield friends. They are commended to the people of Westfield with Plainfield's best wishes, and they will soon learn that what is Plainfield's loss will be Westfield's gain.

Bowling Green Meeting.

A meeting of the Middlesex Bowling Green Club was held at the office of H. B. Willis at New Brunswick on Monday night at which the affairs of the club were talked over and arrangements made for the medal game with the Dunellen Club, to come off the second Saturday in November. Arrangements were also made for holding the annual reunion and election in April next. On Saturday of this week the club will have a practice game.

MEETING THE CANDIDATES.

A Pleasant Gathering Despite the Storm.

There was a rousing meeting at Republican Headquarters last evening, when a goodly number of leading republicans, despite the storm, turned out to greet the candidates for Congress, the State Senate, the Assembly, and the office of Sheriff, who were all present by invitation of the City Executive Committee.

It was a very pleasant meeting, and the candidates made a good impression on all who met them. After the general introduction was ended, the meeting was called to order by Mr. F. A. Dunham, the chairman of the committee, who presided, and introduced the candidates for remarks. One after the other spoke very acceptably, showing that if elected they would act for the best interests of the people generally, and not be the tools of cliques or rings, so ruinous to proper administration of public affairs, and so ready to disgrace our good city.

Mayor Rankin of Elizabeth, the candidate for Senator, referred among other things to his record as Mayor, as assurance to the voters as to the policy he would be guided by, if elected to represent them. Elizabeth under his administration has made $100,000 worth of improvements, paid her full quota of the county taxes for road improvements, and yet has not issued a bond, nor increased her taxes one cent.

How differently it is here under a Democratic administration, which by reckless extravagance has squandered over $25,000 of the taxpayers' money, and made taxes higher than ever known before in the history of the city, without any corresponding benefit, and this on all items as to property, the valuation of which is $406,270 more than that of last year. Yet our taxes are $2.24 on the $100, while last year under Republican management they were but $2.15, the Democrats having $11,000 more this year from licenses, and over $14,000 more direct from the taxpayers—it would have been $40,000 or more but for THE NEWS. We can appreciate Mr. Rankin, and believe he will find our appreciation shown by a largely increased majority in his favor for Senator.

Mr. George W. Kyte of Fanwood, the candidate for Assembly, Mr. James H. Clark of Rahway, the candidate for Sheriff, ex-Congressman Amos Clark, the candidate for Congress, Postmaster Pope, Judge Codington, Prosecutor Van Cleef, Vanderbeek and Councilman Jenkins also made remarks which were pertinent.

The meeting adjourned about ten o'clock, and a large delegation escorted the candidates to the 10.13 train, on which they returned, delighted with their visit.

A Hard Pressed Herald.

Because the days are getting shorter the Central Railroad Co., has found it necessary, according to its usual custom to shorten the number of hours for work at its Elizabethport shops one hour per day. There upon our benighted friend, the Elizabeth Herald, blam it on the Tariff. The farmers complain that because of the bad weather there was a poor peach crop this year. Why not blame that on the Republican Tariff for protecting home industries. Mr. Herald? You must have a very poor opinion of the intelligence of the average mechanic, if you think you can delude him with any such chaff. Be calm. The workingmen know more than you think, and might give you a point or two. They know their true friends, and see through Democratic humbugs better than you imagine, but how hard pressed you must be for arguments. Here in Plainfield, our factories are running night and day, but we don't say that is entirely due to a protective tariff, though that has been a great help "Crene off, dear Herald, coms off."

W. C. T. U. Notes.

The prayer and experience meeting will be held as usual at 7:45 Saturday evening, preceded by a short service of song. The Sunday services as usual at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

At 3:30 Thursday of the coming week, a specially interesting programme of practice has been prepared and will be conducted by Mrs. Fernald, to which all are invited.

The Local Temperance Legion has been resumed under the efficient charge of Miss Beakman, who has been for some years interested in temperance mission work and it is hoped that all the members will be present on Wednesday next at 4 p. m. at the W. C. T. U. rooms, 78 West Front street.

Fitzpatrick on Trial.

The trial of Dominick Fitzpatrick for breaking and entering Schwed Bros.' clothing store at Somerville began on Tuesday in the Somerset Court Court. A large number of witnesses, among whom were Hon. Fred Marsh and Hon. J. J. Mathews of Rizabeth, testified on behalf of the prisoner. The defence is an alibi. The robbery occured last Spring. The prisoner when arrested had some of the stolen goods in his possession, and was wearing one of the stolen suits. He says he was in Elizabeth until 4 p. m. on the night of the robbery, and that he then jumped on a freight train and rode as far as North Branch. He says the train did not stop at Somerville, but the State proved that it did. At North Branch, he says, two men offered to sell him the goods, and he bought them.

Wetumpka Lodge Reception.

Wetumpka Lodge 3401, Knights of Honor, met Thursday evening, Oct. 16th, in their Lodge Room, and initiated three candidates, and had several propositions. Immediately after initiation the rooms were opened to the public and Quite an interesting programme was rendered. Notwithstanding the rain, quite a large gathering assembled. The following was the programme.

Singing of Opening Ode,	
Recitation,	Miss Addie B. Hall
Solo,	Mr. Jones
Banjo Solo,	Mr. Geo. Jenkins
Song by Quartette Messrs. Martin, Ryder, Van Pelt and Haines.	
Recitation,	Miss Hall
Banjo Solo,	Mr. George Jenkins
Address,	Mr. R. T. Barnes
Address,	Director R. C. Pease

THE LATE WILLIAM E. JONES.

The Funeral Yesterday from the First Baptist Church.

The late Freeholder William Edward Jones was buried from the First Baptist church yesterday afternoon at half past two o'clock. A large number of friends had assembled to pay their last respects to the memory of the deceased. The members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Exempt Firemen's Association and the Somerset County Board of Freeholders were present in a body. The Rev. D. J. Yerks preached the funeral oration. His remarks were in brief as follows: "This large gathering of people speaks well of the respect in which the deceased was held in this community. He has held places of trust and honor. It is only necessary to note the number of times that he has been re-elected to office to judge how he was esteemed by his constituents. He was an honest and upright man, and his loss will be greatly felt in this community. He was a good Christian, and during those long and tedious illness his thoughts were turned to Him, who is the Saviour of all. His confidence and hope were built up in God." The reverend gentleman then addressed a few remarks to the surviving members of the family sympathizing with them in their bereavement. Those present were then invited to look for the last time upon the face of the deceased. Interment was made in Evergreen cemetery, where the Independent Order of Odd Fellows conducted their burial service.

At a meeting of the Somerset County Board of Freeholders the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, it has pleased the Almighty in his wisdom to remove from among us our much-esteemed associate, Wm. E. Jones, to final rest, and we bow in humble submission to His will; and whereas, we feel that in this we have been bereft not only of an associate member of the Somerset County Board of Freeholders, but of a valued friend, whose genial presence always fill us with pleasure; whose numerous acts of kindness endeared him to us; whose every courteous treatment won our respect; whose straightforward manner won our utmost confidence; and whose charity won our love; and whereas it is but fitting that we should express our grief and heartfelt sympathy for our esteem to those relatives who close in him one most dear, and to the community which loses in him a thoroughly efficient public officer; be it hereby

Resolved, That we, his fellow members, tender to the bereaved family our sincere and heartfelt sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That these preambles and resolutions be properly engrossed and conveyed to the family, and that a copy be published in the papers of the county and in the two dailies of Plainfield and also spread upon the minutes.

JOHN C. FEAATS,
GEO. W. BULLMAN,
J. M. VREELAND,
GEO BALLESTINE,
A. P. BUTFORD.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Boss River township, Burlington county, wants to vote on a $2,000 liquor license fee.

Rev. H. Elridge of Rancocas will become pastor of the Christian churches at Frenchtown and Pineville.

The M. E. church at Boonton, by a large majority, has voted against women being privileged to act as lay delegates.

An effort is to be made to organize a Grange Alliance, or Farmers' Club, in every school district in Warren county.

A couple of dogs entered the barn-yard of H. G. Wilson at Paramus, yesterday attacked a seven-months-old calf, and tore it to pieces.

Several Camden Methodist ministers have declined to enter into a newspaper voting contest for a silver set worth eighty-six pieces.

Mrs. Isaac Tomlin of Dyers' Creek, Cape May county, is the proud possessor of a seventy-five-pound sweet potato pumpkin raised on her farm.

For adding the figure 5 to the date of a license issued by City Clerk Hoffman of Egg Harbor City, on October 1, a peddler was fined $2.50 by Justice Norman for peddling with a bogus license.

Mrs. Peter Aumack of Newton is the mother of a tiny baby born last week. It measures twelve inches, weighs twenty ounces, and has a full head of hair.

While drilling cars in Moore Brothers' yard at Clayton, October 15, Flagman W. E. Hewitt was instantly killed while trying to get on a passing car to apply the brake.

Joseph Goodliffe's large bulldog was let loose at Roselle, October 15, and attacked Mr. Goodliffe's child. The little one had the flesh torn from its face, arms and throat, and was in a shocking condition when rescued.

Rev. George Morgan Hills, rector emeritus of St. Mary's P. E. church, Burlington, N. J., died in Tacoma, Wash., October 15, aged sixty-five. The deceased was there on a visit to his son, Rev. John Doss Hills, in search of better health.

The corner-stone of the new $10,000 cottage of the Children's Home for Feeble-minded Children at Vineland was laid on October 15. The home was organized on a small scale in 1888, and now comprises six fine buildings on over 100 acres of land.

Somerset Co. Republican Executive Committee.

Appointments were made on the Republican County Executive Committee at the Somerset County Republican Convention held Tuesday. They are as follows:

Branchburg—Henry M. Baird.
Bridgewater—3d Dist. Job C. Kenyon.
Franklin—1. George Mollison.
" 2. B. L. Webb.
North Plainfield—1. B. A. Hegeman, Jr.
" 2. Newton R. Smalley.
Hillsborough—1. Jacob. R. Sutphen.
" 1. Henry S. Van Nuis.

A Big Day.

We want to sell more goods on Saturday than we ever have yet, and to do it we will put five cases of Misses' Patent Leather Tip Ties on sale at 25c., just one third of their cost. Also a lot of Ladies Ties, in large sizes, at same low price. We also have some shoes that are sold at less than cost we shall make a great cost on. Don't miss this chance.

ROGERS BROS.
Cash Shoe Dealers.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE CABINET HOLD A SPECIAL SECRET MEETING.

South American Affairs Discussed—Minister Mitzner's Conduct Overhauled.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17th, (Special)—An important session of the Cabinet was held to-day from 12 to 2. Casual American affairs were discussed at length. The killing of Gen. Barrundia and the conduct of Minister Mitzner were also reviewed. The members are very reticent, but important disclosures are looked for.

Sudden Death of a Prominent Man.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17th, 1890. (Special.)—S. A. Caldwell, President of the Fidelity Insurance Co., a director of the Reading Railroad, and president of the First National Bank, fell dead at his residence to-day. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

Cent-a-Word Column.

2,500 Loads of good soil for sale. Chas. H. Hand, No. 25 Grant avenue. 17-2

A RARE BARGAIN—Seven room house on Grove street, No. 17 for sale. Prospective buyers of real estate would do well to address "Real Estate," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-4

A LMOST NEW Warwick safety bicycle, 52 inch, for gentleman, together with safety rack for same to sell, diamond cut glass lantern and Garford saddle. $110, worth $140. Address without delay, Geo. W. Morrison, EVENING NEWS office. 15 6

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14 f

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms in East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14 f.

FOR SALE—Two good horses. Address Cyrus Wilcox, Westfield, N. J. 14 5

FOR SALE—A 50 quart milk route in Plainfield. Will sell to suit purchaser. For particulars address "Route," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 09

FOR SALE—Gurney air Jersey cow and calf, six years old. Perfectly gentle and a good milker. Call on Geo. Lewis, 7 Mountain avenue.

FOR RENT—Five room, basement and cellar, house, in North Plainfield. 10 minutes walk from depot. Possession within a week. $14. Address Henry D. Morrison, Lock Box I. 16-5

GOOD washer and ironer would like work by the week at home. Address "M" care of EVENING NEWS. 15-3

I SHOULD like to hire a good, strong, willing girl for general house-work. Hard work but good wages. Apply at once. Address "Girl," care of EVENING NEWS.

LOST—Pocket book containing money and checks. Finder will please return to 24 Sumner street. 17 2

PIANO—Handsome cabinet grand, 7 1-3 octave, for sale cheap. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-tf

PIANO—Handsome cabinet grand, 7 1-3 octave, for sale cheap. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-tf*

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 31 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. BOX 302 L. TELEPHONE CALL 68.

Lead Poison in Water.

A large number of cases of lead poisoning having occurred at Bonnie a consideration was instituted to find out the cause, and it was immediately traceable to the water supply. It was then deemed essential to ascertain whether the water was originally poisonous, and it was soon found to have acquired this quality in its distribution through the lead service pipes used in the town.

Experiments showed the water to be extremely soft, and when its hardness was increased by the addition of finely powdered limestone it ceased to corrode lead. Further investigation demonstrated that it was not the hardness that rendered the water innocuous, but the deprivation by agitation with the limestone of the carbonic acid originally contained in the water, and which attacked the lead.

To permanently cure the evil an apparatus was set up at the waterworks to mix automatically a definite quantity of powdered limestone with a certain proportion of the water passed through the works. The mixture is then, after agitation, returned to the mass in supply, the result being a complete correction of the difficulty and a single case of lead poisoning having occurred since the apparatus was set in systematic operation. According to the account given, the quantity of powdered limestone required for this purpose is about 200 cubic centimeters every two minutes.—New York Tribune.

Glengariff's Beauties.

Glengariff a small paradise lying in a barren wilderness. Above it frown the black and gloomy mountains of Kerry and Cork; around it is a desert of bowldor stones, with here and there a brawling trout-and salmon stream dashing through it; but all is chaos at its best. Yet at Glengariff, sheltering beneath this ruggedness, a vastly different state of things prevails. The flowers grow wild have in sickles profusion, the roses and the eglantine, the fuchsias, the honeysuckle and the woodbine twine up the arching and interlacing trees overhead; the ferns and mosses are the haunts of innumerable rabbits and hares, while above the birds sing gaily.

To those who have been tossing on the seas for days it may easily be imagined how welcome a harbor of refuge is this, especially as it contains very good hotels and countless Americans on their way *to London and Paris and at Cork* and break their journey here. If we English knew more of this lovely spot, assuredly we should come here oftener, for in no place in all the world do we have anything more beautiful than the numerous bays and inlets with which the southwestern corner of Ireland is dotted.—Cor. Galignani Messenger.

Ancient Foot Covering.

It appears from history that the Jews, long before the Christian era, wore shoes made of leather and wood. Those of their soldiers were sometimes formed out of brass or iron. The Egyptians wore a kind of shoe made of the papyrus. The Indians, the Chinese and other nations wore shoes made of silk, rushes, linen, wool, or the bark of trees, even those of gold and silver. Luxury has sometimes covered them over with precious stones.

The Greeks and Romans wore shoes of leather. The Grecian shoes generally reach to the middle of the leg. The Romans used two kinds of shoes, the calceus, which covered the whole foot, something in the shape of our shoes, and the solea or slipper, which covered only the sole of the foot, and was fastened with leather thongs. The calceus was worn with the toga when a person went abroad, and slippers were put on during a journey and feast.

Black shoes were worn by persons of ordinary rank and white ones by women. Red shoes were put on by the chief magistrates of Rome on days of ceremony.—Joseph Moore in Jennes-Miller Magazine.

Farming in New York City.

I have been taking a holiday among the market gardeners who still hang on to one of the most valuable sections of the city—lying between the northern end of Central Park and Harlem river—and I have been surprised to find that these people have several hundred acres under cultivation, and that some of them have been a quarter of a century in the business and have amassed fortunes at it. Madison, Fifth and Lenox avenues, fashionable as they are, still contain some of these farms, and show great patches of green, with humble cottages and tumble down barns and sheds to set off the show of vegetables.

One of these men who yet till the soil of Manhattan with profit is Peter Copperman, who has cleared $200,000 from the blocks between One Hundred and Thirty-seventh and One Hundred and Fortieth streets and Seventh and Eighth avenues, and yet his daughters weed the fields and prepare the crops for the market as if they toiled for love of the labor. Until I had examined for myself I thought this race of Dutch boilers was extinct on Manhattan.—New York Cor. Philadelphia Record.

Hard Water.

Summer Tourist (noticing the limestone formation)—I presume the water in this section is rather hard, isn't it?

Native—It is for a fact, mister. Last summer a feller fell off that high bridge into the river an' it killed him just like he'd bundled on a rock.—Street & Smith's Good News.

FLAMES CLAIMED FIVE.

Hairbreadth Escapes at the Leland Hotel Horror.

WOMEN DASHED INTO ETERNITY.

They Refused to Await the Ladders Coming and Madly Plunged to the Pavement Far Below—A Man Who Escaped with His Leg Under One Arm.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Happily the loss of life by the burning of the Leland hotel is less a matter of the number given in early morning reports of the disaster. The known dead are only five. Two or three may die of their injuries, and it is manifestly asserted by the hotel people that all the guests have been accounted for. At the outside some seven or more bodies are in the ruins. The number of those injured, according to the list which follows, is twenty-four. There were a hundred guests and twenty-five employes in the house. Subjoined is the latest reports the dead and injured are as follows:

The Dead.

Annie Cummings, New York, cook, aged 32 years; almost instantly killed; died in patrol wagon.

Bridget Doyle, Marcellus, N. Y., cleaner; killed by jumping from sixth story window.

William E. Harrup, Elizabeth, N. J.; died at hospital.

Mary Padden, laundry girl; killed by jumping from sixth story window.

Rose Schwarz, aged 28 years, servant; died at hospital.

The Injured.

George M. Burroughs, of Buffalo; badly injured.

Annie Campbell, waitress, servant; severely injured and taken to St. Joseph's hospital; may live.

Mrs. M. J. Carey, Mt. Washington, Mass.; burned by fraction of rope. Simon Cronkheit, guest; *at room* from inhaling smoke; *at House of* Good Shepherd; may recover. The latest reports the dead and injured are as follows:

Frank Dennis, New York, traveling salesman, aged 40 years; seriously injured, but may recover; at Congress hall. John Dunn, member of Fire Company No. 6; taken overland by fall from ladder. Herbert F. Fay, Rochester; injured about head by falling down stairs. Burnet Forbes, Syracuse; seriously injured by inhalation of smoke. F. W. Gilmore, Pawtucket, R. I., aged 38 years; badly hurt. Maggie Gates, aged 25 years, servant; badly burned, head and face put out of by fracture. Theodore Gunther, member of Fire Company No. 1; face badly burned. John Howard, aged 21 years, member of Fire Company No. 1; seriously injured, but will probably recover. Alexander Hughes, guest; *at room* from inhaling and both arms broken. R. S. Drysdale, New York, traveling salesman, aged 40 years; seriously injured, but may recover; at Congress hall. John Dunn, member of Fire Company No. 6; taken overland by fall from ladder. Herbert F. Fay, Rochester; injured about head by falling down stairs. Burnet Forbes, Syracuse; seriously injured by inhalation of smoke. F. W. Gilmore, Pawtucket, R. I., aged 38 years; badly hurt. Maggie Gates, aged 25 years, servant; badly burned, head and face put out of by fracture. Theodore Gunther, member of Fire Company No. 1; face badly burned. John Howard, aged 21 years, member of Fire Company No. 1; seriously injured, but will probably recover. Alexander Hughes, guest; *at room* from inhaling and both arms broken. R. S. Drysdale, New York, traveling salesman, aged 40 years; seriously injured, but may recover; at Congress hall. John Dunn, member of Fire Company No. 6; taken overland by fall from ladder. Herbert F. Fay, Rochester; injured about head by falling down stairs. Burnet Forbes, Syracuse; seriously injured by inhalation of smoke. F. W. Gilmore, Pawtucket, R. I., aged 38 years; badly hurt. Maggie Gates, aged 25 years, servant; badly burned, head and face put out of by fracture. Theodore Gunther, member of Fire Company No. 1; face badly burned. John Howard, aged 21 years, member of Fire Company No. 1; seriously injured, but will probably recover. Alexander Hughes, guest; *at room* from inhaling and both arms broken. R. S. Drysdale, New York, traveling salesman, aged 40 years; seriously injured, but may recover; at Congress hall. John Dunn, member of Fire Company No. 6; taken overland by fall from ladder. Herbert F. Fay, Rochester; injured about head by falling down stairs. Burnet Forbes, Syracuse; seriously injured by inhalation of smoke. F. W. Gilmore, Pawtucket, R. I., aged 38 years; badly hurt. Maggie Gates, aged 25 years, servant; badly burned, head and face put out of by fracture. Theodore Gunther, member of Fire Company No. 1; face badly burned. John Howard, aged 21 years, member of Fire Company No. 1; seriously injured, but will probably recover. Alexander Hughes, guest; *at House of* Good Shepherd. Annie Schwarz, servant; internal injuries caused by fall. George Johnson, captain of steamer Mayflower; face burned. Susan Smith, aged 24 years, servant; badly cut and shocked. Mary Tynan, aged 25 years, servant; compound fracture of right arm, burned about face and badly shocked. Miss Catrin Walker, aged 45 years, servant; badly burned and shocked.

Frenzied People at the Windows.

Lewis Leland, proprietor of the Ocean Hotel at Long Branch, first discovered the fire, noticing a light in the stairway leading from the office to the kitchen. He and the elevator boy ran up stairs and awakened the guests while the alarms were sounding. But in less than a minute the entire northwest corner of the building was ablaze and then there were no longer human control. The terror stricken guests rushed into the halls only to find them full of smoke. Dozens of men and women, who had fallen on the floor and stairs overcome with the intense heat and smoke, were dragged to the exits.

The police did excellent service in rescuing guests. *In less than ten minutes after* the alarm had been given the rescuers were driven from the inside of the burning. Frenzied people crowded to the windows crying for help.

The Women Were Crazed.

At one window on the sixth floor were three women, employes of the hotel. They were Annie Cummings, a cook, and Madeline Hennessy, the linen room girl, and her sister Lizzie Hennessy, a chambermaid. The three women rushed to the window, threw their arms about each other and screamed for help. Behind them the crowd on the street saw the flames.

A hundred voices in the street called to them to be quiet till a ladder could be placed, but the Cummings girl suddenly stepped out on the window sill and with a cry, "I'd rather be killed than burned," threw herself out into the street. She was killed by the fall. The Hennessy sisters remained in the room, and a minute later they were rescued by the firemen, who carried them down the ladder in their arms. *At a window on the fifth floor two women* screamed for help. The big ladder was at another window, and a jumping net was brought out.

One of the women, Bridget Doyle, jumped before the net was got into position. She struck on her head and shoulders and was dead when she was picked up. She was a hotel employe and her home was in Marcellus. Mary Padden, a laundry girl, jumped from a rear window and was killed. William E. Harrup, of Elizabeth, N. J., a commercial traveler for a New York house, started down a fire escape. The rope did not work and he dropped to the sidewalk, breaking both ankles and being injured internally. He died at the hospital. Several others leaped from windows and were injured.

Two Firemen Hurt.

Just before 2 o'clock a wall fell, partly burying John Howlett and John Dunn, firemen. Howlett was badly hurt and Dunn's foot was crushed. Van Buren and Warren Leland, Jr., lost about $65,000 worth of personal property, which was in their apartments in the hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Warren Leland, Jr., barely escaped in their night clothes, leaving money, jewelry and valuables behind. D. Sanford, Jr., married Miss Mary Johnstone at Fayetteville, N. Y., Wednesday, and the entire party had planned an extensive Canadian trip. As they lost all their clothing in the fire they decided to return home at once.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Anderson, of Kingston, were celebrating their golden wedding elderly people. They were married at Owego Wednesday. They escaped uninjured.

The One Legged Man "Hustled."

R. E. Johnston, of New York, manager of Ovide Musin, the violinist, made his appearance at 4 a. m. on the street in a disfigured costume belonging to three different men. The only articles that were his own were his cork leg, patent leather shoes and nightshirt. He lives in Brooklyn and has an office at No. 149 Fifth avenue, New York.

"I was in bed," he said, "when the fire broke out. I managed to secure my money and watch, and was unmindful of my artificial leg. When I raised the window and the flames rushed in. Then I hopped, as the hall I encountered Miss Dwyer, of the Coen Tanner company, and a servant girl. Together we gained our way down the stairway to the street. Johnson attracted great attention, as he made his way from floor to floor on one leg, carrying his artificial limb under his arm. He declined in favor of the ladies all offers of assistance.

George Burroughs' Escape.

George E. Burroughs, the son of the superintendent of the Western division of the *New York Central railroad and* manager of the Buffalo Printing Ink company, had a narrow escape. As he came down on the fire escape his mustache went afire, being by him and was instantly killed on the roof below. The rope then burned through and Burroughs fell to the roof. He was badly bruised and his hands were lacerated.

Coen Tanner's Close Call.

Coen Tanner, the actress, thus describes her thrilling experience: "I was awakened by a faint ring of the electric bell in my room, which was on the fourth floor. I sprang out of bed on hearing a woman scream 'Fire!' and opened the door, to find nothing but darkness and blinding smoke. I hurried to get my valuables from under my pillow and rushed into the corridor.

"I found an open door through which several people were rushing. I quickly entered and gave a man trying with difficulty to unfold a fire escape. I moistened a towel and covered my nostrils and mouth and then appealed to the man who was speechless from inhaling smoke. 'For God's sake, save me!' He closed the door as the smoke was filling the room, and tried to open the window to lower the rope. He couldn't do it.

"Thereupon I put my clinched hands together and drove them through the glass transom panel. It was a mistake of mine. The answer was, 'Don't come yet!' Presently the signal came that the net was ready, and the gentleman generously sent me first. My hands dripped the small blood, and after I had gone a few feet I struck a piece of masonry. My hold was nearly lost, and after sliding one story I felt the trembling thrill into the net. My companion, Mr. J. C. Gavitt, of Brooklyn, whose bravery I shall never forget, immediately followed. Our hands were terribly lacerated by the rope and I sustained several bruises, but the nervous shock was the worst."

Of Incendiary Origin.

How the fire occurred is a mystery. A leading insurance man who viewed the scene declares that in his opinion it was of incendiary origin. He says that it was started in the kitchen, and that it looks as if grease had been ignited by somebody. The kitchen was amply protected from accidental fire, and the blaze at the Globe hotel later in the morning, which the same man investigated, originated in a like manner.

The Losses.

The loss on the hotel building will fall upon the heirs of George B. Everson, who are insured for $80,000. Van Buren and *Warren Leland, Jr., proprietors of the* hotel, had $30,000 worth of furniture, on which there is an insurance of $20,000. Newton & Hickok, the druggists, saved nothing. Their stock was valued at $6,000, with $3,500 insurance. M. A. Shumway, dealer in butchers' supplies, had a $4,000 stock, with partial insurance. The American Express company lost $2,000; insured. The Crouse Manufacturing company lost $5,000; insured. W. S. Orr, a merchant, lost $5,000. The aggregate losses are $185,000, not including the personal losses of the guests.

A PITTSBURG HORROR.

Five Men Fatally Burned by an Avalanche of Flame.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 17.—By the mass of flames which filled the mill after the fall of the hot coke from the furnace stack at Morehead & McLane's mill yesterday afternoon five men were burned fatally; four were dangerously and three of four slightly burned. *The following is a list of the unfortunates:*

Edward Hughes, aged 50, died at the hospital at 6:45 last evening; leaves a widow and family. The entire surface of his body was brushed.

Mike Corwal, Hungarian, aged 28, died at hospital at 6:30 o'clock; unmarried. Terribly burned; leaves a mother and Madeline Hennessy, the linen room girl, and her sister Lizzie Hennessy, a chambermaid. The three women rushed to the window, threw their arms about each other and screamed for help. Behind them the crowd on the street saw the flames.

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Mike Corwal, Hungarian, aged 28, died at hospital at 6:30 o'clock; unmarried. Terribly burned; unmarried.

Andy Harder, Hungarian, aged 22; will die; married. The flesh on his head and body was burned almost to a crisp.

Lizzie Fedor, Hungarian, aged 36; has a wife in Hungary; burned over entire body will die.

Angust Murch, German, aged 35; has wife and four children; seriously burned about head and body; cannot recover.

Fred Baker, American, aged 65, widower face and breast badly burned; will probably recover.

Jerry Heanessey, Aged 22, unmarried feet badly burned; will probably have to be amputated.

Lewis Aldan, Hungarian, aged 33, face and arms burned; will get well, but may lose his eyesight.

The accident was unforeseen and entirely unavoidable. The furnace had been blown preparatory to relining it, and water had been turned on the coke, of which twenty or more tons clung to the sides. A gang of men were inside the stack breaking loose the bottom, when suddenly a large mass of coke supported the furnace gave way. The workmen heard the great mass above them beginning to fall, and with a cry of horror ran for their lives.

The break was on the side from which they ran, and the great mass of hot coke poured out over them. None of the workmen were buried by the avalanche but were blinded by the tongues of flame and volume of sparks which reached out after them.

They with half their clothing cut from their bodies as by knives and the remainder in flames ran shrieking through the streets or lay down and rolled in the puddles which the rain had formed. Eyewitnesses state that the air inside the building seemed to be on fire. Every ray of light that came in was burned from the body of one of the Hungarians, who is now dying. With his flesh hanging in shreds and an eye burned from its socket he ran to the police station, a distance of yards away, where he was cared for until the arrival of an ambulance.

Edward Hughes, who died this evening, appeared to have lost his reason during the few minutes of his most intense suffering. He ran a considerable distance with the clothing on fire and was extinguished by the flames by rolling in the wet street. He then belted straight ahead again for a half mile or more, when he made his way into the house of persons totally unknown to him, badly frightening the inmates. He threw himself on the floor and was shortly taken away by a party of men who followed him. That more men were not hurt is remarkable, considering the large number of men and the manner in which those injured received their wounds. The loss to the furnace company is small.

CAPITAL VERSUS LABOR.

Depew's Speech to the Engineers at Pittsburg.

PRAISE FOR ARTHUR AND HIS MEN

The Speaker's Reference to the Recent New York Central Strike—He Thinks That Labor Trusts Are as Bad as Any Combinations of Capital Extant.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 17.—The International brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers held its annual open meeting in the Grand Opera house last evening. Every available inch of room was occupied. Addresses were made by Master of Ceremonies H. K. Adams, Mayor Gourley, of Pittsburg; George W. Stephenson, Lieutenant Governor Davies, Chauncey M. Depew, Grand Chief P. M. Arthur and others. Mr. Depew received a genuine ovation when introduced by Chairman Adams. His address was listened to with great interest. Several times the speaker was compelled to pause owing to the enthusiasm and applause of his hearers. He said:

A Reference to Mr. Powderly.

"Mr. President and Gentlemen: Only an invitation of unusual attractiveness could induce me to spend two nights on the sleeping car and deliver an address; but your call to be with you for the third time was an indication of the unbated confidence which has existed between us that demanded an equally cordial recognition.

"My voluble and voluminous friend, Mr. Powderly, said recently that at the meeting of the *Locomotive Engineers of New* England, which I attended with the Opera house at New Haven just before sailing for Europe, your grand chief, Mr. Arthur, and I, edified the audience by talking into each other's arms and kissing. While that event did not take place, I am glad now or then to express the esteem felt by every one for the man whose ability and conservatism have done so much to elevate and dignify labor and to win for its efforts the respect of the country."

Socialism Could Not Survive.

The speaker said that during the twenty-seven years of the brotherhood's existence hundreds of labor organizations had been formed and dissolved, but the success of the brotherhood was due to its unswerving adherence to the right principles upon which it was founded. Association was the rule of our time, but socialism was incompatible with our liberty, and could not survive. Over 500 societies have been formed to put in practice socialistic ideas. The speaker said they had been headed by men full of sacrifice and devoted people, and wrecked by disciples who could get along with nobody in this world, and would not get along with God in the next.

Concerning Labor Organizations.

The speaker believed no labor organization could permanently succeed whose sole and only object was to increase wages and diminish hours. "It lacks the essential bond of mutual sympathy and brotherly help in bearing or lightening each other's burdens. Experience has shown that an organization is inevitably and rapidly to collision and failure. The fundamental ideas of your brotherhood are charity and protection in meeting and maintaining your rights. Your record is unexampled in the history of the contact between employer and employes at home or abroad, in the harmonious relations which have been maintained and in the intelligence and prosperity of your members."

The Trusts of Capital and Labor.

Concerning the trust epidemic, Mr. Depew said: "Within a few years everything, from pine lands to peanuts, and from coal rails to sardines, has been organized into some form of corporation or trust. This universal effort to absorb the individual, to divide the people into employing companies and employes, and to destroy competition, will inevitably end in disaster. Hostile legislation and the laws of trade will have only the legitimate enterprises surviving. In the same way and from the same causes there have been several ambitious attempts to form gigantic labor trusts, which would combine under one central and autocratic authority every occupation in which a wage earner or a bread winner could engage.

"In all such associations of trades and occupations having nothing in common, certain qualities of audacity, fluency of speech and capacity for manipulating caucuses and conventions push to the front many men who know little of the great interests confided to their care. Labor makes as intelligent use of capital upon its own grounds. The committee

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

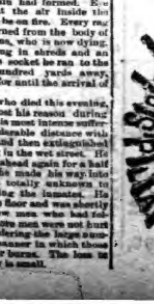
COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.



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Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

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NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

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Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES,

CHAMBER SUITES,

DINING SUITES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

70 BROADWAY.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dauntherre. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Estey. Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Sheet Music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 41 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Roe. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

38 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware. Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farmer's Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all the season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest borgains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1866.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

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BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Rose Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO. 5 PARK AVENUE.

SHOT FROM AN AMBUSH.

Chief Hennessy Done to Death by Dagoes.

NEW ORLEANS' BIG SENSATION.

The Superintendent of Police Riddled with Bullets by a Gang of Italian Assassins—Although Fatally Wounded the Plucky Officer Returned the Fire.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.—The assassination of Chief Hennessy caused a great sensation throughout the city, and expressions of regret are heard from every quarter. British Consul De Fern Blanque sent a note to Mayor Shakespeare expressing heartfelt regret for the heavy loss which the community has sustained by his untimely death. Mr. Hennessy was but 30 years of age and unmarried. Four of the assassins have been arrested and identified as Antonio Scaffidi, Antonio Bagnetti, Sebastano Incardono and Pietro Mastera. Capt. William J. O'Connor, of the Boylan Protective police and the superintendent's trusted friend, makes the following statement regarding the shooting:

How He Was Shot.

"We left the Central police station about 11:10 p. m. We walked up the south side of Rampart street to Girod, where we parted, and walked in opposite directions. I had not gone very far when I heard a loud report of a shotgun, and turning quickly around and looking toward Basin street I saw the flashes and heard two more loud reports. The flashes came from in front of the two-story frame house at the uptown river corner of Girod and Basin streets. Almost simultaneously with the report of the shotguns, three or four pistol shots, fired in quick succession from the lower side of the street, rang out. The last reports must have been the chief's return fire of the murderous crew.

"I at once started on a quick run toward Basin street, two blocks distant. I heard the chief call, 'Oh, Billy! Billy!' I hurried on, and when I got to the corner I came, and found the chief sitting on the doorstep of a house. As I came up he said, 'They have given it to me, and I gave them back the best I could.' Bending over the chief, I said to him, 'Who gave it to you, Dave?' He replied, 'Dagoes.' " The crime is one that the chief and his many intimate friends have regarded as within the range of probability for some years past, and for two or three years he has always been accompanied by some trusty friend on his way home.

Shot Through and Through.

Superintendent Hennessy, though with six bullet wounds in his body, some of them in vital places, walked to the residence of Mrs. Gills, a few doors from the corner of Basin street, whence he was removed to the hospital. The chief's hats were flecked with bullet holes and covered with blood. An ugly, jagged hole, nearly half an inch in diameter, in the left side near the small of the back, showed a shot entered, and a hole of the same character directly opposite on the right side showed where it had come out. It had gone directly through the lungs.

There were two smaller bullet holes close together, about two inches to the left of the latter, that had been made by small shot, and were not of sufficient depth to be dangerous. There were three small abrasions further to the left and nearer the back and one of the same character across the front of the abdomen. These had evidently been made by glancing small shot. Between these slight bruises was an ugly lacerated wound, where another slug had entered, from which the blood oozed freely under the pressure of the physician's thumb.

His Wonderful Nerve.

The worst looking wound of all was just below the navel, where a slug had plowed from the right clear across the abdomen, tearing a frightful furrow in the tender flesh. The other wound in the body was in the left side, just above the tenth rib. This, too, had been made by a small shot, and had not penetrated the cavity of the chest. The wounded man was asked if the terrible place across his abdomen hurt him much, and he answered in a clear voice, "No, sir, not much; only a little." Turning to Dr. Bloom he said: "Yes, they did it with shotguns. I am breathing with difficulty."

"The Dagoes Shot Me."

With this Chief Hennessy closed his eyes and relaxed his position, and lay perfectly still while the physicians were washing his wounds. When this operation was over Police Sergeant Walsh asked the chief who shot him. The wounded man answered with difficulty: "The dagoes shot me." When asked if he knew them he shook his head negatively. The last breath of the gallant chief of police was taken at 9:08 o'clock. The scene about his bedside was heartrending. His mother looked into her brave son's face about ten seconds before the inevitable came, and his only words were of hope and cheer, telling her not to worry as he meant to recover.

They Threatened to Kill Him.

The chief's efforts to break up the several "dago" clans that have been assassinating each other for a number of years past had no doubt embittered them against him. Ever since the attempted assassination of Matranga and some of his followers on Esplanade street, for which the Provenzanos and several others are now awaiting their second trial in the parish prison, the chief has received several anonymous letters, every one of which contains threats against his life. While the chief laughed at these threats, his friends warned him to always be on his guard. The chief, from habit, was always on the alert, and while he was shot down without a word of warning the promptness with which he drew his revolver and returned the fire of his assailants proves that he was not entirely unprepared.

Jockey James Andrews Killed.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., Oct. 17.—In the second heat of a running race here, the horse Raliela, owned by Patrick McLaughlin, of Kingston, Ont., fell and broke one of her hind legs. Her jockey, James Andrews, of Kingston, was thrown on his head and instantly killed. The horse was destroyed.

He Set His Brother's Bed Afire.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 17.—James Morrissey, living near here, while under the influence of liquor, set fire to the bed on which his brother was sleeping, badly burning his entire side. His condition is critical and fatal results are feared. Morrissey was arrested and placed in jail.

They Blame the McKinley Bill.

GLASGOW, Oct. 17.—The Messrs. Merry, one of the largest muslin and calico firms in Glasgow, have failed. Their liabilities are very large, but the exact amount is not yet stated. The trade ascribe the failure to the effects of the McKinley bill.

JUSTICE MILLER'S FUNERAL.

Impressive Ceremonies in the United States Court Room at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—In the chamber where Henry Clay made the speeches that made him famous as a statesman and centered all that was mortal of Clay's devoted follower and disciple, Justice Samuel F. Miller, reposed this afternoon, while his relatives, friends, official associates and many persons of distinction paid a last tribute to his memory. The court room, always somber and formal in its appearance, was even more impressive while the services lasted by reason of their peculiar solemnity. Floral tributes were beautiful. President Harrison sent two crossed swords of white flowers encircled by a wreath of roses and orchids. A sheaf of wheat for Secretary Noble's offering. Mrs. Harrison sent an anchor, and Mrs. Hancock, Senator Edmunds, Mrs. Fuller and the pupils of the National Law university sent other floral devices.

At the Miller residence on Massachusetts avenue, the members of the family with a number of friends assembled at 2 o'clock. No ceremony was held there and the funeral cortege started for the Capitol without delay. The president, Mrs. Harrison, Secretary and Mrs. Blaine, Secretary and Mrs. Windom, Secretary and Mrs. Noble, Secretary and Mrs. Rusk, Attorney General and Mrs. Miller, Secretary Tracy and Private Secretary Halford had assembled in the president's room of the senate. The body and its escort reached the Capitol at 3 o'clock and a few minutes later, while the casket containing the remains of Justice Miller was being carried into the building, the presidential party entered the supreme court chamber and took seats in the second tier on the right. Then the chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court and Justice Strong, retired, entered and took seats in front of the presidential party. The justices acted as honorary pallbearers.

The services were opened with the hymn "Abide with Me," sung by a quartet of male voices. Rev. W. A. Bartlett, a Presbyterian minister of this city, delivered an impressive sermon on the character of Justice Miller, and said that the assemblage represented the sentiments of 64,000,000 of people. He reviewed the services of Justice Miller on the supreme bench, eulogizing him as in every way a great American, a man of great sympathy and charity, a Christian gentleman, and one of the greatest jurists of the period. Dr. Bartlett then invoked the divine blessing, and the assemblage dispersed. At 7:30 o'clock last night the train with the funeral party on board left for Keokuk, where it is due Saturday morning.

THE FUGITIVE NATIONALISTS.

After Their American Tour They Will Return and Stand Trial.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—On arriving in this city Mr. O'Brien was met at the railway station by his wife. He declined to be interviewed, and referred reporters to Mr. Dillon, who conversed freely. He said that they had nothing to conceal. The motive for the flight was the wish to appeal, on behalf of the Canadian happy brethren at home, to 8,000,000 Irish in America. The people of America were greatly interested in Ireland, and there was no doubt the mission would be successful.

"We need money," continued Mr. Dillon, "to carry on the struggle against the landlords, to assist the unhappy tenants who are being driven to starvation, and to build houses for evicted families. The government aimed to deprive the people of these resources, therefore we did not hesitate to flee from its unjust grasp.

"We expect to embark on the steamer La Bretagne from Havre on Saturday, Oct. 25, and after remaining four months in America we will return to England and surrender ourselves. We have been prisoners so often," laughingly concluded Mr. Dillon, "that a few months in jail, more or less, cannot frighten us. We look with confidence to the general election for the triumph of Mr. Gladstone, who will give to Ireland the liberty that has been promised."

Extradition Will Not be Asked.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Chief Secretary Balfour has ordered a thorough investigation of the circumstances attending the escape of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, but the government has decided not to make any request of France for the surrender of the fugitives. Such a request would be difficult, in view of the asylum granted by England to Boulanger and other French refugees. Should the two voluntary exiles set foot on Canadian soil they will be arrested there.

A Chinese Murderer Suicides.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—Ah Gee Yung, the Chinese murderer who is under sentence of death for killing a Chinese woman here, committed suicide in the county jail by taking opium. He attempted to escape before, but was captured and a watch was put on his cell. In spite of this precaution he obtained the poison in some manner unknown.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to, in case the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES,

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

CUR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes

ASTOR'S HORSES SOLD.

Gaiety Brings $260,000 at the Sale of the Forestville Stud.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—About 200 persons interested in the thoroughbred horse journeyed to the sale paddocks of the Westervelt's, at Hunter's Point, to attend the sale of the entire Forestville stud, the property of Mrs. William Astor. Bidding was spirited. Breeders from the north, south and west were in attendance. All the best sires in fast Arcana, by Rosicrucian—Arpina, weight 5 lbs., Scotland—Arpina, weight 5 lbs., sold for $7,700. J. A. & A. H. Morris secured the imported horse Galaxy after spirited bidding. Galaxy was the property of Lorillard, a brown horse and was foaled in 1885, being bred by the Duke of Portland. He was imported to this country in 1889. He is a fine looking horse, and has, in one of the best animals that has crossed the Atlantic. His record has been a marvelous one. The bid of $60,000 was made by E. V. Snedeker, and, as stated, for Winslow Walden, trustee for J. A. & A. H. Morris. Mr. Walden says that the horse is intended for himself, however, and not for any other horses that sold for big money were:

Imported Kingston, 8, by Hampton—Last Love; L. C. Sanford, $3,800. Glendellis, 13, by Bonnie Scotland—Waltz; J. B. Haggin, $6,000. Gretona, 3, by Mortemer—Pera; P. Lorillard, $1,300. Heva, 8, by Mortemer—Gretona; A. Engemann, $1,150. Jewelry, 12, by War Dance—Gold Ring; J. B. Haggin, $1,000. Lotta C, 12, by Glenelg—Minx; J. Smith, $1,000. Naiad, 7, by Mortemer—Highland Lassie; J. B. Haggin, $1,000. Peoria, 8, by Mortemer—Matchless; J. B. Haggin, $5,000. Peru, 17, by Lexington—Reggie B B; Mr. Thomas, $1,250. Pride of the Village, 15, by Leamington—Dollie Carter; Winslow Walden, $4,000; Prada, 13, by King Alfonso—Marguerite; J. B. Haggin, $2,000. Thekla, 11, by Boden Boden—Nellie Rasdon; P. Lorillard, $1,000.

A BIG CRASH IN MICHIGAN.

E. G. Peters, the Lumber King, Has Made an Assignment.

MANISTEE, Mich., Oct. 17.—E. G. Peters has failed. The assignment leaves Dollie state for many years and comes from a source least expected. Mr. Peters was the leading spirit in a score of big enterprises and was one of the largest men in the lumber trade. The assignment is made to A. M. Henry, of Detroit, a brother-in-law of ex-Governor Alger, and covers millions of dollars' worth of property. The failure will be far reaching in its effects. Meigs & Co., lumber men; Dunham & Co., of Grand Rapids, and the Fifth National bank, of the same city, are all interested in the collapse.

A bill of sale of a half interest in the holdings of Henry Firm of Lemon & Peters, of Grand Rapids, has been filed by E. G. Peters in favor of C. M. Davison, of Detroit. The sale calls for $40,000, and was given to protect the Detroit National bank and Governor Alger. The liabilities are estimated at $3,000,000 and the assets are estimated at nominally double that amount.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Superintendent Porter, of the census, is much improved in health by his trip to Europe. He has sailed for America.

Mr. Philip Carroll, of New York, consul at Palermo, Italy, and Mr. H. C. Pugh, of Indiana, consul at Newcastle, England, have been directed to exchange places.

In Jersey City Mrs. Catherine Schreyer died in great agony after partaking of soup supposed to have been poisoned by her son.

Mary Elizabeth Hynes, the beautiful and wealthy widow of a late St. Louis millionaire, died under the surgeon's knife in the New York hospital.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sunshine wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. Call or address, address Miss. Allbert, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Organist and Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Class forming Oct. 10, 8 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and voice culture after Sept. 1st. Miss Babcock teaches a musician method of singing, as taught by the Italian masters, and the Lutgace method of teaching music. Studio at 9 p. m. at her residence. 74 East Front street.

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Whites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 100 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York, and W. H. Pugh, of Nebraska, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS PAWCETT, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department of thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 17th. For particulars address Miss E. F. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY.
25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open Wednesday, 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DUDLEY, Principal. 9-13-3m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Berliner and Miss Bowne's School for Girls and Kindergarten, will reopen September 24th, at Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Banker Miller's Bad Record.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Inspector Byrnes has investigated the record on this side of the Atlantic of William Wadsworth Miller, whose wife, Cornelia H. Miller, is held a prisoner awaiting extradition, to England for having in her possession $30,000 of the $1,000,000 alleged to have been stolen by the swindling London banking house of James E. Field & Co., in which concern Miller was a partner. According to Byrnes Miller came to this city in the firm name of W. H. Ingham & Co., solicited confiding people in this city out of about $600,000 in 1887 and then fled. In 1890 Miller failed in Chicago, owing $25,000 to different firms. Subsequently he opened a banking house in Chicago under the name of Fleming. There he worked a "fraud" scheme similar to the "speculative syndicate" he engineered in New York and bagged about $250,000. He was arrested, tried and sentenced to Joliet prison, but secured a temporary stay of proceedings and jumped his bail. His next exploit was his recent London swindle. Miller is wanted here for the W. H. Ingham & Co. operations, for which he was indicted.

Tammany's New Allies.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Tammany Hall received two allies last night in the fight with the Democracy. The Irving Hall and the County Democracy known as the Voorhis Democracy, and the other the "Peoples' Party," which aims at excise reform. The Republican county committee have indorsed the fusion ticket.

Young Crocker May Recover.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—Templeton Crocker, son of Millionaire Charles F. Crocker, of the Southern Pacific railroad, who fell down a stairway last Sunday and fractured his skull, is showing marked improvement in his condition, and it is believed that he will recover.

Governor Campbell's Victory.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 17.—The compromise bill, the one giving the governor the power to remove the board of public improvement of Cincinnati and their successors to be elected at the next April election, has passed the senate.

Homes for German Laborers.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The government is about to erect 4,000 workingmen's dwellings in North Berlin. The emperor is agitating the question of cheap railway transportation to and from the city for the occupants.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 38, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' natural all-wool vest and pants, 58c. Men's heavy fleeced shirts and drawers, 50c. Men's extra-wool shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's natural wool shirts and drawers, $1. Men's merino shirts and drawers, 75c and $1. Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 13c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c. Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c. Full size quilts, 40 and 50c.

Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50. Bare Capes, $8.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN OF THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Until 8 a. m. to meet 7:20 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.23 a. m. train
2d do	9.15	do	9.23 do
3d do	10.30	do	10.38 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.38 do
5th do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.23 p. m. do
6th do	1.45	do	1.53 & 2.55 p. m.
7th do	3.45 p. m.	do	To the Post Office.
8th do	5.45 do	do	5.53 p. m. train.
9th do	6.45 do	do	6.53 do
10th do	8.00 do	do	8.08 do
11th do	9.45 do	do	9.53 do
12th do	11.45 do	do	11.53 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street every hour, commencing at 8:30 p. m. from Plainfield, connecting to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will start from depot over 50 cents people leaving Plainfield depot at following hours: 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. 12.00 a. m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for pleasure and calling parties and to ride. Horses always ready at short notice.

Stages after 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Seventeenth st., between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 3.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

Cor. Morris—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Cake for weddings, polished Fine Chain Parte Rosemary. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To and from along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first class line. Bidding will be made to suit the inhabitants as rapidly as the business will warrant.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits as occasion requires.

Leaves Depot at the 6:30, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On time 9:37 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washingtonville. Leaves Front and Park avenue corner for connection and Front street.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.30, 8.40, a. m., 12.15, 2.20, 5.20 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.35, 5.0 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9.30 a. m., 2.40, 6.20 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.20 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 10.30 to 11.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

R. B. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 5.54, 6.36, 6.49, 7.24, 7.49, 8.26, 9.06, 10.09, 11.09 a. m., 12.06, 2.07, 3.20, 3.51, 4.26, 4.57, 5.30, 6.06, 6.30, 7.06, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 5.30, 6.36, 7.24, 8.26, 9.06, 10.09, 11.09 a. m., 12.06, 2.07, 3.20, 4.26, 5.30, 6.06, 7.06, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Leave Newark at 5.10, 5.34, 6.16, 6.29, 7.04, 7.29, 8.06, 8.46, 9.49, 10.49, 11.49 a. m., 12.46, 2.47, 4.00, 4.37, 5.10, 5.46, 6.10, 6.46, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 5.46, 6.16, 6.46, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Passengers for Newark connect at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20, 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 6.30, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Passengers for Bound Brook connect at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Easton at 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Easton connect at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND BRIDGEWATER.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 6.30, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Passengers for Bridgewater connect at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND TRENTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Trenton at 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Trenton connect at Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND STOCKTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Stockton at 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Stockton connect at Somerville.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 6.30, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Passengers for Somerville connect at Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 6.30, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.15, 7.45, 9.15, 10.45 p. m. Passengers for Bridgewater connect at Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Trenton at 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Trenton connect at Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.01, 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 11.20 a. m., 1.25, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 8.15, 9.45, 11.30 p. m. Leave Stockton at 6.40, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Stockton connect at Somerville.

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Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally, that they do not intend to move and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything at bottom figures. Call and see us with Reasonable work. A fatal calculated, etc.

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MAGIC
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will take out grease from any kind of goods, *no matter how delicate the shade,*
WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of
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IT IS HERE SYNOPSIZED.

The Last and Longest Fight on Sugar and Binder Twine—Sugar Almost Untariffed—The House Carries Most of Its Points.

Mr. Durfee, clerk of the senate committee on finance, which had charge of the bill for the senate, has compiled a complete list of the changes, which is presented herewith. It has been a work of great labor, required an expert knowledge of the tariff. The first figures in each case are those of the McKinley bill; the last those of the law in force since the revision of 1883. As the change in many instances has been from ad valorem to specific, it will be seen that per cent. is in many cases only used in the figures for the old law:

CHEMICAL SCHEDULE.

Acetic acid not exceeding 1.047 specific gravity, 1½ cents a pound; 2 cents.

Boracic acid, 5 cents a pound; 4 cents for commercial.

Chromic acid, 10 cents; 15 per cent.

Sulphuric acid, ¼ cent a pound; free.

Tannin, 75 cents; 25.

Carbonate of ammonia, 1¾ cents; 30 per cent.

Muriate of ammonia, ¾ cent; 10 per cent.

Sulphate of ammonia, ¼ cent; 20 per cent.

Blue vitriol, 2 cents; 3 cents.

Chloroform, 25 cents a pound; 50 cents.

Sulphuric ether, 40 cents; 50 cents.

Nitrous ether, 25 cents; 30 cents.

Oil of cognac, 50; 40.

Oil of rum, $2.50; 85.

Dyeing or tanning extracts, ¼ cent a pound; 30 per cent.

Extract of hemlock bark, ¼ cent; 30 per cent.

Gelatine, glue and isinglass, valns below 9 cents a pound, 15 cents; between 7 and 30 cents a pound, 25 per cent.; above 30 cents, 30 per cent. Old law, glue, 30 per cent.; gelatine, 30 per cent.; isinglass, 25 per cent.

Crude glycerine, 1¾ cents; 2 cents.

Refined glycerine, 4½ cents; 5 cents.

Indigo pastes or extract, ¾ cent; 10 per cent.

Carmined indigo, 10 cents; 10 per cent.

Iodoform, $1.50; 60.

Iodoren, 5; cents; 7 cents.

Carbonate of magnesia, 4 cents; 5 cents.

Calcined magnesia, 8 cents; 10 cents.

Epsom salts, 3-10 cent; 12 cents.

Morphia, 50 cents an ounce; $1.

Alizarine containing 50 per cent. or more castor oil, 80 cents a gallon; less than 50 per cent. castor oil, 40 cents; all other, 30 per cent. Old law, 8 cents.

Cod liver oil, 15 cents a gallon, 25 per cent.

Cottonseed oil, 10 cents; 25 cents.

Croton oil, 30 cents a pound; 50 cents.

Flax or poppy seed oil, 32 cents a gallon; 25 cents. Poppy seed oil free.

Olive oil, 35 cents a gallon; 25 per cent.

Peppermint oil, 80 cents a pound; 25 per cent.

Fish oil, 8 cents a gallon; 25 per cent.

Opium containing less than 9 per cent. of morphia and opium prepared for smoking, $12 a pound; $10 a pound. The old law prohibited importation of opium containing less than 9 per cent. morphia; containing more than that, crude, $1 a pound.

Barytes, crude, $1.13 a ton; 10 per cent.

Barytes, manufactured, $6.72 a ton; ¼ cent a pound.

Blues, 6 cents a pound; 30 per cent.

Satin white, 3 cents a pound; 25 per cent.

Chromium colors, 4½ cents; 25 per cent.

Artists' water color paints, 30 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Ochre and umber, dry, ¼ cent; ground in oil, 1½ cents, ¾ and 1 cent.

Ultramarine blue, 4½ cents; 5 cents.

Varnishes, gold size or japan, 35 per cent. and $1.32 per gallon ad valorem on spirit varnishes. Old law, 40 per cent. on varnishes; gold size free, japan, 40 per cent.

Vermilion red, 12 cents a pound; 25 per cent.

Wash blue, 3 cents; 30 per cent.

Ornamental minerals, 3½; cents; 5 cents.

Phosphorus, 20 cents; 10 cents.

Caustic, 1 cent; 30 per cent.

Saltpeter, 1 cent; 1¼ cents.

Medicinal preparations, 35 per cent.; 50 per cent.

Sartonine and salts containing over 90 per cent. of sartonine, $2.50 a pound; $1.

Castile soaps, 1½ cents a pound; 30 per cent.

Salvatus, 1 cent; 1¼ cents.

Sulphate of soda, $1.25 a ton; 20 per cent.

Strychnine, 40 cents an ounce; 50 cents.

Refined sulphur, $8 a ton; $10.

Flowers of sulphur, $10 a ton; $20.

Sumac, ground, 4-10 cent a pound; 5-10 cent.

EARTHS, EARTHENWARE AND GLASSWARE.

Fire brick, plain, $1.25 a ton; 20 per cent.

Fire brick, glazed, 45 per cent.; 30 per cent.

Tiles, from 35 to 45 per cent.; 35 to 60 per cent.

Hydraulic cement, 7 cents per 100 pounds; 30 per cent.

Lime, 6 cents per 100 pounds; 10 per cent.

Gypsum, ground, 61 cents; calcined, $1.25 a ton. Old law, 25 per cent. for all.

Common plain earthen or stone ware, 25 per cent.; 30 per cent. above ten gallons capacity.

Decorated ware of all kinds, including lava tips for burners, 60 per cent.; 55 per cent.

Gas retorts, 35 each; 25 per cent.

Glass bottles, holding from ¾ to ¼ pint, 1¼ cents a pound; holding less than ¾ pint, 50 cents a gross. Old law—Green and colored glass, 1 cent a pound; flint and blue glass, 40 per cent.

Decanters, flint, blue and pressed glassware, 60 per cent.; 45 and 45 per cent.

Glass chimneys, etc., 60 per cent.; 40 and 45 per cent.

Heavy blown glass, 60 per cent.; 40 per cent.

Porcelain or opal glassware, 60 per cent.; 40 per cent.

Unpolished cylinder crown and common window glass, from 1 3-10 to 2½ cents a pound, according to size, 1¾ cents to 3½ cents.

Cylinder and crown glass, polished, 4 to 40 cents a square foot; 2½ to 40 cents.

Plate glass, silvered in any way, shall pay same duty as polished glass unsilvered (new provision).

Looking glass frames, 30 per cent.; new duty.

Cast polished plate glass cylinder crown or window glass, decorated, 10 per cent. additional duty (new provision).

Spectacles and frames, 60 per cent; 35 to 45 per cent.

Lenses costing $1.50 gross rates or less, 40 per cent.; 45 per cent.

Painted window glass, glass windows or mirrors not exceeding 144 square inches, 45 per cent.; 30 and 40 per cent.

MARBLE AND STONE.

In measuring marble slabs none shall be computed at less than one inch in thickness (new provision).

Burr stones, 15 per cent.; 20 per cent.

Undressed building or monumental stone, 11 cents a cubic foot; $1 a ton.

Dressed, 40 per cent.; 30 per cent.

METALS, IRON AND STEEL.

Iron ore containing not more than 3½ per cent. copper, 75 cents a ton; ore containing 25 per cent. or more of sulphur, free, except on the copper it contains. No deduction to be made from weight of ore on account of moisture (new provision).

Ferro manganese and ferro silicon iron pigs, 5-10 cent a pound (new provision).

Hand and square iron not less than ⅜ inch cross section, 9-10 cent a pound; 1 cent.

Flat iron less than 1 inch wide and ⅜ inch thick, round iron not less than 7-16 inch in diameter and square iron less than ⅜ inch, 1 cent a pound; 1¼ cents.

Round iron less than 7-16 inch and rolled iron shape, 1 1-10 cents; 1 2-10 cents.

Structural iron, 9-10 cent; 1 4-10 cents.

Plate iron or steel not thinner than No. 10, valued at less than 13 cents a pound, ½ to 2¾cents a pound; above 13 cents, 45 per cent.; old law, 1¼ cents if iron; 45 per cent. steel.

Forgings of iron or steel not specially provided for, 2 3-10 cents, but shall not pay less than 45 per cent.; 2½ cents.

Band or scroll iron, valued at 3 cents a pound or less, 8 inches wide or less, 1 to 1 3-10 cents a pound, according to thickness; 1 to 1 4-10 cents.

Hoops or ties, manufactured, 2-10 cent additional; 1 1-10 cent if iron; if of steel, 45 per cent.

Railway bars, 6-10 cent a pound; old rates varied from 7-10 cent a pound to $17 a ton.

The duty on tin plate goes into effect July 1, 1891, 2 2-10 cents a pound on manufactures of which tin is a part, 35 per cent. It is provided that if on Oct. 1, 1897, the amount of tin manufactured in the United States does not equal for the preceding year one-third the importations then the duty shall cease. The old rate was 1 4-10 cents.

Steel ingot billets, saw plates, etc., 4-10 to 7 cents a pound, according to value; old law, 45 per cent. on all valued at less than 4 cents a pound; from 2 to 2¼ cents a pound on higher values.

Wire, smaller than No. 10 gauge, 1¾ to 3 cents a pound; 1¼ to 3 cents.

No article manufactured wholly or in part of tin plate or hoop, bound or scroll iron or steel shall pay a less duty than the material of which it is composed (new provision).

Forgings of iron or steel or both combined, 1 8-10 cents a pound; 2 cents.

Axles, 2 cents; 2½ cents. When fitted in wheels they shall pay the same duty as the wheels.

Heavy tools, 2¼ cents; 2½ cents.

Boiler tubes, etc., 2½ cents; 2½ and 3 cents.

Bolts, hinges, etc., 2½ cents; 2½ cents.

Steel card cloth, 50 cents a square foot; all other 25 cents; 45 and 25 per cent.

Cast iron pipe, 2-10 cent a pound; 1 cent.

Cast iron vessels, 1 2-10 cents; 1 4-10 cents.

Castings, malleable iron, 1¾ cents; 2 cents.

Chains, 1 6-10 to 2½ cents; 1¾ cents to 2½ cents; no chain to pay less than 45 per cent.

Penknives and eragers, 12 cents to $2 a dozen and 20 per cent.; old law, 50 per cent.

Razors, $1.75 a dozen and 30 per cent.; all other knives, 10 cents to $5 a dozen and 30 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Files, etc., 35 cents to $3 a dozen; $1.50 to $2.50.

Shotguns, $1 to $5 each and 25 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Revolvers, 40 cents to $1 and 35 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Iron or steel articles glazed with vitreous glasses, old and 50 per cent. (new provision).

Cut nails and spikes, 1 cent a pound; 1¼ cents.

Wire nails, 2 to 4 cents; 4 cents.

Spikes, horseshoes, etc., 1 8-10 cents. 2 cents.

Cut tacks, 2¾ and 3½ cents; 2¾ and 3 cents.

Plates, engraved or lithographed, for printing, 25 per cent. (new provision).

Railway splice bars, 1 cent; 1¾ cents.

Wood screws, 5 to 14 cents a pound; 6 to 14 cents.

Ingots and blooms for wheels, 1¾ cents; 2 cents.

Aluminum, crude or alloy, 15 cents a pound; free.

Bronze powder, 12 cents; 15 per cent.

Aluminum in leaf, 8 cents a package; 10 per cent.

Copper ore, ½ cent; 2½ cents.

Old copper, 1 cent; 3 cents.

Coarse copper and cement, 1 cent; 2½ cents.

Pig copper, etc., 1¾ cents; 4 cents.

Free copper for the United States mint is omitted in the new law.

Bullion and metal thread, 30 per cent; 25 per cent.

Gold leaf, $2 a package; $1.50.

All ores containing lead, 1¼ cents a pound on the lead (new provision).

Sheet lead and shot, 2¼ cents; 3 cents.

Mica, 35 per cent.; free.

Nickel oxide or alloy, 10 cents; 15 cents.

Gold pens, 35 per cent.; 15 cents a gross.

Quicksilver, 10 cents a pound; 10 per cent.

Type metal, 1¼ cents a pound for lead contained; 30 per cent.

Aluminum in leaf, 8 cents a package; 10 per cent.

Copper ore, ½ cent; 2½ cents.

Old copper, 1 cent; 3 cents.

Coarse copper and cement, 1 cent; 2½ cents.

Pig copper, etc., 1¾ cents; 4 cents.

Free copper for the United States mint is omitted in the new law.

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Gold leaf, $2 a package; $1.50.

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Sheet lead and shot, 2¼ cents; 3 cents.

Mica, 35 per cent.; free.

Nickel oxide or alloy, 10 cents; 15 cents.

Gold pens, 35 per cent.; 15 cents a gross.

Quicksilver, 10 cents a pound; 10 per cent.

Type metal, 1¼ cents a pound for lead contained; 30 per cent.

WOOD AND MANUFACTURES OF.

Hewn timber, etc., 10 per cent.; 20 per cent.

White pine, 81 a thousand; $2. In estimating board measure under this schedule no deduction shall be made on board measure on account of planing tongue in and grooving; provided that in case any foreign country shall impose an export duty upon pine, spruce, elm or other logs, or upon staves, hubs, shingle wood, or leading from exported to the United States from such country, then the duty upon the sawed lumber herein provided for when imported from such country shall remain the same as fixed by the laws in force prior to the passage of this act (new provisions).

Cedar posts, elm and poles, 20 per cent. after March 1, 1892. Free.

Sawed cabinet woods, 15 per cent.; $1 a thousand.

Veneers, 30 per cent.; 35 cents a ton.

Pine clapboards, $1 a thousand; $2.

Pickets and pallings, 30 per cent.; 20 per cent.

White pine shingles, 30 cents a thousand; all others, 30 cents; old law, 25 cents for all shingles.

Furniture partly finished, 35 per cent.; 30 per cent.

SUGAR.

The bounty of 1½ cents on all sugars produced in the United States testing above 80 and under 90 by the polariscope, and of 1¾ cents on all testing over 90, is a necessary provision. Sugars below No. 16 Dutch standard in color are admitted free; above that grade they pay ½ cent a pound duty, and in addition 1-25 cent a pound shall be collected on sugars above No. 16 coming from any country that pays a greater export bounty on refined sugars than on the raw product.

All machinery imported into the United States between Jan. 1, 1890, and Jan. 1, 1895, to be used in making beet sugar shall not pay duty.

Under the old law sugars between Nos. 16 and 20 Dutch standard paid 3 cents a pound duty; above No. 20, 2 21-100 cents a pound; beet sugar machinery, 45 per cent. The payment of the bounty shall begin April 1, 1891, provided that in March, 1895, sugars not above No. 16 may be refined and stored in bond without payment of duty.

Confectionery not specifically provided for, 50 per cent.; 5 to 10 cents a pound.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Cigar wrappers, $2 a pound; if stemmed, $2.75; 75 cents and $1.

All other leaf, stemmed, 50 cents; 40 cents.

Cigars, cheroots and cigarettes of all kinds, $4.50 a pound and 25 per cent.; $2.50 and 25 per cent.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND PROVISIONS.

Horses and mules, $30 if valued at over $150; 30 per cent.

Cattle under than 7 years old, $10; less than 1 year, $24; hogs, $1.50; sheep, 75 cents and $1.50; all other live stock, 20 per cent. The old law made all animals dutiable at 20 per cent.

The agricultural schedule contains many items of small importance; the general trend of the change being an increase on oranges, lemons and limes, however, there is a decrease of about 25 per cent.

SPECIAL WINES, ETC.

Spirits distilled from grain or cordials not specially provided for, $2.50 a gallon; $2. Imitation liquors shall be subject to the highest rate of duty provided for the genuine article manufactured, and in no case less than $2.50 a gallon; $1 to $2.

Bay rum, $1.50; $1; provided that it shall be lawful for the secretary of the treasury, in his discretion, to authorize the ascertainment of the proof of wines, cordials and other liquors, by distillation or otherwise, in cases where it is impracticable to ascertain such proof by the means prescribed by existing law or regulations (new provisions).

Sparkling wines, $3 a dozen per half pint; in excess of three gallons, $2.50 a gallon. Old rates were, $7, $3.50, $1.75 a dozen bottles.

Ale, porter or beer, bottled or jugged, 40 cents a gallon; 35 cents.

Ginger ale, etc., imported in plain glass bottles holding less than 1¼ pints, 12 and 26 cents a dozen; if otherwise than in such bottles, 50 cents a gallon, and same duty on coverings as if imported empty; 30 per cent.

Mineral waters and imitations of natural waters, in plain bottles, containing not more than one pint, 16 cents a dozen; quarts, 26 cents; if imported otherwise, 20 cents a gallon and same provisions as to coverings; 30 per cent.

COTTON MANUFACTURES.

Yarn, 10 to 48 cents a pound, valued under $1; over $1 a pound, 50 per cent; 18 to 25 cents.

The duty on cloth is laid on a basis of 2 cents a square yard, not exceeding fifty threads to the square inch, and ranges from that up to 10 cents a yard and 35 per cent., a reduction of ¼ per cent. on the lower grades and an increase of ¼ cent on higher.

Cloth containing mixture of silk pays 10 cents and 30 per cent. Heavily made clothing, 50 per cent; with rubber a component part, 50 cents a pound, and 50 per cent. Old rates, 35 and 40 per cent.

Pile fabrics, 10 cents a yard and 30 per cent.; old rates, 35 and 40 per cent.

Hose, 30 cents and 30 per cent. to $2, and 40 per cent. a dozen according to value; 40 per cent.

Cotton cords, 40 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Manufactures not specially provided for, 40 per cent.; 35 per cent.

FLAX, HEMP AND JUTE.

Hackled flax, 3 cents a pound; $40 a ton.

Hackled hemp, $50 a ton; $25.

Binding twine manufactured in whole or in part of istle, manilla, sisal or lunn, 4-10 cent a pound; 2¼ cents.

Cables, cordage and twine, 1½ to 3 cents; 2¾ to 3½ cents.

Bagging not over 60 inches wide, 1½ cents; 30 per cent.

Grain bags of burlap, 2 cents; 40 per cent.

Cotton bagging and gunny cloth, 1 6-10 and 1 8-10 cents a yard; 1½ and 2 cents a pound and 3 and 4 cents a yard.

Flax gill netting, etc., 6 cents a pound and 35 per cent., and 30 cents a pound and 40 per cent.; 35 per cent.

Oilcloth valued at 25 cents a square yard or more, 15 cents and 30 per cent.; 40 per cent.

Yarns, 6 cents a pound valued at less than 13 cents; over 13 cents, 45 per cent.; 35 and 40 per cent.

All manufactures of flax or hemp not specified or provided for, 50 per cent.; provided that until July 1, 1894, all such flax of more than one hundred threads to the square inch shall pay 35 per cent.; old law, 35 and 40 per cent.

Lace embroideries, etc., 60 per cent.; 30 and 40 per cent.

Manufactures of jute, ramie, sisal, etc., valued at 12 cents a pound, 30 cents; over 5 cents, 40 per cent.; 35 per cent.

WOOLS AND MANUFACTURES.

Bales of wool shall be dutiable at the highest rate on any class contained therein. The old law made any attempted evasion of duty punishable by double duty.

Wools of first and second classes shall pay 11 cents a pound; third class, 10 cents. The old law made divisions of each class dutiable at 10 and 12 cents respectively.

Carpet wools, hair of camel's hair, etc., valued at not exceeding 13 cents value, 30 per cent.; 5 cents a pound.

Shoddy and waste, 30 cents a pound; 10 cents.

Woolen rags, etc., 10 cents (new provision).

On the various manufactures of wool in clothing, etc., compensatory duty has been added to keep pace with the increased duty on raw wool, amounting in some cases to more than 100 per cent.

On carpets the duty has been increased from 25 to 30 per cent.

SILK AND SILK GOODS.

Silk partially manufactured from cocoons or from waste silk, and not further advanced or manufactured than carded or combed silk, 50 cents a pound; 35 per cent.

All manufactures of silk, or of which silk or which silk shall be classified as manufactures of wool (new provision).

PULP, BOOKS AND PAPER.

Wood pulp, $2.50 to $4 a ton; 10 per cent. Theses paper, made up or loose, 5 cents a pound and 15 per cent.; 20 per cent.

Printing paper, 10 per cent.; 15 per cent.

Envelopes, 30 cents per 1,000; 25 per cent.

Blank books, 30 per cent.; 25 per cent.

Playing cards, 50 cents a pack; 100 per cent.

Manufactures of paper, 25 per cent.; 15 to 35 per cent.

SUNDRIES.

Bristles, 10 cents a pound; 15 cents.

Brushes and brooms, etc., 40 per cent.; 25 and 30 per cent.

Pearl and shell buttons, 2½ cents a line, button measure, and 25 per cent.; 25 per cent.

Ivory, bone or horn buttons, 30 per cent.; 25 per cent.

Shoe buttons, valued at not exceeding 9 cents a gross, 1 cent a gross; 25 per cent.

Cork bark, 10 cents a pound.

Corks, 15 cents a pound; 25 per cent.

Fire crackers of all kinds (no allowance for tare), 8 cents a pound; 100 per cent.

Powder valued at less than 20 cents a pound, 5 cents; 6 cents.

Friction matches, 10 cents a gross box and 1 cent per 1,000 according to size of box; 10 per cent.

Undressed feathers, 10 per cent; 25 per cent.

Glass beads, loose, 10 per cent; 50 per cent.

Human hair, unmanufactured, 20 per cent; 30 per cent.

Crinoline cloth, 8 cents a square yard; 20 per cent.

Hair for mattresses, 15 per cent; 25 per cent.

Beaver hats and fine hat bodies, 55 per cent; 20 and 30 per cent.

Jewelry, 50 per cent; 25 per cent.

Precious stones, set, 25 per cent; 25 per cent.

Belting and sole leather, 10 per cent; 15 per cent.

Leather suitable for conversion into manufactured articles shall pay duty according to articles intended; 40 per cent.

Kid gloves, $1.75 to $3.25 a dozen, according to size; suedes, 50 per cent.; leather gloves, 50 per cent. Old law, from 50 cents to $1 a dozen additional, according to style; provided that all gloves represented to be below their grade shall pay $5 a dozen additional, and that no gloves shall pay less than 50 per cent. The old duty on these gloves was 30 per cent.

Miscellaneous manufactures show a general reduction of about 25 per cent. in the various rates of duties.

Common tobacco pipes of clay, 15 cents a gross; 35 per cent.

Hatters' plush, 10 per cent.; 25 per cent.

Silk and alpaca umbrellas, 55 per cent.; 50 per cent.

Umbrellas, etc., covered with other material, 45 per cent.; 40 per cent.

Sticks for umbrellas, etc., plain, 25 per cent.; covered, 50 per cent; 30 per cent.

CHANGES IN THE FREE LIST.

In the free list the following changes are made:

Animals imported for breeding purposes must be of pure blood of a recognized breed and duly registered in the book of record established for that breed. The old law admitted such animals on proof satisfactory to the secretary of the treasury; also the teams of persons coming into the United States from foreign countries.

Until Jan. 1, 1892, articles for exhibition in zoological collections for scientific and educational purposes, and not for sale or profit, are also admitted free.

The law provides for the return free of duty of articles of American manufacture once sent out of the country is extended to make the terms more explicit and to prevent fraud.

Bolting cloths to come in free must not be suitable for manufacture into wearing apparel.

Straw braids, etc., for making or ornamenting hats and bonnets dutiable at 20 per cent. are added.

Cotton waste, or flocks, is made free.

Precious stones other than diamonds, rough or uncut, glaziers' and engravers' diamonds not set, and watch jewels are included.

Free eggs are limited to those of birds, fish and insects.

Fashion plates engraved on cotton are made free.

The provision about fish which stands in the old law is, "Fresh for immediate consumption," reads, "Fish, the product of American fisheries, and fresh or frozen fish (excepting salmon) caught in fresh waters by American vessels or fish nets or other devices owned by citizens of the United States."

The following are added to the free list: Camels, dates, jute, jute butts, sisal grass, sunn, other textile grasses, unmanufactured grease, sour orange juice, paper stock and other waste, phosphate for other than fertilizing purposes, potash; seeds and bulbous roots, not edible; sugars under No. 16 Dutch standard, and all forms of sugar and molasses below that grade; tar and pitch, tobacco stems, turpentine; nickel and nickel matte, with this proviso: That ores of nickel and nickel matte, containing more than 10 per cent. of copper, shall pay a duty of ¼ cent a pound on the copper contained therein.

The following provisos are inserted respecting the subjects named: The term "periodicals" shall be understood to embrace only unbound or paper covered publications, containing current literature of the day and issued regularly at stated periods, as weekly, monthly or quarterly.

The term "regalia" shall be held to embrace only such articles of rank, or office, or emblems as may be worn upon the person or borne in the hand during public exercises of the state or institution, and shall not include articles of furniture or fixtures, or of regular wearing apparel not personal property of individuals. There are numerous other changes made in the list confining the articles named to their unmanufactured state in order to enable them to come within the law. All raw or unmanufactured articles not named in the act shall pay a duty of 10 per cent. All manufactured articles, 35 per cent.

In nearly all the cases of change from ad valorem to specific duties the change is an increase as the article has declined in price since the rate was originally fixed by law. Many ingenious calculations have been made as to the proportion of total imports which comes in under the McKinley bill, some placing the amount as high as one-half and others at less than a third; but it is impossible to estimate it with any exactness, as the last experience will show how much the import of any article will increase or decrease by reason of lowering or raising the duty. The new bill contains many minute provisions as to the method of its administration—too numerous to cite here and not interesting to the general reader.

The Moon and the Barometer.

Dr. G. Meyer, a German meteorologist, has recently made a study of synoptic charts, and on eliminating local influences has found that the moon from September to January, lowers the height of the barometer about 1 mm at the full and raises it during her first quarter; in other months the effect is not observable in other months.—New Orleans Picayune.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.
LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE
Demands a Comfortable Shoe,
Something that is a pleasure to wear, "rather than because." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from
A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT. STREET,
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,
After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.
It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,
INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.
NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES.
SOLD ONLY AT
L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our
Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,
At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.
Pierson Hardware Company,
Telephone 126 NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.
N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

The Prices Which Make Trade!
Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.
We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.
It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.
Having purchased our supply of Castleton's Famous Teas before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.
Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery weekly to Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.
United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,
Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the county. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Corsets and Sunbonnets. A Good CAPE at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 27c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12½c. Ladies' Automatic and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.
I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly moved to all parts of the city or moved to the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY
DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors. Box 1289

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1 Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 86 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Paper, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most care is always taken to obtain it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is screened under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables me to fill orders in the shortest possible time. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 129. Orders left at my residence, 11 Second street, or sent by mail will receive prompt attention. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not already called on will please leave orders ordered at Park House. Manufacturers of Ivy Pest Lotion, Candies and Fly Destroyers
POWER City Telephone call 36.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN G. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING ABOUT THE EDISON LIGHT.

The Contract Ordered Signed and That a $10,000 Bond be Given—The Opening of Peace Street.

The Borough Common Council met in adjourned session last evening at eight o'clock. Mayor Place and Councilmen Needham, Sebring and Smalley reported to roll call. Mr. Buckle came in late.

Councilmen Emmons and Hegaman were absent.

Mr. Smalley stated that a representative from the New York and New Jersey Globe Gas Light Company was present at the meeting, and that he desired the privilege of addressing the Council.

As there was no objection, Mr. Hering was given the privilege of the floor. During the course of his remarks, he said: "The New York and New Jersey Globe Gas Light Company has been lighting the streets of the borough for nearly three years and the said company has not had any official notification that the lights were not satisfactory." Continuing he said: "I want to throw a little more surprise that I read in the public press that the company intended to adopt the electric system for street lighting purposes. The present system now in use in the borough is giving as good light as any system outside of arc-lighting. If the borough fully intends introducing electric lights we would like to have an opportunity of putting in a bid. I think that we can save some money for you. If it is no objection for the Council to postpone further action in the matter and give the people in the business a chance to bid in, I think it will obtain the best system of lighting for the least money. I have seen the system which the borough proposes to adopt, and it will be impossible to light the streets satisfactorily with it. Incandescent lights will be of little use on the streets. They are intended for commercial lighting only. On my way over to this meeting I noticed the system now in use on the streets in Plainfield and in one instance a telephone pole not ten feet away from an incandescent lamp was scarcely visible. The incandescent lights deteriorate as they burn. We think it only fair that our company be given a chance to bid, and we will guarantee to give you the best light procurable."

Mr. Smalley moved to proceed with the business of the evening. It was so ordered.

Clerk Brokaw read the proposed contract with the Edison company.

Mr. Sebring moved that it be read a second time. It was so ordered.

Mr. Smalley said he would like to hear the members of the council express themselves on the provisions of the contract, and as to whether they thought it would be advisable to defer action on the matter until all the members of the council were present. He thought there were clauses in the contract which should be thoroughly discussed.

Mr. Sebring said that the company was desirous of getting to work as soon as possible, in order to push matters before the bad weather set in.

Mr. Needham was in favor of deferring action until next Tuesday evening, when he thought all the members of council would be present.

Mr. Buckle said, if council intended to accept the contract, he did not see any reason for deferring the matter.

Mr. Hughes, the company's representative, stated that if action on the matter was deferred until the next regular meeting of council there would be front in the ground, and as there was some delay in the matter to put up, it would interfere seriously with the work. Electric light companies, he said, only do work in the Winter under extreme pressure.

Mr. Sebring then introduced a resolution to the effect that the terms of the contract with the Edison Electric Light company be ratified, and that the Mayor and Clerk be instructed to sign the same in behalf of the borough. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A resolution offered by Mr. Smalley, empowering the Mayor and Clerk to sign the contracts for the borough lock-up with Messrs. J. P. Emmons and J. S. Longer, previously adopted.

Mr. Buckle asked for information as to the proposed opening of Peace street.

Mayor Place referred him to Borough Counsel Reed.

That gentleman said that the matter had been referred to him and Corporation Counsel Marsh, and that they had discovered a special act passed by the Legislature in 1873 empowering Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield to open streets. He said in his opinion it was a matter for the Township Committee to act upon. The act was passed before the borough was incorporated, and therefore the Council had only the right to accept streets that had been, opened and graded. It is a question as to whether application should be made to the Court of Common Pleas or the Township Committee.

Mr. Sebring offered a resolution to the effect that the Edison Company be required to furnish bonds in the sum of $10,000 for the faithful performance of the contract. The resolution prevailed.

The meeting then adjourned.

JOTTINGS.

—The firm of J. J. and N. H. Heidloff has been dissolved by mutual consent.

—A dental authority says the best toothpick is a thin silken cord, with a single knot in it.

—Paris bicyclists are required to obtain license, which may be withdrawn in case of reckless riding.

—Mr. J. J. Kenney, the enterprising shoe dealer, advertises a special lot of "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Read his ads.

—"Cut" prices to-night at Edsall's. He claims to sell the better class of goods at the same prices as the poor cheap articles.

—There is a large quantity of unthreshed buckwheat throughout the country, and corn-husking has hardly begun, all owing to the rains.

—Mr. J. C. Allen, the enterprising Front street merchant, is giving away boots. How he does this he explains in his advertisement elsewhere.

—The trial to be held under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will take place Monday, instead of Tuesday evening.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held at Reform Hall Thursday evening, October 23d, at three p. m.

—The Democratic ticket in Morris county this Fall is most fortunately provided with a undertaker. The party will need his services. —Dover Iron Era.

—The Gayhead pottery on exhibition corner of North and Park avenues, will be on sale at the Unitarian Society fair advertised in another column.

—Rev. Charles S. Mitchell will hold a temperance meeting in his church to-morrow evening. His subject as announced will be "What Shall we do next?"

—Nothing is more appropriate as a gift than cut glass. A remarkable display of Dorflinger's American cut glass may be seen at 36 Murray street, New York.

—Feres are now very popular for window culture. A few years ago everybody was anxious to grow ferns, but the conditions for growing them were not provided in many instances, or the plants were often forgotten until they sickened and died.

—At the fair for the benefit of the German school held in Turn Hall Thursday evening a bowling contest was arranged between the ladies in attendance. Several prizes were offered. Mrs. Charles Smith bowled the high score and was awarded the first prize.

—Mr. S. M. Laing, of corner of Front and Washington streets, yesterday lost her pocketbook containing $31. Last evening she took an advertisement of her loss for publication in THE NEWS, and this morning desired it charged to express kind words for Mr. Clark Mundy, of 69 Manning avenue, who had found the treasure and returned it to the owner. "He is an honest man," she writes, "and I desire to advertise that he wants work by the day or week."

Bowling for Prizes.

At the fair in Turn Hall last evening for the benefit of the German school, a bowling contest for three prizes was indulged in. There were sixty-five entries. Forty was the highest score that could be made.

The first prize, a long German pipe, was won by Mr. Charles Myers, with a score of 40.

Mr. Charles Smith won the second prize, a gentleman's toilet set. He bowled a score of 36.

Four persons tied for the third prize, a box of cigars. In rolling off the tie Mr. Smith came out victorious with a score of 35.

Injured at Fonda.

Patrick Eagsland, an employe of the Pond Machine Tool Works, was engaged at the works this morning, when a heavy casting fell, landing on his right leg and badly injuring his knee. He was taken to his home in a carriage and Dr. Bullock attended him.

PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD NO.9—JOHNSTON'S LODGE, EAST FRONT STREET.
[From a Photograph by Thorn.]

FITZPATRICK CONVICTED

HE IS FOUND GUILTY OF GRAND LARCENY BY A SOMERSET CO. JURY.

Yet the Democratic Candidate for State Senator from Union County, the "Hon." Freddie C. Marsh, testified to Fitzpatrick's "Good" Character.

The trial of Dominick Fitzpatrick, who was charged with robbing Schwed Bros. clothing store at Somerville, occupied the attention of the Somerset county Court during the past week. It was the most important case which came up for trial during the present term. The prosecution had woven a chain of evidence around Fitzpatrick which pointed to him as the guilty party. But the defense had outlined an alibi which, it was thought would take the prosecution by surprise and secure the acquittal of the accused.

Fitzpatrick was at the time of the robbery stopping at Bound Brook where he was engaged training James Dwyer for a prize fight. He was formerly a saloon keeper at Elizabethport. He produced witnesses who swore that on the night of the robbery he took the 7.09 p. m., train for Elizabethport where he remained in a saloon gambling until early the next morning. He then produced another witness who swore that on the morning of robbery at four o'clock he saw Fitzpatrick jump on a west bound freight train. Fitzpatrick next took the stand and swore that he boarded the freight train for the purpose of going to Bound Brook, but the train neither stopped at Somerville nor Bound Brook, and, as it was running at a high rate of speed, he was compelled to ride in a car to the next railroad, near North Branch where he jumped off and proceeded to walk to the depot in order to take a train back to Bound Brook. He swore that on his way he met two men one of whom he knew by sight, and that they offered to give him $50 to sell him some clothing, jewelry, ect., at a sacrifice.

Fitzpatrick further swore that he at first was suspicious but finally bought a portion of the clothing, paying $3 therefor. He then told how he took the eight o'clock train for Bound Brook and how he was arrested on the train. He told a well-connected story and he produced witnesses to corroborate it. At the last minute, however, the prosecution produced evidence that exploded Fitzpatrick's story.

The records of the railroad company were brought into court and by them it was shown that no freight or coal train had left Elizabethport at 4 o'clock on the morning sworn to by Fitzpatrick and furthermore that all freight trains stopped both at Bound Brook and Somerville.

The jury in the case retired for deliberation at about 10:45 o'clock yesterday morning and came in last evening at five o'clock with a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to mercy. Fitzpatrick was remanded for sentence.

Among the witnesses who testified to Fitzpatrick's good character was the Hon. Fred C. Marsh of Elizabeth, the present Democratic nominee for State Senator, whom Fitzpatrick and his gang are expected to help elect.

PERSONAL.

Mr. William A. Coddington and bride have returned to their home in this city from their wedding tour.

—The Democratic daily newspaper in Plainfield turns traitor to its party's nominee for state Senator, William J. Keys of Somerville, whom it dismisses with a line or two, and comes out for Somerset Co.'s Republican candidate, Charles A. Reed with nearly a column. Mr. Reed is not responsible for the attitude of those who desert their colors in the thick of the fight. Under other circumstances such a course might be fatal to him, especially in view of the fact that his fellow-citizens appreciate the character of the Democratic party.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. French of West Front street returned Thursday from a pleasure trip in a buggy through the beautiful mountain region in and around Passaic county. The trip took a week, and proved a very enjoyable and beneficial vacation. This way of enjoying an outing is growing more and more popular each year, and like the home boat trips in vogue in England, proves more beneficial to the participants than the continental hurry, rush, and dissipation, annually a part of every train to the fashionable watering or mountain resorts.

—Newton boasts of the smallest baby, 20 oz. at birth, and Dover the largest, 21 lbs. at birth.—Sussex Register.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

(Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.)

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 3 p. m.

Services at No. 6 East Front street tomorrow, Lecture Rev. II, commencing at 7.45 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday morning at 7.30, at the Jackson school-house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7.30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10.30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4.00.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Dubbels pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.30 p. m.

German Lutheran service at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 72 West Front street, to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. F. Jubelt, of Greenport, N. Y.

Congregational church West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning service at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 2.45. Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting at 6 p. m.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. Wm. R. Richards, pastor. Service at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Seats free at the evening service.

To-morrow only a morning service will be held in the German Reformed church. It will take place at 10.30. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. No service Friday evening.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Conducted by Rev. George Kerner, in the morning and the pastor, Rev. R. F. Ketcham, in the evening. All welcome.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed ch rch as usual, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Rev. Cornelius Schoock, pastor. Sunday school morning and evening. All welcome to all.

Saviour's church, Netherwood, S. P. Simpson rector. Holy Communion 7.30 a. m. Morning prayer, lecture and sermon 11 a. m. Sunday school 3 p. m. Evening prayer with choral 8.00 p. m.

Plainfield Baptist church. Rev. Chas. S. Mitchell pastor. Morning sermon at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Young People's meeting at 6.45 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p. m. Subject: "What shall we do Next?"

First Unitarian church, Second place. The Rev. Henry H. Wade of Newburgh, N. Y., will preach. Subject for morning: "By Unknown Ways," for evening: "The true Things of God." Services at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 11.45 a. m.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Praise service at 7.30 led by M. M. Dunham, and regular Sunday evening service at 8 o'clock, at which Mr. D. M. Moore will preside. Young people's meeting, Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Come and see us. You will be made welcome.

The First Church of Christ will meet at Vanderbeek's Hall to-morrow. Mr. J. R. Cleaver will preside. Morning theme, Act 1-8. Evening theme, Roman 15:6 7. Sunday school at 3.30. Prayer meeting every Wednesday and Friday evening at 7.30 p. m.; to which all are invited.

Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the accommodation of all attendees at 9.45 a. m., 4 and 7.30 p. m. In the evening the well known platform speaker, Reverend E. Holmes, of Richmond will take for his subject: "Facts I What shall we do with them?" A large audience should embrace the opportunity of hearing him.

The 4 o'clock Sunday meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Honeyman, the 5 o'clock on Sunday and the Saturday's evening at 7.30 will be held as usual. The coming week please take notice that the usual Tuesday afternoon meeting will take place on Thursday and the hour is 3.30 instead of 3 as heretofore. All are welcome.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Lewis Murphy rector. Early celebration of the Holy Communion, at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening song at 4 p. m. Thursday next being the Festival of St. Luke, there will be celebration of the service and Holy Communion at 10 a. m.

Grace Episcopal church, Rev. Wm. R. Richards, rector. Holy Communion at 8.15 a. m. Religious Half hour for Mrs. Whitney, the morning during the year 1890 will be held in her house on the corner of Watchung avenue and Second street. Subject for the morning: "Jesus Christ." Sunday school at 3 p. m. Evening service at 7.30. All are welcome, come with us and we will do you good.

—A new method of growing grain is being introduced. Steel tanks are filled with earth, and by a suction-pump the air is partly exhausted, and a quantity of carbonic acid gas admitted.

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

Miss Minnie Allison's Narrow Escape From Serious Injuries.

At about ten o'clock this morning, a team of horses attached to a lumber wagon, driven by a man named William Conger, became frightened near the Park avenue railroad bridge and ran away. Conger held possession of the reins but he could not check the speed of the frightened animals and when near Bonnell street the wagon to which they were attached collided with a carriage belonging to Mr. Hosier Obert of Somerset street, North Plainfield. Mr. Obert's daughter, Miss Minnie Allison and Miss May McLaughlin were seated in the carriage at the time, and the force of the collision threw Miss Allison out. She was taken into Rockafellar's pharmacy where it was ascertained that she had escaped with a few slight bruises, but was suffering from a severe nervous shock. She was later taken to her home. The shock of the collision also threw Wm. Allison to the ground with great violence, but the animal was a gentle one and did not attempt to run away. Miss McLaughlin retained her seat and escaped injury.

In the meantime the runaway horses had proceeded in their mad flight along Park avenue and suddenly swerved into West Front street, the driver still clung to the reins and only succeeded in stopping them when they reached Central avenue. Conger escaped with a few slight scratches.

The accident caused considerable excitement along Park avenue and West Front street as both thoroughfares were crowded with vehicles at the time.

Mr. F. A. Dunham Vindicated.

The New York World, in its usual versatile style, a few days ago made a sensational attack on Mr F. A. Dunham of this city, the County engineer of roads, reflecting on his character for honesty, and giving figures which were so twisted that they were calculated to convince intelligent people who did not know the game they referred to. Mr. Dunham very properly requested an investigation, which was made by a committee of the Board of Freeholders composed of both Democrats and Republicans. They gave a detailed report Thursday, showing that the investigation was thorough, and that the expenditures have been as the Board directed, and for the best public interest. The Board unanimously and completely vindicated Mr. Dunham from the foul aspersions, and now he may say his boy runs to the World for its unwarranted attack.

—The trial to be held under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. takes place Monday instead of Tuesday evening.

Cents-a-Word Column.

2,500 Loads of good soil for sale. Chas. H. Ward, No. 29 Grant avenue. 17-2

A 25c. Box of Ritter's Digestive Lozenges gives relief; a few 50c. packages make a cure. Sold by Rockafellar & Shaw, Randolph and Moy Pharmacies. Keep them.

A FINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Apply at 109 Somerset street, corner of Reese alleyterrace. Address "Home Comfort" care of EVENING NEWS. 18-sep.

A BABY BARIA N—Seven room house on Grove shuffle for sale. Price $2,000 but terms of real estate would do well to address "Real Estate," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-4

ALMOST NEW Warwick safety bicycle. A for ladies or gentlemen, together with bicycle repairing tool chest. Cost $125, nickel lantern and Garford saddle. $110, worth $150. Apply at factory, Geo. W. Morrow. Evening news office. 15 6

BARGAIN—Upright piano for sale in first-class order. Address "A. B.," Post office. 18-2

ELEGANT palms, ferns and dracenes at Dodson's Hillside Avenue greenhouses. 18-3

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14 f

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14 f.

FOR SALE—Two good hounds Address Cyrus Wilcox, Westfield, N. J. 14 5

FOR SALE—A 20 quart milk route in Plainfield. Cheap for cash. Apply at Post office. For particulars address "Route," care of EVENING NEWS. 17 09

TO RENT—Five room, basement front cellar, house, in North Plainfield. 10 minutes' walk from depot. Possession within a week. Address Henry D. Monfort. Look Box 1. 16-5

STOVES cheap. One parlor base burner, and two cylinder stoves, but little used. Address "X. Y.," care of EVENING NEWS.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter dog. Also white tail bird dog. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 18-4f

SEAMSTRESS wants work. Day or week. Apply 95 Park place. 17 9

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No 19 East Seventh street. 10-30f

WANTED—A cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-6*

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property. Will pay from $5,000 to $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property. Choicest location. Value $10,000. Will pay from $2,000 to $3,000. Other needs have, this is an unusual opportunity. Address "Equity," care of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—The advertisers will give the sole agency to a good responsible party in Plainfield for sale of a new patent. (97 to 60 cents per day. Capital required, $7,000. Or will sell the patent outright for $50,000. Our goods are very uniform. Sales 90,000 barrels yearly. For further particulars call in person or address, T. C. Lyman & Co., 44 Cortlandt street, New York City. 18-7*

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Professor Will reopen his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of subscribers. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Peck's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to be enrolled or interested in the matter, are requested to enter their addresses. Terms made known on application, also address Lock Box 1, Dunellen, N. J. 18-12*

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLE GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv. on the following terms:—

25c. Coal Scuttle will be given with each $1.00 Sale.
20c. " " " " 75c. "
15c. " " " " 50c. "
10c. " " " " 25c. "
5c. " " " " 10c. "

These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open end & riveted. Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 25c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. which is cheap for it cost. Large size of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of notions and small wares.

REMEMBER we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package System, so if orders are left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of $1.00 will be delivered free to all parts

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We will give to every customer who buys $5 (1) One Dollar's worth of cloth, a hand some Fine Cocoa Door mated Plate that is worth 25c. This offer is for Saturday only.

When in the Store look at the $12.90 Tea Piece Decorated Toilet Sets. There are only a few of them.

Ladies who have tried our P. N. Corset, pronounce it the Best Fitting and most Comfortable Corset they have ever worn. Price $1.

Buy a new Broom for 15c.

We benefit, before the advance in Linen, on cases from Belgium. Value $2.00 per dozen. Our price $1.25. Cheap they are.

Ask to see the Banner Lamp. Best made. Price $1.50.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-6-m

CLAIRVOYANT WILL LEAVE SOON. Mrs. Dr. Edwards can be seen at 'mid at the City Hotel, room 4 from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at once, as this is your last opportunity. Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50c. and $1. Can be consulted on all affairs of life. 19-1w

FRENCH AND GERMAN. Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough, "to be agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High schools, U. S. Senators, secretaries of legislatures, In the Berlin method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible director of the Berlin Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 393. 18-3m

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse ash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER, fruit and produce dealer, woodsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lots boxes fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, cooper, tinsel and glassware, flower pots, horse, cow chip vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop, 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-ly

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between, Nicholas H. Heidloff and John J. Heidloff, under the firm of N. H. & J. H. Heidloff was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September last by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said partnership are to be received by the said John J. Heidloff, and all demand against the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 1st, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDLOFF,
NICHOLAS H. HEIDLOFF.
18-2-s*

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS, Panorama etchings and engravings, pictures framed in gilt, gold, ivory, silver and antique, artists' materials and mouldings. Wall Paper. Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-18-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms etc., for sale and to let; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Dodson's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-20-1y

HENRY M. STANLEY,

the

"HERO OF THE DARK CONTINENT,"

is to appear in Elizabeth in connection with the following course of lectures.

FRIDAY, NOV. 14th.—George Kennan, subject: "Russian Political Exiles."

FRIDAY, DEC. 26th.—The Ollie Porbet Concert Co., and Fred Emerson Brooks.

MONDAY, DEC. 29th.—Henry M. Stanley. Subject, "The Rescue of Emin."

THURSDAY, DEC. 18th.—Frederick Villers. Subject, "War and Peace."

As this is to be

Stanley's only Lecture

IN NEW JERSEY

it affords a rare opportunity not only to see a great sculptor, but to enjoy the

Finest Lecture

course ever presented in this Section. As the tickets have sold so freely in Elizabeth, but a limited number could be reserved for Plainfield. Tickets may be had at H. P. Reynolds' corner Park and North avenues, where further information can be obtained.

LADIES of the FIRST

Unitarian Society

WILL HOLD A

FAIR

At 91 Broadway, corner of Sixth street, on

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

October 22 and 23.

Admission 10c. for adults; children, 5c. 19-4*

"Cut!"

PRICES again to-night.

New and desirable goods will be opened for this SPECIAL SALE.

We sell the better class of goods at the Cheap Prices.

Come in to-night and examine the articles we have ticketed out in plain figures.

A little money will go a good ways for trading at

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Monday, October 20.

Special engagement of America's greatest

MISS MARGARET MATHER,

Supported by Mr. Otis Skinner, and a powerful New York company, in a production of John Tobin's Famous tragedy

Romeo and Juliet

Special scenery, new and beautiful costumes. Prices—50, 75, 75 and $2.

Seats on sale Friday.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable *it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of*

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is the "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, October 23,

WILLIAM GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy,

Greatest of all war dramas. Performed over 300 nights in New York, and 250 nights in London. Strong cast, and our load of specialties.

PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Tuesday.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

Wm. M. Stillman, assignee of Carney Bros., plumbers, will sell at public vendue, on the store and premises, No. 7 Somerset Street, now occupied by said Carney Bros., on

Tuesday, Oct. 21

next, beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon a lot of stoves, ranges, heaters, refrigerators, gasoliers, sinks and other plumbing and heating material, and a lot of tools used in the trade of said Carney Bros., to be sold for the benefit of their creditors.

There will be a rare chance to lay in a Winter supply of stoves, etc. Sale absolute.

Terms made known on day of sale.

WM. M. STILLMAN, Assignee.
T. J. GILLEN, Auctioneer. 14-1w*

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Rubber Metal Elastic Paint. Water proof and very durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 29 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the Real Estate Trust Co. Dr. W. K. Hall, City Hotel. 11-15 f

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK STREET AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. BOSWORTH, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL, 62.

About Rip Van Winkle.

Joseph Jefferson ends that exquisite autobiography of his this month in The Century. This last installment is taken up largely with the genial, kindly philosophy that is a leading characteristic of the man who immortalized Rip Van Winkle anew.

For one thing Mr. Jefferson discusses the disputed question whether an actor or speaker should forget all about himself in what he has to say, or whether he should preserve throughout an educated self consciousness that enables him to watch every expression of his audience and take advantage of it. Jefferson says it depends on the person: that each must find the method best adapted to his own particular case. He remarks:

> [One believes that he must lose his own character to play that of the shedding of real tears, while the other prefers never to lose himself for an instant, and knows no doubt that he can act with more effect by adhering to their own dogmas.

For myself I know that I act best when the heart is warm and the mind is cool. In studying the works of great painters I find that they have no conventionalities except their own; hence they are original, and each is at the head of his own school. They are original, and could not imitate even if they would. So with acting.

A considerable portion of this closing paper is taken up by a study from his own standpoint of his most famous character, Rip Van Winkle. A lady once asked him:

"Why don't you have a dog in the play?"

I replied, that I disliked realism in art, and realism in a tail to a dog, and to tail at the wrong time, would be abominable.

"But don't you think that the public would like to see Schneider?"

"The public could not pay him a higher compliment, if stones have power of an interest they take in an animal that has never been exhibited. No, no; 'hold the mirror up to nature,' if you please, but don't hold it up to nature, a reflection of a thing, but not the thing itself. How badly would a drunken man give an exhibition of intoxication on the stage! Who shall set a machine to do what is perfectly easy? We must not be natural, but appear to be so."

"One question more and I have done. Why do you not refuse the cup that Gretchen offers you at the end of the play?"

To which I replied: "Should Rip refuse the cup the drama would become at once a temperance play. The subject has both its adherents and its opponents, and has moreover of late become a political question. The action would have a bend and create a sensation favor. I would as soon expect to hear of Cinderella striking for high wages, or of a speech on woman's rights from Old Mother Hubbard as to listen to a temperance lecture from Rip Van Winkle; it would take all the poetry and fairy tale element completely out of it."

In Case of Breach of Promise.

Judge Cahill, of the supreme court of Michigan, has rendered a decision concerning the breaking of the marriage contract which is likely to be widely quoted by lawyers on account of its clear summing up of the points of the law.

Judge Cahill says it is not the policy of courts to encourage unhappy marriages. If a man or woman believes that a marriage would be unhappy which he or she has entered is likely to lead to an unhappy marriage, then it is the moral duty of the person to break that engagement. At the same time the one breaking the engagement is liable for damages. What damages may be sued for the judge states as follows:

> She is entitled, says the court, to be compensated for any money or any expense she may have been put to in making preparations for marriage; for mental suffering she may have been occasioned by the breaking of the contract, for injury to her health, if any; for loss of a permanent home and the worldly advantages which might have been derived therefrom by her the circumstances as to means, property and pecuniary condition of the defendant being considered from the evidence in the case and her own lack of independent means, she is entitled to damages in her reputation, if any, and for injury to her future prospects of marriage. She is entitled to damages for mortification, contempt or mortification she may have suffered in the circles wherein she moved by reason of the breach of promise. In all these cases, the court concludes the court, she is entitled, "even if the jury should find that he broke the contract in a careful, considerate, discreet and kindly manner."

If Dickens were alive today he could find a more thrilling theme for a novel than the case of Jarndyce & Jarndyce, and one parallel to it, in the case of the Protestant spoliation claims in congress. A hundred years ago the United States became liable for those claims. They are just. They ought to have been paid generations ago. Everybody admits it. Generation after generation they have been presented. They have been a legacy in certain families during all those years, passing from father to son, from mother to daughter. Those who ought to have been supported by the money derived from them have grown old and gray and died in poverty, and still they were not paid. Meantime the Fifty-first congress has just done what all the other congresses before it have done—shoved them off to a future time.

There are always ways of doing things. It seems impossible to get an international copyright law, but the great publishing houses on both sides of the Atlantic are establishing branches in Europe and America, and so circumventing the indiscriminate literary appropriators. One of the largest publishing firms in America will under a different name soon establish a house in London.

People must be allowed to pronounce their own names and the name of the town in which they live as they choose, and the rest of the world must bow to their decision. Therefore we must say "Spo-kane." "Don't say Spo-kane, it sounds so green," the enterprising citizens of that great city are accustomed to say

SHOT DOWN IN THE JAIL.

Reporter Duffy Avenges Chief Hennessy's Assassination.

SUSPECT SCOFFIDI'S CONFESSION.

It Was Only Partial and Death May Eventually Cut It Short—The Desperate Plot of a Secret Italian Society to Murder the Chief of Police.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 18.—Another tragedy has followed close upon the sensational shooting of Chief of Police Hennessy and the excitement in this city is intense. The supposed assassin was one of the alleged leaders of the chief. At noon Thomas H. Duffy, a newspaper reporter and brother of Prize Fighter John Duffy, called at the parish prison and asked to see Antonio Scoffidi, one of the prisoners arrested in connection with the murder of Chief of Police Hennessy, for the purpose, he said, of identifying him.

He Fatally Shot the Prisoner.

A keeper brought Scoffidi into the corridor, when quick as a flash Duffy drew a pistol and shot the prisoner in the neck, inflicting a mortal wound. Duffy was arrested and Scoffidi was conveyed to the hospital. At 1:30 Scoffidi was in the act of making a confession or dying declaration to the hospital chaplain (not as far as reported to the Matranga faction) "We knew Chief Hennessy and the Provinzano were friends and we and Matranga" when a Catholic priest, Father O'Neil, was announced. The dying man made confession, and the dying man and priest were left together. As Scoffidi's throat is swelling and his life fast ebbing away it is feared no more of his confession will be made.

Duffy Willing to Hang.

After the shooting of Scoffidi Duffy said that if Scoffidi died he would be perfectly content to hang. He had been the victim of Chief Hennessy, and decided that his murder must be avenged and had forthwith determined to slay one of the murderers.

Over Forty Under Arrest.

John Matranga, alias Caramba, the leader of the Matranga faction, was at once arrested, charged with being an accessory to the murder of Chief Hennessy. This arrest was made on the few words contained in the unfinished confession of Scoffidi. Over forty arrests have been made so far in connection with the assassination, chief of whom are Antonio Scoffidi, Lonetto Socosetti and Antonio Begnetti, who are directly charged with the shooting, and John Matranga, accessory. Rostilio Incardino, one of the chief suspects, was one of the Matranga party in the wagon which it was claimed was fired upon by the Provinzano faction. Those with the Carina faction have accepted the attention of the police and the courts of the city for years. It was the purpose of the Provinzano faction to bring Chief Hennessy as an important witness in their case with the Matranga faction.

Why Hennessy Was Killed.

This fact and the chief's thorough knowledge of the inner workings of the secret organization known as the Mafia, were no doubt the causes of the edict issued for Hennessy's death. Negili and Elias Rohman, claiming to be Romanians, have been arrested at Mobile. Negili said that they resided just across the street from Chief Hennessy and that both saw the shooting. Rohman denied this, but said that they heard the shots.

Intense Feeling Against Italians.

Among those who sympathize deeply for the family of the deceased chief are William A. Pinkerton, John L. Sullivan, Duncan B. Harrison, Inspector Byrnes and many others. The feeling against the "dagoes" is so intense that The Times-Democrat and The Picayune have editorials, urging that the law be allowed to take its course, and discouraging any general demonstration against this class of people because of the assassination, as 15,000 or 20,000 of them live in New Orleans, many of whom are among the best citizens and heartily denounce and deplore the terrible tragedy.

The remains of Chief Hennessy lay in state in the council chamber yesterday, thousands of people viewing them. The funeral, which took place at Rochuk, was an immense affair, all organizations of the state and city, the fireman, military, etc., participating.

Killed by a Pittston Policeman.

PITTSTON, Pa., Oct. 18.—John W. Davis, a retired hotel keeper of this place, was shot dead last evening by William Weathers, a police officer, who also received injuries which may prove fatal. Davis, who was intoxicated, became involved in a fight in front of the Eagle hotel. Weathers attempted to arrest Davis, but the latter resisted and finally a police officer had to be called. Davis broke away from both officers and drawing a "black jack" from his pocket, struck Weathers several terrific blows, felling him to the ground.

The Officer, Too, Will Die.

As Weathers lay prostrate he drew his revolver and fired four shots at Davis, two of which took effect, and Davis dropped. Both men were carried to the corridor of the hotel, where Davis died in a few minutes. Physicians say that Weathers also will die. Both men are well known here, and the excitement is intense.

One Opinion of the McKinley Bill.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, Liberal member of parliament, formerly president of the board of trade, speaking at Sheffield yesterday, said he believed the McKinley tariff would disappoint its framers, and prove oppressive to American workmen, especially the farmers. Austria, Germany, Belgium and France would suffer the most severely of European nations. England, however, would undoubtedly be able to overmaster the dear labor of America. If the Canadians should proclaim free trade they would be masters of the situation.

Two Men Drowned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—About half past 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the tug Annie A. Garfield was run into and cut in two in East river by the tug Amos C. Barstow. The Garfield was cut in two, and went to the bottom within a minute after being struck. There were nine men on board of her, two of whom—John Lyons, fireman, and John Steele, a ship carpenter—were drowned. The others were rescued with great difficulty by the crews of the Barstow and other tugs. The Barstow was badly damaged.

Scott Gives His Men an Advance.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.—W. L. Scott, the millionaire coal operator, has voluntarily given his miners in this vicinity an advance in wages of two cents per ton, beginning Nov. 1. The rise will affect about 2,000 miners.

STILL A MENACE TO LIFE.

The Leland Hotel's Six Story Elevator Shaft Remburded with a Cannon.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 18.—A large force of men were put at work in the morning digging at the big pile of brick and iron that until Wednesday was the Leland hotel. The main elevator shaft that still towers up from the middle of the wreck six stories high is a menace to the workmen and the firemen, and the authorities have ordered the owners of the hotel property to pull it to the ground. Just how the work of demolition, one or should be accomplished, however, is a serious problem. The state armorer here fired two dozen shots from a fifty-caliber rifle into it at close range, but the only effect was to make a hole about a foot in diameter. Another attempt at its demolition will be made. It is near this huge monument of the fire that the bodies of Mary Padden and Mary Doyle, two of the hotel servants, are supposed to lie buried.

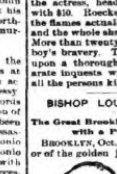
The condition of the seriously injured is far more hopeful. The most serious cases are those of Maggie Doyle, who jumped from a sixth story window; Annie Campbell, who threw herself from the fifth floor, and Mary Tynan, who fell while descending the rope. The Doyle girl may die, but there are hopes that the two others may recover. M. J. Carey, the Leland hotel bartender who was supposed to have been dangerously hurt, is preparing to leave for his home at Glens Falls. Edward Nichols, whose ankle was broken, has been taken to Dunkirk, his home. F. W. Gilmore, of Rhode Island, whose foot was torn the entire length of the spinal column by a nail, was also well enough to leave for home. P. S. Drysdale, of New York, who dropped two stories, is doing very well, but will not be in a condition to be removed for some time.

Rose Swartz and Bridget Doyle, two of the victims of the fire, will be buried today, the former here and the latter at Marcellus. The body of William E. Harrop has been taken to New York by his widow and mother. There is a movement on foot to raise a purse for Henry Roecker, the colored elevator boy, and Cora Tanner, the actress, heads the subscription list with $10. Roecker ran his elevator until the flames actually began to lick the sides and the whole shaft was filled with smoke. More than 100 lives were saved by the boy's bravery. The coronor has decided upon a thorough investigation, and separate inquests will be held in the cases of all the persons killed.

BISHOP LOUGHLIN'S JUBILEE.

The Great Brooklyn Clergyman Presented with a Purse of $21,000.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 18.—A reception in honor of the golden jubilee of the Right Rev. John Loughlin, bishop of Brooklyn, was held in the rink on Clinton and Lafayette avenues last evening. It is estimated that 5,000 people were present, including the Catholic clergy of Brooklyn and New York. Addresses were made by Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, Bishop Loughlin and others. The bishop was presented with a purse of $21,000, contributed by the laity of his diocese, and a number of other valuable gifts.



BISHOP LOUGHLIN.

In a short response to the various tributes that had been paid him by the speakers of the evening the bishop said that not to him but to the Almighty must be given all the honor and credit for the work accomplished in the diocese. If any good work had been noticed since the formation of the diocese it was the result of God's blessing, the tireless zeal of the priesthood and the generous aid of the laity.

Archbishop Corrigan spoke briefly of the love and veneration in which Brooklyn's bishop is held, and referred to the condition of affairs when he was ordained. He was the first priest of the diocese created by the late Bishop Hughes.

Of the priests who were in orders fifty years ago there survived, Bishop Loughlin and Father Balleiz, both of Brooklyn. It would be hard, he said, to find a more devoted priest than he who was then being honored. The archbishop extended to him his most sincere congratulations. Cardinal Gibbons, although not on the programme, rose and said a few words. As he with his scarlet skull cap he was loudly cheered. He joined heartily in all the good things that had been said about Bishop Loughlin.

The Prohibitory Law Declared Void.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 18.—In the United States circuit court Judge S. G. Foster, of Kansas, and Judge F. Phillips, of Missouri, have rendered a decision declaring the prohibitory liquor law of Kansas unconstitutional and void. The case decided was the application of Charles Rohrer, an original package agent of this city, for a writ of habeas corpus releasing him from jail, where he had been confined pending trial on the charge of selling liquor in original packages after the passage of the Wilson anti-original package bill. The court holds that the prohibitory law, in so far as it affects original packages, is inoperative and can only be made operative by re-enactment of the Kansas legislature.

Changes in the Reading Railroad Offices.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The following changes are announced at the Philadelphia and Reading railroad office: The office of first register, second register and assistant secretary, heretofore filled by Messrs. Albert Foster, John Walker, Jr., and Charles H. Quarles, respectively, are abolished. Mr. Albert Foster is appointed purchasing agent; Mr. John Walker, Jr., is appointed transfer clerk, and Mr. Charles H. Quarles is appointed auditor of passenger traffic, vice Mr. Edward Mahler, who has been transferred to another department.

A Small Reading Strike.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 18.—The sixty men employed at the Philadelphia and Reading company's yards to load scrap iron have stopped work and declared themselves on a strike. The company has been paying them $7.20 per [illegible], but it was announced last night that [illegible] the men would be paid according to [illegible] much per ton. The men refused this, saying that [illegible] their wages [illegible] seventy-cents a ton.

A Lockout in Ottawa.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 18.—Gen. Stanley issued an order convening a court-martial at Fort Clark on Oct. 23 for the trial of Lieut. George L. Turner, of the Eighteenth infantry, for embezzling [illegible] belonging to the band of his regiment. It is the general opinion in military circles that Turner will be dismissed from the service for the crime, unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

A BATTLE WITH ROBBERS

The Desperate Gang Was Besieged in a Store.

THREE MEN KILLED IN THE FIGHT

A Number of the Cracksmen Fought the Posse of Citizens While the Remainder of the Gang Coolly Continued Their Work of Blowing Open the Safe.

LIMA, O., Oct. 18.—An organized gang of robbers made a raid on Ohio City, twenty miles west of this city, on the Chicago and Erie road. They robbed a number of houses, and about 3 a. m. were detected in the act of blowing open the safe in F. M. Hall's store. The alarm was given and a posse of citizens organized. The building was surrounded while the robbers were at work on the safe and preparations made for the capture.

A Fierce Battle Ensued.

In the meantime the robbers discovered that they had been detected, and when the posse closed in on them they opened fire. This was the start of a fierce battle, and for fully ten minutes a rapid exchange of shots was indulged in. While the robbers' guards held the posse in check, others were busily engaged in drilling into the safe, and while the battle was going on the safe was blown open and the contents extracted.

Three Dead on the Field.

The robbers then retreated, but not until one of their number, whose remains have not yet been identified, was killed, and Charles Hover and William Plane, who were members of the posse, were also killed, and several wounded. The posse gave chase, but the robbers made their escape. Hover and Plane were business men in the town, married and have families. Two of the robbers were identified as William Mohrhouse and Manvil Kuhn, two notorious and desperate characters, for whom rewards are now standing for various crimes, ranging from robbery to murder. A posse is now in pursuit of them, and every effort will be made to overtake them. The robbers secured but $2.50 from Mr. Hall's safe. On Thursday Mr. Hall received $9,000 for some real estate, but luckily had deposited it in the bank.

BUNCOED AN OCTOGENARIAN.

He Was Old Enough to Know Better, but the Sharpers Got His $2,800.

PALMER, Oct. 18.—Carleton Stebbins, a farmer 80 years old living near here, has been swindled out of $2,800 by strangers. A well dressed young man called upon Stebbins, ostensibly to buy his farm. The price was agreed upon, and the man returned to see a distant part of the land. He took Stebbins in his carriage, and on the road a man on foot stopped them and engaged in conversation. He claimed to be a southerner and didn't like Yankees, as they had swindled him out of large sums of money by tricks at cards.

The stranger offered to show how the tricks were played, and the fellow in the carriage with Stebbins won $50, which was paid.

Stebbins was then induced to try his luck and won $2,800. Stebbins was then told that before he was paid his winnings he must show that he was worth a like amount. He drove with the sharpers to Palmer, where he drew $1,400 from a bank, and at Monson he drew $1,400 more. Returning to Stebbins' house the would be

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Kills or Extracts Corns, Bunions or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications; no pain, soreness or discomfort after first application; makes walking a pleasure.

Sold by Druggists, Grocers, Jewelers, Opticians, 25c. and 50c. silver for sample by mail to E. H. HISCOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

purchaser of the farm took a tin box from the carriage, put Stebbins' money into it and gave it to the old man, telling him to keep it till the next day, when he would come and take the farm. After the men had gone Stebbins found that the box contained nothing but a few sticks.

Wilkinson Enlarges Miss Winnie.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of this city, who was to have married Miss Winnie Wild, last night: "It is ridiculous to suppose that political or financial reasons had anything to do with breaking the engagement. The imputation of any mercenary motives to her is false. Furthermore, Miss Davis has known for a year or more that I was poor. The burning of our house, though a serious loss, had nothing to do with her decision, for she had determined to terminate our engagement before that happened. When a lady decides the gentleman has nothing to do but submit."

A Straight Issue Now.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Congressman Quinn, of this city, who has been renominated as an independent candidate, it is authoritatively announced will withdraw. This leaves but one Democrat as a candidate in the district. It is also announced that in the Eighth and Ninth assembly districts, in each of which two Democrats have been nominated for the assembly, one will be withdrawn. This action makes a straight issue in all the debatable districts of this city for congress and the assembly.

"Mickey" Coburn Knocked Out.

BUFFALO, Oct. 18.—John Van Hoest, of Ashland, Wis., defeated "Mickey" Coburn, of England, in a rattling thirteen round "go" in a Tonawanda sporting resort at an early hour. Van Hoest received very little punishment, while Coburn was completely knocked out.

THE LATEST STYLES

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunham.

Musical Merchandise

Newman Bros. Estey, Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Sheet Music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I am pleased to have you call and examine these before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Tailoring, 45 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, TOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

13 Park avenue.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done as short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farey Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all the season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 45, West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

10 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 23 Park avenue

P. O. Box 320,

FURNITURE AND FRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large stock to select from. Goods sent to any part of the country. Piano moving a sp

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLUBS ARE NOT TRUMP.

Cold Water Thrown On New York's Police Census.

SMALL CHANCE FOR A RECOUNT.

The Census Bureau Is Satisfied with the Government Enumeration and the Enterprise Must Hustle If She Gets Any More Attention from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Acting Superintendent of Census Childs has sent the following letter to Mayor Grant in response to his formal demand for another federal enumeration of the population of New York city:

"WASHINGTON, Oct. 18, 1890.

"DEAR SIR: Yours of the 16th inst. has been received demanding that the federal authorities make an accurate enumeration of all the inhabitants of the city of New York. You state that it appears from the enumeration taken by the police force under the supervision of yourself and a representative selected by me' that there are many inhabitants of the city of New York who were not returned by the federal census. There has been no representative selected by me to supervise the enumeration taken by your police force. It is proper that any misapprehension on your part, and the effect of your statement, should be corrected without delay, lest it might be deemed therefrom that this bureau was in any wise responsible for or bound by the enumeration you mention.

The Bureau Is Satisfied.

"The right of the people of New York to be counted accurately and have representation in congress and in the electoral college proportionate to their population has not been disputed and needs no assertion to have it acknowledged. Your demand for an accurate enumeration of the inhabitants of the city of New York is without the support of any facts officially known to this office, and will be considered only when a case is presented in due form, and that will then be decided upon its merits. You will please understand that this bureau has entire confidence in the enumeration it has made of the inhabitants of the city of New York, and will adhere to the same until convinced by proper proofs, duly presented, that the same is erroneous, and to a degree that demands a re-enumeration under the statute in such case made and provided.

New York Must Hustle, Too.

"You will please further take notice that the work of the census by the national authorities has proceeded so far that the result of the enumeration will probably be announced within a few days, and that no great delay will be allowed you in presenting your case and the evidence you may have to support it. Yours respectfully,

"A. F. CHILDS,

"Acting Superintendent of Census."

Secretary Noble and New York's Census.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Secretary Noble jocularly summed up the New York city census as follows: "Two and two make four, but in New York the rules would like to make two and two make five, which they can't do, and thus the matter stands," meaning that the census taken in June cannot be compared with another taken in October.

The Extra Session Question.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—From the character of conversations that the president has had with several congressmen who are now in Washington it would seem that he has not come to a conclusion on the extra session question. Within the past few days congressmen who have called on the president have been urged by him to give their views for or against the advisability of issuing a call, according to the individual opinion taken by them. One prominent representative told the president that he was against the proposition and he was persistently pressed to state his reasons, entering into quite a discussion on the subject with the president. He says that he was led to believe from the president's manner that the latter wants to see congress in session again as soon as possible after the congressional elections.

The President's Chances of Renomination.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—*In an interview* Treasurer Huston says that if Indiana goes Republican in the state election this fall Harrison's chances for renomination are worthless. Mr. Huston believes that if the state goes Republican the president will not be heard of in the national convention, while if it is carried by the Democrats Harrison will be renominated beyond a doubt. In explanation of these statements Mr. Huston says that as Indiana has no chance for the nomination unless it is clear that Indiana is a doubtful state. He also believes Indiana will go Republican this fall by a plurality larger than that of 1888.

To Name Fourteen Warships.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Secretary Tracy is now engaged selecting names for fourteen new ships in course of construction. The number to be named will present to him a wide range in which to display his versatility. The vessels to be named are: Cruisers Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; gunboats Nos. 5 and 6; armored cruiser No. 2; coast line battle ship Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and the naval academy practice ship. It is thought that most of the cruisers and gunboats will be named after states and cities of the United States.

They Made Him Open the Safe.

CANTON, O., Oct. 18.—A bold robbery took place at Randolph, north of this city, last night. Three masked men went to the residence of a merchant named Merriman, dragged him from bed and took him to his store, where they threatened his life and compelled him to open his safe and give over its contents, amounting to several hundred dollars. They then bound and gagged their victim, and taking his gold watch left.

A State Prison Burned.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 18.—About 6 o'clock fire was discovered in the prisning room of the state prison and before the engines could reach the scene the fire was beyond control. Loss, $500,000; fully covered by insurance. The prison is leased by the Chesty Morrow Manufacturing company. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is generally believed to be of an incendiary origin.

A Reception to the Count.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—A reception in honor of the Count of Paris was given last evening by Alexander S. Webb, at his residence. Among the 300 guests present were Gen. Sherman, Chauncey M. Depew, Gen. William L. James, of Philadelphia; Cyrus W. Field, Fitz John Porter and Gen. O. O. Howard.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Sources.

Hon. W. L. Scott is improving in health, as would appear from a letter dated Oct. 14 received by M. L. York, lately his private secretary, in which Mr. Scott stated that he may soon go to Washington for a better climate.

The coroner's inquest on the twelve victims of the Dupont powder explosion resulted in a verdict of death from an accidental explosion. The minority prepared a resolution recommending the authorities to pass such laws as would prevent the storage of powder in dangerous quantities too near the limits of the city of Wilmington.

Augustus Case, a son of Admiral L. Ludlow Case, U. S. N., was drowned off Pappoose Quash point, at Bristol, R. I.

Albert F. Vedder, formerly a Presbyterian clergyman, was sentenced to five years in state prison by Recorder Smyth, at New York, for abducting 15-year-old Mary McCann.

At New York Plutarch J. Timayenis, a brother of Telemaque Timayenis, the author, pleaded guilty to petty larceny and was remanded for sentence. He called on the superintendent of the council of New School superintendents in Albany Messrs. Maxwell, Cole, Goodwin, Blodgett, Ellis, Gordon and Foster were appointed a committee on their future exhibits.

The Haytian corvette Jacmel, recently repaired at Philadelphia, was run down and sunk by a merchant vessel off Cape Haytian.

Messrs. T. D. Sullivan, Timothy Harrington and T. P. O'Connor will join Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien in Paris and with them be at the station on Oct. 25.

The Association for the Advancement of Women elected Julia Ward Howe, of Rhode Island, president for the tenth consecutive year. Isabel Howland, of Sherwood, N. Y., was elected secretary, and Henrietta L. T. Wolcott, of Dedham, Mass., treasurer.

The socialist congress at Halle a delegate from Hamburg dropped dead while speaking.

Thomas McCoy was arrested in Danbury, Conn., on suspicion of being implicated in the Walton murder.

The New York Herald says that President Harrison has resolved to call an extra session of congress early in November.

In a panic among children in a Chicago church one boy was killed and several little ones were fatally injured.

The assignee says the assets of R. G. Peters, of Manitou, Mich., are over $3,000,000, and will cover the liabilities.

The Barley Wringer Machine works, of Woonsocket, R. I., have been sold to an English-American syndicate for $675,000. The new concern is to be capitalized at $2,500,000. The daily output is 1,100.

The Rev. J. H. Hector, of San Francisco, a negro Prohibition orator, who recently went to Pittsfield, Mass., to address the Prohibitionists of that city in company with his wife and little boy and Miss Bayard, also colored, of Boston, were refused admission to two hotels there.

The Canadian Locomotive and Engine company, of Kingston, Ont., is beginning work on two locomotives which, when completed, will be among the largest in the world. They will weigh more than 100 tons each, and are to be used on the Chignecto Marine Transport railway in Nova Scotia.

Struck by a Train.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Oct. 18.—Thomas Slavin, a railroad employe, was struck by a train on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, near Mageetown, and instantly killed.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best made, with patent earthenware grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Ranges at prop rtionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU.

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the large Air Tight Stove, the greatest parlor stove made.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Stove Pipeshe and Rober

LOSS OF THE LIZZIE C. TROOP.

Her Crew of Twenty-two Souls Are Believed to Have Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The ship Lizzie C. Troop, whose officers narrowly escaped being poisoned on the high seas by Steward D. Daly while on a voyage from Philadelphia to Nagasaki, Japan, as heretofore reported, has been wrecked on the island of Lookoo, midway between Nagasaki and Formosa, and nearly all of the crew lost. This news has been received from consul London by cable to the vessel's agents in this city, and has caused much anxiety in shipping circles. Capt. Benjamin G. Fotnes, her master, was accompanied by his wife and child. The Troop had been but a few days out from Nagasaki, journeying homeward, and must have encountered one of those dreadful storms whose characteristics are peculiar to the Pacific. The chances are the unfortunate captain's wife and child were among those who perished.

The Troop was owned by Troop & Sons, of St. John, N. B., and is 1045 feet long, 35½ feet beam, 22½ feet deep, 1,561 tons register, and was built in St. John, N. B., where she is partially if not wholly covered by insurance. The following is a complete list of the crew as shipped from here: John R. Troop, mate; Georgs Robinson, second mate; G. Kube, carpenter; D. Dier, steward; D. Thompson, cook, and Seamen C. Biggins, J. Patten, H. Johansen, M. A. Mattsen, C. Smith, C. Tidman, W. Jansen, S. Zofallo, N. Shockotora, M. Silvey, Peter Rocks and G. Gilbertson, which, including Capt. Fournes, his wife and child, makes twenty-one in all.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

The World's Championship Game Between Brooklyn and Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 18.—The first game for the world's championship between the Brooklyn (National league) and Louisville (American association) teams resulted in a victory for Brooklyn by the following score:

Brooklyn	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	8—9
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Terry, Ward and Daily; Stratton and Ryan.

At St. Louis (exhibition game)—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1—3
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Cincinnati, 6; Chicago, 9. Errors: Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 2. Batteries: Baldwin and Boyle, Rhines and Harrington.

At Kansas City (exhibition game)—

Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Kansas City, 8; St. Louis, 15. Errors: Kansas City, 4; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Swartzel and Donohue, Neal and Hayman.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting an. road horses. Stable is rented wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application

Little, But, Oh; My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader.

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ads for them. They are good.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

ELOCUTION in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHSON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,

Belo Sorenso of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM

will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK

will take pupils on piano and vocal culture after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches musician method of singing, as taught by the late J. Mikel, and the Lehmann method of vocalizing. With her terms a class of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9-2-2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON,

pupil of Professors Steffanone and Ubiles, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 100 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Prof. W. Hyde, of Norwood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT,

Kindergartner and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction will be given, care being taken to make the school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Geography, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 30tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY,

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss H. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-16-3m

BODMAN SEMINARY,

No. 19 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. S. C. DUNCAN, Principal. 8-13-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Gyllenne and Miss Bowden's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange place, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Lilian Gould Acquitted.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 18.—Lilian M. Gould, on trial at Murphy, N. C., charged with the murder of her husband, has been acquitted. Gould was an Englishman of good family, who married beneath his station and neglected his wife for years. For six years Gould had been in America, while his wife, who was in England on a beggarly allowance, was ignorant of his whereabouts. Finally she gravitated to come to him in Georgia last March, when the people went to Murphy, N. C., where they lived in a house in an isolated spot. On July 7 the couple were drunk and the wife, in a drunken frenzy, stabbed the husband with a toy dagger, inflicting a fatal wound from which he died that night. The wife now proposes to go on the stage.

Torn from Their Moorings.

CHATHAM, Mass., Oct. 18.—The schooner James L. Newton, of Boston, with a cargo of lumber is ashore at Monomoy Life Saving station and the schooner Asa H. Perry, of Wellfleet, with granite, is ashore near the Chatham Life Saving station. Both vessels were at anchor at midnight, when a terrific gale took them, tore them from the moorings and cast them into the breakers. The crew of the Perrere were taken off in a lifeboat from the bowsprit of the Newton and were shipped from the Chatham Life Saving crew, while the Monomoy Life Saving crew safely rescued Capt. Atkins and crew of the Newton.

Lindlahl's Horrible Fate.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 18.—Andrew Lindahl, a Norwegian, employed in the Bigelow mill at Washburn, met with a horrible death. While on duty he was taken with a fit and fell into the carrier. He was carried into the bunner and burned to a crisp before assistance could be rendered.

Theatrical Manager Locke Arrested.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Charles G. Locke, of the theatrical firm of Locke & Davis, managers of the American Opera company, DeWolf Hopper, Minnie Palmer and other theatrical ventures, was arrested at Herrman's theatre last night, charged with passing bogus checks. The warrant on which he was arrested was procured by James Sheridan, of the proprietor of The Amusement Bulletin.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 75c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 1.25c. Men's heavy ribbed shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's extra-wool shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's natural-wool shirts and drawers, 81. Men's extra-wool shirts and drawers, 75c and $1. Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 13c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c. Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c. Full-in quality Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers, extra heavy quite, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

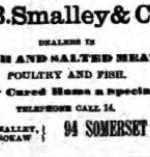
Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.50. Hare Capes, $5.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.



NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. H BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRER BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Stock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will make connections in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class line.

New horses will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits as wants.

Closes—7.30 a. m., 9.30, 7.20 and 8.37 p. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washingtonville, but connect with 9.30 a. m. for New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 8.45, 9.30, 10.15, 12.30, 5.30 p. m. Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 5.30 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.40 p. m. Close—7.30 a. m., 6.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 6.0 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.56, 7.40, 8.03, 8.27, 8.56, 9.26, 9.56, 10.26, 10.56, 11.26, 11.56 a. m., 12.26, 12.56, 1.26, 1.56, 2.26, 2.56, 3.26, 3.56, 4.26, 4.56, 5.26, 5.56, 6.26, 6.56, 7.26, 7.56, 8.26, 8.56, 9.26, 9.56, 10.26, 10.56, 11.26, 11.56 p. m. Leave Elizabeth 12 minutes later. Leave Newark 20 minutes later. Leave Jersey City 30 minutes later. Leave New York (foot of Liberty street) 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 4 a. m., 5.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.49, 8.39, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Elizabeth 6.06, 7.06, 8.56, 9.46, 10.46, 11.46 a. m., 12.46, 1.46, 2.46, 3.46, 4.46, 5.46, 6.46, 7.46, 8.46, 9.46, 10.46, 11.46 p. m. Leave Newark 6.30, 7.30, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 12.15 a. m., 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m. Sunday, 4 a. m., 5.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.44, 10.00, 2.00, 5.45, 11.10 a. m., 2.30, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 5.00, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.45, a. m., 1.50, 4.10, 5.40 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.40, a. m., 5.40 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Scranton.

9.30, a. m., 12.30, 5.30 p. m.—For Bridge Branch, Boonton, Dover, Port Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R., Hackettstown, Delaware, L. & B. R. R., Lackawanna & W. R. R. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston. For Lake Hopatcong, 9.30 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston. For Lake Hopatcong, 9.30 p. m. For Flemington, Bridge Branch, Boonton, Dover, Port Oram, Hackettstown, Delaware, L. & B. R. R., Lackawanna & W. R. R. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 12.30 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 5.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown & Scranton; 8.15 p. m. For Port Jervis, 5.30 p. m. Sunday 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.30 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 5.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown & Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 7.05, 11.00, a. m., 1.21, 3.21 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.15, 9.30 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Port Jervis, 7.35, 10.5 a. m., 12.05, 3.21, 5.21, 7.05 p. m. Sunday 8.30, 9.30 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Pemberton 3.37, East 10.05, a. m. 1.00, 3.21 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.17, 3.42, 8.09, 9.21, 11.38 a. m., 2.31, 4.31, 6.25, 8.00, 9.52, 11.38 p. m. For Bound Brook at 1.17, 3.42, 8.09, 9.21, 11.38 a. m., 2.31, 4.31, 6.25, 8.00, 9.52, 11.38 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.17, 3.42, 8.09, 9.21 a. m., 2.31, 4.31, 6.25, 9.52 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 3.42 a. m., 9.07, 4.06, 11.38 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—Will leave home 7.30 a. m. trade. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to Somerset to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.35 a. m. train
2d do	9.15	do	9.35 do
3d do	10.15	do	10.35 do
4th do	11.00	do	11.34 do
5th do	12.00	do	12.34 do
6th do	1.00	do	1.34 do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.35 p. m.
8th do	2.30	do	3.10 do
9th do	3.30	do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	4.45	do	do 5.06 do
11th do	5.45	do	do 6.06 do
12th do	6.45	do	do 7.05 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, corner of Front street, for the North Plainfield, according to the above time table, 15 minutes later each trip.

Stages will make return trips over at one hour after each trip. For Park Avenue, Stelle way and Grant place, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.00, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle horses and ponies for children and ladies.

Horses and carriages for hire at all hours, either 7 o'clock in the evening, for private parties.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Synnamore ave. near 8th and 9th. Telephone Call 31. 1-267

Kline's Extracts,

MAGIC

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter T. Wyers would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only legitimate trade and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything at low rates. Please call and see us with freedom. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 12 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Builders Cards.

HERRMANN & PETERSON,

Slate Builders, and hard wood mantle makers, shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, C. PETERSON.

8 Regent street. 15 Somerset place. 10-10-7

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished, Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 818

B. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Rivera P. O. Box 1298. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind of work.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 948.

G R Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 461.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CHAS. A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call at Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Road Surveyor. Plans and Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23 Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a sure preventative against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

POWLSON'S,

No. 9 Somerset street,

Walnut bureaus and writing desks—Bargains.

Miscellaneous Cards.

A BEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

41 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, borders rot street. Address

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 502 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE,

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

49 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leday's Hotel.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Out of the Way Information on Subjects of Very General Interest.

From a very early period man appears to have been desirous to study the art of flying. The old myths of Dædalus and Icarus show us this, and it was to be wondered at. When the graceful flight of birds is noticed we feel envious almost that we cannot rise from the earth and sail away at our pleasure over land and sea. But to descend to history. It is undoubtedly true that in the time of Nero Simon Magus attempted to fly from one house to another by means of some mechanical contrivance, and failing killed himself. Roger Bacon, the "admirable doctor," to whom the invention of gunpowder is generally attributed, had distinct notions of flying by means of machines, and "hollow globes, and "liquid fire." But he did not succeed, nor did many successive attempts succeed any better in subsequent years. Bishop Wilkins treated of the art of flying, but most, if not all, who discussed the subject appear to have been indebted to Roger Bacon for the idea.

When the nature and pressure of the atmosphere was discovered experiments became better known. Father Lana, a Jesuit priest, constructed a flying machine or balloon of curious shape. He proposed to fix four copper globes, every three about twenty feet in diameter, and to these he fastened a boat or car looking very much like a boat. His idea was to empty the great copper globes, and that their buoyancy would then bear the weight of the traveler. But he overlooked or was ignorant of the effect of the atmospheric pressure, which would have speedily crushed the thin copper globes when empty. Lana's suggestion was made in 1670. The barometer had been discovered in 1643.

There were some fairly successful experiments made in flying in 1678 and in 1709. The former attempt was made by Besnier, a locksmith of Sable, who raised himself by means of wings up to the top of a house by leaps, and then succeeded in passing from one house to another lower down by supporting himself in the air for a time. He started from an elevated position and came down by degrees. Dante, a mathematician, also tried to fly, but without great success. Lawrence de Guzman claimed an invention for flying in 1709, and petitioned for a patent, which was granted by the king's favor. The machine appears to have borne some resemblance to a bird. It was not till 1783, however, that the true art of aerial navigation was discovered. The knowledge of hydrogen gas possed by Cavendish in 1766 no doubt led up to it, and the year following the discovery Professor Black, lecturing at Edinburgh, stated that it was much lighter than the atmosphere, and that any vessel filled with gas would rise in the air. The invention of the balloon in 1783 is ascribed to the Montgolfier brothers, paper makers at Annonay, near Lyons.

Nicknames of Officers of the Civil War.

Among the officers of the civil war may be mentioned Gen. Robert E. Lee, who was familiarly called "Uncle Robert." Gen. Thomas J. Jackson was best known by the name "Stonewall Jackson," which he received at the battle of Bull Run. Gen. George B. McClellan was called "Little Mac." Gen. George H. Thomas was called "The Rock of Chickamauga," because of his courage and firmness in that bloody battle. Gen. Joseph Hooker was admiringly called "Fighting Joe," a name which needs no explanation. Gen. W. S. Hancock was called "The White Horseman of Gettysburg," because he rode a large white horse in that famous battle. Gen. William T. Sherman is admiringly called "Uncle Billy." Gen. Philip H. Sheridan was called "Little Phil." Gen. John A. Logan was called "The Black Eagle of Illinois." Gen. Kilpatrick was called "Kill."

Peculiarities of the Jelly Fish.

The jelly-fish have no resemblance to "fish," and scarcely appear to exist. They are of no use to man, and when removed from the water dwindle by little and little to a tiny film, and nothing more—they dissolve into air and water. Cases have been known and tales told of how farmers collected hundreds of these jelly fish for manure, and when the cart reached the field, to the man's astonishment, nothing was left but what appeared soliweh in the place of the load of fish.

Primrose Day.

Not only does the Primrose league keep Lord Beaconsfield's memory green, but the day on which he died, April 19, bears in English calendars the name of Primrose day. On that anniversary the primrose is to be seen in abundance on flower stands, in the baskets of street flower venders, and decorates even the whips of cab and omnibus drivers, while primrose wreaths with various mottoes are placed on his statue in London, and his tomb at the country home he loved so well.

The Speed of the Fly.

The rapidity with which flies pass through the air is not likely to be appreciated by those who see only with what apparent ease they do it. Flies will keep up with a fast horse, and that, too, without lighting on him. In an open express car, through which the wind blows, they hold their places, flying this way and that without hitting against the sides. They must, therefore, go faster than horse or car.

The Peanut in Different Localities.

Botanists name the humble peanut Arachis hypouea. In Kentucky these nuts are known as goobers, in Mississippi they are called pinders, while in other states they are variously designated as ground peas, peanuts and earth nuts.

The Future of Aluminum.

Practical men ask whether the aluminum industry has been a paying investment. We do not believe any other valuable metal is cheaper in aluminum and its future must reply that the industry so far has not been very profitable to any of the numerous companies and companies engaged in it. The reason given by the aluminum men is not that there is any doubt of the usefulness of the metal, but that the price at which it can now be produced, but that manufacturers do not yet understand its properties. They say that, just as Bessemer had to wait few years before the merits of his process for making steel were acknowledged, so will the aluminum companies be compelled to wait till the merits of this beautiful white metal are more fully recognized before fortunes can be made by manufacturing it from the substances with which it is so tenaciously combined.—Jewelers' Circular.

To Stop a Fit of Whooping Cough.

A German physician describes a simple means of suppressing the most violent fits of whooping cough by grasping the lower jaw as if for the operation of dislocation of that bone, and pulling it gently but strongly downward and forward. The effect of this on the paroxysm he claims to be absolutely certain.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

ENTERTAINING CHEMICAL EXPERIMENTS EASILY PERFORMED.

Simple Combinations by Which Are Produced Beautiful Transparent Crystals. A Remarkable Substance—Pharaoh's Serpent.

We often see in chemists' shops large glass jars, the insides of which are covered with beautiful transparent white crystals, which are formed over a red powder placed in the bottom of the jar. These crystals are the result of a combination of cyanogen

IODIDE OF CYANOGEN.

and iodine. Nothing is easier than the preparation of iodide of cyanogen, a very volatile body, which possesses a strong tendency to assume a definite crystalline form. We pound in a mortar a mixture of fifty grams of cyanide of mercury and 100 grams of iodine; under the action of the pestle the powder, which was at first a brownish color, assumes a shade of bright vermilion red. The cyanogen combines with the iodine, and transforms itself into fumes with great rapidity. If the powder is placed at the bottom of a stoppered glass jar the fumes of the iodide of cyanogen immediately condense, thereby producing beautiful crystals, which often attain considerable size.

Cyanogen forms with sulphur a remarkable substance—sulpho-cyanogen. One of its combinations, well known owing to its singular properties, is sulpho-cyanide of mercury, with which small combustible cones are made and generally designated by the title of Pharaoh's serpents. For making these sulpho-cyanide of potassium is poured into a solution of nitrate acid on mercury, which forms a precipitate of sulpho-cyanide of mercury. This is a white, combustible powder, which, after passing through a filter, should be transformed into a stiff pulp by means of water containing a solution of gum. The pulp is

PHARAOH'S SERPENT.

afterward mixed with a small quantity of nitrate of potash and fashioned into cones or cylinders of about an inch and a quarter in length, which should be thoroughly dried.

The egg thus obtained can be hatched by the simple application of a match and gives rise to the phenomenon of the sulphocyanide slowly expands, the cylinder increases in length, and changes to a yellowish substance, which dilates and extends to a length of some twenty inches. It has the appearance of a genuine serpent, which has just started into existence and stretches out in coils, endeavoring to escape from its prison. During the decomposition of the sulpho-cyanide of mercury quantities of sulphurous acid are thrown off, and it is to be regretted that Pharaoh's serpent should prove his appearance by such a disagreeable suffocating odor.

Fast Telegrams.

The fastest telegram on record, according to one authority, was sent by the late Marquis of Normanby to the queen in 1880, announcing the opening of the Queensland exhibition. That message, which contained seventy-eight words, occupied twenty-three minutes in transit, including repetitions.

The cable message which conveyed the result of the last English Derby to the Antipodes occupied the short space of one hour and thirty-three seconds in transmission, which gives it a prominent place in the records of rapid transmission between England and Australia.

Interesting Statistics.

According to The New York Sun, at the beginning of this century 21,000,000 persons spoke English, 30,000,000 French, 30,000,000 German, 31,000,000 Russian, 26,000,000 Spanish and 16,000,000 Italian. Now, 125,000,000 persons speak English, 50,000,000 French, 46,000,000 Spanish, 70,000,000 Russian and 30,000,000 Italian.

Scientific News and Notes.

Compressed air, supplied from a central station to different houses, has lately been applied in Paris, and is to be used as motive power for the working of elevators and lifts.

According to the government statistician of New South Wales, diamonds are found in that colony, as well as Victoria and Queensland. The principal fields in the former are situated at Bingera, near Inverell, and the mining has been fairly successful. These diamonds are on a par with those found in Brazil.

It is believed that the hollyhock was brought to Europe from China as early as the year 1573.

There is a waterfall of 2,400 feet in the Alps in Switzerland, said to be the highest in the world.

An interesting discovery made in Palestine during the present year is that of the ancient pool of Bethesda, which has hitherto been confounded with the Birket Israel. Recent excavations of the Algerian monks under the ruins of the Crusader Church of St. Anne at Jerusalem have laid bare two rock hewn walls containing water, which have been repeatedly built over. These correspond with the descriptions of Bethesda as given by the historians of the church and the pilgrims of the Fourth century.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Statistics Showing That Too Vigorous Physical Exercise Shortens Life.

Dr. Parson, surgeon of the National Soldiers' home, Dayton, O., is credited with the remark that of the 4,000 soldiers in that institution "fully 90 per cent. are suffering from heart disease in one form or another, due to the forced physical exertion of the campaign."

In regard to the likelihood of exercise prolonging life Science says that, according to the statistics of Mr. Humphreys, there are more people living in France today who have passed the age of 50 than there are in England, the home of athletic sports; and there is probably no nation in Europe more adverse to muscular exertion for its own sake than the French. Great athletes die young, and a mortality list of Oxford rowing men published a few years ago showed that a comparatively small percentage of them lived out the allotted lifetime. Dr. Tanner has demonstrated in one very elaborate statistics that men of thought live, on an average, three years and a half longer than men in the ordinary vocations of life.

Sensible Suggestions About Sleep.

Dr. C. E. Fita Gerald is authority for the following plain statements and practical advice about sleep: Sleep, to be refreshing, ought to be dreamless. During sleep the reason is in abeyance, and it has been suggested that dreams are the result of the reasoning or controlling center of the brain being asleep while the imaginative part is awake. During healthy sleep the brain is in an unconscious condition. Insidious condition, and sleeplessness is often caused by an undue supply of blood to the head, as when the feet are cold or the brain is excited. Delicate and nervous people should avoid toward night brain work or anything likely to increase the flow of blood to the head, such as deep or sensational reading, or any other excitement, pleasurable or the reverse, and should try to promote equable circulation.

Sleep should not often be induced by brisk friction of the feet or a hot water bottle, or even by standing up, walking about the room, or even sitting upright, for in all these cases the blood tends to gravitate away from the brain to the lower extremities. Those who suffer from a feeble circulation should always have a hot water bottle at their feet at night; to the very young, the aged, and the feeble, warmth is almost as essential as food. The duration of the sleep should be noted accurately, for there is no point on which ideas differ more than as to what constitutes a good night, some persons considering they have had a bad night if they wake once or twice and expecting eight or nine hours consecutive sleep, while others are satisfied with the necessary minimum of six hours. If any noise has to be endured at night, such as ticking of a clock or hammering, sleep, which otherwise seems hopeless, may sometimes be induced by counting the sounds.

How to Use Hot Water.

One of the simplest and effectual means of relieving pain is by the use of hot water, externally and internally, the temperature varying according to the feelings of the patient. For bruises, sprains and similar accidental hurts it should be applied immediately, as hot as can be borne, by means of a cloth dipped in the water and laid on the wounded part, or by immersion, if convenient, and the treatment kept up till relief is obtained. If applied at once the use of hot water will generally prevent, nearly if not entirely, the bruised flesh from turning black.

For pain resulting from indigestion, and known as that of wind colic, a cup of hot water taken in sips will often relieve at once. When that is insufficient a flannel folded in several thicknesses, large enough to fully cover the painful place, should be wrung out of hot water and laid over the seat of the pain. It should be as hot as the skin can bear without a burn, and be renewed every ten minutes, or oftener if it feels cool, until the pain is gone. The remedy is simple, efficient, harmless and within the reach of every one, and should be more generally used than it is.

Of Enormous Size.

According to The Medical Press there died on July 26, at Plaisance, France, a girl of 19 years who was of enormous size. A year ago she was weighed and was found to exceed 470 pounds, and since then she had considerably increased. Around her waist she measured two yards and a half, while the circumference of her arm exceeded one yard. She succumbed to erysipelas.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Cardinal Newman's Definition of "The True Gentleman."

The ideas of so polished an ecclesiastic as the late Cardinal Newman in regard to the characteristics of a true gentleman form an interesting contribution to the literature of a much vexed question, to which nearly every writer or would-be authority in the social world has tried to formulate a satisfactory answer. He once wrote:

"The true gentleman carefully avoids whatever may cause a jar or a jolt in the minds of those with whom he is cast. All clashing of opinion or collision of feeling, all restraint or assumption or gloom or resentment, his great concern being to make every one at his ease and at home. He has his eyes on all his company; he is tender towards the bashful, gracious towards the distant and merciful toward the absurd. He can recollect to whom he is speaking, he guards against unseasonable allusions or topics which may irritate. He is seldom prominent in conversation and never overbearing. He makes light of favors while he confers them, and seems to be receiving when he is conferring. He never speaks of himself except when compelled, he conceals his talents as a mere artifice. He has no ears for slander or gossip, is scrupulous in imputing motives to those who interfere with him and interprets everything for the best. He is never mean or little in his disputes, never takes unfair advantage, never mistakes personalities or truculent or spiteful words or insinuates evil which he dare not say out."

From a long sighted prudence he observes the maxim of the ancient sage, that we should ever so conduct ourselves toward our enemy as if he were one day to be our friend. He has too much sense to be affronted at insult, too much self employed to remember injuries, and too indolent to bear malice. He is patient, forbearing and resigned on philosophical principles; he submits to pain because it is inevitable, to bereavement because it is irreparable, and to death because it is destiny. If he engages in conversation or in any debate, his disciplined intellect preserves him from the blundering discourtesy of better, perhaps, but less educated minds, who, like blind swordsmen, lose all self command, strike out right and left, make the point in argument, waste their strength on trifles, misconceive the state of the question, and leave the question more involved than they find it.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

A Quick Way to Decorate China After the Style of Hand Painting.

A new method of decorating china after the style of hand painting, but by a process which requires no knowledge of drawing or sketching from nature, is what may be called "leaf printing." Procure some leaves of pretty shape and of not too coarse texture small will usually be best. Select two or three that are perfectly fresh and free from dust and moisture. Squeeze a little of the tube paint upon a tile or china plate and rub it down well with the palette knife. Do not add anything to thin the paint. When perfectly smooth dip a small leaf into the paint, rubbing it a little till the paint covers the flat part of it smoothly.

Apply the paint to the under side of the leaves by pressing with the pad till they are covered with the paint. Then place the leaf painted side down upon your china, cover carefully with a bit of paper, and rub gently with your finger until you think an impression of the entire leaf has been secured. Remove the paper and lift the leaf up very carefully. Print the other leaves in the same way. Put in stems and branches when desired with the brush. By using different colors, or two shades of one color, very pretty effects are secured. Beautiful conventional designs may be made by arranging the leaves in some geometrical form. This style of decoration is effective, and requires much less time than in painting the same design. As soon as the paint is dry the china will be ready for firing in the usual way.

Welsh Rarebit.

In preparing Welsh rarebit some cooks spread a little mustard over the toast; others put the toast into ale instead of hot water or add a little ale to the melted cheese. Sometimes a poached egg is served on each slice of Welsh rarebit. Any of these additions may be made, if desired, to the simple but excellent recipe here given: Cut slices of bread into thin, square or diamond shapes. Toast after removing the crust. Toast them nicely, butter them slightly while hot and dip them in a little hot water poured into a dish; they should be only slightly moistened. Place each slice on a separate hot plate, sprinkle over a little salt and pour on enough melted cheese to cover each piece. It should be served at once, while both cheese and toast are hot, otherwise the dish will be ruined.

How to Boil an Egg.

Most people think they know this simple matter, says a writer in The Chicago Tribune. They will tell you to drop the egg into boiling water and let it remain three minutes, and to be sure the water is boiling. Here is where the mistake is made. An egg so prepared is indigestible and hardly fit for a well person, let alone one who is sick, to eat. The moment it is plunged into boiling water the white hardens and toughens. To boil an egg properly put it in a vessel, cover with cold water, place over the fire and the moment the water begins to boil your egg is done. The white is as delicate as a jelly and as easily digested, and nutritious as it should be. Try it.

Salad Dressing Easily Made.

For a salad dressing, easily prepared, beat the raw yolk of an egg with a small teaspoonful of mustard and drop in a few drops of lemon. Add gradually, stirring well, one-half of a pint of olive oil, a little salt and vinegar to thin it. Should the dressing curdle beat up another egg and add the curdled dressing, little by little, stirring constantly.

A Novel Candelabrum.

The annexed cut, a reprint from The Travelers' Circular, shows the novel substitute of a candelabrum with three or seven branches for the usual lamp, in the piano

A LAMPADARIUM.

and standard lamp. It has been introduced to the public under the name "Lampadarium."

The standard is readily extensible, and is a convenient and ornamental piece of furniture for the parlor or sitting room. The lampadarium is made in old brass, old silver and oxidized finishes.

One Thing and Another.

Eggs can be more quickly beaten by adding a pinch of salt, which cools them so that they froth rapidly.

To take ink stains from window glass wash with hot, sharp vinegar, or wet with water and rub hard with a new silver dollar.

The best way to set the dye of black lisle thread hose is to put a couple of good pinches of common salt in the water you wash the hose in.

General fallacy, not only pays on its own account, but because to be tidy is to be economical.

A piano dealer says that turpentine and sweet oil, half and half, is a proper preparation to use in brightening and cleaning a piano. Apply with a soft rag and polish with a chamois leather.

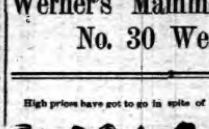
Veneered furniture is no longer regarded as inferior. Some of the most costly and artistic articles now made are veneered and inlaid in exquisite style with rare woods obtainable only in small pieces.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.



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Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

from which we guarantee satisfaction. We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11. DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES. SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of Choice Teas before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery each to South Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

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GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING OF MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 50c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Shaker CAPS at Lower Prices. Heavy Imperial Corset Jeans, Corset Jeans 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

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NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASSES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F F HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 12 East Fifth opened between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-tp.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Truth J. Carey, to whom refer since he retired

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTAICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Weak Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases successfully. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies 61 East Second street, corner of Washington

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TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S, No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 34 floors. Box 1259

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

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Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most scarce and is now easy to clean it of the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and screening. This with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. He has just built 1,000 feet of the highest additions. Telephone 126. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not citizens paid to distribute. Orders received at Park House, Manning's Hotel, 20 Years Lease, Garden and Fay St. privileges for TUBS! Telephone call 21 Jackson avenue.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, OCTOBER 20 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

1890 OCTOBER. 1890						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
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5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Third Congressional District, Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union,

For Congress, HON. AMOS CLARK, of Union county.

For State Senator, JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr., of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff, JAMES H. CLARK, of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District, GEORGE KYTE, of Fanwood.

For Fourth Congressional District, Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress, RICHARD P. GOODMAN, of Sussex county.

For State Senator, CHARLES A. REED, of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—Reports have it that roller skating is to be revived.

—"Duby's perfect fitting trousers" is the subject of his adv to-day. Read it.

—A New England supper is one of the features of the fair advertised in another column.

—Wetumpka Lodge No. 3 401, Knights of Honor will meet in the Hand building Wednesday evening.

—Carpets made and lined free of charge for balance of this month, is what Edsall's offers in his adv to-day.

—James O'Neil, colored, was arrested Saturday evening charged with using profane and indecent language in a North avenue restaurant.

—It is stated that any citizen can obtain a handsome compelling town or township authorities to receive and expend the money received from license fees.

—Over four hundred participated in the bicycle parade at Elizabeth Saturday night. Among the number were twenty from this city. After the parade an elaborate supper was served.

—Mr. H. W. Marshall has bought the laundry business heretofore conducted by Mr. Brown under the name of the "American Steam Laundry" and proposes to make it the finest and best laundry in this section. His adv., appears in another column.

—Mr. MacSherry's conversion to Democracy is not half so startling as his declaration that the saloon business is a perfectly honorable and legitimate one. Isn't there more perversion than conversion about the latter declaration?—New Brunswick Home News.

—A front wheel on a wagon belonging to Albert Lane collapsed at the corner of Front and Somerset streets at about four o'clock Saturday afternoon. A small boy who was driving at the time was thrown out but escaped injury. The horse did not attempt to run away.

—Margaret Mather who is to appear at Music Hall to-night is probably the most accomplished actress now on the American stage. Those who remember her appearance here a few years ago will not wonder at the fame she has since won everywhere she appeared, and will not miss seeing her again to-night.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held at Reform Hall, on Thursday, the 23d, promptly at 3 o'clock. The anniversary exercises will occur in the evening at the Hall, at 7:45 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to everyone to attend. Meetings on Sunday as usual at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. at the Hall. A. T. Maxson, Secretary.

—The Leonzo Brothers with their Dramatic Company and performing Dogs arrived in this city yesterday. They open a week's engagement at Amphion Hall to-night in the drama "Brother against Brother." In this performance Victor Leonzo takes the role of Carl Schmidt, a young German, in which he introduces songs and specialties of a pleasing character. His support is said to be good and the lovers of the drama will pleased with go ing to see the Leonzo Brothers, and troupe of trained dogs.

—John Marsh, a butcher from Fanwood, left his wagon standing in front of a house on Dudley avenue, while he went in to see if on an order for a three pound pot roast he could not shave in twenty pounds of flank. While being engaged with the newest shaving the weather, his horse got restless, and started on the driving storm, started on a trip down town. They had not proceeded far before running against an obstacle, upsetting the wagon, and spilling the contents in the mud. Mr. Marsh quickly gathered up the fragments, and the horse being returned to him, he hitched the wagon and proceeded toward Fanwood, not in as jubilant spirits as usual. This was on Tuesday morning, the 13th.—Rahway Advocate.

A Shamedul Robbery.

During last week a prominent citizen of East Seventh street became suddenly ill. He was in a playroom, and when the doctor arrived the man had been carried outdoors. The physician procured a team and visited Miss Farley.

During Saturday evening the sick man asked for his vest, in order to get his pocketbook to pay the physician. When the vest was handed to him, the pocketbook, money, &c., was also Farley. He notified a friend and at about twelve o'clock the police found Farley asleep in a laundry on East Front street. He was arrested, and the watch was found on his person, but the balance of the pocketbook could be found. After he had been safely lodged in the station house the police ascertained that he had had an accomplice named "Bust" Taylor.

Taylor was landed in the station house, but he would give no information other than that Farley had exhibited a one hundred dollar check in an East Front street saloon. The police have in charge Farley and Taylor

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 430 PARK AVENUE EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, ON IT PAID IN ADVANCE, AT RATE OF ONE YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO "THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS," PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 5 TELEPHONE CALL 6.

Italy dare not break away from the triple alliance through fear of France and the Vatican, says Premier Crispi.

Of course the first thing for Philip of Orleans to do was to go to Philadelphia and be entertained at "Wootton," George W. Childs' country place, the most magnificent in America. The visit of no distinguished foreigner to America is complete without his partaking of the splendid Republican hospitality of George W. Childs.

Twelve years ago Thomas O'Connor, of Minnesota, returned home drunk and killed his nephew in a fight, stabbing him to death. O'Connor was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. He was recently pardoned out, however, on condition that he would leave the state forever. Do Minnesotans perhaps want O'Connor to go to some other state and murder somebody else?

George Bancroft.

On the whole, we ought to be glad of the new edict issued by the doctors permitting mankind to live a century. It will give us some years still of those honored old American literary men, Whittier, Holmes and George Bancroft. We want them as long as possible, for somehow we have a secret impression that when they go we shall have none to take their place.

Bancroft, our most distinguished historian, who passed his ninetieth birthday Oct. 3, may or may not feel complimented to be told that he looks twenty years younger than his age, which he certainly does. One regrets to find, though, that he has given up horseback riding in a carriage. But his mind is as brilliant as it was when he wrote the last volume of his great history, and revised and polished the whole set to his satisfaction.

Bancroft has done many things besides write during his ninety years of life—more useful things than many people would do if they lived a thousand. He established the naval academy at Annapolis when he was secretary of the navy under Polk, for one thing. For another, when he was minister to Germany in 1867 he negotiated the treaty whereby Germany consented to release from allegiance to herself those of her sons who had emigrated to America and become naturalized citizens of the United States. His eyes opened on the first year of this century. From his fair heights of fame and honor may they still behold the dawn of the next!

The Climax of Meanness.

The London Times has reached it in sneering at the appeal to America to help Ireland before the threatened famine sets in this winter. The appeal was set in motion by gentlemen of the highest standing, gentlemen of all political parties; but that does not prevent The Times from venting its gall by proclaiming that this is a political movement got up to catch the Irish vote in the fall elections. A man who would say such a thing as that would call his own grandmother a horse thief.

The Times further gives us to understand that the Anglish people are quite able to relieve the wants of the Irish, if they have any wants, which it is not prepared to admit. Then occurs this stunning assertion:

> No party, creed or section of the people of Great Britain ever displayed indifference to the sufferings of its subjects.

Let us see. When that rousing old Englishman and typical Cromwell, was victorious over the royal army, Irish loyalists included, did he or not dispossess hundreds of Irishmen who had been faithful to the king, and give their lands to his own followers? And when those wretched, starving people, with families of helpless women and wailing babes, appealed to the mercy of the conqueror and said to him, "But where shall we go?" is or is not the brutal answer of the protector matter of history—"To hell or to Connaught!"

Let us see again. Once more when Ireland had been loyal to the king of England, and, as usual, got the worst of it, and was forced to accept William III in lieu of James II for a master, did or did not William III give his kingly word as follows: "I will do all that in me lies to discourage manufactures in Ireland." And did he or did he not keep his word? Read your own history, you chuckle headed monument of conceit, and shut up!

The principal offense the Americans have been guilty of in the Irish relief movement appears to be that in the haste to help the hungry, in the words of The Times, "it ignores this country"—England. This is sad indeed. Finally, says The Times, "The appeal of the American committee is couched in the usual turgid magnificence of transatlantic electioneering literature."

Hear, hear! Americans, don't you ever dare for to go for to couch anything in magnificence again.

OLD WORLD HAPPENINGS

As Italian Torpedo Boat Sunk at Sea.

EIGHTEEN OF THE CREW DROWNED

A Big Tramway Strike in Vienna—The Military Under Arms—Balfour Backs the Tipperary Police and Attacks John Morley—The McKinley Bill Abroad.

ROME, Oct. 20.—For some time past grave fears have been entertained for the safety of an Italian torpedo boat. This left the city of Naples for Spezzia, but although long enough has never made her appearance at the latter port.

Shipwreck.

News has just been received that her sister blew up during the voyage and the boat sank immediately. Three of the officers and fifteen sailors went to the bottom with the ill fated vessel.

Vienna's Big Strike.

VIENNA, Oct. 20.—The employes of the tramways of this city went out on strike Sunday. The service is entirely suspended. The conductors struck for an increase of wages, and the other employes quit work in order to support the demand. The police are in possession of the tramway premises, and troops are under arms in the barracks ready to act in case of public disturbance.

Balfour Supports the "Bobbies."

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Mr. Balfour's speeches at Newcastle have disappointed a section of the Conservatives, who hoped that the secretary would throw over Col. Caddell and adopt that plan in Tipperary demanded their duty in attacking the members of parliament. His refusal to make scapegoats of the police, however, pleased the anti-coercion Tories, who form the bulk of the government's supporters. Even those who doubted the wisdom of prosecuting Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien and their colleagues seem now, as a rule, to believe that the flight of the two principal defendants has created such a bad impression on the public mind as to offset any blunder that may have been made in beginning the legal proceedings.

Balfour Attacks Morley.

In his last speech at Newcastle Mr. Balfour severely attacked Mr. Morley. He said that Morley had criticised him for absenting himself from Ireland, but when Mr. Morley was Irish secretary, a period of six months, he (Morley) spent only five days in Ireland.

Mr. Balfour denied that any principle of law or common sense was violated by the appointment of Mr. Shannon as resident magistrate at Tipperary. During the Belfast riots resident magistrates appointed by Mr. Morley were repeatedly called upon to adjudicate cases in which they had just previously acted in an executive capacity. The evidence in regard to the Tipperary riots was, as usual in such cases, conflicting. Experience justified him in believing the reports made by the responsible officers. Col. Caddell was perfectly justified in causing the mob to move on. The police used no more force than was necessary to secure ingress to the court house. It is quite possible to refrain from some use of force on such occasions. Mr. Morley was too much carried away by political passion to be an impartial narrator.

To Settle Australia's Big Strike.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 20.—The representatives of employers have made a written reply to the suggestion of the lieutenant governor for a conference with the strikers. The employers decline to meet the strikers because the latter broke the agreement reached at a former conference and have coerced the free laborers, to whom the employers owe a debt of gratitude. But while refusing to accede to the unionists' demand for the discharge of the free men they are willing to forget bygones and receive the strikers back on the old terms, so far as vacancies exist. The terms of this communication involve no animosity toward unions of employes, the employers themselves having unions. They are convinced that the strikers made an unhappy mistake and that a majority of the men are willing to resume work at the terms named.

The letter closes with a request that the governor will again use his best efforts to a settlement of the strike on the foregoing lines.

Nationalists Hold a Meeting.

DUBLIN, Oct. 20.—The Nationalists held an enormous meeting this Sunday at Nenagh, near Waterford, Ireland. Bands and banners were numerous and much enthusiasm was displayed. Several members of parliament were among the speakers. The police were out in force, but contented themselves with watching the proceedings and taking notes of what was said.

"Irishmen Will Help Ireland.

An appeal signed by Father Humphreys and other clergymen has been placarded in Tipperary, addressed to "Men of Tipperary, the heart and pulse of the nation, the center of Ireland's hope," and exhorting them to give generously next Sunday, and show America that Ireland is not asking for help for men unwilling to help themselves.

The McKinley Bill Abroad.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A committee of leading Conservatives believe in tariff retaliation as a national policy, have asked Mr. David Dudley Field to deliver an address next month on the subject of customs reprisals. The "fair traders" are making many converts as a result of the McKinley tariff and its effects upon British exports. Leading Dutch wine growers have entered a protest against any retaliatory policy toward the United States in regard to duties on the ground that America is one of the best customers for French wines.

The Socialists Are Moderate.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—It is the general opinion of commentators upon the Halle Socialist congress that the meeting has effected but little for the advancement of the socialist cause, but that it proves that the socialists are inclined to turn their newly granted liberty with moderation. The weight of opinion is that if they continue in the path of peaceful agitation which they have marked out for themselves they will give Europe no cause to fear evil results from their activity.

Another Shot at the Czar.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Chronicle's Wars saw special reports that a futile attempt has been made to shoot the czar. The story has not been confirmed.

Brooklyn Won Again.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 20.—Saturday's game between the Brooklyn National league team and the Louisville resulted in a victory for the Brooklyns by a score of 5 to 4.

READY FOR THE FRAY.

Politics Now Receiving the Most Attention at the Hands of the Leaders.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 20.—The New Jersey campaign is now at its height. With the exception of one or two unfashionable localities, each of the cities is thoroughly aroused, and the contest is manifesting itself in the rural counties, all the candidates in both parties are in the field. The fact that the new ballot law will be universally used for the first time, has also materially full of excitement and interest. The result of the trial of the new law at the charter election in Newark the last of the month is awaited with much interest, as it is believed the result of the November trial will be equal by beneficial. The new measure undoubtedly avoids the bribery and corruption at the polls to a very material extent.

The congressional nominations are completed, and are as follows:

First District—Christopher A. Bergen, Rep.; William L. Newell, Dem.

Second District—James Buchanan, Rep. Wilson D. Haven, Dem.

Third District—Allen Clark, Jr., Rep. Jacob A. Geissenhainer, Dem.

Fourth District—Richard S. Goodman, Rep. Samuel Fowler, Dem.

Fifth District—Charles D. Beckwith, Rep.; Cornelius A. Cadmus, Dem.

Sixth District—Elias M. Condit, Rep. Thomas Dunn Inglis, Dem.

Seventh District—John A. Blair, Rep. Edward F. McDonald, Dem.

Buchanan, Bergen, Geissenhainer, Fowler and Beckwith are the present incumbents. Clark is an ex-congressman.

The state senatorial nominations are completed, and are the candidates:

Camden County—Maurice A. Rogers Rep.; Allyn Brewer, Dem.; Thomas B Harned, Fusion.

Essex County—James E. Howell, Rep. Michael T. Barrett, Dem.

Gloucester County—Joseph P. Ros, Rep. George H. Barker, Jr., Dem.

Monmouth County—Henry Allaire, Rep. Thomas S. R. Brown, Dem.

Salem County—Richard T. Star, Rep. James Belcher, Dem.

Somerset County—Charles A. Reed, Rep. William J. Keyes, Dem.

Union County—James C. Rankin, Jr., Rep.; Frederick C. Marsh, Dem.

Warren County—T. M. Reeve, Rep. Johnston Cornish, Dem.

Of these only one of these candidates who is the present incumbent or has ever been a member of the senate before. Barrett and Marsh are ex-assemblymen.

FOR SUFFERING IRELAND.

Buffalo Will Contribute Liberally—Preparing to Receive the Irish Patriots.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held under the auspices of Knights of Father Mathew of the Irish National league, at which encouraging reports were submitted by the committees appointed to solicit subscriptions for suffering Ireland. It is predicted that a large amount will be turned over to Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien when they visit Buffalo.

To Welcome Dillon and O'Brien.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—At a special meeting of the Robert Emmett association held Sunday for the purpose of inviting to this city Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien, a committee was appointed to wait on all Irish societies to ask them to appoint similar committees for the purpose of forming a general committee for this purpose.

Memmling's "The Crucifixion" Found.

DETROIT, Oct. 20.—Dean Waggett, of Windsor, Ont., is exhibiting a painting at the Windsor exhibition which was sent him recently at the dying request of the mother superior of the Ursuline convent at Prague, Austria, and which is believed to have a very interesting history to art connoisseurs. The painting is "The Crucifixion." The heavy coloring has become somewhat faded and shows signs of great age. The dean believes his painting to be from the hands of one of the old masters and is supported in his views by several local artists. It has just been ascertained that the picture is without doubt one that has been searched for vainly for 300 years. It is reasonably certain now that it is "The Crucifixion" painted by Hans Memmling early in the fifteenth century, and from which the celebrated Van Dyck copy was made.

Morgan and the Widow Missing.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 20.—Charles C. Morgan, son of the late Gen. Morgan, and Mrs. William Emerick, a pretty grass widow, are missing from the village of Elbridge, in this county. It is believed that they have eloped. Morgan is the nephew of Gen. Slocum, and Mrs. Emerick is his sister-in-law. The two were together very much and were very affectionate. Morgan is a graduate of West Point. He married nine years ago and leaves his wife destitute. Morgan and Mrs. Emerick left town together, ostensibly to visit relatives in Auburn, and have not been heard from since.

The King of Stallions Goes Home.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 20.—Nelson left here for his Pine Tree state home last night to rest the remainder of the season, with the record of having proved as the king of trotting stallions in the world, but horsemen who saw him get his mark at 2:11¼ at Terre Haute say his mile Saturday was the greatest performance considering the conditions, as he went while the wind was blowing a regular hurricane. He made the quarters as follows: First, 32½; second, 1:06; third, 1:45; fourth, 2:11¼. Some horsemen declare it equal to 2:09 under favorable circumstances and Nelson's owner thinks it equal to 2:10.

The Ithaca Giant Won.

DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 20.—A fight took place in this city on the 18th between Mike Conley, of New York, and Dick Sullivan, of Colorado, which was witnessed by 1,000 persons. The fight was for a purse of $1,000. In the first round Sullivan floored Conley and the referee gave Conley the fight, but the latter said he was willing to go on. In the second round Sullivan repeated the offense and the referee awarded the contest to Conley. Sullivan's backers lost heavily. Frank Vaquelin, of New Orleans, will challenge Conley.

To Lie Beside Abraham Lincoln.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Oct. 20.—By an action of the Lincoln Monument association here the remains of young Abraham Lincoln, son of Minister Robert T. Lincoln, who died in England during the summer, will be interred beside those of his illustrious grandparent. Mr. Lincoln has written friends here that he will be here during the first week of December, and the interment will then take place.

Two Children Fatally Burned.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 20.—Mary Dempler, aged 9 years, attempted to start the fire last evening during the absence of her parents by the use of kerosene. The girl and her little brother were burned to death by flowing oil in a moment and both were fatally burned.

THE MURDEROUS MAFIA.

A Reign of Terror by Italian Assassins Ended.

HUNTING HENNESSY'S SLAYERS.

A History of Some of the Work of the Bandits in New Orleans—Italian Merchants Terrorized and Blackmailed for Years—What Hennessy Knew.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 20.—The Mafia, the secret Italian association to whom man date the murder of Superintendent Hennessy is generally ascribed, has been known to exist in this city for many years. Hennessy in his last American victim, its operations heretofore having been confined exclusively to the Italian colony. Murder with it has been merely a means by which members of the society have been able to levy blackmail. Nearly every prominent merchant in the city has been compelled from time to time to pay money to these scoundrels under fear of assassination if they refused.

The Provenzano Prosecutions.

It was not until the attempt last spring on the part of the Provenzano gang to put their business rivals, the Matranzas, out of the way that anything like a true exposition of the methods and operations of the society became known. Some of the Italian merchants who had been subjected to extortion, fearing the Mafia from its well fed appetite, from the Matranzas in the fend for opportunity to escape from the thralldom in which they were held. They submitted large sums for the prosecution of the Provenzanos for the murder of an old light and upon the Matranza party, which in the particulars of lying in wait and the deadly volley furnishes a close parallel to the more successful attempt upon the life of Superintendent Hennessy.

Mafia Secrets Disclosed.

The Provenzanos and their friends, six in number, were tried and found guilty, but they have secured a new trial. One of the singular features of the trial was the evidence furnished by the Matranzas, that the Provenzanos themselves had been pursued for years by the Mafia. For the first time in their city, and then only because the men were on trial for their lives and the evidence was expected to produce a sentiment in their favor, was a document emanating from the Mafia given to the public.

A Sample Letter.

The Provenzanos had received many of these demands upon their purses, some of which were presented to the jury. Following is a sample letter:

NEW ORLEANS, September, 1888.

To Vincent Provenzano and Brother—We beg of you to lay at $1,000 to the Old Lake at the right hand side, where you will find men waiting for it. Let the party who brings it wear a white handkerchief on his hat. In that way we will know him. You have three days in which to deposit it. If within that time you have not brought the money at your first opportunity we will murder you and your brother. Good-by.

Hennessy Knew Too Much.

The death of Superintendent Hennessy is believed to be due to his connection with this case. He arrested the Provenzanos, but it was known that he had damaging testimony against them. Matranzas, who were the prosecutors in this instance. It was also known that he possessed many of the secrets of the Mafia, and had in his possession evidence in the shape of official papers from Italy. Much of what he knew was carried to the grave with him, and immediately upon his death all his papers were put under seal. Speaking of the dead chief, George Vanderwoort, his private secretary says:

Hennessy Warned Them.

"He was the best informed man in the country, outside of the Mafia, concerning its organization and methods. When trouble first arose between the Provenzanos and Matranzas, he sent for both factions and told them that he was a personal friend of the leaders on each side, but that in his official capacity he knew no

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Most Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

18 Park avenue.

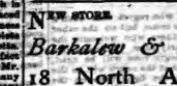
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



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First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

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Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

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PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

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All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

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Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

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FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

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FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FIFTY POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1.

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FRANK LINKE,

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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

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DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Rose Ale for hotels and private families

No. 46 West Front street, 270 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

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Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

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NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

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Broadway, Lincoln Hall, Dunsborne.	Musical Merchandise	Newman Bros. Estey Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale, CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Every Piano played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty.

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NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

29 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything required.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware. Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET

and 35 Park avenue

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FURNITURE AND THE

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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large trucks. Goods sent to any part of the country. Piano moving a sp

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO 6 PARK AVENUE.

A WOMAN'S VENGEANCE.

She Killed Her Faithless Lover on the Street.

BUT WAS IN TURN FATALLY SHOT.

Another South-Paltee Tragedy at Quincy, Ills.—The Deadly Revenge of Miss Lillie Booth, Who Had Been Wronged by Daniel G. Price.

QUINCY, Ills., Oct. 20.—Miss Lillie B. Booth, the beautiful young society woman of this city who shot and killed her alleged betrayer, Daniel G. Price, Saturday afternoon on the street under such sensational circumstances, and who was in turn mortally wounded by the dying man, died Sunday. As Price was the son of a leading family here and Miss Booth was very wealthy, the double tragedy has created great excitement. The inquest over both bodies is being held today.

The Story of the Shooting.

Price and Miss Booth had been very intimate and it is quite evident that she loved him, not wisely but too well. In spite of her entreaties Price refused to make her his wife, and goaded to fury and despair the young woman determined to have revenge. Late Saturday afternoon Price and his younger brother, Seymour, were walking down Sixth street when Miss Booth appeared. Young Price was afraid of her, as she had threatened to kill him, but not wishing to display any cowardice before a woman he walked straight ahead.

She Shot Him in the Back.

Miss Booth crossed the street and walking up behind Price, who pretended not to have seen her, placed the muzzle of a large navy revolver at his back and fired, the bullet tearing its way entirely through his body. The wounded man staggered, but recovering, ran into a cigar store, while his brother, Seymour, grappled with the infuriated young woman, who was about to fire again.

A Dying Man's Vengeance.

Daniel Price, who remained in the cigar store but a moment, came running out and as the young lady was being held by his brother fired point blank at her, the bullet entering her breast and passing into the lung. Price then fell to the sidewalk and died within half an hour. A large crowd had gathered, and as Price's body was borne to the morgue Miss Booth was removed to the hospital.

Disgraced and Deserted.

Miss Booth was inclined to be somewhat romantic, while Price was handsome and well educated, besides being possessed of all the money he desired. Both moved in the best society, and as Price paid a good deal of attention to her it was understood they were soon to marry. Then young Price suddenly went to Kansas, settling at Salina, and his sudden departure soon became apparent in Miss Booth's disgrace. As soon as the young lady could travel she went to Salina, but Price still refused to marry her. Then she sued him in the courts, but got nothing. Price, to escape her, returned to Quincy, and she followed him.

Miss Booth has been nearly crazed by her misfortunes, and her friends insist she has not been in her right mind for some months past. Before dying Price said he was innocent. Quincy society is greatly stirred up about the tragedy. It is said that Price was the only young man from whom Miss Booth had received any attention. The majority of people here are satisfied of the dead man's guilt.

Miss Booth was worth not less than $20,000 in her own name, was well educated and accomplished.

THEY JUMPED FOR LIFE.

A Baggageman's Warning Cry Saves Many People from Death.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—"Jump to the other side, quick!" was the startling cry of the baggageman of the Lake Shore limited three miles east of Silver Creek Sunday morning. The passengers jumped. An instant later there was a terrific crash and one side of two palace coaches was almost completely wrecked. A freight wreck on the eastbound track a moment before had thrown two freight cars partly across the path of the limited.

It was on a heavy grade and there was no time to stop the limited. The engineer stuck to his post like a hero. His escape from death was miraculous. The only person injured was a lady. She had two ribs broken. Many cattle were killed in the freight wreck, which was caused by the parting of an eastbound train on a heavy grade.

The Police Stopped the Lecture.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 20.—A great crowd of the best German citizens were last night excited and very indignant over the action of the police in stopping the lecture which was to have been given at German Manner-chor hall by Arthur Koebner, of New York. For some reason an old law was resurrected, and the authorities stated that no entertainment of any sort for which an admission price was demanded could take place in Baltimore on Sunday if any one should object thereto. The crowd denounced the decision and the authorities. The statute has been practically dead so long that even the district attorney knew not of its existence until yesterday.

Over 22,000 Children Paraded.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—A parade of Catholic Sunday school children, 100 feet long, in Brooklyn Sunday in honor of Bishop Loughlin. Over 22,000 children turned out and marched past the Episcopal residence, where they were received by the bishop, Cardinal Gibbons, the visiting bishops and clergy, and many promisdent citizens. There were no bands of music, but the children sang hymns as they passed the bishop. They were two hours in passing the house.

An Insane Woman with a Pistol.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 20.—Mrs. John S. Miller, wife of a well-to-do avenue saloon keeper, became suddenly insane while entertaining company at her home. She secured a pistol, and before any one discovered her condition, began firing at her husband and the company. She fired four shots, but fortunately hit no one. She then turned the weapon on herself and sent a bullet through her brain.

A Policeman Struck by Lightning.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Policeman Henry Flanagan, of the Morrisania squad, was struck by lightning shortly before noon yesterday while sending a signal to the station house from the signal box at Union and Westchester avenues. The stroke paralyzed both his legs. He was attended by Dr. Daly, of One Hundred and Fiftieth street, and removed home.

THE NEGRO AND HIS VOTE.

The Present Split in South Carolina Will Help Him to His Rights.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 20.—The situation in South Carolina, as a political manipulator, is decidedly peculiar. Every body is talking politics, and the people are wrought up to a high pitch of excitement. The few days' more remaining before the general election in November bids fair to be days well filled with bitterness and even bloodshed. Hundreds of the opposing factions are hard at work, and neither side will leave a single stone unturned to insure victory.

The negro may also regret that such a state of things has come, but on the other hand there are others who welcome the breaking up of party lines. All recognize the fact that the negro vote will be split, and many admit that the negro will be the deciding factor in the fight between the whites. A great many believe that this recognition of the negroes' right to vote, and of others that the result will be that in the next four years the blacks will have control of the state. The other side retort that it is the part of wisdom to also recognize the fact that the negro vote cannot be suppressed much longer, and to take charge of it now and control it. They say that recognition of the negro vote is but a question of time, and that, too, of a very short time, and that if they did not use it their opponents would use it two years hence to keep themselves in office.

THEY'LL GO HOME AND VOTE.

Thousands of Department Clerks at Washington Will Be Heard From.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—There has been great political activity among department clerks here for the past twelve months, and the probability is that four or five thousand of them will go home to vote at the coming November elections. A score or more of Republican state associations have been organized, and their members will probably go home en masse to vote.

Never was greater activity and energy put forth in getting every qualified Republican voter home for the November elections than the second session of this is something unusual. Thousands of votes will be polled in distant states that have not been cast before in years. The great exodus promises to be that the railroads have reduced the rates for one round trip to a half fare rate to all points west of New York and west of Chicago, these rates being allowed only to voters holding certificates of membership in some state association. Maryland being close to the national capital will probably attract the largest number of visitors of her native sons and daughters on election day. Five hundred members of the Maryland State association promise to go home and vote, and probably many more Maryland Republicans not members will go also. The New York State association promises to send 600; Pennsylvania, 500; Ohio, 300; Virginia, 500, and other states proportionately as well.

Was Blake Murdered?

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 20.—It now looks as if William B. Hakes, who died near Holly on Saturday, was murdered. He was known to have had $120 in his pocketbook on Friday night. He was alone. On Saturday his hired man found the back door of the house forced open and the contents of Hakes' pockets strewn about the floor, with the pocketbook empty and the money missing. It is supposed that Hakes was chloroformed, as there were no marks of violence on his body. An inquest is in progress.

Socialists Denounce Mrs. Leslie.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The socialists held a big meeting last evening, the feature being a lecture by Mrs. Woodman, denouncing Mrs. Frank Leslie, who was reported in an interview last week as stating that "the socialists should be shot down like dogs." The socialists passed resolutions denouncing Mrs. Leslie. She is credited by the socialists with being the mouthpiece of the New York's "400" and representative of the plutocracy of the east.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I specially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have no cigar: line of large Kitchen Stoves, 1 set in walk, with 2 set shiny clinker grate at $32.50. Fancy parlor stove $10.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Will sell one Hub Stove, Art Vile Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes

Fugio Hall and His Artful Corn Dodgers.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Oct. 20.—There was big excitement in the supreme court yesterday when it was known as Corn Dodger Hall, yesterday. It is a case of abduction of boys, ranging in age from 7 to 15 years, many of whom have recently been arrested charged with stealing chickens, but on account of their youth and the extreme age of their takings they have escaped punishment. Six of them were arrested and with them the alleged abductor, Hall, who is charged with receiving goods that the boys had stolen. It is also learned that the Corn Dodgers have branches in Dallas, Waco, Marshall, Austin and Houston, Tex., and in Denver, Colo. They have a code of signals and other means of secret intercommunication. Corner Hall is at the head of the organization or not has not yet been determined.

Governor Campbell Must Work Fast.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 20.—If the bill recommended by Governor Campbell to solve the constitutional question does not become a law before Wednesday night it will be inoperative even if it does pass the legislature. The law requires ten days' notice at least to be given of the appointment of the officers to be chosen. There will not be ten days after next Thursday before the regular November election, when, according to Governor Campbell's message, successors of the present board are to be elected. It is quite certain that there will not be a quorum present today, and if a bill such as the governor has asked for is passed in time to be available, the legislature will have to work lively.

It Was a Case of Force.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Oct. 20.—The Bowie county district court adjourned Saturday night for the term. Just before the announcement was made the jury in the McDaniel case brought in a verdict condemning the train robber to the penitentiary for life, after having been out four days. The verdict averts a tragedy wherein the principal and the alleged corrupted jurymen would have been the victims, as indignation was very high over the threatened miscarriage of justice. The result was a surprise to McDaniel. He received his sentence coolly. Application for a new trial was denied.

Shot by a Policeman.

PEORIA, Ills., Oct. 20.—While drunk Henry Baden entered the house of Mrs. Fanny Case, but was driven from every room by a terrible struggle in which he cut her on the arms and legs with a hatchet. He broke away from the policeman who had arrested him and ran shot through the spine while running. He will die. He is an ex-convict.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting an. road horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding pur poses.

Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1030.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHSON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,

Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM

will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-27

MISS L. E. BABCOCK

will take pupils on piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Hall, of Milan, and the Lessons worked Giovanni saving. With nine years a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harmony 9 2 2w*

MISS. J. L. ANDERSON,

pupil of Professors Steffanone and Ubiles, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Professor W. Hyde, of Nebraska, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT,

Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. A FRENCH LADY is CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address MISS E. KINSMAN, Principal. 7-19 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY,

23 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. will re-open Sept. 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DUNHAM, Principal. 8-12 2w*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sylvanus and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, Nos. 5 and 7 Somerset street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

They Operated in Bad Company.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Henry Wolff and Henry Heidsieck, two notorious bunco men, were arrested by Detective Hagan, of the Fourteenth precinct, yesterday afternoon at Ernst Market. They are known to belong to a big gang of bunco thieves, operating in this city. Henry Lyon, one of the gang, is now doing six years and a half in the prison at Elizabeth, N. J., for stealing a horse.

The Idaho Elections.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Oct. 20.—Official returns show the total number of votes cast at the recent election to be 18,868. Majority received by Republican candidates for congress and governor are as follows: Sidle, congressman, 3,177; Shoup, governor, 2,277. Upon a joint ballot the legislature will stand: Republicans, 45; Democrats, 9.

Admiral Porter's Condition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The condition of Admiral Porter was not so favorable Sunday. Saturday night he was very restless and did not secure much sound sleep. Sunday afternoon he had a slight set back, but last night was reported to be resting comfortably. His physician says there is no immediate danger of death.

Hanged Himself in His Barn.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Alfred Snyder, a highly respected farmer living four miles from Carthage, Jefferson county, committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn. No cause is assigned for the act. He was 40 years old and leaves a widow and three children.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c; Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 50c. Ladies' fine ribbed vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 98c. Men's heavy t-shirts and Drawers, 50c. Men's cotton shirts and Drawers, 75c. Men's natural-wool shirts and Drawers, 87. Men's scarlet-wool shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.

Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 14c; 20 in., 16c; 22 in., 18c; 24 in., 20c; 26 in., 22c; 28 in., 25c; 30 in., 30c. Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 29c; 20 in., 35c. Full size quilts, of any size, 50c. Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50. Hare Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. H BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Fine Stock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE

Allen's Stage Line

FARE, FIVE CENTS.

To and from along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first class service.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present office is from the depot along Park avenue to Watchung avenue, Beyond that I can be found at my residence.

Connects with the 6:-5, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 5:37 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street, New York. The 7:30 leaves New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Front and Park avenue.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:05, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m. Close—7:30 and 8:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:40 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITON MAILS.

Arrive—8:05 a. m., 2:30, 5:30 p. m. Close—7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:46, 7:30, 8:00, 8:37, 9:08, 9:30, 9:48, 10:08, 10:37, 11:08, 11:37 a. m., 12:08, 12:37, 1:08, 1:37, 2:08, 2:37, 3:08, 3:37, 4:08, 4:37, 5:08, 5:37, 6:08, 6:37, 7:08, 7:37, 8:08, 8:37, 9:08, 9:37, 10:08, 10:37, 11:08, 11:37 p. m., 12:08 night. Leave Newark at 5:30, 5:45, 6:30, 7:00, 7:15, 7:30, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:15, 12:30, 1:00, 1:15, 1:30, 2:00, 2:15, 2:30, 3:00, 3:15, 3:30, 4:00, 4:15, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 7:00, 7:15, 7:30, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Passengers for Newark changing cars.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 7:40, 8:45, 10:05, 11:40 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville 6:15, 7:45, 9:10, 10:40 a. m., 12:15, 1:40, 3:15, 4:40, 6:15, 7:40, 9:15, 10:40 p. m. Sunday at 9:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 2:45, 4:45, 6:45, 8:45, 10:45 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 2:45, 4:45, 6:45, 8:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND RARITON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:05, 9:05 a. m., 1:20, 4:10, 5:40, 6:55, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:45 a. m., 1:20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:40, 11:30 a. m., 5:40 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Williamsport, Elmira, Allentown and Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Bangor, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago and the West, 7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Bangor, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton and Wilkesbarre, 7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., 7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7:40, 8:45, 10:05 a. m., 1:15, 3:40, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8:45 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 8:45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m., 2:25, 5:37 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m., 5:37 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, 2:25, 5:37 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m., 5:37 p. m. Sunday 8:00 a. m., 5:37 p. m. For Atlantic City at 7:37 a. m., 2:00 p. m. For Freehold 7:37, Lake 10:05, a. m. Lake, 3:37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:37, 8:45, 10:05, 11:40 a. m., 1:15, 3:37 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 4:45 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 7:37, 8:45, 10:05, 11:40, 1:15, 3:37, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. Sunday 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 4:45, 8:45 p. m. For Baltimore and Washington at 7:37, 8:45, 10:05, 11:40 a. m., 1:15, 3:37, 5:05, 6:30, 8:10, 9:40, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 7:37, 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 4:45, 8:45 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt. J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. Second trip 7:50 a. m. From Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 5th st., to Second place; to Crescent ave., to Park ave.; to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.35 a. m. train
2d	9.15	do	9.35 do
3d	10.15	do	10.35 do
4th	11.15	do	11.35 do
5th	12.15	do	12.35 do
6th	1.15	do	1.35 do
7th	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.35 p. m.
8th	2.45	To the Post Office.	
9th	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th	4.45	do	5.05 do
11th	5.45	do	6.07 do
12th	6.45	do	7.05 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, Broadway, for Somerville and North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make the same connections.

Stage will make return trips over all of the above routes, leaving Depot at 7:37, 8:45, 9:37, 9:45, 10:37, 11:37 a. m., 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m., 12:37 night.

Horses and carriages kept expressly hirers' pleasure and calling purposes, at stable in the rear of residence, Hillside ave. and 7th st.

Stage to connect with all trains. Telephone call 2w

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Grasmere ave., 1 mile from 5th and 6th Telephone Call, 2

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Warner would inform their friends, and the public generally that they can only be found there and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything at low prices, and guarantee satisfaction with purchases. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 12 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Carey's Fire-Proot Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Builders Cards.

HERRMANN & PETERSON,

State Builders, and hard wood mantle makers, 128 corner of Second and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, J. PETERSON,

8 Regent street. 12 Somerset place. 10-16- y

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets. Plainfield N. J. Shop for Fine-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 319

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Evenue P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates cheerfully on all kind of work done

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of West Front avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 922.

G R Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 19 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 7 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 24. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Road Work. Room 4 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Somerset street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,

Architect, 267 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the fabric, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a sure preventive against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

POWLISON, No. 9 Somerset street.

Walnut bureau and writing desk.—Bargains.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 326 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

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INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIS

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

48 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leahy's Hotel.

FASHIONS OF THE STAGE

HOW ACTRESSES GIVE POINTS TO SOCIETY QUEENS.

The Marquise Lanza Says That All Modes are Modes Originate on the Stage, and She Gives Reasons for the Faith That Is Within Her.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

FEW people perhaps recognize the important part played by the stage in the minor affairs of life, especially in such matters as pertain to women—their dress, their trifling aids to the toilet, and the thousand and one bagatelles that go to make a feminine appearance chic and attractive. Let any decisive and widely copied fashion make its appearance, and ten to one, if it hasn't been invented by royalty, it has originated on the stage.

In Europe it is invariably happens that the great dressmakers who cater to the world of fashion exercise their genius first upon "creations" destined for actresses, and aristocratic dames do not hesitate to trail over the parquet of their exclusive salons the identical styles of costume that grace the beauty of Mme. This or Mlle. That, of the Comedie Francaise. If a really novel and beautiful gown is seen behind the footlights it is sure to appear later in the drawing room. This is not at all astonishing when one considers the prominence enjoyed everywhere by the theatre and its representatives. Look in our daily papers, and where you will find a column of meager details concerning the affairs of the nation you will discover two columns devoted to the stage, with additional personal notes of actors and actresses. Nobody objects, and why should I? At least I do not. For my own part I would sooner read about some leading lady's Paris wardrobe than about the president's cabinet or the gambols of Baby McKee. The stage represents the amusement of the people as well as the legitimate exercise of a fine art, and it is certainly entitled to as much "space" as the other fine arts of baseball, horse racing and slugging matches.

Have you ever observed how little attention women in society really pay to each other's dress, although cynics will have it that they think of nothing else, and are in consequence given over to envy, hatred, malice and all uncharitableness? The fact is, where crowds and conversation, or what passes for conversation, are in evidence nobody has either the time or the inclination to notice whether Mrs. Asterisk wears silk or satin, or whether her gown is draped or plain, or what sort of shoes she affects. You are too much occupied in puzzling your weary brain as to what reply you can possibly make to Mr. Jones when he stops talking, and therefore the minute details of your neighbors' fashionable fixings escape you. But let a celebrated actress step from behind the wings and pose for your benefit in a blaze of gaslight, with an accompaniment of pizzicato music, and arrayed in the sublime glory of a costly Parisian toilet imported for the occasion, and I defy even you, madame, to go home and sleep the sleep of the just, untroubled by fascinating visions of furbelows and chiffons—you cannot help it. It is of the weaknesses that belong to feminine human nature.

Without a doubt the most artistic dressing to be found anywhere is seen on the stage. An actress, if she have not genius or even the mildest sort of talent, can nevertheless charm the eye, and thus indirectly the senses, by the mere possession of good clothes and jewels. When Mrs. Langtry first came to America it is possible that the professional critics thought only of her acting, but it would be safe to assert that every woman, old or young, ugly or pretty, who attended her performances thought only of her—her gowns, the curves of her figure, the exquisite tints of her complexion, the peculiar manner in which the jeweled pins were thrust into her hair, and so forth. Milliners and dressmakers flocked to the theatre, and in an inconceivably short space of time we had Mrs. Langtry skirts and Langtry hats and Langtry perfumes and heaven knows what else besides.

When Mrs. Potter played Cleopatra all New York went mad—over what? Her transcendent beauty? Oh, dear, no! Not at all. You, my dear girl, know as well as I do what was the cause of the Egyptomania that spread like wildfire through the feminine part of the metropolitan community. Were you ever such robes seen before? Were they not enough to make the soul of woman sigh itself out with envious yearning? That elegant reptile the asp came into fashion at once. Gold and jeweled griffins and scarabei were to be seen everywhere. The rich auburn tints of Mrs. Potter's hair straightway created a perfect furore for ruddy locks, and the maniest was flooded with liquid sorts of dyes and vendors warranted to do the business after a few applications. If you hadn't auburn hair you were nobody.

Then came Jeanne Harding, whose tresses were also of this color, and the red dyes and washes were in greater demand than ever. Dear me! When I think of the Harding bonnets, and above all the Harding veils, which made our women resemble an army of Men with the Iron Masks, my head positively whirls. The worst of it was that the Harding veils were becoming to nobody, not even to the fair Jeanne herself. They were a histrionic fad and nothing more.

Perhaps no artist who has achieved fame on the stage has given so many valuable and continued hints to women of fashion as Sara Bernhardt. Her original genius has betrayed itself in a thousand ways, from the minutest shade of facial expression to the tip of a new fangled slipper. Throughout the civilized world she has this extraordinary woman been awarded the intense flattery of imitation by her sister women. She has for years been the cynosure of all eyes; the despair of the graceless, the admiration of the beautiful. She has shown women the superiority of mere dress over mere beauty. It is to her that fashion is indebted for the long wrinkled mosquetaire gloves, the full plastrons of lace and ribbon, the ruffled gaibots and other paraphernalia devised already with the object of concealing angles that should have been rounded curves. All the modes, in short, which by some strangely illogical sequence have since become apparently the exclusive property of the gowns fat woman sprang from the divine Sara.

Adelina Patti, who makes the preservation of her complexion as much a life study as the preservation of her voice, has by affixing her signature to sundry skin beautifiers done more to assure their sale and ready adoption by fashionable women than could have been obtained by twice the amount of ordinary advertising. Let any decisive and widely copied fashion make its appearance, and ten to one, if it hasn't been invented by royalty, it has originated on the stage.

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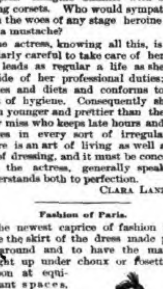

the iron masks, my head positively whirls. The worst of it was that the Harding veils were becoming to nobody, not even to the fair Jeanne herself. They were a histrionic fad and nothing more.

Perhaps no artist who has achieved fame on the stage has given so many valuable and continued hints to women of fashion as Sara Bernhardt. Her original genius has betrayed itself in a thousand ways, from the minutest shade of facial expression to the tip of a new fangled slipper. Throughout the civilized world she has this extraordinary woman been awarded the intense flattery of imitation by her sister women. She has for years been the cynosure of all eyes; the despair of the graceless, the admiration of the beautiful. She has shown women the superiority of mere dress over mere beauty. It is to her that fashion is indebted for the long wrinkled mosquetaire gloves, the full plastrons of lace and ribbon, the ruffled gaibots and other paraphernalia devised already with the object of concealing angles that should have been rounded curves. All the modes, in short, which by some strangely illogical sequence have since become apparently the exclusive property of the gowns fat woman sprang from the divine Sara.

Adelina Patti, who makes the preservation of her complexion as much a life study as the preservation of her voice, has by affixing her signature to sundry skin beautifiers done more to assure their sale and ready adoption by fashionable women than could have been obtained by twice the amount of ordinary advertising. Let any

When Mlle. Aimee began her career in this country the exquisite texture and the artistic design of her silken stockings became a topic of conversation everywhere. Shops were ransacked, orders were given, and eventually silk stockings of the most extraordinary styles were given a boom such as, I will venture to say, they never had before, and possibly may never have again. There is one fashion in vogue which originated with a successful actor, Mr. Dixey. It was he who introduced the buckled shoes now worn by all our belles, and having done this, it seems to me, he is entitled to share a portion of the honor formerly enjoyed by the deceased Mr. Montagne, the inventor of the famous "Montagu curls."

I recollect well the blonde craze inspired years ago by Christine Nilsson. The white and pale hair of the young Swedish singer turned the brains of half the population. It was the day of the blonde. She reigned supreme until the auburn haired lady dethroned her. The auburn haired lady rules still.

It is part of an actress' business to look well. She must not only be dressed to perfection, but she must have an irreproachable complexion and a good figure. Fancy a Juliet with a red nose or pimples, or Camille with badly fitting corsets. Who would sympathize with the woes of any stage heroine who had a mustache?

The actress, knowing all this, is particularly careful to take care of herself. She leads as regular a life as she can outside of her professional duties; she bathes and diets and conforms to the laws of hygiene. Consequently she is often younger and prettier than the society miss who keeps late hours and indulges in every sort of irregularity. There is an art of living as well as an art of dressing, and it must be conceded that the actress, generally speaking, understands both to perfection.

CLARA LANZA.

Fashion of Paris.

The newest caprice of fashion is to have the skirt of the dress made plain all around and to have the material caught up under choux or rosettes of ribbon at equidistant spaces, thus forming festoons all around. This style will be seen on the street, and on any "at home" dress that it may suit the owner to treat thus.

Paniers are also seen on very many costumes, and in some cases are made of lace, other times of the material of which the dress is made, and sometimes in fancy silk of velvet, silk or the richly woven brocades in Persian colors and clocks. Patterns that are now sparingly used as vest PROMENADE TOILET. fronts, etc., for handsome gowns. With bonnets and paniers these ugly fashions were bound to come. They are inseparable, and indescribably ugly and unbecoming. Flounces are graceful, and are seen in great variety around the bottom of skirts of the newest gowns, plaited or gathered, straight or bias; it makes no difference how made.

The newest bonnets are either very dark or very light, and all are small. The baby project over the face as far as possible. White felt, soft and relvetty, is trimmed with ruby velvet and a whole flock of tiny jet black sparrows. Cutrasse bodices, covered with steel, or gilt, or black beads in the form of chain armor, are very much worn by young ladies of slim figure.

Plaid costumes on the bias are more seen in the street than any other. Shepherd checks and gray striped plaids in black and white are trimmed elegantly, but effectively, with black velvet. Perfect riche cuffs, collar and girdle are often made of velvet, and so arranged that they can be worn with any costume. Half strap needle jewelry will be very popular this fall for young peants.

The newspapers now speak of women as the aggressive sex.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

INSTRUCTIVE ENTERTAINMENT FOR GIRL AND BOY READERS.

A Brief but Interesting Story About Frederick the Great and His Little Page—How His Royal Highness Became a Pickpocket and the Consequences.

Frederick the Great rang his bell for his page to attend him, but no page appeared. Again and again he rang, but still the summons were disregarded, and the monarch, opening his door and passing into the antechamber, found the heedless page asleep in a chair.

The corner of a letter was projecting from the youth's pocket, and his royal

A ROYAL PICKPOCKET.

highness, probably thinking it was a love letter, and that it would afford him some amusement, quietly abstracted it and began to read the contents. It turned out, however, to be a letter from the mother of the page, fervently thanking her son for his kindness in remitting to her a large portion of his salary.

The king was so gratified at this instance of filial affection that he inclosed a large sum of money in the letter and returned it to the pocket of his page, who slept on, oblivious of either his royal master's larceny or generosity.

The Owl and the Pussy Cat.

The owl and the pussy cat went to sea,
In a beautiful pea green boat;
They took some honey and plenty of money
Wrapped in a five pound note.

The owl looked up to the stars above
And sang to a small guitar;
"O lovely pussy, O pussy, my love,
What a beautiful pussy you are."

Pussy said to the owl: "You elegant fowl,
How charmingly sweet you sing;
Oh! let us be married, too long we have tarried;
But what shall we do for a ring?"

They sailed away for a year and a day,
To the land where the bong tree grows;
And there in a wood a piggy wig stood,
With a ring at the end of his nose.

"Pig, are you willing to sell for a shilling
Your ring?" Said the pig, "I will."
So they took it away, and were married next day
By the turkey that lives on the hill.

They dined on mince and slices of quince,
Which they ate with a runcible spoon;
And hand in hand, on the edge of the sand,
They danced by the light of the moon.

"Sing a Song of Sixpence."

A hidden meaning is said to be concealed in the familiar rhyme of "Sing a Song of Sixpence," and the following pretty explanation of it is given:

"The four and twenty blackbirds represent twenty-four hours. The bottom of the pie is the world; the top crust is the sky that overarches it. The opening of the pie is day dawn, when the birds begin to sing, and surely such a sight is 'a dainty dish to set before a king.'

"The king is supposed as sitting at his parlor counting his money, is the sun; while the gold pieces that slip through his fingers are golden sunshine. The queen, who sits in the dark kitchen, is the moon, and the honey with which she regales herself is the moonlight.

"The industrious maid, who is in the garden at work before the king—the sun—has risen, is the day dawn, and the clothes she hangs out are the clouds, while the bird which so tragically ends the song by 'nipping off her nose' is the hour of sunset. So we have the whole day—in a pie."

A Critic of Music.

He is not a lover of music,
Our little black dog Prince;
The sweetest piano playing
Will make him whine and wince.

And the sound of the children's singing
Gives him such keen distress;
He whimpers and seeks for refuge
Upon his mistress' dress.

"BARKS WITH A PERFECT FRENZY."

And though he's a gentle creature
To people usually,
He barks at the music teacher
Wherever she may be—

Barks with a perfect frenzy,
Every white tooth in sight,
As if he would like to worry her,
And would even like to bite.

Dog Prince, it seems by your very
Candid manner and tone
That you dislike our music
And prefer to make your own.
—Wide Awake.

Washing Chamois Vests, Gloves, Etc.

Chamois leather garments are difficult to wash, especially if the article is of elaborate make or pattern. Ordinary window and plate leathers must of course undergo the usual cleansing process, and are easy to manage; they do not suffer from getting out of shape. The great point with them is to prevent their hardening as they dry, and a little friction during the drying will do away with the shrinkage. For other things, such as vests, gloves, etc., very careful treatment answers better than any one particular recipe. For instance, make a hot lather of mild soap, or use simply a little ammonia in the water, and when it is lukewarm wash the leather in it quickly, rinse it in lukewarm water, squeeze it gently (be sure not to wring as you would other materials), pin it on a clean towel spread on a horse, then dry in front of the fire, rubbing the articles gently with the hand every few minutes to prevent it stiffening. As much as possible rub the thing into shape, not out of shape. Gloves should be inched to shrink, seams to stretch, but some dry rubbing can be done to get it into shape again.

Solon the Wise and Croesus the King.

There lived in Athens some six hundred years before the birth of Christ a very wise and generous man named Solon. He was a rich merchant as well as a great scholar, and on account of his wisdom he is considered as being the most noted of the Seven Wise Men of Greece. Solon proposed good, wholesome laws, which his countrymen gladly accepted, and under which Athens enjoyed a period of peace and prosperity.

There lived in Lydia, a country in Asia Minor, a very rich king named Croesus, who invited Solon to visit him. When Solon had beheld all the beauty and splendor of the palace he was asked by Croesus if ever he had known a happier man than he. The answer was, "Yes, an honest man, who had good children, and died bravely in battle for his country." The king was disappointed, and asked if he knew any other man more happy than he. Solon answered that he had known two loving brothers who were kind to their mother, *and had died a tranquil death while providing for her.* Croesus was much displeased, and asked why he should not be considered happy. To which Solon replied that no man's life could be judged whether it be happy or not until the end of it.

Croesus was afterward conquered by Cyrus, king of Persia, and sentenced to be burned to death. When on the funeral pyre he cried out in agony, "O Solon! O Solon!" King Cyrus asked why he called on Solon, and when Croesus had related what Solon had said Cyrus freed Croesus and honored him as long as he lived. Thus Solon was the means of saving one king's life and of instructing another.—School Visitor.

Smoking Pipes in England.

The Duke of Portland, who is an inveterate smoker, puffs at his pipe while he strolls arm in arm on the river terrace with the Duke of Richmond; and the bishop of London only lays his pipe aside when he puts on the Episcopal robes necessary for a prelate to wear while he occupies his seat at St. Stephen's. The Prince of Wales, both his sons, the Duke of Edinburgh and the Duke of Fife are all inveterate admirers of the short pipe, and smoke it whenever they are present at concerts of the Lyric club or in the privacy of their clubs. The only individual in all England who seems to have any objection to the practice is the little lady who rules the land. Henry of Battenberg was banished from the presence of his royal mother-in-law once for two months because he absently lit his short pipe in the throne room. But it must not be supposed that the queen has entire objections to the short pipe; on the contrary, she now permits Henry of Battenberg to smoke his, provided he keeps well away from her apartments. It is the sort of tobacco he smokes that the queen really objects to.—London Cor. Philadelphia Times.

The Biggest Apple Tree.

The largest apple tree in New England, and probably in the world, is in the northwestern part of Cheshire, Conn., standing in Mr. Delos Hotchkiss' door yard. Its age can be traced by a family tradition to 140 years at least, and it may be 20 or 25 years older. It is at the present time of symmetrical shape; the trunk is nearly round, without a scar or blemish on it; there are 8 large branches; 5 of them have been in the habit of bearing fruit one year and the remaining 3 the next.

Mr. Hotchkiss has gathered in one year from the 5 branches 85 bushels of fruit, and his predecessor had harvested a crop of 110 bushels from the same 5 branches. By careful measurement the circumference of the trunk 1 foot above the ground, above all enlargements of the roots, is 13 feet 8 inches; that of the largest single limb is 6 feet 8 inches. The height of the tree has been carefully measured and found to be 50 feet, and the spread of the branches as the apples fall is 100 feet, or 6 rods. The fruit is rather small, sweet, and of moderate excellence.—Boston Journal.

Some Odd Manuscripts.

To the student of old manuscripts there is nothing astonishing about the materials upon which they were written. The great Buddhist work, the Tripitaka, or Chinese religion, is said to have jotted down the brilliant passages of the Koran upon the shoulder blades of sheep while he was a prisoner. The Iliad was first written in characters of gold upon the great gut of a dragon, the scroll being over 100 feet in length. As far back as the time of Job authors wrote upon sheets of lead. The great writers of the North wrote all their books upon beachwood or "bog," from which the term "book" is derived. At the Strozzi Palace, in Rome, there is a book made of marble, the leaves being of marvelous thinness. Cleanthes, the philosopher, first inscribed his immortal work upon the white sides of bleached sea shells. —St. Louis Republic.

New Labels for Baggage.

The most expensive of trunks, portmanteaus, etc., are soon rendered unsightly by the repeated pasting on of labels. All this may be avoided, it appears, by the use of an English invention, which consists of a hose of tough flexible board on which are placed, one on top of the other, twelve parchment paper labels, the whole being securely fastened together with metal clips, and an eyelet to carry the string for attachment to luggage. The frequent attachment of fresh labels is thus avoided, as the old or directed surfaces have simply to be torn off as used, and a fresh one is always ready for redirection until the "tablet" is exhausted.

The Extension of Heliography.

A striking proof of what can be done with a well managed heliograph line is afforded by the communication that has been carried on over the line from Fort Stanton, in Mexico, to Whipple Barricks, in Arizona. The line is 1,000 miles long, and connects twenty-six stations, each of which are forty-five miles from each other. It is now conclusively proved that the signals from a flashing heliostat can be distinctly read at a distance of forty-five miles.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

As Though in a Dream.

Stewart Anderson, aged 35, got up from the supper table at Mason City, Ia., and unconscious of surroundings, without hat, shoes or vest, wandered about forty miles from home, and when he came to himself was lying beside a haystack. He is a man of good intelligence. He says that everything he did during the eleven hours he was deranged seemed like a dream.—Cor. St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Goodness Is Scarce.

War Veteran—I want to get a good lawyer to take hold of my pension case. Can you tell me where I can find one?

Friend—No, I cannot. I can recommend you to several celebrated and successful ones, however.—Kinsey's Weekly.

In the smoking rooms of the houses of parliament there is a rule and law with which, rather in the abhorrence of their spirit, and the profligacy of their smoke, all

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.

13 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is up to date in style. "Style and Comfort." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES. SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEAS, COFFEES, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of **California Fruits** before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery reaches to Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING OF MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Ladies' Cashmere and Merino Underwear at 25c. A Good Ladies' Corset 50c, worth 75c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Merino HATS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting, 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Brocktail Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASSES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 29 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1399

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 83 North avenue, opposite Depot. Residence 34 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when coal was low, and is now sold to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling coal and screening. This, with one of the patent self-dumping wagons, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. Special facilities given for filling cellars at residences. Telephone 122. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two trucks in operation. Office: Corporation approved of by the Board of Health. Parties not satisfied to call and leave orders. Orders left at Post Boxes, Manufacturers of Ice, Park Lawns, Gardens and Tug 25 prompt attention. P. O. Box 60, Telephone call 12.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Third Congressional District, Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress, HON. AMOS CLARK, of Union county.

For State Senator, JOHN C. RANKIN, JR., of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff, JAMES H. CLARK, of Railway.

For Assembly, Third District, GEORGE KYTE, of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District, Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress, RICHARD F. GOODMAN, of Sussex county.

For State Senator, CHARLES A. REED, of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—The Synod of New Jersey will meet at Atlantic City, October 30.

—The State Y. P. S. C. E. Convention meets in Camden on the 29th.

—The leaves are turning with great rapidity, and Autumn tinges is now at its finest.

—Is many places the burning of leaves and rubbish in the streets is forbidden. Not so here.

—Evaporated apricots will largely take the place of dried peaches this season, owing to the high price of the latter fruit.

—The Epworth League Social Committee of the Methodist Episcopal church will give a spatiable in Vincent chapel Friday evening.

—The Dunellen Congress of the North American Endowment Society, now number six sixty-eight members is in a flourishing condition.

—It is said by the New York Tribune to be a fact that seventy-five out of every 100 people chew their food on their left side. Why and wherefore?

—The turnip season is here. Turnips are close friends of the potatoes, and are also on the best of terms with cabbage and onions. The crop is said to be a good one.

—Mr. "Joe" English, Mr. S. A. Haines and other excellent speakers will address the meeting at the Reform Hall on Thursday evening, Oct. 23rd. All friends of the cause of temperance are welcome to attend.

—It is said that the candidates for Senate and Assembly in Union county will refuse to pledge themselves in any way to vail against the race tracks, and will ignore the circular which has been read in the various churches.

—In the case of Brown vs. Vail on a charge of larceny before justice Hardy, City Judge Codington appeared for the defendant Vail, and on his motion, Vail was discharged and instructions were given for the commencement of suit against Brown for damages for false imprisonment.

—A flag raising took place yesterday afternoon at Linden, and attracted many people. The flag was presented to the public school, the presentation speech being by Rev. W. H. Skinner of the First Baptist church of Elizabeth, and the address of acceptance by J. Augustus Dix, superintendent of schools of Elizabeth.

The Fanwood Company has been organized and under the leadership of the following officers: George C. Miller, President; George F. Bamin, Secretary; C. W. Smith, Treasurer; E. M. Kemp hall, Foreman; F. B. Andrews, Assistant Foreman; H. F. Robinson, 3d Assistant Foreman.

—The swindle of selling a chain with a brass tobacco box attached for a watch has been successfully worked in numbers of towns in this part of the State, and has been exposed in the newspapers every time. And yet the swindle travels on from one town to another with as much composure as though he was running an innocent Punch-and-Judy show and was fully advertised ahead.

—The Dover Index says that a man has been visiting the houses in some of the neighboring towns for several days past, selling table linen, and representing that he has sold a lot to their next door neighbors and others. This upon investigation proved false in every instance. He is a swindler, and those who purchase from him will lament their loss after he is gone. Close your doors on him.

—"To our readers we say be sure that you see 'Held by the Enemy.' Then if you do not agree with us that the play is a masterpiece of its kind, and the company a strong, well-balanced one, and that the evening was well spent, abuse us." Thus writes a western critic, in his own vigorous style, of Mr. William Gillette's great war play which is to be presented at the Opera House next Thursday.

—Westfield can soon boast, and justly too, of its new brick school building. Situated as it is on a high knoll, it can be observed a long distance in any direction. It now, only about half finished, commands itself to all who like to look upon a fine specimen of school buildings. New Jersey's pride was always her admirable system of schools and it is a pleasure to make note of the fact that the good citizens of Westfield do their full share in assisting to keep up the reputation. Nothing speaks better for a village, town or city, than its public or private schools. The young race that is rising up is destined to be "the hope of the country." A greater field of usefulness is in store for the schools than ever before in their history. The structure when completed will cost about $25,000, and one would have to take a long ride before another such building can be found. The school grounds cover about one and a half acres.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, and will receive due attention. Communications without name required to be written and signed, and must always contain their name and usually the residence of the author.]

About Cemetery Avenue.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.—Considerable comment is made in regard to our county action in compiling the avenue called "Cemetery" near the city cut-shirts, and their decision at the county meeting to adopt an ordinance ordering said avenue macadamized at the general expense. It is the general impression that this avenue was opened by the Hillside Cemetery association, and should be permanently improved at their own expense, saving our general fund for the improvement of our more traveled streets.

FAIR PLAY.

NEW JERSEY'S SPECIAL ELECTION.

What is Cost and Some Figures of the Returns.

The complete count of the election figures returned by the officers of the recent special election on the acceptance or rejection of proposed constitutional amendments have not yet been completed. Out of the twenty-one counties, twenty have been tabulated, but in some cases the returns were improperly compiled, and had to be returned for correction. The computation has progressed far enough to show that the amendments have been overwhelmingly defeated, and that the whole election was a farce, and at the same time a heavy expense to the State.

The amendment providing for special legislation was defeated by a majority of 55,000. There were a little over 150,000 votes cast on this amendment. There were less than 4,000 votes in favor of its acceptance, and this leaves a majority of about 55,000. There was only one voting precinct in the State that returned a majority for it, and that was in Morris county.

On the amendment for a change of the text of the section which regulates the appointment of, common pleas judges, there were about 71,000 votes cast. There were over 16,000 against its acceptance. This amendment was therefore defeated by about 28,000 votes. In many precincts there was a majority in favor of the acceptance of the proposed change of the text. This total vote was less than one-fourth of the vote of the State, as shown by the registry lists.

The election was held in the 737 precincts in the State. There were four election officers to each polling place at $6 a day, and this amounted to $19,164. The messengers who carried the returns to the Secretary of State's office received $2 each, or $4 and mileage, and this item will exceed $5,000. The cost of rent of polling places was $7,370. The publication of the proclamation cost $27 in each of the 100 official newspapers of the State. This amounted in the aggregate to $2,700. All printing, blank books and tickets and forms ding the same was $1,000. This makes the total cost of this farcical election, according to the estimates, amount to $35,232.—State Gazette.

Court of Special Session.

The usual special session of the Union county court of general quarter sessions was held at Elizabeth Saturday morning. Judge McCormick was not present, and the lay judges, Hyer and Wiley, were upon the bench.

There were no criminal transactions, but some Orphans'court matters were attended to. The judges also transferred the license of the Van Court Inn at Roselle to the new proprietor, H. W. Pope.

Previous to this session of the court, Judge Magie heard some testimony in reference to assessments on certain property in Rahway.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Y. M. C. A. has fortunately been able to secure the services of Mr. Ezra Loomis as instructor of a class in book keeping and penmanship. The class will be organized on Monday evening next at 8 p. m. Membership in the Association entitles to this and all other privileges.

The camp fire to be held on Thursday evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms will be for members only. Boys under 16 years of age, while eligible to the privileges of the educational classes cannot be admitted to this reception.

Wheelmen Go to Church.

The Union County Roadsters' Bicycle club attended, by invitation, the Episcopal church of the holy yesterday in Rahway. They were in full uniform and had their wheels. They stacked their machines outside the edifice, and then marched in, forty seven of them, and listened to a sermon by Rev. Dr. Norton. The club afterwards ran to Plainfield, and from there to Elizabeth, where they took a late night back to their club house at Linden.—Elizabeth Journal.

In Aid of Ireland's Poor.

Sunday, in all the Catholic churches in this city, and throughout the diocese of Newark, a circular letter from Bishop Wigger was read directing that collections be taken next Sunday in the churches of the diocese at every mass, for the relief of the distressed people in Ireland. The bishop appeals to the Catholics of New Jersey to respond liberally to the cry for help, and orders that the money be promptly forwarded to him, to be sent to Ireland.

Won in South Plainfield.

The $70 carnet offered by the Bound Brook Cornet Band for the most popular player has been awarded to a resident of South Plainfield, who had 8125 words of votes. The local contestor had $100 worth.

Bookmakers Held for Trial.

Justice Fraser, of Rahway, bound Joseph Cotton and George M. Price, bookmakers at the Elizabeth race track, over for court yesterday. Bookmaker Johnson gave security

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

It Will Not Run Long—That the McKinley Bill is, What it Contains, and what its Results Will Be.—It is a Safe, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE PRODUCED AT HOME AT LESS MONEY.—ITS GREAT OBJECTS AND TO SECURE LOW WAGES AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

No. I.

We have already published the new Tariff Law. We now begin publishing a summary of it, to run in brief installments for several days.

In the Congressional elections now pending nothing is more clearly an issue than the Tariff Bill just passed by a Republican Congress and approved by a Republican President. The necessity of a new adjustment of tariff rates has long been admitted by both political parties. The question at issue is purely one of purpose and method.

In the Fifties Congress the House was Democratic and the Senate Republican. Each passed a tariff bill, but each bill was so unlike the other, both in the principles that had controlled its making and in the results it contemplated, as to render an agreement between the houses wholly impossible. The only thing that could be done was to take appeal to the people:

The people responded promptly. The Democratic party, its candidates and its tariff plan were rejected. The Republican party, its candidates and its tariff plan were ratified. So radical was the people's verdict that it tore from the Democrats every vestige of the power they had previously enjoyed, and transferred every branch of the Federal Government to the Republicans.

The Republican party's commission, then, was indisputable. It was directed to frame a tariff bill on the lines laid down in its platform pledges. These lines are traced as follows: "We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection. This must be maintained. We condemn the proposition of the Democratic party to place wool on the free list, and we insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained, so as to furnish full and adequate protection throughout the United States. The Republican party would effect all needed reduction of the National revenue by such revision of the Tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people and will keep the duties thereon on those articles of foreign production (except luxuries) the like of which cannot be produced at home.

[To be continued—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

PERSONAL.

Mr. Barclay Pentz of Fanwood is visiting in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Charles Westerfield is convalescing from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Gardner are at their home in Fanwood from a pleasant stay in Connecticut.

Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Moore and Master Harry Kyte of Fanwood are visiting in New York State.

Mrs. Arnold and Miss Emily Arnold of Philadelphia are visiting Miss Minnie Wilson of Greenbrook road, North Plainfield.

The empty boxes along the sidewalks are a strong indication that our merchants are ready for the Fall and Winter trade.

—The real old-time genuine pumpkin pie has made its annual debut.

—The tax collectors are now busy filling out blanks and getting ready for business.

—Mrs. McKee, the deputy postmistress at Fanwood has the new post office in readiness for the formal opening by the department.

—Some person who is as yet unknown, shot and killed a dog on Jackson avenue Sunday evening. Some few nights ago the animal was shot and badly injured.

—The fair for the benefit of the German school, given by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Deming and Turning Society will be continued in Turn Hall this evening.

—A very popular drive now, is to take Clark avenue past Embree Crescent and soon to the Springfield road, to Scotch Plains and Plainfield. The road is in excellent condition through most, except a small piece of "Jerusalem road" by Wetsel's.—Westfield Standard.

—Margaret Mather, last evening in Stillman Music Hall, fully justified the flattering reference to her as probably the leading actress now on the American stage, although in Romeo and Juliet she, in the judgment of some, does not appear at a great advantage. Still, such excellent rendering of the tragedy, has we believe, never been seen here before.

—The Warren Mission Christian Endeavor Society will hold its usual Tuesday evening meeting, commencing with a song service at 7.45 o'clock. The subject announced is "Examples of the Rev. Mr. Cubberly, pastor of the Baptist church at New Market. A general invitation is extended to all. The Society will hold its next sociable in the chapel on Thursday evening.

—Mr. Milton Farley, or the person known by that name, together with the person known as "Rose" Taylor, each of whom have been declared by the coroner's inquest of having robbed the prominent citizen of East Seventh street referred to yesterday. As the citizen has withdrawn the charges upon which the couple were arrested and they have been discharged, they cannot be considered as under bonds, under the circumstances. They tell a very plausible story.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

Flemington will have a new iron foundry. Hog cholera has taken off a pen of twenty pigs from Henry Powell's barn at Cokesville.

A parade of the fire companies of Monmouth county will take place at Keyport on Wednesday afternoon, the occasion being the celebration of the reception of the Keyport company's new engine.

Pemberton will have a new Methodist church.

Avalon, the Seven-Mile Beach resort, is soon to apply for a city charter.

The new Lyle spring station at Cold Spring Inlet has been finished at a cost of $7,000.

It is estimated that the cranberry crop will reach 10,000 bushels in Cape May county.

Several cottages and a large hotel will, it is said, be built at Long Branch city this Winter.

Curtis Conover, a yachtsman at Atlantic City visit, was drowned October 19 by the capsizing of his skiff.

The 3-in City is to have a race-course. It is to be built by Charles K. Landis at the upper end of the city.

Trinity M. E. church, Bridgeton, was rededicated with interesting ceremonies on October 19. Rev. Dr. Baker of Philadelphia preached.

The Continental Hotel property at Sea Isle, valued at $100,000, has no legal owner. It is to be sold next month to determine an ownership.

David D. Dennis, formerly of Delanco, escaped October 19 from the insane department of the Burlington County Almshouse at Pemberton.

Joseph Engle, the temperance agitator, is securing many signers to pledges in Philadelphia, where he has been holding a series of meetings.

A plot of ground has been purchased by the Roebling Sons, near Deutzville, on which they will erect a building to manufacture iron rods.

Mrs. S. J. C. Downs, State President of the W. C. T. U., organized a branch in Rutherford on October 20, with Miss Mabel E. St. Clair as president.

STATE COUNCIL JR. O. U. A. M.

The Annual Session Saturday—Plainfield Well Represented.

The State Council Jr. O. U. A. M. held its annual session in Lincoln Post room, Newark, Saturday. This was one of the most important sessions ever held in the state. One of the important matters before the council was the appointment of a committee to call a convention to form a separate funeral benefit association, as the death rate in New Jersey is much lower than in other States, and as one arranged, New Jersey is paying more than her share in assessments. The representatives to the national council were instructed to again vote for a change of name to O.U.A. Trenton was chosen as place of next meeting.

The reports of the officers were very flattering, the member-hip having almost doubled during the past year. The following members of Plainfield R. C. officers for the coming year: S. Councilor, S. O. H. Mills, Rahway; S. Vice Councilor, F. G. Sterling, Freehold; S. C. Sec., W. H. Miers, Trenton; S. C. Treas., Jno. Tasenor, Newark; S. C. Warden, George Kox, Phillipsburg; S. C. Inside Sen., W. S. Clarendon, Elizabeth; S. C., Outside, Sen., H. O Horner, Camden; National Representatives, G. W. McFarland, Trenton; Jas. J. Reed, Seabright; A. J. Smith, Newark; Z. G. Butler, Bridgeton. Delegates from this city were in attendance.

Saturdays Races.

Several interesting races occured on the track of the Gentleman's Driving Park Saturday afternoon. The first was between J. H. Fosher's "Frank F." and C. Cal's "Frank S." "Frank S." won. Time 2.30 1-4 and 2.33. Owen Monks drove Mr. Vail's horse and Mr. Nash drove "Frank F."

The next race was between J. H. Fosher's "Ambey," the Woodbridge farm "Doctor" and Charles Cowper's black mare. "Doctor" won the first heat in 2.34 and "Ambey" won the next two in 2.48 and 2.45.

John Hayes' "Andy" and Philip Jenner's, "Blanche Warwick" trotted one heat, "Andy" won. Time 2.43.

Charles Bowers drove Mr. Quinn's, "Kitty Pilot" one mile in 2.49. Mr. Quinn's horse has only been in training about three weeks and Mr Quinn was awarded the blanket and hood, his horse having made the fastest time in the four year old race.

Edward Campbell drove "Idlewood" two heats in 2.46 1-2 and 2.43.

There will be other races next Saturday.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the county clerk's office:

Central New Jersey Land Improvement Co. to Lothrop M. Wilson, of West-field, two tracts of land in Westfield adjoining, containing 6 86-100 of an acre. $300

Frederick F. Gladby, sheriff, to Mary Neighbour, of Plainfield, land on Front street, Plainfield. 4500

Eleanor B. Jones to Jacksion M. Arnold all of Plainfield, land on n s Third street, Plainfield, 2x120..... 1

Emma Fallsbur to the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum of Plainfield, land, corner Fifth and Liberty streets, Plainfield, 64x181..... 3100

Forty Chickens Stolen.

Friday evening some thief or thieves drove up to the farm house of Mr. Dayton Mulck, who resides near the Campbell Club House, and stole about forty of his chickens. They left no clue by which they could be identified. Mr. Mulck and several other farmers have suffered from these depredations and hereafter anybody caught prowling around their premises after dark will be treated to a load of shot.

—Wetumpka Commandery Uniform Rank Knights of Honor will hold a meeting Thursday evening in the Hand building.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

AT IT AGAIN.

The Ocean Racers Leave England.—The Teutonic Leading.

QUEENSTOWN, Ireland, Oct. 21, (Special.)—The Steamship Teutonic passed Brow head to day, two hours ahead of the Inman Line steamer City of New York.

Pretty Rough on Geissenhainer.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 21.—Amos Clark, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Third district, is making it lively for Jacob A. Geissenhainer, his Democratic opponent. Geissenhainer has been declaring that Speaker Reed denied him the privileges of the floor in Congress to present the bill for a public building appropriation for Elizabeth. Mr. Clark wrote to the Speaker and has received a reply. Mr. Clark says that Mr. Reed advises him that he never refused Mr. Geissenhainer any privileges of the floor. Geissenhainer was seldom in his seat, the Speaker adds, and rarely if ever on his feet.

Dillon and O'Brien's Counsel Jailed.

TIPPERARY, Ireland, Oct. 21, (Special.)—Mr. David Sheehy, one of the counsel for Dillon and O'Brien was to-day sentenced to one week's imprisonment for contempt of court.

Died.

COX—In this city Oct. 20, of Membranous Croup, Launcelot A. son of Andrew and Emma Cox, aged 7 years, 8 months, 22 days.

Funeral services from the residence of his parents, 28 West 5th street, to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at half-past one.

MARTIN—In this city, on Sunday, October 19, J. Marc Martin, in the 57th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 125 Park avenue, on Wednesday, October, 22, at 3 p. m. Interment private. 10-21-2*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A HANDY man wants, situation as groom or First-class reference. Address "F. M.," 19 Crescent avenue, or Box 80, Roselle, N. J.

A SECOND-hand counter wanted. Send particulars to H. W. Marshal, proprietor of American Steam Laundry, No. 14 East Front street. 21-2

A 75-LOAD 5 fire manure for sale. W. O. TOMPKINS, 282 Somerset street. 21-6

A FINE large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Cesent church. Excellent table. Inquire at 28 Berries, Address "Home Comfort" care of EVENING NEWS. 15-18t

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Colored preferred. 107 Broadway. 20-2

A RARE BARGAIN—Seven room house on Grove street for sale. Prospective buyers can have a small lot with house "Real Estate," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-4

A LMOST NEW Warwick safety bicycle, for ladies or gentlemen, together with automatic repeating bell, diamond cut glass lantern and nickel guards. $110, worth $149. Address without delay, Geo. W. Morrison, EVENING NEWS office. 15 6

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protudes. Pink eye-lids. Answers to the name of "Bellie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to W. M. Stout, 109 East Front street. No questions asked. 20-3

FOR SALE cheap. Light six-seat German town carriage by one of the best makers, at J. F. Hoosen factory 39 and 31 Somerset street. 21-8

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14 f

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thoms. 10-14f.

FOR SALE—A 50 quart milk route in Plainfield. Will sell to suit purchaser. For particulars address "Route," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-6*

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red Irish setter dog. Also white bull terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 18-4f

TEN DOLLARS reward will be paid for such Charles Cowper's black mare. "Doctor" won the first heat in 2.34 and "Ambey" won the next two in 2.48 and 2.45.

John Hayes' "Andy" and Philip Jenner's, "Blanche Warwick" trotted one heat, "Andy" won. Time 2.43.

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I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 49c.; Colored Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, $1.25; 6-Button Real Undressed Mousquetaire, $1.25; Plush and Astrakhan Capes in endless variety at lowest prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets 98c. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 6-Button Colored Unfinished Mousquetaire, $1.25.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Rooms will cover over 3,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv. on the following terms:—

25c.	Coal Scuttle will be given with each	$3.50 Sale.	
30c.	" " " "	2.50 "	
35c.	" " " "	2.00 "	
40c.	" " " "	1.75 "	
50c.	" " " "	1.50 "	

These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open and covered, Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 500 coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Large assortment of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of stove boards just in, and marked low.

REMEMBER we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 27 East Third street. 16-5-m

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Prof. Segallo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of pupils. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's store, 128 East Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc., address L. P. Segallo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-12*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first 30 days are intended to convey a full enough "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures, in the Berlitz method is in the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For full information of terms, etc., address write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 202. 10-31f

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of Geraniums in bloom. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION! Double barreled breech-loading guns for $8.00 to $15, at Dreier & Newcomb's, 42 West Front s reet. 21-6

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Nicholas H. Heidelloff and John J. Heidelolf, under the firm of N. & J. H. Heidelloff, was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September last by mutual consent. All debts owing to said partnership are to be received by the said John J. Heidelloff, and all demand against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

Dated October 1st, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELOFF.
18-5*

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS and remarque etchings and engravings, picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antique, artists' materials and easels, at Swain's, 22 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-18-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, at low rates to suit the times; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, for sale cheap and desired, at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-30-1y

AMPHION HALL

Grand week of attraction. Commencing

MONDAY, OCTOBER 20th.

Saturday Matinee, 2:30 Sharp. The great

LEONZO BROS.,

Dramatic and Comedy Co., composed wholly of World's Greatest Dramatic Trained Dogs, Tiger, Lion and Panther, and the Great Human Face Dog, SPOT.

Change of bill nightly.

POPULAR PRICES—10, 20 and 30c.

Seats now on sale. 20-3*

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

Goods called for and delivered at very often raised by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call at your door for all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Brandeis' Metal Slate Paint. Water proof and very durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 29 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the East Jersey Tea Co.

Per. W. M., Box 222, City Hotel. 11-13

Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein

Will have their FAIR open

TO-NIGHT

AND

will auction off the goods that are left.

Dancing every Eve. 20-2*

"BIG LOT!"

NEW CARPETS will be opened on a day or two, and in order to "Room" the trade a little we will

MAKE AND LINE FREE!!

for the rest of this month.

No better opportunity to buy Carpets to such good advantage will occur again in years to come.

OUR HOUSE is offering some rare bargains in cheap dress goods.

REMEMBER we sell the better class of goods at about the same price as the poor cheap articles are usually sold for.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP

Trousers from $5 up.

Suits from $18 up.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Custom Tailoring. 43 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.

The largest exclusive custom tailoring establishment in the city.

Dress Suits to Hire.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Thursday, October 23,

WILLIAM GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy.

Greatest of all war dramas. Performed over 300 nights in New York, and 250 nights in London. Strong cast, and car load of special scenery.

PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Tuesday.

LADIES of the FIRST

Unitarian Society

WILL HOLD A

FAIR

At 91 Broadway, corner of Sixth street, on

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, October 29 and 30.

Admission 15c. for adults; children, 5c.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 130 PLAINFIELD AVENUE, EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOWARD, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J., BOX 1.

TELEPHONE CALL, 16.

Texas Steers.

One of the most entertaining as well as instructive papers in the magazines of the month is that on "The Humane of the Texas Steer," by Colonel S. P. Ingalls, of Topeka. It will start new light on a subject of which the American public generally does not know half as much as it thinks it does.

The wild cattle of Texas are descended undoubtedly from the bull fighting stock brought over by the Spaniards on the conquest of Mexico. Thus there are death and murder in the animals by blood. For hundreds of years they foraged for themselves, increased till they were like herds of buffalo for numbers, and became wilder and fiercer with each generation, till they were no more like the domestic cow of the eastern states than a wolf is like a lapdog.

The unadulterated Texas steer on his native heath stood often six feet high at the shoulder. His horns were so huge and branching that a man with his arm extended could not reach them from tip to tip. His body was not heavy in proportion to his weight, however. He was built for speed and fight. He could run a three minute gait without much trouble. In case of the stampede of a herd the mad creatures frequently went seventy or a hundred miles without stopping, and sometimes, Mr. Steele says, they never stopped, at least they were never put together again.

It seems as though bullets will not kill them when they are infuriated. Ball after ball will pass entirely through the body of one of them without checking his career in the least. Only the cowboy, a specimen as unique as the steer itself and almost as untamed, can manage him. The Texas bovine in its original wildness was what Steele calls it—"a cow brute." In this evolution backward not many centuries would have elapsed till the Texas cattle would have become all one color if let entirely alone, and would have assumed the shape and characteristics of the prehistoric bos.

Of the female of this strange creature Mr. Steele writes:

And speaking of the cow, anybody who imagines her to be a gentle and timid creature, after the fashion of females in general, is in imminent risk of making a mistake that a single day may not often result Chicago or Kansas City with her pranks for she is perpetually lean and hungry looking with her well nigh bare sides toward the multiplication of her species. She is never fat from and carried in the capacity of a friend of the human race. Like the wild animals found on this favored continent her wildness is probably the most ineradicable and the most intentional. Lean, wild eyed, hungry looking, in youth a starveling and in age a hag, she is constantly reminding us of the importance only as the necessary mother of all the steers. Wherever the experiment of domestication has been tried with her it has not proved a success.

When the oxen and the "hay steer" have been held up to mankind as prominent examples of skill and industry in them of working, there has been a common mistake. Only the Texas cow can kick something the best off side with her rear foot, and do it with a rapidity that suggests electric action of some kind. And when at last in isolated cases the kick has been subdued from her sneaky wilder, it is not worth the risk. A spurt at a milking would suggest that she never intended to give any more. Texas, with its innumerable cattle, has always been known as the heaven and instructor state, and it is in this connection now that the reason lies. Oxen and domestic comfort have no connection. It is a notion that foreigners may have, but the idea makes a Texas grimly smile.

International Novels.

It is amusing to note the difference between English and American international novels. In the American story some noble English lord falls in love with a beautiful American girl and, marries her, and she goes to the old country as Lady this or Marchioness that, to lead British society. In the English novel, on the other hand, though there is a nobleman, of course, some designing Yankee widow or bold American girl with a nasal twang puts forward all her unlawful arts to capture him. He escapes, however, and invariably marries some sweet English girl who casts her eyes down modestly and carries flannel and mutton broth to the poor. In both cases the young Englishman is the prize to be hooked. On such foundation as this the modern international novel is built. No wonder marriageable Englishmen are conceited out of all reason.

Once more the single rail railway track has appeared; this time with electricity as a motive power. An exhibition track has been erected in St. Louis. We may look forward hopefully to the adoption of such a track for elevated roads sooner or later. The elevated roads will not then be the unmitigated nuisance to foot travelers they now are. The single rail car has one main wheel in the middle. At each side are smaller wheels that fit it to the guide rails on each side of the main rail in the center. One line of posts in the street supports the main rail.

Talk of the amenities of western journalism! The New York Herald gives the late congress a wigging "up hill and down dale," and then makes its particular point as follows: "And none of them is more deserving of contempt than the herd of shouts sent from New York and its environs." One would not have been surprised if the expression "herd of shouts" had occurred in a Chicago paper.

MULLETT'S TRAGIC END.

A Famous Government Architect Tired of Life.

CUBAN SUGAR FOR YANKEE BREAD

The Queen of Antilles Wants Reciprocity; an Ruffy as Secretary Blaine—Her Appeal to Uncle Sam—"You Give Us Bread and We Will Give You Sugar."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—A. B. Mullett, who was supervising architect of the treasury from 1865 until 1873, committed suicide at his home here about 6 o'clock last evening by blowing his brains out with a pistol. Melancholia, with suicidal tendency, is the result of long-continued excesses of late years, coupled with ill health, no doubtedly led up to the rash and fatal act.

The Great Buildings He Designed.

Mr. Mullett was born in England, 58 years ago, came to this country when a boy and was appointed to a clerkship in the supervising architect's office by Secretary Chase in 1862. Subsequently he was promoted to the position of supervising architect, a position he held until 1873, when on account of dislike to Secretary Bristow he resigned.

Mr. Mullett designed the war, state and navy department buildings in Washington, as well as a number of the public buildings in New York, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Portland, Me., and other cities.

Cuba Wants Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—An address and resolutions passed by the Havana chamber of commerce favoring reciprocity with the United States have been received at the state department. The address is to the minister of the colonies and treats of the reform of the Spanish tariff laws. The financial condition of Cuba is referred to as one which is "far from being prosperous and which may become even worse than it now is, if, as possible, the principle of reciprocity is definitely adopted in the tariff of the United States, with which nation our commercial relations are so important, and if the changes made in the tariffs are not such as to correspond with that reform."

Cuba's Greatest Market.

After the Spanish-Cuban customs laws have been reviewed and certain changes in them demanded, it is stated to be the unanimous opinion of the commercial bodies of Cuba that almost all the markets of Europe are closed to Cuba's principal product, sugar, since European countries are also sugar producers; so that, as the facts are constantly proving, the greatest market for Cuban goods is the nation whose ports lie at her very door—the United States. The United States are to day the regulators of the commercial market, just as England is of the money market. The lawmakers of the United States, the address declares, know that by imposing heavy duties upon the manufactured goods of Europe they favor the development of their own industries, compel the well to do classes to pay indirect taxes, and that they have no cause to fear reprisals, as European nations have to fear them from each other, because such reprisals would have to apply to cereals, meats, petroleum, etc., which are the very articles that those nations absolutely require.

Sugar for Bread.

"Your excellency," the address adds, "has a proof of this indisputable truth in Spain itself, which is par excellence a wheat producing country, and which, in spite of that fact, is obliged to make good the deficiency of its own wheat crop by importations from the United States. The question is resolved to a proposition to the United States like this: 'Do give us bread and we will give you sugar.'"

The address urges upon the minister of colonies the importance of promptly meeting the situation by a reciprocity treaty with the United States. Especially is this urged to keep abreast of Brazil, which is prompt to take advantage of the opening for a market in the United States.

The Silver Production Increasing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—E. O. Leech, the director of the mint, has returned from a visit to a number of mines in the west. Speaking of his trip, he says: "As to the prospects of silver mining and the current production of our mines, I should say that the silver product of the United States is increasing, certainly there is great activity in all the mining camps which I visited, and when one considers that only a short time ago they were yielding only silver ents an ounce for silver and three and three-quarter cents for lead, while today silver is worth $1.10 an ounce and lead six cents per pound, it is not surprising that there should be great activity in mining industries and that the output should be increased."

The Thirty-third Degree Men Meet.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The supreme council of the thirty-third degree of the Ancient Scottish Rite of Free Masonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States, styled the Mother Supreme Council of the World, convened a regular biennial session at noon at the house of the Temple, Sixteenth Third and K streets. The allocution of the grand commander, Gen. Albert Pike, who presided, was read.

At the evening session the Royal Order of Scotland was conferred on a number of prominent Masons, including among others, Rev. Canon Carmichael and Hon. Henry Shoukdell.

The Poughkeepsie Company Defeated.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The interstate commerce commission has decided the case of the Pittsburg Iron company, complainant, against the Boston and Albany Railroad company, the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company and the Connecticut River Railroad company, defendants, involving relative rates on pig iron from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and Youngstown and Cleveland, O., to New England points, and also relative rates from furnaces at Poughkeepsie and other places in New York to New England points. The decision is in favor of the defendants.

Gen. Littlefield Gets Bail.

New York, Oct. 21.—Gen. Milton S. Littlefield, who has been confined in the Tombs since last week, has just procured bail, Mrs. Henrietta E. Talcott going on his bond of $7,500. He was charged with obtaining money under false pretenses from Mrs. Stephani.

Birchall's Brother Pleads for Him.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 21.—Oswald Birchall, a brother of the condemned prisoner confined at Woodstock jail, has written from England praying for clemency for his brother. He adds that he thinks his brother is not guilty of murder, but admits his rascality.

RAILROADERS IN CONVENTION.

The National Brotherhood of Trainmen in Session at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 21.—The seventh annual convention of the National Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, which numbers a large majority of the railroads in the United States being represented, Grand Master Wilkinson, of Galesburg, Ills., is in session. In addressing the delegates upon the present prosperous condition of the brotherhood. The annual report of W. F. Sheehan, the grand secretary and treasurer, shows an increase in the membership of the organization of 300 during the last year, its present strength being now 14,087. Nine lodges were organized during the year 62 new lodges, making a total of 367 now in existence. The organization has been steadily enlarging its field of work, and now embraces all the states in the Union and territories, as well as Canada, Ireland and Sweden.

Two hundred and seventy-five disability and death claims were paid, a total of nearly $275,000 have been paid during the year. Of the total claims, over 200 resulted from railroad accidents. Particular stress is laid upon the fact that 100 of the deaths resulted from the coupler now in use and that the remainder of the accidents were almost entirely traceable to the fact that the post of duty of the brakeman is on the top of the cars. The report of the grand secretary will deal at length with the recent conference of the Federation of Railroad Employes to consider the strike on the New York Central, and will justify the decision arrived at in favor of non-interference. The convention will be in session over a week, and the delegates will be handsomely entertained during their stay.

A New Party in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 21.—Delegates from labor organizations in this state met here to form the Industrial Reform party. Resolutions were adopted favoring the abolition of the present system of indirect taxation, and demanding the Australian system of voting, a shorter working day, abolition of contract labor, a national bankruptcy law, and government control of railroads, telegraphs and telephones. An attempt made by seven Democrats to postpone until another year the nomination of a state ticket failed, and the following nominations were made: For governor, Henry C. Baldwin, of Naugatuck; lieutenant governor, Edward A. Saunders, of Hartford; secretary of state, H. H. Lane, of New Haven; comptroller, George C. Sheldon, of Belvedeld; treasurer, Charles Cushing, of New London.

GOVERNOR CAMPBELL INSULTED.

The Ohio House Refuses to Receive His Special Message and Adjourns.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 21.—A sensational scene was presented in the Cincinnati muddle in the legislature last evening. It became noised about that Governor Campbell had a special message to send to the house, and it would suggest that Mosby the Republican mayor of Cincinnati, be the appointing power of the proposed board of improvements and an election be held in April.

The session of the house was well attended. Shortly after the speaker of the house took his position at the head of the aisle, facing the speaker, and in charge of the sergeant-at-arms, Moore stood for about fifteen minutes awaiting recognition. Speaker Hysell had been informed that the governor had a message to communicate. When the routine business had been disposed of Democratic leader Poorman, made a motion for the postponement of the compromise bill, and this was immediately followed by Robinson with a motion to adjourn, which, although defeated was declared carried by the speaker.

All three of those who took part in the scheme have been opposed to Campbell in his proposed legislation. The affair created a sensation, and was at once recognized by Democrats and Republicans alike as an insult to the governor. Governor Campbell was immediately informed of what had happened, and was greatly incensed that any member who pretended to be the Democratic leaders of the house. He feels the insult deeply, and declares that he will hold no further communication with the legislature unless they send a committee to him.

The legislature does not seem any nearer a solution than when they convened. It is evident that Governor Campbell will not accomplish anything in the line of his original message and will not be able to secure legislation which will result in the abolishment of the present board of improvements of Cincinnati and the restoration of home rule, which was his position. It is announced that Senator-elect Rex will come here for the purpose of bringing order out of chaos.

Severe Sentence of a Priest.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 21.—A special to The Times from Dunkinson, O., says: Judge Nichols, of common pleas court, sentenced the Rev. E. Hennessy, the Catholic priest of this place, charged with assault and battery on Miss Emma McGraw and her father, to $50 and costs on each count, and for the first assault ninety days in the county jail besides. The court pronounced it the most aggravated case of assault he ever heard of, attacking a weak looking woman because she harbored his sister with whom he was angry.

Baltimore Wants a Recount, Too.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21.—The dissatisfaction that has been manifest here since the United States enumerators made their returns has culminated in an order for a recount by the police of the city's population. The citizens generally complained so loudly that Mayor Davidson laid the matter of a recount before the police board, and it has been decided that an enumeration will be taken by the police in November. It is not doubted that a careful recount will show a population of at least 470,000

Dr. John Boynton Dead.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Dr. John Farnham Boynton died Oct. 20, aged 79 years. He was one of the first of the popular lecturers on scientific subjects. He delivered a course of lectures several years ago in New York. He was a forty-niner from this city, and while in California was employed by the government to raise a sunken vessel in the San Francisco harbor. He has patented thirty important and successful inventions.

They Will Chastise the Natives.

ZANZIBAR, Oct. 21.—The flagship Boadicea, of the British fleet, with Vice Admiral Fremantle on board, has left this port for Vitu, where the warship will cooperate with the German forces in chastising the natives who were engaged in the recent massacre of Germans at that place.

A Big St. Louis Fire.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—Frank Brothers' retail dry goods house, one of the largest in this city, was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss on stock, $200,000; on building, $100,000. Covered by insurance.

NINE SAILORS DROWNED.

Fleeing from Fire They Find a Watery Grave.

LOST WHEN RESCUE WAS NEAR.

The Propeller Annie Young Burned and Sunk in Lake Huron—Names of the Dead—The Remainder of the Crew Rescued by a Passing Steamer.

PORT HURON, Mich., Oct. 21.—The propeller Annie Young was burned and sunk about ten miles north of here Monday and nine lives were lost. The following is a list of the dead men as obtained from Capt. Miller:

G. Cooly, watchman, of Collingwood, Ont.

J. Crosby, fireman, of St. Catherines, Ont.

J. Donnelly, lookout, of Erie, Pa.

J. Gallagher, watchman, of Prescott, Ont.

George McManus, deckhand, of Port Huron.

Charles Reardon, wheelman, of Prescott, Ont.

Three deckhands, names and residence unknown.

Fire Was Discovered.

A stiff gale from the northwest blew all day and stirred up a heavy sea in Lake Huron. The Lake Superior Transit company's propeller Annie Young left her wharf at 7 o'clock bound up.

Shortly after 9 o'clock, when about twelve miles out, Chief Engineer William Neon discovered fire among the package freight just ahead of the boiler room on the main deck. The crew went to work at once to subdue the fire, but the stiff north wind fanned the flames into great fury and it was soon seen that it would be impossible to control it. The flames soon covered the entire back portion of the vessel above the main deck, and cut off communication from all that portion.

Nine Were Drowned.

This boat was lowered, and nine of the crew put off. They were unable to weather the heavy seas, however, the craft soon capsized and the nine men were drowned in full view of their shipmates aboard the burning steamer, who were unable to do anything to save them.

At this juncture the steam barge Edward Smith, with two barges, came in sight. The Smith left her barges to take care of themselves, and bore down to the Young. The sea was so heavy that it was difficult to reach the doomed vessel, but after three attempts the remainder of the crew were taken off safely, some of them, however, being severely scorched.

Sunk in the Lake.

The Young drifted down the lake before the gale, and finally sank about six miles from the river in thirty-six feet of water. The captain remained in the vicinity of the wreck until dark in hopes of recovering some of the bodies, but finally returned to this city.

The Young was commanded by Capt. H. O. Miller, of Ogdensburg. She was owned by the Lake Superior Transit company of Buffalo, and was used as a freight boat running between Buffalo and Duluth. She was built in 1869 at Detroit, was rated by the Inland Lloyds as A2 and valued at $30,000. The captain does not know how the fire started, but finds a great headway when discovered by the engineer.

Governor Hill Off for Ohio.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Governor Hill passed through here on his way to Ohio. At the depot a crowd of several hundred citizens assembled to greet him. He was introduced by Mayor Goodwin, and made a short speech from the platform of the car. He urged his Democratic friends to secure the organization of a Democratic assembly, and predicted that the Democrats could be successful in obtaining a majority in the next congress.

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

IT WAS MARKED "SUICIDE."

A Girl's Corpse Taken from a Coffin Shows Signs of Returning Animation.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 21.—A box bearing a weird label was delivered at New Holland, a little village twelve miles from Lancaster, on Oct. 19. It came by express from Mount Vernon, O., and was addressed to Mrs. Caroline Seidel.

It was a large box and bore the startling inscription, "Suicide." The lid was hastily removed and revealed what seemed to be the corpse of Helen Seidel, aged 20.

Drs. Buskirk and Kohler were at once summoned, and the mother asked that a post-mortem examination be held. But as the physicians were assisting in lifting the body from its strange resting place they noticed that no rigidity was apparent—not a sign of decomposition.

The muscles were relaxed, as of one in a deep sleep. The cheeks were warm and a slight flush appeared on the cheeks. Restoratives were applied, but to no avail. The coroner was notified of the strange case and are doing their utmost to solve the mystery.

Train Wreckers in Connecticut.

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 21.—Two attempts were made last night to wreck trains on the Norwich and Worcester railroad near Alexander in the town of Killingly. A large rock was put on the track in front of the freight which is due here at 7:20 p. m. The locomotive struck it and knocked it from the track. The train was stopped and the engineer went back to find the obstruction, and when returning to his train was surprised to find that a tie had been laid on the track by the villians in hope of wrecking the passenger train due in this city at 7:37. This obstruction was removed, but the villains who did the work were not captured.

O'Brien on the American Split.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Mr. O'Brien was interviewed, and said that he attached no importance to the reports of contentions said to disturb the Irish societies in the United States. Mr. O'Brien remarked that such reports were always rife just before the setting out of an Irish mission to that country. Members of the delegation, he said, would take no part in rivalries of any kind; they went as the representatives of Mr. Parnell and the entire party in Ireland, and he felt certain they would have the support of the Irishmen in America, and that of the whole American people.

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FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING and TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros., Dunsmore. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Berry, Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

Finest Music played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing especially Right.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, TOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

20 Park avenue.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

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DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

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We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

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PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

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Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

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Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

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The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

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FRANK LINKE,

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Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER;

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 6 West Front street, 119 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New Providence township line, two squares west of No. 3 R. R. Calls answered day or night.

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ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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26 WEST FRONT STREET,

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FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

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Hardwood work a Specialty

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New and Second Hand BOOKS

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Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

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MR. GLADSTONE AMAZED

A Remarkable Ovation to the Grand Old Man.

FRENCH CHAMBER IN SESSION.

A New Tariff Bill Introduced Which Will Act in a Retaliatory Measure Against America—The Boulangists Again Set Upon "Darkest England."

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Mr. Gladstone's journey from Hawarden to Edinburgh has been a triumphal tour. The popular demonstrations at every place where an opportunity to see him was afforded were so remarkable as to draw expressions of surprise from the grand old man himself, accustomed as he is to crowds and applause. Much of this enthusiasm, no doubt, is evoked by admiration for Mr. Gladstone's personal qualities and the desire to do homage to a great Englishman soon, in course of nature, to pass away; yet the Liberals are confident that it also indicates an increased popularity of the political platform which their leader represents. Mr. Gladstone daily spoke in address today. He spoke in the Corn Exchange, which was packed with 4,000 people.

Granville and the McKinley Bill.

Lord Granville, speaking at Newcastle, said the Conservatives pretended to be confident of the result of an appeal to the country, yet they were delaying the dissolution of parliament as long as possible. He thought the McKinley tariff would injure the United States more than it would England. In discussing Irish affairs, the speaker strongly condemned the system of police shadowing.

Morley Scores Balfour.

Mr. John Morley also spoke at Newcastle and replied to Mr. Balfour's recent attacks upon him. He said that Mr. Balfour's arguments were full of misrepresentations and irrelevancies. The statement that he (Mr. Morley) had spent only five days in Ireland during his term as chief secretary for Ireland would not have been a bad joke if true, but as a matter of fact it was absolutely untrue.

He said that he was prejudiced against the police, but reiterated his statement that the police had used excessive force at Tipperary. It was not the bodily injury—which, as Mr. Balfour said, could be remended by a little sticking plaster—but it was the sting and insult of the treatment that inflamed the people. He declined in reply to Mr. Balfour's invitation to express an opinion as to the innocence or guilt of the Tipperary prisoners. He would form no decision on any case's guilt until the accused had had a fair trial.

The French Chamber Meets.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The chamber of deputies yesterday resumed its sessions. The bill of M. de Freycinet, minister of war, relative to the punishment of spies and previding for the calling out of the families of soldiers in the event of a mobilization of the military forces of the country was also submitted to the chamber. The presentation of both measures was greeted with applause.

No War with Dahomey.

M. Etienne, undersecretary for the colonies, denied that war had been declared with Dahomey. The naval expedition which had been sent to that country had simply defended French subjects against aggressions. He moved that the chamber proceed to the order of the day, and the motion was carried, thus sustaining the government's action.

Boulangists Again Squelched.

M. Gusset (Boulangist) demanded that legal action be taken against Boulangists accused of plotting in order to throw light upon the recently published charges. M. Constans, minister of the interior, replied that in view of the fact that Gen. Boulanger had already been officially condemned it was unnecessary to prosecute him or his followers unless a new attempt against the state should be made. M. Deroude made a violent attack upon the ministerial policy. The order of the day was finally adopted, again closing the debate.

Tariff Retaliation.

Mr. Roche introduced a new tariff. It provides for a maximum rate of duties applicable to goods from nations not conceding commercial advantages to France, and a minimum rate to be reserved for countries consenting to customs regulations beneficial to French trade. Agricultural products figuring exclusively in the maximum tariff will not be considered in any arrangement made with other nations. The bill provides for the exemption from duty of raw materials indispensable for the important French manufacturers, such as raw silks, wools, hides and cotton.

Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien witnessed the debate in the chamber of deputies. The president, on observing their presence, assigned them seats in the hall.

"Darkest England."

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The press comment at great length upon the plan outlined by Salvation Army General Booth in his book, "Darkest England and the Way Out of It," for the relief of the miserable poor of England. The opinion is generally favorable to a trial of the scheme. The least encouraging article on the subject is that of The Times, and even this is only mildly in opposition. The book has made a profound impression upon all classes, and to many it is a revelation of a condition of affairs undreamed of by them. No one can read the work without feeling an uncomfortable sense of impending disaster, and it is perhaps this which leads nearly every one to cry out to Gen. Booth in effect, "Go ahead and try your plan, and we will do all we can to help you."

Gen. Booth's Plan.

The suggestion of the author is, in brief, the establishment of houses of refuge all over the kingdom, and the organization of volunteer bands to seek out and rescue the unfortunate, and minister to their minds and bodies until employment is found. There are many ingenious details in the scheme, which could only have been devised by a man thoroughly experienced in the needs of the poor, and whose whole heart was in the cause.

He Got a "Scotch Verdict."

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The trial of Stephen Holmes, alias Stephen Smith, the American who was charged with stealing jewels belonging to the Duke of Edinburgh while the duke was in Edinburgh conducting the opening of the electrical exhibition in May last, resulted in a verdict of "not proven."

Explorer Stanley's Plan.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Mr. Henry M. Stanley writes to The Times appealing for public subscriptions to make up the remaining £15,500 of the £25,000 required to build the mission steamer for Lake Nyanza. He contrasts English apathy with German activity in the same direction.

A DARING ROBBERY.

Watchman Devers Overpowered and Safe Taken from the Bank.

NELSONVILLE, Pa., Oct. 21.—A most daring robbery was committed early yesterday morning, when the office of Wesley & Co. was entered, the watchman, John Devers, gagged, bound hand and foot, the safe blown open and $2,000 and a lot of valuable papers taken. When Henry Wesley, a member of the firm, reached the office he found Devers prostrate on the floor, bound hand and foot and almost dead.

An alarm was given and the fine copper wire used to fasten Dever's hands and feet was removed. It had been so tightly wrapped about his ankles and wrists as to cut deep into the flesh, inflicting ugly wounds. A large red handkerchief served as a gag. Devers tells the following story: "Exactly six thirteen minutes to 1 I heard a tap at the door and said, 'Is that you, Mr. Wesley?'

"'Yes, John. Open the door,'" was the quick response.

"On opening the door I was struck a terrible blow with what appeared to be a sandbag and knocked down. When I recovered my senses I found a hand and foot on the floor and unable to speak a word. Standing over me with a pistol pointed at my head was a tall man with his face covered. Two others were vigorously working away at the safe, which was soon blown open and rifled. The window shades were all pulled down and the lamp I was using replaced by a dark lantern. I was suffering great pain from my ankles and wrists, and fought desperately to release myself until completely exhausted."

Mr. Wesley does not hesitate to say he was shadowed by the burglars, who certainly heard his admonition to Devers to be very careful that night on account of the unusual amount of money in the safe. Devers is a big, burly Irishman, six feet tall, weighs 185 pounds and would have held his own with the burglars if a chance was given him. There have been a number of other daring robberies here recently, which indicate the presence of a gang of professionals.

A Big Express Deal.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 21.—The Daily Journal prints the following: A rumor has reached Milwaukee, founded upon the best of authority, which, if correct, means the most gigantic express deal that has ever occurred in this country, and means the consolidation of the United States and the Adams express companies. For some time quiet rumors have been circulated around among the officers and general agents of the Adams and the United States express companies to the west that negotiations have been pending looking to a complete consolidation of the two corporations. The rumored consolidation is to be in the nature of a merging of the United States into the Adams by the transfer of stock, much as the St. Paul company bought the Milwaukee and Northern railroad.

Annual Meeting of the Champions.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—The annual meeting of the Boston Players' League club was held, President Prince presiding. Treasurer Long presented a report of the club's standing, in which while not making a detailed statement, he said that the financial condition of the club was highly satisfactory to those concerned. The meeting was harmonious throughout, the subject of amalgamation or compromise with any other league not even being broached. The following directors were chosen (representing the stockholders): John C. Haynes, Arthur Dixwell, C. A. Prince and T. Daly; representing the players—A. G. Spalding, W. Nash, A. H. Richardson and M. J. Kelly. Arthur Irwin was chosen treasurer and J. B. Hart secretary.

Shot by Her Lover.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Oct. 21.—Mary Denizell, aged 22 years, was shot and instantly killed here by Ramon Lopez. Lopez had been bothering the girl with his attentions for some time past, and had made threats of violence against her. He went to her father's residence and called her out to the gate. She refused to have anything to do with him, when he drew a revolver and shot her through the body. She died almost instantly. Lopez then shot at himself twice without effect, and shortly afterward an officer came up and Lopez fired three shots at him without hitting him. Lopez was arrested and locked up. He was taken to Ventura for safe keeping, as threats of lynching were made.

Minister Phelps' Daughters Engaged.

BERLIN, Oct. 21.—It is announced that the eldest daughter of United States Minister Phelps is engaged to be married to Lieut. von Reutter, and that the youngest daughter is engaged to Baron Witzleben. Both gentlemen are officers in the Imperial guards.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

Afull line of Pail and Wisp brush on hand Horse Blankets and Robes

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Points.

George M. Baker, the well known writer of plays for amateurs, formerly with the publishing house of Lee & Shepard, Boston, died at his home in Barnstable, Mass. He was 58 years of age.

At Winchendon, Mass., the wooden ware shop of Orlando Mason was burned. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $12,000.

William Phelps Chilcott United States shipping commissioner for Bath, Me., dropped dead of heart disease. He was 58 years of age.

Capt. Richard Burton, famous as a soldier, explorer, linguist and author, is dead at the age of 64 years.

A suit has been brought in the United States circuit court by William Pierce, who treasured and dramatized Alexander Dumas' work, known as "The Clemenceau Case," against the Pollard Publishing company for infringement of copyright. Pierce claims the firm is publishing the book under the same name and selling it at half price. The company will have to show cause why it should not be enjoined from publishing the work.

Peter Lampman, aged 83 years, a mail carrier and old soldier, stepped in front of a light engine on the New York Central railroad at St. Johnsville, N. Y., and was instantly killed.

Professor Galbraith, the prominent naturalist, is dead.

Hon. Charles Foster was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Twenty-first Pennsylvania district. Ex-Sheriff Guffey was nominated some time ago, but declined to run.

At the twelfth annual reunion of the veterans of the Fifth New York heavy artillery the following named officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Col. John H. Graham, of New York; vice presidents, Capt. Henry L. Smith, of New York; W. W. Hanna, of Philadelphia, and Thomas G. Seabrook, of Bainbridge, N. Y.; chaplain, Rev. W. A. Barnes, of Connellsville, Pa.; secretary and treasurer, Lieut. Joseph H. Barker.

Isaiah S. Emery, of Rochester, N. Y., labor candidate for congress, committed suicide by taking chloroform and opening an artery in his wrist.

Charles Lowtrop, aged 77, heretofore much respected at Harvard, Ills., is charged with embezzling $25,000 of money belonging to his friends.

Jack Dempsey has signed articles of agreement to fight Bob Fitzsimmons for a purse and the middle weight championship of the world before the Olympia club in New Orleans about the middle of December. A telegram from Dempsey says the articles are on the way by mail.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stable to be rented wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of reference. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Organist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15th. Studio at residence, 53 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a new and superior method of singing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of Giovanni Lyng. Will also receive pupils in the art of painting. Studio at 78 East Fifth street. 9 3 2w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Viskniski, gives lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 22d. Mrs. Anderson refers as to others, to Professors Stoffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Lincoln Colchank, of the Lyrae School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, September 17th, 1890. In each department of instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting reading with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenic daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 2 2m

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For circulars address Miss E. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-16 2m

RODMAN SEMINARY. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 15th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DUNNE, Principal. 8-15-2w

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Hedges' School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 15, 1890.

This Date in History—Oct. 21.

1805—Death of Admiral the Great, Viscount of Van Tromp, who took two flags with him out of the Downs.

1834—Birth of Samuel Taylor Coleridge, poet and essayist; died 1884.

1837—Death of Samuel Pratt, humorous writer; born 1749.

1858—Birth of George Chapin, philanthropist; died 1886.

1805—Battle of Trafalgar; Lord Nelson, commanding the English fleet, defeated the French and Spanish, destroying 18 ships of the line and 7 frigates; he here made his famous signal, "England expects every man to do his duty," and fell mortally wounded.

1833—Death of John Philpot Curran, celebrated Irish orator and statesman; born 1750.

1858—Battle of Salt Run; Federals defeated and Gen. Baker killed near Leesburg, Va.

1860—Cannon received to the Chinese.

1866—Treaty of Peace signed between Prussia and Saxony.

1886—Sir William Armstrong's 100 ton gun for coast defense tested successfully at Spezzia; 5,000 pounds shot and 380 pounds powder.

1887—H. M. Stanley arrived at Cape Town after surveying Emin Pasha's province for New York Herald and London Telegraph.

—In London (Capt. Magee Reid died, aged 58.

—Dr. Philippe Ricord, celebrated surgeon, died at Paris.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Root Corn Killer or Bunion Cure. Prevents Sore or Soft Corns or Bunions in future. Applied in a moment. Makes walking a pleasure. Stops all pain. Ends all trouble. 15c. at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. Scatter-Corn Co., Newark, N. J.

Winter Is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 37c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests at 5 pants, 75c. Ladies' all-wool vests and pants, 85c. Men's heavy shirts and drawers, 50c. Men's ecru-ch-wool shirts and drawers, 75c. Men's natural-wool shirts and drawers, 87. Men's scarlet-wool shirts and drawers, 75c and 87. Ch ldren's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c. Children's natural-wool Vests and Drawers, 1- in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c. Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 35c; 18 in., 39c; 20 in., 45c. Full size quilts, 69 and 89c. Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, 61, 81.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50. Hare Capes, $6.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE BEGINNING OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7.00 a. m. to meet 7.55 a. m. train. Route—Hillside and Broadway, Broadway to 8th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.55 a. m. train
3d do	9.30	do	9.55 do
4th do	10.30	do	10.57 do
5th do	11.30	do	12.01 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.59 p.m. do
7th do	1.45	do	2.55 p. m.
8th do	2.45	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	3.45	do	4.55 p. m. train.
10th do	5.45	do	6.55 do
11th do	6.45	do	7.55 do
12th do	8.45	do	9.55 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer street para. North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will also return from depot over all over routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for Funerals, Weddings and Parties. Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses either to ride or drive. Terms reasonable. For private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call 12. 1-27

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Peter Weaver, would inform the customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put their prices down to the lowest possible figure consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 19 AND 19 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices combined with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine State Pure Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Stages will leave in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a good service.

Have stables will be established as nearly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Second street to Watchung avenue. Beyond the borough limits you extend.

Connect with the 6:25, 7:30 and 8:37 express trains for New York. On the half past 12 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street, where they will connect with New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 5 p. m.

Leave corner Second and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—8.45 a. m., 2.35, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 12.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12.01, 1.00, 2.45, 4.00, 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 9.30, 8.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.38, 10.05, 11.05, 12.00, 1.10, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Sunday, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Sunday, 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 2.45, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 2.45, 8. m.; 5.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

2.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

9.30 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

10.30 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

11.30 a. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

12.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

2.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre.

For D. L. & W. R. R. Scranton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Reading, Harrisburg, 1.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre, Allentown, 4.00, p. m. For Flemington, 6.00 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, 8.00 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Scranton and Wilkesbarre. 9.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 7.55, 11.00, a. m. 12.30, 1.30 p. m. for Bound Brook, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, 1.30 p.m. For Perth Amboy 7.37, 7.55, 11.00 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 4.00, 5.35, 7.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m. 1.00 p. m.

For Atlantic City 1.30 p. m. 1.00 p. m. For Freehold 7.37, 8.00, 10.05, a. m. 1.00, 3.57 5.30, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 4.45 8.07 a.m. 1.05, 3.00 p. m. Sunday 1.37 a. m. 4.45 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 2.05, 7.30, 4.05, 5.34, 6.51 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 2.05, 7.30 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 5.34 p. m. Sundays at 1.37 2.05 a. m. 4.05 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass. Agt. C. HALDEMAN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Broadway

Builders Cards.

HERRMANN & PETERSON, Stair Builders, and hard wood mantle makers. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield. P. O. Box 1344.

J. HERRMANN, J. PETERSON, 8 Regent street. 10-10 y

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Park and Front streets. Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 813

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens P. O. Box 1028. Jobbing attended to. Rid ding on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

G. R Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 59 Madison avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 481.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM, C. E. City Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 9 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds, Affidavits, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Attorney at Law, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Insurance and Trust Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Enough has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Penny Goods Store.

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

BOWLSBY'S, No. 9 Somerset street. Walnut bureau and writing desk.—Bargains.

Miscellaneous Cards.

A. BEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS. In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN, NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 21 1-2 West Front street, ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

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DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

49 North avenue.

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REAL ESTATE

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No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

40 WEST FRONT STREET, Next the Leding's Hotel.

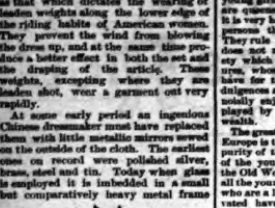
CHINESE EMBROIDERY.

It Possesses Some Features That Are Peculiar to American Eyes.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

There are some features of the embroiderer's art as pursued in China and Japan which are very singular to American eyes. The oddest of all is the fastening of little mirrors at different points upon the surface, but more especially around the edge of the garment. The primary idea of these little mirrors appears to have been the same as that which dictates the wearing of leaden weights along the lower edge of the riding habits of American women. They prevent the wind from blowing the dress up, and at the same time produce a better effect in both the set and the draping of the article. These weights, excepting where they are leaden shot, wear a garment out very rapidly.

At some early period an ingenious Chinese dressmaker must have replaced them with little metallic mirrors sewed on the outside of the cloth. The earliest ones on record were polished silver, brass, steel and tin. Today when glass is employed it is imbedded in a small but comparatively heavy metal frame



SPECIMEN OF CHINESE EMBROIDERY.

and backing. These little mirrors are cut in many shapes, triangles, lozenges, circles, hearts, clover leaves and hexagons being among the more popular. In a few cases where they are made to order they are cut into designs and even idiographic characters.

A commonger pattern imitates an animal's eye. The iris is black and follows nature in its shape, varying from a mere slit to a perfect circle. The cornea is tinted according to the artist's fancy, and also according to certain conventional rules of Mongolian art. Thus the eye of a good natured dragon is of a light uranium green; of an imperial dragon bright gold, while that of a destructive or deadly one is a gloomy red.

One distinction will appear much more in the nations of our race than to the blondes. Human eyes are always brown. To the oriental mind blue, gray and green orbs are those of the great carnivorous animals, and brown and black those of humanity; deer, antelopes, cows and the higher and more lovable members of the brute creation.

The size of an eye in embroidery depends upon that of the figure to which it belongs. The largest dragons used on wearing apparel are about two feet long, and are supplied with eyes three-fourths of an inch in diameter. A fairy or geni, seven inches in height, glares with orbs a quarter of an inch wide. The same proportion of size prevails in the scale down to fishes, birds and butterflies. The reason of this conventional rule is that the eye is believed to be the measure of both intelligence and beauty.

The effect of both the eyes and the mirrors is very brilliant, especially when inset in silver, either burnished or oxidized. Now and then, where European influences have been at work, settings are used of gilt and even gold. These, however, are very rare.

The little glasses are applied directly to the cloth, except when they are placed on the edges of a garment or standard. They are then firmly attached to a heavy silk braid of the strongest and most durable make. The extent to which this kind of decoration goes may be estimated from one robe, of which the artist has taken a sketch, on which we find there are 400 mirrors and eyes, and on whose edges are 300 more.

Another feature of oriental embroidery is that in applying bullion to a woven tissue it is not done in the form of a minute that braid which is laid upon the cloth and sewed through and through.

These is such an enormous amount of labor bestowed upon oriental wearing apparel in the ornamentation that it may be questioned if Americans will ever adopt their styles. The time, toil and expense involved are costly enough in the lands where the two first items are a drug in the market. Here they would increase the cost of production tenfold.

Nevertheless these robes and other garments may serve a good purpose in showing the comfort, beauty and above all the richness of woman's wear in the East. Although much of it is unsuited to our climate and habits of life, yet a goodly portion might be adopted with benefit and pleasure by the women of our own land. EDNA SANDFORD.

Peppered Macaroni.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Boil macaroni in salted boiling water only until it is tender, then drain it, wash it in cold water and drain it again, and heat it with a sauce made as follows: Use the mushrooms called cepes or boleti, either fresh or canned; if they can be obtained the canned mushrooms make a fairly good sauce. Peel and slice a large Spanish onion, put it over the fire in a frying pan with an ounce of butter and begin to brown it; slice the boleti and add them, and when both are light brown stir in a heaping tablespoonful of dry flour; if as this browns all the butter is absorbed add more until the color of all these ingredients is a light, equal brown; then gradually stir in either cold broth or gravy, or enough boiling water to form a good gravy; as this boils up season it with salt and very highly with cayenne or pepper essence, as much as the dish of macaroni will receive without distressing the palate. Drain it, heat it in the sauce and serve it hot.

JULIET CORSON.

OUR GIRLS IN EUROPE.

HOW THEY DIFFER FROM FRENCH AND ENGLISH MAIDENS.

The Character of the American Girl Abroad, Her Life in France, and How She Adapts Herself to Her Surroundings. Her Sphere in England.

Certainly our daughters cannot pretend to reign in France and in Europe as the young girls reign in America. There they are queens, or sometimes more, though it is very hard to apply so much bewitching among the words "merciless tyrants." They rule in the family, and the family does not rule them; they rule in the society which gratifies around their pleasures, whose laws, customs and liberties have for them exclusive protections, indulgences and favors. And all this they enjoy with the same ardor displayed by their fathers in the pursuit of wealth.

The great charm of the American girl in Europe is that she combines at once the purity of the young girl and the coquetry of the young married woman. Thus in the Old World she is certain of attracting all the young men who have abused life, who are a little blase and who to be captivated have need of what they call demonstrative.

The young American girl in France, even though she should reside there a long time, still remains a peculiar being, disturbing the men and a source of uneasiness to the women. Once married she immediately lays aside her eccentricities. There are no young American married women—that is to say, nothing in the manner of an American who has become madame distinguishes her from another madame.

HER PLACE IN FRANCE.

The young French girl finds liberty in marriage; the young American girl loses it. Our daughters detach themselves from a family in marrying; the Americans enter one. They are suddenly surrounded by a circle, by proprieties, by worldly customs, by social duties, by the exigencies of conjugal fidelity, by the duty of defending a reputation which has become common property—all serious things which transform their character, their manner of being, and gradually efface from their souls the likeness of their surroundings. Two or three years after her marriage the American in France is a woman of the world, and if she could lose her accent nothing would distinguish her from her new circle.

Doubtless formerly she commanded and was obeyed, but how far she was from occupying the position which she occupies in France! True, she did not yield to respect, but in return she did not inspire it. She had more personal initiative, but she did not govern others; she tormented her mother, and perhaps led her, but the men of her family did not deferentially ask her counsel.

Her husband in America would seek her advice for nothing. She might be a favored companion in conjugal life; she would not be, as in France, the wife, the friend who shares all the projects of the husband, is associated in all his acts, and makes of conjugal life the noble life in common.

And her children—how they are much more her own; how she rules their education; how much longer they belong to her! It is when married, in France, that she is best assimilated to her surroundings, and it is then that with us she is most happy.

HOW SHE ACTS IN ENGLAND.

In England the young American girls come in much larger numbers, not because they are drawn thither by any affinity of race, for there is often less analogy of character between two sisters than between two strangers, but because English girls have almost their equal. The French first resistance is already overcome; the marriageable men do not perform such an eccentric thing as introducing into their families as a fiancee a young miss accustomed to independence. Therefore the American girl married in England remains more American than in France.

She has to make no efforts to lead her mother-in-law, sisters-in-law and cousins by marriage to accept her ways, her habits contracted in girlhood. Fault may be found with her education, but the method of this education will not be discussed. Not having to become otherwise she remains herself, yielding only to what she accepts in English society or to that which she finds advantageous to her position or her person.

In Italy, in Rome, in Florence, in Venice she remains unchanged. The one who marries her accepts her with all her ways. She imposes these, almost colonizes them in her circle. Everything is a l'Americaine—the mode of living, of keeping house, the immoderate luxury, the tone, the bearing. Italian society, having become cosmopolitan, accepts her as she is, and even at court the place given her is more American than Italian.

That which is striking in American girls, and which induces French, English and Italian noblemen to marry them, is that they never look like shopkeepers' daughters. They sometimes have unbearable, shocking ways, but they never have vulgar. They may be charged with what we call in France aires de coquettes, but not one of them looks like a tradeswoman, though they are mostly the daughters of manufacturers.

The American girl has the science of pleasing which captivates even the Old World Don Juans unawares. She seems to us exceptionally intelligent, putting forth all her intelligence to reach a final end, which is trapping, often for his own good, a titled husband.—Mme. Juliette Adams in North American Review.

Heavy Damages.

One of the heaviest verdicts ever recovered was in the case of Lilly vs. the York County railroad. Lilly was at work fixing the brake of a car standing on the track. A locomotive ran down and knocked him off the car so that both of his legs were run over. The injury was so great that the surgeons amputated both legs at once without attempting to chloroform the unfortunate man. The jury was only out five minutes, and returned a verdict for the full amount claimed, which was $30,000. This verdict was also affirmed by the court of appeals. In the case of Murray vs. the Brooklyn City railroad Thomas Pearsall recovered $25,000 for the loss of a leg. Murray was run over by a car.—Interview in New York Sun.

Discouraging.

He—You refuse me now, but can you give me no hope at all?

Miss Amy—Yes; I'll marry you when the Great Spectacle is finished.

He—Why not marry while we are still young?—Life.

When Cyrus was king of Persia no other king or admiral of his time paid as much attention as that pertaining to the physical condition of men.

HIRAM AND BEULAH.

Beulah creeps the sun; what should it see
But Hiram and Beulah getting tea.
Ah, winking with its fiery eye,
It catches Hiram kissing shy!
The housewife's wicket first remonstrates coy,
Her dark head vanishes, Hiram does cry,
While Beulah's scolding dances she down
Down the bench shelled grasses.

The moon rose up; but all it saw
Was Hiram on a load of straw,
As his arm around Beulah's waist brown
He jogged belated back from town.
The proud moon with right good will
Heard their low talk and watched the hill,
And saw from every field and lane
The throats sent up in twilight strain.

The lamp shone forth; what did it see?
Hiram and Beulah defeated!
The moon white Hiram spread with corn,
Set out at length with rustic fare,
For wheedlement and sweet delay,
And chiding linger asked to stay,
Where is the feast equal this,
Which Beulah assumes with a kiss?
—Dora Read Goodale in Harper's Young People.

SEAL FINISHERS.

Hands Must Be Exceedingly Skillful to Sew the Costly Sacques of Fur.

In the manufacture of fur garments there is plenty of work for seal finishers or girls who know how to sew sealskins and other furs. The employment of girls in this sort of work is comparatively recent. A few years ago the cutting and sewing of fur skins were mainly done by men. Sometimes a man would teach his wife or his daughter, but the men monopolized the best work and earned good wages. There is a skin cutter now working as a journeyman in this city who is said to be worth $20,000, and yet works his regular hours. He has introduced several generations of his family into one or another branch of the business.

Of late years the sharp competition which has got into the fur business as well as other lines of trade has led to increased employment of females as sewers. The work is nice, and requires a good deal of skill. The smooth, even color of a lady's fur sealskin sacque is not produced without a good deal of patient skill and dexterity. Of course skins do not come perfect. There are slight blemishes that need to be corrected. The skillful cutter takes a skin and blows the hair aside until he can see the roots all over the skin. If he finds a spot that is bare of hair he must select a piece of skin to fit it, and the hair must be exactly of the right length to fit. On a seal skin the hair near the tail is shorter than the hair near the head. Of course a piece of fur from near the tail will not fit in a bare spot near the head of a skin. The cutter has a peculiar method of shaping the pieces to be set in, and this must be understood by the girls who do the sewing, so that a girl who has worked at the business becomes an expert, and a girl who has not served an apprenticeship at sewing furs is of little use in the shop.

It is not an unusual thing for one large establishment to have fifty or sixty girls sewing furs in the busy season in summer. The most expert girls readily get employment the year round, while those who are less expert are the first to be discarded, and go from shop to shop. The wages earned is somewhat higher than the prices paid for ordinary sewing, as the business is somewhat unhealthy and requires considerable skill. The girls earn from $9 a week upward. Frequently when fur houses advertise for help girls are sent who are totally ignorant of the business, and pretend that they know how, but they are soon found out and discharged.—New York Sun.

Wages of Lace Makers.

The finest lace that is made today is the point de gaze. This is made in Belgium. The net itself is needlework, upon which the pattern is wrought, while the net is stretched over a background of paper. The work is exceedingly fine and exacting, and because of its tediousness those who are engaged in the manufacture of it are seldom able to earn more than a few cents a day. Not much better than this are the wages of the torchon workers, who make the real torchon in a little town in the south of France called Le Puy. During a year of ordinary labor they average from four to six cents a day, although in special years, when there is a greater demand for their varieties of lace, they sometimes earn from twenty to sixty cents a day.—New York Evening Sun.

Big Partridge Story.

A western journal relates the following: A few mornings ago Thomas Trees went down to the creek from his father's house to examine some traps he had set. While inspecting the traps he heard his dog making an unusual noise some distance below him. On going to the spot he found him lying on the ground and partridges sticking out all around his body. The dog had found a flock, and alighting in the midst had pinioned ten, but when he rose up sight of them escaped, he still holding two with his paws. Thomas secured the two partridges—the others all escaping. This is an extraordinary feat for a dog, and only needed a word from the young man to have secured the whole of the birds originally captured by the dog.

Why They Are Called Alligator Pears.

Did you ever see an alligator pear? If not, take a look at the first one you find subject on a fruit stand, and you will strike it dead sure.

They weigh about a pound apiece, and when unripe are as green as the man who thinks he can be elected to congress, and when ripe are about the color of a second hand watch dipped with plenty of varnish sprinkled over it.

They derive their name from the fact that alligators are very fond of them, and get a plentiful supply by standing on their heads and knocking the fruit off the limbs of the tree with their tails.—Florida Times-Union.

Dry Lubricants.

The use of dry lubricants for bearings in places where oils and grease are objectionable, or where contact with fire may occur, is becoming better understood, and graphite in one form or another is now in general use. It has been employed on various kinds of machinery with uniform success. Mica also, in a finely pulverized state, has given satisfactory results in many cases. Self lubricating bearing, consisting of metal shells filled with compounds of graphite or mica, have also been patented with complete satisfaction.—New Orleans Picayune.

Well Salted.

Summer Girl—That Mr. De Salti doesn't talk about anything but the sea, and he uses so many sailor terms that I can't understand half he says. Does he own a ship?

Landsman—No, but he has a friend who owns a cod boat.—Good News.

Be careful not to monopolize the table talk. Do not interrupt others. If you are a dyspeptic do not talk of what does or does not agree with you. Eat what you like, what you can and say nothing about it.

How Women Sometimes Change.

"Sweet are the uses of adversity," it is said. If not sweet they have proved at least wonderfully transforming in two cases recently under the writer's notice. In each instance the wife living in affluence has suddenly become an almost destitute widow, and has done as so many other unsupported women have: established a boarding house. Here, however, the similarity ceases. Mrs. A. in her former home was a model of housekeeping strictness in all its details of managing servants and responsible decorum.

Now she will frequently answer the bell herself, goes in and out of the basement door if it seems to the least more convenient, and her servants Katie and Mamie, names that under the old regime would have been Catharine and Mary, and betrays in numberless ways that her antecedents as a commonalty are concerned, has fled with the change in her circumstances.

Mrs. B., on the contrary, who in prosperity was the most careless and happy-go-lucky of mistresses, is now exactly the reverse. She came in to greet a visitor the other morning with a rolling pin and rubber gloves. "I've been helping a little in the pantry this busy Monday," she explained, "and though, as you know, I am the last person to soil or roughen my hands, I wear them nowadays to establish a difference between my dish washing and Ann's." And she preserves this distance rigidly in every respect.—New York Times.

Mme. Virot's Romance.

There is a piece of romance in the history of Mme. Virot, the most famous milliner of Paris. She began her career when a young girl as assistant to Laure, then the most famous milliner in Europe, but after marrying M. Virot, who was a poor young locksmith, with a passion for art and sculpture, she established a small business of her own on a side street. The wife devoted herself to bonnets, and her husband to bric-a-brac and sculpture. One day the Empress Eugenie passing down the street saw a bonnet in a shop window which struck her as being a remarkable composition.

She sent for the bonnet and the bonnet maker. Virot instantly became the rage. In a short time she removed her shop to the Rue de la Paix, near to Worth, and in a few years Mme. Virot was mentioned as one of the millionaires of Paris. With the opportunity given by the wealth of his wife Virot became a noted connoisseur in bric-a-brac, his wife sharing fully in his taste and knowledge, especially in all that pertains to the renaissance.—New York Telegram.

A Bright Literary Critic.

Said a famous writer the other day: Do you known that the best literary critic in New York—at once the subtlest and the most sympathetic—is a woman? I mean Miss Lillie Hamilton French. She served her apprenticeship as literary editor of The Star and afterward did excellent work on The Commercial Advertiser. The head of one of our largest publishing houses also told me that out of over 300 papers that came to them hers was the very best.

She is doing original work now for the magazines and syndicates, and her judgment is privately taken by some of the most eminent and successful of our literateurs. Personally Miss French is a tall, handsome woman, thoroughbred in every line. She is gracious, graceful and full of the most genuine gentleness. Socially she belongs to the creme de la creme. Her home is one of the most artistic in New York, and in it you may meet many of the people best worth knowing in all this good town.—Epoch.

Man in the Iron Mask.

The identity of the famous "Man in the Iron Mask" has never been made known. The mask was not of iron, as has generally been supposed, but of black velvet. The fanciful stories of his wearing an iron mask, locked behind with a padlock, gained credence during his removal to the castle of St. Pilgrem in 1698. During this removal orders were given that if he revealed his identity he was to be killed on the spot. In 1690 he was again transferred, this time to the Isle of Sainte Marguerite. During the passage the strictest watch was kept that he might not reveal himself. In 1698 he was again removed, this time back to the Bastile, his first place of imprisonment.

He died on Nov. 19, 1703, and was buried next day under the name of Machioti; the place of burial, the old Cemetery of St. Paul, Paris. It is now generally supposed that "The Man in the Iron Mask" was none but Mattioli, a minister of Charles III, duke of Mantua, according to the story, Louis XIV, of France, had bribed Mattioli, but finding the latter playing him false, got possession of the French frontier, and then had him secretly arrested and imprisoned.—St. Louis Republic.

The Future Queen of Holland.

Princess Wilhelmina, the Dutch heir apparent, is now 10 years old. The princess' governess is an English lady. The princess is a very bright child, very well built in French and English. She has not learned German, the language of her mother. She has a pretty garden, a pony cart, a little chalet and pigeoncroft. The princess rises at 7 and goes to her father and gives him a morning kiss. At 8 the royal family take breakfast, the princess being present, as at all meals.

After breakfast she receives lessons till 11 o'clock. She then goes to the queen's rooms, where the time is spent in conversation, or her majesty reads and explains a chapter in the Bible. Before lunch, which is served at 1, she very often takes a drive in a pony carriage or amuses herself in a boat on the large ponds of Loo. After lunch she has more lessons, plays with her dolls and takes a drive with the queen. At 6 dinner is served, and a few hours afterward the royal family retire to their apartments.—Chicago Post.

Nursing as a Noble Work.

There are many women entering the profession of nursing who have evidently not, as yet, high, and whose appreciation of the dignity of labor is not great, but who see in nursing but the means of gaining a livelihood or a way to escape from the rather dull and petty routine of a single girl's life at home. They like the eclat of being a noble work and the independence which is essential to it, but are unwilling to do more work than they can help to attain their desires.

There are, however, other women who in taking up nursing, often as a means of livelihood, do so with the highest motives, and who, in rendering themselves independent, have at the same time the great pleasure of helping others in their struggle through life. From this class come all the best physicians, sisters and nurses, and to them is due the high position nursing holds as a profession for women.—Murray's Magazine.

An excellent cold cream may be made of an ounce of white wax, two ounces of oil of sweet almonds, a half pint of rose water. Melt the wax and oil enough to making a paste, beat all together.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

When in the Store look at those $2.98 Ten Piece Decorated Toilet Sets. These are only a few of them.

Ladies who have tried our F. K. Corset, pronounce it the Best fitting and most comfortable Corset they have ever worn. Price 50c.

Buy a new Broom for 15c.

We bought before the advance in Linen 100 dozen fine Dinner Napkins, (Value $2.00 per dozen. Our price $1.15. Cheap they are.

Ask to see the Bonner Lamp. Best made. Price $1.50.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.,

12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "every time you look." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET,

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES.

SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we hear it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling TEA, COFFEE, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefitted by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of **California Fruits** before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday night p. m. Wagon delivery weekly to Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Rahway, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLES TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 18 East Front street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 2-16-1p.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Covert, to whom refer same in part.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

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Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 65 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered wagon.

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80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars is always taken so cheap, and is of unusually fine quality, generally free from slate and stone. It is thoroughly dried.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of self-dumping wagons, enables the dealer to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone No. 126. Orders by mail, telegraph or telephone promptly attended to. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two months in operation. Our operations in no way offensive to the most fastidious. Residence or office will be called for and promptly attended to. Orders may be left at Park Hotel, Manufacturers of Sole Leather, Gaiters and Fine Shoes. Telephone call 32.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. BANKIN, JR.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Railway.

For Assembly; Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

$1000 WORTH OF CLOTHING STOLEN

Thieves Break Into Mr. N. M. Doty's Store, and Escape with their Booty.

Some three weeks ago, Mr. N. M. Doty, a merchant tailor, whose place of business is on North avenue opposite the depot, missed his silver watch which he had kept in a drawer in the rear of his store. He could obtain no clue as to the whereabouts of the missing time piece and he gave it up as lost.

This morning when he visited his place of business he was surprised to find that the place had been robbed.

Among the missing articles are about $200 worth of ready-made clothing, and pieces of uncut cloth, amounting to some $800.

He complained of his loss to Captain Grant. While in conversation with Mr. E. C. Mulford, the North avenue real estate agent, that gentleman advised Mr. Doty to go to a certain pawnbroker's store and search for the missing watch stating that thereby he might obtain a clue to the burglar of the previous evening.

Mr. Doty visited the place and after a thorough search was finally rewarded by finding his time piece.

It had been pawned by a young man named George Reuses.

Justice Nash issued a warrant for Reuses's arrest and Captain Grant and Mr. Doty left on the 11 a. m. train for Elizabeth in search of the young man.

The burglar, whoever he was, effected an entrance to the store by opening the front door with some instrument.

Reuses, it is said, was loitering around the depot at about five o'clock this morning and it is supposed that he left Plainfield on an early train. He has not yet been apprehended.

If Reuses is the guilty party he undoubtedly had an accomplice.

JOTTINGS.

—"Held by the Enemy," a drama, is to be produced at Music Hall to-morrow evening.

—Joe English will expound the principles of temperance at Reform Hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The fair given by the ladies of the First Unitarian church, will begin this evening in the building at the corner of Broadway and Sixth street.

—Several of the members of the W. C. T. U., who reside in this city, are in attendance at the State Convention which is in session at Atlantic City.

—The Rev. Mr. Cubberly, the pastor of the New Market Baptist church, conducted the devotional exercises at the meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor held in the Warren Mission chapel last evening. The meeting was well attended.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held at Reform Hall, Thursday, Oct. 23d, at 3 o'clock. All the members and friends are earnestly invited to be present. The anniversary exercises have been postponed until the week following, due notice of which will be given.

—A large audience greeted the Locust Bros., Dramatic and Comedy Company at Amphion Hall last evening, and judging from the applause the production gave entire satisfaction. The company will hold forth in the Hall every evening this week. This evening there will be an entire change of programme.

—It is stated that an epidemic of malignant dysentery is prevalent in portions of Sussex co., and it is charged that the disease is caused by the numerous pig pens connected with the creameries, which have poisoned the air and water in the neighborhood. This calls to mind the fact that there are some very foul pig pens right in the hear of this city, which should receive attention from the proper authorities.

—One good feature of the ballot reform law is that, where a citizen has established his right, to the satisfaction of a majority of the Board of Registry, to be registered, if challenged at the polls, he will be compelled to produce his certificate of naturalization. It is to be hoped that a number of unnaturalized foreigners will be arrested and punished for attempting to vote as a naturalized citizen to carry around with him the papers certifying to his right to vote.

The German Fair.

The fair which is now in progress but a week past under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society in Turn Hall closed last night after a very successful week. The attendance which was drawn for war was by no means inferior to that of any week and a full house will be assured to-night. The old guard of Washington Council, Royal Arcanum, will be entertained. The hall was held for the benefit of the German school, which commenced in the hall every Saturday.

A Runaway.

A horse belonging to a farmer named Garrison became frightened on East Fourth street this morning and ran away. Mr. Garrison was not driving at the time, but was following in a wagon. The horse became unmanageable and was stopped by one of the bridges on West avenue, where it struck a telegraph pole and threw the occupant of the wagon, a boy named Worrell, several other persons were detained. The horse was held for the benefit of the owner.

PRESBYTERIANS IN SESSION.

New Jersey Synod Annual Meeting —Dr. Fraser Chosen Moderator.

The opening session of the sixty-ninth annual meeting of the Synod of New Jersey, which is composed of the Presbyterian ministers and elders from all parts of the State, convened at the First Presbyterian church in Atlantic City Monday evening. Rev. Dr. Henry M. Storrs, of Orange, opened the exercises with an eloquent discourse, in which he reviewed the past work of the Synod, and spoke of the constantly expanding field of labor and the failures.

After the conclusion of Dr. Storrs' discourse the report of the committee on nominations was presented by Rev. A. A. Haines, and the report of the committee on arrangements by Rev. Dr. William Aikman. The most important event of the evening was the election of a moderator for the ensuing year. Two names were placed in nomination, those of Rev. John H. Dixon, of Trenton, and Rev. Dr. David R. Fraser, of Newark. Before a ballot was taken Mr. Dixon declined the nomination, and moved that the choice of Dr. Fraser be made unanimous. His motion was adopted, and the moderator was escorted to the chair, Dr. Storrs retiring. Rev. William F. Whitaker, of Orange, was elected temporary clerk.

TUESDAY'S SESSION.

The New Jersey Synod convened at 9 o'clock. Rev. H. W. Valentine, of Newark, was appointed Vice-Moderator, and Rev. R. S. Everett was elected Permanent Clerk. The report of the Committee on Synodical Home Missions, Rev. Dr. John Dixon Chairman, showed that $13,000 had been spent in the past year for the relief of ministers and feeble churches.

The report recommended an increase of 7 per cent. in the appointments to the different Presbyteries, and, although there were a number who spoke against it, the recommendation will no doubt be adopted at to-morrow's session.

The report of the Special Committee on Gathering and Preserving Historical Material was presented by Rev. C. Cameron, D. D., and was accepted, with the recommendation that Rev. Walter A. Brooks, stated clerk of the Synod, and Rev. Joseph H. Dallas, Librarian of Princeton Theological Seminary be appointed custodian of all books and documents presented or committed to their care by the Synod.

The Moderator was authorized to appoint a committee of three to revise the permanent committees. The chairmen are Rev. Dr. Abram Gosman, Rev. Dr. Albert Erdman and Elder Franklin Day.

The adjustment of the South Orange difficulty, which is of special interest to the Morris and Orange Presbytery, has been referred to the incoming Judicial Committee, consisting of Revs. Lewis Lampman, George Swain, Heber H. Beadle, W. Swan and Elders C. H. Genny, John B Pudney and Philip Doremus

Rev. Hughes O. Gibbons of Pennsylvania sympathized in an eloquent appeal on behalf of the Presbyterian Ministers' Fund of 1759, and Rev W. W. Moffet spoke on behalf of the Bible Society. Delegates from this city are in attendance.

Electricity for a Felon.

A few days ago a bone felon developed on the thumb of Mr. William Grannet, Jr.'s left hand. He consulted a physician, and was told that several months would elapse before he would be able to use the hand. He suffered intense pain and could not sleep. A friend recommended Dr. Griffen. Mr. Grannatt visited the physician, and the latter operated on the diseased member with an electric battery. After the first application the pain ceased, and in four days Mr. Grannatt resumed work. The operation was entirely successful, and both the doctor and the patient feel proud of the accomplishment.

Societies Incorporated.

The Young Men's Catholic Lyceum of this city, recently purchased the property at the corner of North and Liberty streets and will use it for the society's headquarters. The consideration was 3,100. It is a two story frame building, yesterday the association filed articles of incorporation with the clerk of Union county.

The new fire company recently organized as Fanwood, yesterday filed articles of incorporation in the Union county clerk's office.

An Upset on Somerset Street.

Mr. Smalley of Dunellen was driving along Somerset street last evening, and owing partially to the darkness and partially to a blockade near Front street, caused by the projecting ends of two wagons on either side of the road, his vehicle collided with a scavenger wagon and was instantly overturned. Mr. Smalley was thrown headlong to the ground, but was fortunately unhurt. His wagon shaft was broken.

C. L. S. C. Hurlbut Circle.

The Hurlbut Circle of the C. L. S. C. will meet at Mr. Gorton's, 32 West Fifth street, this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. The following programme has been prepared:

Preliminary View of English History.
The Britons ..... Mrs. Emerson
The Romans and the Heptarchy, Mr. Larrabee
The Saxon Kings ..... Mr. Gorton

Every member is invited to take part in the discussion following the presentation of the subjects.

Brief Session of Court.

The Union county court reconvened yesterday morning at the usual hour. Judges Van Syckle, McCormick and Scudder were on the bench. Several persons were up for examination. The cases on the list were either not ready, or had been settled, and the court adjourned at 10:30 o'clock. The grand jury were expected to report, but new cases occupied their attention for the day.

A Runaway.

A horse belonging to a farmer named Garrison became frightened on East Fourth street this morning and ran away. Mr. Garrison was not driving at the time, but was following in a wagon. The horse became unmanageable and was stopped by one of the bridges on West avenue, where it struck a telegraph pole and threw the occupant of the wagon, a boy named Worrell, several other persons were detained. The horse was held for the benefit of the owner.

Did Not Escape.

Yesterday afternoon Fred Dennerst noticed a man enter Mr. D. M. French's house on Craig place, supply handed and later escape with an umbrella. Mr. Dennerst followed the fellow, and handed him over to Constable Conover. He was locked up in the station house.

THE NEW FAMILY.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE COST OF LIVING AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE TERMED NECESSARY EXPENSE.—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 2.—THE METHOD OF THE LAW.—INTERNAL TAXATION REDUCED, THE FREE LIST ENLARGED, AND THE DUTIABLE LIST REVISED.

The people have been taken literally. Their commission has been executed exactly as it was given. In the law which has now been placed upon the statute books these features are paramount:

1st.—The internal taxes on tobacco have been materially reduced, on the theory that all direct taxation should be brought down to the lowest possible figure.

2d.—The free-list has been enormously increased by the addition of practically every article known to our commerce that is not or cannot be profitably produced in this country, on the theory that the proper subjects of importation into a well-ordered country are not those articles that its people can supply to themselves, but those that they cannot supply, and that goods of this character should be brought to the consumer at the cheapest possible price.

3d.—The dutiable list has been thoroughly revised, so that: (a) The revenues necessary to carry on the Government will be collected as largely as possible from foreigners, in return for the privilege of selling their goods in our markets; (b) Foreign competition—which means a competition in cheap labor, a competition in flesh and blood—shall be checked whenever it is found to lower the American standard of wages and to drive American producers out of business; (c) Numerous branches of industry, never heretofore carried on in America, will be encouraged to under take production, thus increasing opportunities for the profitable investment of capital and the profitable occupation of labor; (d) The cost or necessary supplies to the American consumer will in no case be raised, but will, in response to the law of free domestic competition, go on decreasing in the future, as it always has under the protective policy in the past.

[To be continued—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

PERSONAL.

Mr. E. F. Stevens of this city is at Denver, Col.

Miss D. Meriotts of Bound Brook is visiting Miss Mattie Humble of this city.

The handsome new residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Wise on Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, is almost completed.

Messrs. N. Apgar of Evona and Mr. Warren Squires of North Plainfield are spending a week at Park Side, Monroe county, Pa., where they are securing considerable game.

Mr. H. Simpson of West Fourth street badly sprained his right knee-joint by stepping into an uncovered excavation, while returning from a visit to a patient, Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter V. Weaver celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage at their home on Orchard place last evening. A large number of invited guests were present.

Miss Barber and her niece, Miss Picrence Barber of East Fifth street, have returned after a pleasant visit to St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, and another niece, Miss Etta Rowe of St. John, has returned with them to spend the Winter.

State Convention Y. P. S. C. E.

The next annual State convention of Christian Endeavor societies of New Jersey will be held in the First Presbyterian church, of Camden, Oct. 29 and 30. The convention promises to be the largest and best of any previously held in the State. A great many unions and societies throughout the State have already expressed their intention of sending large delegations. The committee of arrangements are sparing no effort to make this occasion one to be long remembered. The music will be under the leadership of the chorister of the Camden local union, and a chorus of 300 voices has been in training for some time past.

Very pretty and attractive souvenirs will be prescribed to every delegate who registers On Wednesday afternoon there will be an address by Rev. F. E. Clark, president of United Societies of C. E., and on Thursday Rev. Dr. Barr, the secretary, will also deliver an address.

The Annual Meeting.

The fortieth annual meeting of the East New Jersey Baptist Sunday-school Association was held in the Mt. Pleasant Baptist church on Clinton avenue, Newark, yesterday. Robert Kent of Rahway presided. Letters and reports were read and presented showing the number of scholars and teachers belonging to the Association. Rev. Rev. W. H. Shepherd, of Orange, delivered an address on the "Successful Teacher." The annexed officers were elected: President, J. Walter Davis; Vice Presidents, George Vaughn; Secretary, A. E. DeCamp.

THE VISITORS' VISIT.

Clippings from the Rev. C. B. Mitchell's Monthly.

"Work is progressing rapidly on the Monroe avenue chapel building. The plan, prepared by Architect Teale, is very beautiful and convenient. A few days ago already contributed very liberally toward the enterprise, but the most of our people have not yet given anything. Each should take some stock in it as a good enterprise. Give your subscription to the pastor, or either of the trustees, James McGee and J. W. Jackson. More money is needed at once. Let each do his part and the load will not be heavy."

"November 2d, the Rev. B. Fay Mills, the Evangelist, will begin a series of revival meetings in this city. The pastors and official boards of the various evangelical churches of this city have united to co-operate with Mr. Mills. The preliminary arrangements are now being made, and all Christians are urged to unite in prayer for the success of this most needed work in our city. Your pastor calls you to prayer and self-sacrificing labor for souls. Much is expected of the people called Methodist in a union revival effort. We believe you will do your part toward the success of the meetings. Let nothing interfere with your attendance, and stand ready to do any kind of work to which the Holy Spirit may prompt you."

Architect Teale is preparing the plans and specifications for a neat brick chapel to be erected on our lot on the corner of Somerset street and Park place. We must have five hundred dollars more before we are permitted to give out the contracts. Do not wait further to be asked for subscriptions, but make the pastor's heart glad by volunteering your assistance. The present is the opportunity for the Methodists of Plainfield to 'lengthen her cords and strengthen her stakes.' We have two 'open doors' of great usefulness to this community. Will we be wise and enter? We have too long delayed. It is our record that we have only one Methodist church among these 15,000 people. Let us awake to our duty. Giving will not impoverish us, but withholding will."

"The pastor was gratified to learn that a majority of our local church voted for the admission of women to the General Conference. These who compose two-thirds of our church membership, who are most active in all helpful ways to the pastor, and who already in the councils of the local church and the Electoral Conference, have a right to be in the council of the law-making body of the church, and we cannot but regard their rejection from the General Conferences as an impertinence and an insult to womanhood. The church has already decided that a woman may be a Sunday school superintendent, a steward, a class leader, or a trustee. As such they are members of the Quarterly Conference, can vote for delegates to the Electoral Conference, may be elected to the Electoral Conference; and it is an insult to their character and intelligence to say they can be useful in the above capacities, but are disqualified to sit in the General Conference. Only two of our church papers are opposing the women. Miss Willard was one of the strongest candidates for the place now occupied by the editor of one of the two papers."

UNION ROADSTERS' RACES.

A List of Events in Which Bicyclists Will Take Part.

The Union County Roadsters will hold their annual meet on Field Day on the grounds of the Rahway Athletic Association. Handsome gold and silver medals will be given to the first and second winners in each event, except to the winning tug-of-war team, which will receive a banner. Entry blanks may be obtained from C. B. Lippincott, 500 Maple avenue, Elizabeth. Following is a list of events:

OPEN TO AMATEURS ONLY—ENTRIES CLOSE NOVEMBER 1.

1. One mile novice bicycle race (ordinary)—Club members. 2. 100-yard dash—Open. 3. One mile novice bicycle race (safety)—Club members. 4. Three legged race, one fifth mile. 5. Tug-of-war, Union county championship, 600 lbs. 6. One mile bicycle race (ordinary)—Open. 7. 220-yard hurdle—Open. 8. One mile bicycle race (safety)—Open. 9. One mile run—Open. 10. 220 yard hurdle handicap. 11. Two mile bicycle race championship of Union county (ordinary and safety). 12. Relay race.

The Club has been in existence but a couple of months, and it is fast becoming one of the leading clubs in the State. At the recent lantern parade of the Elizabeth Wheelmen, the Roadsters turned out more men than any club in line.

Members of the Plainfield Bi. Club will participate in the tournament.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending October 20, 1890:

Adams, John
Abbot Carrie
Armstrong, Geo G (2)
Armstrong, M J
Armstrong, S J
Bailey, Jas E
Bailey, J P
Bingham, Geo S
Bell, Mrs Francis (2)
Bradley, Mrs A E
Barnard, Miss Ella
Barrows, D A A
Carter, Jas
Clark, Mrs Amanda
Chest, Miss
Clark, Jacob A
Christie, Henry F
Cooper, Mrs Mary
Drake, Miss Mary
Dor, J L
Dunham, Rev H C
Fuller & Johnson
Greer, Miss Rose
Hoffman, Mrs Jas
Holmes, Annie
Hale, C Ensign
Hedley, Mary
Herold, Paul
Henry, Miss Maggie
Hoffman, Mrs Kate
Hopkins, Herman
Hale, Charles E
Hall, Mrs Amelia
Johnson, Mrs Sarah
Jones, Miss L M
Johnson, Mrs J
Kaps, Mrs Mary
Kaps, Mrs Peter A
Maher, Miss Louise
McNelly, Lizzie
Mulligan, Hattie
Nevins, Pamela
Oliver, Thos A
Pierce, Miss E M
Prout, Daniel
Parsons, Mrs E
Parmele, Katie
Swift, Maggie
Smith, Mrs Ella
Scott, Mrs H J A
Sherwood, Miss Retta
Thompson, Mrs
Thompson, Simeon
VanWinkle, H C
Wilson, Mrs Jas E W

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

E. R. POST, P. M.

An Unknown Man Killed.

An unknown man was recently about twenty years of age, well dressed, was struck by the express train on the Central railroad at Somerville, and instantly killed. The remains were taken to Millburn. He was thrown down an embankment. This is the fourth person that has been killed on the road on the road.

South Plainfield Booming.

The tract of land which the Lehigh Valley Railroad has purchased for its new coal storage yards in South Plainfield, between the two branches of the line as they leave the main crossing. The land is at present unoccupied. As South Plainfield is the nearest point of supply for the new main line which is being built from Reseda to Jersey, the reason for its selection is apparent. It is likely to grow in the next few years. Several new houses are going up, more are projected, and the Baptist church has been repaired and refitted.

The main line of the road is now being built across the Newark marshes. The bridge over the Central at Roselle has been completed and work is already under way for the bridge over the bay. The land for the road from the eastern side of the bay to the terminus at Communipaw has already been purchased.

A serious drawback to the prosperity of South Plainfield at this moment is the wretched condition of the road over the mill-dam. It unfortunately happens to be on the boundary line between two townships and the officers have quarrelled for a year over who should pay for the repair of the road since a freshet dug a hole in it.

To Our Advertisers.

To insure change of Advertisement the same day, copy must be brought in before noon.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD COOK and laundress would like situation. Good reference. Call 90 Somerset street. 22-2

A SECOND-hand counter wanted. Send particulars to H. W. Marshall, proprietor of American Steam Laundry, No. 14 East Front street. 21-3

BOARD WANTED—For gentleman, wife, and child. Central location, good sanitary conditions necessary. "B" care of EVENING NEWS.

CARPENTERS wanted at Cranford, N. J. Enquire of J. Waterson 21-6

CLOAD of fine manure for sale. W. O. Baldwin, 282 Somerset street. 21-6

FOR SALE cheap. Light six-seat German horse carriage by one of the best makers, at J. P. Homan factory 29 and 31 Somerset street. 21-3

FOUR HOUSES to let. Enquire at City Market, Somerset street. 10 14tf

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14tf.

FOR SALE—A 30 quart milk route in Plainfield. Will sell to suit purchaser. For particulars address "Route," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-6*

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protudes. Pink eyelids. Answers to name of "Eddie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. M Stout, 109 East Front street. No questions asked. 22-1

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a red bull terrier dog. White breast and terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 18-4f

TO RENT—A pleasant second story front room, with board. Also table board at 70 Park avenue.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No. 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED—A week's laundry. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-tf*

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property in exchange for $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property. Choicest location. Value $10,000. Any one desiring a first-class modern house, this is an unusual opportunity. Address "Equity," care of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. 8-15-tf

WANTED—A Protestant girl for general housework in a small family. German or Swede preferred. Must be a good laundress. Reference required. Apply 12 East Sixth street.

WANTED—The advertisers will give the sole agency to a good responsible party in Plainfield for their ales and porter. (We do not bottle any of our goods.) Our ale and porter would be sold at a price to agents to enable them to sell at a good profit to retailers. Our goods are very uniform. Sales 90,000 barrels yearly. For further particulars call in person, or address, T. C. Lyman & Co., brewers of ale and porter, 420 to 430 West 39th street, New York City. 15-7tf

A GRAND

PROHIBITION RATIFICATION MEETING

Will be held in

REFORM HALL

Thursday Evening, Oct. 23,

at 7.30 o'clock.

The meeting will be addressed by

Joe English, S.A. Haines

and other good speakers.

ALL ARE WELCOME. 22-2*

MUSIC HALL, M. H. A.

Wednesday, Oct. 29.

The Sterling Artists

HARDY and VOY LEER,

And their efficient company, will present the Military Melodrama,

On the Frontier.

Now in the fourth season of its success. Strictly new specialties, comic songs and dances, and sensational scenes. The play is crowded into 2 1-2 hours before. Watch for the Grand Torchlight Procession of the only Indian Band in the world. Also the grand illuminated fireworks parade at 7 p. m. Positively not connected in this city prior to the night of show.

PRICES—25, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Saturday.

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Rooting Metal Shingle Paint. Water proof and very durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 29 North avenue, opposite the depot, with the Real Estate Trust Co., or W. K. Stelle, City Hotel. 15-2tf

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Button Kid Gloves, 49c.; Colored Mourning Kid Gloves, 69c.; Colored Mourning Kid Gloves, $1.23; 5-Button Black, Unlimited Suspenders, $1.23; Plush and Astrakhan Capes in endless variety at lowest prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets, 98c. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 8-Button Colored Undubbed Mosquetaire, $1.25.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Rooms will cover over 3,200 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this ad'v, on the following terms:—

5c. Coal Scuttle will be given with each $1.00 Sale.
10c. " " " " 2.00 "
15c. " " " " 3.00 "
20c. " " " " 4.00 "
25c. " " " " 5.00 "

These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open and covered. Nos. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c, within easy recollection. Lamps of all kinds, house furnishings, and a full line of store boards just in, and marked low.

REMEMBER we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Bureau, and large packages with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

"BIG LOT!"

NEW CARPETS will be opened in a day or two, and in order to "Boom" the trade a little we will

MAKE AND LINE FREE!!

for the rest of this month.

No better opportunity to buy Carpets to such good advantage will occur again in years to come.

Our House is offering some rare bargains in cheap dress goods.

REMEMBER we sell the better class of goods at about the same price as the poor cheap articles are usually sold for.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

AMPHION HALL

Grand week of attraction. Commencing

MONDAY, OCTOBER 20th.

Saturday Matinee, 2:30 Sharp. The great

LEONZO BROS.,

Dramatic and Comedy Co., combined with the World's Greatest Dramatic Trained Dogs, Tiger, Lion and Panther, and the Great Human Face Dog, Spot.

Change of bill nightly.

POPULAR PRICES—10, 20 and 30c.

Seats now on sale. 20-2*

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains ruined by us every year.

Leave your order at 57 Somerset street and we will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,

14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,

PROPRIETOR.

BUY THE

GARLAND and BARSTAW Stoves and Ranges

and save 20 per cent., at

Chas. F. Denecklau's,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice.

1890 TAXES!

Notice is hereby given to the Taxpayers of the City of Plainfield, that the taxes assessed in said City for the year 1890, are now due and payable, and that if the said Taxes be not paid by the

20TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT,

the names of the Defaulters, with their respective Taxes, will be returned to the City Judge for Prosecution.

The Commissioners of Appeal

In cases of Taxation, will meet in the Council Chamber on the Fourth Tuesday in November, 1890, and 4th Tuesday in December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., until 5 p. m., or longer, if found necessary, to dispose of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Collector of Taxes.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 1st, 1890.
10-9-owtd

LADIES of the FIRST

Unitarian Society

WILL HOLD A

FAIR

At 91 Broadway, corner of Sixth street, on

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

October 29 and 23.

Admission 15c. for adults; children, 5c. 16-2*

MUSIC HALL, M.H.A.

Thursday, October 23,

WILLIAM GILLETTE'S

Held by the Enemy.

Greatest of all war dramas. Performed over 300 nights in New York, and 100 nights in London. Strong cast, and our last of special scenery.

PRICES—25, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Tuesday.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-9-m

CLAIRVOYANT
Will remain but two weeks longer, and will leave Wednesday, Nov. 5. She can be seen from nine to nine o'clock, as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. 22-9

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.
Prof. Adolph will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to join the classes, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc., address L. F. Segadlo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-19*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. Every one desiring to understand is wanderstood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Berlitz, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 282. 10-2tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION!
Double barreled breech-loading guns for $6 and up, at Dreier & Newcomb's, 6 West Front street. 21-6

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and tea dealer, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, and glassware, Mason fruit jars, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NOTICE.
Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Richard F. Hedekoff and John J. Hedekoff, under the firm of R. F. & J. Hedekoff, was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be collected by the said John J. Hedekoff, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment.

Dated October 1st, 1890.
JOHN J. HEDEKOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEDEKOFF.
10-2-4w*

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against Frances Hedekoff, late of Plainfield are requested to present same before October 10th, next, to
NELSON RUNYON, Attorney,
2 East Front St., Plainfield, N. J.
17-6 and 7

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS
Of numerous etchings and engravings, pictures framed in the latest styles, in silver and antique, artists' materials and canvas at Swahlen's, 92 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-16-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
Of all kinds, bulbs, beautiful foliage plants, flower seeds by the pound or paper, etc., also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, when desired, at Dunbar's Nursery No. 120 Hillside avenue. 4-30-1y

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 140 CENTRAL AVENUE EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ORDERS FOR DISCONTINUANCE, COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 7. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

The great estate-in-Europe swimmer is on his rounds again. You may perhaps get a letter saying there is reason to believe you are one of the heirs to a great estate in Europe—in truth there is certainty of it. You will get the money if you will send an account of your immediate ancestry to a given address, together with $10 more or less as the case may be, the $10 being necessary to bear the expense of tracing out your family tree and getting the legal documents from the old country. The letter is a mere swindling dodge to get money out of a too confiding, too often gulled public. There are no great estates in the old country awaiting anybody in America. The stories to that effect are lies got up by swindlers. Earn your great estates yourself in this country and you will be sure of them.

Knowledge That is Power.

There is such a scarcity in the navy of officers who understand the principles of steam navigation that the demand can not be filled. The engineer corps is taxed to its utmost, yet the supply of these accomplished officers is not sufficient.

The increase in the number of vessels in the navy accounts partly for the scarcity, but there is the same want felt in nearly all the higher mechanical occupations. The demand for electrical engineers is enormous—cannot begin to be supplied. The millwright, one who understands the setting up of machinery can command almost his own price. A man who made this his occupation was recently sent for to go to Central America to superintend the construction of quartz crushing mills, and the mine owners were only too glad to get him and pay him $500 a month. From the City of Mexico came a few days ago an urgent appeal for a man who understood the photo engraving process by which newspaper illustration is now conducted. A remuneration was offered that would have made an economical man rich in a few years, but nobody could be found. The accomplished photo engravers were already busy in good places.

Let young people starting out in life learn to do what everybody wants to have done, and to prevent that is scientific work in the higher mechanical arts.

Two Notable Conventions.

Two conventions of importance to the industrial interests of the world met recently in one week in New York. The first was the American Institute of Mining Engineers, one of much value were read, but it was notable that the subject about which most interest centered was the application of electrical power transmission to mining operations. It appears that in the Lykens valley mines an electrical locomotive engine is already used to haul loaded cars at the distance of over a mile, and a tunnel nearly a mile long is preparing at the same place into which another electrical engine will be introduced.

The mining engineers had hardly left Chickering hall when there entered it a body of men very different in appearance, but still belonging to the all conquering Anglo-Saxon race. These were the members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain. For the first time in history, probably, the genuine British "Hear, hear," has echoed within the walls of an American meeting room.

Worthy of note it is that the members of this society thought it worth while to leave their own country, cross the ocean and see for themselves the wonderful development of the iron and steel industry in America.

These gentlemen are now making a tour of inspection of the United States and portions of Canada. Their visit may mean the investment here of many more millions of British gold. So important, indeed, has the United States become in the eyes of iron and steel men of the Old World that immediately after the adjournment of the British institute another convention of a similar character assembled in Pittsburg. This was the international convention of the Iron and Steel Workers of the Old and New worlds. Delegates from all the civilized nations attended.

Abram S. Hewitt made the address of welcome to the Iron and Steel institute in New York. One paragraph in his speech touched profit sharing as follows:

Slowly but surely a new idea has been taking root in the industrial mind. Profit sharing is getting to be a familiar thought, both with employers and workmen, and many promising experiments in this direction are now in progress in this and other countries. The promise is to put the current rate of wages in the usual manner then to allow a reasonable percentage on the capital employed, and, if there be any excess after these payments, to divide it equally or in such other proportion as may be found the basis of the increase in the value of wages paid. The time is approaching when capitalists and laborers will become such sharers in the profits of the business of production. While the wage system will necessarily survive, the workmen will to a large extent become their own employers, and finally may hire capital as capital now hires labor. The facilities offered for the division of property through the disposition of corporate shares will lessen strife, develop skill, reduce waste, increase productivity and promote the equitable distribution of wealth, which, after all, must be forgotten, is the chief end of the social organism.

JUSTICE FOR IRELAND.

Mr. Gladstone's Eloquent Plea at Edinburgh.

TIPPERARY TROUBLES TOUCHED

The Great Liberal Denounces the Abomination of Secretary Balfour, and Says That Justice to Ireland Would Add a Crowning Luster to Victoria's Reign.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 22.—Thousands were turned away from the Corn palace when Mr. Gladstone opened the Scotch campaign last night. He looked much older, signs of fatigue. In opening his address he remarked that though many questions of importance were before the public the problem which continued to eclipse all others and to dominate almost undivided attention of those who strove to promote the well being of the nation was the Irish problem. The country had come to recognize the fact that this question must be settled before other questions could be dealt with. It was one which affected the health and vitality of the state so intimately that, in truth, no other question could be properly considered while this remained in menace.

Remedy Force in Ireland.

The opponents of home rule had hood winked and deluded their constituencies before the election by pledging themselves not to rely upon brute force in the government of Ireland. They had promised to provide an effective system of local self government for that part of the kingdom. Mr. Gladstone proceeded to discuss the provisions of the land purchase bill, and subjected the measure to a severe criticism, in which his well known skill in financial analysis was exhibited so strikingly as to elicit round after round of applause. The Conservatives took credit upon themselves, he said, for setting the land right by means of a firm and resolute government. But so poorly had they earned the right to make such a boast that it might truly be said that, defective as the Irish law was, the administration of it was worse than the law itself. The Irish people ought to hate the law, though he would say that they ought to break it. He would not sanction lawlessness, even though the Irish people had constantly before them an eminently bad example of lawlessness in quarters which should be the fountain head of legality. For the government of Ireland was itself a perfect pattern of unlawfulness, and its methods were such as could not fail to provoke among the people feelings of justifiable resentment.

The Tipperary Trouble.

It was grossly illegal to close the court room against the people of Tipperary. One of the rights of every British subject was the right to attend the courts publicly and in the public view. The appointment of Mr. Shannon as one of the trial magistrates, to sit in judgment upon Messrs. Dillon, O'Brien and other accused Nationalists was, while perhaps not technically illegal, a gross scandal, because he had previously acted in cases against the prisoners and because there was a personal quarrel between himself and Dillon. After such misconduct on the part of the police at Mitchelstown, Tipperary and elsewhere it would be expecting impossibilities to look for the maintenance of popular respect for the constabulary. The systematic brutality of the police was crowned by the insult of chronic absenteeism on the part of responsible officials.

His Respects to Mr. Balfour.

Mr. Balfour, the head of the Irish government, seemed to feel that it was no part of the business of a minister for Ireland to reside for any length of time in the country whose needs and demands he was supposed to be familiar with. It was absenteeism that forced one of the most significant signs of the lowest degradation reached by Ireland in the last century, and this practice had now been made the constant habit of the chief secretary, who had fairly flaunted his absence in the face of the people. The government had the audacity to boast that Ireland had grown peaceable under its administration, yet it kept sixfold more armed policemen in Ireland than in the whole of England and Scotland. The Irish people were forced to pay £1,000,000 annually to support the police in Ireland for the purpose of assisting the landlords to collect their rents, at least this was apparently the chief function of the constabulary. The English and Scotch landlords, who maintained fair and reasonable relations with their tenants, did not ask the aid of the police in collecting their rents.

A Challenge to the Government.

He asked what had become of the promises for Irish local self government? Mr. Gladstone challenged the government to grant a general election, and asserted with confidence that should an appeal to the country be allowed the result would prove that the people had been won over by Conservative improvement to the approval of the experiment of home rule. With this great question settled on terms honorable alike to England and Ireland, the last fortresses of bigotry and oppression would succumb to the attack of Liberal principles. Justice to Ireland would rid the empire of an intolerable nuisance and deep disgrace, and would gild with a brighter glow than any former period the closing years of Victoria's glorious reign.

Patti's Gift to Gladstone.

After a brief rest Mr. Gladstone, with his wife and a few intimate friends, attended the concert of Mme. Patti. A dense crowd gathered outside the building and wildly cheered the ex-premier as he entered. His appearance in the hall was the signal for another outburst of enthusiasm. After the concert he had a long interview with Mme. Patti, and at its conclusion the famous songstress presented the great statesman with a box of voice lozenges, which he accepted with evident pleasure.

Capt. Mooney Defeated Daly.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 22.—The pigeon shooting match between Phillip Daly, Jr., of the Central Gun club, of Long Branch, and Capt. Mooney, of London, England, attracted a large crowd of sporting men to Hollywood. Mooney outshot Daly from the start and won the match by a score of 78 to 68. The shoot was at 100 birds each, 21 yards boundary.

His Body Cut in Two.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 21.—A man, supposed to be John Hop, a member of the firm of Sternberg & Co., 66 Gold street, New York, was run over and killed by the cars at Summit. His body was cut in two.

More Old World Retaliation.

VIENNA, Oct. 21.—A proposal has been submitted in the lower house of the Austrian diet to increase the duty on American weavers' spools in retaliation for the McKinley tariff.

THE BASEBALL WAR.

A Compromise Is Probable, but Consolidation still Seems Far Away.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—If the baseball war is not settled to-day by an honorable and a profitable peace, somebody will have blundered. The delegates of the Brotherhood of Ballplayers, who met at the St. James hotel yesterday for the last of daily rest as to their confidence in the central board of directors of the Players' league, sent the following letter to them:

In view of the many rumors current the members of the Brotherhood of Ballplayers feel it due both to you and themselves to assert to you the assurance of their entire confidence in your ability to safely conduct the affairs of the Players' league.

JAMES WHITE, A. A. IRWIN,
J. H. O'ROURKE, E. F. PFEFFER,
G. A. WOOD, EX-HAYLON,
PAUL RADFORD (PROXY), T. J. KEEFE (Sec.),
JOHN M. WARD (Pres.)

Secretary Brunell, immediately on its receipt, reported it to the central board, which was in session at the Fifth Avenue hotel. The following capitalists and others were present: Nicholas Fish, New York, E. B. Talcott, William Ewing; Brooklyn, Wendell Goodwin, John M. Ward; Boston, Charles E. Mason, John Prince; Philadelphia, J. E. Wagner, George Wood; Pittsburg, Henry Rea, Edward Hanlon; Cleveland, A. L. Johnson, John M. Ward; Buffalo, J. H. Howe, James White; Chicago, John Addison, N. F. Pfeffer. Ward is proxy for Radford, of Cleveland.

President McAlpin acted as president of the meeting and Frank H. Brunell secretary. The main topic discussed was the advisability of having players represented on the compromise committee, which is to meet today. Nothing definite could be learned, but it is expected that Ward, Irwin and Hanlon will be at the meeting for the Players.

That a compromise will be effected there is very little reason to doubt, but that there will be a consolidation is a matter that is open to serious question. The Players are bitterly opposed to shaking hands, financially or otherwise, with Glasscock, Clarkson and one or two others in particular, and little, if any, hope remains of their acceding to it.

Any scheme with another basis may be accepted, but consolidation will be the rock on which they will almost positively split should they find themselves confronted with it. Philadelphia seems disposed to raise most serious objections, and some of the representatives yesterday rather boldly said that New York and Brooklyn had not sufficiently the interests of the Players at heart. The Wagners from the Quaker City led in this sentiment, but it was by no means general. The best judgments of the leading Players seem assured to be that today an honorable compromise would be agreed upon.

THEY MEANT NO OFFENSE.

The Ohio Members Did Not Intend to Insult Governor Campbell.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 22.—At the forenoon session of the Ohio legislature a resolution was passed stating that the action of the house regarding was not intended by the majority as a snub toward Governor Campbell. The resolution also provided for the appointment of a committee to wait upon governor and request that he submit his message to the house. The message was then sent in by Governor Campbell and read to the house. Its recommendations were that the present Cincinnati board be abolished and a new one appointed by the mayor to serve until next April. It was referred to the judiciary committee and the house adjourned.

Upon convening in the afternoon further consideration of the matter was deferred to 3 p. m. Wednesday. The senate passed the Sonerant bill in an amended form. It provides for the abolishment of the present board of public improvement of Cincinnati and the appointment of a non-partisan board by the mayor, which shall serve until March 1, 1892, after which a three men board is to be elected by the people, two to serve two years and two to serve one year. A motion to reconsider was lost, so the passage of the measure, so far as the senate is concerned, is final.

Mrs. Birchall's Appeal.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 22.—The petition for commutation of Birchall's sentence has been coolly received by the public. Only about one in every fifty appealed to will attach their signatures to the document, although it has been greatly modified. The refusal of the public to indorse the request for clemency is generally ascribed to Mrs. Birchall and her sister. Mrs. Birchall has just issued the following appeal on behalf of her husband:

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, Woodstock, Ont., Oct. 21.

To the People of Canada:

May I ask you to sign the accompanying petition for the commutation of my husband's sentence. I shall be indeed deeply and truly grateful if you will help me to save him from the terrible doom which awaits him. Yours truly,

FLORENCE BIRCHALL.

Birchall has completed his autobiography, which makes over 300 foolscap pages, and in summer closets with New York publishers for the sale of it. His price is $2,000.

William Sprague's Funeral.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Oct. 22.—The funeral of William Sprague took place at St. Peter's chapel, according to the regular Episcopal form, the Rev. William N. Ackley officiating. Ex-Governor Sprague and wife, Edith Wead; Col. Wharton and wife and Mrs. William Sprague, Jr., sat in the front pew of the church, while on the other side was the mother of the deceased, Mrs. Kate Chase-Sprague, and her daughters, Ethel and Portia; Mrs. Byron Sprague, Mrs. Alonzo Sprague and Mrs. Balch. Mrs. Kate Chase-Sprague was overcome with grief and sank sobbing in a pew. A touching scene, Mrs. Sprague kissing the old Canonchet servants who surrounded her and who also wept like children. The remains were interred at Swan Point.

American Locomotives to the Holy Land.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Henry Gillman, United States consul at Jerusalem, has informed the state department that three locomotives of American make have arrived at Jaffa for the Jerusalem and Jaffa railroad. "It is of interest to our citizens, and indeed the entire world," says Mr. Gillman, "to know that the first locomotive ever used in this ancient land was made in the New World—in the United States of America."

Held by the Coroner's Jury.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Oct. 22.—The coroner's jury found James Morrisey, of Hurley, guilty of causing the death of his brother Joseph by setting fire to a shed upon which he was lying, and the prisoner will be held to await the action of the grand jury. It is generally believed that Morrisey is insane and will ultimately be sent to an asylum.

Fatally Wounded in a Duel.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 22.—Count Manteuil is dying from the effects of a bullet wound received in a duel near Cronstadt.

GOVERNOR HILL IN OHIO.

He Delivers a Stirring Speech in McKinley's District.

HARD WORDS FOR THE TARIFF.

The Famous Ohio Congressman Friend Personally, but Denounced Politically as Unworthy of a Single Complimentary Democratic Vote.—Gov. Hill's Reception.

CANTON, O., Oct. 22.—Governor Hill, accompanied by J. S. Ewan and G. W. Hinke, arrived here shortly after 6 o'clock last evening and were at once driven to the residence of Prosecutor Welty, where a reception was held in the governor's honor. The meeting the governor was to address was set for 8 o'clock and the hall was filled to its utmost capacity long before that time. Governor Hill did not reach the hall till about 9 o'clock, when the pent up enthusiasm of the crowd broke out in a tremendous round of applause. Mr. Welty acted as chairman and introduced Governor Hill as one of the most distinguished men in the country and the future president.

Governor Hill's Speech.

In his address Governor Hill prefaced his remarks by dwelling on the elections bill; the admission of the new states and called the McKinley as an infamous tariff bill, the sum of all villanies.

He said the primary object of a tariff was to raise the necessary expenses of government, and no more should be raised. The place for the surplus was in the pockets of the people. Republicans had reduced the surplus by unprecedented extravagant appropriations, redeeming their pledges and violating their confidence. He denied that the Democrats were ever committed to free trade, and asserted that it favored more than any other party ever organized protection to American labor. The tariff must be high enough to equalize wages between countries. He defended the Mills bill as furnishing adequate protection to every laborer and as subserving the best interests of the country.

Mr. McKinley Attacked Politically.

Barring the free list every article on which tariff reduced in that bill retained a sufficient duty to equalize wages. Democrats insist that little or no tariff should be placed on a countless list of raw material for manufacture. He said it was hoped to popularize the McKinley bill by benefiting all a little, but government should have little to do with business interests. McKinley was the strongest protectionist ever in congress. No monopolist ever applied to him in vain. No wages had been raised since the bill passed, and the prices of necessities had risen. He acknowledged that merchants were taking advantage of the bill, but charged that the bill furnished the opportunity. He denounced the bill as framed in the interest of monopoly and to the injury all other classes.

Wages and the Tariff.

He denied that the tariff kept up wages in this country, and accounted for the higher wages here by the greater ability and intelligence of the people and through labor organizations. He denounced the unseating of Democratic representatives from the south; the admission of Wyoming and Idaho, and the rejection of New Mexico, alleging that the latter was equal to both the former, and charging it all to partisanship. He said congress had been in session for months without rules. Speaker Reed, promising to act according to established parliamentary law, had refused to recognize Democrats desiring to speak and ignored the rights of the minority. He spoke of the elections bill in the most bitter language, saying it surpassed the tariff and all other issues as the great question of the hour, and appealing to the people to resent it.

The New York Census.

He denied that there are dishonest elections in the south, and said the colored people were happy and contented, and those not voting did not want to. He charged that the bill endangered the liberties of the people, and the Republican party intended perpetuating false returns in New York to deprive the state of its just representatives in congress by keeping the population down.

A High Tribute to Mr. McKinley.

Speaking locally, he eulogized Mr. Warwick and paid a high tribute to Mr. McKinley, crediting him with ability, integrity and intellect personally, but denouncing him politically as a bitter partisan, unworthy of a single complimentary vote from Democrats, who for long years represented in congress. He said no ruling of Speaker Reed's was so outrageous or partisan but that had McKinley's indorsement, or at least he had not the courage to oppose it.

McKinley had opposed every measure for the good of the country introduced since he had been in congress. He assured the Democrats of the district that they had no easy task, and said the whole country was watching the district, and every voter would be approached to forsake his alliance with the Democracy. Governor Hill this morning went to Wooster and thence to Millersburg Thursday and Massillon Friday.

The Concord's Trial Board.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Secretary Tracy has appointed the following board to test the horse power and the speed of the United States ship Concord: Capt. Casey, Commander Batchellor, Commander Bradford, Chief Engineers Farquharson and Aston, Naval Constructor Varney. The trial will take place early next week.

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King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

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MAYOR GRANT'S DEMAND

New York Still Struggling for a Federal Recount.

A LETTER TO SECRETARY NOBLE.

The Metropolis' Mayor Insists That the Police Count Was Done Under the Supervision of a Representative of the Census Bureau—Mr. Childs' Letter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Mayor Grant has sent this letter to Secretary Noble asking for a recount, together with all the papers connected with the recent police enumeration:

"John W. Noble, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.:

"DEAR SIR—Inclosed herewith are copies of the correspondence between the census bureau and myself. In the name of the people of New York I ask you to honor their demand for a recount, and ask that the federal authorities make an accurate enumeration of all of the inhabitants of this city. The census office has in its possession the reports of its accredited representative in the present enumeration of this city.

Mr. Olcott's Presence.

"Mr. Olcott came to me at the beginning of our enumeration with written credentials from the census bureau which said that he was the credited representative of that bureau.

"All the facilities of the police department and this department were placed at his disposal. All the census books, tally sheets and other papers were given to him as the representative of the federal authorities. He was here constantly during the progress of the enumeration, and I am informed that he made daily reports to the census bureau. This bureau took official cognizance of our enumeration, and it should act upon the information which is already in its possession. Very respectfully, HUGH J. GRANT, Mayor."

Acting Superintendent Childs' Letter.

The following is the letter referred to by the mayor:

"WASHINGTON, Sept. 27, 1890.

"Hon. Hugh J. Grant, Mayor of the city of New York:

"SIR—I beg leave to introduce to your the person of the bearer, Mr. W. H. Olcott, of this office. Mr. Olcott is visiting New York city for the purpose of personally conferring with you as to the municipal census that you have ordered to be taken, and of informing himself as to the methods that will be pursued in the enumeration in order that this office may be in position to judge how far the results of such census should be considered as verifying or otherwise those of the United States census.

"I beg, therefore, to bespeak for Mr. Olcott such official courtesies as you may see fit to accord him. Yours very respectfully,

"A. F. CHILDS,

"Acting Superintendent of Census."

Philadelphia on the Warpath.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—The mayor has decided to have a police enumeration of the population of Philadelphia. Basing an estimate upon the police department's report covering the number of houses unoccupied during the summer and allowing for errors on the part of the census enumerators, the mayor believes there is an omission of 100,000 persons from the late count.

Silk Dyers on Strike.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 22.—A big strike has been inaugurated among the silk dyers and their helpers employed in the Wieland Silk Dyeing company's works of this city, the largest establishment of its kind in America, due to the discharge of three of the dyers for trying to form a union among the men. Three hundred are employed in the works at Riverside, and of this number only forty remained at work. A few days ago it was discovered by Jacob Weidman, president of the company, that these was a movement on foot among some of the men to form a labor union. Monday Mr. Weidman discovered the originators of the scheme and discharged them. The other works are resolved to stand by the discharged employes, and made a demand that they be reinstated. This was refused, and Mr. Weidman told the men delegated to approach him that his works shall never be dominated by a labor union.

United Friends Meet.

BUFFALO, Oct. 22.—The imperial council of the order of United Friends is in convention here. Over sixty members of the council from Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania and Ohio were present. J. H. Brayton, imperial councilor, read his annual report. It showed a large gain in membership. Imperial Recorder *Oliver M. Sneed, of Poughkeepsie, presented his report, showing that there were over 23,000 members in the order. Imperial Treasurer Alfred A. Lamprey, of Lawrence, Mass., reported that $676.000 had been paid out on death claims during the past year, and that $36,000 was paid out in claims for disability.*

"Baby Bunting's" Case on Appeal.

ALBANY, Oct. 22.—Miss Clara Campbell, the fair plaintiff in the famous "Baby Bunting" breach of promise case, listened with interest yesterday to the arguments before the court of appeals on the appeal of Charles Arbuckle from the judgement of $45,000 damages rendered for plaintiff by the courts below, and the arguments were largely a review of the amatory testimony taken in previous trials and an elaboration by the defendant's counsel of the exceptions there taken.

Nelson Breaks the Record Again.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., Oct. 22.—The stallion Nelson trotted a mile here yesterday in 2:07¼, lowering the world's stallion record half a second. A large crowd witnessed the performance. The time by quarters was 0:33½; half, 1:05¾; three-quarters, 1:38¼; mile, 2:07¼.

Gen. Sullivan Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Gen. J. C. Sullivan, who commanded a division under Rosecrans and fought the battle of Irika, died at Oakland Oct. 21 from hemorrhage. He was honorary brigadier general after the battle of Kernstown.

Francis Lingo Indicted.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 22.—A true bill has been found against Francis Lingo, charged with the murder of Mrs. Annie Miller near Merchantville, by the grand jury. The trial will hardly come off before the January term of court.

Tram Car Strikers Win.

VIENNA, Oct. 22.—The tram car service is being resumed, a compromise having been effected with the strikers. The municipal authorities have compelled the owners of the lines to revise certain objectionable rules.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a City Judgment, in favor of Plainfield, in the county of Union, to make the unpaid taxes and assessments, in the said City of Plainfield, for the year ending on the 31st day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and all charges thereon, the subscriber, the collector appointed for the purpose, will on Wednesday, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1890, at the hour of eight o'clock, at public sale, at the Court House in the City of Plainfield, sell at public vendue, the following described real estate, hereinafter mentioned, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the taxes, assessments and charges thereon, and costs of sale.

Anthony, Henrietta h and 6 lots 28-36 W Seventh street 68 16
Bean, Geo est of C h and 11 and 70 E Front st 130 00
Brewer, Mrs Mary E h and 2 lots Broadway 10 00
Brewer, J Lewis Broadway 10 00
Bond, Selena H lot 10 Park avenue 2 25
" lot 12 Nethergood avenue 2 25
" lot 13 " 2 25
Bliven, Edward M lot 89 Prospect avenue 2 25
Bogart, Rich H lot 25 Fifth street 2 25
Brenan, James h and 1 lf Rose st 2 25
Bonnelbrecht, Henry lot 4 Prospect pl 2 25
Bishop, A & Son lot 1 Grove 2 25
Bandy, Henry h and 1 Richmond rd 2 25
Bishop est of Hiram h h and 80 acres 10 Somerset 213 00
Brewer, J Lewis Broadway 10 00
Cozad, Selena H lot 10 Park avenue 2 25
" lot 12 Nethergood avenue 2 25
" lot 13 " 2 25
Bliven, Edward M lot 89 Prospect avenue 2 25
Bogart, Rich H lot 25 Fifth street 2 25
Brenan, James h and 1 lf Rose st 2 25
Bonnelbrecht, Henry lot 4 Prospect pl 2 25
Bishop, A & Son lot 1 Grove 2 25
Bandy, Henry h and 1 Richmond rd 2 25
Bishop est of Hiram h h and 80 acres 10 Somerset 213 00
Cozad, Selena H lot 10 Park avenue 2 25
Campbell, Mrs John O h and lf S 8th st 74 30
Cole est of Silas h land 3 and 4 acres South avenue 19 05
Cozad, Mrs Mary E lot 89 Prospect avenue 22 70
Carey, Richard lot 81 Kensington ave 2 25
Cuff, Lewis H h and 1 east of Belvid. re avenue 2 25
Casey, Patrick h and 1 lf to W 4th street 20 34
Cook, John H h and 1 lf Grove st 4 56
Conway, Mary h and 1 lf W 4th street 2 25
Cook, John H h and 1 lf Clinton st Lee pl 2 25
Cook, William T h and 18 acres 25 to 240 Dunellen avenue 91 80
Cozad, Wilfred h and 1 on W Front st 2 25
Cole est of Silas lots 48 to 50 Jefferson ave 2 25
Carey, Richard lot 81 Kensington ave 2 25
Darling, William S h and 1 256 South ave 20 34
" " 300 feet rear of Brown's Ravine road 2 27
Darling, Emma h and 1 25 to Rahway road 70 20
" " lots 127-128, Woodland ave
" " lots north side Prospect ave 4 81
Darling, Emma lots south side Prospect ave 9 27
Daly est of Patrick or Mary h and 1 60 W 3d street 19 03
Dunn, Solomon F h l and shop 66 Park avenue 37 08
Dunham, Joseph T h and 1 20 Arlington avenue 29 16
Dunham, Wm S 2 lots 29 and 28 Clinton ave 2 25
Dunham, James R lot 230 S 3d street 2 25
Dyer, Frederick H lot 40 Grant avenue 2 25
Flynn, Bernhard h and 1 lf2 orpeel road 6 72
" " 300 feet rear of Brown's Ravine road 2 27
Darling, Emma h and 1 25 to Rahway road 70 20
" " lots 127-128, Woodland ave
" " lots north side Prospect ave 4 81
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Darling, William S h and 1 256 South ave 20 34
" " 300 feet rear of

SOUND COMMON SENSE.

EVA LOVETT CARSON WRITES OF THE BUSINESS WOMAN.

Some of the Most Absurd Things Ever Spoken and Printed About Women Who Make Their Living Along Lines of Competition with Men.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

"A few years ago a man dying suddenly left nothing but a tolerably prosperous store and a feeble wife and support of his wife and little ones. The wife was a woman of energy and determination. She comprehended that to sell out meant poverty for herself and children. Henceforth the office was her sphere. She already had a fair idea of the business, and she at once applied herself to the details, trusting to no one for aid, and in a short time things were running as smoothly as if there had been no change in the management. Nor did she neglect her natural duties, her home and children receiving their full share of careful and particular attention."

The above item, from a prominent daily paper, must be taken with a grain of salt. Such paragraphs on business women have become very common, and nobody seems to realize how absurd they are. An account was lately published of some woman who started to be a lawyer, and supported her family of five children while she did it by sewing. She also took entire charge of her housework and family, and finally bloomed out as a successful and brilliant lawyer after educating and bringing up her children as perfectly as the woman who finds her hands full when she does nothing else!

Now, a clever woman, a bright woman, is the brightest and cleverest thing in the world, far ahead of the clergy and smart man. But it may be confessed just here that her capacity for work is limited—as limited as a man's. A woman is mortal. She needs time for rest and sleep. She is obliged to eat her meals, and to stop occasionally to breathe. And, as with every one else, her day contains only twenty-four hours.

Housework to the ordinary woman is a business in itself, and if done properly and well, attended to at all its points, takes much time. In the average city house, if a woman has a house, a husband and from three to six children to see to, with one Irish peasant woman to do the hardest work, her time is filled. If she makes all her own and her children's clothes and some of her husband's, does all the buying for the house and family, superintends all the cooking, is head and front and general picker up in the house, and (heaven save the mark!) "clears the table and sweeps the dining room wash days," it is evident that she does not sit down many minutes to amuse herself.

If this housewife finds she has the ability or if she perceives the necessity to write, to paint or to conduct a business, there is no doubt that she can do it as thoroughly and well as a man. It takes no more brains to run a flour business than to run a house, husband and five children, as the writer can testify. It does take most of one's time and energies to do either of these things, however, and that is why a lawyer to one profession has got to come from the other somewhere. If the woman can make extra money enough to hire all her sewing done or to hire competent servants to perform every detail of the house work, and she likes that better than to do the work herself, she has a right to do it. If she thinks she can attend to each household duty herself as well as if she did not give only half time to them she will speedily find herself mistaken, or the family will for her.

In the case quoted above there is no doubt that the woman did conduct a flour and feed business, and manage her house and family, too. That she did not do both as well or as completely as if she did only one there is also no doubt. She had to neglect things at one end of the line or the other. In spite of the paragraph certain details of the flour and feed business were intrusted to other people while she devoted time to her children, or some one attended to the house and the children while she was absorbed in flour and feed.

When a man's work is done for the day that is the end of it. He is not to be bothered with home vexations: the children are not to trouble him. He is to rest and amuse himself in this, his leisure time. How would it have done to expect the man in the flour and feed business, on the death of his wife, to fill her place in the home, taking entire charge of his house and children in addition to his own work? He would have said very quickly that the thing was impossible; he had enough to do to attend to his own business, and he would be right, for either work would take so much time and energy that both could not be done well by one person. Is there any reason why a woman, more than a man, should be expected to perform impossibilities?

The trouble is that it is still such a noticeable thing for a woman to be a success in business that men cannot quite reconcile themselves to the fact, and the woman does their work in addition to her own. She may do this thing, but she may not leave the other thing undone.

Now, this is utter nonsense. If a woman feels that she must write let her write; if she is moved to paint let her paint; if she, from inclination or necessity, aspires to be a business woman let her do it; but do not let her imagine that she can attend to her house and family the same as the ordinary woman, who takes no part of her time to paint, or write, or sell flour. She can't do both. Nobody ever did, and it may be in the paper a thousand times.

For the woman who has no family the way is clearer, and she can write or go out to sell flour with no self reproach about the neglected work at home. She can hire her clothes made, and pay her board, or her servants to do the housework, feeling that she is doing her whole duty to man.

For the woman who discovers, when she already has a family on her hands, that she can write or paint as well as another it is a hard fight, if she is a conscientious woman, to get the proper time to devote to what she longs to do. She tries to do it at night, and is upset all the next day in consequence. She tries to do it in the morning, and finds the baby sitting on the ink bottle, and the other children walking off with her lead pencils.

When her children are to depend upon her work for their bread and butter that settles the question. But she must put them out of her arms to do it. The thousand things that only a mother can do must go undone, or be done very indifferently by somebody else, while she works.

The most successful women of today know this. They do not try to do too much. They have got to give up something—somewhere. They know they have to pay a certain price for success, and they count the cost and pay it. And any woman who would be successful in art must do the same. She must find from what she can take the time and strength to accomplish her purpose, and then decide if the game is worth the candle.

Let no one be deceived by such items as the one heading this article. Every woman with a conscience, while trying to do outside work, knows how much she is neglecting her family, and how much justification she has in doing it, and each must settle the matter with herself. For the woman who works only from inclination there is one safe rule to follow—fill the place that you are in, full, before you try to fill a bigger one.

EVA LOVETT CARSON.

THE FASHIONS OF PARIS.

The Newest Style in Skirts Is Here Illustrated—There Are Hoops.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

To be or not to be is the question that is agitating the fashionable world just now. Some say there will be, and others say "not for the world," and who is to decide when dressmakers disagree? But the fact remains that there are hoops, though probably their general adoption will be gradual. Some adhere to the close plat style and others again wear unmistakable hoops.

A gown for a Parisian woman of the highest position is made of silver gray glace silk, which gives shades of almost white in one light and nearly black in another, has a knife plaited flounce all around the bottom and up the right side, where the upper skirt is draped in one bold loop. Back of this is a band of black velvet, with small buttons in the shape of stars. The same band and buttons are placed on the left side, but the skirt is not looped there. The skirt is demi-traine in the back, and the whole is held out by a modest hoop. The corsage is gathered blouse fashion, with a jabot of plaited silk, and collar plaited also. The belt is of black velvet, with a band of gray moire below it, and these are tied in long loops and ends in the back. A plaiting of the silk encircles the bottom of the waist. The sleeves have double puffs of the silk and a narrow plaited ruffle at the wrist. The whole is very simple, very pleasing and very graceful.

For garniture for the neck jabots and boas are made of silk tissue veiling, the edges barred with heavy lines as it is for veils. The effect is very fine. Jabots

LATEST STYLE IN SKIRTS.

made of knife plaitings of silk and even fine woolen goods are much used as a garniture for the front of the waist, plain hemmed, pinked out or edged with lace held on full.

These have bands variously trimmed for pardine collars, and are often worn with the small shoulder capes, filling all the front, but more generally only on the waist. Some of fine cashmere are embroidered in colors. To make them required a straight foundation—a ribbon, for instance, of any length desired, and then the plaiting or gathered material is sewn along the edges or across and back zigzag shape until it is all on. It is then all ready to fall naturally.

Velvet and chenille butterflies are the novelties in bonnet trimming in large size. They perch upon the brims of the bonnets as if just alighting, and beautifully colored beetles and dragon flies are also closely imitated.

Long wraps for medium weather are made of glace silk in mauve and other quite light colors, hoordeon plaited and left to hang from the little pointed collar to the bottom of the dress.

AN ENGLISH ARCADIA.

RAMBLES AMID THE SCENES WHERE JOHN BUNYAN LIVED.

Notes of a Recorder's Holiday Abroad—The Sweet Completeness of the Landscape and Improvements in England—Queer Passenger Cars—Bedfordshire.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

To the American taking his first railway ride in England, and especially to the American from the Wabash valley—accustomed to the rude, hasty improvements of a slight or temporary character—the one great and ever present feeling is that caused by the multiplied and enormous evidences of refined and finished wealth. They confront him on every side—in the trim hedges and carefully cleared groves; the rich, dark green pastures and closely cropped fields; the solid farm houses, well squared stone walls and substantial buildings, and more than all in the wonderful public improvements.

I TAKE THE HINT.

The railway maintains an almost dead level, regardless of the topography of the country; but whether on the high embankment or in the deep cut, one sees no slightly slopes of rock or of clay gullied by the rains. On the contrary, in the cuts he glides through gateways of green, and on the fills the embankment slopes away in solid sod, or is terraced and thickset with grass and flowers which charm the eye. Even on the levels the narrow strip of the roadway between rail and ditch is a ribbon of green; the ditch is like one of our ornamentally rocked flumes, and where the road winds around the point of a hill the declivity is often terraced above and below, the point covered with noble trees, and the terraces set in grass or shrubbery or flowers in ever varying forms of rural loveliness. When a country road crosses the railway as a cut it passes on a great stone bridge and never a high grade by a tunnel, while on the level it approaches by a long and gently inclined grade which gives it a bridge level above the top of the embankment. In the latter instance in which these high grades are concealed or delicately veiled by double rows of trees along their base is quite charming.

The country depots (these people call them stations) are little lodges of stone and iron, and like the bridges are as solid as if built by Titans for Cyclopean transportation. But the riding part—ah, I cannot praise that! And when asked my impression of the country I am compelled to answer that I have been well treated with one exception. When I left Liverpool by the London and Northwestern they put me into a cage, fastened the door and set a guard over me! That is just what it amounted to. My first impulse was to ask if they feared I would steal their train, but there was no time to "draft," for it was "Quick, now! Right in here!" then a wild fling of my "luggage" after me, a slamming and fastening, and we were off at forty miles an hour. My only fellow prisoner for some time was a middle aged and very intelligent lady, who explained that she "had been put into the smokers' carriage" only because she arrived too late to get into the other, and straightway insisted on my smoking if I felt like it.

When I got accustomed to my cage I noticed that it was eight feet long, the long way being across the track, and big enough for two seats, fronting each other, with shelves overhead for light luggage. Five persons could sit on each seat by a little squeezing, but a family or party of five to eight can have its own cage without extra charge. Three of these, with a sentry box for the guard, constitute a "van," and in the same van separated by a first, second and third class cage. The difference in price is worth taking into account, and I will say in advance, I ride with the smokers on principle, for it is among smokers that one hears the freest talk and gets at the true sentiments of the people. A van looks like a combination of the old stage coach and one of those "photograph cars" which used to be hauled over the country roads of the west, and a string of these "second hand coffins," as Artemus Ward would say, makes a train.

On a long ride there is serious inconvenience. One cannot move about or get a glass of water or retire temporarily, and if they did not make a five minutes' stop at least once in two hours I should be very much surprised. The guard would suffer as much as a child in the old fashioned district school. The English freely admit that America is ahead in the comforts of railway travel, and explain the failure to improve by the fact that there is so much capital invested in these old style carriages, and the shops are fixed to make them; but I suspect the real reason for the conservatism is the English love of privacy. I find it manifested everywhere. In the parks walks, flanked by grass or dense hedges around the better class of houses, in the division of the "pubbies" into several little drinking stalls, and most of all in the manner of eating. At the village inn I eat in the parlor, the commercial travelers in the commercial room, the ladies in some remote region, while the dignitary does his eating in his own room. Very rarely do I sit down at table with any other person. They strive to be very accommodating and polite, and the care the guard takes of us is actually touching. I soon discovered his utility. There is no such thing as a man to run this way and that at the stopping places and to get into danger. I was so affected by the kindly consideration of my keeper at one place that I asked him if he had children.

"You don't intend that an American shall get hurt in this country, do you?"

"No, sir," he answered, with all the gravity of a bishop, and unspeakably touching his cap, "No, sir, not so long as he was my charge, sir."

I took the hint. Couldn't very well miss it, indeed, for as he brought his hand down from his cap it was palm upward and suppol in a delicately suggestive way. I

shilling is the ordinary "tip" for an attentive guard; sixpence for "boots" at the "hotel-inn" for the chambermaid when one stops for a night at a hotel; "tuppence" for the stable boy if one needs his services, and one penny for any one who shows you the road or answers you a question. Every one takes "tips" except professional men—and the wealthy, of course—and as a penny is equal to two cents, the drain on a man in London is not in a day. When I had occasion to send a note to Bedford from John Bunyan's cottage at Elstow (perhaps two miles) I hesitated to offer anything to the very substantial farmer who had said he was going right there on his own account; but he soon put me at ease with, "I do take a pot or two (meaning beer) now, sir, whenever as I goes to the George, and sixpence'll do it, sir." Since then I have been less delicate, and have not yet succeeded in insulting any one by offering a "tip."

I have said that the country on the line of the Northwestern railway is very beautiful, but there are fine spots on this form of loveliness, and we reached the first soon after leaving Liverpool. My fellow prisoner explained: "This 'ere is where they do make the soap, sir, and the finest chemicals and such." I believe her. The narrow alleys between the blocks of houses were in darkness and the stream was lined with the leaden smoke works. For several miles not a spear of grass or a shrub was to be seen, while all the buildings were of an inexplicable dirty, sooty color, and over all hung a cloud that defies description. Yet in the narrow alleys were great crowds of children, looking like sooty gnomes of the underground world, and they and the black figures about the furnaces were as distorted by the peculiar haze that the sight gave one as unearthly creations. It must have been at such a place that John Bunyan got his imagery for hell. The chemical odors kill all vegetation in the vicinity, and it was such a relief to get out once more among the green hills and timbered vales. Rural England is the real England—the England of song and sentiment and practical enjoyment.

I reached Bedford just as the people were thronging to the river side after their day's work, and as I rode over the old bridge I could scarcely restrain an exclamation of delight at the enchanting scene. For a mile or more the broad slack water lands forms one of the finest boating places in England. On the city side a terrace (called an embankment in England) extends along the basin, while the other side is lined by trees and as beautiful as any that Bunyan's pilgrim saw on the Delectable mountains. Along the city side of the terrace are noble old trees and rustic benches, and as the rowers are thick on the water every fine evening all the people take their rest there.

At 8 p. m. the setting sun was casting its red light upon the clear water; at 8:45 there was still light enough to read, nor was it dark enough to sleep well till an hour later. Every one looked clean, ruddy and pleasant. Among many hundreds I did not see three really bad complexions, unless you count as such the rather "high" color of the older people. Up to 30 the English woman is remarkably attractive, at least to those who, like myself, have a weakness for color and plumpness. The lily and the rose mingle just about as the poets tell us. But in middle life the lily too often disappears and the rose gets very rosy—probably from the habit of beer—concentration in the nose. Too many "publics," too many "goes" of brandy and soda among the well to do and beer among the laboring. They do not count in England. It is only when people take to gin, and in large quantities, that they are considered "and drinkers."

Every American who visits Bedford is supposed to be a Bunyanite, and directed accordingly. The "goal" in which he was confined is simply an extension of the gate house at the end of the bridge—about ten rods from my inn, the George—and had no idea a cage could be such a comfortable one. The new bridge. His statue stands on the corner of the large green where he occasionally preached, and a very imposing figure it is, a gift to the city by the Duke of Bedford. All around are memorials of him, and for the most part well preserved. His cottage in Elstow and nearly as well as that is, and looks just as represented in the familiar pictures. The church (in England you must say meeting-house—"church" means the establishment only) in which he preached after his release is somewhat changed, and the bronze doors presenting scenes from his allegory are well worth seeing. All around is the natural scenery which shows in parts of the "Pilgrim's Progress." It is all very, very interesting—really inspiring. J. H. BEADLE.

How to Count Bank Bills.

"There are two kinds of bank bills," said a man who has handled a good many of them. "There are the national bank bills and the government notes. The former have vignettes on each end, the latter on the left hand end only. The treasury department made a mistake in putting the vignette on the left end of the government note, for this reason: Take a bundle of these bills in a bank; the bank clerk in counting such a bundle places his left hand on the left end of the bundle, and runs the right end with his right thumb and finger.

"The vignette is the most difficult thing to counterfeit, and for that very reason it is counterfeited most. In counting such bills as I have been speaking about this vignette is not seen by the bank clerk, and he is more liable to count in a spurious note than if he saw the vignette. The expert knows a bad vignette almost at a glance. I think if the treasury department had thought of this the vignette would have been put on the right end of the bill."

This was told to the cashier of a Dearborn street bank. He smiled when he heard it. "In the first place," he said, "bank clerks do not count bills in the way you describe. They count as they violate orders. The instructions are that they shall handle the bills so that each one will come entirely within the range of the eye. I presume there were little details of this kind in the counterfeiter's mind when he made his plates. Even so, an expert has other means of detecting a bad bill than looking at the vignette. However, I am of the opinion that the vignette would be an additional safeguard if it were on the right end of the note."—Chicago Tribune.

A Queer Resting Place.

Of all roosting places imaginable the hands of a clock would seem the last place a bird would seek. But, nevertheless, a feathered visitor of some description took up quarters for the night on the hour hand of the Linn, O., town clock, and was as cozy as a "bug in a rug." It was first noticed about 10:30 o'clock, and, as the hands would soon pass, an interested crowd looked on anxious to know what the bird would do. Well, that bird knew its business, and when the minute hand drove up in front of it it demurely hopped aboard, and taking a seat on the extreme end rode safely by. The crowd cheered the bird for its clever position on the hour hand.—Chicago Herald.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we have it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help it by a reduction in the price of Tea, Coffee, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

We were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help tide over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.

Having reached our Anniversary of Celebration in Prairie before its advocates in plainfield took place, we have decided it, and at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery we run to North Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Cranford, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

When in the Store look at those 82.90 Tan Price Decorated Toilet Sets. There are only a few o' them.

Ladies who have tried our F. D. Corset, pronounce it the Best fitting and most comfortable Corset they have ever worn. Price $1.

Buy a new Broom for 15c.

We bought, before the advance in Linen, 100 dozen fine Dinner Napkins. Value $2.00 per dozen. Our price $1.35. Cheap they are.

Ask to see the Banner Lamp. Best made. Price $1.50.

Gentlemen, there is no place like V. and W. for Flannel Underwear. Try them. They will save you money.

Tooth picks, 3c. per box.

Blankets, Comfortables and Rugs are UP on the second floor. Prices are way down in the BASEMENT.

How about a New Coal Hod, 23c. for a good one.

Do you know that we keep almost everything that the average woman wants! (Except money, and that we will save for her.) Just look through our Store, examine our Goods and Prices, and we know that you will become a permanent Customer.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

High prices have got to go in spite of the great advance in shoes. The advance does not effect us, for we were shrewd enough to buy all our Fall and Winter shoes and rubber goods before they went up, and now, YOU WHO READ THIS shall have the benefit of our low prices. We have got an elegant stock, and we should like to see you.

Driving Out HIGH PRICES!

ROGERS BROS.,

12 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is up to date in style, "fetching looking." We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

23 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

Indispensable to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES. SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 41 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 12 East Fifth street between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Cleary, to whom sole agency is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCK.)

Furniture carefully and promptly moved to all parts of the city or country in the United States by express or freight, at specially made low rates.

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by DR. GRIFFIN, will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Wasting Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 60 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1209

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all made cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when rates were low, always kept to clear it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under cover.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of large, early mined coal, enables us always to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is carefully stored the highest attainable temperature. Telephone 120. Yard and office connected by telephone. Turning and scroll sawing done to order in best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Test tanks in operation. Our system is fully approved of by the Board of Health. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at central office, 7 Somerset street, opposite Post Office, Lower Garden and Front St. premises 6 Lower Garden and Front St. premises 6 Fisher St. Telephone call 32.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Third Congressional District, Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress, HON. AMOS CLARK, of Union county.

For State Senator, JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr., of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff, JAMES H. CLARK, of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District, GEORGE KYTE, of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District. Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress, RICHARD F. GOODMAN, of Sussex county

For State Senator, CHARLES A. REED, of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—A barber says cutting hair effects the eye.

—The Somerset county court has adjourned until October 31st.

—Plainfield will have twenty seven voting booths at the coming November election.

—The war drama, "Held by the Enemy," will be presented at Music Hall this evening.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders have decided to build a bridge on Prospect avenue.

—The Plainfield Leal and Elizabeth Pingry foot ball teams will play a game in this city Saturday.

—Rogers Bros., the shoe dealers, on Oct. 31st, will give away a watch. Read their advertisement.

—Bells and parties are now in order and the lovers of the many waltz are looking up their slippers.

—Jos English, S. A. Haines and others will speak on the temperance question at Reform Hall to night.

—Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, has been engaged to deliver a lecture in Plainfield in January next.

—The annual convention of the *Union* County Sunday school association will be held at Rose Hall on Tuesday, Nov. 11.

—The colored gentleman who rejoices in the job of carrying the mails from the station to the post office has a new mail-wagon

—Whatsoever Circle of King's Daughters will give a musical and literary entertainment in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening.

—The bir given by the ladies of the Unitarian Society will be held in the building at the corner of Broadway and Sixth street this evening.

—The apple crop has failed of course, but specimens of the fruit of wonderful color and fine size are trolling on the market to day for sixty-five cents a basket.

—Another large audience greeted the Louis Bros., Dramatic and Comedy company in Amphion Hall last evening. The production gave satisfaction, and the various characters were loudly applauded.

—The re-union of the Thirty Fifth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, took place at Newark yesterday. There was a large attendance of veterans from various parts of the State, including Plainfield

—Reform Hall having been rented to the Prohibition party for Thursday evening, the regular mid-week meeting of the Reform Club will not occur, but will be held in the basement parlor, commencing at 8 o'clock.

—The social committee of the Epworth League of the M. E. Church will give the first sociable of the Winter season in Vincent chapel Friday evening. An unusual programme for the amusement of those attending has been arranged.

—Mr. N. W. Doty, the tailor, was very thankful to Samuel Dreier, the pawnbroker, for voluntarily assisting him in recovering his watch, as he thereby obtained a clue to the person who, he supposes thinks, his store early yesterday morning.

—The tract of virgin forest on Eighth street in the rear of the kitchen garden of the young ladies seminary is being filled in. In behalf of those who are fond of frequenting o' nights the City Park, it is requested that the dirt be spread lev-l instead of in dumps.

—Gracious! how many knights and ladies of the wheel are there in the High School building. Yesterday a record of safety pins and big wheels were inclined against the wall, and on the girl's side of the yard, the other day, were two or three more machines.

—A clear stump thrown by some careless sooter fell upon the fouled awning of the tent store next to Roger's Bros. on West Front street yesterday afternoon and but for its immediate discovery would have destroyed it. As it is the canvas has several large holes, as a memento. Smokers should be more careful.

—Mr. M. Higgins, the liveryman, owing to the increase of his business, has recently purchased a new city coupe and brougham, together with a span of horses. The carriage cost him in the neighborhood of $2,500, and is used by Mr. Higgins exclusively for taking the customers to receptions, etc. They are said to be the finest livery rigs in the city.

—They is war on West Front street between two Chinese laundries. One moved from its accustomed quarters into a larger shop next door the other day, and some brand new Colonials popped into the vacant store, and immediately cut prices. The blazing in the windows bears a resemblance when the gentlemen of either firm get to talking about the other.

THE UNITARIAN FAIR.

The Rare Curiosities to be Found There.

The large attendance at the Unitarian fair both afternoon and evening of yesterday, fairly crowded the building, corner Broadway and Sixth street, in which it is being held.

Among the novelties at the fair are the famous Gaiax leaves, from the highlands of North Carolina, said to be the only place in this country where they are found. They are found in Europe, but are not common. They are for sale for the first time in Plainfield, the ladies say, so that they are a genuine curiosity

The display of decorated china is very fine. There are also some specimens of Albert Ware and Clay Head pottery, and small samples for calidents. It is a good chance to get rare and odd Christmas presents.

There is a chocolate room in which chocolate is served in Dresden China, by young ladies in chocolatiere costumes.

There is a flower room containing choice Winter blooming bulbs.

There is also an art table containing, among other works of art, etchings by Champney.

In fact there are many thing which are alone worth the price of admission.

Reidman not Yet Arrested.

George Reidman, the young man who is suspected of by the police of robbing Mr. M. Levy's merchant tailoring establishment, has thus far succeeded in evading arrest. It is said that he visited Plainfield yesterday afternoon, but was warned by a friend that the police were after him and that he again took his departure for parts unknown. The rumor is probably false as it cannot be verified. The New York Times in a sensational article states that while the police were out of town yesterday Reidman visited Plainfield, hired a horse and carriage from a liveryman and took a young girl out for a drive; that the couple have not been seen since, and that the girl's mother is afraid they have eloped. The girl's name is not mentioned, neither are the names of her parents and the report is probably a "fake."

Have You Been Registered?

Every voter should examine the list of persons registered, as posted in the different public places. If *does not* there, and has been properly registered, he should go before the Board of Registry and Election for his district, at its meeting on Oct. 28, between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m., and see that his name is enrolled. A person unable to attend said meeting may be represented by a friend of some voter knowing him to be entitled to vote, and living in his district.

Wants a New Trial.

The Hon. Alvah A. Clark, the counsel for Dominick Fitzgerald, the man who was convicted in the Somerset County Court on Friday last, of robbing Schwed Bros.' store at Somerville a few months ago, has applied for a new trial on the ground of newly-discovered evidence tending to show that, as a matter of fact, Fitzpatrick did not do the train, as he testified, and also corroborating other statements in dispute.

Fined Five Dollars.

Yesterday John Driscoll left New York State for the purpose of visiting his brothers who live in this city. Before he met his relatives he visited several drinking places and when he emerged from the last saloon he was in a condition commonly called drunk. Policeman Lynch espied him and placed him under arrest. This morning he pleaded guilty to the charge, and Judge Covington imposed a five-dollar fine, which was paid.

State Dental Board.

The State Board of Dental Examiners met at the Assembly Chamber yesterday, and organized by electing Dr. Fred. A. Levy of Orange President, and Dr. G. Carlton Brown of Elizabeth Secretary and Treasurer. There are eighteen applicants undergoing examination. Those who pass will be given certificates entitling them to practice in this State.

Teeple Won the Basket.

The final "shoot" for the silver cake basket took place at the Campbell Club House yesterday afternoon. There were thirteen entries. Mr. Teeple of South Plainfield won the trophy, having succeeded in breaking nineteen birds out of a possible twenty! Charles Smith, "Dutchy" made the second best score. He succeeded in breaking eighteen birds.

The Street Commissioner at Work.

Madison avenue from Fifth to Seventh streets is being regraded. The roadway was macadam set a year ago. The road level was above that of the sidewalks, so the regrading was laid on an up grade. The result, was a satisfactory demonstrat on of the fact that the water in the gutters could not run up hill, and the grade is being lowered.

Did He Commit Suicide.

Mr. Tryon was buried from his late home in Westfield yesterday afternoon. He died very suddenly a few days ago, and it is now reported that he committed suicide by taking Paris green. He was a bon carpenter, and did business in New York. He was an old and respected resident of Westfield.

To Procure Election Tickets.

The law provides that all persons wanting official ballots must give notice to the County Clerk, and also are entitled to supply the same, ten days before election; and that the tickets must be paid for by the person making such application upon delivery.

—Y. M. C. A. members should remember the "camp fire" at the Association room this evening.

—The Plainfield and Westfield teams will indulge in a game of football on the latter's ground election day.

—The Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a sociable this evening.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY OVER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE THROWN INTO THE EXPENSE.—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO GAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 8.—DEMOCRATIC LIES.—YOU ARE GREATLY FOOLED IF YOU SUPPOSE THAT THE MCKINLEY BILL THE DEMOCRATS TALK ABOUT HAS ANY EXISTENCE IN FACT.

This is the McKinley bill. It is not the *McKinley bill* that the Democrats are now ranting and raving about. That McKinley bill has no existence whatever. It is a huge, unwieldy book. It is a most knavish lie, for its purpose is essentially corrupt. It has been sent out over the country as the servant of the Democratic party and of a group of Eastern importers, who have combined in a deliberate effort to deceive the American people as to the merits and effects of the McKinley bill. In carrying out this scheme, they have not hesitated to attribute to the McKinley bill provisions that it does not contain, and that its authors never dreamed of; and, by an ingenious and utterly fanciful system of what they call "equivalent ad valorems," based on impossible prices, they have distorted its rates beyond recognition.

These lies made their earliest appearance before the Ways and Means Committee last January in the arguments advanced by the importers as to why the duties on their merchandise should not be increased. The Republican party has no quarrel with the importers. They perform a great and unquestioned service to the commerce of the country. But the fact is now to be established that among them, in the Eastern capitals, is a large company of foreigners, not naturlized, who are here simply as the representatives of foreign manufacturers, and whose sole interest here is to make as much American gold away with them as they can possibly get hold of. It is these excellent persons who supplied the material to Democratic Congressmen and Democratic newspapers for their misrepresentations of the McKinley bill. It is they who have made the false accusation that the new duties will increase the cost to the American consumer of almost every article in general use. It is they who have supplied the alleged facts in support of this charge. Their motives and those of their Democratic allies are equally obvious:

[To be continued—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

THE GRAND JURY RETAINED.

Is it to Consider Other Cases Against Race-Track Men?

The Union county Grand Jury came into court yesterday with a batch of about thirty indictments, and reported to Judge Van Syckle that it had finished its labors. The Judge, however, would not discharge the jurors, but informed them that they were excused until Nov. 10, the date the trials of the race-track indictments begin.

This action of the Judge has caused much surprise and speculation. The opinion prevails that warrants are to be issued for the arrest of others connected with the race tracks, and that the warrants will be turned over to the Grand Jury to act upon before it is discharged.

PERSONAL.

Sunday, November 2d, Dean Rodman will celebrate the twentieth anniversary of his rectorship of the Grace Episcopal church.

An evening sociable was held at the residence of Miss Sadie Taylor on Lake street last evening. The affair was attended by about thirty young people.

Mr. Wallace V. Miller and bride returned to their home in this city yesterday from a wedding tour, which included Elmira, Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Mr. Milton Barkalew and bride returned to their home in North Plainfield yesterday from their wedding tour, which included a trip to Washington. A reception was tendered them.

The funeral of Launcelot A., the seven year old son of Andrew and Emma Cox, took place from his parents' residence yesterday afternoon at half past one o'clock. The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. Church, conducted the funeral services.

The Rt. Rev. W. H. Wigger, the Rev. F. E. Swayn, Thomas Carty and John C. Kearney are the incorporators of the Young Men's Catholic club of this city. One of the main objects of this association is the promotion of moral, intellectual and physical improvement of its members.

The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. Church, will occupy the pulpit of the Seventh Day Baptist church next Saturday. In the Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, Messrs. George H. Babcock, Charles Potter, Jr. and Fresholder and Mrs. J. F. Hubbard having gone to Chicago to attend the General Council of the Seventh-Day Baptist church.

For Temperance and Against Cigarettes.

Warren Mission Boys' Society, No. 2, was organized last night by 35 boys signing the pledge, "for temperance and against cigarettes." Good for the boys of Warren Mission. A movement of this kind starting the last year) at Pennsylvania resulted in a society of 1,000 members at the present time. The boys will hold their second meeting next Wednesday evening at seven o'clock sharp. All boys interested are urged to be present. Boys do not have to belong to the mission Sunday school to join the boys meeting.

NO MORE CHANGES.

Dealers Cautioned Regarding the Lottery Law,

It would be a difficult matter to find in the city any other city a grocer, tobacconist, confectioner or druggist who does not handle some sort of prize. There are packages of candies and smoking tobacco that contain numbers entitling the purchaser who has obtained a stated amount of them to a pipe, a watch, or a bible. There are packages containing orders for dolls, pop-guns and such articles dear to the juvenile mind, and there are packages containing orders for goods from China nuts, etc. The following circular explains itself:

HAREN'S DETECTIVE AGENCY,
N. E. Cor. Fourth & Walnut streets.

Sir: The Anti-Lottery Association has been organized for the purpose of securing the prosecution of all persons violating the anti-lottery law, recently passed by the United States Congress, and prosecuting all persons who so participate in any lottery or obstruct or strive to increase the sale of tobacco, baking powders, watches, candy or other articles or merchandise by any lottery or scheme of chance.

The undersigned has been employed by said Association to prosecute persons violating the laws of your State, a copy of which is herewith enclosed, against lotteries and schemes of chance. You are hereby notified if engaged in the sale of any articles of merchandise put upon the market by persons, parties or companies, who agree to give or purchases of said articles, money, watches or property of any kind by means of any lottery or scheme of chance, unless the same is discontinued, you will be prosecuted for violating the law.

Respectfully,
W. P. HAIRS, Supt.

The New Jersey law referred to in superintendent Haven's letter, and enclosed by him is the following:

Section 236—If any person shall give, barter, sell or otherwise dispose of any tickets or tickets in any lottery, whether created or set up, opened or made in this State or elsewhere, or for the chance or chances of any such tickets or ticket, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be punished by fine, not exceeding $100, or imprisonment at hard labor, not exceeding one year, or both.

If any person shall issue any policy of insurance, or receive any consideration for insuring, or undertake the drawing of any tickets or tickets, number or numbers, or any share or interest in any ticket or tickets in any lottery, or shall receive any money, goods or thing, in action in consideration of any agreement to repay any sum or sums of money, or to deliver any goods or thing in action or any ticket or tickets or any share of any tenor whatever, or upon any lottery whether or not in any lottery, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $ 00, or imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding one year, or both.

THE NEW JERSEY SYNOD.

Temperance Commended and Race Tracks Condemned.

Yesterday closed the Sixty-eighth annual meeting of the Synod of New Jersey.

Dr. Ballantyne, the Vice-Moderator was in the chair. The report of the Committee on Education, presented by Dr. Frederick R. Bruce, set forth that there were 839 young men preparing for the ministry. It was supplemented by a lengthy discourse by Dr. Hodge of Burlington, who showed the great need of more ministers. The finance report of the Committee on Foreign Missions disclosed the fact that the churches of the New Jersey Synod had contributed $69,502 to foreign missions—just one-tenth of the entire amount collected for this purpose by the Presbyteries of the entire country.

At the afternoon session the delegates to the Women's Christian Temperance Union, holding their annual convention here, came in to the meeting. A reception was then tendered the convention by the Synod. A report of the Synod Committee on Temperance Work "Commending the noble work of the women of the Temperance Union in their crusade against licensed saloons, and in their efforts to drive from the State the demoralizing liquor traffic."

A departure was then taken from the regular order of business, during which condemnation was heaped on the "vice-diffusing race-track, with its attendant evils of betting, pool-selling and gambling generally." Dr. Kempshall, of Elizabeth, was particularly earnest in his remarks in this connection and appealed to the ministers present to advocate in their congregations the election of legislators who would pledge themselves to introduce bills to repeal any measure legalizing book making and pool-selling. He also denounced pool-selling at church fairs. Somewhat of a breeze was stirred up by Dr. Kempshall referring to the strange action of Governor Abbett who was a member of the State Senate in not voting against Bill No. 113, making legal bookmaking and pool selling on race-tracks—which passed both houses, but was not signed by Gov. Abbett at the earnest solicitation of Mr. Abbett's pastor, the Rev. Dr. Paxton, and other ministers. He wanted to know why the Senator remained passive when this important measure was before him, and then cast his vote on the next bill. As the Senator is again a candidate, the doctor said he should be glad to pledge himself against any measure in favor of the countenancing of corrupt and demoralizing practices on the race-tracks of New Jersey before he received the support of his constituents.

Policeman McCue yesterday arrested a man named Keenan on a charge of test driving horses on Sunday. Keenan was arraigned before Judge Collins this morning and was fined $10 and costs. He paid the fine and left the court room. Later on the same charge Policeman McCue arrested Keenan's brother, who was arraigned before Judge Collins. He pleaded guilty to the charge

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOWARD, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

"Many of our latter day health notes are framed by men who mistake the exceptions of their own description for the normal condition of mankind," says Dr Felix Oswald.

Something new has been added to the world's food list from California. This is grape syrup, a most healthful and palatable preparation. One fign alone makes 25,000 gallons of it this fall.

Boston will build a beautiful and fitting monument at once to her gifted and lamented citizen, John Boyle O'Reilly. Every city builds monuments to *her famous dead except New York.*

Instantaneous photographs of animals that were being put to death by electricity show strange results. For one thing, the probability has been strengthened that death is instantaneous, occurring before the brain can take cognizance of pain. There is, in fact, reason to believe it is so sudden that several currents, all capable of producing death, could be passed through the brain before it would have time to take cognizance of them, even if it were able to do so. Death is so sudden that it comes even before the individual has ceased to breathe or move, apparently.

A case is on record in which naturalization papers were refused to a man because he did not know enough to vote. The judge who refused the application belongs in Reading, Pa. The would-be citizen who did not get his papers was originally an Austrian, though not a German. He did not know whether Americans were governed by a king, queen or president, or what the name of the gentleman at the head of our government was. The judge, whose name was Endlich, said he could not conscientiously grant naturalization papers to a man who did not know what form of government he wanted to swear allegiance to.

The Western City House.

The western city has evolved a distinct architectural type of its own in the judgment of John W. Root, who contributes an interesting illustrated article on this subject to Scribner. In the west is room to breathe. There is freedom from constraint and the conventions which *still bind* the eastern cities more or less to Europe.

In the west, however, the rich man has built according to his own fancy. In the level prairie cities there is room for everything. Consequently the streets are magnificently wide. Houses, those of the richest citizens, have large front yards and stand 30 to 300 feet back from the street. They are magnificent in structure and all their appointments; still the breadth of the avenues, the size of the grounds, indeed the architecture of the houses themselves, gives a more or less suburban appearance which is very charming and altogether impossible to the older cities.

Then, too, there is rich abundance and variety of building material in the west, and that gives varied architectural effect.

Fifteen years or so ago the west had the Queen Anne fever, had it bad. Then monstrosities in the way of mansions were built, which signified nothing in heaven or earth. But that day is past, and a truer taste in architecture is being evolved.

The New California Telescope.

The telescopic lens, which is the wonder of science so far, has been successfully cast in France, but now only remains to be brought to this country to be adjusted into its casings by Alvan Clarke & Sons at Cambridge.

This huge lens is forty inches in diameter, much the largest ever made. The lens is in fact double, being composed of two—one of crown glass, the other of flint—closely fitted together. Each kind of glass corrects some objectionable refracting properties of the other, the two together giving a true image.

Imagination fairly staggers at thought of the wonders this great glass will reveal to the patient watchers of the stars. It will have a magnifying power of between 4,000 and 5,000 diameters. Already the largest lens in the world is in America—that of the Lick telescope, with an opening of thirty inches. On the completion of the one now in progress, the United States will possess the two largest telescopes in the world, and both of them will be in California, the land of big trees and fast horses. The telescope now being completed will be able to trace stars of the seventeenth magnitude. We may be left with its aid at last whether Mars is really inhabited, and we shall undoubtedly be able to make wonderful discoveries on the moon, which will be brought to our doors, so to speak.

And the great new telescope will stand till somebody builds a greater. The only limit to them is the limit to the power and skill of man.

DEATH ON THE RAILWAYS

Fatal Wrecks in Several States of the Union.

TWELVE PERSONS WERE KILLED,

And as Many More Received Serious or Fatal Injuries—A Postal Clerk Roasted Alive in the Debris—Four People Dead at a Grade Crossing.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 23.—Six persons were killed and seven injured by the terrible collision in the tunnel north of Somerset, Ky., on the Cincinnati Southern railway. Southbound passenger train No. 9 crashed into a freight train. Both engines were demolished and a scene of indescribable horror ensued in the stygian gloom of the tunnel. To add to the horror the forward cars of the passenger train took fire and Postal Clerk C. L. Dugmore was literally roasted alive. His companion, Gayle, received terrible injuries. Following is a list of the dead.

A List of the Dead.

C. L. Dugnan, postal clerk.
Fireman Welsh.
Fireman Gould.
Brakeman Montgomery.
Express Messenger Ruffner.
Baggagemaster Long.

The injured were: Engineer Pinelott, Engineer Taylor, Postal Clerk Gayle, Miss Allie Gettis, Dayton, Tenn., a museum freak; Arch Murphy, Madison county, Ind., and R. A. Wheeler, New Orleans.

Fatal Wreck in Indiana.

Freight train No. 12 was side tracked at Sloan's Valley. When the first Cincinnati train passed south the crew of the freight prepared to have another lay. The fact that No. 5 was to follow, and they pulled out and started northward. Less than a quarter of a mile away they entered a tunnel which is one-sixth of a mile long. In the most hopeless place that trainmen ever meet death the engines of the two trains dashed into each other, and the cars following jammed into each other in a mass. The burning of the trains in a tunnel rendered it impossible to clear the track as readily as it could be done on open ground, the smoke and heat preventing men from entering.

The initial cause of the collision was a wreck which occurred at Elihu station, two miles below Somerset. A mixed train was stopping to leave a car, and had not yet got into motion, when a freight came up in the rear and struck the last car. Young Mr. Payne, a commercial traveler for the firm of Pierson & Clark, Lexington, Ky., had both legs crushed, and has since died. The delay to the passenger trains by this wreck caused the mistake of the engineer and conductor of the night train No. 22, by which the tunnel collision occurred. Fortunately the passenger train had not entirely gone into the tunnel when the crash came, and so the three sleepers which did not leave the tracks served as a means of escape for the passengers. These sleepers were detached and drawn away from the burning train.

Fight Were Injured.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 23.—A bad wreck occurred on the Union Pacific railroad, a short distance west of the suburban town of Armourdale, about 7:30 o'clock. A freight train had left the city ahead of the Union Pacific passenger train and was stopped west of Armourdale on account of an accident to the trucks of one of the freight cars. The Union Pacific passenger train, which followed close behind, was stopped and a flagman was sent back to warn an approaching Rock Island east-bound train, which uses the Union Pacific tracks into the city. On account of the heavy fog the engineer of the Rock Island train did not see the flagman's signals until too late to stop the train, and the locomotive crashed into the sleeping car Wathena, of the Union Pacific train. The engine was a complete wreck and the engineer was buried beneath the debris. The following is a list of the injured:

Pat Cullen, engineer of the Rock Island train; probably fatally injured. He lives in Topeka, Kan. John Cuff, fireman; severe injuries about the head and shoulders. Edward Jackson (colored porter), of Edwardsville, Kan.; both legs broken. J. H. Grayson, Wellman conductor; left leg badly hurt. J. F. Kinney, Chicago; severe bruises in back. J. A. Lapschire, Lincoln, Neb.; right knee badly cut. John Driscoll, Osage, Kan.; left leg broken below the knee. C. J. Avery, Springfield, Ills., special census agent; back hurt and bruised about the body. The track was cleared about noon. The damage to the company is estimated at $60,000.

Four Dead on the Crossing.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—A special to The Constitution from Rome says: A terrible accident has occurred on the line of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus railroad. Four persons were killed, three instantly. The other one died afterward. A southbound passenger train left Chattanooga on time and was running at a moderate rate of speed. Approaching Chickamauga as the train dashed out of a cut a covered wagon was upon a crossing. The engine struck the wagon and killed J. W. Jenkins, his wife and baby, and Mrs. James Bowman, all of Walker county.

Two Were Killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 23.—Two men were killed in the wreck which occurred on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad near this city. They were John Killian, fireman, on his way to Armory, Miss., where he was to be married, and J. B. Franklin, drummer, from Nashville. None of the injured are in danger, and many of the latter are on their way. The blame for the accident is put upon Engineer Charles Russell, who pulled out without proper orders. He has disappeared.

The Fireman Was Injured.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 23.—By a tail end collision between two freights on the New Haven and Derby railroad, near Round Hill, Wednesday, Fireman George Norton was seriously and perhaps fatally injured. The engine of the rear train and several cars were badly wrecked.

A $30,000 Fire at York.

YORK, Pa., Oct. 23.—The carpenter shop of the Pennsylvania Agricultural works, owned by the A. B. Farquhar company, and four brick dwellings owned by Samuel Schriver, Mrs. James Spangler, Mrs. Jane Nye and A. B. Farquhar, were burned last evening. Loss on carpenter shop, $25,000; partially insured. The cause of the fire was incendiary.

Yale Defeats Williams.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 23.—The Yale university football team defeated the Williams college eleven yesterday by a score of 30 to 0.

SHOT BY A HIGHWAYMAN.

A Desperate Robbery and Attempted Murder in New Jersey.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.—A special dispatch to The Ledger from Mount Holly, N. J., gives the details of a desperate robbery and attempted murder which was committed in Mansfield township, Burlington county. Louis Goldstine, of 221 Second avenue, New York city, was on his way from that place to Burlington to visit a friend. He got off the train by mistake before he reached Burlington, and no other train leaving in a reasonable time he started to walk. Soon after starting on [illegible] journey he was overtaken by a colored man, who engaged Goldstine in conversation and the two walked along together. Suddenly the stranger drew a pistol and roughly demanded his money. The Goldstine refused and the negro shot him in the mouth. Another shot entered Goldstine's head.

The negro then secured the prostrate man's watch and purse, which contained about $65, and fled. Some farmers traversing the road late in the evening found the wounded man and brought him to a hospital here. The physicians think his injuries are fatal. People are scouring the country in all directions for the desperate negro, and it is thought he will soon be captured.

World's Fair News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—A joint meeting of the foreign affairs committee of the World's Columbus commission met at the Gilsey house in this city. The Chicago committee was represented by Chairman W. F. Baker, M. A. Ryerson, J. W. Ellsworth and T. J. Lefferus. Representing the national committee were ex-Governor Thomas M. Waller, of Connecticut; A. A. Wilson, of District of Columbia; C. H. Way, of Georgia; W. H. Lasa, of Michigan; D. D. Green, of Louisiana; and Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware. New York is henceforth to be the headquarters of the committee. Gustavus Goward was confirmed representative of the commission to Japan, and Romayn Hitchcock representative to China. The plan suggested by an official of the state department for securing a suitable exhibit was taken into consideration. Professor Adler, of Johns Hopkins university, was appointed to superintend the exhibit submitted by him and approved by the commissioners for securing a large exhibit from the Orient. The idea is to interest the merchants of the world in the Columbian fair so much that the fair the manufactures of their country as well as the customs and habits of the people there.

The Baltimore Synod Meets.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 23.—The Presbyterian synod of Baltimore has begun its business sessions here. The question of the World's fair being kept open on Sundays was referred to the committee on bills and measures. The report of the Washington presbytery showed that it contained 27 churches, 32 ministers, 3,434 communicants and 1,200 Sunday school scholars. The Baltimore presbytery report showed 53 churches, 49 ministers, 7,964 communicants and 11,000 Sunday school scholars. The custom of family daily worship was discussed, and Rev. T. J. Gibson, of Pittsburg, secretary of the board of missions for freedmen, spoke of the work of the board.

Is Distinguished Catholics' Honor.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.—As a part of the celebration of the centenary of the birth of Father Matthew, a banquet was given last night in honor of Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ryan by the Father Matthew club, of Philadelphia. Over 300 persons sat at the table, including Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul; Bishop McGoldrick, of Duluth; Bishop Shanley, of Jamestown, N. D.; Father Conaty, of Worcester, Mass., ex-president of the Catholic Total Abstinence union, and many other temperance workers. The principal speech of the evening was made by Archbishop Ireland, who responded to the toast "The Church and State."

A Trained Nurse's Cruelty.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—At the autopsy Deputy Coroner Conlin found that Nurse Lawrence's blow had accelerated Sprague's death. John William Sprague was lying in a straight jacket, tied down to his bed, crazy with delirium tremens in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue hospital when he was struck two heavy blows by Henry R. Lawrence, the trained hospital nurse, breaking the maniac's nose and blacking his eyes. Sprague died two hours afterward. Lawrence is in jail.

Jesse Pomeroy Nearly Escapes.

BOSTON, Oct. 23.—Jesse Pomeroy has made another attempt to escape from state prison at Charlestown. He was in solitary, and Resident Hall had succeeded in sawing off five bolts from his iron door and had removed the angle iron which protected the bolts. He had been granted the use of a lathe, saw and other tools to manufacture a tin lead pencil, for which he has been trying to get a patent, but had used the tools a portion of the time for a far different purpose.

They Think He Is Embezzler Ruey.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 23.—Frank W. Hall, who claimed to be from Easton, Pa., was arrested here as a suspicious character. He tallies identically with the photograph and description of Walter E. Huey, a member of the harbor commission of San Francisco, who is wanted in the latter city for embezzling $50,000 of public money. Hall was sentenced for thirty days to the workhouse, and meantime his case will be investigated.

The Utica Morning Herald Sold.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 23.—At noon The Utica Morning Herald newspaper, job printing and bookbinding establishment was sold at sheriff's sale to the highest bidder. There was only one bid, $5,000, by John A. Goodale, of Utica, for The Utica Morning Herald Publishing company, composed of as many of the creditors as could be induced to join. The assets of the old firm were $36,259.93 and the liabilities $101,709.27.

Wanamaker's Novel Turnout.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The services of an old gray horse that has drawn the official carriage of the postmaster general for several years has been dispensed with by Mr. Wanamaker, who has substituted in his stead a handsome pair of chestnut horses which the agent of the postoffice department recently purchased. The turnout is attracting a great deal of attention. The horses are named the horses gorgeous.

Killed by His Nephew.

CHARLESTOWN, Ind., Oct. 23.—J. G. Raines was shot and killed in Harrington by J. H. Witherspoon, a nephew of Raines. The cause was an old quarrel which was renewed by the settling of their respective shares in the cotton crop. Witherspoon says he shot in self defense.

A Half Mile in 1.03.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 23.—The stallion Nelson trotted a half mile in 1.03 here yesterday. The first half 1.04 at Cambridge City, where he broke the record, was trotted in 1.05½.

CANNOT COME TOGETHER

The Baseball War Far from a Settlement.

THE PLAYERS' LEAGUE IS BLAMED

The Brotherhood Insisted Upon Being Represented, but the Magnates Refused to Hold a Conference If They Remained in the Room—The Fight Still On.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—As predicted, the conference between the National and Players' leagues and the American association has fallen through, at least for the present. The Players' league conference committee made a demand that the players be represented in the conference of the other baseball associations, and their demand, and as a consequence the conference has not been held and the settlement of the baseball trouble is as far off as ever. It is generally conceded that the players are responsible for the present complication of affairs. No conference was held yesterday afternoon, but there were over three hours of informal meetings, some of which were held in the general conference room at the Fifth Avenue hotel, and others on the outside.

Three Players Were There.

When the representatives of the three leagues met there were present representing the National league Al. G. Spalding, of Chicago; John B. Day, of New York, and Charles H. Byrne, of Brooklyn. The representatives of the American association were Allen Thurman, of Columbus; Chris. Von der Ahe, of St. Louis, and W. Barnie, of Baltimore. The Players' league representatives were Al Johnson, of Cleveland; Wendell Goodwin, of Brooklyn, and Nimick, of Pittsburg, and four of the players there were John M. Ward, of Brooklyn; Arthur Irwin, of Boston, and Ed Hanlon, of Pittsburg.

The meeting between the magnates and players was a stormy one, but they all survived to fight on another day. Allen Thurman was in the chair, and in looking about over the committee he spied the three players, whose presence was destined to block all the proceedings which might have been taken for the salvation of the baseball cause.

They Wanted Equal Representation.

Mr. Thurman declined to call the conference to order until the three players had left the room. Al Johnson, chairman of the Players' league committee, attempted to explain the presence of the three players. He said that he had been instructed to present a communication stating that the original committee of three of the Players' league had been increased to six. He held that to be equally represented in a conference where there were three National men and three Association men the Players' league should have six representatives. Unless they had that number they did not feel like conferring with the other committees. A hot discussion then ensued. It was held on the other side that as the committee had adjourned on Oct. 9 with out nine men it should again convene with that number. The proposition of the Players' league could not be considered until the conference of nine had assembled. Mr. Johnson acknowledged that this would be the proper thing to do.

Players and Their Delegates Withdraw.

The three players retired and the conference was called together. The communication from the Players' league was then read by the chairman. It was held that three additional members had been selected to look out for the interests of the Players' league, and asked that they be admitted to the conference. Mr. Johnson observed that the new members be accepted, but this action was defeated on a vote of 6 to 3, the National and Association magnates voting against it. The three representatives of the Players' league then withdrew from the conference and joined the three excluded players. They were quite emphatic in their statements that the conference was at an end, for they would not consider the platform were given a hearing. The conference then adjourned subject to the call of the president.

President Thurman's Decision.

President Thurman in maintaining his position said: "When the association committee was organized I understood that it represented three separate associations, each standing upon its own basis. At a meeting subsequent to three men, the National league by three men and the Players' by three and the national agreement by two only, a committee of nine from these committees I could only call the committee of which I was chairman. If these three men had come from any other league I have stated I was ready and I have acted in no spirit of antagonism and I have no ill feeling against the players." The Players' league holds to its demand that their people must have six representatives.

Peace Proceedings Not Over.

Chances for an immediate conference seem to be dead, but peace proceedings are by no means over. It is the general opinion that it is only a question of time before the conferences will be held. The National league will not be driven, however, in their purpose not to confer with players. Representative players said last evening that they would take no notice until they receive some word from the National league. Negotiations will now proceed quietly, and it is believed that some satisfactory conclusions will be reached in this way.

What Spalding Says.

President A. G. Spalding said last evening that he objected to the admission of the three players into the conference. He said he recalled to the minds of Messrs. Johnson, Talcott and McAlpin the fact that they had informed the National league men upon the former joint meeting that they had full power to act, and the league had gone into that conference upon the understanding that the question of compromise should be settled between the magnates of both organizations.

Mr. Thurman said the national agreement clubs did not seek the compromise, but stood ready to confer. The National league conference committee was continued, with power to act.

A Body Found at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 23.—The body of a woman has been found in the Leland hotel ruins. It was terribly burned and decomposed beyond recognition. It is thought to be either the body of Annie Paddon or Mary Doyle, servants at the hotel.

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WARNED BY A WHISTLE.

Young Aspero Gave the Signal to Hennessy's Slayers.

A NEGRO SQUEALED ON THE BOY.

Two Whistles Apprised the Assassins of the Chief's Approach as They Lay in Wait with Cocked Guns—Hop Italy Broke Up the Deadly Mafia.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 23.—Antonio Mor-dano, one of the Italians accused of complicity in the murder of Superintendent Hennessy, was arrested yesterday afternoon. A short time after his son, Aspero, a lad of 14 years, who had been arrested immediately after the crime was committed, and who had on his person about $60, was released, but was rearrested.

The Whistle Prefaced Hennessy's Death.

With him was a negro who was also arrested and who said the boy had told him that on the night of the murder he had been stationed by his father at the corner of Rampart and Basin streets, with instructions to whistle twice when Superintendent Hennessy appeared.

He did so and then warned the assassins lying in wait with guns cocked near by that their victim was approaching. Mordano has not been heretofore suspected as having a hand in the murder, but the negro's story brings the crime very near his door.

Fears of Lynching.

The trial of the Provenzanas for assault upon the Matranga party, which was to have been begun yesterday, has been continued indefinitely, with the understanding that it shall be taken up early in November. Many of the witnesses against the Provenzanas are now under arrest for the murder of Hennessy, and the trial was continued at the instance of the committee of fifty on the ground that it would not be safe in the present excited condition of the people's mind to take these witnesses from the prison to the court.

The delay seems much disappointment. The excitement has so quieted down that many are of the opinion the committee of fifty overestimated the danger.

How Italy Broke Up the Mafia.

CHICAGO, Ills., Oct. 23.—Count Sergardi, of Rome, Italy, who is at the Auditorium with his wife, when asked about the New Orleans assassination, said:

"The Mafia no longer exists in Sicily. The Italian government suspended the jury law for a time and succeeded in suppressing the murderous society. Thousands of its members came to America. I am afraid the American law is not severe enough to deal with such men and suppress them. I doubt, however, if the society has obtained very deep root here."

The American Federation's Officers.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 23.—The state branch of the American Federation of Labor has elected officers for the ensuing year. The following officers were elected: President, J. W. Hisbing, of Philadelphia; first vice president, H. P. Carrick, of Pittsburg; second vice president, C. A. Miller, of Harrisburg; recording secretary, C. K. Willets, of Erie; treasurer, J. H. Johnson, of Pittsburg. A considerable discussion it was decided to hold the next convention in August at Lancaster. John H. Schreick was selected as the delegate to the National American Federation. The legislative committee was instructed to do its utmost at the coming session of the legislature in the interest of the labor element.

Speaker Reed in Iowa.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Oct. 23.—Speaker Reed left Peoria at 7:40 a. m. The train made stops at Elmwood and Galesburg, where Mr. Reed made brief speeches to the crowds in waiting. Arriving in this city Mr. Reed was met by Governor Gear and a committee, who escorted the speaker to Governor Gear's residence. At 3 p. m. Mr. Reed delivered a speech at the new Opera house. Senator Harlan introduced the speaker as the representative Republican of the United States. Mr. Reed's theme was the tariff and the right of the majority to rule, and his remarks were frequently applauded.

The Fight in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 23.—The original compromise bill of the Democratic caucus, which had been amended so as to give the Cincinnati banking firm of commissioners power of appointing new members of the board of public improvement and leaving the governor power of removal, was defeated in the house. The senate bill by Mr. Sourcant, which abolishes the present board and gives the mayor of Cincinnati the power of appointment, was read in the house the first time, after which adjournment was taken. It is said that if this bill is passed Speaker Hysell will resign.

A Juvenile Train Wrecker.

KANSTON, Pa., Oct. 23.—Edward Wernbold, 12 years old, has been committed to jail, charged with wrecking a train last Saturday by tampering with a switch on the Bangor and Portland railroad, near Nazareth, causing a train which was running at the rate of forty miles an hour to be thrown into a ditch. Fortunately no one was killed.

Shot His Wife and Killed Himself.

KEWAUNEE, Wis., Oct. 23.—At Casco Albert Liedermeyer, a young German farmer who was married but a few days ago, shot and killed his wife, using a double barrelled shotgun. He then blew out his own brains with the same weapon. Liedermeyer and his wife were dead when discovered.

Capt. Reed Indicted.

BOSTON, Oct. 23.—The grand jury reported in the United States district court here indictments against Capt. J. E. Reed, of the whaling bark Petrel—two for beating seamen and three for withholding proper nourishment from them.

A Gladstonian Returned.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—In the parliamentary election which took place in the Eccles division of Lancashire, Lancashire, Mr. Roby, the Gladstonian candidate, was returned by a vote of 4,901 to 4,696 for Mr. Egerton, Conservative.

Another Drop in Ohio Oil.

FINDLAY, O., Oct. 23.—The Standard Oil company has announced that it would hereafter pay 60 cents a barrel for Buckeye oil. This is a reduction of 7 1-15 cents in three weeks.

A Deadly Negro Riot.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—Governor Gordon has received from the sheriff of Coffee county a call for troops to suppress a riot of negroes against negroes. It is reported four men have been killed.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Points.

The government of the United States of Brazil has been recognized by Italy.

Frank Heeis, a contracting carpenter of Milwaukee, Wis., has gone to parts unknown, leaving numerous creditors in the lurch to the amount of $20,000.

P. W. Nickerson, well known in shipping circles, died at Boston. He was formerly interested in the Boston and Savannah steamship line.

Carry & Hammer, hardware dealers of Boston, have assigned. Liabilities, $67,000; assets, about $50,000. The firm makes a compromise offer of thirty cents, payable in thirty days.

The Toronto Globe has published the first part of Bicknell's story of the Bennell tragedy. In it Bicknell denies that he had anything to do with the killing, but declares that Bennell and he had made a compact to swindle Col. Bennell, the young man's father, and young Pelley. How Bennell was killed or who did it he professes not to know.

The monument to the Jeannette heroes will be unveiled at Annapolis, Oct. 30.

It is probable that the trouble between the ship owners of Liverpool and their employes will end in a lockout.

Morgenthau & Co.'s candle and soap works at San Francisco were totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $75,000.

It has been learned that while on a journey recently the Baroness Alphonse Rothschild was robbed of jewelry to the value of 60,000 francs.

The Republican conference at Dubois have nominated Daniel Oyster, of Ridgeway, for congress in the Twenty-eighth district of Pennsylvania.

New York importers, supplied with forms of protests, are awaiting Collector Erhardt's official action under the new tariff law to challenge its legality on the ground of the omission of section 30 to amendment 449 in the copy which the president signed.

Major Gleason, of Long Island City, has not succeeded in getting out of jail.

The New York Star's Washington special says that Minister Murwags, of Spain, has been recalled by his government. Unfriendly feeling between the minister and Secretary Blaine is said to be the cause of Murwags's withdrawal.

Fire damaged the Davis-Chambers White Lead works at Pittsburg, Pa., to the extent of $20,000. Two firemen named Ellis and Vallan were seriously hurt by falling walls.

Daniel Crane, a 13-year-old lad of Lockport, N. Y., while out in a small boat with another boy who supplies canalboats with sawdust, fell into the canal and was drowned.

At Providence, R. I., Jerome Sweet was found guilty of the murder of his wife by strangling her body with kerosene and firing it. He was sentenced to prison for life.

Governor Goodell, of New Hampshire, will be a candidate for United States senator at the session of the legislature.

Johnny Hope, son of Jimmy Hope, the famous bank robber, has been pardoned by Governor Hill after serving nine years, eight months and twenty days of the seven *ty years' sentence imposed upon him by* Judge Cowing in July, 1879, for complicity in the robbery of the Manhattan Savings institution.

Sheehy, M. P., Goes to Jail.

TIPPERARY, Oct. 23.—The Hon. David Sheehy, member of parliament for the southern division of Galway, and a defendant in the conspiracy cases now in progress before the magistrates' court here, has been removed to Clonmel. Mr. Sheehy was being guarded by a strong escort of *the Irish constabulary* when the authorities being apprehensive of an attempt to rescue the prisoner. Sheehy will be imprisoned for one week in accordance with the decision of the Tipperary magistrates. Mr. Sheehy's offense consisted in making remarks in the court room which were held by the court to constitute contempt.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fix tures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc

Marsh & Ayers,

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle. Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth—Removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications, or Soft Corns between the toes. Scatter-Corns positively will not blister while killing a corn. Ask druggists for Scatter-Corns. Take no substitute. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps or silver. Manufactured only by

H. H. BRODIX & CO., Newark, N. J.

Davitt Renews His Charges.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Michael Davitt publishes more of his sensational charges against Sir Edward Archibald and Consul Hamilton in Lisbon, in the world to-day. Mr. Davitt reiterates his statements about "Sweet Jim" McDermott being in their employ, and declares that they used their position to violate the United States mails in order to reach the end they sought. Mr. Davitt gives dates, time and figures, and makes a strong arraignment.

Great Honors for Von Moltke.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—The emperor has ordered that the colonel of all the regiments in Berlin be brought to the residence of Count von Moltke on Sunday. This distinction has never before been accorded to a German subject. Emperor William, the king of Saxony, the grand duke of Hesse and several princes will go in a body to Count von Moltke's residence to convey congratulations of the army and navy.

Mayor Grant Must Wait.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Mayor Grant's letter to Secretary Noble (requesting a recount of New York city) has not yet been received at the interior department. The secretary will thus have no steps in the matter of the recount until the appeal shall have been formally laid before him and Superintendent Porter has been consulted on the subject. The latter is expected to return from Europe on Thursday.

The Census in Connecticut.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The census office has announced the following population statistics of cities and towns in Connecticut with increase since 1880: Meriden, 26,413; increase, 13,768. Middletown, 15,216; increase, 3,473. New Haven, 85,961; increase, 22,208. Norwich, 19,098; increase, 3,076. Waterbury, 35,144; increase, 13,374.

La Blanche and Kessler Matched.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 23.—George Kessler, champion of Montana, and George La Blanche, the Marine, have signed articles for a fifteen round fight to come off in this city between Nova. 9 and 12.

Weather Indications.

Cloudy, preceded by dangerously high winds, rain or snow, with rain and slightly higher temperature, followed by some abatement of the storm.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

Present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits to order.

Connect with the 6:40, 7:20 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. Also the 8:37 and 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips and direct to Washingtonville. Also the 4:30 p. m. train which leaves New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF AARON B. MYER, Deceased.—Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, the day made, on the application of the undersigned, Administratrix of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within six months from the date of the said order, and that they will be heard before from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARGARET L. MYER, Administratrix,
Dated July 7th, 1890. 17 9th

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, that the account of the executors of the estate of Mary Jane Field, deceased, will be audited and stated by the surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN F. GRIFFEN,
ROBINSON FOUND.
Dated August 12, 1890. 8-14-th

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. B'x 1096. 17 9th

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of reference. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will open her school of music in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils on piano and voice after Sept. 15th. Miss Bat cock teaches music on account of singing, as taught by the Jaell, of Milan, and the Lehmann method Give singing by. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9 3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON,
pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 100 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Bristow, of Nethwood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS,
Kindergarten and School, 68 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department at present instructions will be given by ladies in Modern school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER OF NATIVE 9 20sp*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will reopen on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss M. E. Runyon, Principal. 7-18 4m

RODMAN SEMINARY.
The 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. *R. C.* Rodman, Principal. 8-13-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Barlow and Miss Bartlett's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890. 7th

Little, But, Oh, My!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ads for them, They are good.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting as. good horses. Stable is voted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Winter Is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to house the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Nancy Adams" fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 37c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' scarlet vests and pants, 75c.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's extra-heavy Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool Shirts and Drawers, 81.
Men's scarlet-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and 81.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Ladies' scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 40 and 50c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at 41.98, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $2.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in nced of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Fine Cheese Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

15 PARK AVENUE

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:05, 6 a. m., 12:05, 2:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:05 a. m., 2:05, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—6:45 a. m., 2:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF AMERICA.

Protected throughout by the interlocking system and block signals.

TRAINS FOR THE WEST.

On and after June 21, 1890, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

9:28 a. m. FAST LINE, with Pullman Vestibule parlor and dining cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and Louisville, except Saturdays, for Cincinnati and Toledo.

7:07 p. m. Pittsburg Express, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping cars, dining car to Pittsburg, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Cincinnati and Toledo.

8:02 p. m. PACIFIC EXPRESS, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Fort Wayne, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Baltimore, Washington and the South—1:00, 3:57, 7:30, 9:05, a. m.; and 9:20 p. m. On Sundays at 1:00, 6:40, 9:05 a. m., 9:20 p. m.

For Philadelphia—1:00, 3:57, 7:30, 9:05, 9:20, 11:57, a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 4:10, 5:40, 7:00, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:40, 9:05 a. m., 12:05, 9:20 p. m.

For Trenton—1:00, 3:57, 7:30, 9:05, 11:57, a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 4:10, 5:40, 7:00, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:40, 9:05 a. m., 12:05, 9:20 p. m.

For Bristol—1:00, 3:57, 7:30, 9:05, 11:57 a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 4:10, 5:40, 7:00, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:40, 9:05 a. m., 12:05, 9:20 p. m.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

2:25 p. m. (Through car or car and day coach) week-days. For Cape May, 1:30 p. m., week-days.

For Brown's Mills-in-the-Pines, with through car, 2:25 p. m., week-days.

For Trenton—1:00, 3:57, 7:30, 9:05, 9:25, 11:57, a. m., 12:05, 1:35, 4:10, 5:40, 7:00, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:40, 9:05, 10:41 a. m., 12:05, 9:20 p. m.

For Lambertville, Phillipsburg and Belvidere via Trenton,—7:30 a. m.; 2:54 and 5:15 p. m.

For Lambertville and Intermediate only—1:30 p. m.

For Flemington—7:30 a. m.; 2:54 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden via Trent on—7:30, 9:05, 11:57 a. m., 1:35, 5:15, 7:00, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 10:41 a. m., and 7:42 p. m.

A full line of tickets are on sale, and sleeping car accommodations can be secured at the ticket office at Elizabeth.

For further information, see time tables to be had at the ticket offices.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:40, 6:40, 7:20, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:15, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night. Sundays at 5:40, 6:40, 7:20, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night.

Leave New York at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

Leave Plainfield at 5:40, 6:40, 7:20, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:15, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night. Sundays at 5:40, 6:40, 7:20, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night.

Leave New York at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:40, 6:40, 6:55, 7:20, 8:00, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:15, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night. Sundays at 5:40, 6:40, 7:20, 8:37, 9:37, 10:38, 11:38 a. m., 12:38, 1:38, 2:38, 3:38, 4:38, 5:38, 6:38, 7:38, 8:38, 9:38, 10:38, 11:38 p. m., 12:38 night.

Leave Newark at 5:45, 6:45, 7:00, 7:25, 8:05, 8:42, 9:42, 10:43, 11:43 a. m., 12:43, 1:43, 2:43, 3:43, 4:43, 5:20, 5:43, 6:43, 7:43, 8:43, 9:43, 10:43, 11:43 p. m., 12:43 night. Sundays at 5:45, 6:45, 7:25, 8:05, 8:42, 9:42, 10:43, 11:43 a. m., 12:43, 1:43, 2:43, 3:43, 4:43, 5:43, 6:43, 7:43, 8:43, 9:43, 10:43, 11:43 p. m., 12:43 night.

Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 8:40, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6:45, 8:40, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:40, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG

Leave Plainfield at 6:40, 8:40 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9:00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Bangor Manch Chunk 5:40 p. m. D. L. & W. R. R. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Delton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1:50 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk 5:40 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 7:45 p. m. for Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, Allentown, etc., etc., 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 5:40 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Saturdays at 5:40 p. m. for Easton, Allentown & Scranton 1:45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 5:40 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 5:40 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. For Perth Amboy 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. For Atlantic City 9:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Bethlehem 9:37, 10:38, 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:37, 7:45 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 9:37 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5:37, 7:45, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38 p. m. Sunday 8:00, 9:37, 10:38 a. m., 12:38, 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 5:37, 7:45, 10:38 a. m., 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 9:37 a. m., 4:38, 7:38, 9:38 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE BEGINNING ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:36 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway & 4th ave., Somerset to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

M trip	8:15 a. m.	to meet	8:22 a. m. train
2nd do	9:00	do	9:07 do
3rd do	10:00	do	10:07 do
4th do	11:00	do	11:07 do
5th do	11:45	do	11:52 a. m. do
6th do	1:45	do	1:52 p. m. do
7th do	3:45	To the Post Office.	
8th do	4:45	to meet	4:52 p. m. train.
9th do	5:45	do	5:52 do
10th do	6:45	do	6:52 do
11th do	7:45	do	7:52 do
12th do	8:45	do	8:52 do
13th do	9:45	do	9:52 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield stores and 5th Broad, and Rockview and Grove ave. one hour after the arrival of each train from New York. Stages will meet all trains at Somerset station, and make same connections.

Stages will make special trips over all over Plainfield and Grant Hill, at any time, on short notice. Ticket office at Somerset station, Rockview ave. and Broadway.

Stages will also leave Plainfield stores and 5th Broad, and Rockview and Grove ave. one hour after the arrival of each train from New York. Stages will meet all trains at Somerset station, and make same connections.

Stages will make special trips over all over Plainfield and Grant Hill, at any time, on short notice. Ticket office at Somerset station, Rockview ave. and Broadway.

Stages will run between Plainfield and Bound Brook, and Somerville and Bound Brook, connecting with all trains. Stages will leave Bound Brook for Plainfield and Somerville one hour after the arrival of each train from Philadelphia. Stages will leave

WOMAN AND HOME.

A DRESS REFORMER ON CORSETS AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Summer Woman Waiters—Fixing Up the Boy's Room—Symptoms of Crooked Spine—Beauties of a Contented Mind. Good Things for Wives and Mothers.

Instantly one suggests that the corset is an unnatural and unhealthful article of clothing the alarmed woman of fashion exclaims that she must have the support; that strong, well-developed, hanging bowels, like those of the hard working peasant woman, are ungraceful and disgusting. She is both right and wrong if our reader can understand the paradox. But there is no more reason why the woman who has time for the development of elegant proportions should have the upward appearance and clumsy waist and bust proportions of the peasant woman than why her slender, tapering hands should grow into a resemblance to those of the peasant.

Certain conditions of life favor certain conditions of physical evolution, and what we claim and can prove by actual demonstration is that firm, well shaped busts and tapering and symmetrical waists are matters of physical development, and the cultivation of correct physical relations is necessary to insure the success of healthful modes of dress.

With the corset our principal point of attack is the steel which presses upon the stomach, the abdomen and diaphragm, giving a tendency toward a round shoulder or bent position of the body, which is ungraceful and awkward, beside doing physiological harm. We have never made any serious attack upon the whalebone waists for those who wish them, and it may be well to say at this writing that there is a point to which the waist will certainly spread if the corsets are left off and physical development neglected that will be neither graceful, beautiful nor necessarily healthful.—Jenness-Miller Magazine.

Women Writers.

The irresponsible feminine free lance, with her gay dash at all subjects, and her alliterative pen name dancing in every melee like a brilliant pennon, has gone over into the more appropriate field of journalism. The ornamental and literary matron of all work is an admirable type of the past, no longer developed by the new conditions.

The article of the late Lucy M. Mitchell on sculpture, and of Mrs. Schuyler van Rensselaer on art and architecture; the historical work of Martha J. Lamb and of the lamented Mary L. Booth, the latter also an indefatigable translator; the studies of Helen Campbell in social science; the translations of Harriet Waters Preston—these few examples are typical of the determination and concentration of woman's work at the present day.

We notice in each new issue of a magazine the well known specialists. Miss Thomas has given herself to the interpretation of Shakespeare; in verse, "Olive Thorne" Miller to the loving study of bird life. Mrs. Jackson, the most versatile of later writers, possessed the rare combination of versatility and thoroughness in such measure that we might almost copy Hartley Coleridge's saying of Harriet Martineau, that she was a specialist about everything; but her name will be associated with the earnest presentation of the wrongs of the Indian, as that of Emma Lazarus with the impassioned defense of the rights of the Jews.—Helen Gray Cone in Century.

"The Boy's Room."

I "fixed up" my boy's room out of as unpromising a lot of material as usually falls to the lot of mothers to work with—an old lot of furniture, no two pieces alike, except a set of bottomless chairs. A commode and fancy bed to an old bureau we built (my boy and I) out of dry goods boxes. The chairs we bought perforated bottoms for, and fastened them in with brass headed tacks, then painted them all over with black walnut stain previous to varnishing. I decorated the bedstead, bureau and commode with a fruit picture which the merchant kindly saved for me from his pieces of cotton cloth. I had twelve pictures, with which I made a handsome decorated set of furniture.

I papered the walls with paper, cream colored ground, covered with a running vine with crimson buds peeping out, giving a rich warm tone to the room. I had an old ingrain carpet, drab ground with a pattern of different shades of wood color in round balls. This I ripped apart, washed each breadthrand colored a portion of it crimson with dye. The dye colored the drab ground beautifully, while it only made the wood colors a little darker; so here was my carpet to match the rest of the room.

The draperies of turkey red, with lambrequin of cream color made of perforated shelf paper, harmonized with the other furnishings and made a cozy room for my boy, and it all cost less than five dollars. The girls say their brother's room is prettier than theirs, and I am repaid for my labor in witnessing his enjoyment.—Cor. Springfield Homestead.

Symptoms of Crooked Spine.

Crooked spine occurs for the most part in strumous children. When the curvature is so marked as to attract the attention of the parents, when it is really visible to the sense of sight, there is no mistaking the disease for anything else, and the belief is generally expressed that the little one has had a fall or mischance of some kind and has injured the spine. This may or may not have been, for although injury might encourage the deposition of tubercle in any particular part, it is readily enough deposited in certain situations without anything accidental having occurred.

But before the actual deformity is visible to the non-medical eye other symptoms will be noted, the child will be pale and soft and sickly, and subject to pains about the chest and stomach. Sometimes a boy or girl in the earlier stages of this complaint will have to sit and tell fashioned look, and the mind is often highly developed at the expense of the body. This is of course not invariably the case. The child, however, early evinces a weakness in sitting up from a chair or lifting itself up in bed. There is a peculiarity in gait, too, the desire being to save all weight from resting on the spine. The hands will therefore be freely used to aid motion forward, the child clutching at things for support, while the head even will be borne on one side. In addition to this we have generally stunted growth, difficult action of bowels, coldness of extremities and disturbed sleep.—Cassell's Family Magazine.

Contentment.

The great trouble with thousands of the women of our land is that they are discontented. "If I were only rich," is the cry of hundreds, "how happy I would be." For one to tell you that you would not be happy until wealth would be for you to display your ignorance of human nature, but we tell you what I once heard the late William H. Vanderbilt say over a table laden with the luxuries of the land, "Since the death of my father I can remember only three nights when I have been able to dismiss matters from my mind and find sleep." To associate happiness with riches is one of the greatest fallacies of the time.

Money is a comfortable thing to have, I grant you, but much of it is just as much of a burden as one follows it in a dogtrot. To be discontented because you have not the means of some other woman of your acquaintance is to set the part of a foolish woman. All the wedding in the world won't bring another cent to your purse. Let circumstances take their course. Our conditions in life are always changing, and when there is lacking today there will be plenty to-morrow. Try the experiment of a contented mind, and see what happiness it will bring you.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Pressure the Hip Lines.

One of the greatest mistakes that women make in dressing is the common one of destroying the hip curves. The symmetrical lines of the hips should be brought out as carefully as in the waist line, yet nine women out of ten will load bands and gathers over the hips until every outline is lost. Be the woman slender or fleshy, she should insist upon having the seams of her dresses extend two or three inches below the waist line, with an unbroken attention given to detail of fit as there is above the waist.

If you notice attentively you will discover that every woman who has a reputation for a beautiful figure invariably wears this style of dress. In fact, the reputation for grace and beauty of figure depends almost entirely upon the hip lines not being lost in drapery. Whatever the style of dress or drapery, this idea should be the fundamental principle, and modifications for changing fashions worked from it. It is becoming alike to both slender and fleshy people.—Chicago Herald.

Young Mothers Should Be Careful.

After the birth of the baby the mother should be kept perfectly quiet for the first twenty-four hours, and not allowed to talk or see any one except her nearest relations, however well she may seem. She should not get out of bed for ten days or two weeks, nor sit up in bed for nine days. The more care taken of her at this time the more rapid will be her recovery when she does get about.

She should go up and down stairs slowly, carefully and as seldom as possible for six weeks. She should not stand more than is unavoidable during that time, but sit with her feet up and lie down when she has time to rest. She should not work a sewing machine with a treadle for at least six weeks, and avoid any unusual strain or overexertion. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and carefulness will be well repaid by a perfect restoration to health.—Mrs. Elizabeth R. Scovil.

Feed the Baby Regularly.

Crying spells are not without cause. In the majority of cases indigestion makes the trouble. In colic, that most painful form of indigestion, the infant kicks and screams at short intervals, the abdomen becomes hard and distended at the slightest pressure the little one's outcries become more distressing. Warm applications of flannel or flannel bags generally bring relief. The child's meal times should be announced by the clock, irregularity in this matter having much to do with the so called stomach troubles. A teaspoonful of lime water with every meal will act as a regulator for the bowels, refresh the stomach and aid in the formation of bone and teeth. It is necessary that the child be kept in an even temperature as near 70 degs. as possible, the whole body being protected by light flannel underwear, high in the neck and long sleeved.—Exchange.

To Make Lace Look Ancient.

By a little clever manipulation even an ordinary quality of machine made lace can be toned up to bear a close resemblance to the genuine article. If the pattern is good and thread not too coarse let the wearer go forth perfect. She may have, as a rule, large eyes with long lashes. They are tall and straight, and they take on fat very soon after marriage. They are very handsome and very voluptuous. Many of them marry Turks, and now and then one of them takes after her brothers and gets into the mission schools and becomes well educated.—Frank G. Carpenter in National Tribune.

How Armenian Women Look.

The Armenian women look not unlike the other Turkish ladies. Womanhood in Turkey, however, is made up of a polyglot of forth repute. She may have, as a rule, large eyes with long lashes. They are tall and straight, and they take on fat very soon after marriage. They are very handsome and very voluptuous. Many of them marry Turks, and now and then one of them takes after her brothers and gets into the mission schools and becomes well educated.—Frank G. Carpenter in National Tribune.

A young mother should wear warm underclothing, thick stockings and a flannel petticoat over her night dress, unless she is in the habit of wearing an under vest, as the body is not protected by warm clothing there is an undue demand upon the nerv ous energy to keep up the vital heat, and nerve force is wasted by the attempt to compel the system to do what ought to be done for it by outside means.

One of the last places visited by Dinah Mulock Craik before her death was Tewkabury, England, the town she selected as the home of "John Halifax, Gentleman." A memorial has recently been placed in the Abbey of Tewkabury to her memory. It is in the form of a marble medallion, with this inscription running through the frieze: "A tribute to work of noble aim and to a gracious life."

Indigestion among children can be cured by carefully watching them and vigilantly preaching the wholesome doctrine of mastication. Teach the child that every morsel he swallows without chewing it thoroughly is so much poison to his health. There are tenacious of life, and what you say they will believe without questioning.

Arrange in a baking dish a layer of boiled rice, season with salt, pepper and bits of butter, then a thin layer of grated cheese, and so on alternately, using cheese for the top. Moisten well with rich milk or better still, cream, and strew the top with rolled crackers. Bake twenty minutes, or until the top is a light brown.

The women teachers of Germany have for the last six years had an insurance society, from which for a monthly fee of twenty-five cents $120 a week can be drawn in sickness for thirteen weeks. Women between 18 and 45 who have a physician's certificate of good health are admitted.

Many a housewife knows how to make comfortable couch pillows and porch cushions by cutting papers in long, narrow strips and rolling them, the fashion of making lamp lighters. Trimmings from a bookbindery are easier to use.

Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge, the editor of St. Nicholas, has a charming country place in Onteora Park, Catskill mountains, called Rose Cottage, where she receives every Thursday, at her pleasure during the summer and autumn.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

LONDON, PARIS AND NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Frills and Fluffiness Abound on Many of the Newest Gowns—How Some of the Street Dresses Are Fashioned—A French Toilet for Informal Receptions.

On many of the new dresses everything in way of trimming on the skirts runs to frills or flounces. The novelty in one dress seen was the tablecloth, which consisted of several rows of velvet put on in a Vandyke pattern around the bottom of the skirt and carried right up the back from hem to waist.

Gold and silver passementeries are still numbered with fashionable dress garnitures. A black gauze gown with gold

A PARIS TOILETTE.

spots, for evening wear, is edged with a couple of rows of gold passementerie and a lace flounce.

There is a revulsion against the very close fitting, tight skirts, and while steels and pads are not visible, dresses are made full at the back, with a natural and graceful flow. Some of the newest street dresses are quite plain in front and at the sides, with folds behind, or have fan folds in front, plain sides and folds behind.

In the cut is illustrated a charming French toilette in cashmere and silk, suitable for carriage or informal reception wear. The polonaise in cashmere is draped in front and slashed at the back. It is bordered with passementerie. The coquille at the side apparently emerges from the draped folds on the left hip. The semi-trained skirt is of silk.

Fashionable Colors.

Rich dahlia tints and reddish heliotropes are shown in French color cards in six shades, ranging up to the pale tint of Persian lilacs. The best violet shades are very rich. Clear dark browns are in other bronze and coffee brown. More yellowish browns are tabac and the light Bismon, castor and beige shades. The grays are metallic tints—pale silver gray and steel, clear nickel and dark platinum gray. Blues blue and pale turquoise are excellent colors for millinery, royal blue, the bleu de France and dark marine are winter colors, and the gray blues are Saxon and steel color. A pale china blue is named after Palissy, and this, with turquoise, will be much used to lighten black and the dark brown shades. Bright Spanish yellow is also much combined with black. The new greens are those with blue tints.

Latest Styles in Ribbons.

Plain double faced satin ribbons are the fashionable trimming for autumn bonnets, and with velvet ribbons will be used throughout the winter. Velvet ribbons with satin stripes, and large velvet spots on satin stripes, are very stylish. Narrow velvet ribbons will remain in favor for strings, and two inch widths for trimmings. Shot glace velvet ribbons are much used in Paris. High stiff loops, pointed ends, long looped bows, and tornados of soft folds of piece velvet are on the new hats. Metal ribbons, especially gold and silver, are used alone or in combination with velvet or satin ribbons.

Little Girls' Dresses.

Little girls dresses are many of them provided with hats or bonnets to match this season. The variety is decidedly refreshing. Smocking, of which there has

LITTLE GIRL'S FROCK.

been a surfeit, seems to be on the wane. In the cut is shown a charming little frock in silk and wool.

The deep Vandykes, which form a sort of yoke over the bodice, are in silk, as are the plaitings that finish the neck and sleeves. The skirt is of silk. The remainder of the frock is of any soft woolen fabric that may be selected.

Fashion Echoes.

The girl dude is now haunting the fashionable tailor, who is fashioning all sorts of mannish top coats, jackets, waistcoats and habit shirts.

There's a vast difference between the woman who puts things on and she who is dressed. A few women have the knack of always appearing well dressed.

A well dressed woman always takes care to be well shod and well gloved if her dress and bonnet are not in the very latest fashion.

A soft cashmere with a brocade of irregular spots is now, but somewhere still.

The Amazon cloths appear with a new face, showing plain colors and the speckled surfaces they are absorbed.

The Prices Which Make Trade!

Now that we have it on every hand that it is hard times, and it is certainly so. We propose to help in the struggle against them by selling Tea, Coffee, Foreign and Domestic Groceries, at prices within the reach of ALL.

It is were the first in Plainfield to bring down high prices, and we will be the last to bring them up.

It will help this over the depression, and we will all be benefited by it to a great extent.

Having purchased our supply of **California Fruits** before the advance in prices took place, we have decided to sell at old prices, thereby giving our customers the benefit of what we saved.

Prompt attention and quick delivery of goods to any and all parts of town, on Saturday till 9 p. m. Wagon delivery as-far to South Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Grantwood, Dunellen, New Market, South Plainfield, Metuchen, etc. Mail orders promptly attended to.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

When in the Store look at their **92 90 Tea Piece Decorated Toilet Sets.** There are only a few or them.

Ladies who have tried our P. P. Cream, pronounce it the Best Fitting and most Complete Corset they have ever worn. Price $1.

Buy a new Broom for 15c.

We bought before the advance in Linen, 100 dozen fine Dinner Napkins. Value $2.00 per dozen. Our price $1.25. Cheap they are.

Ask to see the Banner Lamp. Best made. Price $1.50.

Gentlemen, there is no place like V. and W. for Flannel Underwear. Try them. They will save you money.

Tooth picks, 3c. per box.

Blankets, Comfortables and Rugs are UP on the second floor. Examine our Goods and Prices, and we know that you will become a permanent Customer.

How about a New Coal Hod, 35c. for a good one.

Do you know that we keep almost everything that the average woman wants! (Except money, and that we will save for her.) Just look through our Stock, examine our Goods and Prices, and we know that you will become a permanent Customer.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv. on the following terms:—

25c.	Coal Scuttle	will be given with each		**$1.00**	Sale.
20c.	"	"	"	**1.25**	"
35c.	"	"	"	**1.50**	"
40c.	"	"	"	**1.75**	"
50c.	"	"	"	**2.00**	"

These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open and covered. Now, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Lamps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of store boards just in, and marked low.

REMEMBER we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly deliv red. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27. Park avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something that is a pleasure to wear, "Easy on the Corns." We have a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.;

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET,

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of **GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.**

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for rose pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in **SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES.** SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer your

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson & Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F F HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Truax J. Gray, to whom refer those in need of

Furniture Express

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the country by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S, No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1389

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 51 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT R. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most care is always taken to screen it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. Is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the largest self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. This coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 125. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is entirely free from the disagreeable features of the old method of removing night soil. Orders left at Post Boxes, Manufacturers 6,500 Pearl Lane, Grocers and Rag 35 proprietor 7500, 6th, Telephone 2.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—Short and *sioux* will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The choir-gallery of the Crescent avenue church has been beautified by placing handsome brass music racks along the railing.

—The roof of the Park House is being retarred and re-gravelled. Has somebody mustered up the courage and enterprise to open this once popular resort again?

—Messrs. Daniel Crowley, William Brooks and John Cavanaugh, employes of the Pond Machine Tool Company, have organized an orchestra for their own amusement and that of their friends. "Johnny, get your gun."

—A prime pumpkin will be on exhibition at the United Tea and Coffee Growers' association Saturday, and will be delivered at the home of the customer buying the largest bill of goods up to 9 p. m. Hand them in early.

—Here is an actual occurrence at an academy but a few days ago: Professor (giving lecture upon rhinoceros)—"I must beg you to give me your undivided attention, gentlemen! It is absolutely impossible that you can form a true idea of this hideous animal unless you keep your eyes fixed on me."—Ex.

—As correctly stated in the NEWS, George Reitman suspected of the theft of clothing from Mr. N. M. Doty's store was not in Mr. Doty's employ. Mr. Doty further states that he was not in any way assisted by the pawnbroker. No news of the culprit has yet been heard. His trunk, supposed to contain most of the stolen cloth, has not been traced.

A Woman's Narrow Escape.

Yesterday afternoon, while the 3.32 westbound train was pulling out from the main depot in this city, Mrs. Harry Connett of Peapack attempted to cross the east-bound track to see her husband who is employed as the freight house. The fast west-bound Philadelphia express, which had slowed up to allow the 3.32 train to discharge its passengers, was coming rapidly to New York. Owing to the east-bound cars, Mrs. Connett failed to see its approach, and was in the act of stepping in front of the engine, when Thomas Martin, the mail carrier, who saw her danger, caught her by the arm, and pulled her from in front of the locomotive just as it passed the spot. Persons who witnessed Mrs. Connett's narrow escape stood dumbfounded for an instant, and had it not been for mail carrier Martin's vigilance, she would have undoubtedly been ground to pieces under the wheels of the cars.

The day before, Mr. Martin saved another woman from a similar fate. He deserves much credit for his vigilance, and is considered a valuable acquisition at the depot.

It is time an energetic protest was made against these trains running a past the depot at such a rate of speed. Several of our most prominent citizens have had narrow escapes from death at the station while awaiting for a train. Mr. R. R. Titsworth of New street was reading by the conductor on engine No. 20, a few days ago.

Is it necessary that some frightful accident must occur before proper precautions are taken to protect people from the trains which fly past the depot at a mile-a-minute pace?

What Monopoly Does.

The United States and Adams Express Companies have consolidated their business and after the first of November the rates will be advanced 40 per cent. This is the result of a monopoly. It will be remembered that a few weeks ago the Adams Express Company abolished their office in this city without giving any explanation whatever to their patrons.

The Company's manager in this city says he does not believe the Adams and U. S. Companies have consolidated.

Miss Burdette to Address Baptist Young Ladies.

Miss M. Y. Burdette of Chicago, Secretary of the Women's Baptist Home Mission Society of the United States, will make an address before the Young Ladies' Missionary Society of the First Baptist church, Saturday afternoon at three o'clock in the lecture-room of the church. She will be accompanied by a young lady who is going to the west as a missionary to South Carolina. The exercises will be very interesting, and a cordial welcome will be extended to all.

Railroad Matters.

The officers of the Raritan River R. R. have secured the Board of Trade of New Brunswick, in answer to a request to extend the line to Round Brook, that they have favorably considered the matter, and will send a man down in the course of a few days to see what it is carried out, the road will connect with the Penn. R. R. at New Brunswick, the Central at South Amboy and the Lehigh Valley at Round Brook.

THE WATER WORKS.

THE NEW COMPANY ORDERS THEM COMPLETED.

The Contracts Awarded Yesterday. The Pumping Machinery to be in by December, and Twenty-Seven Miles of Pipe to be Laid With all Possible Expedition. But not Under the Moore Franchise. A Surprise for North Plainfield.

Mr. Isaac Pangborn was yesterday awarded the contract for the steam work, and Mr. John Chandler that for the carpenter work to complete by day's work the pumping station known as the pumphouse of the Plainfield Water Works Company. The contract was awarded by the Plainfield Water Supply Company, now in control of the remains of the Plainfield Water Works Company, which as projected by Mr. Charles A. Moore, seems to have died.

The *new* company has ordered twenty-one miles of water mains for Plainfield, and six miles for North Plainfield. The letter information will prove a genuine surprise to the people of North Plainfield, who are unaware of having granted any franchise to the new company the old company, or to any other organization, individual, or thing in existence, either now, or hitherto, or expected to be henceforth near or remote.

But the company claims that, by the law under which it is operating, and has its franchises, it has the right to lay water mains in the highways and byways of Plainfield and adjoining towns, boroughs, villages, hamlets, or group of habitations, by whatsoever name designated, known or described. Whether the consent of the borough Council will be necessary in a matter which will appear later, we suppose; but incidentally, since the franchise seems to have been obtained from the Legislature before the borough of North Plainfield existed, or was thought of, the matter of securing the consent of the borough authorities will possibly be deemed unnecessary, except as a matter of courtesy.

The city receives certain concessions in the way of fire-hydrants, fountains, and flushing privileges,—which the borough does not—besides $5,000 in monthly instalments; and is secured by a $50,000 bond under the Moore contract. The company will proceed under the Moore contract if it can have it modified to the extent that,—among other things—the city will surrender its right to buy the works under five or ten years, so that would-be investors may have their investments secured for a certain defined period, and be thus induced to buy the bonds. By the Moore contract, the city may buy the works at any time upon payment of a certain designated per cent. advance upon the cost.

The form of the modified contract has been sent to Councilman Newhall, as chairman of the Water Board, and a conference asked for with him, the result of which, if conceded, will probably appear at the special meeting of the Common Council, to be held this evening.

In the borough, the question of having an independent water works has been favorably discussed, the people seeming generally opposed to monopoly, as was shown in the action on the electric light question, the theory being that with two companies in the field the people of both Plainfield and North Plainfield can secure lower rates. But, if the company is right in the position it has undertaken it to take, the borough will be unable to offer inducements sufficient for any other company to enter the field at all. It is not probable, however, that the borough people will be satisfied with the company's interpretation of the law, when it may be, and perhaps their interpretation may put an entirely different face on the whole matter.

As there are in the new company several prominent and influential citizens of Plainfield, possibly they may secure from the Plainfield Common Council the concessions asked for. In former articles we have told what these were likely to be. Too great care cannot be exercised in the matter to protect the city's interests first, last and always. No concession whatever ought to be made except in behalf of the citizens of corresponding benefit to the city. The people have been made familiar through THE NEWS with this now celebrated contract, and will watch the matter closely, or at least it is in our judgment important that they should do so, for it is by the people that the concessions asked are conceded, and the modified contract resigned.

Councilman Newhall will probably leave the whole matter to be disposed of by the Council as it deems best. His labors in behalf of the city this year have been extraordinary, and entitle him to the lasting gratitude of the people. One more faithful and efficient has probably never been a member of the Council, and has been never more needed.

Disorderly Persons Fined.

On Sunday last Martin Kane and John Sullivan, while intoxicated, visited the house on West Fourth street, where the city poor reside and conducted themselves in a disorderly manner. Warrants were issued for their arrest and this morning they were arraigned before City Judge Codington, given a hearing, adjudged guilty and in Kane's case a five-dollar fine was imposed, but as Sullivan appeared to be the agressor he was called upon to pay a twenty dollar fine.

John Reedy was fined five dollars in the City Court this morning for drunkenness. Frederick Murpay while intoxicated yesterday damaged an umbrella belonging to Mr. Barrett. Murphy was arrested and this morning City Judge Codington imposed a five dollar fine.

Campbell's Stables Destroyed by Fire

At about eight o'clock last evening a bright light was visible in the Southern sky. This morning it was ascertained that the reflection emanated from a fire which destroyed the Campbell livery stables on Park avenue. As the buildings are situated outside of the city limits no alarm was sounded here and they were totally destroyed. The horses, which were stabled in the buildings were saved.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF ELECTRICITY.

Manager Slater Knocked Down by an Electric Light Wire.

Mr. W. S. Slater, the manager of the P. and Telegraph Company was engaged repairing a telegraph wire on the telegraph building at about half past four this afternoon, when the wire, on the back of his head came in contact with an electric light wire. The shock he received therefrom rendered him unconscious, and incapacitated him for further work. He was taken home with a NEWS reporter last evening he said he was still in a dazed condition and that he still felt the effects of the shock very much, and thought that he had had a very narrow escape.

Several other persons have suffered from electric shocks since the establishment of the electric light plant in this city. The first was Mr. Robert Bunting, who was at the time engineer at the station, and while making some repairs in a house in North Plainfield had his hands badly burned.

Mr. Joseph Verlin, Mr. James Skelly, at the time foreman of the line, was engaged one evening about eight o'clock making connections to light the Crescent Rink, when persons who were standing near by were thunderstruck to see him suddenly thrown from the pole which he had climbed in order to make the connection. He was also rendered unconscious by the shock.

Neither of the above accidents resulted fatally, but a few months ago a horse belonging to Mr. John Cheadle was instantly killed on Crescent avenue by coming in contact with an electric light wire which had been dislodged by the limb of a tree striking it.

The above accidents must either demonstrate the fact that 'improperly insulated wires have been used in the construction of the line or that the insulation must become defective after being in use a certain length of time.

"HIGH JINKS" AT THE P. BI CLUB.

Bidding Farewell to Mr. G. C. Martin, Jr., in Style.

There were "high jinks" at Bicycle club house last night, when thirty-five of the club members attended a farewell feast given to George C. Martin, Jr.

Mr. Martin goes West on Saturday, to Kansas City, whither his family have already gone.

Speeches were made voicing the general regret that Mr. Martin was to be lost to Plainfield society and to the club. He was always foremost in good deeds and to be found at the front when work was to be done. The club loses by his departure a most efficient secretary.

As a little souvenir of the occasion, and a memento of the club's good will and the good times enjoyed, Mr. Martin was presented with a delicately wrought pin.

After the dinner was demolished—no other word fully describes the wreck—music, songs, boxing, tugs of war and general "frisktiness" were enjoyed by all.

CHAUTAUQUA AND THE CHURCH.

Bishop Vincent's Lecture in Brooklyn Last Evening.

The New York State Chautauqua Convention was brought to a close *last night in Plymouth church in Brooklyn.* Bishop John H. Vincent, formerly of this city, made the principal address. His subject was "Chautauqua and the Church." He censured the action of Cardinal Gibbons in placing President Harrison on his left hand at the banquet in Washington, while he reserved the seat of honor for the Canadian Cardinal. Bishop Vincent thought President Harrison should have left the table, and he could never forgive him for not having done so. The Bishop also took occasion to deny that he was a Protestant, and said that he was only a Christian. Addresses were also made by the Rev. R. S. Partington, the Rev. O. L. Cowles, and Miss Charlotte E. Coffin.

These permanent officers were elected: President, George E. Vincent, formerly of Plainfield; First Vice-President, the Rev. Dr. R. S. Partington; Second Vice-President, the Rev. Dr. B. B. Tyler; Secretary, Miss Kate F. *Kimball formerly of this city.*

SEARCH THE BIVALVES.

Mr. Ross Linbarger Finds a Pearl in a Clam.

Mr. Ross Linbarger of Manning avenue, while at Martinville a short time ago, opened a clam, and found therein a pearl the size of a bean. He is very proud of his valuable find, and proposes to have it suitable mounted.

Out-in-the-Woods in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms.

Notwithstanding the rain, a most successful reception was held last evening, for the members of the Y. M. C. A. in their hall on East Front street.

The hall was arranged to represent a camp in the woods' Camps of evergreens were placed about, in one corner was a hunter's camp through the open door of which the ruddy interior could be seen, and against its pole hung a deer, presumably just shot. The floor was covered with straw, and on the logs about the room and reclining on the straw were the members of the Association. Games and other sports, glee and recitations filled the hours, and all present greatly enjoyed the novel and interesting entertainment. Members of the Association will anticipate with pleasure the next of the quarterly affairs given receptions which are a regular privilege of membership.

The refreshments which were well enjoyed were prepared by "The Ladies' Rise."

—The C. R. R. of N. J. is building a stone wall along its tracks back of South avenue, Westfield, to keep the bank from sliding down on the railroad, and so impeding traffic. The wall is nearly a thousand feet long and between three and four feet high. M. J. Fogarty is the contractor.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.
BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE. THAT CAN BE TRUTHFULLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ASSERTED.
—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO SECURE LONG MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 4.—A REMARKABLE FREE-LIST.—MORE THAN HALF THE TOTAL IMPORTATION WILL HEREAFTER COME IN FREE.—PRACTICALLY ALL *DIRECT TAXATION, EXCEPT ON* WHISKEY AND TOBACCO, IS ABOLISHED.

The Republican party has enacted the McKinley bill after ten months of profound investigation and elaborate debate. It undertakes to say that a wiser, braver, fairer revenue bill has never been provided in all the history of the Republic! Its undertakes to say that, under the operation of this new tariff, the American people will pay a smaller proportion of the expenses of the government than ever before. The conclusion will be forced upon any fair-minded man who takes the trouble to examine its provisions.

In the first place, a large part of the internal revenue taxation on tobacco has been remitted, and all those annoying special licenses for the sale of tobacco have been abolished. The American farmer and retailer are as free to-day to sell their tobacco as their wheat.

In the next place, practically all direct taxation, except the internal revenue taxes on whiskey and tobacco, have been remitted to the people. This has been done by means of a remarkable enlargement of the free-list. It is practically true to say that everything, the like of which is not or cannot be largely produced in this country, has been placed on the free-list. A duty on this class of articles is a tax which is paid by the citizen of the country. In this respect it differs entirely from a protective duty, which is often wholly, and *always largely paid by the exporter. By its* additions of the free-list, then, the Republican party has left in the people's pockets a sum which last year amounted to more than $65,000,000, and has opened our ports to merchandise—upon which the American consumer has heretofore been paying a tax—which was last year imported to the value of $360,406,000, or nearly fifty per cent. of the total importation, and is ten per cent. greater than the face importation provided in the Mills bill. When it is considered that, among the foreign products transferred by the Republican party from the dutiable list to the free-list are such universally-used articles as sugar, molasses, needles, dried currants, round or split straw-matting, sisalgrass and manilla for use in the manufacture of binding-twine, braids, seeds, hemp, turpentine and jute, the importance of this legislation will be appreciated.

[To be continued—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

PERSONAL.

Mrs. and Miss Pellteau of Brooklyn, N.Y., spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Teetz of West Front street.

A surprise party was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McIntosh on Pond place, Wednesday evening.

Mr. George M. Homan, the Secretary of the Bach Manufacturing Company of New York, spent yesterday with Plainfield friends.

Mr. Stephen A. Krom of Madison avenue is building a handsome residence of stone and brick on Central avenue, below Manning Steile homestead.

Freeholder and Mrs. J. Frank Hubbard will travel two hundred miles beyond Chicago to visit relatives before returning home from the Seventh Day Baptist convention.

The latest convert to the no-fence reformers is Mrs. Chas. Fish of West Seventh street. His half block of grounds are much improved in appearance by the removal of a heavy and unsightly barrier to their beauty.

One of the largest weddings ever held in Union county took place at the Little homestead, near Fanwood, Wednesday, Miss Mattie T. Little was married to Mr. William H. Clark of Plainfield. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. W. Caldwell, of the Presbyterian church of Westfield.

Miss Jennie Martin, daughter of the late *Hon. Lebbeus Martin, of Dunkertown, and* Mr. Benson DeWitt of Yonkers, New York were married last evening at six o'clock at the residence of the bride's aunt Miss C. S. Martin of Craig place, North Plainfield. Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt will reside at Port Jarvis, N. J.

One of the curiosities which Miss Bulkley, Principal of the Public Schools, likes to show her visitors is a bottle of water which she filled from the Dead Sea, and carried safely all the way home. The genuineness of the water is tested by the taste. A little girl heard of it, and wanted to know if Lot's wife was there, thrown into the sea and allowed to dissolve.

The improvements to the residence of Ex-Councilman Rowland Cox on West Seventh street are about completed. An extension has been added on the west side, and a second story has whether put in on the east side, greatly improving the appearance of a rear dooneglect is among the largest and handsomest on the street. The extension is a dining-room, the interior of which is very unique, elegant and commodious, and throughout displays excellent taste.

—The Prohibitionists of this city held a meeting in Reform Hall last evening. Owing, probably, to the inclemency of the weather the attendance was not very large. "Joe" Bugbie, Mr. S. A. Holmes and T. A. Burges made addresses.

PRISONERS PLED.

Arraignments in Court Yesterday Morning.

Judge McCormick presided in a brief session of the Union county court of general quarter sessions yesterday morning, prior to Judge Depue's arrival and the opening of the circuit court. On motion of Prosecutor Wilson a number of defendants and prisoners were arraigned and charged on the indictments presented by the grand jurors yesterday.

James Hoda, the hackman, who committed the criminal assault on the aged woman who had engaged him to convey her to Linden, pleaded not guilty to the charge of attempted rape. His trial was appointed for Tuesday next. The bail, which in the police court was fixed at $500, was raised by Judge McCormick to $1,000. The gentleman declined to renew at that amount, and Hoda was placed in the custody of the sheriff.

Sigmund Forrer pleaded not guilty to assault and battery. Trial on Monday.

Edward Butler, the young man charged with atrociously assaulting Garret Welsh, the young cashier of the Elizabeth Street railway, pleaded not guilty. He was bailed in the sum of $1,000, for trial on Monday. Mr. T. M. Kelly appeared as counsel for the accused.

Thomas Dunn and John McGovern pleaded not guilty of robbing the store of Jabez Marsh on the 27th of June. They will be tried on Monday.

Dennis Savage pleaded not guilty to assault and battery. Trial on Monday.

Michael Costello, charged with assault and battery, pleaded not guilty. Trial on the 27th.

Albert Legohic, assault, not guilty. Trial on Monday.

Thomas Nutley, assault and battery, pleaded not guilty. Trial on Monday.

Thomas Izar pleaded not guilty to charge of larceny. Trial on Tuesday.

Lucrelia Quinn pleaded not guilty to the atrocious assault on aged Joseph Donnelly and wife. Trial on Tuesday.

Walter Gordon, a boy, charge with stealing a clock, pleaded not guilty. His trial will be on Tuesday, and John J. Lowden was assigned by the court as counsel for the defence.

Thomas McCann, who was arrested by Lieut. Peters for the larceny of an overcoat from Joseph W. Allen's residence, pleaded guilty to entering and larceny. He was remanded for sentence.

James Devine pleaded guilty to an indictment for assault and battery.

Daniel Cobb, charged with larceny, pleaded not guilty. Trial on Tuesday next.

Richard Hays, who stabbed his mother-in-law, pleaded guilty, and was remanded for sentence.

After the Druggists.

An agent of the State Dairy Commission visited Mr. Brunsdon on September 26, and obtained samples of drugs from the drug stores. The object was partly exposed yesterday, when Robert and Lewis Ketturn, brothers, who kept separate establishments, were arrested for selling adulterated tincture of opium. The penalty for the first offence is $100, and for the second $200. Warrants for the arrest of other persons dealing in goods below the standard fixed by law will probably soon be issued.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel, held a sociable last evening, an account of which will appear in to-morrow's issue.

To Our Advertisers.

To insure change of Advertisement the same day, copy must be brought in before noon.

Cent-a-Word Column.

75 LOADS fine manure for sale. W. O. Baldwin, 288 Somerset street. 21-6

FOR SALE—A bargain. Handsome extra large English carriage, used twice. Call in the afternoon, 192 Somerset street.

FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen without board, 59 West Second, corner Central avenue. 24-2

FOR SALE cheap. Light six-seat German town carriage by one of the best makers, at J. P. Homan factory 29 and 31 Somerset street. 21-3

FOUR HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14tf

FOR RENT.—Small cottage of six rooms on East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 10-14-2.

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protrudes. Pink eye-lids. Answers to the name of "Eddie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to W. M. Frost, 189 East Front street. No questions asked. 22-4

SITUATION WANTED by intelligent young man, unmarried, as assistant, private secretary, or traveling companion to wheelchair invalid. Address, "Assistant," care of Evening News. 22-3

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a yellow fox terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 23-4

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No. 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED—A cook and laundress. Call at 178 West Front street. 9-14-4tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework in private family. Apply at 178 West Front. Must be good cook, washer and ironer. Good wages. Call 19 East 5th street. 21-2

WANTED—A middle aged woman to do housework in the country. Must be a good washing or ironing. Large pay. Address E. J. Whitehead, Westfield, N. J. 23-5

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property to sell in exchange for $7,000 property in Plainfield. Property, 4 acres, worth $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class property to trade will address, Box 1, Fanwood, N. J. 10-10-4

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property to sell in exchange for $7,000 property in Plainfield. Property, 4 acres, worth $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class property to trade will address, Box 1, Fanwood, N. J. 10-10-4

WANTED—Agents to sell our goods in Plainfield for their sale and factory. (We do not peddle any of our goods.) Our goods are of the best quality and we have the exclusive agency in this section to sell at a good profit to retailers. Our goods are very popular. Salary or commission. Address, with stamp, for particulars, Standard Manufacturing Co., 49 to 59 West 25th street, New York City. 10-7

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to get everybody to be of our views: that is to pay only the actual value for the goods they receive.

This can be accomplished by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Glance over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your household expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Coffees by having them roasted to suit our trade. Java and Mocha, 30c. per lb. or 3 lbs. for $1. Our Golden Rio Coffee, 25c. lb.; Fresh Dairy Roast for both table and cooking purposes, 22c. lb.; Best Cocoa in the market, 25c. lb.; Pearl Peanut Flour, (has no equal), 6c. 7 lbs.; Pulverized Sugar, 6c. lb.; Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb. Call and get prices on other goods.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we have established for honesty and fair dealing is the foundation of our success. Bear in mind we don't advertise any one article in particular as a leader to mislead the public but our full line right through will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we will deliver all goods to any and all parts of the city free of charge. On Saturdays will mail a pr. Special attention given to mail orders.

UNITED TEA and COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.
PEOPLES' TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEARBST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS, LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THE GUESSES MUST BE IN BY OCTOBER 31st.

ROGERS BROS.,
SHOE DEALERS. 13 WEST FRONT STREET.

"BIG LOT!"

NEW CARPETS will be opened in a day or two, and in order to "Boom" the trade a little we will

MAKE AND LINE FREE!!

for the rest of this month.

No better opportunity to buy Carpets to such good advantage will occur again in years to come.

OUR HOUSE is offering some rare bargains in cheap dress goods.

REMEMBER *we sell the better class of goods* at about the same price as the poor cheap articles are usually sold for.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

BUY THE
GARLAND AND BARSTAW
Stoves and Ranges
and save 20 per cent., at
Chas. F. Dencklau's,
76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the *business known as the*
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved manner.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs, free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

It is often a matter of
LIFE OR DEATH
to have a Prescription Compounded with
Celerity and Accuracy
To do this you should take it to the
MOY PHARMACY CO.,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't Forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand
Horse Blankets and Robes

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Wednesday, Oct. 29.
The Sterling Artists
HARRY and ROSE LEER.
And their efficient company, will present the Military Melodrama,
On the Frontier.
Now in the fourth season of its success. Entirely new specialties, catchy songs and funny situations. Last season this show was crowded into 2 1-2 hours before. Watch for the grand Street Parade at noon. Band of the Indian Scouts. Band in the evening. Grand illuminated fireworks parade at 7 p. m. Positively best encampment in the city prior to the 4th of July.
PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.
Seats on sale Saturday.

ROOFING!!

Paint your roof with Excelsior Metal Roofing Paint. Is ready to use and is durable. Will last years longer than any other paint.

Orders can be left at 20 East Second, opposite the depot, with the Real Estate Trust. Mr. W. M. Hall, City Hotel. 11-25

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY, AT 22 NORTH SECOND STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 2. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

To Millionaires.

Smiths, Joneses and Jenkinses endow colleges and hospitals to be called after them and immortalize their own distinguished names. But there is one branch of philanthropy that has apparently scarcely occurred to them, though it is worth all the rest together. It is the providing of pretty and comfortable suburban homes for working people, that too, not as a charity, but as a solid business investment.

No self respecting man or woman will accept a charity, and even the best things have no value in a man's eyes if they come too easily. But let us say a man has a couple of millions to help mankind with. Put it on a strictly business basis. Say he will be satisfied with a net return of 5 per cent. on his money. Let him buy a tract of land within forty minutes by rail of the business portion of some great city.

If there is no railroad to the tract so much the better. He can build one thither which he can govern by his own rules, the first of which shall be that the fare shall be as low as it can possibly be to pay the road's expenses and leave a small profit. Indeed, as has already been done in England, the railroad fare might be included in the workingman's rent. Then let our millionaire erect upon the plot of ground after it has been thoroughly drained, planted with shade trees, etc., dozens of pretty, comfortable three four, five and six room cottages furnished with modern conveniences. A plot of ground shall be left with each large enough for a flower and vegetable garden. There must be adjacent to the village a public park and a public hall and club house. Then let him cause it to be known that the village is here strictly as a business investment, waiting for respectable American citizens to make it their home. They can rent the houses on the 4 or 5 per cent. basis, or they can buy them if they wish for a price that will yet return a small profit to the owner, for that idea must never be lost sight of. Otherwise the investment becomes a charity, and the best class of working people will shun it as they do a charity hospital.

A village built on the line here suggested would be filled in less than no time with the families of teachers, newspaper people, clerks, business men and respectable mechanics. A society as refined, as cultured, as happy and handsome as any on earth would soon spring up in this model village. Every family would be respected and self respecting, and would belong to the club. What millionaire will put on the suggestion, and give us Jenkinshurst or Browne's-by-the-Sea.

A priest in St. Louis has inaugurated a temperance crusade that is unique. Every man in his congregation will be watched strictly in future, and those who are in the habit of frequenting drinking saloons will be reported to the pastor. He will give their names to a committee of sixty of the leading ladies of the church. These women will see that the drunkards are completely ostracized socially at every opportunity. It is needless to say they will take pleasure in their task. Nobody will recognize the tipplers in company or elsewhere, and the young men will not even be allowed to buy ice cream for their best girls. This is heroic treatment indeed. But a Protestant minister who should attempt such a remedy would not be allowed to hold his pastorate a month, such is the difference in the authority of the priestly office in the Roman Catholic and Protestant churches.

A certain oil company, with a capital of $5,000,000, is announced as entering the field to compete with the Standard company, with a capital of 500 millions more or less. It is possible there is a large amount of buncombe in this alleged competition. It is possible that the Standard Oil company is going to compete with itself in this new deal. Such competing combinations are the latest thing out in shrewd business enterprises. They keep outsiders off the field.

If Paul Alexander Johnstone, the mind reader, who is to succeed Bishop, must go off into convulsions, fall into a cataleptic fit and nearly die every time he drives blindfold through the streets and finds a name in a hotel register, what are his extraordinary powers worth? It is a good deal more agreeable and comfortable not to have mind reading powers if one must pay this sort of penalty.

The remarkable progress made in perfecting electrical methods is nowhere better illustrated than in the case of the ambrotine cable. In 1859 the first ocean telegraph message was sent between Europe and America. At that time a message of thirty-one words was transmitted in thirty-five minutes, and this was thought to be marvelous speed. Now 600 words per minute are sent.

DIXON WINS THE FIGHT.

Johnny Murphy Bested by the Colored Pugilist.

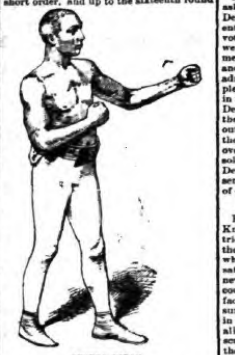
BUT IT TOOK FORTY HARD ROUNDS.

The Haverhill Fighter Was Finally Overmatched from the Very Call of Time, but Made a Plucky Resistance and Did Not Know When He Was Whipped.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 24.—The glove fight between George Dixon, of Boston, and Johnny Murphy, of Haverhill, took place at the rooms of the Gladstone club, in this city, last night. It was won by Dixon, Murphy's seconds throwing up the sponge in the fortieth round. It was seen at the start that Murphy was overmatched, but it took Dixon two hours and forty-five minutes to whip him. The fight was for $1,000 a side and a $500 purse. There was an immense crowd of sporting men in attendance from all sections of the country. Dixon had trained down to 115½ pounds, and Murphy tipped the beam at the same weight. Murphy's fighting weight is 108 pounds, and when he stripped in the ring and faced Dixon it was seen that he was too fat, and in build and reach was no match for his dusky opponent, who looked like a sleek, well groomed horse fit to run a mile.

Murphy's Marvelous Endurance.

Murphy's staying powers were simply marvelous, and it is astonishing how he managed to come up round after round in the face of the terrible punishment he received. It was thought by the way the fight started in that Dixon would win in short order, and up to the sixteenth round



GEORGE DIXON.

it looked as though the succeeding round would finish Murphy, but he revived considerably after that round and took his punishment gamely. He was badly used up at the finish, and though barely able to crawl over the ropes, protested against his seconds throwing up the sponge.

Didn't Know He Was Whipped.

In fact he went over to Dixon's corner after the referee had given his decision and offered to continue the fight. He presented a pitiable spectacle, his face streaming with blood and his mouth open, gasping for breath. Dixon seemed scarcely injured and was uninjured save for a bruise over the left eye and a slight swelling across his nose. Dixon was seconded by Tom O'Rourke and Howie Holske. Danny Gill and John Powers looked after Murphy. Dan Coakely, of Boston, was referee. The men entered the ring at 9:55 and the sponge was thrown up at 11:30.

The Fight in Detail.

In the first round both men came up smiling, but Murphy looked nervous and plainly lacked confidence. Murphy led out, tapping Dixon lightly on the nose and got a return under the left eye. There were several heavy blows given and taken, both playing for the face. Murphy's blows lacked strength, while Dixon's came in with the force of a miniature pile driver. In the second round Dixon rushed Murphy several times, and Murphy's clever work with his head and his scientific parrying saved him many heavy blows.

The men came together from the corners and Dixon sent in his right and left, dazing Murphy. He did not seem inclined to follow up his advantage and time was called very fortunately for Murphy.

A "Mouse" Beside Murphy's Eye.

From the third to the sixteenth round it looked like a short fight, everybody expecting Murphy to get a finisher any minute. His ability to stand punishment was phenomenal, while the successive rounds showed that with a man like Dixon he was no fighter at all. While occasionally leading he was usually forced to act on the defensive against Dixon's straight arm blows. At the beginning of the sixteenth round there was a big "mouse" beside his left eye and a patch along his left cheek bone. In the fifteenth round Dixon thought to finish his man and struck him heavily in the stomach. He plainly fooled him twice, and though the fouls were claimed by Murphy's seconds, they were not allowed. From then on Dixon fought more warily, evidently intent upon tiring Murphy, who was full of fight but was unable to get anywhere near the darkey. In the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth rounds Murphy showed up well.

Dixon Was a Little Groggy.

In fact he had the best of the sixteenth round. In the third Dixon landed by a sharp twist when Dixon rushed upon him, and the fall rather rattled the colored pugilist. Murphy started for him immediately after he got up, and getting him against the ropes gave him two short arm blows. When they separated Dixon was a little groggy. From the seventeenth to the thirty-seventh the men sparred cautiously. Murphy getting in an occasional clean hit, but gradually growing weaker under Dixon's heavy blows. It was a surprise to the spectators that Dixon did not jump in and finish his man, but Dixon is a safe and cautious fighter and was taking no chances.

Murphy Fell in His Corner.

In the thirty-seventh round Dixon rushed Murphy with both hands. Dixon struck him with the right and left fall in the face and Murphy's head dropped. It was thought that he was done for, but he rallied, ducked his head under the rain of blows and started for his corner. Dixon caught him just before he reached it and fought him to his knees, Murphy being unable to defend himself, fell prostrate in his corner. He was picked up and Dixon started in to finish him when time was called.

The Finish.

In the thirty-eighth round Murphy was still game, although plainly whipped. He received terrible punishment in this round, as Dixon went in to do him his quietus to the cries of his friends. Murphy stuck it out pluckily. The thirty-ninth round was simply a series of terrible blows by Dixon, which appeared to be a foot long. At the conclusion Murphy's face looked like raw beef. His appearance resulted from a bad cut in the ear, but he was a ghastly spectacle nevertheless. In the fortieth round he staggered to the scratch gamely and for a minute and a half tried to stand up against the onslaughts of Dixon, who pushed him to the ropes in his own corner and pounded his face unmercifully.

Murphy tried to reply, but finally sank into the arms of his seconds, who quickly threw up the sponge. Dixon again proved himself a most successful fighter, but Murphy's gameness was simply remarkable.

It was announced previous to the fight that the Parkin club, of New York, would offer a purse of $2,000 to be fought for by the winner and Cal McCarthy.

THE FIGHT AGAINST TILLMAN.

Judge Haskell's Views on the Negro Vote in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 24.—R. K. Charles, of Darlington county, recently addressed an open letter to Judge Haskell, the anti-Tillman candidate for governor, asking him to publicly answer this inquiry: "Do you rest your prospect of election solely on the white Democratic vote, or do you and your friends intend to supplement your present following by an appeal to the Republican or negro vote and to the machinery of the election laws?"

Judge Haskell's reply is as follows: "We ask for the vote not only of every white Democrat, but of every colored Republican entitled under the laws of this state to vote. We ask them to vote for us because we believe that our ticket is composed of men who will honestly declare good governments, and who will, to the best of their ability, administer for the good of the whole people in obedience to the pledges put forth in the platform and in the utterances of the Democratic party established in 1873. On the other hand, we advise all citizens without regard to party or race to vote against the Tillman ticket, which has republicanism overthrown and trampled under foot those solemn pledges which should bind every Democrat in this state, and which are essential alike to the welfare and prosperity of either race."

The Republican Vote in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. Oct. 24.—W. T. Knight, chairman of the Republican district committee, has issued an address to the Republicans of the Third district, in which he says that, while the district is safely Republican, the introduction of the new election law practically forbids the counting of Republican ballots. "In fact," says the address, "you are about as sure to have your ballot honestly counted as some of you are to be allowed to vote at all, where the law is administered by unscrupulous officers, as you would be to get the returns of your shaked dropped on a three card monte table." The address calls upon all Republican voters to register properly.

Governor Hill and the Democracy.

MILLERSBURG, O., Oct. 24.—Governor Hill received a tremendous ovation in this the banner Democratic county of Ohio. The governor "roasted" the administration, and referring to Maj. McKinley, said: "I am opposed to the election of William McKinley for many reasons, and among others because he voted for and advocated the infamous "force" bill. That measure would override the constitutional government of this country and the best interests of the people demands its defeat. I denounce the measure as a dangerous exercise of constitutional authority, a menace to our theory of government and an insult to the people of the states. The men entered at 9:55 and the sponge was thrown up at 11:30. The people have always regulated their own elections."

The Railroads Beaten.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Yesterday the interstate commerce commission announced its decision in the case of the Harvard company, of Canton, Ohio, complainants, against the Pennsylvania company and eleven other railroad companies composing the Trunk Line association, defendants. The case involves the rates on surgical chairs, and the decision was in favor of the Harvard company. The order of the commission is that the rates on surgical chairs in less than car loads from first class to second class, or a reduction of one half in the rate. This is what the rate was formerly for a long period of time, and until recently, when it was advanced to double first class under the analogies of classification.

The Hartford Railroad Fight.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 24.—The New York and New England railroad has filed a petition in the superior court appealing from the order of the state railroad commissioners which required the removal of the railroad tracks crossing Church street at grade by Nov. 2. The city authorities are cited to appear in court Dec. 2 and show cause why the appeal should not be granted and the order of the railroad commissioners reversed. The railroad company claims that the removal of the tracks will damage their property to the amount of $200,000.

Hope for Reciprocity with Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Emilio de Muruagas, the Spanish minister to this country, says that in his opinion the Havana chamber of commerce acted very hastily in writing to the minister of Ultramer to take steps to ward off the ruin which they claim is threatened Cuba under the McKinley tariff. "They seem to be scared to death," said the minister, "but the Spanish government is wise enough to see that if the trade of its colonies is going to be hurt by the new tariff a treaty of reciprocity will be needed, and it will be made."

Improvements at Cornell.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 24.—The trustees of Cornell university, at their final session, voted to erect a new agricultural hall at a cost of $80,000. It was also decided to establish in Sibley college a graduate school of marine engineering and architecture, and $50,000 was appropriated for new equipments and appliances. Three fellowships of the value of $400 a year, and three scholarships of the value of $300 a year were established.

The Students Were Robbed.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Oct. 24.—The rooms of the students at Bradford seminary, in Bradford, were entered last night by burglars, who secured about $200 worth of property. The students were at supper at the time of the robbery. No arrests have yet been made.

THE VOICE OF THE DEAD.

Charges Against Mr. Stanley in Maj. Barttelot's Diary.

DARK DEEDS IN DARKEST AFRICA.

A Large and Well Assorted Series of Accusations from the Murdered Commander of the Explorer's Rear Guard—Barttelot Says Stanley Threatened Him.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The controversy regarding Maj. Barttelot's death has been brought to a head by the publication of the major's diaries and letters, which constitute a most serious impeachment of Henry M. Stanley's conduct of the Emin Pasha relief expedition. The book is edited by Walter Barttelot, brother of the deceased, who says in the opening paragraph:

Grave Charges Against Stanley.

"Not a line of this book would ever have been written if justice, even partially, had been done, or any kindness shown by the leader of the expedition for the relief of Emin Pasch a to the officers left at Yambuya."

The writer then proceeds to accuse Stanley of malignity, ingratitude, misrepresentation and desertion. He does not mince matters in the least, and the book is sure to stir up a bitter feeling and call forth hard words. Following is a typical passage:

Splendid, but Impossible.

"Mr. Stanley actually tells us," says Mr. Barttelot, "that he suggested that if the carriers of Tippu did not turn up, the rear column should advance by marking off sections of six miles at a time, four times over, in 'Darkest Africa.' No one but himself would dare put such a suggestion on paper for fear of the storm of derision it would provoke. The idea is splendid in conception, but ridiculously impossible.

Ridicule for the Explorer.

"Just think what this brilliant suggestion means! The distance to Albert lake is over 600 miles. To go there by journeys of six miles made four times over means to go over every six miles three double journeys and one single journey—that is, seven times, so that to cover the 600 miles a march of 4,200 miles would have to be made, which would take them eighty-four weeks—more than a year and a half, always supposing there were no accidents and fair roads.

"Imagine the five officers at Yambuya with such a proposal before them, together with instructions that the loss of their loads would be the absolute ruin of the expedition."

Stanley's Alleged Threat.

Here is another specimen referring to the revolt of the Soudanese. In writing to Maj. Tottenham of this incident, Maj. Barttelot says: "Afterward turning to me Stanley said it was in his power to ruin me in the service. I said that it was an empty threat. It would take a great deal more than he could say to do that. He punished me afterward, making me march by myself to Leopoldville with seventy men noted for laziness and incapacity, carrying loads; and my Soudanese warning me that if I lost a single load to look out."

The general opinion is that Stanley is morally forced to meet these charges by a full and candid answer.

Bernhardt in "Cleopatra."

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Sarah Bernhardt produced "Cleopatra" at the Porte St. Martin last evening. The theatre was crowded. The actress received a perfect ovation throughout the play, her acting while she was overhearing Antony and Octavia, in the fourth act, completely carrying the house by storm. The scenic effects were grand. Mme. Bernhardt wore five dresses during the play of unparalleled magnificence in stage wear, and was adorned with jewelry which included twenty-eight gems of great value. One dress, worn in the last scene, is a purely Egyptian costume, copied from the Boulak museum, and is resplendent with gems. The actress' feet were bare, except that the soles were protected by tiny gold embroidered slippers, and her fingers and toes glittered with rings.

The Unhappy Land of the Czar.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at St. Petersburg says the Russian minister of the interior has received alarming reports as to the state of the country. The prisons are crowded with suspects, chiefly young men of the educated classes, and disaffection is spreading rapidly. A great deal of fighting between the peasantry and the military is reported in various sections.

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunsmore. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Estey Mason & Hamlin

To rent and for sale

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

This Date in History—Oct. 24.

1648—End of Thirty Years' war; treaty of Westphalia signed by the first vote in Public Affairs.

1795—The French restored Vienna at the conclusion of the Austrian.

1821—Spain ceded Florida to the United States.

1861—Battle of Balaklava.

1862—Battle of Bound Water, Confederate steamer sunk; loss 1,700.

1863—Battle between national and electric telegraph companies; loss $1,000,000.

1864—Battle of Tom's Brook.

1872—Celebrated murder trial opened at Chicago.

1873—Emily Ann Bennett, aged 16, died.

1874—Emily Angier, Fitchburg murderess, died.

Rev. Dr. Collyer's Bereavement.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Anna Augusta Collyer, wife of Rev. Robert Collyer, who died on Tuesday night, took place Thursday afternoon at her husband's church, Park avenue and Thirty-fourth street. The services were conducted by Rev. Theodore C. Williams, of All Souls' church; Rev. Brooke Herseford, D. D., of Boston, and Rev. De Camp, of Brooklyn, all of whom made feeling remarks about their fellow minister's departed helpmate. The interment was in Woodlawn cemetery.

He Killed His Faithless Wife.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 24.—W. D. Hyers murdered his wife near Lebanon yesterday. His wife, it was charged by Hyers, had eloped with George Ditman in September, but returned Wednesday and was met in Lebanon by her husband, who accompanied her home. They walked into town, where they spent the night. He says he has no apology to make, but simply says he would — — her dead than untrue. He shot her three times with a pocketknife. Lynching is expected.

Canada Retaliates, Too.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 24.—The customs department has refused to admit free of duty car wheels to replace wheels on the cars of the National Car Driving company, of St. Albans, Vt., which may have broken in transit through Canada.

The Fishing Party Safe and Sound.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 24.—The fishing party consisting of Ernest Gilium and Georgs and Willie Burkle, missing since the gale, have arrived home, having put in at Nashawena.

O'Brien Is Hopeful.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—William O'Brien, in an interview, said that the Irish party was assured that the American tour of himself and Mr. Dillon would yield sufficient funds to last until the general election.

Two Killed, Sixty Injured.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.—A railway train was thrown from the track at Herwigdorf, killing two passengers and injuring sixty others.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP

Trousers from $5 up.

Suits from $18 up.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Custom Tailoring, 42 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.

The large wholesale custom tailoring establishment in the city.

Dress Suits to Hire

THE LATEST STYLES

of

FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Range and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN

Telephone Call No. 61 Rear Front

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

19 Park avenue.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

67 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1885.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER;

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families.

No. 42 West Front street, 170 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

House No. 25 Third street, corner Plain. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mrs. Stephenson,

22 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 22 Park avenue

P. O. Box 220,

FURNITURE AND FAR

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large trucks. Goods sent to any part of the country. Piano moving a so

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M Laing,

NO. 5 PARK AVENUE

ARE THE DEFECTS FATAL?

Startling Statements Concerning the Tariff Bill.

WHAT SECRETARY WINDOM SAYS.

Section 30 of the Tobacco Paragraph Was Entirely Omitted and Many Important Defects That Defect Will Invalidate the Whole Measure.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The alleged fatal defects in the new tariff bill formed an interesting topic of discussion in official circles yesterday, and while the defects were not thought to invalidate the bill as a whole, sentiment was almost unanimous that section 30 of the tobacco paragraph, which was omitted in its entirety, could not be enforced, and where it by construction referred to other paragraphs, it might impair their strength. As to the law signed by the president not being the law passed by congress, Secretary Halford said the bill signed by President Harrison was the same bill signed by the speaker of the house and the president of the senate. These officers by their signatures certified that the bill had passed their respective branches of congress, and their attestation of that fact was the usual mode of procedure and the only official notification the president ever received that a bill had passed. Whether the law was constitutional or not was a matter for the courts to decide.

Secretary Windom's Views.

Secretary Windom, when questioned on the subject, said it did not become him to question the constitutionality of legislation passed by congress. He was simply an executive officer to carry out the will of congress, and when laws were placed upon the statute books all he had to do was to execute them. If doubts exist as to a given law being constitutional those doubting it could have their doubts removed or confirmed by taking the matter to the proper judicial tribunal.

An Interesting Point.

An interesting point bearing on the subject was pointed out at the treasury department yesterday. Under the tariff law of July 14, 1862, duties were increased "on all brown or bleached linens, ducks, canvas, paddings, cot bottoms, burlap, drills, coatings, brown hollands, blay linens, damasks, drapers, etc.," 5 per cent. ad valorem, making the duty on the articles named 35 per cent., the former tariff having imposed a duty of 30 per cent. ad valorem.

In 1864, June 30, another tariff law was passed imposing an additional duty of 5 per cent. on all the articles named above, but by a clerical error a whole line was omitted and "drills, coatings, brown hollands, blay linens and damasks" were left out of the paragraph altogether. At first the treasury department imposed 40 per cent. duty on the omitted articles, the same as on those mentioned, holding that such was the evident intention of congress, but subsequently the department reversed itself and refunded, the 5 per cent. increase in the bill of 1864 over the bill of 1862, and afterward charged duty on "drills, coatings, etc.," at 35 per cent. ad valorem.

It Did Not Invalidate the Bill.

It was not argued that the omission of "drills, coatings, etc.," from the paragraph invalidated the paragraph or applied to any other articles than the ones omitted, or that the error in wording the paragraph not being complete tended to make void the bill as a whole, or that the articles, in being omitted, belonged to the free list, because they were not enumerated in the dutiable list.

All former tariff acts contained more or less omissions and errors, and even so late as Feb. 27, 1877, an act was passed to supply omissions in the revised statutes. It is thought at the treasury department that the matter now will be settled in regard to any defects of the present tariff law if they are of a character serious enough to call for it.

They Blame the Tariff Bill.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The announcement is made today of the withdrawal from business of the house of Herman Bernheimer, Son & Co., No. 75 Leonard street, who have for many years been large importers of the woolens and worsted used in the cheaper and medium grades of clothing. Jerome Bernheimer said today to a United Press reporter that the firm was compelled to close out business because of the prohibitory tariff raised in the new law against the goods which the firm imports. Mr. Bernheimer further said: "The immediate results of the McKinley tariff act must be to drive out of business many large importing houses which, like ours, have handled the best costly lines of foreign goods. It does not affect the importers of the finest goods in so great a measure. These manufacturers are demanded by people who can afford to pay for them, and moreover the ad valorem percentage of advance in duty is much less."

Brought Over by the Tariff Bill.

MONTREAL, Ont., Oct. 24.—The Gower Pen Manufacturing company have removed their entire business to Plattsburg, N.Y. The industry was undertaken here a few years ago under the promise of increased duties on American goods, and a large plant was imported from England. The duties have not been adjusted and Mr. Gower has gone to the states to manufacture the pens, where the duty is sufficient to keep out the cheaper grades.

He Will Call on the Red Men.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The Indians of the northwest are to receive a visit from Gen. Miles this week. The general left the city last night accompanied by Bradley H. Smalley and John Zerlien, members of the commission. The trip will extend over a month, and the tribes along the northwest and also the Pine Ridge, Tongue river and Crow agencies will be visited. Gen. Miles will send a report on his inspection to army headquarters at Washington.

They Want the Vacant Seat.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Two candidates for the vacancy on the supreme bench have appeared in the northwest. They are Senator W. F. Sanders, of Montana, and ex-Representative W. H. Calkins, of Washington. Mr. Calkins is now a candidate for Mr. Spencer's place in the senate. The names of Attorney General Miller and Secretary Noble are still much mentioned in connection with the vacancy.

Trying the Insanity Dodge.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 24.—In the trial at Bath of Emmett Crane for the murder of Mrs. Perry at Addison the defense introduced evidence to prove the prisoner's insanity. Five of the prisoner's children testified that he was injured about the head at one time, and since that time he has acted strangely and he has been considered to be of unsound mind.

PARTICULARS OF THE RIOT.

Two More Were Shot Dead and as Many More Wounded.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 24.—The Morning News has just received the following special from Way Cross concerning the so called riot in Ware county. The following facts in relation to the riot at Stokes' mill, near McDonald's Mill, Ga., have been obtained from an authority second to none and personal investigation: L. B. Varne leased a lot of land from the Way Cross Lumber company, just over the Ware line in Coffee county, and recently commenced operations for working it for turpentine this fall. The lease lot of land was sold by H. M. Hill to Tom Sears and the timber leased to P. M. Stokes for turpentine purposes. A week or ten days ago Tom Sears ordered Varne's hands off the land with his gun. The first of the week Varne had the work resumed, notifying the parties that he would submit to legal process. Otherwise he should work the lot, but cautioned his hands against trouble and ordered them to act strictly on the defensive.

Tuesday Tom Sears waylaid Varne's wagon and shot his teamster, who is not expected to live. Wednesday afternoon Tom Sears, his father, Frank Sears; Bryan McLendon, James Hendricks and others came over into Ware, about a mile and a half from the lot of land in dispute, to the house of Robert Knight (colored), where Welcome Golden and other colored employes of Varne were stopping out of the rain and commenced firing into the house. The hands all ran, except Knight and Golden, who returned the fire, killing McLendon and Hendricks, woodsmen of Stokes, and wounding Frank Sears. Mr. Varne was six miles away at his still, and knew nothing of the trouble until afterward. The sheriff, coroner and Way Cross rifles, under command of Capt. Farrar, are on the scene, and further trouble is not apprehended.

The Way Cross rifles arrived at McDonald's at 2:30 a. m. and proceeded to Stokes' still. They found everything quiet. The bodies of James Hendricks and McLendon have been turned over to Coroner Grimes. Frank Sears is suffering from his wounds and Varne's teamster is mortally wounded. No others were hurt. The rifles returned to Way Cross at 12:30 last night. Mr. L. B. Varne, who was said to be leading the revolt, has arrived here under the protection of the sheriff. He states that he had positively no knowledge of the trouble and had no hand whatever in the affair."

A K. of L. Manifesto.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—District Assembly 66, of the Knights of Labor here, has issued a manifesto to the labor organizations of the country advising them to support the members of congress who advocated the labor bills now pending and to oppose those who offered obstructive amendments or who voted against these measures. They also ask all organizations to pledge candidates if elected to pass the bills recommended by organized labor. The bills mentioned are the eight hour, the alien contract, the two convict labor bills, the reimbursement bill for overtime on government work and the postal telegraph. The bills, the general assembly of the Federation of Labor of the district adopted resolutions a few nights ago urging similar action on the part of members of that organization throughout the country.

Secretary Blaine Off for Ohio.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Secretary of State Blaine, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Harriet Blaine, and James G. Blaine, Jr., left on a special car over the Pennsylvania road at 9:30 this morning for Ohio. It is the intention of the secretary of state to make one or more speeches in Representative McKinley's district in the Buckeye state. Under no circumstances, however, will Mr. Blaine appear in behalf of any other candidate for congress in Indiana or any other state except Ohio, where he has promised his services. After his campaign work is ended the secretary and the other members of his family will go to Chicago to meet the new minister designated in regard to any defects of the present tariff law if they are of a character serious enough to call for it.

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Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle. Taylor & Neuman,
79 BROADWAY.

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,
Only agent in New Jersey.
(At Randolph's Drug Store.)
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

GETTYSBURG.

Centennial Celebration Commemorating the Battle.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Oct. 24.—Company A, Pursell Maryland Calvary legion, yesterday dedicated its monument located on the battle ground, just west of town. The services were held in the field on the anniversary of the storm. Capt. Donahoe presided and addresses were made by Col. William Purnell, Capt. Wilkins, Gibson, Gen. Wheeling ton, Del., and William T. Atkins, of Chicago. Col. Theodore F. Lang, of Baltimore, transferred the monument to the state, which in behalf of Gen. Lowe received it and passed it on to the Gettysburg Monument Commission. Memorial association, the secretary, Calvin Hamilton, accepting.

An Italian Paper Denounces the Mafia.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 24.—The Italo-American, a weekly paper published in this city, in an extra edition publishes an appeal "To Our Courteous Hosts." It denounces with strong language the assassination of Chief Hennessy and demands that swift justice be meted out to the guilty ones. It condemns, however, the arrest of their countrymen by wholesale and hanging them in charge merely on suspicion. It approves the language of Major Shakespeare in favor of the Italians and his promise of protection to the vestiges of the revengeful people who, he says, should not be tolerated on American soil.

They Swindled Him, Too.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—A letter was received by United States Marshal Jacobus from John Rothschild, a merchant of Woodbine, Cape May county, complaining that this section of the country was flooded with "green goods" circulars from New York, and asking the marshal to arrest the senders if possible. He could do nothing. Those who were found in Still river, three miles east of this city, on Oct. 13, and will be brought before the court today.

Breckinridge's Fight for Vindication.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 24.—The Hon. W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, spoke at Lenoke, in the Second congressional district, in behalf of C. R. Breckinridge, the Democratic nominee for congress. Interest in the contest is growing. Both Democrats and Republicans are now making strenuous efforts to win.

A Fatal Quarrel Over Liquor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Michael O'Leary had a quarrel with an Italian, named Antonio Fuleo, over the payment for a drink in a saloon at No. 20 Twenty-seventh street last night, and stabbed him in the left breast. Fuleo will die.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to incase the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Voorhees, we solicit from their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and a large no fancy prices, but as cheap as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

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NO 10 AND 10 1/2 PARK AVENUE.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Will receive pupils for piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and vocal. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM
Will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 21 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. M. BABCOCK
will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on the "Tonic Sol-fa" system, as taught by the Italian, Aillan, and the Lojsac method Giovanni-playing. Also sings a class in part songs. Adds rm 73 East Fifth street, Harney Block. 9-3 2m

MISS J. L. ANDERSON,
pupil of Professors Steffanone and Allitsen, will receive pupils in vocal culture at her residence, 160 West Front street. September 23rd. Miss Anderson refers to many others, to Professor Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS,
Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. A school of singing, as taught by the Italian, Aillan, and the Lojsac method Giovanni-playing. Also sings a class in part songs. Adds rm 73 East Fifth street, Harney Block. 9-3 2m

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PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For circulars address MISS M. R. KENYON, Principal. 7-15 2m

RODMAN SEMINARY.
26 East Fifth street, Will re-open for pupils and children, will re-open September 17th. Circulars and German taught by the Professor gratuitous. MISS. S. C. DODGE, Principal. 8-13 2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Steffanone and Miss Allitsen's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—8:00 a. m., 2:00, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:00 a. m., 2:00, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

Little, But, Oh, My!
she'll grow!
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Cigar with flowers wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's
18 W. 2d COND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Also for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
gives to trotting st. rond horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding par ies.
Terms made known upon application.

THE BEE HIVE
Winter Underwear.
Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 50c.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's scotch-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's scarlet-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 65 and 75c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.
Shoulder Capes!
Astrachan Capes at $1.85, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM
N.B.Smalley & Co.
DEALERS IN
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,
POULTRY AND FISH.
Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.
TELEPHONE CALL 14.
N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,
OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices combined with good quality and honest quantity."
PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.
EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS
FERRIS BONELESS BACON.
Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Grove Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,
32 PARK AVENUE

Railroad Time Tables.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains leave New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-tables in effect June 22 nd 1890.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:40, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night

AN ANSWER.

Do you know you have asked for the coming thing,
Ever made by the Hand above—
A woman's heart and a woman's life,
And a woman's wonderful love?
Do you know you have asked for this priceless thing,
As a child might have asked for a toy—
Demanding what others have died to win
With the reckless dash of a boy?
You have written your name right brave and out,
Careless you have questioned me;
Now stand at the door of my promise's seal,
Until I have answered thee.
You require your bread shall be always good,
Your shirts always whiter shall be shaded,
I require your heart to be true as God's stars,
And pure as heaven your soul!
You require a smile like a sunbeam, a cook
You can hire with little to pay;
But a woman's heart and a woman's life
Are not to be won that way.
—Exchange.

A BRAVE WOMAN.

She Slept a Whole Night with a Rat Under Her and Never Screamed.

More than a score of years ago a party of Americans were traveling in Spain. There were eight of them—four men and four women—and when they found themselves in a little hostelry containing one bed, in which the four women slept, with the bare floor for the men, they found the necessary room to lie down in by utilizing the space under the bed for their feet. Just as the party were dropping off into their first doze the youngest woman felt something soft and warm moving in the straw of the tick beneath her. She awaited a moment to make sure, and then as it began a passage up one side of her body she gave a jump that landed her clear over by the opposite wall, and got ready to scream.

"What is it?" came from the doctor on the floor.

"There is a rat or a snake in the bed," she whispered excitedly.

The doctor sat up. "Nonsense!" he said. "I tell you there is. It is in the straw of the tick. And it crept up my leg."

"Well," asked the doctor calmly, "suppose there is an animal there. What are you going to do about it?"

"Do? Why I'm going to get the girls out and open the tick and take the creatures out. You don't suppose I'm going to sleep all night with a snake coiling around under me, do you?"

"Now, see here," expostulated the doctor, "let's reason about this thing. It can't be a snake; it's probably a rat; and it's inside the ticking and it can't get out. It can't possibly harm you. And by and by the warmth of your body will make it drowsy, and it will curl down quietly and go to sleep. Let it alone."

"Now, here we are—eight of us tired out. Nobody knows about the rat but us two. Now, are you going to be selfish enough to wake these six people up, turn the girls out of their bed—they will scream, too, till they are black in the face—make us men take all the straw out of the tick, find and kill the animal and then get all the straw back into the tick—nearly a whole night's performance—just because you have got hysterical over a harmless little creature?

"Now, be a sensible girl, get back into bed and let me get to sleep again. When the rat gets to sleep you will, too. Just try it."

If it is ever given to a man to be eloquent it is when he is pleading for his own comfort, and the doctor was just a man after all. His personalsomeness won. The young woman crept timidly back, land lay with clinched fists and tightly shut eyes, while the little creature nestled uneasily about, and finally crept close to her side under the ticking and curled down to sleep. Sure enough the doctor was right. And pretty soon she did go to sleep, too, and only waked with the morning to tell the other women of their fifth bedfellow, and how she had saved them from an overwhelming fright.

And the girls quite turned her head with their ohs! and ahs! And the doctor said she was pretty sensible for a woman. And she sometimes tells the story even today. "But was it a rat after all?" the listener is sure to ask when she is done. And she also likes to answer, "It is my chiefest glory in life that I left the inn in an hour without speaking of the matter, and to this day I do not know whether I slept with a rat, or a kitten, or a snake."—New York Evening Sun.

Miss Drexel's Convent Life.

A pleasant faced, gentle, refined nun, who is introduced as Mother Katherine and whose face is suffused with a faint tinge of color as she is introduced, calls to mind a scene when, in the chapel of the Mercy convent, the lovely face of white satin was, with the name of Miss Kate Drexel, discarded for the black robe and the name Sister Katherine. Sister Katherine is now engaged in teaching some of the 300 little folks who call St. Paul's Roman Catholic Orphan asylum their home.

The school is composed of the primary pupils of the vast establishment, and tenderly and lovingly she governs them and teaches them the rudiments of an education. Other rooms and departments are under control of other sisters.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Do Something Well.

I would say to all young girls, whether rich or poor, educated or uneducated, make some one good thing a particular point in your life. If you will be a cook or housekeeper be thoroughly good. Have a genuine knowledge of all the details of interest and importance, but have one particular branch perfect, so that if the time comes when you must go into the world and carve your own fortune you will be able to do something, and to do that something well. No matter how humble the duty its value is enhanced tenfold by being well done. It is as creditable to be a thorough housewife as to be a good teacher.—Mrs. George Rogers in Good Housekeeping.

There is a society in Chicago with a membership of 300 thoughtful women whose object is "mutual help toward learning the highest standards of physical development, and mutual counsel toward realizing these standards in the personal life." The name is the Society for the Promotion of Physical Culture and Correct Dress.

CLOTHING OF WOMAN.

EVOLUTION OF THE MODERN FROM THE SAVAGE GARMENT.

Covering First Made of Bark—Beginning of the Petticoat, the Corset, the Stockings and Other Apparel—Ribbons First Used by Barbarians.

"To trace the development from their primitive origin of women's garments as they are worn today is very easy," said Professor Mason at the National museum. "You can see the original of the petticoat even among savage peoples all over the world in the shape of the universal waist cincture, with pendent drapery of bark or what not.

"The most beautiful illustration of this is to be found at present among the Indians of the north west coast. The female among those tribes dies a cord around her waist and hangs therefrom innumerable strings of shells, beads, pine nuts and all sorts of things that are pretty and make a jingle. So scanty are the ornaments and girdles considered that when the girls join the white schools and are obliged to adopt civilized clothing it is very usual for them to wear the garments under their skirts behind, doubled up. Many authorities aver that this is actually the source from which the notion of the bustle was derived.

"The cincture I have described reaches only from the waist to the middle of the thigh. As to the upper part of the body the Indian maiden of the northwest wears nothing for a covering, except in cold weather, when she puts on the tanned skin of some beast, simply tying it over the windward shoulder and under the other arm with strings. Thus you have an admirable example of the most primitive female costume. The next step in the development of the upper garment is made by cutting holes through the skin to accommodate the arms, and in this shape you find the primitive and ancient form of jacket.

AMONG THE POLYNESIANS.

"Take a step further to the islands of the Pacific and you find the savages making clothing for themselves out of mulberry bark, which they beat with mallets and wash until all the soft part of its substance has been taken out of it, leaving the textile portion, which serves in that shape for a soft and strong cloth. A piece of any size can be made by hammering the edges of many pieces together until they unite so perfectly that it is difficult to find you find the primitive and ancient form of jacket.

"It is believed that the largest piece of this mulberry cloth in the world is at present in the National museum; it is six feet long by twenty feet wide. Among the rich islanders it is the custom for a woman to wrap as much as thirty or forty yards of the stuff around the body, below the breasts, which are left exposed. The simple lengthening of the primiti e waist garment makes the petticoat as we find it today.

"As for the jacket, its most primitive form was that of a skin tied over the shoulders. Next the skin became a blanket, and soon a hole for the head was cut through the middle of the blanket, as in the Mexican cloak called the 'poncho.' You will find the Arabs even now employing the same device, with the addition of holes for the arms. By the time you have got this far the jacket is pretty nearly complete. All it needs to become entire are sleeves and cutting to the figure.

ORIGIN OF CORSETS.

"Corsets have always been worn in one shape or another by people who were at all civilized, the necessity for some support for the bust being obviously the occasion for them, and not fashion, to begin with. Women of ancient Greece and Rome wore a cloth bandage wrapped about the body, more or less tightly, before the bosom for the purpose. In the time of Queen Elizabeth the corset, as you are doubtless aware, was a far more formidable thing than it is now, in the fashion and style almost like a piece of armor. Nowadays women wear corsets because they make their figures shapely, and that reason is sufficient to constitute a certainty that they will go on doing so for an indefinite time.

"As for stockings, you know yourself they are of the most modern invention, as may be judged from the fact that Queen Elizabeth was censured for her extravagance in procuring a few pairs of silk stockings for her own use. To discover the origin of the stocking you have only to consider the fact that the people in early times, finding the simple sandal not very comfortable, wore it as a sole for a soft foot covering separate from it, which was the state it was at in luxury in footwear.

"You can see that it was only necessary to stitch the sandal to the soft shoe in order to make what was to all intents and purposes the shoe of the present day. But the men of those early times found it convenient to wear for hunting purposes leggings to protect their limbs from the thorns and burrs. Hence has been developed what we know as breeches or trousers. Recently there has reached the museum a pair of ancient leggings of the sort described attached by sewing to the soft undersoles. Here you have what is doubtless the original form of stocking.

NATURAL HISTORY OF RIBBONS.

"Nothing is more closely identified with women's dress today than ribbons. What, then, is the origin of ribbons? You can discover it very simply by looking at the long fringe of strips into which the primitive savage cuts the deer hide or other skins that he wears. Instead of, or in addition to, his tobacco pouch or whatever else of his ornamental possessions you please. Why does the savage go to the trouble of cutting the beast's hide into such strips? It is because the eye is pleased with waving curves.

"When savage fashions merged into civilized fashions this idea was retained, and so at present we find weavers and makers of stuffs manufacturing their fabrics into what we call ribbons. They are adopted peculiarly by women in this age, when the masculine sex eschews ornament in civilized life almost wholly.

"The bed, in its origin, is a thing purely ornamental. Except in arctic climes, where as much as possible of the body must be covered to keep out the cold, savages have never thought of protecting the head. With us it is a matter purely of cultivation—the necessity for a head covering first arising out of the habit of employing it. The beginning of the hat was what you find it among savage peoples today—a tuft of feathers, a bunch of porcupine quills or what not."—Washington Star.

Baby Jackets.

Colored ribbons are also the best choice for a baby's bonnet. They do not show up to advantage. Crocheted jackets and sashes are very pretty in shop windows, and they do take the fancy of the lady shopper, but in the private home for them. Mr. Baby takes a bite off the tassel or corner of the sash and swallows a mouthful of worsted, and mamma could give you the worst fantasy in her life of possible stuff required of machine that could swallow stuff required and not be choked until the loaf is thrown up.—Exchange.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE.

Here Are Plans for a House to Cost About $2,000.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

These drawings represent the plans and elevations of a very attractive and conveniently arranged cottage, with modern improvements. It is located on high ground overlooking the water, and is ap-

ELEVATION.

proached by a flight of steps broken by a landing, with an ornamental railing in keeping with the veranda, which gives a pretty effect to the front. There is a cellar under the whole building seven feet in depth, with a concrete bottom. As the ground was springy a trench two feet in depth below the concrete was dug under the foundation walls, which was filled with broken stone and laid dry.

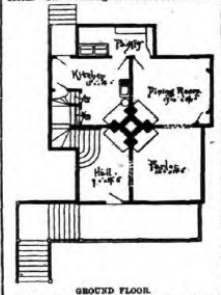
On top of this bed of broken stone the walls were built, and plastered with cement on the outside to the top of grade.

A drain pipe from the trenches was arranged to carry off the water, and the cellar is perfectly dry.

There is a good sized hall, parlor, dining room and kitchen, with pantry, front veranda and back porch in the first story; one chimney, which takes the smoke from the fireplaces, furnace and kitchen range.

In the second story are two large chambers, bathroom and two bedrooms, with closets for each.

In the attic story one large room in front, with a good sized hall and an unfinished room for storage, all amply lighted. The foundation walls and chimneys are of brick. The building above the foundation



GROUND FLOOR.

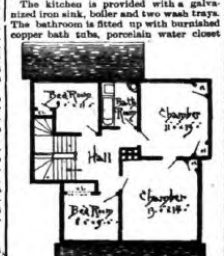
walls is of wood. The side walls of the first story are clapboarded. The side walls and gables of the second story are shingled, as also the roof. The cornices are open timber work, with wide projections, which afford protection from storms and give a picturesque effect.

The side walls and ceilings inside are hard finished on two coats of brown mortar throughout.

The outside finish is of white pine. The doors are of white pine. The mantel in the hall is of ash, and the parlor and dining room mantels are of white pine. The fireplaces have open grates for burning coal, with tile facings and hearth and brass fenders, all complete.

The stair railings and balusters are of ash; all other inside woodwork is of yellow pine, all left in the natural color of the wood, with a coat of "filler" and two coats of varnish. The hardware throughout is of bronze.

The kitchen is provided with a galvanized iron sink, boiler and two wash trays. The bathroom is fitted up with burnished copper bath tubs, porcelain water closet



SECOND STORY.

and wash basin, with a marble slab, and supplied with hot and cold water. The soil pipes discharge into a street sewer, and the water is supplied from the village water works.

The sashes are glazed with double thick sheet glass, and balanced with weights and hempen cord. The whole of the lower story and outside trimmings are painted two coats of dark bronze green, with moldings and sash Venetian red. The shingles are left the natural color of the wood, which has turned to a pleasant shade of silvery gray.

The house is heated by a furnace.

This cottage was erected for $2,625, complete. D. W. KING.

Housekeeping Conveniences Modern.

Most of the conveniences of housekeeping are modern. It is only a few years since the demands of the housekeeper for aids in making work easier were not thought worth considering. The present movement is along the common path to a higher civilization.

Picture Molding.

Picture molding looks best when placed on a line with the under side of a door casing. The space above may be decorated with small pegs or others as the taste dictates. Generally speaking the paper above should be lighter than that below.

Hardwood Floors.

Hardwood floors do not save labor in a house. A hard wood floor, to be of the best, must be in that way, should be covered with a rug.

Fresh Air for Baby's Health.

I have found that an unfailing remedy in sleeplessness in my children is fresh air, either taking them to it or introducing an abundant supply into their rooms. Taking them to it is the surest way. My nurse, when baby was two days old, was herself kept by so healthy a creature never sleeping in the daytime, and used every means in her knowledge to cause sleep, but with great success. At last I insisted that my recipe should be tried. She should take him into the garden. So she bundled him up, and then went for a handkerchief to cover his face. I objected—that would not do. She would protect his face with a sunshade, but he must have air. So out he went, with his great blue eyes wide open to look at the world.

Hardly had she crossed the threshold when the eyes were closed, and he had the most sound and wonderful nap he ever enjoyed in his life. I think one cause of sleeplessness in nursing babies is that their mothers take too little regulating exercise in the open air. If I failed to be in the fresh air some time each day when I was nursing a baby I could always see it was restless in the evening and the sleeplessness of the child. A pleasant walk, or, if too tiresome, sitting out of doors for even fifteen minutes, always seemed to bring to the milk a quieting, healthful quality.—Babyhood.

Men Are Fond of Nice Hats.

If women only knew what ardent admirers men are of shining, well dressed hair they would devote far more consideration than they do at present to caring for and dressing it. After a fresh, red lipped mouth and handsome eyes, masculine attention is most strongly attracted by the sleekness and sheen of a woman's head. Many a strong hearted Galahad who has successfully defied blushes and dimples succumbs without a struggle to the seduction of silky love locks and a wealth of rich braids. Nor is it unnatural that this feature should appeal so directly to their sense of female beauty. Having to go close among themselves, with a stern repression of curls and crimps as effeminate, men unite in adoring the charmingly combed hair of their women friends. Any one of the latter sex is clever enough to appreciate this fact, and at the outset adopt and then study the style of coiffure that best suits their looks. —New York Sun.

A Question Answered.

Tuesday forenoon a pleasant faced lady and a mild eyed bearded professor were glancing over the numerous volumes arrayed in a Broadway book store. "My answer," she said, "to the question, 'Have women brains?' is 'Look around.' Why, there must be here at least a hundred books by female authors, and many of them are superior to the books written by men on the same subjects. They are not all novels, either; but many of them deal with the highest, deepest and broadest themes of thought. The movement to psychology. It is foolish in these times to sneer at women's brains, especially when visiting a bookshop." The professor freely admitted that the remarks of his niece were justified by the display of books bearing women's names on their title pages.—New York Sun.

Save Odd Pieces of String.

Only a piece of string! Never mind, save it; you may not need it at this moment, but before long you will be glad that the string was not lost or destroyed, for short pieces of twine are often useful.

Hang the string on a convenient hook, and do the same with every piece of cord that comes into the house on parcels from the grocery or other goods store or else where. Save all kinds of string, and when a large number of pieces has been accumulated sort out the different styles, and add moments to tie together all similar pieces with firm, neat knots. If tied properly in a square knot the knot will never slip. Make each different kind of string into a separate ball.—Youth's Companion.

Miss Cordelia Sprague a Typewriter.

Among the curious hobbies of women in the social swim, not the least remarkable is that of Miss Cordelia Sprague, daughter of Col. Sprague, secretary of the Union Dime Savings bank. To while away a tedious hour Miss Sprague thought she would like to be able to use the typewriting machine that she saw in her father's office.

In an incredibly short space of time she became sufficiently expert to be useful, and now whenever a new form of machine is put on the market and sent up to her father for trial he turns it over to her, and he considers her recommendation of sufficient value to place his name underneath it.—New York Journal.

A Hint for a Loving Wife.

The average man wants to cock his feet up. If you said to the piazza group, "Make yourselves unreservedly comfortable," they'd all tilt their chairs back and hoist their feet to the railing.

My friend next door had the foot hoisting habit so badly that he wore the paper off the wall; so his wife thought out a biting, caustic piece of sarcasm, and one morning nailed it on the wall right where the tell-tale marks were a pair of slippers. But he misunderstood the motive completely, kissed her for her thoughtfulness, and forthwith tilted his chair back and up with his feet to the most comfortable attitude he had struck in a long time, his heel laid in the slippers.—Exchange.

The Coming Woman.

The coming woman will appreciate the vast difference between sugar and sugar candy. She will not allow her daughter to learn lessons which must be of vital importance to her from any but the maternal lips. She will see to it that she is shielded by the fallacy that ignorance and innocence are synonymous terms. She will teach her children that there is evil in the world, and that it is to be shunned and avoided, and that in order to escape the pitfalls set for the unwary they, her children, must know what and where they are.—Exchange.

Baby clothes and children's garments need not be weighty to be warm. Bulkiness is a hindrance to comfort. There is no reason for using velvet trimmings on a rumabout's dress; tucked flannels and clothes are equally elaborate. It is positively cruel to sew any buttons on the back of a night gown or school dress.

Some sort of protection should be furnished to shield the child's eyes from the glare of the sun. A veil is not as good as a hat or sunbonnet with a brim. Infants that are rolled about the street wearing a cap should have a movable parasol or canopy attached to the perambulator.

If you still use a polish for your finger tips let it be benzoin, the pure tincture. It heals tender and sore fingers, more skin being gone than any of the patent polishes. Let it be put on with a camel's hair brush and I am sure you will use no other as long as you continue to polish your nails.

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 49c.; Colored Mousquetaire K Glove, $1.25; 6-Button Black, Unlimited Mousquetaire, $1.25; Plush and Astrakhan Capes in endless variety at lowest prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets $2.5. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 6-Button Colored Unlimited Mousquetaire, $1.00.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Rooms will cover over 5,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

When in the Store look at those $2.90 Ten Piece Decorated Toilet Sets. There are only a few of them.

Ladies who have tried our P. N. Corset, pronounce it the Best fitting and Cheapest in the market. Just the corset you have ever worn. Price $1.

Buy a new Broom for 15c.

We boarist, before the advance in Linen, 100 doz on fine Dinner Napkins. Value $3.00 per doz.on. Our price $1.25. Cheap they are.

Ask to see the Banner Lamp. Best made. Price $1.50.

Gentlemen, there is no place like V. and W. for Flannel Underwear. Try them. They will save you money.

Tooth picks, 3c. per box.

Blankets, Comfortables and Rugs are UP on the second floor. Prices are way down in the BASEMENT.

How about a New Coal Hod, 25c. for a good one.

Do you know that we keep almost everything that the average woman wants? (Except money, and that we will save for her.) Just look through our Store, examine our Goods and Prices, and we know that you will become a permanent Customer.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv, on the following terms:—

25c.	Coal Scuttle	will be given	with each	$1.00 Sale.
20c.	"	"	"	"	1.25 "
40c.	"	"	"	"	1.50 "
40c.	"	"	"	"	2.00 "
50c.	"	"	"	"	2.00 "

These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japaned and Galvanized and are open end covered. Nov. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 25c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Lamps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of stove boards just in, and marked low.

REMEMBER, we make the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

OUR TRADE

Demands a Comfortable Shoe,

Something stylish and pleasing to wear, "Patent Leathers" We make a specialty in this line of GOODS. We keep them from

A MAN'S NO. 11, DOWN TO THE INFANT'S FIRST SIZE.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

29 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL,

After the use of GLYCEROLE of ARNICA.

It Cures Chaps and all Roughness of the Skin,

INDISPENSABLE to gentlemen for razor pimples, etc.

NICELY PERFUMED. Put up in SPRINKLER-TOP BOTTLES, SOLD ONLY AT

L. W. RANDOLPH'S, 21 W. Front St.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular prices.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made,

Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies, 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1299

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most sure it always takes to clean the screens, and is therefore usually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent screens, enables us to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 139. Orders promptly attended to. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two trucks in operation. Our machinery is entirely free from odor. Residences, cellars, privies and cesspools cleaned by contract or by the day. Orders left at Pierson Hardware Company's store, Park Place, Dunellen and Plainfield Post Offices, Telephone call 27, will receive prompt attention.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL

SPECIAL MEETING LAST EVENING.

A Ten-Year Electric Light Contract Signed. The Road to the Grave. The Water Works Muddle. Messrs. Newhall and Smith's Witty and Facetious Repartees.

The City Common Council met in special session last evening at eight o'clock. President Moffatt and Councilmen Dunham, Galing, Hetfield, Jenkins, Johnston, Newhall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenberg responded when Clerk Coward called the roll.

On motion of Mr. Smith, the ordinance to condemn the Cemetery avenue was taken from the table, and read for the third time.

Before a vote was taken on its final passage, Councilman Smith moved that Mr. J. W. Murray, Sr., be granted the privilege of the floor. It was so ordered.

Mr. Murray's remarks were in substance as follows:

"A few years ago a number of the citizens met and agreed that a public cemetery was an absolute necessity, and, after several subsequent meetings, a committee was appointed to select a proper site. Previous to the purchasing of any land, it was agreed upon that the stockholders of the association should derive no financial benefit from the sale of lots. In short, there was to be no speculation. The committee included Mayor Hale, A. C. Baldwin, myself and the late Mr. Tice. The committee decided upon the site where the cemetery is now located. The property was purchased, payment being made therefor by each member of the committee giving his individual note. The property was improved at a cost of some $10,000. It was then found out that the only advantage that the projectors ever had, or ever will obtain, was that each one was allowed to purchase his family plot at 25c. per foot. These now and all others cannot be transferred without the consent of the Trustees. The moneys now in the treasury belong to the stockholders, and $13,000 in bonds having been issued to defray the expenses of putting the cemetery in proper repair, grading, etc. As soon as that debt is wiped out, the property will belong to the lot owners exclusively, and they may cost the Board of Trustees if they see fit. The trustees feel that the cemetery is public property, and by having the road macadamized, it will be a public benefit. I stand here and assert that there is no speculation whatever in the matter, and that the trustees will never receive one cent beneficial from the sale of lots."

Mr. Hetfield thought that there were streets in the central part of the city that needed macadamizing a great deal more than Cemetery avenue. Continuing he said: "The street has been graded to the depth of about one foot, and I fail to see how an excavation of twelve inches is to be filled up with six inches of crushed stone; furthermore the work of excavating has been finished before the ordinance to macadamize the street has been put in proper shape for consideration."

Dr. Jenkins inquired if building lots leading to the cemetery were to be sold.

Mr. Murray replied that, in order to obtain the right of way, it was necessary to purchase certain property. If there are lots for sale, he said, they will be sold, the money derived from such sale will belong to the Cemetery Association and no individual will receive any benefit therefrom."

Mr. Smith said that he would like to have the unanimous vote on the ordinance, and stated that the reason East Third street had not been macadamized was that the horse-railway company intended running its tracks through that thoroughfare, and that, if they did so, it devolved upon the company to bond up the street. He stated that there would be funds enough left in the appropriation to macadamize both Third and Fourth streets.

Mr. Hetfield replied that the street railway question was becoming a "chestnut" with him, and he did not know whether or not Plainfield was to have one at all.

A vote on the final passage of the ordinance was then taken, with the following result: Ayes—Dunham, Galing, Jenkins, Johnston, Moffatt, Newhall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenberg, 9. Nays—Hetfield.

The new contract of the Plainfield Electric Light Company was read. It provides that the company shall have the right to string wire and erect poles, under the direction of the Common Council, for ten years, and that the average price per lamp shall not exceed $56 per annum.

An ordinance granting the privilege was introduced, and read for the first and second time.

Mr. Smith stated that he did not believe in tying the city up for ten years.

Mr. Newhall stated that it did not in any way bind the city to continue with the company, and did not prevent it from making a contract with any other company. The city does not give up any of its rights, and at the expiration of the contract will have a privilege which it now has not, that of ordering the poles removed.

Mr. Newhall took the chair, and President Moffatt spoke in favor of the contract. He said he did not know whether or not the ordinance should be protected, as there was no place in the State with a better equipped electric light plant and returned to Elizabeth, which had poor.

Mr. Hetfield also favored the acceptance of the contract, and the passage of the ordinance.

Mr. Smith wanted to know if the engine house lights were complimentary.

Mr. Moore, the manager of the company, stated that they were not.

Mr. Smith thought they should be inserted in the contract as free lights, and endeavored to induce Mr. Moore to put them on the free list.

He had returned to his seat, Mr. Newhall asked him if he had succeeded in accomplishing what he desired.

With a look of disgust, Mr. Smith replied that he had not, saying: "I do not see why the Electric Light Company's manager refuses to grant my request, as it will save the company the trouble of making out bills for two extra lights."

PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD NO. 10.—FRENCH'S LAKE, FROM THE DAM.

Mr. Smith's sarcasm caused even the manager of the Electric Light Company to smile.

The ordinance was adopted on its second reading, ordered engrossed and duly advertised, Messrs. Roberts and Smith voting in the negative.

Mr. Spangenberg introduced a resolution instructing the mayor to execute the contract.

Mr. Smith again sought to have the two lights in front of the engine house put on the complimentary list, and amended the resolution by moving that it be laid on the table.

Mr. Johnston said he did not approve of forming monopolies. He said; "I do not think it right to give a company the privilege asked for. Other councils will be elected, and I do not believe in tying their hands. The incoming Councils may be able to get lights cheaper. That is the reason why I am opposed to the passage of the resolution."

Mr. Smith thought it would make no difference if the matter was laid over until the November meeting.

Mr. Newhall again asserted that the passage of the resolution did not bind the city. Continuing, he said: "Probably some of the members of the Council do not grasp the importance of certain clauses in the contract, one of which is that no light in the city shall average over $56 per month."

The resolution was then adopted, all voting aye, except Messrs. Roberts and Smith.

The committee on Fire and Building, and the Chief Engineer were instructed to purchase, and place on the Electric Light Building, a steam gong or whistle, the cost not to exceed $200.

Mr. Newhall, from the Water Board, reported progress, and stated that he meant by that a very little progress. "The Board," he said, "had held a conference with the Water Supply Company of Plainfield, and, although the conversation was informal, I told them that, judging from their conversation, they were inclined to give us and deprive the city of a number of the clauses in the contract; I further told the committee that Council was prepared to consider any proposition which they might put after a conference on a contract. I read it and found it so unfavorable to the city that I took the liberty to report that Council would not consider such a contract. I further stated that I would present it to Council if they wished me to do so, but that the Water Board would oppose it. I received a reply to my letter, requesting me not to present it to Council."

Mr. Smith said he did not think the committee could bind the council to accept any contract.

Mr. Newhall replied that the committee did not recognize any rights of the company. The committee had been granted privileges of a legal and informal talk with anybody. I do not know of any rights they have, but I understand they claim all rights.

Mr. Smith said he understood that they had purchased the Plainfield Water Company's right.

Mr. Newhall replied:—"In all my conversation with them they have studiously shut the subject, but said that they were prepared to go ahead at any time."

Mr. Smith said he saw by the newspapers that the Water Supply Company had made the purchase, and there must be something in it.

Mr. Newhall:—"The Water Board has had no official notice that the contract has been transferred. It is one that cannot be assigned.

Mr. Hetfield:—"We cannot reconcile any company but the one we contracted with. Is the Water company doing any further work?"

Mr. Newhall:—"The Water Board have made no demand for any further monthly payments."

Mr. Newhall stated that the matter of monthly payments was referred to the Water Board and Corporation Counsel. The demand had been made, and, after conference, it was decided not to institute a suit against the bondsmen until after the present litigation had been settled.

Corporation Counsel Marsh explained that it was necessary to make the demand once. There is a suit in the Supreme Court to test the constitutionality of the franchise, and to advised them not to become involved in a litigation until the certiorari suit had been settled. I think, if Council would accept a contract from the Water Supply company, the one would bear of the certiorari proceedings again.

The Union News Company asked for permission to erect a stand at the depot.

A motion was made to refer the matter to the Fire and Building committee with power.

Mr. Newhall moved to amend by striking out the words with power.

Mr. Hetfield seconded and has been erected already. We have statutes on our books for years and I do not suppose should be prosecuted, as there was no place in the State with a better equipped electric light plant and returned to Elizabeth, which had poor.

The amendment was lost, and the original motion prevailed. Mr. A. D. Thompson was granted permission to erect a newsstand in 18 Reed street, corner of Richmond street, and the meeting adjourned.

—There is a club of six or seven of the fairest and most attractive young women in the city, who are all expert bicyclers. They are now every fair day wheeling with grace and skill about the streets, in uniforms of black from top to toe, no crossed of any kind being worn.

THE MILLS REVIVALS.

Three Preparatory Meetings Next Week.

The Devotional Committee for the Mills meetings have arranged for three prayer meetings next week on Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday nights. The Tuesday night meeting will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church, and will be led by Rev. Cornelius Brodbeck. The subject will be "Search Me"—Psalm 139. 1-12. The Thursday night meeting will be held in the Trinity Reformed church, and will be led by the Rev. A. R. Dills. The subject will be "What can I render unto the Lord ?"—Psalm 116. 12-14. The Friday night meeting will be held in the Seventh-Day Baptist church, and will be led by Rev. C. L. Goodrich. Subject: "Concern for Lost Men."—Jer. 9:1. Psalm 126. 5,6. The music each evening will be in charge of the church where the meeting is held. The services will begin promptly at 8 o'clock.

JOTTINGS.

—"It's a cold day" when Councilman Newhall misses a point.

—An art store on Front street has the sign in big gold and black letters over its door way, "Funeral Directors."

—Edsall extends a general invitation to call at his store to-night, with a promise to save money to his purchasers. Read his adv.

—The beautiful structure that is to be the home of the Seventh Day Baptist church is beginning to rise above the basement story.

—The feast that was thoroughly enjoyed by the Bi Club members, Thursday evening, was prepared by Stephenson, the caterer, North avenue.

—Probably the richest display of cut glass to be seen anywhere is at thirty-six Murray street, New York. It is Dorflinger's American cut glass.

—Preparations were made this morning for the laying of a flagging cross-walk at the corner of Somerset street and Mountain avenue, as ordered by the Borough Council at its last meeting.

—The Whatsoever Circle of King's Daughters" gave a pleasing entertainment in the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening. Among those who took part were Miss Lizzie E. Van Hart, Henry Firth Wood, Messrs. Stevens, VanArsdale, Gorton and Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Wood, Messrs. Teele, Smith and Freeman, Miss Lillian Force and others.

—At the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening next Mr. Ezra Loomis, an experienced teacher, will meet the class in penmanship and bookkeeping for the first time. A good penman has a key to many a valuable situation and now that the Y. M. C. A. offers free instruction in this branch to its members, a full class, it is expected, will avail themselves of the privilege.

—A nice young man, who aspires to be a drummer, went on a visit to his best girl on Park avenue Thursday night. Coming home very late, he started to make his way through the virgin forest on Eighth street, that is the pride of our city. He didn't know the city park was being filled in, and that the dirt had been left in dumps. About the middle of the park, when he left the path and struck it hard. He bumped and prowled and waited his way till brought up against a tree. The tree-trunk coming in contact with his cheek, the bark, he says, was shattered and shivered. His nose was badly bruised, but the cheek was without a scratch. To save the trees in the park, it is necessary that those dumps be levelled off.

PERSONAL.

Counselor W. K. McClure is in possession of the commodious Lithgow Mansion on the corner of Crescent avenue and Third place, and is having it repainted and refurbished in preparation for occupying it with his accomplished wife and daughters.

Mr. Moore of the firm of Manning, Maxwell and Moore, the proprietors of the Pond Machine Tool Works entertained a number of his New York friends at the works Wednesday afternoon, after which the party had been driven through the establishment a magnificent dinner was served in the office.

Miss Kittie Reed entertained a party of friends at her home on Liberty street last evening. The evening was spent in a pleasant manner. Mrs. Roman, the organist at St. Mary's church, presided at the piano and rendered it in a pleasing manner several solos. The solos of Messrs. John C. Traynor and William T. O'Connor also deserve special mention, as does also the piano selections of Miss Jessie Waters. A portion of the evening was consumed in the game of whist, which resulted in prizes being served and the guests departed for their several homes.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The meeting at Mount Pleasant to-morrow evening will be conducted by Mr. E. L. Suffern.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7:30, at the Jackson school-house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

First Unitarian church, Second place. Rev. H. Kerr Clark, pastor, will preach. Service at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cuthbelt pastor, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 4 p. m.

Congregational church West Seventh street. Rev. C. L. Goodrich pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Music on the Hall-Roosevelt organ at 10:45. Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting at 4 p. m.

Crescent avenue church. Rev. Wm. R. Richards, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2. 30 p. m. Seats free at the evening service.

Meetings in Rev. Dr. Hall to-morrow at the usual hours of 10:30 a. m., and 4 and 7:30 p. m., to attend which all are cordially invited. Interesting platform addresses in the evening.

Two services will be held to-morrow in the German Reformed church, on Craig place, near Park avenue. The morning service at 10:30 a. m. and the evening service at 8 p. m.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church as usual, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sermon by Rev. Dr. Schenck, with preach both morning and evening. A welcome to all.

Saturday Church, Netherwood, S. P. Simpson, rector. Holy Communion 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon 11 a. m. Sunday school 3 p. m. Evening prayer with choir 3:45 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor. Morning sermon at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. E. worth League at 6:45 p. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Subject: "Furious Jesus."

Mr. Seely Edsall will conduct the Young Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A., Sunday at 4:5 p. m. The singing will be a specially attractive feature of these meetings. There will be live talks, as well as spirited singing.

Rev. Edward Kempshall, D. D., of the First Presbyterian church of Rahway, will, by exchange with the pastor, preach in the First Presbyterian church at both services 10:30 a. m. and 7. 30 p. m. All cordially invited.

Park Church of Christ, Vanderbeek's Hall. Mr. Cleaver will speak. Morning theme: "Reproved Conversion from Protestantism to Christianity of Bishop Vincent." Evening theme: "Current Excuses for not Becoming a Christian."

The Saturday evening meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Sunday morning 9.15, Sunday afternoon at 4. The latter will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Hall. The weekly prayer meeting will be held as usual on Thursday at 3.49 p. m.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Dutt, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Morning theme: "Human and Higher Ideal." Evening theme: "The Theatre." All are welcome, seats free.

Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Praise service at 7.30 led by M. M. Dunham, and regular Sunday evening meeting at 8 o'clock, at which Mr. W. D. Manning, the Pres'dent of the Y. M. C. A. will preside. Young people's meeting, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Come and see us. You will be made welcome.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Lyon Murphy rector. Forty celebrations of the Holy Communion at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Evening song at 4 p. m. Tuesday being the Festival of St. Simon and St. Jude, and Saturday All Saints. There will be Divine service and Holy Communion at 10 a. m.

Our Freight Business Increasing.

The Central now requires a long siding on the level of the street from Washington to Richmond streets, on which to store its cars at night and deliver freight. The sidings around the freight house are long full, too, and the cars there are a constant source of danger to passengers, particularly those who have to cross the tracks to get to and from the short cut to the station by way of the freight house.

Besides the handling of passenger cars, the commuters express now drop their empty cars on the siding, and when they are wanted in the morning they are taken back to Dunellen, to be cleaned and stored every night.

Epworth League Sociable.

The Social committee of the Epworth League held a sociable in the church last Friday evening. The cold rain-storm outside made the warm and well lighted church very cozy to those who had braved the storm and came to attend. Games were immediately started and while these were being enjoyed by the grown folks, the children had a jolly time in the parlor with the Dolls. Fruit rendered delightful cheer on the plates. Great credit is due to Miss Mary Hall and the members of the social committee for the good time enjoyed.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY OER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE PRESENT EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HER PROFITS.—

BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE TERMED A NECESSARY EXPENSE.

—IT IS GREAT CHARITY AND TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 5.—FREE SUGAR.—THE PEOPLE WILL HEREAFTER PAY TWO CENTS A POUND LESS THAN BEFORE.

For the reduction of the revenue, the Mills bill relied chiefly on free wool, the McKinley bill on free sugars. The circumstance admirably illustrates the difference in spirit and purpose between the two measures. We consume 600,000,000 pounds of wool annually, and we can produce the whole of it. We do not need to go abroad for a single fibre. We consume 1,423,000 tons of sugar, and we can produce only 235,000 tons, not twenty per cent of our demand. Now, the Republican policy is to protect wool, which we can and do produce, so as to hold our markets for our own producers, and to encourage wool-growing and wool-manufacturing; and, on the other hand, freely admit sugar, which we are not largely producing, so as to put it into the coffee-cups of our own people at the lowest possible price. The Republican policy is to admit wool free, thus drawing the semi-savage wool-growers of Asia and South America into competition with our farmers, to the inevitable destruction of our wool industry, and to tax sugar. The Republican policy proposes to send no more money out of the country than is absolutely necessary. The Democratic policy proposes to send out as much as possible, and needlessly to take the American consumer with it. With wool on the free-list every advantage is handed over to the foreign producer, and with a duty on sugar every bandmade is imposed upon the American consumer. With wool protected every advantage is held for the American producer, and with sugar free every advantage is left to the American consumer.

It is especially to be noted that in this opening of our ports to the sugar of the world, we have freed the people from all danger of having to pay tribute to a trust. The sugar trust comes in, up to No. 16, in a very excellent sugar, fit for table use anywhere. The people are, therefore, beyond the reach of any combination of refiners.

[To be continued—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

Cent-a-Word Column.

ASK your druggist for Ritter's Digestive Pills. Sold by druggists don't keep them go to those "that do." Best and cheapest. 15, 35 and 50c. Rand Iph, Shaw and Moy Pharmacists, Boston.

AN assortment of maples, fruit trees, shrubs, vines, palms, and etc., at Crane's, 282 Somerset street. 21-6

75 Bushels sugar for sale. W. C. Bardwell, 282 Somerset street. 21-6

FOR SALE—A bargain. Handsome extra large Enoch carriage rug, used twice. Call in the afternoon, 192 Somerset street.

FURNISHED to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14-f

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn.

FOR SALE—A handsome driving mare, seven years old, warranted sound and kind, in single and double harness, can be seen at McCarthy's livery stables, North Plainfield. 25-2

CIDER at the depot, cor ner of Second street and Central avenue, in unsurpassed quantities of the purity of the Early Bird Orchards. Be sure to order by writing the name to R. M. Stover, 40 East Ninth street, will be suitably rewarded.

LOST—An Irish coral terrier pup, brown with white breast. Low of jaw, pinkish eye-lids. Answers to the name of "Eddie." Any one returning it will be paid for his return to Wm. M. Stout, 109 East Front street. No questions asked. 22-4

STRAYED from 1.2 Rockview avenue, a white and brown terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 18-tf

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED—A good laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 5-14-tf

WANTED—One or two respectable young men to board. Nice furnished rooms. 108 Somerset avenue.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a family of three adults. Wages $4. Must be good cook, washer and ironer. Good wages. Call 19 East 9th street. 24 2

WANTED—A middle aged woman to do general housework in the country. Must wash well and iron. Large pay. Address E. J. Whitehead, Westfield, N. J. 23-3

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property in exchange for $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property of $2,000. Value $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class modern house, this is an unusual opportunity. Address "Equity," care of Plainfield Evening News. 15-12tf

WANTED—The advertisers will give the sole agency to a good responsible party in Plainfield for the sale of coal. We do not handle any of our goods.) Our ads and prices will be found to be the lowest and we guarantee to sell at a good profit to retailers. Our goods are very uniform. Sales 80,000 barrels yearly. For particulars address, with reference, or address, T. C. Lyman & Co., brokers of ale and porter, 420 to 430 West 30th street, New York City. 15-12tf

AUCTION SALE.

Of Furniture, Carpets, etc.

On Tuesday afternoon next 28, at 2 o'clock at No. 2 Madison avenue, 3 sofas, easy chair, oak and chamber suits, mattresses, spring beds, bureaus, marble top centre and other tables, Brussels and ingrain carpets, matting, clocks, bedding, kitchen furniture, sewing machine, lounges, hammock, kitchen stove and numerous other articles.

T. J. GILLIES, Auc'r.

Should the day prove stormy the sale will be held the first clear day after.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic. The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

WE HAVE AN OIL GRAIN SHOE FOR $3.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE OIL GRAIN " " $3.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (High cut) $4.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (Hand welt) $6.00

The latter are just the things for Gentlemen who go to the city every day, who do not want to wear rubbers. If bought in New York they would cost $7 and $8.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

99 W. FRONT STREET,

(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks every displayed in Plainfield. Have you seen that Reefer Jacket for Children, that we are offering for $1.70. 'Tis a little beauty.

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, than we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, sells them

Buy a new Broom, 13c.

There is a special good Bargain in Table Linen for this week. 10 pieces, 70 inches wide, 55c. per yard. Value 75c.

Do you know that we can and will save you money on Winter Underwear.

We have a little money left through our Cloak Department, second floor.

Those 36-inch Mohair Dress Goods are just the thing for Children's school Dresses. Ask to see them. Price 19c.

"here is everything in Tinware, Crockery and Glassware in our House Furnishing Goods Department.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

BUY THE

GARLAND AND BARSTAW

Stoves and Ranges

and save 20 per cent., at

Chas. F. Dencklau's,

76 West Front Street.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-4 m

CLAIRVOYANT

Will remain but two weeks longer, and will leave Wednesday, Nov. 5. She can be seen from nine to nine o'clock, as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. 22 9

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Prof. Segadlo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number to undertake. This purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing at the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For further address L. F. Segadlo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-12tf

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough, to be agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Virgin, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office b x 382. 10-3tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS

and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of seedlings. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION!

A Double barreled breech-loading gun for $8 and up, at Drake & Newcomb's, 45 West Front street. 21-6

H. M. SPENCER,

Grocer and gentleman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, yellow and rockingham ware, fine pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Nicholas D. Heidelof and John J. Heidelof, under the firm of N. D. Heidelof & Co., was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said late firm are payable to me, and by the said John J. Heidelof, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 1st, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELOF,
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELOF.

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS

Framings etchings and engravings, picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antique, artists' materials and panels, at Swain's, 39 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-15-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES

Roses and plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, very convenient, at Dunham's Nursery No. 121 Rilkens avenue. 9-10-1y

"SAVE MONEY!"

By trading at Edsall's.

TO-NIGHT we will ticket out some choice goods at "cut" prices.

Every article we offer at these SPECIAL Low rates are guaranteed to be of excellent quality.

We do not deal in "seconds" or "damaged" goods.

Come in to-night, and we will show you how to save a little money on a good ways.

FUR SHOULDER CAPES are all the craze. We have a fine assortment at our usual LOW PRICES.

CARPETS made and lined free of charge for the balance of this month. New and elegant styles to select from.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The same comfort in fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET,
H. W. Marshall,
Proprietor.

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

MUSIC HALL. M. B. A.

Wednesday, Oct. 29.

The Sterling Artists

HARRY and VON LEER,

And their efficient company, will present the Military Musical Comedy

On the Frontier.

Now in the fourth season of its success. Entirely new specialties, catchy songs and dances, and every part filled by the very best comedians to be found in the profession. Will open with the Grand Illuminated Transparency at 7 p. m. Positively less interior Illumination in this city prior to the Kinetoscope.

PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on sale Saturday

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 5. TELEPHONE CALL, 42.

"The world has to thank America for the model of the present line-of-battle ship. All the huge fighting ships are a single development of a little monster that appeared in American waters during the civil war, and that was John Ericsson's Monitor.

Colorado has triumphantly demonstrated the worth of irrigating canals this season. They have produced in that state large crops. Once the first trouble of making them ended, and once the farmer is used to them, they are preferable even to natural rainfall, for they are always reliable. Come wet, come dry, the farmer's crop is safe who has through his lands an irrigating canal. In the older states it is likely that in the future more attention will be paid to irrigation, for even where the rain supply is sufficient it does not always come when it is needed.

Prophecy in Brooklyn.

Ever since the days of the Beecher trial it has been known that Brooklyn was the properest city in the Union. Some say that since the present fashion of wide trousers has come in sensitive Brooklyn gentlemen are too modest to walk up stairs in front of a lady for fear of displaying a bit of delicate ankle. It was left, however, for Brooklyn's schoolmasters and school trustees to reach its climax in propriety, and thus render themselves famous. On the complaint of a Brooklyn school principal a trustee brought the attention of the board of education to bear on a flagrant piece of immorality in a Brooklyn school book.

The trustee, good man, confessed that he was a mechanic, and really did not know when a thing was truly proper, but the schoolmaster in his ward had notified him that Longfellow's immortal poem "The Building of the Ship" was a very bad piece of verse, and should be eliminated from the school readers. Longfellow may or may not have dreamed when he wrote his brain and heart into that poetry that he was preparing a dose of arsenic for the mind of Infant Brooklyn. Certainly Boston never dreamed of the insidious depravity of her famous poet, but a Brooklyn schoolmaster found him out. These are the very bad lines that Longfellow wrote:

> She starts—she moves—she seems to feel
> The thrill of life along her keel,
> And, spurning with her foot the ground,
> With one exulting, joyous bound
> She leaps into the ocean's arms!
>
> Take her, oh, bridegroom, old and gray,
> Take her to thy protecting arms,
> With all her youth and all her charms!

Liverpool's Homes for the Poor.

The American consul at Liverpool has made a report on the model tenement houses of Liverpool which may be commended to all interested in sanitary reform in cities. It is to be noted that the city corporation of Liverpool itself built these model houses. The council in vain tried to induce private enterprise to take hold of the matter of clearing out the filthy dens of the city and replacing them with decent dwellings. Only when all attempts in this direction failed the corporation took it in hand themselves.

A space containing 9,195 square yards bounded on all sides by streets, was cleared off. Upon this space thirteen model tenement houses were built in form of a hollow square. In the center were left a flower plot and playground for children. Between each two of the buildings is a wide entrance to the central yard, which is further provided with a carriage driveway, footwalks and drinking fountains. These tenement children have a park at home.

The thirteen houses contain 271 tenements and a superintendent's house. The tenements are one, two and three roomed. For the three room apartment the rent is $1.44 a week, for the two room $1, for one room fifty-four cents a week. The houses are five stories high. The tenements are handsomely finished in wood and painted plastering. The houses are as near fireproof as any building can be made. In order to relieve poor people as far as possible from the burden of buying and moving furniture as much furniture as can be built into the walls is provided, such as pantry, dressing case and cupboards. Each tenement has its own coal bunker and closet.

To save space the tenants on each floor use one common laundry, which the tenants in more ambitious flat houses ought to do. The time of each is fixed by the rules, so there can be no quarreling over the laundry tubs. These tenements are admirably ventilated, each better than some stately British mansions. They are not a charity, for they were built on the basis of returning 4½ per cent. a year.

The hollow square of buildings is named "Artizans' dwellings," and the site is called Victoria square. So successful has been the attempt to let light into dark places town that since the block was built the death rate of Liverpool has fallen from 27.3 to 20.3. It is interesting to note that this attempt to ameliorate the condition of the Liverpool poor by the city authorities would be called in America nationalism.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD

Hill Speaks in West Virginia and Reed in Illinois.

BLAINE TO BE HEARD IN OHIO.

The Secretary's Opinion of the Alleged Flaw in the Tariff Bill—He Speaks at Maj. McKinley's Home This Evening.

Political News of Interest.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 25.—A rousing reception was tendered Governor Hill, of New York, by the Democrats of this city and vicinity last evening. The demonstration was largely a novelty in the history of the campaign. The fact that Hon. John O. Pendleton, the Democratic candidate for congress, who was extensively advertised to speak here last night, was side tracked and sent to Mounds ville to address a meeting, caused considerable comment.

A Reception Held.

Governor Hill and his party arrived at Bridgeport, O., at 5:30 o'clock, and were immediately driven to the Hotel Windsor. The governor held a brief reception and welcomed a number of leading Democrats, among them Governor Fleming and Senator Kenna.

A torchlight procession occurred before the meeting and Governor Hill was escorted to the stage of the opera house by the Young Men's Democratic club. The Opera house was packed to the doors with an enthusiastic crowd of Democrats and a sprinkling of Republicans. Among the prominent men seated on the stage were Governor Fleming, Senator Kenna and Hon. Thomas F. Grady, of New York.

Governor Hill's Speech.

As Governor Hill stepped forward to the platform he was greeted with enthusiastic applause lasting for several minutes. He proceeded immediately to speak on the tariff question. He explained the Democratic idea of this question as being for the protection of the masses as against the classes and used the old phrase in that "the tariff is a tax."

The governor then began a dissection of the Mills bill and praised that measure as the embodiment of Democratic ideas as the way in which the tariff should be adjusted. He then took up the Lodge bill and denounced it as a bitterly partisan measure, framed to continue the Republican party in power. At the conclusion of his remarks, which lasted about an hour and a half, Senator Kenna was introduced and made a short address.

This morning the governor and his party left on the Baltimore and Ohio special for a trip through the state, making short stops at Parkersburg, Mannington, Marietta, Grafton, Belton, Piedmont and other towns.

Speaker Reed at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Six thousand upturned faces and a roar of applause that lasted five minutes greeted Speaker Reed when he appeared upon the platform of *Battery D last night with Senators Farwell* and Cullom and Representative Mason as escorts. The doors had been closed a half hour before, and the overflow, some 3,000 souls, united the man from Maine in the adjoining armories. In the applause and waving of flags and banners shouts of "our next president" were to be heard.

The Speaker's Address.

His speech followed on the lines of those delivered in other parts of the state and of Iowa. On the policy of the Democratic element during the recent session, he said that if the people of the United States only knew of the abuses of the house of representatives they would rebuke their might and insist that the majesty of the men who represented the sensible portion of 64,000,000 people was maintained.

The Democratic policy had been a prostitution of the constitution of the United States. Touching the tariff question he said that even if the Mills bill meant high prices the latter meant high wages. The great mass of wage earners would as a natural result be benefited.

The Southern Question.

Apparently, he said, the western retailers, imbued with the spirit of western enterprise, put up prices whether the tariff increased or decreased them. He dwelt at length on the southern question, declaring that twenty-six seats in the lower house of congress were held by virtue of intimidation, fraud and ballot box stuffing, and insisted that the so called force bill was the only remedy for this condition of affairs. After concluding his speech the speaker repeated it to the audience in the armory.

Senator Hampton's Mild Indorsement.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 25.—Senator Hampton has written a letter to Col. Irby, chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, declining to speak at campaign meetings ordered at different points in the state. Senator Hampton announces his determination to stand by the state ticket nominated in September, but urges both factions to preserve peace at the polls and refrain from violence. He takes occasion to say that the charges preferred by Capt. Tillman against the Democratic state administration at the recent canvass were without foundation in fact, and he reaffirms his perfect faith in the honesty and integrity of the Democratic state administration during the last fourteen years. He thinks that Judge Haskell, the nominee of the anti-Tillman faction, has made a mistake, but is persuading that he does not deserve the abuse and vilification showered upon him in some quarters. Senator Hampton's letter will not be regarded by the Tillman faction as a very enthusiastic indorsement of the Tillman ticket.

Mr. Blaine's Visit to Ohio.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—Secretary of State Blaine, Mrs. Blaine, Miss Blaine and William Walter Phelps arrived in Pittsburg last evening and remained over night. As it was not known for certain that Mr. Blaine would stop over in Pittsburg only a few intimate friends of the secretary were at the depot to meet him. The party were driven to the Monongahela house. This morning they went to Canton, O., to visit McKinley's home, where Mr. Blaine is announced to speak to-night.

In regard to the omission of almost all of section 20 of the tobacco schedule in the new tariff bill, Mr. Blaine said there was no flaw in the bill, and that the story was merely agitated for personal interests.

A Young Murderer Murdered.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 25.—General Williams, a negro boy 17 years old, shot and killed the 9-year-old son of J. R. Roberson, white, five miles from Miller. A deputy sheriff started with Williams for Waynesboro, but was met by an armed mob, who took the prisoner away, and tieing him to a tree riddled him with bullets. The coroner's verdict was death by parties unknown.

THIRTY WERE HURT.

A Serious Wreck in Kansas—List of the Injured.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 25.—Thirty people were seriously injured by the wrecking of train No. 8, the through Santa Fe vestibuled Denver express, at Wakarusa, thirteen miles west of this city last evening. The train was running at a high rate of speed and left the track at a curve. The tender, express, mail and baggage cars and three Pullman vestibule cars all left the track and the track was torn up for about 400 feet. The following persons were injured many of them seriously:

W. F. Jones, mail agent, Kansas City; injured between ears and injured internally. J. J. W. Fadely, mail agent, Kansas City; internal injuries. Harry Stone, mail agent, Kansas City; head bruised. Mrs. Ella Steele, New York city; hurt in the head. F. L. Terry, express messenger, Kansas City; badly injured in spine. L. J. Johnson, baggage agent, Kansas City; leg hurt. Henry Lindsay, Topeka; bruised in side and jaw hurt. Mattie O'Connell, Chicago; head and back injured. Mrs. Dr. Denslow, Topeka; Colo.; bruised and teeth knocked out. E. M. Beasley, Telluride, Colo.; concussion. Mrs. George Turley, Fresno, Cal.; head badly cut. Mrs. J. McFarland, Terroll Hill, O.; head cut. S. Sylvester, Milton, Cal.; knee injured. C. F. Farrington, Lisbon, Ills.; collar bone dislocated. J. J. Buckley, brakeman; back hurt. Elizabeth Babbitt, Oakland, Cal.; arm injured. Mrs. W. J. McClure, Kansas City; arm dislocated. Mrs. Lew Smith, Oakland, Cal.; E. A. Fair, Albuquerque, N. M.; George F. Reppy, Denver; Solon E. Rose, Albuquerque; Carl B. Hanking, Aspen, Colo.; W. F. Jones, Kansas City; J. A. Coulter, Colorado Springs.

PORTER IS WILLING.

New York's Uncounted People Will Be Represented in the Census.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Robert P. Porter, superintendent of the census, has arrived here from Europe. In regard to the account of New York city by the police, Mr. Porter said that the police returns should be sent in to Washington at once, where they would be considered as part of the evidence that the original count was incorrect. If the entire evidence offered showed that any district had been neglected—that the police return had showed a lot of names not on the official list—an investigation by the census bureau would be made of that district, and if the returns of names of noses was then found to be correct, those extra names would be accepted by the census bureau and added to the official list.

Ben Butterworth's Denial.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Secretary Benjamin Butterworth was very emphatic in his denials of the story that he had been silenced in his advocacy of recip city by the promise of the position he now occupies. "The story is absolutely false," said the secretary. "I absolutely and unhesitatingly deny that I ever entered into any deal whatever to secure this or any other office. I always have been, am now, and expect to be an advocate of the reciprocity doctrines. One of the last things I did before leaving congress was to plead with McKinley to put my bill favoring free trade with Canada on his. My position as secretary of this body came to me unasked. I entered into no deal of any kind to secure it."

Mayor Gleason Indicted.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Oct. 25.—The Queens county grand jury have found indictments against Mayor Patrick J. Gleason, Police Justice J. Bulmer Delmas & Harp and Patrick Loughran. Mayor Gleason is the owner of the land on which the Puritan club house is situated, and Bulmer is owner of the Puritan club building. Both are jointly indicted for maintaining a pool room, the Western Union for maintaining wires for the police service, Dittus & Harp for furnishing information to gamblers over Western Union wires, and Loughran is charged with collecting money from the owner of the building and dividing it among the interested parties.

Iron Men at Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Oct. 25.—The northern section of the Iron and Steel association delegates arrived here at 9:45 o'clock on a special train of Pullman cars. They were met at the depot by Mr. Erastus Wiman and the local reception committee. The party was taken up to the Falls and shown the sights around the great cataract. They were then taken to the Clifton house, where a luncheon was served. It was proposed that all hands go fishing, and assisted entirely of Canada game and products. The party are guests of Mr. Wiman while here.

The Count Is Insane.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25.—Giuseppe Carusi, Count de Montercole, who was arrested here some months ago and sentenced to six months in the county jail for distributing one of the street sumptuous circulars about his wife, formerly Miss Virginia Knox, of Pittsburg, has since his confinement in the state. Senator Hampton announces that amounts to insanity. He seems to imagine that his wife has bribed the prison officials to place poison in his food and that he is slowly being killed by the poison. He still has some weeks to serve of his sentence.

A Mysterious Grave Robbery.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 25.—The police were notified that two graves at Union cemetery had been robbed. Detectives were put upon the case and last night the bodies were recovered. How they were taken and how replaced is a mystery. The graves robbed were those of Robert Taylor and a man named Brown, both recently buried. Holes had been dug near the headstones of each grave down to the coffin, and the bodies had been pulled out by fastening a rope round the necks.

Shot by a Bartender.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Thomas McCaffrey, a bartender, shot and killed Robt O'Brien in Hands' saloon, at 1,607 Wabash avenue, at 10:30 o'clock. The shooting was the outcome of an old quarrel. The murderer was formerly connected with the advertising departments of several newspapers on the Pacific coast and The Globe-Democrat and The Post-Dispatch, of St. Louis.

News of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Orders have been issued at the navy department for a trial next Wednesday of the United States steamship Philadelphia. She is now at Tompkinsville, S. I. The navy department is informed of the arrival of the United States steamship Ballogah at Lisbon. Crew and officers are reported well.

Col. Dudley Must Be Examined.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—The general term of the supreme court has refused to vacate the order for the examination of Col. William W. Dudley, before trial, in the suit for libel against the Press Publishing company (The World) for damages for publishing the famous "blocks of five" letter.

A STORM SWEPT COAST.

Sad Havoc Worked by the Waves and Wind.

E. D. MORGAN'S BIG YACHT SUNK.

The Steamship Oldham Reported Ashore at Far Rockaway—The Damage at Coney Island $100,000—Towns Along the New Jersey Shore Ravaged.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Another tremendous wind storm has swept along the Atlantic coast, flooding the smaller seaport towns and summer resorts, stranding vessels and carrying destruction before it. The storm began here early yesterday morning and continued until late last evening. Unlike the great tempest of a week ago, the wind came from the eastward and it blew with even greater force. The gale brought with its a blinding rain, which fell unceasingly for over twenty-four hours. All over the rain fell in torrents, and the tempest, gathering strength throughout Thursday night, was sweeping inland at the rate of forty-five miles an hour yesterday. Such waves as piled in along the Jersey coast and on the shores of Long Island have not been seen for years before.

Immense Damage Caused.

They tore away bulkheads, inundated many of the coast railways, stewed fishing craft all along the shores and undid in many cases the labor of years. This morning the wind along the Long Island and New Jersey shores there was a solid land on Thursday. There can be no possession of the terrific force of the wind and waves. They brooked no obstacle and there is no way of estimating at this time the vast amount of damage wrought.

The Oldham Reported Ashore.

A dispatch from Far Rockaway states that a four masted steamer is stranded at Long Beach. The unfortunate vessel is supposed to be the Oldam, of the *Netherlands-American line, which was due here* yesterday from Rotterdam. She left that port on Oct. 11 and should have reached this port yesterday. She brings a number of cabin and steerage passengers and a general cargo.

The New Jersey Coast Ravaged.

Much damage has been done by yesterday's storm between Long Branch and Atlantic City. The places which suffered most were Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Galilee. The surf rolled over the tracks of the New Jersey Southern railroad at Sandy Hook and the roadbed was washed away at different points. At Monmouth Beach and Galilee the bulkheads and embankments were washed away by the unusually high tide. Shortly before midnight the water covered the low lands at Seabright.

At Asbury Park the promenade at Second and Asbury avenues was badly damaged by being undermined. The pavilion at the foot of Asbury avenue was considerably damaged and many bath houses were carried out to sea.

A Schooner Driven Ashore.

At Bayhead a three masted schooner was caught in the gale and driven ashore. The crew was cared for by the life saving men. The bridges over the Manasquan river were all swept away, and the meadows between that point and the Atlantic Highlands were completely covered with water. A portion of the railroad track on the Atlantic Highlands branch was submerged and travel had to be suspended. All the bridges on the railroad track on the Long Branch and New Jersey Southern railroad, and last night no communication by wire could be had with Sandy Hook.

Stranded on the Meadows.

The unusual high tide flooded the streets along the shore at Jersey City and Weehawken. At Atlantic City Clark Johnson's new house was undermined by the water and toppled partly over. An ice schooner at the Knickerbocker wharf dragged her anchor and was stranded on the meadows, and the people living in many of the houses between the thoroughfare and Baltic avenue were so hemmed in by the rising tide for a time that egress except by rowboats was decidedly unsafe.

General havoc reigned at Point Pleasant, N. J. Trees a century old were uprooted by the wind and small buildings and fences were blown down. The boardwalks along the beach were rolled over and over in sections and fishing boats were capsized and stranded on the marshes. The streets were inundated and the cellars flooded.

The telephone lines were blown down between Point Pleasant and Sandy Hook. At Sea Isle City, N. J., the wind and waves spread terror everywhere. The Ocean City railroad succumbed to the waves and was badly washed out, completely isolating Ocean City from the outside world. The wires are very bad.

A Locomotive Upset.

The tracks of the Rapid Transit railway at St. George, S. I., were undermined so that when a heavy locomotive attempted to cross over the rails sank down and caused the locomotive to upset. The engineer and fireman escaped injury by jumping from the cab. Last night a gang of men were at work righting the locomotive, which was not damaged.

E. D. Morgan's Yacht Sunk.

The magnificent English built steam yacht Casarina, owned by Mr. E. D. Morgan, ran on a rock inside the Matinecock buoy and about one hundred yards from Matinecock Point, Long Island sound. A big hole was eaten in the yacht's keel, directly under her engine room, through which the water rushed, causing her to sink in four fathoms of water. There were thirty souls on board, including the owner, Mr. Morgan, all of whom escaped by taking to the lifeboats and rowing ashore with the exception of Miss Helen Corse, a lady friend of Mrs. Morgan's, who had been left in the cabin. Fortunately she was rescued. The crew of

EMIGRANTS MASSACRED.

Nine Defenseless People Shot Down by Russian Guards.

"JACK THE RIPPER" AT WORK.

Another Woman Believed to Have Been Murdered and Mutilated Near London by the Fiend—O'Brien and Dillon Sail Today for America—Cable News.

WARSAW, Oct. 25.—A party of Russian emigrants numbering upward of 300 and holding tickets for transportation to Brazil, left the village of Ricszaero to cross the West Russian frontier yesterday. When they reached the frontier post in the night they were stopped by the frontier guards, who demanded to see their tickets permitting them to leave the country.

Nine Were Shot Down.

Upon learning that the party had none such they were forced back at the point of the bayonet. They made some slight resistance and the guards fired upon the party, killing six men, two women and a child and wounding a number of others.

O'Brien and Dillon Sail Today.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien and Mr. Dillon have left Paris and will embark on the steamer La Champagne for New York today. During Mr. O'Brien's visit to the chamber of deputies members of the various parties requested a series of conferences in regard to Ireland. Mr. O'Brien promised that the Nationalists would send a delegate to France to plead for Ireland. The speeches of Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon at Tipperary wired the fugitives, "We bid you Godspeed and are proud to bear the responsibility of your flight."

They Will Probably Visit Canada.

William O'Brien in an interview last evening said that his visiting Canada would depend entirely upon circumstances. He did not think it likely that he would be arrested there, but did not care whether he was or not, as his mission would be concluded, and he would go to Canada. The arrest of himself and Mr. Dillon would save their fares home anyhow. The judgment delivered against them in their absence from Tipperary would constitute a case for appeal. He thought that Mr. Balfour had shown great weakness in the case of Mr. Harrison. His advices from America were greatly favorable to the success of his mission, which bids fair to surpass all expectations.

The Insanity of the Czar's Uncle.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Further particulars have been received from St. Petersburg concerning the insanity of the Grand Duke Nicholas. He was seized in the most acute manner during the Volhynia maneuvers, and his deplorable condition aroused the pity of all observers. The czar, to cover the matter from the world, addressed a public letter of congratulation to the grand duke on the success of the maneuvers, although the grand duke had not been in chief command. Afterward the condition of the grand duke became so critical that the truth could no longer be hidden. The patient has markedly threatene to prove fatal. The grand duke is the favorite uncle of the czar, who is much distressed by the calamity.

Gladstone's Wonderful Activity.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Liberal newspapers throughout the country unite in asserting that Mr. Gladstone's Midlothian speeches are among the very best political efforts of his life, and even the Tory press, including The Times and The Standard, pay a tribute to his wonderful energy at this time of life. Mr. Balfour is said to have made the remark, since his arrival in Ireland, that the parliament would sit out its full time, as every year counted against the only man who could induce English and Irish members to work in harmony. He is supposed to have alluded to Mr Gladstone, now 81 years of age.

The Parnell-O'Shea Divorce Case.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The trial in the divorce proceedings brought by Capt. O'Shea against his wife, in which Mr. Parnell figures as co-respondent, has been set for the middle of November. Mrs. O'Shea will make counter allegations against her husband, Sir Charles Russell and Mr. Herbert Asquith have been retained as counsel by Mr. Parnell. Both these gentlemen defended him before the Parnell commission.

"Jack the Ripper" Again.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The body of a murdered woman was found at South Hampstead yesterday, with the head almost severed and otherwise mutilated. The woman is supposed to have been of abandoned character.

The finding of the body has revived the Jack the Ripper scare. No arrests have been made, though the police are searching for the murderer.

Balfour Will Not Visit Galway.

DUBLIN, Oct. 25.—A large crowd of Nationalists assembled at the railway station at Galway yesterday awaiting the arrival of Mr. Balfour, whom they intended to receive with cheers for O'Brien, Dillon and other leaders. Mr. Balfour was warned of their intention and left the train at Athlone, where he took a car to Castlereagh. He will not visit Galway.

Killed By a Single Blow.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 25.—John Farra, a livery stable keeper, and James Devine, an employe of the Clapp & Jones Manufacturing company, of Hudson, N. Y., who was here repairing the Friendship fire engine, got into an altercation in the barroom of the Pennsylvania hotel last evening, when Farra struck Devine in the mouth and he fell dead. Either the blow or the fall broke his neck. Farra surrendered to the police.

Eighteen Indictments Found.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 25.—The Camden county grand jury has made its presentment to court, bringing in eighteen true bills, one against Francis Lingo for the murder of Mrs. Miller, and fifteen against Lawyer Hogate, twelve of which were for forgery and three for false pretense.

A Big Offer for Foals of 1890.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 25.—The directors of Charter Oak Driving park have decided to offer $20,000 for foals of 1890—$10,000 to be trotted for in 1893 and $10,000 in 1894; one entrance, with a special provision that no winners in 1892 can start in 1894 for $100.

Preferred Suicide to Lynching.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 25.—W. D. Hyers, who killed his wife near Lebanon because she was unfaithful to him, hanged himself by means of a pocket handkerchief while in jail at that place. He feared being lynched and preferred to take his own life.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Vast Fields.

Cholera is gradually disappearing and Yokohoma is said to be practically free from it.

Ensign Ramsay, of the United States steamer Swatara, was drowned accidentally at Yokohoma, Aug. 27.

The Presbyterian synod, of Baltimore, adjourned to meet in the Second church, Baltimore, on Dec. 11. At that time the complaint against the Presbytery of Newcastle for its action in the case of Rev. J. K. Campbell will be tried. The recommendation of the purchase of New Windsor college, Carroll county, Md., was adopted.

The Canadian minister of finance says, with regard to the report that American sealing captains propose to fly the British flag on their vessels in order to enjoy the privileges accorded to British vessels, that they cannot do so without becoming British subjects, and this cannot be done inside of two years.

About seventy-five iron workers at the Marvel shipyard, New York, have struck owing to the refusal of the proprietor to discharge non-union hands.

Anthony Mead, a section boss on the Auburn branch of the Lehigh Valley railroad, was killed at Smithboro, N. Y., while at work.

David W. Knowles and wife were sentenced at Littlefield, Conn., to ten years' imprisonment each and their son, George, to seven years for shooting John Waters, at Lanesville, Sept. 1.

The London Gazette announces that parliament will reassemble on Nov. 25.

The indictment found against Leander Richardson, editor of The Dramatic News, for publishing a libelous statement last January about De Lancy Nicoll and Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., has been dismissed, Mr. Richardson having published an apology which was satisfactory to the complainant.

John E. Murray, a New York lawyer who has practiced many years, has been disbarred by the general term of the supreme court. He has been drinking very heavily of late, accused Surrogates Rollins and Ransom of corruption and refused to apologize.

Shot Her Five Times.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Edward Emmons shot and instantly killed Mrs. Kate Owens in her apartments at No. 30 New York avenue, Clifton, S. I., last night. Mrs. Owens was a handsome brunette about 28 years of age, and had been living with Emmons for about six years. A short time ago they had a quarrel and separated. Emmons became infuriated with jealousy and fired five shots at Mrs. Owens in rapid succession. The first two bullets entered the head and Mrs. Owens ran, screaming. The third shot struck her left wrist, the fourth entered her left cheek, and the fifth severed her jugular. She fell to the floor and died in death. Emmons, standing over her expiring body, placed the pistol to the left side of his own head and pulled the trigger. The bullet, however, glanced off, inflicting a slight wound.

The "Ginger Ale" Club Raided.

FREEMAN, Mo., Oct. 25.—This town is in a furor of excitement over the action of the White Caps, who destroyed all the property of a "Ginger Ale" club, mostly straight liquor, found in town. There were about seventy-five or a hundred masked men in the party. The druggist of the town has been notified to stop selling liquor. During the excitement attending the breaking up of the club room property several masks were torn from the faces of the White Caps and the wearers were recognized as well known citizens, and arrests are expected to follow.

A Girl's Mysterious Suicide.

ERIE, Pa., Oct. 25.—Lizzie Salow, aged 16, daughter of a prominent contractor, committed suicide yesterday. She left her home at midnight, against her parents' wishes, with her brother-in-law, George Blum, to go to his home at Meadville. Her father had Blum arrested at the depot. The girl disappeared and was found drowned in the bay. Sensational developments are expected.

Brazil Will Return the Compliment.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The department of state has been officially advised of the departure for New York from Rio de Janeiro on the 20th inst. of a Brazilian naval division, commanded by Rear Admiral Silveira, under orders to return the compliments paid to the Brazilian flag by the United States squadron in July last, and bearing a letter and medal for the president.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator

Greatest Stove on Earth

At a line of Pa and Winter stock on hand Horse Blankets and Robes

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

JUST RECEIVED,

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

$3,700 for Birchall's Life.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 25.—Birchall's autobiography was put up at auction at the jail here last evening, Jailor Cameron acting as auctioneer. The crowd above fifty publishers in attendance and the bidding was spirited up to $1,500. After that it was slow until $1,700 was reached, when it was knocked down to C. W. Bensley, of the Toronto Mail, for himself and James Gordon Bennett, of The New York Herald. Half of the purchase money was paid down and the balance will be paid immediately after the execution to Mrs. Birchall.

Against the City of Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.—The full bench of the supreme court has decided, in the case of the Boston Belting company vs. the city of Boston, that the plaintiffs can recover damages for loss of water caused by the act of the city in improving Stony Brook. The plaintiffs alleged that the city obstructed and greatly interfered with the flow of the water and demanded $50,000 relief. The defendant demurred to the petition and the superior court sustained the demurrer. The demurrer is now overruled by the supreme court on appeal.

Two New York Suicides.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—Alfred Miles, a truck driver, 47 years old, shot himself in the head at his home on Tenth avenue and will probably die. His wife had made a complaint to the police charging him with disorderly conduct, and a policeman was about to arrest him when he fired the shot. David Swanson, a compositor employed by the Railway Publishing company, committed suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear at 24 Park place.

Young Lyon's Sentence.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 25.—Walter James Lyons, who was convicted at the Old Bailey of forging and uttering a will of his master sergeant in the Royal artillery and a paramour of his mother, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment, the judge taking into consideration the strong recommendation to mercy signed by the jury and the just provocation that exasperated Lyons to kill Stewart.

More Money in Domestic Consumers.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—The Philadelphia Natural Gas company has decided to shut off the supply of natural gas from all the Pittsburg puddling furnaces which it has hitherto supplied. The chief reason for the move as given by the officers of the company is that they can make more money by supplying the gas to domestic consumers.

Battle and Justina Trot Again.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Oct. 25.—Belle Hamlin and Justina, the double trotting team, were sent yesterday to beat 2:15, the world's record held by them, and made it in 2:13¾, the fastest mile ever trotted in a rain. Had the weather been favorable 2:12 would have been an easy mark. The two start again on Monday.

Jealousy Caused Suicide.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 25.—Charles Reibling, aged 25, shot himself in the Bedford bank. This city, committed suicide in his room on Sumner street last night by stabbing himself eight times. Morbid jealousy is said to have been the cause.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Warts and Corns without pain; 15c. a bottle. Stops pain, corrosive cutting; keeps the feet comfortable; makes walking easy. Sold by druggists. Mailed on receipt of price. Scatter-Corns Co., Cleveland, O. Sold by druggists and shoe dealers.

W. H. BISHOP & CO., Newark, N. J.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver we shall retain their customers, and the public may rely that they can still find our wares and prices to fancy prices, but ... everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers,

2010 AND 2012 PARK AVENUE.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Lessons in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. Address Miss Abbott, P. O. Box 1060.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,

Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM

will resume her lessons in voice culture after 8 p. m. Circulars sent on application address 57 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. R. BABCOCK

will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on a plan of her own, as can be seen by those of her pupils who play. Lessons given at pupil's residence. Address 113 Park avenue.

MISS ANDERSON,

pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS,

Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Front street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make physical life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Catechetical daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-20tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY,

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open Monday, Sept. 22nd. For particulars address Miss M. E. KNOTT, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open Monday, Sept. 22nd. For particulars address Miss M. E. KNOTT, Principal. 7-18 3m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

And KINDERGARTEN, Miss Berliner's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:45, 5:40 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 12:30 and 5 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND BASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:00 a. m., 2:45, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 8:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:30 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to house the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting ex. road horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding per week.

Terms made known upon application.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c.
Ladies' heavy silk-wool vests at 4 pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 58c.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's extra-heavy shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool shirts and Drawers, $1.
Men's scarlet-wool shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's natural-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c.
Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 35c; 18 in., 40c.
Full size quilts, 69 and 85c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROCAW } 94 SOMERSET ST

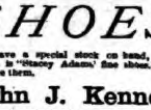
Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Plainfield and Rest for 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.



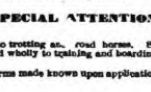
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.



SOUND BROOK ROUTE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF AMERICA.

Protected throughout by the interlocking switch and block system.

TRAINS FOR THE WEST.

On and after June 21, 1890, trains leave Elmsbeth as follows:

9:25 a. m. FAST LINE, with Pullman Vestibule parlor and sleeping cars, daily for Pittsburg, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

7:50 p. m. FAST MAIL, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping cars, dining car to Philadelphia and 1:07 for Pittsburg, 9:40 for Columbus, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland and Toledo.

7:42 p. m. Accommodation, Washington and the South—1:00, 6:45, 7:30, 9:05, a. m.; and 9:20 p. m. On Sunday at 1:00, 6:45, 9:05 a. m., 9:20 p. m.

For Philadelphia—1:00, 6:45, 7:30, 9:05, 9:25, 11:57, a. m., 12:50, 1:20, 2:30, 4:05, 5:35, 7:05, 9:20 p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:50, 9:05, 9:25, 10:14 a. m., 3:50, 7:47 and 9:40 p. m.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

2:25 p. m. (Through par or car and day coach) week-days. For Cape May, 1:20 p. m., week-days.

For Brown's Mills-in-the-Pines, with through For Trenton—9:0, 6:57, 7:30, 7:59, 9:05, 9:25, 11:57, a. m., 12:50, 1:20, 2:30, 4:05, 5:35, 7:05, 9:20, p. m. Sundays at 1:00, 6:50, 9:05, 9:25, 10:14 a. m., 3:50, 7:47 and 9:40 p. m.

For Lambertville, Phillipsburg and Belvidere via Trenton—7:30 a. m., 2:34 and 5:16 p. m.

For Lambertville and Phillipsburg only—1:20 p. m.

For Flemington—7:19 a. m., 2:54 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden via Trenton—1:00, 7:30, 11:05 a. m., 2:34, 5:16, 7:49 p. m. Sundays at 10:41 a. m. and 7:47 p. m.

A full line of tickets are on sale, and sleeping car accommodations can be secured at the ticket office at Elizabeth.

For further information, see time tables to be had at the ticket offices.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Stage Line Time Table.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

The route will be visited as rapidly as the business justifies.

My depot is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits ten cents.

Connect with one 6:05, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—Beginning on June 2nd, 1890.

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 1 mile to Somerset, thence to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8:15 a. m.	to meet	8:37 a. m. train
3d do	10:30	do	11:57 do
4th do	12:00	do	12:30 do
5th do	1:30	do	2:30 do
6th do	11:45	do	12:00 m. do
7th do	5:30 p. m.	do	6:57 p. m.
8th do	7:00	To the Post Office.	
9th do	8:00	do	9:20 p. m. train.
10th do	1:00 a. m.	do	1:20 a. m.
11th do	3:00	do	3:07 do
12th do	4:00	do	4:30 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and Third street, and Rockview and Somerset avenue, every hour and a half, to meet the above trains, and make same connections.

Stages will make return trips over all routes to Depot, Somerset street, at 7:30, 8:45, 10:00, 11:30, 1:00, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:30, 8:00, 9:30 and 11:00 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for Funerals and Weddings. Also, Coupe, Landau and Phaeton for hire at reasonable rates. Horses a specialty, for private driving, for Parties, Balls, Receptions, etc., at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Somerset street, between Park and Dunham place. Telephone Call.

COAL LUMBER
And
Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 BROADWAY

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo. W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey.

(At Randolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

Our Motto—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE

Builders Cards.

HERRMANN & PETERSON,

Stair Builders, and parts used mar the makers. Shop corner of Grand and Regent streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

J. HERRMANN, J. PETERSON,
8 Regent street, 13 Somerset place.
10-10- y

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work, interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

P. V. BAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, rear depot, Evans P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind work in the

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

MASON AND BUILDER.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 912.

G. R Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second Street. All work promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Farm, Somerset street. Address

E. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 309 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

40 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph,

Park avenue. W. S. SLEIER, Manager.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

The equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a preventive against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

POWLISON'S,

No. 9 Somerset street.

Walnut Dressers and writing desk—Bargains.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties next to all parts of the county. Residence, 104 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors at Law. Commissioners Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR G. TEALE,

Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Leiper's Hotel

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Good Ideas About Closing Wall Paper.
Favorite Colors and New Designs.

Women frequently choose the wall paper for their sitting rooms to go with their complexions, it is said. A good time, a yellowish garnet for example, throw sickly hues over a room. These pa pers are of course destructive to the complexion. Women who are in the habit of consulting their appearance in the glass know very well that they look much fairer in some rooms than in others. A celebrated beauty who goes to Paris for each incarnation has told that lady visitors were often puzzled to know why they always looked their best in his drawing room. They never thought of tracing the improvement to the wall.

A successful room is in pink of soft, pale tint. Blue is a more popular color and also more trying. Pale greens are expected to be in demand shortly. Some very pretty papers are self colored. These are more convenient than the highly colored papers, for you can hang anything against a self colored paper. The designs of the new papers are many of them conventional.

For bedrooms chintz effects take best. The designs of some of these are very naturalesque. Unique designs for childrens' rooms are "Alice in Wonderland," "Dick Whittington" and "The House That Jack Built," with the fable in each case complete.

One of the newest papers for a staircase or vestibule is taken from an old oriental design. It has a cream colored ground covered with a bold pattern of birds and flowers. The peacock is the most conspicuous figure in the design. I saw some the tapestry paper for the same purpose that were not gloomy. Red is still the favorite color for dining room walls. It is warm certainly, but not always restful. Papers with metal tints are not being used so freely now. They have a reputation for tarnishing. In decorating, the color scheme is thought very beautiful, in which instead of getting violent contrasts, the decoration of one room only heightens the effect of another.

A Useful Bag.

A smart but serviceable bag in which to put stockings while they are waiting to undergo repairs is very inexpensively made in crash. Good Housekeeping illustrates and describes one as follows: Take a yard and a quarter of grey Russian crash; the coarser the quality the prettier the bag will be. Divide it into two pieces, one of half a yard and the other three-quarters of a yard. Fringe one end of the shorter piece and both ends of the longer piece to the depth of three inches. Baste the bag together, with the fringed ends at one end, making a flush for the bottom of the bag, while the top of the shorter piece is hemmed with a narrow hem, and the extra nine inches of the longer piece is turned over like a flap in front of the bag.

With a small teacup, or any other round thing of equal size, draw a circle in the middle of the lower half of the bag which is not

CRASH STOCKING BAG.

covered with the turned over portion. Draw three smaller circles on the unfringed part of the flap at equal distances apart. With black and yellow silk or crewel fill in these circles by darning or some filling in stitch. Brier stitch the seams with yellow saspkyn, and beneath the flap fasten a slender strip of wood to hold the bag in shape. Make the handles of this bag of two strips of crash four inches wide and half a yard in length.

Seam each strip together and turn it inside out, so the seam will be on the inside. Put a row of brier stitching down the seams of the strips, and fasten one handle to the bag at each end, one end of the strip being fastened to the back and the other to the front. A needle book and a small pocket for holding darning cotton can also be fastened under the flap. A bag of this description is also very nice for holding soiled handkerchiefs or wash cloths, and any of the other little odds and ends for which it is desirable to have a place of their own.

To Remove Putty from Sash.

Housekeepers who sometimes attempt a bit of amateur glazier work will be interested in the following from an exchange. In place of muriatic acid or vitriol, either of which is occasionally used to decompose putty in sashes when the ordinary procedure of "backing out" with a knife is likely to injure the wood work, petroleum will probably be used in future. Three coats of this over the old putty will penetrate effectually into the pores of the material, and by dissolving the hardened linseed oil the putty soon regains its original plasticity. In about three hours from the application of the first coating of petroleum it is practicable to cut out the putty with the point of a knife with as much ease as though the sash had only been glazed a day or two previously.

Some Neat Little Dishes.

Have ready some good clear consommee, and just before it is to be served in it some delicately poached eggs, one for each person.

Cut a nice chicken into neat joints, flour them, and fry them with some sliced onions, also floured. Serve with tomato sauce over it all.

Have ready some nicely fried croutons, very hot, and lay on each a sardine which has been heated in the oven; squeeze a few drops of lemon juice on each and a little dust of pepper, and serve at once.

Fill tartlets of puff pastry with any kind of preserve, over which put a layer of rich custard, and on the top of all pile white of egg whipped till stiff with sugar, and bake in a light heat till the icing is firm.

Take the cold head of a cauliflower that has been well cooked, but is not flabby or overboiled. Trim the cauliflower into small heads, about the size of the top of a stringglass, by them in a pie dish and sprinkle with a little pepper and salt. Make a very light baking batter. When it is well beaten up pour over the cauliflower and bake in a brisk oven. This is a very delicate dish.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SCIENTIFIC BREVITIES AND POPULAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

Interesting Facts About the Many Families of Arachnids, Including Garden and House Spiders, Sea Spiders, Scorpions and Chameaithes.

There are many families of arachnids besides the well known garden and house spiders. The water spiders, though allied with the arachnids, are sometimes placed among the crustacea. We have the "tick,"

GARDEN SPIDER AND SCORPION.

and the chameaithes, and the scorpion, all of which belong to the spider family. But the true spiders are known by the joining of the two upper segments, the thorax and head being united.

The pretty, marvelous webs are spun from abdominal glands through small apertures. The fluid hardens in its passage sufficiently to be worn into threads to resist the struggles of the captured prey. The forms of these webs vary, but some spiders do not cause their victims in the net; they pounce upon them cat fashion. The large house spider is well known to all. The garden spider is seen in the illustration, where is also depicted a scorpion. The water spider is a frequent inmate of an aquarium, and the bubble of air he takes down with him to breathe serves as a means of living while he is seeking his aquatic prey

To Prevent Vibration.

Many suggestions have been made for remedying the vibration and noise attendant on the working of the big engines which are employed to run dynamos. A plan which has given great satisfaction, according to Safety Valve, is to build hair felt into the foundations of the engine. An electric company has just had one of its ninety horse power engines removed from its foundations, which were then taken up to the depth of four feet. A layer of felt five inches thick was then placed on the foundations and run up two feet on all sides, and on the top of this the brick work was built up. The cost of the alterations was about $300

Why Lobsters Turn Red When Boiled.

The shell of the crab and lobster owes its bluish gray color to the superposition of two pigments, or coloring matters, which have been isolated—a red pigment and a blue one. As long as these two pigments exist simultaneously the crustaceans remain gray But the blue pigment is very fugitive, and sometimes, under the influence of a disease, it is destroyed, and crabs are found with portions of their shells more or less reddish. When the crustaceans are immersed in boiling water the blue pigment is entirely destroyed, and the red pigment, which is very stable, appears alone in all its brilliancy.—La Science en Famille.

The Stick of Wood in the Barrel.

A correspondent of The Practical Mechanic writes that he has tried the experiment which has been written about in the press of late of inserting a stick of wood in a barrel or hogshead of water to prevent its bursting when frozen, and has found it an effective remedy He says he had no faith in the success of the experiment, but decided to risk one barrel. He inserted a stick about 4 by 3 inches and let the barrel freeze up solid, and much to his surprise the barrel was uninjured, the ice bulging up around the stick, but not a stave or section of the head started.

The Moon's Influence on the Weather.

The popular notion that the moon has an influence on the weather has not hitherto been supported by any scientific evidence. Dr. G. Meyer, a German meteorologist, has, however, recently made a study of synoptic charts, and on eliminating local influence has found that the moon from September to January favors the height of the barometer when at the full, and raises it during her first quarter. This or any other effect is not observable in other months.

Simple Studies in Electricity.

If we rub a stick of sealing wax with a piece of cloth we shall see that it will attract some small fragments of paper placed near it. Nothing is easier than to construct a small pendulum to show with perfect clearness the phenomenon of electric attraction.

A piece of iron is fixed on a wooden pedestal and supports a thread of silk, to the

SEALING WAX ATTRACTING A BALL OF CORK.

end of which is fastened a little ball of cork. The stick of sealing wax, after being rubbed with the cloth, will attract the ball as shown in the cut.

By means of a piece of paper we can produce a spark. Take a large, strong sheet of drawing paper, fold it very thoroughly and lay it on a wooden table. Rub it with a perfectly dry hand or with a bit of woolen material until it adheres to the table. Then, with a pencil, make a mark at the center of the sheet of paper, which rises, lifting it by the two corners. If at this moment any one touches the back of it taps with his finger a bright spark will be elicited. The metal is charged with the electricity developed on the paper. If the experiment be performed in the dark the spark will be more easily seen in length.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Proper Degrees, Air Spaces, Temperatures, Etc., of a Model Sick Room.

Professor Tyson, of the University of Pennsylvania, in a lecture delivered recently before the graduates of the university hospital, said that no room should be occupied by a sick person which does not have an area of at least 1,000 cubic feet. Such a room, if properly ventilated, and even in summer should receive as much sunlight as possible. Excepting in certain diseases, about sixty degrees should always give directions, there should be plenty of sunlight admitted to the room all day.

The furniture and hangings of the room should be of such a nature that they could be easily cleaned and washed, and they should be kept in a perfectly clean condition. The circulation and ventilation in the room should be a prime requirement, but this should be secured without draught upon the patient. A light and lamp placed in the fireplace would give a flow of air which would be beneficial in cases where no heat was desired. The general temperature of the room should be from 68 to 70 degs., and should be constant.

Iced Tea Does Not Affect the Nerves.

Dr. G. W. Barr, writing to The Therapeutic Gazette, claims that tea kept ice cold for a short time has none of the physiological action of theine. He has known a man of nervous temperament who is kept awake all night by a single cup of tea to drink a half gallon of iced tea during the evening, and slept soundly at his usual time of retiring. Others made very nervous by hot tea have been able to drink large quantities of iced tea with no appreciable effect. If the tea grounds are allowed to remain in the liquid the iced tea is usually kept long enough before drinking to dissolve more tannin than is useful in hot tea, hence the tea should be strained as soon as removed from the fire.

The Strong Points of Vaccination.

The London Lancet sums up the latest aspects of the vaccination controversy as follows: "The one thing we do know is that vaccine lymph, whatever its origin, has been proved to grant to people coming into the closest contact with smallpox patients an almost immediate immunity from the disease, and that its inoculation into the arms of infants has succeeded in doing away with smallpox among children, precisely according to the extent to which the prophylactic has been used. As yet these pieces of overwhelming proof in favor of vaccination have not been dealt with by the anti-vaccinationists. Indeed, the points have been almost studiously avoided."

Hobbies and Health.

Most men have a hobby; all men should. It clears up the brain in a wonderful way, taking the tired attention into other channels, rubbing off the cobwebs and infusing a fresh interest into life. At 70 years of age Alison, after writing his days, and feeling as strong as at 25, attributed his happy condition to a variety of occupation. "Either law or the literature singly," he said, "would, I am persuaded, have ruined my health or terminated my life, but the two together saved both." Microscope or telescope, botany or literature—the hobby world is a wide one, and offers all kinds of entertainment to the man with time and intelligence.

Shall the Baby Not Be Rocked?

Aside from the sentiment it is not wise to rock a baby It is also a woman's notion that the eternal swaying facilitates sleep. The lullaby is quite as effectual and considerably sweeter rendered in a stationary chair. According to The World, in the baby hospitals, homes and asylums of New York, where thousands of little ones are carefully and tenderly reared, "rocking" is a thing unknown. It was abolished on the ground of nervous disorders. The death rate is lower than among private nurseries, and the general health and habits of the babies considerably better.

Toilet Hints.

One ounce each of spermaceti, camphor and almond oil, and half a cake of white wax, melted together and turned into molds, make a good camphor ice

Do not use toilet washes containing much alcohol Alcohol is too drying for most skins

Lime water is a simple anti-acid and slightly tonic. A small quantity put into the tooth mug with the water for cleaning the teeth will harden the gums and prevent decay

Cayenne pepper, bay rum, castor oil and alcohol are said to make a preparation good for preventing the hair from falling out.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A New Whim in Ladies' Luncheons Among Dwellers in the Country.

"Autumn leaf luncheons" are the latest fad among society people who still linger in their country cottages. The Sun tells of a picturesque affair given by a prospective debutante to fourteen bods, preparing to blossom for the season of '90-'91. Decorations and costumes were eloquent of the glories of fall foliage, and were for the sole delectation of the fair maidens who comprised the whole of the gay company.

Ornamenting the center of the highly polished mahogany table was a white silk square on which a gold spider web had been etched in floss with richly tinted autumn leaves, that had the appearance of being caught in the yellow silk net. A big bowl of Bohemian amber was filled with superb yellow plumes of the full blown golden rod, artistically arranged with clusters of flaming sumach. The crystal and wines were all yellow and red; the service, curiously enough, was in every case of brown, decorations being created by the talented young hostess with wild heliotrope, Michaelmas daisies, pods of feathering milk weed and tinted sprays of ferns. They were massed in the rim of the amber finger bowls that rested on doylies duplicating the spider web center piece.

The menu cards were of scarlet silk, cut and colored to represent a sprig of maple. Each leaf was a picture in itself, bearing the name of a single dish, and being attached to the cute branch by realistic stems of rubber it looked as though they had been broken from the tree, and at the covers they accompanied big corsage bouquets of white lilac blossoms daisies.

Each course was significant of the season, and was introduced in beds of late field flowers, and small tree cones on to remind the guests of the harvesting time in shocks and sickles, horns of plenty filled with fruits, clusters of shaded leaves and tiny fabrications of the cornucopia.

The hostess was in green and yellow silk, with floral decorations of golden rod. Some of the guests were brown and red, their rustic, shovel shaped hats gay with masses of crimson maple, while others were in lilac, fancifully adorned with purple plumes. The whole was a delightful tableau, and furnished a welcome variation on the conventional entertainment.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Interesting Facts About That Mysterious Servant of Mankind, Electricity.

The term electricity is derived from the Greek word elektron, amber, which became from amber the properties of what we call "electricity" were first discovered. Six hundred years before the Christian era Thales wrote concerning the attraction which amber when rubbed possessed for dry and light bodies. But it is to an Englishman named Gilbert that we owe the word "electricity," which he derived from the Greek, and in his works—about 1600 A. D.—he discusses the form of the so called "child of Otto Von Guericke, of 'sulphur' celebrity, and many others after him continued the investigation of the subject.

At the beginning of the last century great attention was paid to the electric machine. The Leyden jar was, as its name indicates, discovered by Maschenbrock, of Leyden. Franklin made the first lightening discovery in 1750. Volta and Galvani, to whose invention we owe voltaic electricity and galvanism, and Faraday in more modern times, gave a great impetus to electrical science. The fact that electricity has been playing in the domestic history of the world since Faraday's death is probably known to the youngest of our readers. What the future of this agent may be we can only guess, for even now it may be said that electricity is in its infancy.

The Stars and Stripes.

It is related that the flag which was raised at Cambridge Jan. 1, 1776, by Washington was composed of thirteen red and white stripes, with the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew emblazoned on the blue canton in place of the stars. This flag was also carried by the fleet under command of Commander Esek Hopkins when it sailed from the Delaware on Feb. 17, 1776. In the following year, June 14, 1777, the continental congress passed a resolution "That the flag of the United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, that the Union be thirteen stars, white, on a blue field, representing a new constellation." How or by whom the idea of the star was first suggested is uncertain, although many are some who ascribe it to John Adams, while others claim the entire flag was borrowed from the coat of arms of the Washington family.

In this flag the stars were arranged in a circle, although no form was officially prescribed. It is supposed that the first display of the national flag at a military post was at Fort Schuyler, on the site of the village of Rome, Oneida county, N. Y. The fort was besieged early in the month of August, 1777, and the garrison were without a flag. So they made one according to the prescription of congress, cutting up sheets to form the white stripes, bits of scarlet cloth for the red stripes, and the blue ground of the stars was composed of portions of a cloth cloak belonging to Capt. Abraham Swarthout, of Dutchess county, N. Y., and the flag was unfurled Aug. 3, 1777

Characteristic Americanisms.

The number of absolutely new words introduced into the English language in America is remarkably small As an instance may be mentioned "caucus," for a secret political assembly This is a corruption of calk houses, a caulker's shed in Boston where the patriots before the Revolution had usually held their meetings. The several divisions of the United States have their characteristic Americanisms. In the New England states "ugly" is used for ill natured, and "guess" for a great variety of things; as to think, presume, suppose, etc. This use of guess is confined to New England.

The inhabitants of New York and the middle states employ "expect" in the same way, while those of the southern states "reckon" and those of the western states "calculate." Several words current in the middle states are of Dutch origin, as "loafer" for a vagabond, from the Dutch loopen, to run, and "boss" for a head workman or employer The verb "to fix" is made to do duty all over the country for expressing all kind of meanings. Other phrases might be cited, as "to figure," "to suppose, etc. This use of guess is confined to New England.

Apollo Belvedere.

The Apollo Belvedere, is one of the most perfect statues created by the sculptor's art—possibly the greatest existing work of antiquity Its origin and date are unknown, but various authorities ascribe to Agesias, Praxiteles and Calamis It was found in 1503 in the ruins of ancient Antium (now Porto di Anzo), and subsequently placed in the Belvedere of the Vatican (whence the name) by Pope Julius II, who had purchased it before his accession to the papacy The French removed it in 1797, but replaced it after 1815. When found the right hand and part of the arm and the left hand were wanting, they were restored by Angelo de Montorsoli, a pupil of Michael Angelo The statue represents the god at the moment of his victory over the Python. Apollo is of heroic size and nude. The left arm is extended, still holding the bow, while the right hand, which has just left the string, is near the hip The figure is muscular and joined with exquisite grace It shows the very perfection of manly beauty

Jewelry in Ancient Times.

It is somewhat curious to find, says The Horological Review, that about 800 B. C. Homer describes jewelry as worn by Cyprus as commonly as it is in the present day by a certain class of people. Several examples of bracelets, earrings and rings were found which are of bronze or copper, covered with a thin leaf of gold. With the passion possessed by these people for toilet every thing all personal ornaments signified more than their outward appearance suggested. Finger rings indicated power, because they were usually signets, but earrings meant servitude, bracelets recalled bondage, while the necklace, reminding one of a wreath of flowers thrown about the neck, tended rather toward an honorable disinction. Among the necklaces discovered in the treasure chamber at Cleonae, on the island of Cyprus, is one which represents lotus flowers.

The Loadstone or Magnet.

Ancient writers (Pliny, Homer and Aristotle) mentioned the existence of the magnet, and Humboldt refers to the knowledge of it possessed by the ancients. Pliny says "Iron magnet stone is found in Cantaria," and we have heard of the loadstones that are supposed to support Mohamet's coffin at Medina. The origin of this fable was probably owing to the order given by Ptolemy to his architect, Dinocrates. Ptolemy wished the roof of a temple at Arsinoe to be roofed with the magnet stone, so that the image of his sister Arsinoe should remain suspended in the air. But the death of the king put a stop to the project from there being obtained ores.

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Give them cash and you will get more for your money, and therefore will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Tea and Coffees. Herd ing all this to that effect. New Crop Tea at 25c., worth 40c. per doz. Try our 40c mixed Tea. Oolongs, Japans and Standard, 30c. per lb. Finest produced Elgin and Philadelphia creamery Butter 25c. Good Creamery, (as sold in most stores for 30c), 22c. lb.; Fresh-laid Dairy, 18c. lb.; Fresh Eggs, 20c. per doz. Cal. Prunes, 2 lbs. for 25c. Choice Evaporated Peaches, 10c. lb. Pearl Pa ent Flour, (has no equal), $4.25 bbl.; Pillsbury's Best XXXX, $4.75 bbl.; Best Sperm oil, 150 test, 10c. gal.; Sirup; Virginia Sweet Potatoes, 2c. bunch (3 to be had); Strawberries, 10c. box; Tomatoes, 10c. lb.

Call and get our prices before buying elsewhere.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we so few fully attests the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we don't advertise any second article in order to sell you a first class one. Please consider the public our full time right through. We will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we call for and deliver orders promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge. Us Barnabas this week and get a present worth several times the price.

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CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

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Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 69c.; Colored Moquettes, $1.25; Brussels, 90c.; Colored Worsted Binding, Black, Unfinished Mosquetaire, $1.95; Plush and Astrakhan Capes in endless variety at lowest prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets 95c. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 6-Button Colored Unfinished Mosquetaire, $1.20.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 8,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEAREST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS. LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THE GUESSES MUST BE IN BY OCTOBER 31st.

ROGERS BROS.,

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We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

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COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv, on the following terms:—

25c.	Coal Scuttle	will be given	with	each	$1.00 Sale.
20c.	"	"	"	"	1.95 "
25c.	"	"	"	"	1.50 "
40c.	"	"	"	"	2.00 "
50c.	"	"	"	"	2.60 "

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J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

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CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F F HELLWIG, at reasonable rates Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-14-tf.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made,

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and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

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Rheumatism,

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Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the most improved coal handling machinery enables us to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The trade has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 109. Orders may be left promptly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, OCTOBER 27. 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

1890	OCTOBER.					1890
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Congressional District,
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county,

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth,

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—Some people drink their tea and coffee together.

—Shoes are now made with rubber heels to prevent slipping.

—Raw onion juice is said to take the sting out of insect poison.

—The fair recently held by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Gaaang and Turning Society, for the benefit of the German school, netted $900.

—The adjourned annual meeting of the Women's Temperance Aid Society will be held in Reform Hall, on Tuesday, 28th inst., at three o'clock.

—To-morrow will be the last day on which you can register your name. If you value your vote, don't fail to see that your name is put upon the list.

—Three gory and terrific bill-board pictures of impossible Indians sculping mythical white men are the wonder and admiration of the small boy about town.

—The Registry Board will sit to-morrow from 7 a. m. until 9 p. m. If you have not already done so, avail yourself of this opportunity to register your name.

—The anniversary exercises of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held in Reform Hall on Thursday eve, the 30th, at 7.45. A cordial invitation is extended to every one.

—The members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting next Tuesday evening in the lecture room of the chapel.

—See that your name is on the registry list as no names were carried over from last year, and the house canvassers may have omitted your name. Register yourself. To-morrow is the last day.

—One of the largest audiences that has yet greeted the Lounge Bros., Dramatic and Comedy company, filled Amphion Hall Saturday evening, and the performance was one of the best that has taken place there this week. The audience loudly applauded every act.

—The city paid a lot of hard-earned dollars of the taxpayers in placing metal signs indicating the names of the street at every corner where needed. The taxpayers' small boys have mutilated the signs by tearing off letters and in some cases carrying away the letters altogether.

—About the middle of November, Post 73, G. A. R. of this city will hold a fair in aid of their relief fund. The detail in charge promises to make it the success of the season by the addition of several new features. A more worthy object, we venture to say will not be found for public favor.

—People who were walking towards Dunellen on East Front street Saturday night were treated to a brilliant sunset. The sky was laden and overcast, and the clouds motionless. Just above the horizon was a rift in the clouds, through which the sunset poured in the purest and most delicate white and yellow.

—Whatever tends to lessen the power of a good newspaper for good in the community is as wrong as whatever tends to increase the power of a bad newspaper for harm. And what applies to newspapers applies with equal force to worthy men or women in a community. Whatever tends to lessen their influence for good, and increase the power of the bad and unworthy, is a public calamity.

—There is a craze for masquerading among the little girls. The youngest daughter of a substantial man took the other day in company with the youngest daughter of a respected deacon, begging from door to door on the streets in gipsy costume. On Friday another party went up an aristocratic avenue in silk dress that may have been made by Worth. In the centre of the group was a little girl in white lace, and preceded and followed by bridesmaids and train bearers.

IT COST FIFTY DOLLARS.

A Colored Man Named Yatman Arrested A Policeman Saturday Night.

Saturday evening Policeman Kiely arrested a colored man who is employed as coachman by Mr. E. R. Stelle. On the way to the station house, the colored man assaulted the policeman to release the hold he had on his arm, stating that he would go along peacefully. The officer did so, but when near the corner of Park avenue and Second street the fellow had evidently forgotten his promise, and, with a cane that he was carrying in his hand, he struck Mr. Kiely a blow on the head that stunned him for the instant, then ran down Park avenue and escaped. The officer had recognized him, and early yesterday morning he visited Mr. Stelle's residence and re-arrested the man.

This morning, when arraigned before City Judge Codington, he gave his name as Robert Yatman. He was charged with disorderly conduct and with resisting an officer. After a severe reprimand, the judge imposed a fine of fifty dollars. The fine was paid.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mary Voorhees of Piscataway is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. W. E. Lane has returned to his home in this city after summering at Long Branch.

Mr. Frank Conde, Sr., has returned to his home on West Front street from a European trip.

Mr. A. C. Baldwin is improving his Park avenue property by the addition of curbing to the walks.

Judge Campbell of Pittsburg, Pa., has returned from a visit to Mr. Samuel Jacobus of East Front street.

Florence, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nightingale died at her home on Madison avenue yesterday.

Elizabeth V. Anderson, died at her house on West Third street early yesterday morning. The cause of death was general debility.

Messrs. William N. Runyon, Howard Huntington, and Charles H. Frost, all of this city, are in their Junior year at Yale University.

Miss Hattie Benedict, daughter of Superintendent Benedict of the Salvage Corps of Newark, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. James Huntington of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Wm. Mc D. Murray was yesterday afternoon installed superintendent of the Crescent avenue sunday school. A host of friends of the school were present to see the simple ceremony.

Mr. George H. Frost, editor of the Engineering News, is completing an addition to the rear of his residence at Broadway and Franklin avenue. The dining room has also been enlarged, and the attractiveness of the interior of the residence greatly added to.

Mr. Ernest Lambert, who has moved recently from out-of-town into a new house on Bay street, is a Jerseyman by birth. Unfortunately, the particular Jersey on which he was born happens to be the little island lying off the English coast. Mr. Lambert, however, has been so long identified with newspaper work in this country that he is an American in heart. His life has been an eventful one. He was a sailor in the early days of youth, and left the mast to wield the stenographer's pencils. He reported scientific lectures for the London newspapers till he became one of the corps of famous Parliamentary reporters. The Montreal Gazette imported him to Canada, but William Henry Hurlbut, then editor of the New York World, found out his abilities and transferred him to his staff. From New York he went to Panama to edit a newspaper printed in three languages, but discovering Central America to be wicker and woolier than the North, he came back to become the private secretary of Whitelaw Reid. He accompanied Mr. Reid to France, on the latter's appointment as Minister, but was compelled to return through ill health. He went to Chautauqua to recuperate and that was the beginning of the Chautauqua correspondence which the Tribune has made a specialty of. Mr. Lambert is now one of the editorial force of the Tribune

Tale of a Dog.

A bachelor in a Third street boarding house has a little terrier for a pet. He is very fond of it, and happening to miss it from his room a few nights since, he started on a search through the house. Repeated calls failed to bring the terrier to light, and with a lamp, and assisted by the entire force of borders he explored the cellar. The search was unavailing, and the bachelor was disconsolate. The other boarders sympathized with him, and when struck by a bright idea, he started out into the garden with the lamp, they followed in a procession. Near the bushes a gust of wind blew out the lamp, and left the party in perfect darkness.

There was a sound of stumbling and screaming as the boarders got lost in the garden and stripped over tomato vines and celery beds, and tumbled into the kitchen again in a confused heap. And in the kitchen was that wretched little dog, barking and yelping at them in glee.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. W. D. Murray will meet his class as usual at eight o'clock.

The Finance committee will meet at eight, and the Devotional committee at nine o'clock.

The trial under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be repeated to-night. Lawyers, prisoners and witnesses are requested to be present as early as possible.

The class in penmanship and book-keeping will be organized at 8 p. m. Accurate business knowledge, mixed with honesty, will give not few disastrous failures. Book-keepers writing a flourishing hand and is educated, covered with honesty, and they are at a premium. A $5 membership in the Association entitles to this and other privileges of the Association.

—The parade of the Westfield fire department will occur on November 6th.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL RATHER-LALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—

BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT IS NOW IN THE HANDS A SECONDARY EXPENSE.

—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO REVOLUTIONIZE INDUSTRIES AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

SCALE OF DUTIABLE LIST—PRICES OF NECESSARY EXPENSES WILL NOT BE INCREASED.—A FULL EXPLANATION OF WHERE THE INCREASED DUTIES FALL.

Now, as to the goods that remain on the dutiable list, the Republican party undertakes to say:

1st.—That the effect of its changes in rate, will be in no case to increase the cost to the American consumer of a single article which can with any propriety be called a necessary household expense.

2d.—That, so far as increased cost to retail buyers is concerned, the people will never know that a tariff bill has been passed.

3d.—That all this Democratic talk about "increased taxation to the people" is nothing but downright falsehood.

4th.—That the consumer will appreciate the existence of a new tariff law only by its results in the reduction of his necessary household expenses.

Undoubtedly many rates have been raised; many reduced as they were. But the claims just made are established by the fact that every increased rate must be placed in one of these five classes:

First, That which consists in the correction of errors. This is a small class, rendered necessary by the inequality in rates between the raw material and the manufactured article, or by Treasury Department regulations, or by a failure in the language of previous acts to express the congressional will clearly and accurately. The interests of the consumer are affected by this class, if at all, only in an infinitesimal degree.

Second, That which consists in the revision of ad valorem rates where, by reason of the great fall in prices, they have lost their protective value. This is also a small class. It has resulted largely from new and improved machinery, and from the great fall in transportation prices, so that the moderate ad valorem levied in former tariffs no longer possesses any protective strength, but stands less by from thirty to seventy-five per cent. than it signified when originally levied.

Third, Agricultural products. An important and general increase in duties has been provided for all farm products. The tariff of 1883 has been found by experience wholly inadequate for the protection of the farmer. Although, under the protective system, his expenses for necessary supplies, such as farm implements, hardware, clothing, crp-goods and groceries has been constantly decreasing, he has failed to obtain for his own products a fair living price. Importations of farm products into the United States have increased from $40,000,000 in 1850 to $280,000,000 in 1889. The purpose of the McKinley bill is to check this importation, and to hold the American market for the American farmer.

Fourth, Luxuries, whether their like is produced here or not. Champagnes, brandies and cigars are illustrations of this class. The theory upon which the articles are made to pay a heavy duty is conceded to be correct, even by the advocates of a "revenue tariff." It insists that people who can afford such indulgences can afford to contribute through them to the support of the Government.

Fifth, That class of fine manufactured goods hitherto not produced in this country. The American market for these goods has hitherto been given over to foreigners. They constitute the largest and by far the most important of these five classes. They include such articles as fine laces, fine linens, the finest grades of woolen goods, of satins and velvets and the most highly decorated pottery. The want of protection is the only thing that has stood in the way of the manufacture of these goods in America. Into their manufacture the element of cheap labor enters enormously, and it is the Republican party's proposition, by imposing such a tariff on the foreign article as will make up for the difference between the price of labor here, and the price of labor abroad, to enable our people to enter into this new field of manufacture.

To one of these five classes every increased duty in the McKinley bill must be assigned.

Surveying a Railroad Route.

For some days a corps of engineers has been working between New Brunswick and Woodbridge on the east, and Millstone on the west. The men are very reticent and refuse to tell for whom they are working, though they say they are not employed by the Railroad men. From people residing along the route they have been over, it is learned that they started near Harrison Station, on the Bound Brook route, and are running by way of New Brunswick and Woodbridge to the Lehigh Valley and Ohio Railroad bridge over the Arthur Kill. This leads to the impression that the survey is being made in the interest of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, which is anxious for a short line from Philadelphia to New York, and this route is several miles shorter than the Pennsylvania route, or the Bound Brook route which is at present being used by the Baltimore and Ohio. New York papers this morning, however, say that the contract for the survey will cover great distances at this point to supply the Stelle with oil.

—A certain portion of Bound Brook is known as Little Italy. It is inhabited almost entirely by Italians.

FOR MUTUAL AID.

A Society Formed Among the Employees of the Pond Machine Tool Works.

Some time ago a convention of the employees of the Pond Machine Tool Works was held in the Works, the result of which was the formation of a society known as "The Pond Machine Tool Works Mutual Aid Association." The following officers were then elected: President, Mr. Donald McInnis; Vice President, Mr. Fred. Wharton; Secretary, Mr. H. C. Larned; Treasurer, Mr. Wm. Stone; Financial Secretary, Mr. Robt. Slaughter.

As soon as the officers of the Pond Machine Tool Works heard of the organization they gave $100 to help the cause along.

At the present writing there is in the treasury $900.

The initiation fee is 50 cents; monthly dues 25 cents. Upon the death of a member, an assessment of 50 cents is levied. The total amount collected is given to the beneficiary or directed by the policy holder, whether widow, mother, sister, brother or child of deceased.

The Association has 200 members and the officers are constantly receiving new applications.

For business manager they have Mr. J. T. Vaglant, an energetic and experienced worker, to whose efforts much of the success of the Association is due.

To Reduce the License Fees.

The Executive Committee of the New Jersey State Liquor Dealers' Association met at Taylor's Hotel, Jersey City, on Thursday last, and agreed that they must present a bill to the next Legislature to reduce the fees which local courts and municipal authorities may now charge for licenses.

The liquor interest is greatly oppressed (?) in these business, although there are no signs that it is anywhere going to ruin, and they have, therefore, decided to enter the political field in dead earnest to have the present license law amended to suit them better.

During the sitting of the Executive Committee, Sheriff Bob Davis appeared, and said, according to the report in the Democratic newspapers in Jersey City: "If the Liquor Dealers' Association will support the Democratic nominations this Fall, I will deliver to you the Democratic votes of the members of assembly elected in this county, to help you pass this bill."

While it is said the committee took no immediate action in reference to Sheriff Davis' proposition, they did resolve that it was "for the advantage of the liquor dealers to have a Democratic Legislature." Of course they made this resolution, and of course they will help elect the Democratic Assemblymen in Jersey City. In fact, if Jersey City Democratic politicians were divorced from the whisky ring, there would not be a great deal left of them.

Mischievous Stony Brook Confined.

A valuable improvement is under way at the junction of Richmond and Seventh streets. The brick culvert through which Stony Brook flows under the road is being widened several feet each side, and solid stone walls arched over will support the roadway over the brook. The culvert is now of a short trust from Richmond street to Putnam avenue, the brook now runs between stone walls through the improved portion of the city. At Randolph road, the bridge washed away by the freshets has been replaced. The road below the bridge, between the marsh lands, has been built up again on a solid log foundation, while the part of the road above the bridge has been cut down. Carriages to Hillside Cemetery can now travel Randolph road with perfect safety.

New Market News.

Twenty-five years ago Mrs. Abram Nelson, then a resident of Basking Ridge, but now residing at New Market, accidentally ran a needle, about an inch long, into one of her fingers. Last Monday she felt something like a bee-sting paining her in the fleshy part of her arm near her shoulder. She was very much surprised on examining it to find the point of the needle protruding. With the aid of Dr. Waglow the needle was extracted. It looked as bright as a new one.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Warner have returned to their New Market home from a pleasant visit to Shingle House, Pa.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

October, 1890.	7 a. m.	12 m.	3 p. m.	7 p. m.
1. Wednesday	59	61	70	65
2. Thursday	59	64	68	62
3. Friday	56	64	70	64
4. Saturday	59	65	71	64
5. Sunday	59	64	70	64
6. Monday	59	64	70	64
7. Tuesday	59	64	70	64
8. Wednesday	59	64	70	64
9. Thursday	59	64	70	64
10. Friday	59	64	70	64
11. Saturday	59	64	70	64
12. Sunday	59	64	70	64
13. Monday	59	64	70	64
14. Tuesday	59	64	70	64
15. Wednesday	59	64	70	64
16. Thursday	59	64	70	64
17. Friday	59	64	70	64
18. Saturday	59	64	70	64
19. Sunday	59	64	70	64
20. Monday	59	64	70	64
21. Tuesday	59	64	70	64
22. Wednesday	59	64	70	64
23. Thursday	59	64	70	64
24. Friday	59	64	70	64
25. Saturday	59	64	70	64
26. Sunday	59	64	70	64
27. Monday	59	64	70	64

To the Ladies of Plainfield!

I am making a specialty of Children's dresses, and have now ready a number of suits for Misses of all ages. These suits are artistic in design, and of the best material and make. An early call is solicited.

Miss M. E. Braxmeyer,
21-1w 58 West Front street.

Cents-a-Word Column.

75 LOADS fine manure for sale. W. O. Baldwin, 200 Somerset street. 21-6

COOK and laundress wanted. Reference required. Mrs. A. C. Vail, 10 West Front street. 20-tf

FOUR ROOMS to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 20-1wt

FOR RENT—Small cottage of six rooms on East Third street. Enquire of A. G. Thorn. 20-1wt

FOR SALE—A handsome driving mare, 5 years old, sound and kind. Also a fine road cart, in single and double harness; can be seen at D. McCarthy's, Belmont avenue, North Plainfield. 20-3t

FOR SALE—Union Bicycle. Safety pattern. Guaranteed condition. No reasonable offer refused. Address "D," care of EVENING NEWS. 17-tf

FOR RENT—Small house. Rent cheap. Location good. Possession immediate. "H," Look Box L. 10-27tf

DOG LOST—Strayed Friday, Oct. 24th, a fox terrier, white and black spots. Fair reward will be paid for her return to Wilson Place, 34 Kensington avenue. 10-27tf

LOST—Saturday, between the depot and Mortier avenue, a gentleman's valise. Finder please return to 39 Mortier avenue. 27-2

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Long tail; four weeks old. Answers to the name of "Eddie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. M. Stuart, 180 East Front street. No questions asked. 27-1w*

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a white bull terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 19-tf

THE Union County Standard, Westfield, New Jersey, inserts "want" advertisements, one cent a word. 10-30-7-om-w

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 15 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED—Cook and housework. Call at 121 West Front street. 9-14-tf

WANTED—One or two respectable young men to board. Nice furnished rooms, 108 Sumnit avenue.

WANTED — Small lathe, must be cheap. Address "Lathe" care of EVENING NEWS

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. References. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1565, N. Y. 2-12 m-4 1y

WANTED—Dumping clean material only, at Harberger's Orchard, West Front street. 27-2

WANTED—A colored girl for general housework in a family of two. Call at 9 Third place. 27-2

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property in exchange for $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property, $2,000. Value, $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class modern house, this is an unusual opportunity. "Equity," care of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. 15-12tf

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 97 East Third street. 10-9-m

ALL STENOGRAPHERS in Plainfield or vicinity, who would like to form a Stenographic Association for mutual help and benefit in the practice of the art, are requested to meet in the Senior Class Room of the High School, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 28th.

CLAIRVOYANT Dr. Wells has but two weeks longer, and will have Wednesday, Nov. 5. She can be seen from nine to nine o'clock, as usual, at the City Hotel, room 5. 22-tf

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Prof. Segadlo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to leave their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc., address L. F. Segadlo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-12*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons as residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood!" is a favorite motto. Best of references; testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures, in fact from all who have employed me. I can perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For terms and further particulars call or address write to Prof. L. Virour, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 392. 10-3tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and crocuses for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse sash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 92 West Front street.

HUNTERS, ATTENTION! Double barreled breech-loading guns for $6 and up, at Dreier & Newcomb's, 6 West Front street. 21-6

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and gentleman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glass jars, fine teas, &c., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammonuition.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Nicholas H. Heidelauf and John J. Heidelauf, under the firm of N. H. & J. H. Heidelauf was dissolved on the 20th day of October, 1890, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said copartnership are to be paid to the said John J. Heidelauf, and all demand against the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 20th, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELAUF,
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELAUF.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against Frances Bennett are hereby notified to present the same to me before October 30th, next, or be forever barred. NELSON HUNTON, Attorney, 2 East Front St., Plainfield, N. J. 17-6 end

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS repaired, cleaned and copied; engravings, pictures frames to order and repaired; silver and antique articles cleaned and repaired; gilding and bronzing done. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-18-3m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful colors for fall foliage; also BULBS for spring. HIGH AND DRY, where evergreens do best. Descriptive catalogue mailed free. Address Parsons & Co., Flushing, N. Y. 9-25-1y

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic. The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

WE HAVE AN OIL GRAIN SHOE FOR $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE OIL GRAIN " " $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " (High cut) $4.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " (Hand welt) $6.00

The latter are just the things for Gentlemen who go to the city every day, who do not want to wear rubbers. If bought in New York they would cost $7 and $8.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
20 W. FRONT STREET.
(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks ever displayed in Plainfield. Have you seen that Border Jacket for Children, that we are offering for $1.70. 'Tis a little beauty.

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, then we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Those 36-inch Mohair Dress Goods are just the thing for Children's School Dresses. Ask to see them. Price 19c.

There is a special good Bargain in Table Linen for this week. 10 pieces, 70 inches wide, 55c. per yard. Value 75c.

Do you know that we can and will save you money on Winter Underwear.

When in the Store look through our Cloak Department, second floor.

There is everything in Tinware, Crockery and Glassware in our House Furnishing Goods Department.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, sells them.

Buy a new Broom, 13c.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

BUY THE
GARLAND AND BARSTAW
Stoves and Ranges
and save 20 per cent., at
Chas. F. Denckla's,
76 West Front Street.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice

"75c."

KID GLOVES, in five-button length, new and desirable shades.

We have sold them a good while, and can recommend them to wear well.

FOSTER PAUL & CO.'S Kid Gloves.
"William" 7-hooks "Foster" 7-hooks
HARRIS'S Kid Gloves in different qualities and styles.

We sell them at the same prices as in New York.

THE FUR SHOULDER CAPE is a much prized article among the ladies, and can be had at Our House in a variety of kinds, at New York prices.

WOOL blankets and comfortables will be needed now. Our assortment is complete and the prices the lowest.

YOU can buy the better quality of goods at Edsall's at about the same price as the poor cheap goods are usually sold for.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.
Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.
Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.
Greatest Stove on Earth
A Fine line of Fall and Winter stock on hand
Horse Blankets and Robes

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
and save 20 per cent., at
Choice Timothy Seed.
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING
A. M GRIFFEN
Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street

It is often a matter of
LIFE OR DEATH
to have a Prescription Compounded with
Celerity and Accuracy
To do this you should take it to the
MOY PHARMACY CO.,
Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

To the Public!
Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the
AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.
The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains rednisned equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.
American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.
H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

AUCTION SALE.

of Furniture, Carpets, etc., on
Tuesday October 28, at 2 o'clock
at No. 1 Madison avenue, 2 sofas, easy chair, upholstered rockers, wood rockers, oak library table, B. W. Hat stand, marble top centre table, 2 bureaus and bagrain carpets, bedding, clocks, bedsteads, bureaus, sewing machines, hanging lamps, kitchen utensils and numerous other articles.

T. J. GILLIES, Auc'r.

Should the day prove stormy the sale will be held the first clear day after.

MUSIC HALL. M. E. A.
Wednesday, Oct. 29.
The Sterling Artists
HARDY and VON LEER.
And their sufficient company, will present the Military Melodrama,
On the Frontier.
Now in the fourth season of its success. Bristly scenery, spectacular effects, songs and dances, and roars of laughter. Has two acts crowded into 2 1-2 hours before. Watch for the pictorial parade on the streets of the only Golden Horse Band in the world. One of the finest illuminated fireworks parade at 7 p. m. Special and last engagement in this city prior to the Holidays.
PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.
Seats on sale Saturday

Died.

NIGHTINGALE—In this city Sunday Oct. 26, 1890, Florence, infant daughter of Charles F. and Eleanor W. Nightingale, aged 7 months 10 days.

Funeral services from the residence of her parents, 43 Madison avenue, Tuesday Oct. 28, at 2 p. m. Interment at Easton, Pa.

ANDERSON—In this city, Sunday, Oct. 26th, Elizabeth Victoria Anderson, aged 67 years. The funeral will take place from her late home, 32 West Third street, Tuesday, Oct. 28th, at ten o'clock a. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend. New Brunswick papers please copy.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J., LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 67.

To Prevent Strikes.

Sir William T. Leyte has elaborated a plan for the prevention of industrial strikes, which plan he and others believe will be effective. The main idea is to blend the interest of both workmen and those who hire them so inextricably that strikes will be impossible. A man could hardly be persuaded to strike against himself.

Sir William proposes to form an association to which shall belong both employers and employes. He recognizes the equal right of employes to have something to say about the hours and prices for labor. The business of the organization shall be transacted by a board of directors chosen in equal numbers from employers and employes. Something is to be conceded to capital. This joint committee is to be nominated by the members of each party from its own side. The joint committee will absolutely and without appeal settle all matters in which differences of opinion might arise.

Some of the things to be regulated by the joint directory are these: Wages, hours of labor and the division of labor into classes of service. Both employers *and employes will sign written contracts* containing specifications, which must in all cases be faithfully observed. The committee will determine beyond power of appeal, when wages shall be raised or lowered. Being composed of both employers and those they hire it is reasonable to suppose the interests of both will be watched.

The plan also embraces an insurance fund, to the maintenance of which both employers and employes contribute.

American Railways.

On British railways the number of locomotive engines averages eighty to the mile of road. In the United States there are only nineteen to the mile. Our engines travel over such long lines of road that more are not needed. The more thickly populated districts of Europe require short roads branching in all directions, with frequent trains.

Thirty billion dollars represent the world's capital invested in railways. Of this half is owned in Europe. There $115,000 is invested, upon the mile of ways, while in America and elsewhere the figures are $60,000 to the mile. To get returns according to the capital in vested railway fares in Europe ought to be higher than in the United States, but quite the reverse is the case.

In the past four years 40,000 miles of track have been laid in America, and 30,000 in the United States alone. During the same time 24,000 miles of track were laid in Europe, 10,000 miles in Asia, 5,000 in Africa and 10,500 in Australia. Total 87,500 miles.

If John Crerar could be alive again for ten minutes he would learn what the newspapers have been trying to teach mankind for a generation, and that is the utter futility of leaving large sums of money by will to be disposed of for philanthropic purposes. John Crerar left nearly $2,000,000 to be used in charity and religion, among other things to build the "John Crerar library," named for himself of course. But his heirs, some of whom live in Chicago, others in Ontario, are of opinion that charity begins at home. A number of lawyers who are anxious to see strict justice done will fight the bequest for the heirs. By this strife there is likely to be lawyers what is left of that three millions you can put in your hat. Moral, old as the hills: When you want a thing done do it yourself.

At Pittsburg the committee of Presbyterians to revise the Westminster Confession of Faith is in session. Since 1649 this confession has been held by Presbyterians second in authority only to the Bible itself, yet now it must be revised to meet the altered spirit of the time. Burning local questions creep somewhat into the articles of the Presbyterian creed 240 years ago which have no longer any significance. Human judgment is not so severe, either, as it was when death was the penalty for stealing, and the milder views are reflected in modern theology.

Professor Emil Fischer has succeeded in putting together the raw materials and making a fair article of grape sugar, otherwise glucose. It costs more to make it in that way, however, than to let it grow by the natural process.

IN HONOR OF VON MOLTKE

Nineteth Anniversary of the Great Field Marshal.

GERMANY'S TRIBUTE TO HER HERO

The "Man of Blood and Iron" Sends a Greeting to the "Alte Kreiger" Veterans in America—How the Old Warrior Looks at His Very Advanced Age.

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—On Sunday, Oct. 26, Count Von Moltke, the "man of blood and iron," celebrated his ninetieth birthday, and Berlin and all Germany are honoring the distinguished old warrior. Sunday day afternoon the festivities began with a torchlight procession. Berlin has seen no such outburst of true military enthusiasm since William the Victorious entered the city in 1871 at the head of his troops, just returned from the war. Forty thousand Berliners marched from the Spree to the column of victory loudly calling on Von Moltke to *"Live forever."* *Unter den Linden* was illuminated and draped with Prussian and Imperial flags.

A Laurel Wreath of Silver.

The march was opened by veterans from all over the empire. Then came the great bulk of the Berliners, divided up into brigades from the various electoral districts with all their political differences for the moment forgotten in paying honor to the great soldier. On reaching the building of the general staff, where the

VON MOLTKE.

field marshal, surrounded by every corps commander in the empire, stood with uncovered head, a committee of art students presented the count with a laurel wreath of solid silver, for which he spoke a few words of thanks.

The Sunday Ceremonies.

Sunday morning the Teachers' Choral society serenaded Count Von Moltke, who afterwards received the congratulations of his relatives and the officials of the general staff. At 11:30, in the presence of the emperor, the guards and cuirassiers, with colors flying, marched before the staff officers, where Von Moltke is residing. The veteran field marshal stood bareheaded on the balcony. The colors were taken to the front, and Prince Bismarck, Chancellor Von Caprivi, the Russian general, Kutusseow, and the Austrian deputation, assembled in the great hall. Count Von Waldersee then entered leading Count Von Moltke, the general staff following, and all tendered their congratulations to the veteran. In the afternoon Herr Von Forckinbeck, burgomaster of Berlin, at the head of the municipal authorities, presented the municipal testimonial of 50,000 marks as a gift in the name of Count Von Moltke to the almshouses established and supported by the late Emperor William. Deputations from Munich, Breslau, Konigsberg Chemnitz and Memel presented to the venerable field marshal *the freedom of* their respective cities.

To Buy His Old Home.

A deputation representing Mecklenburg presented a sum of money subscribed to purchase for Von Moltke the house in which he was born at Parchlin, and also a portfolio of views of his birthplace. The czar, the king of Sweden, the sultan of Turkey, Prince Bismarck, the Prince of Wales and others sent their congratulations by telegraph. In the evening the count went to Potsdam on the imperial train, where a banquet was given in his honor in the hall of shells. The king of Saxony sat at the right of Von Moltke and the empress sat on his left, the emperor occupying the place opposite him.

How Von Moltke Looks.

A correspondent of The New York Herald who interviewed the old warrior, thus describes him: Through the forest, about 200 yards from the castle, seated on a bench, I perceive the object of my visit. It is Von Moltke, there can be no mistake, *though a frieze jacket, such as foresters wear*, has taken the place of the military tunic in which I last saw him. His tall, gaunt figure following with sad step the remains of his emperor from the Dom to the Brandenburger Thor through the streets of Berlin, and conquered as I tell him how much The Herald would esteem a few words from him.

His Greeting to America.

"The Herald is very kind," said the marshal "I am very happy to welcome his representative in Kreisau. But everything I have had to say I have said years ago. Here at Creisau, surrounded by my family happy in the consciousness of having done my duty, I am glad to be left undisturbed in the stormy times in which my generation was called upon to live. I, in the evening of life, am awaiting the things that are to come. If The Herald thinks it would give pleasure, or imagines that in presenting my compliments to my friends who still remember old Von Moltke—why, I beg the editor to be so kind as to say that, entering on my ninety-first year, I wish their country well. Especially I would send my good wishes to those of our able Kreiger veterans who, after having done their duty by Vaterland, have gone over to the New World seeking and finding new homes and a happier future. Tell them that I never forget Vaterland as Vaterland will never fail to remember its worthy sons.

The Count at His Career.

"I have always said that it did not seem to me that my life was a fit subject for pictures or description. Like every Prussian officer, from the highest to the lowest, my life has been one of strict obedience to duty, generously—more than generously—rewarded by the broad promotion of my career. In 1835, when I wrote Kaiser Wilhelm that as I could no longer almost a horse I was forced to resign as chief of the general staff, my public career ceased, though as head of the general staff committee for the defense of the empire my personal influence before me an opportunity of doing still what work I can for the good of my country. But when this duty, such it is done, there is very much pleasure to think over. I can still be of use, my time is spent in communing with the great spirits of antiquity, those who have gone before and in teaching the old form of my nephew growing up to be stalwart, [illegible] boys, to serve, I hope, under the black and white banner for the glory of Germany.

Not a Believer in Peace.

"Do you believe in the coming of universal peace?

"No, I do not. Man is unfortunately a belligerent animal. Individual life is responsible for existence; and so, consequently, during the last century, the world has been almost in a state of war.

"But, perhaps, all this will change?

"Let us hope so, as it is certain that it is not growing better as the last few words.

MOBILE'S FIERCE FIRE.

The City Swept by a Disastrous Conflagration.

THE LOSS WILL EXCEED $500,000.

Many Cotton Warehouses, Three Steamers, Freight Cars, an Oil Mill and Other Valuable Property Licked Up by the Flames—The Worst Fire Since the War.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 27.—A fire began about 12:40 o'clock Sunday afternoon and was reached in the most disastrous conflagration that Mobile has had since the war. The fire began in a shingle mill and factory near the river front, just inside the corporate boundary of the city limits. A strong wind from the northeast, perhaps a twenty mile breeze, was blowing, and the flames soon communicated to the cotton warehouse which line the river front from Beauregard street, the northern boundary, southward six blocks, and from the river inland 1270. Within the camp were seen *many distinguished soldiers*. Another tableau represented various types of soldiers, from which were seen Bavarian huntsmen, Baden and Saxon soldiers. Appropriate music was also rendered.

The festivities will continue to-night at the Metropolitan Opera house, when the programme will be of greater importance. Among those who witnessed the tableaux at the Academy were Carl Schurz, George Ehret, Coronor Levy, Count Alex Niemann and George Steinway.

Who Is Brutal "Marse Herbert?"

DETROIT, Oct. 27.—About a week ago there came to Detroit a colored girl, whose appearance indicated that she was a South Sea Islander. She was scarcely able to speak, knowing at first of the language as a 5-year-old child. From what she could tell it was understood that she had been kept in slavery on a large farm a few miles from New York and had been subjected to an unheard of treatment, being whipped for every trivial offense. She finally managed to escape, and with a large number of pennies hoarded up during her slavery, which were given her, showed many marks of abuse, even her tongue being striped and swollen. While out looking for work the girl fell on the street in a fit. A physician discovered that her body is a mass of sores and bruises, and that the girl may die. She continually cries out, "Oh, I want dat; me wants dis." She calls her former master by the name of "Marse Herbert."

Two Men Met Death.

BRADFORD, Pa., Oct. 27.—At 4 o'clock Sunday, near Beechtree Junction, on the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia railroad, engine 82 was pulling a heavy coal train up a steep grade. The train broke in two, the forward end being carried over the summit of the hill and down into Beechtree, a distance of two miles. This section of the train was there sidetracked, and Engineer Cole returned back after the other section. When half way up the hill the men he was after came down the grade and crashed into the engine. The tender and each were wrecked and Casey was caught between the tender and boiler. His left leg was ground to a pulp. Fireman Fitzpatrick and Conductor Crawford escaped by jumping. Brakeman Laird, who was riding on the engine, was caught and terribly mangled about the body. Casey died of his injuries at 12 o'clock. Laird lingered until 4 o'clock before death relieved him.

An Asphalt Company's Property Attached

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 27.—All the machinery, stock and fixtures of the Asphalt Block company, in the lower part of this city, were levied on in execution by the sheriff Saturday. R. S. Newbold & Son, of the Eagle Iron works, Norristown, Pa., obtained the judgment, which was taken out in the Camden circuit. The writ was given by the Asphalt company as security for the payment of the machinery, which was originally furnished by the Eagle Iron works. Part of this debt has been paid; the amount now due and owing is $4,364.30. The company has works at Bridgeport, Norristown and Newcastle, Pa.

A Tariff Union Against Us Improbable.

PARIS, Oct. 27.—M. Delaneix, a member of the budget committee of the chamber of deputies, said in an interview on the report in circulation that Germany, Austria and Italy were forming a tariff union against the United States, that France could only join such a combination in the event of Great Britain also entering. As this is highly improbable the scheme will be futile without England's assent, as any tariff union against America would necessarily become according to an expression of Prince Bismarck "a zero sounded ago on such an eventuality, a continental blockade.

Vassar Students' Aid Society.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—At the annual meeting of the Vassar Students' Aid society the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. J. R. Kendrick, of Poughkeepsie; vice presidents, Professor Maria Leach, '85, *Vassar college*; secretary, Miss Alice Hayes, Cambridge, Mass.; treasurer, Mrs. Martin Stanton Makay, Boston. The following scholarships were announced: General society, $200; Brooklyn branch, $100; Boston branch, $100.

Buffalo Beer Goes Up.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 27.—A petition signed by 1,200 saloon keepers has been presented to the Brewers' association which induced that body to agree to sell no more beer to four and three cent dealers. This was the direct outcome of a raise in the price of beer, occasioned, so the brewers allege, by the increased duties on Canadian barley and foreign hops.

He Was Wandering Fast Asleep.

PATRONVILLE, Cal., Oct. 27.—A sawmill and cabin owned by White & Co. Hart burned here. Two young men slept in the cabin, and the body of one, Frank Soto, was found among the timbers and the other boy, Charlie Mangaman, was found wandering around the hills fast asleep.

Confectionery Cremated.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—The wholesale confectionery and baking establishment of Robert C. Miller, Nos. 1,708 and 1,710 Wylie street, this city, caught fire from some unknown cause and was totally destroyed. The loss on building and stock, $25,000; partly insured.

Suffocated by Gas.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 27.—Sheppard Stokes, aged 60, a gas inspector, was suffocated by gas while inspecting a meter in the cellar at No. 4,529 Penn street.

Maryland's Population.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The population of the state of Maryland, as shown by the census office, is 1,040,393; an increase over the census of 1880 of 105,393.

SHOT BY A GAMBLER.

Ex-Alderman Whelan of Chicago Shot in a Restaurant.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Ex-Alderman William P. Whelan was fatally shot at an early hour Sunday morning by Faro Dealer Hathaway. Between 4 and 4:30 o'clock Ex-Alderman Whelan and Alderman William P. Whelan sat down to take an early breakfast with Matt Hogan in the latter's restaurant at No. 1,000 State street. They had just begun to eat when a gambler named George Hathaway came stalking through the room and stopped immediately in front of the table at which Whelan and Hogan were seated. Without

Hathaway, who was intoxicated, made some remarks, apparently offensive, when Whelan sprang to his feet and advanced. Hathaway at once pulled a heavy 44-caliber revolver and fired, the ball going through Whelan's left groin and out at his back, imbedding itself in the wall. Whelan was taken to the Michael Reese hospital, where he died at 3:15 Sunday afternoon. At a late hour Hathaway was arrested by Officers Trebera and McDonald and lodged in the central station.

A HORSE RUNS AMUCK.

One Woman Was Killed and Two Others Dangerously Injured.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—A team of spirited horses driven by J. Adolph Mollenhauer became frightened and ran away on Lexington avenue, Brooklyn, Sunday, throwing out Mr. Mollenhauer and breaking his leg. The horses then ran into Mrs. Maria L. Robinson, aged 60, and her daughter Ida, aged 23, killing the former and fracturing the skull of the latter.

The horse then knocked down Miss Helen Waite, fracturing several of her ribs. It is feared Miss Robinson is fatally injured.

Mr. Cleveland's Magnetism.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Since his sojourn at the Arlington Hotel, Grover Cleveland has had but little time to himself. The ex-president's magnetism seems to cling to him, and all of his intimate friends, as well as those who are not included in that number, have taken advantage of the opportunity to pay their respects. During his first day here Mr. Cleveland was compelled to deny himself to visitors in order to arrange the case upon which he will today submit an argument before the supreme court of the United States. Since that time he has been almost constantly engaged in receiving friends. Mr. Cleveland has little to say upon political topics. He appears to be thoroughly content in his law practice, and says that he is enjoying perfect health, as is also Mrs. Cleveland. Dr. Sunderland, the ex-president's Washington pastor, was among the many persons who have called.

Bishop Hurst Home Again.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Bishop Hurst, of the Methodist Episcopal church, has reached home after having crossed the Atlantic five times within as many months. The bishop is very enthusiastic over the proposed Methodist university which is to be located near Washington. The project will be one of the most important which will be considered by the bishops at their meeting, which begins this week. Bishop Hurst feels that the money for the site —$100,000—will be secured during the coming winter. Already between $45,000 and $50,000 have been subscribed. He believes also that there is a general inclination in the city to encourage the institution, for while the Methodist church will be behind it the character of the high class of instruction will be liberal enough not to exclude students of any denomination.

To Celebrate Thurman's Anniversary.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 27.—R. S. Smith, president of the Iroquois club, Chicago, writes that a delegation of fifty members will attend the Thurman anniversary banquet Nov. 13. Senator John G. Carlisle has accepted an invitation to respond to the toast, "The American Statesman," on that occasion.

Thompson Park,

NO. 13 EAST FRONT STREET.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros. Dunlaberre. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Estey, Mason & Hamlin

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CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

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Tuning and Repairing a specialty

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

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Also a receiver of FRESH

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THE LATEST STYLES

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FALL AND WINTER

Suits and Overcoats

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All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

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Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

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NEW STORE.

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Fine Groceries,

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DRINK TUB THREE B TEA.

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PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.

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Suits from **$18** up.

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OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of 25 cts or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE FLOOD COMMISSION.

Grave Charges Made Against It by a Newspaper.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATIONS.

A New York Journal Says That While $5,989,167.57 Were Contributed for the Sufferers Only Received $3,225,857 of the Fund.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—A special to The Herald from Johnstown, Pa., says: The great flood at Johnstown occurred on May 31, 1889. It involved the loss of upward of 2,000 lives and the destruction of $6,000,000 in value of individual property. In all 25,000 survivors homeless and temporarily destitute, many of them crippled or prostrated by exposure and suffering.

The sympathy of the civilized world was aroused by this frightful calamity, and within a few days nearly $5,000,000 was contributed in money for the relief of these unfortunates, besides other millions in provisions, clothing and general supplies. Exactly $6,289,167.57 of this magnificent contribution of money was given as a general fund, to be distributed, without limitation or restriction, for the immediate relief of the sufferers.

Grave Charges Made.

Of this vast sum the afflicted people were permitted to receive but $3,225,857 in money. The remaining sum of $1,063,310 were variously alienated in passing from the donors to the intended beneficiaries. Nearly $350,000 of it was appropriated by the state government, $250,000 were appropriated, without authority, to relieve distress in other parts of the state; $75,000 were appropriated to build elegant, permanent bridges a year and a half after the disaster to replace temporary ones previously provided from this charity fund.

Where the Money Went.

Just $60,000 went to purchase new steam fire engines for the municipality and $30,000 were expended during the present year in exhuming the buried victims of the flood, gathering them from the several burial places in the valley and reburying them in a grand cemetery, and other thousands are to be paid for a monument already ordered. Forty thousand dollars was set apart to establish a permanent hospital after all the injured by the flood had been discharged from medical or surgical care.

As undetermined or unannounced sum is appropriated to defray the cost of writing and publishing a history of the great calamity, upon which a professor in the University of Pennsylvania is now engaged.

Pennsylvania's Alleged Disgrace.

Other thousands were squandered among contractors, superintendents, overseers, clerks and other dependents and favorites of the dominant political party in Pennsylvania. The record is one replete with evidences of maladministration, political corruption, robbery and jobbery well calculated to heap disgrace upon the state of Pennsylvania and discourage a similar demonstration of public generosity should be occasioned by its display ever again unfortunately occur.

Did Politics Enter the Question?

The Herald correspondent claims that the entire work was under control of Republicans and that the fund "was turned to the material advantage of the adherents of that particular party, and that the patronage, perquisites and profits derived from the manipulation of the vast fund inured to the benefit of the friends of M. S. Quay and the politicians who figure conspicuously in the affairs of the Keystone state."

The Herald publishes a four column attack on the commissioners and gives figures to substantiate its allegations that a large part of the fund was mismanaged, misappropriated or actually stolen. Further "revelations" are promised.

A Big Coke Strike Threatened.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 27.—The officials of the H. C. Frick Coke company will be notified Tuesday by President J. B. Rae, of the United Mine Workers of America, that unless the committeemen and others of the United Workers are reinstated who have recently been discharged without cause all the men in the employ of the company will be called out. The customary six days will be allowed for the officials of the company to reply. If they fail to accede to the demands of the United Mine Workers it is probable that 10,000 men employed by the Frick company will be on a strike throughout the coke region on Nov. 4. Other companies may also be affected by the strike.

The Passengers Escaped.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 27.—Passenger train No. 9 on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad was delayed by the freight wreck near Oxford. The passengers were transferred to a train east of the blockade and carried to Hamilton. There a short train was made up and started out "wild." Three or four miles this side of Hamilton it struck a lumber car which was being moved by a switch engine. The concussion was terrific. The lumber and car were knocked into kindling wood, while the front of the engine was demolished. The passengers were thrown violently to the front of the coach, but none are seriously injured.

The Farmers' Alliance Booming.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 27.—L. L. Polk, national president of the Farmers' Alliance, addressed the county alliance at the board of trade auditorium. He has just returned from a tour through the states of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa and Illinois, where he says the growth of the alliance is unprecedented. He says alliances have been organized in thirty-five states, numbering in all 34,000 lodges, embracing a membership of 2,000,000. He expects the membership to be increased by 500,000 within the next year.

An Insane Farmer's Suicide.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Oct. 27.—Lewis Dewitt, aged 72, a well known farmer of this county residing near Greenfield Center, committed suicide Sunday by hanging himself in his barn while the family were at church. He had been subject to temporary aberration.

Mayor Gleason Served His Time.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Patrick J. Gleason, mayor of Long Island City, was released from prison Saturday, his five days' sentence for assaulting Reporter Crowley having expired.

Fatally Bitten by a Boat.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Oct. 27.—A vicious boar bit a piece of the leg, including the artery, from the 12-year-old son of Ole Bundy. The boy died in twenty minutes.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Sources.

A slight fall of snow was experienced throughout England on Oct. 26.

Sir Charles Pearson has been appointed solicitor general of Scotland.

The jury in the Beath (N. Y.) murder trial returned a verdict finding Crane guilty of murder in the second degree.

Henry M. Stanley writes to The London Times that he regards the Portland attacks as trivial. Mr. Stanley says he refrained from giving the whole history of his expedition out of respect for the feelings of others. It might, however, become his painful duty to publish the whole truth.

The board of managers of the Amateur Athletic union have accepted Owens' record of 9 4-5 seconds for 100 yards, made at Washington. The question of accepting Carey's record of 9½ seconds for the same distance was postponed.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers chose the following officers: Assistant grand engineer, A. B. Youngson, of Meadville, Pa.; first grand engineer, T. I. Higgins (re-elected); second grand engineer, Delos Wright (re-elected); third grand engineer, A. Kennedy, of Winnipeg.

Oil has been struck at Kilsel, Ireland.

Mrs. Catherine O'Connor, one of the injured at the Leland hotel fire, Syracuse, is dead. She was the seventh victim.

Hon. James G. Blaine spoke at Canton, O., in support of Maj. McKinley Oct. 25.

Ex-Governor R. B. Noble, of Wisconsin, who was stricken with paralysis some days ago at the home of relatives in Ross street, Brooklyn, died Saturday.

Charles W. Robinson, clerk of the Brockton (Mass.,) municipal court, is said to be a forger. His gains are said to exceed $100,000.

Education in the South.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 27.—The twenty-fourth anniversary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Educational society is being celebrated in this city and has brought together many of the most eminent clergymen in the Methodist Episcopal church, among them being Bishop Vincent, Bishop Foss, of Philadelphia; Bishop Ninde, of Topeka, Kan.; Rev. Dr. Buckley and others. Rev. Dr. Hartzell, the corresponding secretary, reported that since its organization in 1862 the society has expended over $2,800,000 in establishing and maintaining institutions of Christian education in the south among the white and colored people. Last year there were maintained 40 schools, 315 teachers and 8,326 students. The income for the year was $266,604.48, an increase of $40,000 over any preceding year. There were more than 2,000 students in the various industrial schools last year, and 125 Christian physicians have been graduated from the Nashville medical school.

A Bad Convict to Have Arrested.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 27.—William Smith, a noted convict, choked Convict Casey in the prison blacksmith shop for some imaginary offense. On being ordered into the hallmaster's office Smith grabbed an iron sledge and smashed six iron working machines valued at $6,000. The wagon shops had to shut down in consequence. Smith was placed in a cell and yesterday taken out and the warden talked to him. Smith was rebellious, said they had treated him badly and fought four keepers and the warden. He was placed in the solitary cell for six months. Before the Smith affair Convict Burke attempted to put out Foreman Boyle's eye by pouring a gallon of green paint over his head as he came up the stairs. Boyle had reported Burke the day before for doing his daily task.

Clerks of Both Parties Go Home.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Considerable activity is displayed by the local political committees here in getting out voters temporarily residing here to vote in the November elections in the states. Many voters in far distant states left here last night and many others will leave during the week. In the departments there is a feeling of safety regardless of politics, and Democratic and Republican clerks alike in large numbers have arranged for leaves of absence to go home and vote. The local committees, too, are engaged in drumming up voters in the close districts, and but few men entitled to the franchise in Ohio, West Virginia and in northern New York will be in Washington on Nov. 4.

A Satisfactory Showing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Reports of the first target practice of the cruiser Philadelphia, in Gardiner's bay, New York, with six inch, three inch and one inch rapid firing guns, have been received at the navy department. At the 1,000 yards range sixty out of sixty-two shots were lodged in a vertical line twenty feet above the water line. The exhibition is regarded at the navy department with much satisfaction, as showing the good quality of the American guns and the precision of aim of the American gunners.

$100,000 Bonus on the San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The navy department is busy in adjusting the accounts of the Union Iron company, of San Francisco, for the building of the United States steamer San Francisco. The work of allowing advances on horse power and speed over contract requirements will be completed next week, when the Union Iron works will receive its final payment, amounting to over $100,000.

His Fatality Accused His Wife.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The death of James Kelliher, a drunken cigarette maker, was at first supposed to have been caused by his wife and the woman was arrested. It now turns out that the man quarreled with his wife and then went out in the hall of his home, No. 430 Washington street, and stabbed himself with a table knife. A neighbor's wife was a witness who saw Kelliher return to the room after cutting himself. Before he died he said his wife stabbed him.

Kline's Extracts.

Pure Fruit Flavors.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

72 BROADWAY.

This Date in History—Oct. 27.

1812.—Death of Richard Brinsley Sheridan, dramatist, orator and wit, born in Dublin.

1825.—Commodore Decatur "Decatured" at Sweden after having asserted that he had seen a sea-serpent 100 feet long. He had dropped the event on his standard, with the inscription "In memoriam vivorum."

1732.—Birth of Henry Cruch, voyager; killed at Sandwich Islands, 1779.

1858.—Born in Ohio Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York Tribune and minister to France.

1864.—Battle of Hatcher's Run, Va.; Union loss 1,000, Confederate loss 500; two days' fighting.

1864.—Also on 28th, battle of Fair Oaks, Va.; Union loss 1,350, Confederate loss 461; two days' fighting.

1866.—Emperor Ivan Alexowitz destroyed by inundation of Lake Ladoga in Russian river, N. C.

1781.—Battle of Monte Rotundo, in which the Garibaldians were victorious.

1813.—Bonaparte's army turned on the Niemen-stopped 200 persons perished.

1870.—Bazaine's surrendered Metz and his army, "conquered by famine."

The Nitrate King Injured.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Col. North, the nitrate king, met with a serious accident at Hastings. He gave an entertainment to his regiment of volunteers, and mounted his horse to take his departure. The stirrup leather broke and he was thrown to the ground, sustaining a fracture of both bones of his right forearm and a severe scalp wound.

The Prisoner's Despair.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Francis Levair, 43 years old, a Frenchman, committed suicide by turning on and inhaling gas in a room at the Hotel France. He could not get money enough to pay the passage of his wife and five children from France, and becomes despondent.

The Oldest Methodist Church Celebrates.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The old John Street Methodist Episcopal church, the oldest Methodist Episcopal church in America, celebrated its one hundred and twenty-fourth anniversary yesterday. Rev. B. P. Raymond, D. D., LL. D., president of Wesleyan university, preached a most eloquent sermon at the morning service. At the afternoon service Hon. Warner Miller and ex-Postmaster General S. K. James delivered addresses.

Butler Says He's a Back Number.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 27.—Hon. Benjamin Butler passed through Kansas City on his way home from the Pacific coast. To a United Press reporter he said that he was very weary of his long trip. He said he was a back number now, and could not say anything that would interest the people.

Charged with Poisoning Her Husband.

DIANA, S. D., Oct. 27.—The sheriff of Sanborn county has arrested Mrs. Eliza beth Herrick on a charge of having poisoned her husband, Charles W. Herrick. Herrick died in convulsions Friday night, and investigation developed the fact that Mrs. Herrick purchased poison a few days ago.

Schaefer and Slosson to Meet.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Arrangements for a championship billiard match between Jacob Schaefer and Slosson have been made. It will be a fourteen inch balk line game, 800 points up, and will be played in Chickering hall on Dec. 1, for $500 a side and the net gate receipts.

For Cheaper Aluminium.

KEYPORT, Ky., Oct. 27.—A company has been formed here, with a capital of $250,000, to manufacture aluminium at a nominal price. It is said the metal can be produced at less than ten cents per pound.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally fair, with slightly lower, followed by higher temperature.

Marsh & Ayres

Having bought out the entire stock, fix tures and good will of Mr. Peter Weaver (re cently in the dry goods business), and the above firm (by that they do only first-class work and a large re duction in prices, but in a few instances a little more), commence with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayres,

SO 10 AND 10 12 PARK AVENUE.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in **Elocution**, classes or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano.** Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Soprano soloist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tested from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after the 15. Circulars sent on application. Address 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music on and after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music as a "food of exercise, as taught by the Itali. ns of Milan, and the Leipsic method Give supplies pupils on terms as close as possible. Address 72 East Fifth street, Harmony. 9-3 2w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Alberti, will receive pupils in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd, 1890. Miss Anderson studied with Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; L. Lombardi, Goldschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 68 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department the best instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children. A American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 10w*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY,

Will reopen on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For circulars address Miss M. E. Ramsey, Principal. 7-16 2m

RODMAN SEMINARY,

25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open Thursday, September 18th. Circulars sent by the Bertha method. Mrs. S. C. Rodman, Principal. 8-13-2w*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Bethune Kinderhook's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.25 a. m., 12.05, 6.20 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 12.10 m., 6.25 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 5.45, 6.20 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 6.25 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.25 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to choose the last in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stanley Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ahs for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting ac. ..odd horses. Stable erected wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural wool vests and pants, 85c.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's ecru wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural wool Shirts and Drawers, $1.
Men's scarlet wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 12c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c.
Children's scarlet or all wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 69 and 85c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $5.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work?

We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, D. E. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains leave New York, foot of Liberty street (Thames street on Sundays), as follows:

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 12.01, 2.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sundays at 12.01, 2.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.

Leave New York at 12.01 midnight, 2.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sundays at 12.01 midnight, 2.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BERGEN.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sundays at 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.40, 9.40, 11.40 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 7.40, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Sundays at 9.40 a. m. and 9.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.40 a. m., 3.40 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 12.40 a. m., Washington, Baltimore, Bradley Manchester, Mount Clinton, Winchester, Strasburg, Williamsport and Harrisburg.

At 5.40 a. m., High Bridge Branch Easton, etc. ; for Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, Hackettstown, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. to Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pittston, Wyoming, Lehigh & Susquehanna R. R. to Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Pocono Mountains, Lake Ariel, Honesdale, Great Bend, Binghamton, Owego, Ithaca, Cortland, Auburn, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Harrisburg, etc.

For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Junction, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pittston, Wyoming, Lehigh & Susquehanna R. R. to Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem and Easton, 8.40 a. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Sundays at 8.40 a. m.

For Flemington, Hackettstown & Scranton, 5.40 p. m. daily. For Flemington, Hackettstown & Scranton, 5.40 p. m. daily except Sunday.

For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Sundays at 5.40 p. m.

For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown, 5.40 p. m. daily except Sunday.

For Trenton and Philadelphia, 5.40 a. m. daily except Sunday.

For Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington and Mount Holly, 5.40 a. m. daily except Sunday.

For Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Mount Holly, Atlantic City, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, Manchester, Whitings, New Egypt, Jamesburg, Spotswood, Monmouth Junction, Princeton Junction,

A CONVENIENT SMALL HOUSE.

Of Its Kind It Is One of the Best Plans We Have Offered.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

There is nothing which so completely saps the vitality and happiness of a family as living in a house which is too large. The very large houses, the great mansions, do not belong to America. The expense of service is too great, and there is nothing in it which can recommend for the comfort of any one which is important. Moreover, the matter of having a large house may be considered in a relative sense as related to one's ability to take care of it—ability from a financial standpoint or mere executive ability to manage the housekeeping features. Many people have built houses too large for their needs, and in doing so all comfort, ease and style of living ease and rest have gone out of that household.

This is a small house. There are not many rooms, but they are capable in size and convenient in arrangement. There are places "to put things" and a due regard to the comfort of the family. It could not be used for a large family, but the cure of a small family is a problem in house building that is worthy of great attention. There are few large families

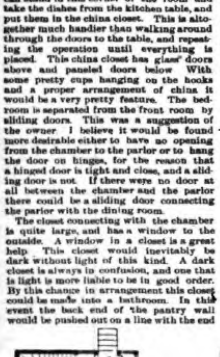
ELEVATION.

this house is occupied by a man and his wife without children, and in housekeepers' language they "do not keep a girl." The lady has everything convenient and is not disturbed by the necessary work of housekeeping.

The reception hall in front is 10.6 by 13. The lady was quite certain it would never be used as a hall after it was completed it was furnished with a lounge, two chairs, a table and a lamp stand. The room lettered "parlor," was used as a sitting room, and might, in case of emergency, be used as a bedroom. The dining room in that event would be the sitting room for the most part. In this dining room are two closets. One is properly the sitting room closet, that is, it would naturally contain such articles as are in use in a sitting room.

There is a china closet in one corner of the dining room, and near this the slide which opens into the kitchen. Those one can stand in this corner of the room and take the dishes from the kitchen table, and put them in the china closet. This is altogether much prettier than the walking around through the doors to the table, and repeating the operation until everything is placed. This china closet has glass doors above and panels below. With some pretty cups hanging on the hooks and a proper arrangement of china it would be a pretty feature. The bedroom is separated from the front room by sliding doors. This was a suggestion of the owner. I believe it would be found more desirable either to have an opening from the chamber to the parlor or to hang the door on hinges, for the reason that a hinged door is tight and a sliding door is not. If there were no door at all between the chamber and the parlor there could be a sliding door connecting the parlor with the dining room.

The closet connecting with the chamber is quite large, and has a window to the outside. A window in a closet is a great help. This closet would inevitably be dark without light of this kind. A dark closet is always in confusion, and one that is light is more likely to be in good order. By this chance in arrangement this closet could be made into a bathroom. In this event the back end of the pantry would be pushed out on a line with the end



PLAN.

of the back porch. This would make the bathroom of proper size, and if a bath were desired in the rear it could be placed back of the kitchen. In having the bathroom arranged in this way the closet would be back of the chamber in the "L" formed by the side pantry and bathroom wall and the back chamber wall. This arrangement of bathroom would be a great convenience of plumbing, and would altogether be very satisfactory.

The kitchen of this house is quite convenient. At the sink there is cistern and well water, and above the sink at a sufficient height there are shelves and hooks for utensils, under each table there is a drawer, and beneath the sink an open space for pots and kettles. At the fire is the range. Thus everything is within reach. The cellar stairway is under the pantry door is at the end of the kitchen table, and in the pantry is a place for an ice chest, which has a drain pipe for carrying the drip to the outside. The window is the right height from the floor, so that the ice can be put in without coming into the kitchen. The hinges may be on the right side of the refrigerator to make this convenient, but it is suggested that the hinges be changed from time to time on the side of the lid, so when open it rests against the side wall of the pantry.

This house was built complete for $1,500. The inside finish was hard yellow pine. The outside walls were sheathed, papered and weather boarded.

LOUIS H. GIBSON.

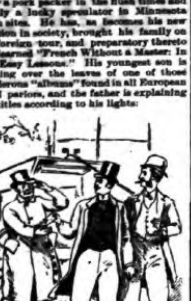
CHEZ LES PARISIENS.

FRENCH IDIOMS, BRITISH IDIOSYNCRASIES AND AMERICAN IDIOTS.

Woes of a Hoosier's Holiday Abroad—The "Idiots" Are Those Who Scatter Money Recklessly and Thereby Demoralize the Market for Others.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Time: 10:30 a. m. Scene: A private parlor in the Hotel Athenee, Paris. Persons: The various members of the Du Bois family, laying out their itinerary for the day. De Boisbriche, Sr., had the honor to be a hog driver in his youth, lasted in the public schools about six months, finally a lucky speculator in Minnesota town sites. He has, as becomes his new position in society, brought his family on the foreign tour, and temporarily therefore has learned "French Without a Master: In Six Easy Lessons." His youngest son is turning over the leaves of one of those handy little "albums" found in all European hotel parlors, and the father is explaining the titles according to his lights:



THE OSTENTATIOUS AMERICAN AND THE CABBY.

"Papa, what is this—the Bois de Bo-u-l-o-g-n-e?"

"Why, that means the boy with a bologna—don't you see him there a-eatin' it?"

"Oh, yes, and this (spelling it out)—Rue de Henri Quatre?"

"Yes, my son, that's pronounced 'Hongree Kat,' and means the street of hungry cats—we'll go down there an' see 'em some day."

"And this—'Louis Quatorze?'"

"Looee Kahtors—well, that's little Louie and his cart horse. See 'em there in the corner?"

"Look at those little heads, and under 'em it says, 'Seraphin Bulle.'"

"Yes, them's the bully seraphim—them stone things they put on monnyments."

"And here's a great big wine store with men or somethin' in it, and it has a sign of 'Les Sept Freres'" (the seven brothers).

"That—well, lemme see it—oh, yes; them's the twelve apostles."

"But, papa, they aren't but seven of 'em."

"Oh, yes—well—ah—er—um—that cuts no figure. The other five's gone inside to take a drink."

The foregoing (alleged) conversation not only serves to show the Americans in Paris, but illustrates the difficulty persons in middle life experience in grappling with the language. I learned it young and then forgot most of it; now that I am resurrecting it I note a hundred absurdities I never thought of in my school days. What, for instance, can be more absurd than the so-called "grammatical gender," in which there is no neuter and all sexless things are divided between male and female?

My pen is feminine, but the wooden penholder is masculine; the knife masculine, the fork feminine; the paper and ink masculine, the pencil neuter; the table, I take, that being feminine. And as far as I can see there is nothing at all in the way of natural analogy to guide the learner. What Idiots we Americans must make! And if the Parisians were not the most delightful hypocrites in the world how they would laugh at us. But they don't; even over the worst blunders their smiling comment is, "Tres bien, monsieur; tres bien; vous avez la vraie Parisienne," etc., etc. It's all a lie, and I know it; but then it sounds nice. True it is that the sun is he and the moon she; a ship, a nation or a fine work of art (generally) is she, and a few more things seem a trifle reasonable, for we use them the same way; but in the line of pronunciation what do you think of this:

"Qu'est-ce qu'est cela?" That's pronounced "Keskyslah" (meaning, "What is that?"), and a new man in Paris has to use it about a hundred times a day. Now, I have had a very strange mental experience. In the telling it does not amount to much, but I feel that if I could get the exact experiences to some professed student of psychology he could make much out of it

—perhaps prove the assertion, often made and often denied, that we never really forget; that the only difference between a man with a good memory and one with a bad one is that the former has a certain sensitiveness in the brain fiber which makes any suggestion call up the related facts lying away back in the lumber room of memory.

When I began to pick up French phrases here and there I had not the slightest recollection of ever having learned one of them. All at once, however, on the second day, old recollections began to pop up from the dim, unassigned places in the obscure background of consciousness. It seemed as if some great screen had actually been pulled away from a private room in the brain. A room I had totally forgotten that I owned, and that out of it, singly at first and then in great troops, came old sentences, and with them a perfect recollection of the circumstances under which I had first mastered them. I recalled the very day on which we had recited the particular sentences in class thirty years ago, and later the occasions on which I had put the sentences to use, and it was really astonishing to notice how the old phrases and odd idioms marched forward and fell into their proper places, like well drilled soldiers. It was a very curious experience, but, I fear the philosophy of it would be tedious.

Paris is always gay in the summer, and the Americans, of whom several thousand are taken alive, are the gayest of all. There is an impression among those who serve strong in England and much stronger in France—not every American who goes over here has his clothes just padded with money, and is burning with anxiety to spend it; and I must say that the most Americans I see are all the reverse. They are well, perhaps, for them to scatter their own money as freely as they please, but they demonstrate the market for their money anywhere who are not well posted. For instance, the regular cab fare "within bounds" is a franc and a half (a fraction less than thirty cents), with a "pour boire" to the driver of three or four cents, and the gilded American pays that and no more. The consequence is that immediately hears the driver a five franc piece and does not stop for change; and to the American who cannot pay so much he is most insolent.

Much is said of the chicanery with which one can live in the quiet parts of Paris, and one can live at little cost if he is exercising economy at the start; but there is where the trouble comes in—one never really knows how much he is contracting for. The charges at the hotel may be considered over or moderate, as you choose, but when he leaves the porter must have at least half a franc for one night's lodging, and two or three others half a franc a piece, as a charge for candles and sometimes for matches, and if a single glass of wine is taken, the bill contains a charge for both bottle. One does not study the bill of fare very carefully he is likely to order something which is marked "extra"—and so it goes all around.

I have paid seventeen francs a day for a large and very nice room up two pairs of stairs; a light breakfast of bread, butter and coffee, with two eggs, cost me a franc and a half, and for my "second breakfast," as they call it, and my dinner from two francs up. So one can live very well indeed for twelve francs a day; but, alas, the almost terrible "extras." One is laying himself liable every minute without knowing it unless he is on guard. Four boirs literally means "For to drink," and all the cabbies, porters, etc., really drink to the value of the four boires they receive in a day they must go to bed in a thoroughly demoralized condition.

And this leads me on to speak of work and wages, about which I have found it difficult to get exact facts; for in France as in England there so many qualifying circumstances and the usual extras. I find, however, that a common laborer thinks himself fairly well paid at three francs a day, and a chambermaid at ten francs a week—both being, perhaps, 20 per cent. below London wages. The stone and brick masons receive six or seven francs a day, and the attendant boys, who appear to be on the jump from morning till night, five francs and a half. I had the pleasure one day of spending some hours in the immense establishment of Revillon Brothers, which is, I am told, the largest fur dressing and trimming establishment in Europe—a statement I could well believe when I saw the two enormous warehouses packed with valuable furs. In one suite of rooms, hanging on the walls, that one could barely squeeze through the narrow passages, were many thousand sealskin cloaks, astrakhans and still finer coverings, the value being put by the clerk at 1,000,000 francs (about $300,000.)

In this establishment the lowest wages were paid, of course, to the girls, the plain stitchers receiving two francs a day, and the highest, twelve francs a day, to the skilled trimmers and dressers. These sells well in France. Any one with special skill in colors is sure of a good salary. It is both amusing and pleasing to observe how this artistic sense in the people breaks out in most unexpected places—in the arrangement of vegetables and meat in the markets, in the way the billets of wood are stacked in the little fuel stores, in the cute little flower pots in all the odd corners, and even in the few cuspidors in public resorts, the fine white sand in them being heaped in a little pyramid or imprinted with the form of a flower.

Despite their low wages the laboring people seem very gay and animated in appearance on holidays (including Sundays), and this was especially noticeable on a recent review day. Early that morning the schoolboys in uniform were paraded and reviewed in front of the Hotel de Ville. I found it impossible to get within a hundred yards of the line of the main parade. The papers say that 60,000 well drilled troops were reviewed that afternoon—in the plain a few miles below the city—but I doubt it.

I am sure I have seen much finer work done by our state militia and G. A. R. veterans on a mere "corner lot reunion." But the president, or the man that they said was he. I "saw" his address, as I did that of President Grant at our centennial's opening—that is, I looked over about forty acres of people, and saw a man moving his head and arms as if he meant something. But all the rest of the show was indeed enlivening—the long, long festoons of brilliant lights on the Champs Elysees; the illuminated fountains, the revolving lights and showers of pyrotechnics in the Bois de Boulogne, the white blaze from all the towers and the tens of thousands of people parading the Avenue de l'Opera, laughing, drinking wine and singing the national songs. Even a newly arrived American could share in the popular enthusiasm.

J. H. BEADLE.

A Poor Prescription.

An African chief had a bad cold and sent for his family physician. This gentleman could no more cure a cold than any civilized doctor, and was as little likely to confess it. His business, of course, was to give a prescription, not impossible to be made up, but a little out of the way, so as to inspire confidence and suggest anatomical study. He prescribed a little fat cut from the heart of a fat man. Unhappily (for the doctor), all the attendants of the chief were lean, but the doctor himself was fat, and the chief, being unaccustomed to wait for anything—far less a cure for a cold—immediately put him to death and put his advice into execution.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Col. Rives' Opinion of Amelie's Writings.

Dr. James Thorington, of Panama, South America, was at the Midland accompanied by his wife. Dr. Thorington was a warm friend of the chief engineer of the Panama canal, Col. Rives, the father of Amelie Rives, the talented author of "The Quick or the Dead." Dr. Thorington says that Col. Rives is a great admirer of the writings of his daughter, and he is responsible for the friends of the engineer to read her writings in order to find a congenial topic of conversation. The earlier writings of the young girl were a source of continuous surprise to Col. Rives, but now he thinks there are no paths in art or literature too high for her to reach.—Kansas City Times

The Folly of Night Work.

A great many people think they come near sleeping by working late at night. A great mistake. In the morning the body is so worn out that you cannot do your work properly. This results even if the sleep lasts for hours. It takes some time for the body to recuperate after a strain, if it ever wholly catches up. There is never a loss when one goes to bed and puts himself in the tender mercies of sleep.—Herald of Health.

Gen. Alger is a New Englander by birth, but the greater part of his life has been spent in Michigan. It was there that he met the lady who afterward became his wife. At the time of his marriage he was very poor, and it was necessary to go into debt for his wedding expenses.

A WOMAN PREACHER.

Sketch and Portrait of the Rev. Louise Baker.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The old North church of Nantucket, established more than a century and a half ago, in 1708, was in a condition the reverse of prosperous. Affairs were at such a low ebb that they were unable to have a regular pastor, and when Miss Louise Baker, who was in the habit of giving Bible readings and speaking in the interest of temperance, went there to spend the summer in her old home the trustees of the church asked her to

REV. LOUISE BAKER.

speak for them for a few Sundays. Her talks—she did not call them sermons—were so admirable for their unity, perspicuity and brevity that a constantly increasing audience came to hear her, and she was soon invited to become the stated supply.

At time went on the young evangelist grew more and more popular. Seven and eight hundred people went every Sunday to hear her and, although she was not an ordained minister, she not only preached the word, but comforted the dying and those who were laying their dead away, and helped many souls to new hope and courage. She could not, however, administer the sacrament nor baptize those who through the influence of her preaching desired to join the church. But notwithstanding this the church rapidly increased in membership and financial resources.

She had taken a thorough course in theology, and the church which she had saved from disintegration demanded for her formal recognition. This was, however, refused by the general assembly of Congregational ministers, and the church therefore resolved to ordain Miss Baker independent of that body. The ceremony of her installation was quaint and simple, the venerable Deacon Folgar officiating, and the newly ordained pastor preaching her own ordination sermon.

Not only a powerful preacher, able to help humanity to a clearer moral sense and higher ideal. Miss Baker is also a writer of most graceful and subtle poetry and vigorous, clear sentenced prose. Her latest work is a volume of poems called "By the Sea." Gentle, earnest and modest she writes as she speaks, with ease but with a force which touches the heart and inspires to nobler effort.

ANTOINETTE VAN HOESEN.

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

A Picturesque Italian Woman and Her American Girl Critics.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The other morning in the city a woman came into a car of a New York elevated train. She was rather short in stature, deep of chest and shoulder and strong of arm. When she walked it was with a long, firm step that gave you an impression of magnificent physical strength and endurance. Her hair was combed smoothly from her brown forehead and wound in heavy, splendid purple-black braids around her head. She was bare headed. What head covering needed she, either for use or beauty? She wore long gold ear pendants, and was dressed in white lawn, pink flecked. Her gown, her white apron, the handkerchief tucked into her belt were all immaculately clean. Her eyes were black and full of fun, and she looked straight before her. The woman might have posed in a painting, so pleasant and picturesque was she to look upon. Seeing her you somehow thought of the olive orchards and mulberry groves of Italy, of the Mediterranean green and violet shimmering in the sun. But mark you! So near was this wholesome, picturesque creature that she could have heard them if she had understood sat two American girls, and "made fun" of her, audibly and pointedly. They nudged one another and giggled, and commented on the Italian woman to a young man with them. The girls were skinny creatures, with horribly fitting false teeth, with cheap shoes that had tremendously high heels, pointed toes and part of their buttons split off. They had their waists pinched till they looked like wasps, and they were bedizened with finery warranted not to wash or wear. The structures upon their heads were covered with false flowers to a great height, and the little knobs of dingy hair upon both their heads would not have made one of the Italian woman's splendid purple-black braids. Their cheeks were rouged and hollow, their arms like broomsticks. They were the clear type of the common, ignorant, shallow, narrow minded American girl. Yet they sat there and looked down from their heights of self satisfaction upon the spotlessly clean Italian woman, picturesque, powerful, useful. The Lord have mercy on them!

It was in 1830 that Harriet Martineau was in America and wrote home that there were only seven occupations open to women in America. Now there are 300 and more.

There is no sadder sight than to see a talented, lively, independent girl get good and tame and conventional as she grows older.

A leading dry goods merchant of Kokomo, Ind., is Miss "Minnie" Trueblood. Why "Minnie?"

Chicago says that nearly all women farm girls keep inward when they walk. Do they? ELIZA ARMAND CONNER.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to convert everybody to be of our views: that is to pay only the actual value for the goods they receive.

Tells can be seen explained by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Glance over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Tea and Coffees. Hard to find all kinds in that group. New crop Tea, 25c. per lb., worth 40c. Coffee way down. Try our 3 mixtures, (Vicarious Java and Mocha), 25c., our 5 40c. Finest produce of Rio and Maracaibo, (creamery Butter 26c. Good Creamery, (as sold in most stores for 30c.), 25c. lb.; Fresh Dairy, (used for tea table and cooking purposes), 20c. lb.; Best Cocoa in the market, 25c. lb.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best no equal), $6.75 bbl.; Full-berry's Best XXXX, $6.75 bbl.; Pure Sorghum oil, 150 test, 10c. gal.; Best Syrup, 25c. gal.; Virginia Sweet Potatoes, 40c. bushel (1-2 bu 25c.); Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb. Call and get prices on other goods.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we enjoy fully attests the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we don't advertise any one article in particular as a leader to mislead the public but our full line right through will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we call for and deliver goods promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge. On Saturdays till nine p. m. Special attention given to mail orders.

UNITED TEA and COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE,
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126 NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 69c.; 4-Colored Mosquetaire Kid Gloves, $1.25; 6-Button Black, Unflinshed Mosquetaire, $1.25; Plush and Astrakhan Capes at rock bottom prices; 10-4 White Sod Blankets 95c. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 6-Button Colored Unflinished Mosquetaire, $1.20.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 3,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEAREST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS. LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THE GUESSES MUST BE IN BY OCTOBER 31st.

ROGERS BROS,

SHOE DEALERS 12 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv, on the following terms:—

25c.	Coal Scuttle	will be given	with each	$1.00 Sale.
20c.	"	"	"	"	$ .75 "
15c.	"	"	"	"	$ .50 "
10c.	"	"	"	"	$ .25 "
5c.	"	"	"	"	$ .10 "

These coal scuttles are the best made and of good quality. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open and covered, Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in PLAINFIELD for 75c, within easy recollection. Lumps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of Stove boards and tin, and marked low.

REMEMBER we have now added, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in German and French under the instruction of MR F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates Call at 19 East Fifth street between 7 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-25-tf.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made.

Furniture Express

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city. Also to all points in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by DR. GRIFFIN, will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant. Office, 69 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 26 floors, Box 1269

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 84 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 22.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, &c.

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL.

In store to suit the trade. This coal was bought early in the season at cheap rates, enabling me to offer it at the lowest prices. It is entirely free from slate and stone. It is thoroughly screened.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-weighing scales, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 139. Orders constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone in operation. Our contractor is prepared to go anywhere in the State of Health. Leave orders at office, 1 Park avenue, Plainfield, or left at Rich Lewis, Gardner and Field Bros., or P. O. box 696. Telephone call 39.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—The large elm trees in front of the M. E. church have been cut down.

—Mechanical drawing classes will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night.

—A number of young people from this city will attend an evening sociable at Dunellen to-night.

—The enterprising carriage manufacturer, Mr. L. M. French, has an announcement of interest in his ad. to-day. Read it.

—The chinaman about town have blossomed out in their Winter top-coats. Their gorgeous colors cause the dusky population to sigh with envy.

—A horse belonging to milkman William Slade ran away on West Second street yesterday morning. The animal was caught near Netherwood before it had succeeded in wrecking the wagon.

—The genuine rabbit, whom Barns poetically styled to us the "poor wanderer of the woods and field," will be the hunter's hot and murderous quest on the coming Saturday. For on that day the game season opens.

—The show windows of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' store on West Front street street continue to attract attention. In one window is displayed a choice selection of California dried fruits, and in the other New Jersey canned goods.

—Lovers of literature now find the Critic on file at the Public Library. Among the technical journals lately added are the Iron Age and Electrical Engineer. The single tax advocates in the city have added to the number and besides the regular list of monthlies and weeklies, many religious journals have been placed on the tables.

—Henry George is not coming to Plainfield to talk Free Trade. Somebody in Montclair secured his promise to do it in that town, but when he came to think of it, he had forgotten the name of that little village and thought it was Plainfield he had engaged to speak in. A notice in THE NEWS brought enlightenment for George from the Montclair man.

—A team of powerful white horses attached to a coal wagon, became frightened while standing on Park avenue this morning, and dashed off at a gallop. The driver was in the wagon, but the reins were thrown carelessly on the animals backs. After running a short distance they stopped of their own accord, in response to the excited driver's "whoas" and were driven back.

—On West Seventh street, just below Clinton avenue, stands the stone marking the boundary line between Middlesex and Union counties. On one side is the letter M, and on the other E. The E stands for Essex, for the stone was put up when Union was a part of Essex county. At the base of the stone are the letters C. L. W., followed by L. L., which may stand for Civil Engineer Wall.

—The members of the Rahway Gun Club have secured the services of Mr. Charles Smith, "Dutch," of this city to manage a "shoot" for them early next month. Mr. Smith has for a number of years past superviced the various tournaments held by the Middlesex Gun Club on their grounds in Dunellen, and his management has given such satisfaction that other clubs are anxious to secure his services.

—A young man was wending his way in pensive mood Sunday afternoon up Park avenue to the cemetery. Above Arlington place the fir trees became few, and finally were left behind. The wind whistled through the eagles and apple boughs in the orchard, and nothing living was in sight, save the cows in the pasture chewing the cud of reflection after the morning sermon. A turn in the road disclosed a lovely sight. A girl in gown of heavenly blue was being carefully assisted to walk straight by another young, man. Their heads were close together. Once they came into contact, and the air was full of chirping sounds, the cows looked up in surprise, and the breeze became more frisky. Two or three times this happened till the fires young man, having a conscience, quickened his steps. The arm dropped, and girl and second young man turned in alarm. The first young man smiled sweetly upon them, but alas! they were into cold and stony stares, and he passed on subdued.

PERSONAL.

Miss Margaret Clark of Somerville, N.J. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Reed of North Plainfield.

Mrs. Wm. P. Taylor and her daughters, the Misses Lillian and Anna of Somerset street, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Taylor of Bon Orange, N. J.

How Are You, Senator?

CHARLES A. REED.

The original of the above portrait, Charles A. Reed of North Plainfield, is the candidate of the Republican party of Somerset county for State Senator. A sketch of his career has already been given in these columns. No word derogatory to his character, ability or fitness for the honorable office for which he has been nominated has been printed by any newspaper of his county, nor of the State of New Jersey. What stronger proof of his good name can be asked?

It is true that a garbled extract from The World of Monday, October 23, relating to the question of Bernards township bonds, and charging that Mr. Reed had been instrumental in saddling heavy taxes upon that township, appeared in The Press of Thursday, but that story is a campaign lie which will deceive no one.

Our reporter yesterday interviewed a prominent Democrat, who is a resident and township officer of Bernards township, upon the subject of the attitude of Bernards toward Mr. Reed on the bond question, and in reply to his inquiry received the following: "I have not heard a word on the subject in Bernards. The only reference to it which has come to my notice was that article in 'The World' on Monday, bet, to any one familiar with the subject, that article is absurd. Every one in Bernards knows that Mr. Reed had no connection with the bonds."

It is hardly necessary to say that Mr. Reed will be elected—the fact that Governor Abbett feels it necessary to stump Somerset county in behalf of the Democratic candidate proves that: while the further fact that the same Abbett, in his speech at Bernardsville Thursday, had no word to say upon the bond question, proves that even he knows that story to be too absurd to use. By the way—Who is William J. Keys? What is his record?

County Sign Boards are Bad Guides.

Some sort of a revival will be required in New Jersey soon to compel township committees and overseers of roads to comply with the law and put up legible and correct roads. All over the State the guide boards are in a shocking condition. Where they are legible they are frequently wrongly placed and misleading. In many instances the letters are illegible, the quantity for signs are transposed in male or through gross carelessness. The whole system should be thoroughly revised according to the State Geological survey map of a mile to an inch. Then a man on his way to a place would not find that he was three miles away according to one sign, and after walking half a mile toward the town learn from a guide post that he was four miles away. Such cases exist by the dozen, and it is a simple matter to correct them, now that such a perfect series of maps exist. The law provides a fine of ten dollars annually for every case of neglect to put up and maintain guide posts at the intersection of roads. These remarks were made by the Newark Call, but they are not less timely on that account.

THE NEW TARIFF.

TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND.

The McKinley Bill a Rare, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE TERMED A NECESSARY EXPENSE.—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 7.—NEW AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.—HOW THE McKINLEY BILL WILL ENCOURAGE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MANY NEW MANUFACTURES.

This classification of the increased duties throws a bright light on the motives which have prompted the current lies about the bill. It is plain that the bill can be profitably attacked only as to this final class of higher tariffs, and as to that class only, by representing that the people will have to pay higher prices for their supplies now than formerly. Here, then, is where the attack is being made, and it has taken the nature of an artful mixing-up of the varieties of goods sold in our market, making the higher tariffs apply to them all indiscriminately, whereas they only apply to those, the manufacture of which for our market has hitherto been conceded to foreigners. As to these, two things are to be said: First, that in a majority of cases the foreigners are now charging us exorbitant prices, and the new tariff will operate to maintain these prices until our own people only can get to work manufacturing; and second, that all other cases relate to luxuries, to parlor ornaments, the highest classes of dress goods, etc., upon which wealthy people can afford to pay higher rates, until domestic competition has had its inevitable result.

The tin schedules will illustrate those points. We are now buying all our tin-plate from England. Last year she sold us 742,136,640 pounds of tin-plate, and it cost us $22,726,707. In the last twenty-five years we have sent over to England the tremendous sum of $500,000,000 for tin plate, every penny of which might, as well as not, have been kept here in the employment of our own people.

We can make our own tin-plate just as well as England, if the price can be kept where it is to-day. The English plate is made in Wales, where cheap female labor, costing from thirty to sixty-five cents a day, is employed. On the basis of their net cost, the English are charging us 200 per cent. profit on this plate. A common tin cup, for instance, that retails all over the United States for five cents, cost the Welsh manufacturer only about one and one-third cents. The dinner-pail in which the American laborer carries his roll and his coffee, and for which he pays twenty-five cents, costs the greedy Briton less than twelve.

Now, then—despite the disparity between the thirty-cent female labor of Wales and the expensive labor of this country—our people can as fully make those same articles, and sell them at those prices, and earn a good living; and the bill does do it, that every time they try, the Briton lowers his prices, as he certainly will afford to do, and drives our people out of the business. Tin-plate works have been established in America again and again, but every time the foreigner has seen the market stripped bare from him, he has cut prices, and has kept them down until his American rivals were forced to suspend. Thereupon, he has instantly, put up his rates again.

The net result of this is that, although American consumers are forced to pay high prices for tin-plate, their money all goes to employ British labor, to reward British capital, and to pay British taxes.

It is now proposed to reverse this business. Millions of capital are at this moment—the new tariff bill having been passed—engaged in the development of the Black Hills tin mines, and in the construction of tin-plate factories. The duty has been raised from a merely revenue duty of one cent a pound, which the American consumer has been paying, to a protective duty of two cents a pound, which the British producer will have to pay if he wants to sell his tin-plate here. He will no longer be able to chase our people out of the tin business; and, without adding a scintilla to the price of tin-ware, we will hereafter supply our own market.

Think what this new industry means to American labor! It means an additional annual consumption of 1,000,000 tons of iron ore, 300,000 tons of limestone, 2,000,000 tons of coal and coke, 400,000 tons of pig iron, 1,500,000 pounds of lead, 13,000,000 pounds of tallow and oil, 40,000,000 pounds of sulphuric acid, 12,000,000 feet of lumber, and it will give direct employment to 35,000 work-people, to whom will be paid in wages $23,000,000.

All this in a single year!

[To be continued.—See to-morrow's NEWS.]

The New City.

Only two years ago, there were but half a dozen houses between Seventh street and the railroad, from Central avenue to Clinton street. Now there is a station, no school and no church short of Evens.

Now there is a great machine shop, over a hundred houses, a station, chapels and a magnificent school building.

Every prediction of THE NEWS of that time has been fulfilled. The machine works which, by common consent, this paper introduced to locate in South Second street, has brought astonishing but healthy growth. A new city of homes has sprung up beyond the "boulevard."

And the best thing about it is that the class of houses which are usually breeders of crime and disease, are not there. Only, are occupied by the right classes of operatives partly. Every one is fond of his home, his garden, his patch of lawn and his chicken coop. This is as it should be.

Reminiscences of Plainfielders.

A well-known resident of East Front street recently returned from a hunting expedition, and during that he visited the region where he was born and raised. In connection with a few friends Friday evening, he was telling an experience that he had had with a bear. His story is as follows:

"One morning I woke up rather early, and feeling like tobogganing, upon consulting the mercurial I promptly got loaded and gun, thinking that I might see some game on the way. After I had ridden some distance from the camp I did the horse-to a tree, and with my rifle over my should I started about. I had not gone over a mile when I met a neighborly friend in the person of a bear. I was surprised, but I resumed my composure. I stopped and the bear did likewise, as if by mutual consent. I retreated and the bear followed suit. I went on and the bear retreated. I swore you friends I was in a terrible predicament. Happy thought: I am a dead shot, as you know, and, knowing that the shot in my gun was not heavy enough to kill the animal, I happened to think of a spike that I had carried in my pocket for sometime. I withdrew the charge of shot, reloaded the gun with powder, inserted the spike, and then advanced. A large tree was looming up in the distance and as I advanced the bear retreated toward it. I saw just what I wanted. When the animal reached the tree I took aim, fired, and, would you believe it, friends! the spike which I had inserted in my gun, went through that bear's tail and nailed it fast to the tree. The poor animal tugged and pulled, but it was useless to free itself, and I started toward it with a dirk-knife. My intention was to Knife it, but, friends, I assure you I was never so surprised in my life. As I approached, that bear became frightened, turned right out of its skin, and disappeared. Well, I had to make the best of things; so I secured the skin, placed it on the back of my horse, and started for the camp. When nearing it I happened to look back, when, imagine my surprise, the bear skin had disappeared. The spike remained, however, and if you do not believe my story I can prove it, for here is the spike."

Another member of the party, residing on Central avenue, said he was disinclined to believe the story, but would reciprocate by telling one of his own experience.

His story is this: "I was returning from Europe some few months ago, and a "crank" boarded the ship. He wore a rubber suit, and naturally attracted attention. When the ship started we were surprised to hear the cry of "man overboard." The captain instructed several sailors to throw out the life line. They did so, but the fellow refused to grasp it. The life boat was lowered, and he was forcibly taken aboard. When on deck he appealed to the captain, and berated him for disturbing him while in the water. After several inquiries it was ascertained that the man in the rubber suit had agreed to swim to America. Of course, thereafter, he was the main feature of the trip, and after he had been given his liberty he again jumped overboard, and said to the crew: 'Be stirred not much interest for several days, but one morning when we reached the deck he was not visible, and all aboard thought that he had been lost. Two days afterward, the ship arrived in New York, and the fellow who had agreed to swim from Queenstown to New York was on the pier to welcome us, stating that he had arrived on the previous day."

Retort—From the man who had just told the bear story: "Friend, I did not think you could tell the truth. I am the man that did the swimming."

This was too much for the party, and they roared with derisive laughter.

Cranford.

Many improvements have lately been made in Cranford. The station of the New Jersey Central Railroad has been remodelled, and the Union News Company has erected a handsome building adjoining the station, much to the joy of the townspeople, who are now able to get the papers in every morning. The pretty park that once adorned the centre of the street, has vanished, and it now forms part of the wood road, which expands from Plainfield to Cranford Bridge. The road is now finished to within a few miles of the latter place. When completed the road will be one of the finest in the State, and will be much used by the wheeling bicycle club. Land has taken a sudden advance this year, and many houses are now in the course of erection. A new bank has been organized. Interest in political affairs is very great, and the coming Republican party in this section is assured.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending October 27, 1890:

Anderson, Alonzo
Berry, John
Borson, Edward
Cobing, James
Cuzon, James
Dunn, Mary
Doherty, Pat
Hayes, P T
Harris, Jas
Johnson, Lena
Lawson, J E
Mercer, Jno F
Murphy, Miss Ellen
M. rse, Miss Mary
McKeon, Jas
McGovern, Bridget
Nolan, A J
Phillips, Mrs H Helen
Parr, Miss
Pinchin, M
Peterson, John J
Phillips, A C
Rhodes, William
Rosevear Bros
Stelain, Madame
Shaw, W W
Scott, Maria (2)
Stanton, Mary
Smith, George
Shaw, Edward
Sellars, Miss Ellen
Smith, A DeLo
Thorn, William
Traser, Patrick
Upsyke, Edsha
Vanderhoff, Sarah E
Van Pelt, Mrs Janet
Ward, Miss Katie J
Wilson, Jerry
Wendell, Mrs Hannah
Wesley, Mrs Emma K
Ward, W
Wilcox, Mrs and Mrs B T
Wyckoff, Mrs M
Winslow, Mr
Williams, May
Ridley, Miss Bell

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. POPE, P. M.

To the Ladies of Plainfield!

I am making a specialty of Children's dresses, and have now ready a number of suits for Misses of all ages. These suits are artistic in design, and of the best material and make. An early call is solicited.

MISS M. E. SUTPHIN,
27-1w 58 West Front street.

CORRESPONDENCE.

In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, even if contrary to the views of the editor. Letters are intended to be as brief and direct as possible, however, and must always enclose their name, not necessarily for publication.

As to the Supply Company.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS.—Councilman Nuttall was right. He could not vote for with the Water Supply Company in a formal way, neither could he formally say it before the Common Council, even if he thought it favorable to the city.

The fact is, the charter of the Supply Company was approved, and became a law on April 2, 1869. By it, the company was empowered to carry its water mains through any "town or village" around, and incorporating the township of Plainfield. Its power was absolute. It could do as it pleased.

But that stand day was signed the charter which converted the township of Plainfield into a city. The control of the streets passed into the hand of the Common Council. The supply company by its charter had the power to treat with town meetings or to deal with the "town or village," but it can do nothing in the city, or treat with the Comm in Council. Its charter probably isn't worth the paper.

Even in North Plainfield, once a township, but now a borough, the mouse is turns on a spadeful of earth; the Borough Council can stamp back the dirt and proceed by due process of law to sit upon the company.

Seven Pleaded Guilty.

In the Union county court yesterday ten prisoners were arraigned for assault and battery. Seven of them pleaded guilty, and were remanded for sentence. The other three pleaded not guilty, and will be tried Nov. 6. Among those who pleaded guilty were Leonetta Quinn, who nearly killed Joseph Donnelly, an aged citizen, and Edward Butler, who assaulted Garret Walsh, the owner of the Elizabeth Street Rail way company, with a sand club.

This is What Tells.

BLOOMINGTON, N. J., Oct. 23, '90.
TO THE UNITED STATES INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
GENTLEMEN:—I desire to express my sincere thanks for the great promptness with which you paid the claim on the life of my son, Christopher Hoagland, who was insured in your company only three weeks and paid only thirty cents, for which I received, through the kindness of your assistant superintendent, Mr. Chas. B. Pierce, a check for one hundred and sixty-eight dollars ($168.00), the full amount. I sincerely recommend your company to all parties, as no other company gives immediate benefits. It is the best company I know of, and think every one should have the protection which a policy in your company offers.

Yours very truly,
CALVIN HOAGLAND.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SEWARD. Lost birch pup, three months old. Color orange, with white chest, front legs white, hind feet white. Signed tail. J. B. YERKES, 309 Central avenue.

A FINE, large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Rear of residence, 127 Central avenue, Plainfield. Reasonable terms. Address "Home Comfort," care of EVENING NEWS. 18as

BRICKLAYERS—Four first-class bricklayers wanted. Enquire of Johnson below Ninth street. Apply at job. "J. M. H." 28-2

COOK and laundress wanted. Reference required. Mrs. A. C. Vail, 19 West 8th street. 10-27-tf

FOUR HORSES to let. Inquire at City Milk, Somerset street. 10 14tf

FOR SALE—Union Bicycle. Safety pattern. In excellent condition. No reasonable cash offer refused. Address "D." care of EVENING NEWS. 27-tf

LOST—Saturday, between the depot and Lee Bros' store, a pocketbook with money. Finder please return to 89 Mercer avenue. 27-2

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white, 2 1-2 months old. Finder please address to the name of "Eddie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. Jones, 169 East Front st. No questions asked. 27-1w*

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a White bull terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned to that address. 27-2

SIX room house for rent. $12 per month. Newly papered and painted. Possession Nov. 1. Address at once "House," care of EVENING NEWS. 27-tf

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

TO RENT—House and six acres of land, No. 240 Central avenue. Rent ten dollars per month. Inquire 24 West Fifth street.

WANTED—A cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14 tf*

WANTED—Two girls in a small family. Good references required. Call at 39 Franklin place.

WANTED—Dumping clean material only, at Harberger's Orchard, West Front street. 22-2

WANTED—A colored girl for general housework in a family of two. Call at 9 Third place. 27-2

WANTED—Plainfield or Fanwood property in exchange for $7,000. Equity in Plainfield property. Cheapest location. Value $12,000. Any one desiring a first-class modern house, this is an unusual opportunity. Address "Equity," care of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. 15-tf*

COUPE ROCKAWAYS,
New and Handsome Designs.

L. M. FRENCH'S
Carriage Repository,
16, 18, 20 and 22 SOMERSET STREET.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks ever displayed in Plainfield. Have you seen that Re-fer Jack-et for Children, that we are famous for $1.79. 'Tis a little beauty.

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, than we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, settles them.

Buy a new Broom, 15c.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic. The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

"75c."

KID GLOVES, in five-button length, new and desirable shades.

We have sold them a good while, and can recommend them to wear well.

FOSTER PAUL & CO.'S Kid Gloves. "William" 7-hooks. "Foster" 7-hooks.

HARRIMAN'S Kid Gloves in different qualities and styles.

We sell them at the same prices as in New York.

THE FUR SHOULDER CAPE is a much prized article among the ladies, and can be had at Our House in a variety of kinds, at New York prices.

WOOL blankets and comfortables will be needed now. Our assortment is complete and the prices the lowest.

YOU can buy the better quality of goods at Edsall's at about the same price as the poor cheap goods are usually sold for.

CARPETS made and lined FREE of charge for the rest of this month. Parties desiring to furnish residences throughout with Carpetings, Rugs, etc., if they will consult us we will guarantee to save them from 10 to 15 per cent. whether you got them from us or New York Houses.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. B. A.
Wednesday, Oct. 29.
The Sterling Artists
HARDY and VON LEER,
and their efficient company, will present the Military Melodrama,
On the Frontier.

Now in the fourth season of itsuccess. Entirely new specialties, catchy songs and dances, and every genuine fun that was ever produced. Reserved seats before. Watch for the picturesque noonday parade of the only Grand Brass Band in the world. Use the grand illuminated fireworks parade at 7 p. m. Positively last engagement in this city prior to the Holiday tour.

PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.
Seats on sale Saturday

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods. Our machinery is the most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains a specialty. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP

Trousers from $5 up.
Suits from $18 up.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Custom Tailoring. 43 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.
The largest exclusive custom tailoring establishment in the city.

Dress Suits to Hire.

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking done in the latest style of your ambition, call at 37 East Third street. 10-9-m

CLAIRVOYANT
Will remain but two weeks longer, and will leave Wednesday, Nov. 5. She can be seen from 9 a. m. to nine o'clock, as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. 22-9

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.
Prof. Rosenello will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Plaisted's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to join the classes, or children for the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc., address L. P. Segadlo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 10-13tf

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How surprised to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legations. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The first pleasant hour of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Virmer, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 393. 10-5tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
And all Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse bulbs. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 94 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, has boxes from each every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, crock and glassware, flower pots, vases, pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

NOTICE
Is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Nicholas H. Heidelberg and John J. Heidelberg, under the firm of N. H. & J. H. Heidelberg was dissolved on the 15th day of September last by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said John J. Heidelberg, and all persons indebted to the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 1st, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELOFF.
18-2 w*

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS
Of picturesque etchings and engravings, picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antiques, artists' materials and easels, at Swain's, 32 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-15-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful rustic seat, etc., for sale and to rent; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, now unsurpassed, at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Bilinde avenue. 9-30-1y

THE LATEST STYLES
of
FALL AND WINTER
Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.
All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, $4.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 51. TELEPHONE CALL, 45.

AGITATION AGAINST EDUCATION.

In The North American Review ex-President Andrew D. White, of Cornell, mentions that there are in the United States over four hundred educational institutions claiming to do university work. All Germany has twenty-one universities, and they are more than she needs. Scotland has four, and needs only two. What use, then, has the United States for four hundred? The fact, as ex-President White explains, is that we do not need them in the first place, and in the second place they are not universities at all in the true sense of the word, but merely intermediate colleges. There are at present not even so many as thirty real universities in the land, and every one of these is suffering because it has to lower its standard and do college work.

Among our real universities are numbered several of those bearing the name of the states, as typified by the state of Illinois, or Michigan university. Others are Cornell, Yale, Harvard, Johns Hopkins, Tulane, etc. These are at one end of our so called university system. At the other end are the hundreds of little poverty stricken institutions that with commendable pluck struggle to maintain a precarious existence, and in order to do this resort to miserable methods. The reluctant confession are reported by Mr. White. He says their trustees and professors are often obliged to assail the public and private institutions as "dishonest and unfit," and thus excite the theological enmity of their patrons in order to keep the little church schools going.

The petty colleges come by this unworthy work in various ways. Sometimes they simply swallow up the universities. Then, again, the universities are not destroyed, but are still not allowed to do their proper work. Who will dispute it?

But Mr. White would not have the small colleges close out and cease to be. They can fill an important want at present, in America's higher education, simply by taking from the foundations "university" features, and becoming the intermediate colleges, above the public high schools, before the university proper, if it would do its proper work. Between the two, Such famous academies as Andover and Phillips in America, and Eton, Harrow and Rugby in Great Britain, are schools to be proud of, schools that send into the world splendidly trained men, whether they continue on in the university course or pass at once to the great school of life.

How the transformation should be effected he outlines as follows:

Let institutions of usual endowment, whether called colleges or universities, frankly take their rightful position, let them state clearly to the world what they are doing, and how they deserve recognition in competition with the largely endowed universities. Let them accept the situation, and begin with the freshman year two years earlier than the present freshman year at the end of the better academies, so that the pupils of their best grades may enter the great public school system at the university, and draw directly and more freely from it. A number of institutions that formed world fame with the beginning of the higher arithmetics, algebra, geometry, the primer and monitory lessons in the elements of the natural sciences and, for them also with so study history, one or more of the modern languages. Then, let them come in the intermediate college to be continued up to the point which is at present considered as the freshman year, with the addition of a good grade at the beginning of the junior year. After the four years' work let the college bestow its diploma as certificate upon the graduating classes, and then let those who desire to be admitted into the university pursue the preparation of those of medicine and diplomas.

That, as to the universities. In those let there be opened the professional study, general, productional or technical, covering, we will say, three years and graduating men into the various professions.

Should this system be created, the United States will have a system of instruction as good as any in the world, and in some respects better than any other in the world.

One of the English speakers at the meeting of the Iron and Steel institute reminded his audience how the British parliament had in 1750 prohibited the manufacture of iron in New England. So the mother country prohibited the manufacture of woolens in Ireland 200 years ago, so as to enrich a few Englishmen. England has never been noted for generosity or justice to her dependencies, and it could not be expected that they should look back on her with very warm feeling. Those that are far enough away from her to be out from under her thumb thrive in spite of her, however, and the progress they have made mostly has been in spite of her.

Electrical welding has passed from the stage of scientific experimenting to that of practical application in the industries. It is now used in joining sections of telegraph wire, wire cables and coils of pipe. All metals may be welded by electricity.

A new office has been found in Russia. It is that of taster of food for the czar. Everything that goes upon his table must first be tried, not on a dog, but on some of his hapless vassals. Such services ought to command a high price.

The oldest G. A. R. veteran is now Col. George W. Stillwater, of Brooklyn. He is nearly 91 years old, and was 51 when the war began.

We shall see now whether the attempt of the Knights of Labor to boycott a railroad will have any effect.

NO RECOUNT FOR GRANT.

Secretary Noble Denies the Demand of New York.

FEDERAL VERSUS POLICE CENSUS

The Secretary Says the Census Bureau Did Not Supervise the Police Count, and That New York's Population Is Greater in the Fall Than in Summer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Secretary Noble has just made public a letter to Mayor Grant denying the latter's application for a recount of the population of New York city. The letter is nearly 3,500 words long. In it the secretary reviews the correspondence between Mayor Grant and the census office officials, explains the law under which he makes the decision. The secretary says that the demand rested solely on the alleged supervision of the municipal enumeration by a representative of the census office, and he denies the validity of the charge. He also denies the petition of the letter in this connection, in question. The secretary says:

The Letter of Mr. Orcutt.

"The letter of introduction to the mayor, given to Mr. Orcutt, by the superintendent of census, in no sense authorized Mr. Orcutt to act in any official capacity in conducting the enumeration, and, as was made clear to the representatives of the municipal authorities, it was not the intention that Mr. Orcutt should have supervision of the work of enumeration. The superintendent of census, in the letter, said: 'Mr. Orcutt desires to be of service to you, and he has my permission to do so.' Mr. Orcutt never claimed that he had any official authority, and he was not regarded as having been clothed with any official authority. He simply claimed the right to be present and to observe the enumeration. Even this privilege was not granted to him, for he was informed that he could not be present at the enumeration of any district, but that he would be allowed to visit the enumerators at their offices and observe the manner in which they were performing their duties. Mr. Orcutt was not supervised by the Bureau.

"Mr. Orcutt was supplied with no data from the census office. He was not in any way authorized to examine the work of the enumerators, or to see the returns before they were delivered, and he did not attempt to do so. He did not and could not exercise any supervision over the enumeration, for the census office never authorized him to do so. The enumeration was in the hands of census officers, and they were not subject to the orders of Mr. Orcutt or any one else not supervised by the Bureau.

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A Very Weak Claim, He Says.

The secretary quotes the letter of Assistant Secretary Spaulding to Mayor Grant, in which Mayor Grant's application for the appointment of supervising agents was declined, and says that the latter, instead of accepting the supervisors' invitation to make proof and forward the evidence upon which he based his claim of inadequate, turned from the supervisors and demanded the intervention of the secretary of the interior—a course not authorized by the act.

The demand was that the secretary should decide that Mr. Orcutt did supervise the enumeration, and that he did so in the public interest, and that he did not do so. The secretary declines to do this, because, in the first place, it is not within the province of the secretary to pass upon any such question. In the second place, he could not, even if he were so disposed, pass upon any such question, because he is not informed as to the facts. Mayor Grant's application was declined by the secretary of the interior, and the secretary has no authority to do so.

The Mayor's Statement Incorrect.

The secretary then takes up such information as was supplied to the census office, and such information was given to the secretary. The statement made by the mayor on information was found to be incorrect, and the secretary says: "Had evidence enough to require a recount. A careful examination and analysis of the police census, judging it by experience in like counts, shows great inaccuracies, and many absolutely fail of any evidence that those correctly counted were all inhabitants of the city in June last and not then enumerated.

Federal Versus Police Census.

The secretary says that the position that the United States census is incorrect must be based on the assumption that it is an assumption that the municipal census is right, and that because it shows more inhabitants in New York city in the fall of the year than it does in June it is not evidence enough to require a recount. A careful examination and analysis of the police census, judging it by experience in like counts, shows great inaccuracies, and many absolutely fail of any evidence that those correctly counted were all inhabitants of the city in June last and not then enumerated.

Also, it is a matter of common observation that many thousands of the people of the city of New York give up their abodes in June of each year for vacation or recreation abroad or in the surroundings of the city, and many thousands have go to service with them or seek employment elsewhere, but none of them take up a residence in the city again in the fall.

No Reason for Amendment.

In conclusion the secretary says that the United States census has been taken at vast expense and the enumeration of the whole population is about to be announced. The United States enumerators of New York were its citizens and deeply interested in its progress and discussion. They were intelligent, educated and industrious. They were paid all the law allowed, and there is no reason why their work should not have been done well. They did it and their proper returns were made. If this good work is attempted to be annulled now for this and that, without clear proofs of great errors, its harmony and usefulness will be soon ceaselessly destroyed.

Young Lobdell Goes to Jail.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 28.—William Lobdell, the 16-year-old boy who shot Clarence L. Osborn in the face at Georgetown on Saturday, was bound over to the next term of the superior court under $5,000 bonds. He was brought here to the jail. Osborn is in a critical condition. Lobdell ran away from home three months ago from Beaver, N. Y.

ARRESTED FOR LIBEL.

Pennsylvania Newspaper Men Arouse Governor Pattison's Wrath.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison appeared before Magistrate Obeorn, at his office at Fifteenth street and Ridge avenue Monday, and subscribed to affidavits charging with libel James Elverson, president of The Inquirer company; Charles H. Hendle, editor of Inquirer; Clayton McMichael editor and proprietor of The North American, and W. F. Jordan and J. J. McClarin, of The Harrisburg Call. The affidavits were at once issued by the magistrate, which were served during the day on Messrs. Elverson, Hendle and McMichael and a hearing of the case was arranged for late in the afternoon before the same magistrate.

The case of Messrs. Jordan and McClarin, of The Harrisburg Call, will be held on Wednesday. The article upon which Governor Pattison bases his libel suit was published in the Sunday Call, a morning newspaper published in that city, and appeared simultaneously on Saturday last in that journal and in The Inquirer and North American, of this city. Portions of the article also were printed in other papers throughout the state. The Call's leading headlines were as follows: "Eyes on the Light—Robert E. Pattison Stand Upside Down—What the Blaze of the Calcium Reveals"—"The South Pennsylvania Boom—The Incandescence of the Most Ill famous Legislature That Ever Disgraced the Commonwealth or Pennsylvania—Perfidy, Dishonor, Crime—Judge Black's Scathing Arraignment of the Vote That Never Reached the Senate—Thrilling Tale of Base Treachery—Unmasking a Self Exalted Patriot—Friend of the Good, the Truly and the Incorruptible."

In the absence of a hearing was given to the case Mr. Elverson and Mr. McMichael of the Inquirer and North American had served the warrants on the Harrisburg editors. Mr. Hendle was present and after the two papers was held in $1,500 bail. Mr. Elverson refused to comment upon the evidence offered against Mr. Hendle, since he be regarded as having been libeled himself. Mr. Elverson, and Mr. Hendle upon whom was fixed a light. The hearing of Messrs. McMichael, Jordan and McClarin was set for Wednesday morning. The libelous article in the Sunday Call charges Judge J. G. Gordon, and William S. Stenger, ex-secretary of state, with the every all gotten published in the article complained of, as follows:

The articles complained of charged that Governor Pattison had been bribed by the Vanderbilts to be sure what were known as the "Pennsylvania Pacific" bill, and that the governor sought out and retained ex-Judge Jeremiah S. Black to write a veto message. Judge Black knew that the governor was standing that it was to be sent to the legislature he changed his mind by the next morning, and without notice to Judge Black approved the bills, and that Judge Black denounced Governor Pattison for this alleged deception and severed all amicable relations with him. The articles declared that Governor Pattison had written to Governor Pattison and Attorney General Lewis S. Cassidy for the startling of Judge Gordon, and William S. Stenger, constituting a Pittsburg national grand corporation.

At the hearing yesterday afternoon Mr. Pattison testified that the bills referred to in the article were passed by the legislature very and came to him for approval. Before they were signed, Judge Black requested the governor to prepare the amendments to show why the bills should not be approved. This was granted him, and at the conclusion of the interview Mr. Pattison was under the impression that Judge Black, and told him he could not concur in his conclusions. Judge Black then asked to be heard further in writing. During the progress of his interview with Judge Black the witness said he never used such language as was attributed to him, or anything like it. He went out to give the reasons which governed his actions at that time and the grounds of his objections to two of the bills. One of these grounds was the amount of capitalization per mile on the new South Penn.

Continuing his evidence, the ex-governor to show the good feeling existing between Judge Black and himself up to the time of his death, produced testimony showing that the judge dined with him as late a date following the alleged breach between them. He made a general denial of the charges, and said the only truth in the articles was that he had approved the bills and Judge Black opposed them; that the governor of the state he thought the people would be benefited by letting all railroad corporations into the state that wanted to get in, but that Judge Black contended that in approving the bills he would only assist in building up another monopoly.

Judge Gordon, who was a state senator at the time, gave corroborative evidence.

A Brute Foiled.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Pretty Frances Duchak, 15 years old, had a terrible experience. While on her way home from church accompanied by her younger sister she was seized by an unknown man at the corner of Wright and Robey streets and an assertion that the municipal census is right, and that because it shows more inhabitants in New York city in the fall of the year than it does in June is not evidence enough to require a recount. A careful examination and analysis of the police census, judging it by experience in like counts, shows great inaccuracies, and many absolutely fail of any evidence that those correctly counted were all inhabitants of the city in June last and not then enumerated.

Her Sash Was Broken.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 28.—While out driving here two young ladies, with their escorts, were thrown from their wagon. Miss Mary Roche, of No. 328 East street, was instantly killed, her neck being broken by the fall. Miss Josie Donohue was shockingly cut up and bruised. The men were only slightly injured, but were so badly frightened over the accident that they drove off, leaving the women. Later on the men were arrested on suspicion of having purposely caused the accident.

He Jumped from the Bridge.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Henry Frantz, a well known resident of this city, while temporarily deranged by drink, jumped from a bridge into the university ravine yesterday afternoon and was instantly killed. Frantz was a veteran of the civil war. He leaves a wife and family.

Brooklyn Versus Louisville.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 28.—Brooklyn lost the sixth game of the championship series.

Louisville	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	2	0	9
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	7

Base hits: Louisville, 8; Brooklyn, 11. Errors: Louisville, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Batteries: Stratton, Ehret and Ryan; Terry, Buchong and Daly.

Mark Twain's Mother Dying.

KEOKUK, Ia., Oct. 28.—Mrs. Clemens, mother of Mark Twain, is lying very ill at home of her son, Orion Clemens, in this city, and her death is hourly expected.

BIRCHALL'S RAY OF HOPE

He Gets a Letter from Benwell's Alleged Murderer.

AN ACCOUNT OF THE TRAGEDY.

The Letter Is Signed "The Colonel" and the Writer Confesses That He Is the Slayer of Benwell—Birchall Will Work Hard for a Reprieve.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 28.—The Express prints the following special dispatch from Woodstock, Ont.: On Saturday afternoon last Jailer Cameron received with several other letters and papers addressed to Birchall, the condemned murderer, now lying in the Oxford county jail, a letter, the white envelope of which was somewhat soiled. The letter was addressed as follows:

The Mysterious Letter.

"J. R. Burchall, Woodstock Jail, Woodstock, Ontario." On the stamp was affixed on the bottom left hand corner of the envelope and the postmark, "Jackson, Mich., Oct. 24, 4:30 p. m., '90," was in the place usually occupied by the stamp. There was perhaps nothing unusual about this, but glancing over the contents of four pages of closely pencilled note paper, the jailer hurried to Birchall's cell to allow him to read it. The letter was dated Jackson, Mich., Oct. 5, 1890, and was as follows:

Safe in the States.

"To Rex Newell, my dear boy, I have been watching you ever since that fateful 17th of February and I see the Canadians have got you in their clutches at last. Well, I must say I am sorry for you, although you know you are partly to blame as well as me. You no doubt wonder where I am and where I went to after leaving you. You can bet I made quick tracks out of Canada and have been around considerable. At present I am in Jackson, Mich., where I intend to stay until about the middle of this month. I went from this latter until the day I leave here for four that some strat detectives might get the drop on me. By the time you get this I will be sewed. I will have naught to fear from Canadian or American law. To make a long story short, and a bad one at that, let me say that as soon as I left you I made my way to ——— ing to be my easy job to get that fellow settled on a farm for even two weeks or any length of time. I never got up to that old rookery with him and don't think I could have fixed it anyway. It would have been easy enough if you hadn't told him that you were going to the pinic.

Benwell Threatened Him.

"We struck into that notorious swamp just for fun to get a shot if we could see anything, and while in there the devil himself must have been in that fellow, for he said that the whole farm pupil business in Canada was a swindle and wanted him to get out. I told him I was interested in the old country. We could all make a big thing by using his name, and get a lot on a string, and that what he would lose now would soon be made up again. Great Scott! didn't he get up steam. He threatened to shoot me on the spot. He would, too, if I hadn't drawn my revolver. My blood was up, too. I reasoned with him and did all I could to get him around, but no go. We talked the matter over for perhaps half an hour, sometimes loud, and sometimes quietly, sometimes otherwise. At last he jumped up, said he would expose the whole —— lot of us, and started *for the road.*

He "Settled It Then and There."

"I followed, and knowing what exposure would mean I settled it then and there. Now you know it all. I'm sorry I did it, and never thought of getting you into trouble of this kind. You will now have to forgive me, Rex. His watch and revolver no one will ever see again. He didn't have much money with him. I should have thought that any —— fool of a lawyer might see that for you to kill him would spoil your chances of getting the boodle. I do hope the Canadian people will treat you fairly and at least give you a reprieve. If so I will write you again and give my address, and will expect to get a letter from you. Please burn this as soon as you read it and don't give my true name to any one. You have kept it to yourself well and I thank you. It will do no good now. I bid you a long farewell, but still hope to see you in this world once more. I hope you are prepared for the worst. The love of money and excitement has caused me much trouble, but I hope to do better in the days to come. Good-by. Ever yours, THE COLONEL."

"P. S.—I see that 'Smarty' we met in *London last January has been trying to* get his say in. Tell him that from here he'll get a different box from the one you offered him in the theatre that night and he'll get it just as cheap, too."

It Was "the Colonel!"

After reading the letter Birchall's face assumed a pleased expression and he sent for his solicitor, S. G. McKay. Mr. McKay came up to London on Monday and consulted with Mr. Helmuth, another of Mr. Birchall's counsel, and it is altogether likely that a reprieve of a month will be asked for at once. Birchell's explanation of this letter is to a certain extent borne out by a fact.

In that the "Colonel" between whom and Birchall it will be remembered certain telegrams or letters have passed and have been made public; that he put *out of his and* that his friend, the "Colonel" was taking Benwell, the murdered man, up to see Mr. William Herson, a well known and wealthy farmer of Birnham, who for a consideration was to let on that Birchall owned the farm they were going to see. Birchall says he knows the "Colonel" but also that he will not divulge his name. The letter appears to be genuine. It will be noticed that although dated Oct. 5 it was not received until Oct. 24, Friday last. The question will now present itself, who is the "Colonel?"

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AN OUTRAGE, HE SAYS.

Commissioner Roosevelt Criticises the Ohio Republican State Committee's Letter.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Commissioner Roosevelt, in an interview with a Times reporter, says, "to have this opportunity to make public for the information of all clerks and others the fact that they have, as I firmly believe, nothing to fear if they refuse to contribute. As for my own personal feelings, I regard the circular of the Ohio executive committee as an outrage. I am as much as any one can be for the success of the Republican party in Ohio and for the re-election of Maj. McKinley in particular, but this letter as quoted as coming from the Ohio committee and sent to the government employes in this city can only be characterized as an attempt to blackmail them. Employed by politicians,

"IN DARKEST AFRICA."

Bartellot's Brother Is After Explorer Stanley's Scalp.

FRED'S NOT ASSINATIONS ASKED

Ward Thinks Stanley Was Too Severe on the Rear Guard—Prospect of a Sensation When the Facts Concerning Barttelot's Murder Finally Come to Light.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Telegraph appeals to Mr Henry M Stanley to clear up the Barttelot affair. Bonny declines at present to say anything in reply to personal remarks which appear in Barttelot's book. He says he advised Barttelot before the publication of the book that many things could be said against his brother that had better be left unsaid, and that he (Stanley) had suppressed certain matters. He was surprised that Barttelot had ignored his advice Bonny considered he took command of the expedition on the death of Barttelot. because Jameson, who was heir to the command, was then at some point on the Congo, hundreds of miles distant. He emphatically denies that there was any ground for the defense that Barttelot had insulted his murderers.

What Herbert Ward Says.

Herbert Ward, brother of Stanley's lieutenant, Barttelot, declines to consider it his duty to say anything. Stanley are not on good terms, and that though he was with Barttelot in the Soudan most of the time, he was absent most of the time on the Congo. Ward says he left Barttelot in command of 125 men. Barttelot was left in charge of Warnford Lockhart, and Jameson was in command of the rear guard. Stanley's letter of instructions stated that Barttelot would receive orders from Tippu Tib, nothing would come from Stanley. Ward declined the command of the rear guard on the ground that he was unacquainted with Zanzibaris and would be unable to move. To have given Zanzibaris as Stanley suggested would have been equivalent to placing the lives of the officers, horses and ammunition at the mercy of these natives. Barttelot was murdered after he had been deserted by his men, and the weakened condition of his force.

When Emin Was Taken Prisoner.

From the same quarter, namely in the rear guard, comes the first intimation of the proceedings said to have taken place at Zanzibar when Emin was taken prisoner. Stanley and Jameson are not mentioned, but Ward says that the expedition was delayed for a month by the refusal of the rear guard, and that Barttelot and Jameson declined to move. To have given Zanzibaris as Stanley suggested would have been equivalent to placing the lives of the officers, horses and ammunition at the mercy of these natives. Barttelot was murdered after he had been deserted by his men, and the weakened condition of his force.

Barttelot's Brother Strikes Back.

In reply to Stanley's veiled charge against his murdered brother, Walter J. Barttelot says: "It is of course for Mr. Stanley to decide when and how it is to comment on him to reply to the charges contained in the recently published volume of Letters and Diaries of Barttelot.

"I will ask, however, to be permitted to say that as far as Mr. Stanley has published extracts from the book in his letters he has not even shadowed forth a single fact in answer to the specific accusations which it has been my painful duty to bring against him. I have only asked that the real grounds that I have for my action in doing this [illegible] in relief of my brother's memory may be given in full. "When Emin was taken prisoner."

OF FAIR WOMEN'S CLUBS.

THE CITY OF NEW YORK POSSESSES SEVERAL THAT ARE NOTABLE.

Sorosis, the Mother Club of All, and Its Eminent Members—The New York Woman's Club—The Meridian Club—The Working Girls' Club—The Twinkle Club.

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The Twinkle club—doesn't the name suggest sparkling conversation, full of epigrams and repartee and bright stories? It means all that, and much more that is equally enjoyable, according to the enthusiastic accounts of the little company of women who have banded themselves together under that name. It is the youngest and, if the aforesaid women are to be judged unbiased witness, the brightest and most enjoyable woman's club in the city of New York. Between its methods and purposes and the methods and purposes of Sorosis—the oldest woman's club in the United States—there is a wide difference, a difference which illustrates very vividly the change there has been in women's clubs, and women, too, since Sorosis was formed, twenty two years ago.

Sorosis is, and has always been, a club for mental improvement, and it is about as far removed from the masculine idea of a club as the average woman of the last generation was removed from the average man in her ideas, occupations, sympathies and ambitions. Sorosis has had its internal storms, three or four of them, each one of which has threatened to break the club into several small, but bright and happy, companies. But it has kept the club intact, and the growth of every one of them stronger than before. During all last winter it had a long continued earthquake over the question of whether or not it shall have a club house, and start out at this late day to be a club after the masculine idea thereof. Some of the members have been strongly in favor of leasing a large and expensive house, fitting it up into reception rooms, bedrooms, libraries and a restaurant, and starting out as club housekeeping in the most approved style. But the idea has been bitterly opposed by some of the most influential members because they think the club is not yet ready financially to take so important a step. However, those in favor of a house won, and by and by Sorosis will probably maintain with matronly dignity an establishment of as much consequence as the Union League or the Lotos.

Among the best known members of Sorosis, who are seen at its monthly luncheons and discussions at Delmonico's or at its annual dinner, at which men of national reputation come to the metropolitan to join in brilliant after dinner speeches, are Mrs. Ella Dietz Clymer, the president; Mrs. M. Louise Thomas, Mrs. "Marion Harland" Terhune, Olive Thorn Miller, Mary E. Bryan Dallas, Mrs. Elisha Dyer and Conger, Rev. Phebe Hanaford, Dr. Jennie Lozier, Mrs. "Jenny June" Croly, Mrs. "Grace Greenwood" Lippincott.

The Working Girls' club is probably the largest and most influential woman's club in New York. In the parent club, and in the several branches that have been organized in different parts of New York and adjacent cities, there must be a membership of 10,000, and counting a thousand, Miss Grace Dodge is the chief officer of the parent club, the originator of the idea and the constant and zealous watcher over all its interests. She is loved and revered by all the members as seldom falls to the lot of any woman. The parent organization has a club house of its own, and the several branches have club rooms that are not only cosy and cheerful, but are useful in many practical ways.

The Meridian club would have been more appropriately, if less elegantly, named had its founders called it the "Music" club, for its members never tell anything that happens at its meetings. And a year ago last winter it even declined Sorosis' invitation to the convention of women's clubs because reporters were to be present. The membership is limited to thirty, and these are elected in the alphabetical order of their names. There is no permanent president, but at each meeting a temporary chairman is chosen, the members taking service in alphabetical order. The meetings are at the houses of its members, and its aim is supposed to be social enjoyment, with intellectual development and a dash of philanthropy thrown in. Each member can invite as many and as often as she likes, provided each one will make a solemn promise before she enters its doors never, never to tell what she is about to see and hear.

The Society for Political Study is a very serious and hardworking club. During the winter season it spends one afternoon a week discussing such questions as taxation, the tariff, state aid to education, etc., the relations between labor and capital, and similarly weighty subjects. Mrs. T. B. Wakeman is president, and Dr. Louise Fiske Bryson is one of its active members. Moncure D. Conway was invited before the club, and has nothing but words of high praise and admiration for its work and the ability of its members.

The Women's Art club is not yet two years old, but is already active and vigorous. It was formed with the intention of making it primarily of professional usefulness, and the success it has already attained is proof that artistic talent may exist along with professional capacities. No amateurs are admitted—only professional artists who have had pictures in public exhibitions. At first its only intention was to meet at the studios of the members and discuss and criticise one another's work. But with organization and a beginning the plan broadened, and they saw before them the possibility of important and very helpful work. As a result they held their first exhibition of paintings last March. It was a very quiet and private affair, but one that was surprising, to all who had the good fortune to receive invitations, in the excellence of the work shown. The number of members is limited to forty, at present, of whom about thirty have been admitted. Its rules are few, its financial demands small and its methods cautious, conservative and quiet. Among its members are Miss Grace Fitz Randolph, president; Miss Dora Wheeler, Miss Ellen Day Hale, Miss Maria J. C. n'Becket, Miss Frances Hunt Throop, Miss E. S. Chesver and Mrs. Rhoda Holmes Nichols.

The clubs that were organized last winter are very different from any that had previously come into life. They are more like men's clubs in both purposes and methods, and they seem to show that women have taken a long step in the evolution of the club idea.

First came the Woman's Press club, which, after fluttering undecidedly for some time over the brink of intellectual development and feminine teas, at last came to the conclusion that it didn't want to be developed, and would have none of recitations and readings, set papers and formal discussions. It settled down to business, and is principally devoted at present to the advancing of the professional interests of its members. It has a social meeting once a month, which gives its members opportunity to make one another's acquaintance and at which it entertains guests. It proposes, as early in the future as its finances will permit, to have a permanent home in club rooms, cheerfully furnished and centrally located. At present it meets in the office rooms of one of its members. So it will be seen that the Woman's Press club is as nearly as possible the feminine counterpart of men's press club organizations.

Next after this came the Ladies' New York club, which is organized after the very same pattern as men's clubs usually are. It has a club house, with bedrooms, reception and drawing rooms and a restaurant. This latter particular was added after the most doleful prophesies of failure by all the club men who had friends among the members. The club would simply sink a lot of money in it and handicap itself to the start. It was a common thing for restaurants in men's club houses to fail, and for a restaurant in a woman's club house to succeed—the idea was preposterous! But the restaurant paid its own way from the start, and in three months was making a profit. The club intends to have occasional exhibitions of needlework, jewels and interesting relics. Telegrams, letters and parcels are received and cared for, and in all respects this club aims to furnish its members with the same conveniences to be had by the members of the average men's club. It was organized last fall, is very busy, and its membership is already very large.

The Women's University club corresponds in purpose and scope with the Men's University club so closely that almost the only difference is to be found in its occasional afternoon teas. Its handsome club rooms in the Barnard college building on Madison avenue, in which is to be found every temptation for loitering away an idle hour or two, for reading and writing and talking, the club is purely social, and proposes to let the rest of the world "gang its ain gait" just as it pleases.

The Twinkle club is very young, very lively and very enthusiastic. It is formed closely after the plan of the Twilight club, except that it is small and wishes to remain so, and has even fewer formalities than that famously informal organization. It is told, in speaking of a kindred club only, with a membership limited, for the present at least, to the eight women who started it. They meet once a month at a quiet restaurant, dine and talk for three, four or five hours. Each one pays for her own plate, and then they go away and tantalize all their friends by telling them what a good time they have had. It has no dues, no rules, no constitution, no officers, no red tape of any kind. The members, who are allowed to bring guests to some of the meetings, gather around the table, tell their best stories, swap their best jokes, exchange their best thoughts, have animated discussions over all sorts of questions and say many bright things. The membership is mainly of professional women, and includes two or three gray haired and matronly ladies, who enter into its spirit with quite as much zest as any of the younger women.

The members of the Twinkle club consider it not only the last but the highest evolution of the woman's club idea in New York.

FLORENCE FISCH-KELLY.

Artistic Drapery.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

An inexpensive and artistic scarf for mantel or piano top can be made of striped cheese cloth; shades of dark green or blue, edged with yellow, with broad spaces between the cream tint of the stuff. Any width of the material is stretched plainly and smoothly along the mantel; one-half hangs over the edge in front to form an under lambrequin beneath the upper drapery. A second length is laid in box pleating. Fasten this along the edge of the board with strong thread or a row of gilt head tacks. Make the looping of the vallance at the points as shown in the cut, by laying a series of plaits in the material. Draw these together quite closely and secure firmly to the shelf. Finish the ends with small silk tassels. The stripes crossing in different directions is the charm of this stuff, as it gives an oriental effect in a novel and artistic way. The tints are the soft tones of green, red, yellow or oak brown.

DRAPERY FOR MANTEL OR PIANO.

—EMMA MOFFETT TYRO.

The physical degeneracy of women reached its climax twenty-five years ago. We are now on the up grade again. Twenty-five years more will see a vast difference for the better in the health and strength of the average woman.

THE SOCIABLE BRITONS.

HOW OUR TOURISTS DID NOT SEE PARLIAMENT IN SESSION.

Notes of a Hoosier's Holiday Abroad—The "Hurricane Deck" of an Omnibus Is the Place to See London From and to Gain Lively Acquaintances.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Three things in England surprised me greatly—they are so very different from all the accounts I had of them. These are: The general comfort and apparent content of the humbler classes; the clean appearance of the most notorious sections of London, and the ease with which the stranger can make acquaintances. If there was any one statement that had been repeatedly forced upon me till it had assumed the strength of an established truth, it was that the English in general are a reserved people—some say a "surly set." If so then I met the select few, for I found them extremely pleasant, approachable and communicative. Except in our south and southwest I never traveled in any country where it is so easy to make acquaintances—and such intelligent and desirable acquaintances.

My experience justifies me perhaps in waiving the point as to egotism and descending to a style which may seem personal. In Hotel and boarding house, underground train and tram car or on top of an omnibus in fair weather, in the lobby of the house of commons and in all places of public resort I met many people whose courtesy charmed me, while their conversation was both pleasant and instructive. I feel compelled to give a few instances.

Coming down from Hampstead Heath on a omnibus on my first fair day in London to ride out to South Kensington, for it is on the deck that one can see the whole life of the city, I climbed to the top of the "hurricane deck" and took the seat next to a gentleman who was evidently a native. He was reading a book of an omnibus conductor's experiences, and from the deck that one can see the whole life of the city, and from the deck that the people at first hand. It is like second class on an English railway and the smoking car in America. I took a question of a gentleman by my side and with the reply got this:

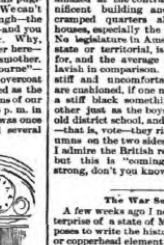
"Ah, you're an American, I see—and from the far west, I think. I am from Lancashire myself."

Then followed a conversation in which I related one of the stock anecdotes about investors in Florida, raising my voice considerably on account of the noise made by the 'bus. It stopped suddenly in a quiet street and made it seem as if I had shouted the closing words for the benefit of the whole neighborhood. (They were pretty strong words, too—the catastrophe of the story.) There was a general laugh and my position was understood. A lady in the next seat, young, strikingly handsome and richly dressed, turned and laughingly said, "You are a terrible person; I am just from Florida," following this with a fascinating accent in English, with a foreign accent, of her life at St. Augustine and Jacksonville, Fla., and Asheville, and we had a delightful "sociable" on the deck of the omnibus for the next mile, the lady translating in into French from time to time for the benefit of her companion. She was evidently accomplished, for in addition to her native Spanish she spoke French and English fluently, and when she landed in the most fashionable part of the West End my thanks went with her, for had she not deftly turned an awkward question into an occasion for social enjoyment?

I was much struck with the Australian's account of those who go to that continent in search of health. "If it is lung trouble," said he, "they nearly always get well; but if they return to England to stay they always die early, and generally before the second winter ends. I only ventured here in the summer, and already I am warned that I must get away before Christmas," and as he said it I noticed in his breathing that peculiar "h-r-a-s-h" with which I am painfully familiar, a sound as the comb were drawn across the edge of a board.

"And does English vigor endure in that climate?" I asked.

"Oh, yes. The sons of the oldest settlers are growing to manhood as vigorous as the lads of Yorkshire and Hampshire, and I suppose you know that Australian pugilists are knocking all before them. We can't stand the English climate, though—the sky never seems clear here to me—and you couldn't stand it either in winter. Why, I have known fat cattle to smother here—just get down in their bedding and smother. You haven't met your friends to Melbourne"—and the sad sanitary exile drew his overcoat closer about his neck and shivered as the sun went down. All the Americans of our party were both overcoats after 6 p. m. in midsummer, though the mercury was once as high as 82 degs. at noon, and several times up to 79 degs.



GREAT JEHOSAPHAT, ALABAM, DID YOU EVER EXPECT TO SEE THE LIKE OF THAT?

While I waited in the commons lobby one day for an answer to a note I had sent to a member I was accosted by a gentleman whose card announced that he was a member of the "Bombay Civil Service." He invited me to the refreshment room to have a glass of wine, and as the end of two hours' talk he said with more than western effusiveness:

"Now you really must come down to my place in Surrey, and spend a day with me. I can show you many places of interest. Do you shoot?"

I didn't "shoot"—never killed a game bird in my life, and must further confess that this unusual invitation made me suspicious. So I was mean enough to go to my lodgings and write on the back of his own his card, with an invitation to meet him there) and quietly make some inquiries, and then I returned that "Mr. Gilbert Elliott, Bombay Civil Service, retired," was all that he had represented himself and much more. I had slighted a most desirable invitation, and perhaps shown a spice of ill manners through excessive caution; but I hope to learn more as I grow older.

On another occasion I visited a curious old book store to look at a rare copy of the Septuagint which is kept there, and the pleasant freedom with which two scholarly visitors addressed me, their cordial invitation to "take a chop and a glass" with them, and the two hours we spent together at their favorite grill room made the day a white one in memory. But the strangest experience was with a shipowner at Liverpool, a Welsh gentleman from Llanelly. He ended our two days' pleasant intercourse by giving me introductory notes to three Welsh members of parliament, with a request that they procure me a seat in the gallery of the house.

A man who knows any one thing well, or is interested in a special pursuit, may be sure of meeting many kindred souls in London; it is the great house of toleration for the Old World. One kind of knowledge always sells high. If a man is well informed as to his own country or any given section of it he may be sure that many men in London are anxious to meet him. One familiar with the western part of the United States is largely welcomed in scores of places, and if reasonably inclined to drink with a man "rosy," indeed. He is urged to call at the office at 4 or "half past," and then to the club or favorite grill room to dine. There all reticent brandy and soda is ordered at the start. These English have a sublime confidence in the potency of meat and drink as tools with to develop talk; and I begin to think there is something in it myself.

When I received, as aforesaid, notes to three members of parliament I felt that I could read my title clear to a seat in the gallery; but it did not prove so simple a matter. Two of the members were absent and the other's cards were engaged a month ahead. Our little squad of Americans thereupon delegated Mr. Keil, of San Francisco, and myself to call on Corsel Lowe, a distinguished soldier that, as an old neighbor and friend in Indiana, would be only too happy, etc. But Col. New promptly responded: "My dear Beadle, you might as well ask me for an admission through the pearly gates of the New Jerusalem. There are over 600 members and that gallery will hold but 350, so in the natural order each member might get one ticket in three days."

"How about the American minister?"

"Well, he receives two tickets a day, and the applications at this season—when there are seldom less than 10,000 Americans in London—are from 300 to 600 deep."

We did not see Minister Lincoln. Neither did we get into that gallery. But we stood long in the rotunda and saw many well known faces and all handsome women go in. The scene is exactly like that about the door of our congress, and the members look and act just the same. We next tried to get admission to the house of lords, but in getting us into several forbidden places, but the guardian of the stairs would not so much as look at our letter when he ostentatiously drew out "half a sov."

And then a startling incident occurred. As we stood disconsolate a gigantic negro in silk hat, frock coat and handsome cane, with a lovely white woman on his arm marched up with the air of an emperor on parade, bowled down the guardian with his usual dignity, and stalked in as if he owned parliament house and was negotiating for the purchase of Buckingham palace. The lady bowed and smiled in passing. Her dress was a lovely delicate purple silk, and I am positive the cross which gleamed at her white throat contained five diamonds. The negro was deftly dressed in black, with white vest and a dazzling array of shirt front. For a full minute the Americans stood and stared at each other open mouthed, and then "Kentucky" (we often know each other by the names of our respective states) broke out:

"Great Jehosaphat, Alabam! Did you ever expect to see the like o' that?"

"Alabam" was too full to reply, but clinched teeth, lowering brow and a half crouch showed his ire, and I noticed in his breathing that peculiar "h-r-a-s-h" with which I am painfully familiar, a sound as the comb were drawn across the edge of a board.

"And does English vigor endure in that climate?" I asked.

"Oh, yes. The sons of the oldest settlers are growing to manhood as vigorous as the lads of Yorkshire and Hampshire, and I suppose you know that Australian pugilists are knocking all before them. We can't stand the English climate, though—the sky never seems clear here to me—and you couldn't stand it either in winter. Why, I have known fat cattle to smother here—just get down in their bedding and smother. You haven't met your friends to Melbourne"—and the sad sanitary exile drew his overcoat closer about his neck and shivered as the sun went down. All the Americans of our party were both overcoats after 6 p. m. in midsummer, though the mercury was once as high as 82 degs. at noon, and several times up to 79 degs.

—J. H. BEADLE.

The War Substitutes.

A few weeks ago I noted the literary enterprise of a state of Union man who purposes to write the history of the dissenting or copperhead element in war time. Such a work in its entirety has never been published. But the substitutes and the substitute system have also been neglected by the writers. If somebody would undertake the history of this phase of the struggle it would read like a story of human slavery.

I know personally at least a dozen men who made fortunes by buying and selling humanity "on the hoof." I remember that toward the close of the war the quotations of recruits were from $800 to $1,200 apiece, and recall cases where they brought even $1,500 or $2,000.

It was the custom of these substitute brokers to get some poor fellow, give him $600 or $700, and pocket the other half. In one case I knew of a county sheriff who emptied his jail for the good of his country and got a head, giving the offenders a chance to go to war if they preferred it to penal confinement. That sheriff went into the office as poor as a church mouse, and retired with about $100,000 in cash. It was a paying business.—Boston Globe.

Was It the Sea Serpent?

At Liverpool, New South Wales, two men recently made affidavit that they had seen in some tall hedge grass in a marshy place bordering the harbor a tremendous serpent, which to the best of their knowledge and belief was 45 or 50 feet in length, and in circumference as large as a barrel. A third person offered to corroborate on oath the depositions of the first two.—St. Louis Republic.

The Photographer's Hit.

A lady who owns a considerable portion of her charms to art was much annoyed the other day on receiving a dozen of her carefully retouched cartes from her photographer, to read on the back of each photograph the following inscription: "The original of this portrait is carefully preserved." She has not yet recovered from this unexpected "hit."—Lynn Item.

WE HAVE AN OIL GRAIN SHOE FOR $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE OIL GRAIN " " $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " (High cut) $1.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " (Hand welt) $6.70

The latter are just the things for the citizens who go to the city every day, who do not want to wear rubbers. If bought in New York they would cost $7 and $8.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

99 W. FRONT STREET,

(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.

COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this ady, on the following terms:—

25c. Coal Scuttle will be given with each $1.00 Sale.
50c. " " " " " 1.25 "
75c. " " " " " 1.50 "
$1. " " " " " 2.00 "
50c. " " " " " 2.50 "

These coal sea the are two best made and new styles. They are Japanned and Galvanized and perfectly waterproof. Nos. 13, 14, 17 and 21. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Lumps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of stove hards just in, and in stock low.

REMEMBER, we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package System, so if you have left us a call we will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to convert everybody to be of our views: that is to pay only the actual value for the goods they receive.

This can be accomplished by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Glance over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Teas and Coffees. Hand picked kinds that grow. New crop Tea at 35c., worth 60c. Coffee may down. Try our celebrated Mocha, Hazarma Java and Mocha, 32c. worth 40c. Finest produced Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter 28c. Good Creamery, (as sold in most cities for best), 25c. lb.; Fresh Dairy, (used for both table and cooking purposes), 22c. lb.; 4 Pearl Cores in rye quarts, 30c. lb.; Pearl Patent Flour, (best no equal), $6.25 bbl.; Pillsbury's Best XXXX, $6.75 bbl.; B at wholesale oil, 150 teas, 10c. gal.; Strictly Virginia Sweet Potatoes, 40c. per peck; 1-2 bu. bbl.; Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb. Call and get prices on other goods.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we so jov fully attain is the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we do not advertise any one article in particular as leader to widen the trade to us, but our full line right through will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we sell and deliver orders promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge. On Saturday we will give a special attention to mail orders.

UNITED TEA and COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
99 WEST FRONT STREET.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,

Telephone 126 NO. 43 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as follows: 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 66c.; Colored Mosquetaire Kid Gloves, 49c.; Fine Black, Unfinished Mosquetaire, $1.25; Plush and Astrakhan Capes, in all the latest styles, at lowest prices; 10-4 White Wool Bed Blankets 95c. per pair; Full size Comforters, 75c.; 6-Button Colored Unfinished Mosquetaire, $1.00.

About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest and most complete assortment of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, &c.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 3,200 square feet of floor space, and with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEAREST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS, LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THE GUESSES MUST BE IN BY OCTOBER 31st.

ROGERS BROS.,

SHOE DEALERS, 125 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 18 East Fifth street between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m. 1-18-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1589

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 91.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

37 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

30 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH and HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when coal was low and is mined to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore eminently free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and unloading. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

CORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Apparatus in use approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Park Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 651. Telephone call 53.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

$60,000 OF THE WORK

CONTRACTED FOR ALREADY BY THE PLAINFIELD SUPPLY CO.

It Has Acquired Possession of Mr. Moore's Company by Reimbursing Him for His Outlay, Assuming His Debts and Allowing Him $15,000 Worth of Stock for His Franchise.

THE NEWS of last Friday, in a column article, gave the particulars of the action already taken by the Plainfield Supply Company and the action it proposed to take toward constructing the works which Mr. Moore failed to construct under the franchise granted him by the city of Plainfield under the belief that he was solvent.

It appears that Mr. Moore succeeded in floating the Supply Company to take the load off his hands. They reimbursed him for his actual outlays as shown by the work, and assumed his debts and obligations. These were:

For pipes and building, about.....	$6,500
" payments to the city.....	2,000
" land on which works are located..	7,500
	$15,000

And gave him stock in the Supply Company for franchise amounting to $15,000

Making a total of $30,000

Mr. Moore, it appears, received no actual cash except what he actually paid out, or became liable for in notes.

He has coming to him $12,000, on which he obtained money from Hon. John Kean, Jr., and for $2,500 which he had obtained from Mr. H. F. Reynolds, the druggist, and a Mr. Hendricksen of North Plainfield jointly.

The new company has already given out contracts for work, which they say amounts to some $60,000, not including the pipes.

The collapse of the effort to build water works for the city by the Water Works Company under the management of Mr. C. D. Moore, led many people to suppose that water works are a thing of the distant future.

From the Directors of the Plainfield Water Supply Company it is learned that about the middle of September last the company purchased from the Water Works Company and Mr. Charles D. Moore the wells and pumps done in the course of construction at Netherwood, and whatever odds and ends of material had been collected by Mr. Moore's company for constructing the works. Thereupon, Mr. Charles B. Brush of New York, an engineer of wide experience, who had charge of the Rockaway Water Works and many others, was employed to make a thorough examination of the whole project and report his conclusions and advice. This required some time; but the report was completed and presented to the Board of Directors about two weeks ago.

The substance of the report is that the wells at Netherwood will no doubt furnish good water, sufficient to supply the city for many years to come. Some changes were recommended in the location and size of the mains and pipes—the pipes to average larger than the Water Works Co. proposed, and twenty one miles of pipe to be laid in the city of Plainfield, and about six miles in North Plainfield.

It is proposed to offer the Borough through its council the same terms as will be given Plainfield, in hydrants and to private dwellings.

Instead of two tank reservoirs to be located on the mountain, Mr. Brush recommends a standpipe to be located near the pump house, twenty five feet in diameter and one hundred and forty feet high, which will hold 500,000 gallons—just the amount that the two tanks on the mountain were to hold.

The water will be pumped into the standpipe through a pipe sixteen or twenty inches in diameter to be erected through the interior of the standpipe, and to rise about five feet above the top. The water will be thrown up into the air from the top of this interior pipe, and fall down into the standpipe. The object of this is to aerate the water, which Mr. Brush considers very important in the case of water obtained from a subterranean source; and also to keep the water in the standpipe constantly in agitation. Aside from the utility of this arrangement, we will have the beauty of an immense fountain playing constantly one hundred and fifty feet up in the air, and visible all over the city. An iron spiral stairway will be built around the outside of the standpipe and a balcony around the top.

We have already given the names of the officers of the Company.

The President is Mr. Frank Bergen of Elizabeth. Mr. E. B. Pope of Plainfield, is Secretary and Treasurer, and the other directors are Messrs. John W. Murray, O. T. Warne, I. W. Hutchinson, H. G. Brooks, J. Frank Hubbard and J. C. Pope of Plainfield, Daniel Runkle of Asbury, and John Kean, Jr. and James Maguire of Elizabeth. A majority of the directors reside in Plainfield.

The Company claims to have ample legal power under its charter to construct and operate water works in Plainfield and adjoining towns, as we stated last Friday, and has all the capital require d.

Since the report of Mr. Brush was received, the contracts mentioned above have been made by the company with Mr. Isaac W. Pemberton, and John Chandler of Plainfield to fit-in the pumping house at Netherwood. Contracts have also been awarded to Henry R. Worthington, N. New Yorks, of two pumps, one with a capacity of two million gallons per day, the other with a capacity of three million gallons; with Messrs. Tippet & Wood of Philipsburgh for boilers and standpipe, and with Mr. Daniel Runkle for pipe.

The contracts require that the pumps and boilers to be set up in place by January 1st, and the stand pipe a month later. The principal main from the pump house to the central part of the city will be laid by January 1st, if the weather permits, and the rest of the pipe as soon as it can be.

Those who are, or were, wedded to Moore's scheme for constructing water works will naturally be a little reluctant at first to see a different plan adopted, but the Water Supply directors say that they are willing to make a contract with the city containing all the features of the Moore contract that are really important. They desire, however, to retain sufficient control over their property to secure reasonable success for the enterprise.

—Patrick McDermott, aged twenty years, was instantly killed on the Central railroad at Elizabeth Monday evening.

MR. CAMPBELLS MISFORTUNE.

Fifty Tons of Hay Consumed in a Fire This Morning.

At about two o'clock this morning a large frame barn on the farm belonging to Frank Randolph of this city, situated on the road between this city and Metuchen, was discovered to be afire. Neighbors endeavored to extinguished the flames, but the fire had gained too much headway and the buildings were burned to the ground. Mr. Hilir Campbell, the proprietor of the Campbell Club House, leased the farm and had about fifty tons of hay stored therein, all of which was consumed. The fire, it is thought, was of an incendiary origin.

Last Thursday evening the barns in the rear of the Campbell Club House were destroyed. During the afternoon Mr. Harry Campbell had ejected an ex-convict from the house, and it is thought that for revenge he fired the outbuildings. He is said to have been recently employed by Mr. Campbell, but was recently discharged. He has not visited the place since the club stables were burned.

The Revision of the Registry.

On Thursday the court of common pleas will sit in each county of the State to revise the registry list. Under the new ballot law the court will have authority to order erased from the list any name of any person who shall be shown to the satisfaction of the court from any cause, not to be entitled to vote at the next election, provided that no name shall be erased in the absence of the person to be affected. Two days notice will be given to the person. The said court may also order added to said registry the name of any person who shall prove to its satisfaction, by affidavit or affidavits, or otherwise, his right to vote at the coming election, but whose name, through absence, sickness, inadvertence or other sufficient cause, has been omitted therefrom.

Scotch Plains.

Evangelist Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt of Springfield, Mass., commenced a series of Gospel meetings in the Baptist church last Sunday. He is preaching every evening this week, and will give Bible Readings on Thursday and Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Commencing Thursday evening, he will be assisted by the widely known Gospel singer, Mr. F. H. Lamb of New York.

Mr. Lamb comes directly from leading the singing at the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Y. M. C. A. State conventions at Haverhill, Mass. But few singers sing the gospel so effectively, and but few are in such great demand.

An Influx of Tramps.

For several days past, tramps have been swarming into this city, and North Plainfield in great force and number.

As a NEWS reporter was wending his way along Somerset street, at about 8 o'clock this morning, he noticed one of the vagrants disrobe himself of his coat, hide it, and make a bee line for a house nearby. His evident intention was to enter the house and beg another coat, to dispose of at a sacrifice. Housewives would do well to order all such persons from their premises.

Boys' Attention!

Boys are urged not to forget the meeting of the Warren Mission Boys' Society No. 5, at Warren Mission chapel, North Plainfield tonight at 7 o'clock sharp. It is not necessary to belong to the Mission Sunday school to join. All boys are welcome.

JOTTINGS.

—Some beautiful beds of chrysanthemums are a-bloom about town.

—The original display in Mr. Werners show window, the work of Mr. Limbarger, is attracting considerable attention.

—The Union County criminal court has adjourned until November 6, when the trials of indictments will be resumed.

—Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias met in their armory on Crescent avenue last evening for drill.

—To-night at Music Hall there will be given the play "On the Frontier." It promises to be exciting enough to suit the most enthusiastic smallboy.

—An organization which has dubbed itself the Jolly Five tendered their friends an evening reception in Wendell's Hall, Dunellen last night. About thirty-five couple from this city were in attendance, and greatly enjoyed themselves.

—An orchestra has been organized in Elizabeth, with Prof. Chas. H. Day as conductor. The members consist of musicians from Rahway, Westfield and Newark, besides those from Elizabeth. Mr. Arthur Drake of Elizabeth will act as accompanist

—The anniversary exercises of the Women's Temperance Aid Society have been indefinitely postponed, owing to the union service to be held to-morrow evening. All meetings, except the union meeting, will be suspended during the visit of Evangelist Mills.

—The weekly devotional meeting of the W. C. T. U., will be held in their rooms on Front street on Thursday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock. Interesting reports of the State Convention, will be given by the President, Mrs. Tebbetts, Mrs. Dobbins and Mrs. J. W. McNaughton.

—The Round Brook and Raritan Electric Light Co., which has been wiring houses free, now charges $3.50 per light. There is a kick against the expense. Kerosene is cheaper, the Round Brookers say, and coffins are reduced under the McKinley bill.—New Brunswick Home News.

—The fashion in carriages in Plainfield just now runs to dog carts. The "sonnet" of them all was seen on Park avenue yesterday. The wood-work was all of varnished ash, with the natural grain exposed. The harness was silver mounted, and all the metal work even to the step was silver plated. The footman in uniform and top-boots sat behind on a seat cushioned and carpeted. With buff-colored leather. The queen of the reins was a well-known society woman of this city.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY INCREASE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GENERALLY INCREASE HIS PROSPERITY.

BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE TERMED A NECESSARY EXPENSE.

—THE GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 8.—GREAT PROTECTION FOR FARMERS.—AND CHEAPER PRICES GUARANTEED UPON ALL THEIR NECESSARY EXPENSES.

The lies that are being told about the tinplate schedule are a fair sample of the weapons employed against the bill throughout. It is alleged, for instance, that the increased woolen and linen duties will inevitably raise prices upon the consumer. Now, it is plain that they can have that effect, if they have it at all, only upon those varieties of goods on which increased duties have been imposed. Those varities are only the finer grades, once as persons of large incomes will use. The duties have not been raised, but lowered upon the coarser goods to entirely grade as are in common use, and the prices of these cannot possibly go up, because the market for them is already in the possession of American manufacturers. The effort of this bill in all its departments is to recover to our people markets which they have lost, and to obtain for them new markets into which they have not, hitherto, brought an entrance. The duties on iron ore, pig iron, scrap iron and scrap steel, and all the various forms of bar iron, have been retained as they are in the present tariff, except where they have been slightly reduced. So have those on iron and steel forging, on steel ingots and on copper. With the exception of the duty on tin, the metal schedules have been subjected to a general reduction.

The extent to which the bill has gone in protecting the products of the farm, and in reducing the expenses of the farmer is a striking witness of the care which the Republican party has always exercised over the interests of that immense portion of our population engaged in industrial pursuits. The duty on binding-twine has been placed at seven-tenths of a cent, which is fifty per cent. lower than the duty fixed in the Mills bill. The farmers of the country will realize the hollowness of Democratic pretensions and the wickedness of Democratic falsehood when they consider that, whereas under the Mills bill every one of their products was placed upon the free-list, or left with the affection of a revenue duty, and almost of all their necessities heavily taxed, by the McKinley bill increased protection is given to all industry everywhere, and a remarkable lowering of prices in all lines of manufacture to the consumer.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jacobus, of East Front street, left yesterday for Colorado Springs.

Corporal A. Davis, the father-in-law of Sheriff F. F. Glasby, died at his home in Elizabeth yesterday. Deceased was in the eighteenth year of his age.

Mr. A. E. Potts of Central avenue has quartered half a dozen sheep on his lawn for months past. The animals are full grown and healthy, and are a novel sight to passers by.

Mr. Robert Leed of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Miss Francis Jacobs of New York city were married last evening at the residence of Mr. Paul F. Loissaux on Brook avenue. Justice T. H. Craig performed the ceremony.

Corporal Canfield Marsh has secured and put in place in his new house on West Eighth str et three fine windows of stained glass. The house is nearing c mpletion, the interior decora tions being already under way.

Whoever is passing up Broadway when services are in progress at the Crescent avenue church is attracted by the illuminated stained glass window in th front of the church. The window is the largest in the city. When the organ stood in the back gallery, it shut off the light, and when removed to its present place, the ancetric lights poured through the window with more and magnificent effect.

A few days ago Mr. Frank Conde, Sr., returned to take up his abode in this city, from a trip abroad. At the residence of his son, Nightwatchman Conde, on West Front street, Monday evening, a number of friends assembled and tendered him a reception. Refreshments were served and dancing was indulged in until the early hours of morning. Mr. Conde is an old man, but he both surprised and amused his friends with several selections on the violin.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Bible class for ladies will meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. Friday, at 4 p. m.

The talk to have been given by Mr. W. D. Murray at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening, of this week, has been postponed owing to the union prayer meeting to be held the same evening.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, even if entirely at variance with our own views. Writers are requested to be as brief and direct as possible, however, and must always confine themselves, and correctly for publication.]

MR. RANKIN'S POSITION.

A Letter to the Public on Race Track Legislation.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I am in receipt of several letters from clergymen in different parts of the county asking me for an expression of my views about race track legislation. The active interest recently taken by the clergymen of the community in this direction, and their zeal and their efforts to promote good order and respect for law are sure to create a wholesome influence on the election.

With regard to this matter, there seems to be a somewhat general effort on the part of my political adversaries to misrepresent and injure me in my candidacy.

The report that I have been identified with those favoring legislation legalizing gambling on the race tracks is utterly false. It comes from political enemies whose sole object in circulating the same is to attain their own ends only in the election of their candidates.

It is my settled conviction that the penalties for legislative office should, in advance, tie his hands to any pledges with respect to legislation upon that particular question. And however unfavorably impressed with any bill that may come before the House, I think his duty is to listen to debate, to hear the bill read, as provided by the constitution, and then vote as he thinks.

I have been eight times elected to public office in the city of Elizabeth, and I have yet to make the first pledge in regard to any individual as to what my official action would be. So in the present instance I have pledged without engagements, either expressed or implied, with any individual or corporation, and will act upon the matter conscientiously, without fear or favor, and will give my vote in the manner that will seem to me best calculated to promote the moral and material advancement of the people of the county.

Very respectfully,
JOHN C. RANKIN, JR.

BEATEN AND ROBBED.

A Young Traveler Nearly Murdered by Tramps.

William Conway, a slender youth, was found at the Union depot about one o'clock yesterday morning in a sad plight. He was travelling to his mother's home at Philadelphia, having been in New York, where he was threatened with an attack of pneumonia, and was advised by a physician to make his way home as speedily as possible.

He was without sufficient funds, but packing his valise he started from the great city. At Jersey City he found a friend in a brakeman of a freight train on the Central railroad, and became a free passenger on the train.

On the arrival of the train in the yard in this city about midnight, he got off the cars, and was attacked by four tramps. He tried to hold on to his valise, but the ruffians knocked him down and beat him by pounding his head on the railroad ties.

He was left upon the ground, and the thieves fled. Young Conway was not unconscious, and he promptly made his way to Police Head quarters. One of the thieves happened along, and Conway pointed him out to the officer, who seized the fellow. He was a few years younger than Conway. He gave the name of William Golden. He was taken to police headquarters.

Officers Wahl and Smith searched the freight yard in the vicinity, but did not find the other three. They learned that one of them boarded a freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad going east, and Sergt. Tenny telegraphed to the authorities to arrest him.

Young Conway was detained at police headquarters until this morning. He was quite ill, and was very anxious to get to his mother's house. Instead, therefore, of making complaint for assault and robbery against Golden, Chief Conover made a charge of misdemeanor under the railroad act, alleging that he had stolen rides on the railroad cars. Under this charge it was not necessary to hold young Conway as a witness.

Justice Heidel immediately dealt with Golden by imposing a fine of $20 and costs, or thirty days in the county jail.

Conway said if he could get to Plainfield he thought he could get assistance. Overseer Lutz paid his fare to that city, and the justice gave him some money.—Elizabeth Journal.

Who is This?

DENVER, Oct. 28.—James Pierce and William M. Stutt have been arrested for running a fraudulent real-estate business in the "Plainfield addition to Denver." They sent circulars broadcast offering to give away a lot free if the receiver would pay the $2.50 fee for recording. They received thousands of answers.

The Recorder did the work for 90 cents and the Land Company has cleared $10,000 after paying for the land, while the Recorder earned $30,000. There is no house within six miles of "Plainfield."—N. Y. World.

Married.

SEED—JAMES—At the residence of Paul J. Loissaux, North Plainfield, N. J., October 28, 1890, by Justice Craig, Mr. Orville Robert Seed of Brooklyn, N. Y., to Frances James of New York city.

To the Ladies of Plainfield!

I am making a specialty of Children's dresses, and have now ready a number of suits for Misses of all ages. These suits are artistic in design, and of the best material and make. An early call is solicited.

Miss M. E. STEPHENSON,
32 West Front street.

Dunellen Items.

The entertainment which was postponed from the 23d to the 24th inst., at the M. E. Church, on account of the inclemency of the weather, was well attended and highly appreciated by the audience, judging from the repeated encores. Miss Beran rendered some very fine music on the piano.

The recitation by Miss Louise Agnar was faultless. In fact the entire programme was well performed. Mr. Davis is so well known as a singer that no comments are necessary. We consider that the home talent of Dunellen is hard to beat. A. W.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COOK and nurse wanted for the one child. Apply to Mrs. L'Hommedieu, 98 W. Front street. 29-2

BRICKLAYERS—Four first-class brick-layers wanted. Central avenue below Ninth street. Apply at job. "J. M. H." 28-6

COOK and laundress wanted. Experience required. Mrs. A. C. Vail, 19 West 6th street. 29-2

TWO HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14 f

FOR SALE—Union Bicycle. Safety pattern. Guaranteed condition. No reasonable offer refused. Address "D," care of EVENING NEWS. 27-tf

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protrudes. Finder will please return to 112 Park avenue. 29-2

A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. M. Stout, 107 East Front street. No questions asked. 29-1

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue, a white ball terrier. Liberal reward paid if returned at once. 18-tf

SIX room house for rent. $19 per month. 78 Newly papered and painted. Possession Nov. 1. Inquire at once "House," care of EVENING NEWS. 29tf

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

TWO or three pleasant rooms to let. Address "R. S." care of EVENING NEWS. 29-2

TO RENT—House and six acres of land, No. 960 Central avenue. Rent ten dollars per month. Inquire 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED—Good man to milk and help on farm. Box 247.

WANTED—A cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-14-tf

WANTED—Young men to solicit orders for Cigars. Reference required. Address George F. Bentley, 35 Wall street, New York.

WANTED—The People's Building, Loan and Saving Association requires the services of a reliable man to rope out them in this city. There is a good chance for a live party who must be able to furnish unexceptionable reference. Write or call on James C. Beebe, General Manager, Trenton, N. J. 29-2

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-4-m

A RESOLUTION OF THANKS.

The Board of Registry and Election of the First Ward, hereby extends their thanks to Messrs. Anthony and Lyman for the use of their real estate on Front street, for the purpose of revising the registry, owing to the unseasonable condition of the regular polling room.

E. E. BORRELL, Chairman.
GEO W. MOORE,
JOHN J. KENNEY,
JOHN F. MCINTYRE,
ELIAS H. BIRD, Clerk,
W. T. BANES.

Oct. 28, 1890.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Prof. Segallo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J.; providing he secures the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, East Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. The day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc.; address L. F. Segallo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-19*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Golden, Ohio Graduate and a charge of misdemeanor under the railroad act, alleging Miss Agnes Hoffmann, native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first Winter are sufficient to converse well enough. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign country." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Members of Legislature. In the Berlitz method it is the teachers who perform the work. The Theories of Study being a study in the mind, are a pleasure. For lessons and formation of classes address Prof. L. Berlitz, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 388. 10-30f

HYACINTHS, TULIPS in Grocer, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse cash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 91 West Front street.

H. SPENCER,
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, Plainfield, keeps every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

LAST CHANCE.

Chairvoyant Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain but one week longer, and will leave Wednesday, Nov. 5th. Ladies and gents can be seen from 9 to 9 o'clock, as usual, at the City Hotel, room 4. 29-1w

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Nicholas H. Heidelloff and John J. Heidelloff, under the firm of N. H. & J. Heidelloff was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September last by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said late partnership are to be paid to the said John J. Heidelloff, and all demand against the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 15th, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELOFF. 18-2w*

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against Frederick Bergdoll of Plainfield, N. J., are requested to present same before October 30th, inst., to NELSON RUNYON, Attorney, 2 East Front St., Plainfield, N. J. 17-6 eod

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS for sale; also framing; artistic picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antique, are made to order. Mrs. Dr. Stephens, 32 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-18-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful climbers and fragrant roses; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, for sale cheap at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 8-26-1y

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks ever displayed in Plainfield. Have you seen that Reefer Jacket for Children, that we are offering for $1.70. "Its a little beauty."

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, than we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, sells them!

Buy a new Broom, 15c.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to convert everybody to be of our views; that is to pay only the actual value for the goods they receive.

This can be accomplished by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Visit us over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Teas and Coffees. Handling all kinds that grow. New crop Tea at 25c., worth 40c. Coffee ditto at 25c., worth 35c. Rio, 15c.; Fancy Rio, 18c.; Pearl Java and Mocha, 20c.; Finest Java, 25c.; Finest Java and Mocha, 30c.; Finest Mocha, 35c.; Finest Blend, 40c.; Finest XXXX, 46.75 bbl., 25 at barrel rate, 150 cent, 10c. gal.; Strictly Virginia Sweet Potatoes, 40c. basket (1-2 bu-bel); Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb. Call and get prices on other goods.

Remember we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we enjoy fully attests the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we don't advertise any one article in particular as a leader to mislead the public, but our full line right through will be found to be at least 10 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND LAST Forget that we call for and deliver orders promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge. On Saturdays till nine p. m. Special attention given to mail orders.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE ASSOCIATION,
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic. The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

Next Monday, Nov. 3, J. P. LAIRE & CO. will have one of the manufacturers of the Wonderful Stove, (the Howe Ventilator), here to explain its merits and superiority over all others. All invited.

"75c."

KID GLOVES, in five-button length, new and desirable shades.

We have sold them a good while, and can recommend them to wear well.

FOSTER PAUL & CO.'S Kid Gloves.
"William" Brooks, "Foster" Hooks.
HARRIS'S Kid Gloves in different qualities and styles.

We sell them at the same prices as in New York.

THE FUR SHOULDER CAPE is a much prized article among the ladies, and can be had at Our House in a var ety of kinds, at New York prices.

WOOL blankets and comfortables will be needed now. Our assortment is complete and the prices the lowest.

YOU can buy the better quality of goods at Edsall's at about the same price as the poor cheap goods are usually sold for.

CARPETS made and lined FREE of charge for the rest of this month. Parties desiring to furnish residences throughout with Carpetings, Rugs, etc., if they will consult us we will guarantee to save them from 10 to 15 per cent. whether you get them from us or New York Houses.

EDSALL'S,
20 West Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT

The Sterling Artists
HARDY and VON LEER,
And their effective company, will present the Military Melodrama,

On the Frontier.

Now in the fourth season of its success. Entirely new specialties, catchy songs and dances, and more genuine fun than was ever crowded into 2 1-2 hours before. Watch for the picturesque noonday parade of the only Indian Brass Band in the world, fine the Festivities last engagement in this city prior to the Klondyke.

PRICES—35, 50, 75 and $1.
Seats on sale Saturday

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mrs. Foster, we would inform their customers, and the public generally that they can only find their goods and change to many prices, but down everything as low as possible, consistent with fine work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

COUPE ROCKAWAYS,
New and Handsome Designs.

L. M. FRENCH'S
Carriage Repository,
16, 18, 20 and 22 SOMERSET STREET.

R. O. HOWELL,
THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,
Has just received a new supply of
COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,
from the country.
Also a receiver of FRESH
Creamery Butter
every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.
EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS
FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,
25 PARK AVENUE.

1890 TAXES!

Notice is hereby given to the Taxpayers of the City of Plainfield, that the tax-list of the said City for the year 1890, are now due and payable, and that if the said Taxes be not paid by the

20TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT,

The names of the Defaulters, with their respective Taxes, will be returned to the City Judge for Prosecution.

The Commissioners of Appeal

In cases of Taxation, will meet in the Council Chamber on Fourth Tuesday in November next, (the 25th,) and six from day o'clock p. m., until 5 p. m., or longer, if found necessary for the dispatch of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Collector of Taxes.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 1st, 1890.
10-1-eowtd

Thompson Park,

NO. 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

PIANOS and ORGANS.

Bradbury, Jacobs Bros., Dunsmore. | Musical Merchandise | Newman Bros. Sheet Music. Marcus & Hamlin

To rent and for sale,

CASH OR INSTALLMENTS.

SHEET MUSIC played for purchasers.

Tuning and Repairing a specialty

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Oysters are healthful, nourishing, easily digested and delicious. And this year they are going to be abundant enough to make up, as far as oysters can, for the shortage in the fruit crop. They are of prime quality, too—fat, juicy fellows.

During the month the planet Venus, the evening star, is at its brightest. If you have good sight you can see it with the naked eye in the day time. Its highest brilliancy will be reached Oct. 29.

The dependent pension law has given to the language a new term. It is "original widow." If a foreigner were to see the expression he would not unnaturally infer there was in the United States such a thing as second hand widows.

Another western land booming concern has just exploded. It was a large organization, and started with all the hallow and slender fortunes of numerous poor people who hoped thereby to lay up a little for old age. The moral to this story is: Don't invest your savings in anything that you do not fully know about. For one with a little money there are always near home places to invest it securely and profitably. Where one person makes money in western lands a hundred fail. Those who do thus make money are generally on the spot, too, and know where they put their money.

Robbers with Pistols.

Those two unpleasant fellows who entered an express car in Ohio, commanded the messenger to throw up his hands, then tied him, robbed the car of $40,000 and coolly walked away before anybody could catch them are a good illustration of how such cars are too often left exposed. We are told free access to the car was allowed to almost everybody who chose to enter. Thus undoubtedly the robbers found how the safe was situated and just when they could strike with safety.

Express messengers ought to be armed to the teeth, and have a self cocking pistol where it can be reached in a flash. Then, too, an express messenger ought to be at least as personally brave as the robber. Men have before now thrown up with their fists the pistols that were pointed at them instead of throwing up their hands, as commanded. Men have even been known to make a sudden rush, and knock a robber to the ground and knock him backwards breathless before he could recover his wits. It all depends on doing what the robber does not expect you to do. If the messenger has his wits enough about him for that he can generally save his life and the property, too. Besides there are some souls cast in such a mold that they would even yield up their life rather than tamely submit to be tied and see it rifled before their eyes.

Reforming the World.

Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army, has written a book called "Darkest England and How to Get Out." It give to the public the aims and hopes of those engaged in that strangest movement of the Nineteenth century, the Salvation Army crusade.

In the first place the Booth idea is to reform the criminal. If his crime is owing to poverty and destitution, change his circumstances, and he will become respectable. If to his depraved nature, on the other hand, then change that nature through the gentle influence of Christianity, and he will become a good citizen. Women who have drifted into evil lives are to be taken up and made first respectable servants, then respectable wives and mothers.

A great matrimonial agency is to be part of the work. In "far away parts of the earth" are thousands of men who would be glad to get good wives. In Europe—in America, too, for that matter—are thousands of women who are waiting to be good wives to men—good, bad and indifferent. These it will be part of Gen. Booth's plan to bring together. His philosophy is quite the reverse of Tolstoi's.

All the white world reformed, the Salvation Army will next turn its attention to the negro in Africa, too. For him

POLITICS ON THE BOOM.

Maj. McKinley Working Very Hard for Re-Election.

CARL SCHURZ ON TAMMANY HALL.

Richard Croker and His Braves Vigorously Attacked at New York—Senator Sherman Denounces What He Terms the Curse of Federal Patronage.

CANTON, O., Oct. 29.—As the decisive day draws nearer the interest becomes more intense in the great congressional fight. The excitement in this district can hardly be appreciated by the outside world. Not one single meeting has been held at which the halls or open air space assigned has not been jammed to the limit. "I never saw anything like it," said Speaker Reed at Wooster. "I am amazed. We have great meetings in Maine, but nothing like this." "And do you mean to tell me," said Gen. Alger, on the eve of his departure for Michigan, "that in the face of all this there is any doubt of Maj. McKinley's election?" Representative Cleveland's comment was: "You don't mean to say that all your meetings have been like this?"

Maj. McKinley Working Hard.

Everywhere the crowds that hear Maj. McKinley speak are great. The major is working like a beaver. He arrived in Canton from Washington Oct. 3, and from that day to the present has worked incessantly, traveling hundred of miles by rail and wagon, often speaking three times daily, and averaging but six hours' sleep nightly. He is not a man who speaks from an elevation, but goes among the people, presenting his case in a plain, sensible manner, and no matter where he talks, whether in sturdy Republican Medina or in rock-ribbed Democratic Gibraltan of Democracy, he is greeted by equally large audiences who hear him with respectful silence, and at the close press forward to shake him by the hand. His declaration, "I will not play the demagogue to secure a single vote," has been studiously observed. He closes his meeting campaign at Canton Monday night.

Carl Schurz Scores Tammany Hall.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Thousands of German Americans attended the rally of the People's Municipal league at Cooper union last evening. Carl Schurz vigorously attacked Tammany Hall. In speaking of a tour made by him and some visitors from Berlin he said: "They were disgusted with the filthy condition of our streets, and asked if we had no money to clean them. I told them yes, but Tammany gobbled it all. They asked me to describe Tammany Hall. I told my friends that the braves gathered at their wigwam to find out how to give to Mickey Maloney, who controls perhaps fifty votes, a clerkship, though the poor devil can neither read nor write.

"They try to find out how to give a man who controls 100 votes a good contract, or how to keep out of prison a gambling hell owner who is the proprietor of 300 votes and plenty of booths. That's what Tammany Hall is doing. It is not a political party. It is a ring organized for the purpose of robbing the city of its money. It could not exist but for its hold on the municipal and county offices. Take them away and Tammany will fall."

Frances M Scott, the People's Municipal league candidate for mayor, was loudly cheered.

He Did Not Favor the Lodge Bill.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 29.—A telegram received from Owensboro, Ky., states that in the course of a speech there Senator Carlisle read a copy of a letter purporting to be from C. J. Livingston, the president of the Georgia State Alliance, to John Livingston, the president of the New York State Alliance, in which the Georgian is made to favor the Lodge bill. L. F. Livingston is the Democratic nominee for congress in this, the Fifth district. As soon as the telegram was shown to him he telegraphed to Senator Carlisle as follows:

"Hon. J. G. Carlisle, Owensboro, Ky.—The letter of John Livingston, that you have read as being signed by myself, is an infamous and outrageous forgery, and as such I ask you to denounce it.

L. F. LIVINGSTON."

The letter referred to is being industriously circulated through Georgia.

Sherman on Federal Patronage.

FINDLAY, O., Oct. 29.—The Wigwam in this city was packed last night with an audience of 4,000 persons who gathered to listen to Senator Sherman. The senator said the issues between the two old parties were not so great now as in the past, and that about the only thing worthy of discussion was, "How shall we levy taxes to support the national government?" With this as a text he entered upon an analysis and review of the McKinley tariff bill, and declared from its passage many rose colored predictions as to the future prosperity of the country under its workings. The senator then paid his respects to the curse of political patronage as dragging down senators and representatives to a debasing position, and said he had the power he would take from every representative of the people all patronage and make them free men before the government.

The Hotel Vendome's Owner in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The Chemical National bank has recovered a judgment on confession of $46,818 against Isaac S. and Ralph Plant and Samuel Lahn, comprising the Mercantile Cloak company, doing business at 638 Broadway. An the note was made Oct. 27 and judgment immediately confessed, it suggests an effort to give one creditor an advantage. I. S. Plant is said to be the owner of the Hotel Vendome. No assignment has been made.

Impaled on a Cow's Horn.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Oct. 29.—Francis Riordon was fatally gored in a peculiar manner by a cow on his father's farm, near Mill Hollow. One of her sharp horns caught him directly beneath the chin, impaling him in such a manner that he was unable to extricate himself. He was freed by some of the family, and Dr. Marion sewed up the wound. The lad's father was killed by lightning a short time ago.

A Rochester Editor Arrested.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Maurice Dansky, editor and publisher of The Sunday Star, has been arrested by order of United States District Attorney Edwards, charged with sending obscene literature (a copy of The Star) through the mail and advertising lottery drawings. Bail of $1,000 was furnished.

Two Men Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—Peter McMullen and Joseph Bovasili, repairmen on the Reading railroad, were struck by a train and killed.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William H. Codrington, esq., City Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the county of Union, to make the unpaid taxes assessed on lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate, in the said City of Plainfield in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, the subscriber, the collector thereof and appointed by the Common Council for that purpose, will on Wednesday, the 26th day of November, 1890, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at his office, 53 Park avenue, in the City of Plainfield, sell the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate hereunder described, at public vendue, for the shortest time for which any person or persons will agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with interest thereon, and costs, fees, charges and expenses.

Anthony, Henrietta h and 5 lots 235-243 W seventh street 90 10
Bond, Selena E lot 5 Jonathan avenue 1 00
" " lot 85 to 89 Dunellen avenue 4 8
Brewster, Lucy Broadway 10 90
Bond, Selena E lot 5 Jonathan avenue 2 18
" " lot 13 Netherwood avenue 2 18
" " lot 14 " " 2 18
Bliven, Edward M lot 60 Prospect avenue 3 27
Bogart, H F h and 1 lot 356 W Sixth street 26 16
Brannan, James h and 1 lot Rose street 6 54
Bundy, Henry h and 1 Elizabeth street 8 72
Corse est of Elisa h h and 60 acres 200 to 264 E Front street 214 00
Cole, Jacob and est of Sarah h h and 18 acres 312 to 330 E Front street 76 20
Campbell, Wm h and 1 lot 153 E 5th st 26 16
Cole est of Elisa h h and 1 3-4 acres South avenue 32 70
Cowan, Margaret lot 83 Kensington ave 5 45
Cuff, Jr, et al h h and 1 east of Belvidere avenue 2 18
Casey, Patrick h and 21 to 25 W 3d street 32 70
Cowan, Margaret lot 83 Kensington ave 5 45
Cuff, Jr, et al h h and 1 east of Belvidere avenue 2 18
Casey, Patrick h and 21 to 25 W 3d street 32 70
Conway, Mary h and 1 62 W 4th street 6 54
Cooke, Charles H John Chatterton et al 2 18
Craig, William 2 h h and 18 acres 216 to 240 Hamilton avenue 95 92
Chase Winfield h and 1 68 W Front st 6 36
Corse est of Elisa h h and 1 Jefferson ave 6 54
Day, Richard H lot 7 oodla d avenue 1 09
Darling, William H lot 346 feet rear of Park avenue 3 27
Darling, Emma lots south side Prospect 9 27
Daly est of Patrick or Mary h and 1 80 W 19 62
Dunn, Solomon F h l and shop 96 Park avenue 37 06
Dunham, Joseph T h and 1 50 Arlington avenue 26 16
Darling, Wm S 2 lots 23 and 25 Clinton ave 4 90
Dash, Ferdinand lot 16 Richmond st north 6 45
Flynn, Bernhard h and 1 151 Ferrell road 8 72
Fisk, Alexander h and 1 18 to 32 Woodland avenue 109 00
Fritz, Adam et al 17 Exchange alley 10 90
Fisher est of Abram h and 1 84 W 3d st 10 91
Flannigan, P lot 87 North 2d street 21 80
Fisher, Ann 2 h h and 1 54 and 56 W 3d st 10 90
Field, Mi lot 50 ft front w 6th street 50 ..... 1 19
Greene, James E lot 7 Grant avenue 1 09
Hoff, Adelia J 37 W 7th street 1 64
Hart, Carrie lot 27 Jackson avenue 2 18
Hart, Carrie 2 lots 6 and 8 Netherwood avenue 4 78
Hart, Levi E 3 lots 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue 6 54
Henderson, Rachel C farm land 5 1-2 acres Randolph road 11 45
Harding, John h and 2 159-16 South 2d street 13 08
Ho seman, George W h and 1 19 W 8d st 26 16
Harris, Charles h h and 1 234 W 7th street 9 81
Harris J T 12 lots 53 to 233 W 7th street 16 35
Hoff est of Rachel h and 1 61 Park ave 21 80
Hen ington, Rachel C 3 lots 205-207 Arlington ave 2 44
Hart, Levi E 3 lots 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue 6 54
Henderson, Rachel C farm land 5 1-2 acres Randolph road 11 45
Harding, John h and 2 159-16 South 2d street 13 08
Ho seman, George W h and 1 19 W 8d st 26 16
Harris J T 12 lots 53 to 233 W 7th street 16 35
Harris J T 12 lots 53 to 233 W 7th street 16 35
Hoff est of Rachel h and 1 61 Park ave 21 80
Hen ington, Rachel C 3 lots 205 and 58 Rose street 2 44
Hender son, Rachael C 3 l 205-207 Arlington ave 4 08
Jones est of Lewis h and 1 42 E Front st 26 16
Jones Emma A lots 194-196 La Grande ave 6 54
" " lots 1 to 4 Kensington ave 6 54
" " h and 15 Kensington ave 32 70
with lot to Webster place 32 70
Jones, Emma 15 to 156 La Grande ave 32 70
" " lot La Grande avenue on left W of Beechman street 4 08
Jones, Emma A 1 lot La Grande avenue on left F of Berckman street 4 36
Jones, Emma A 2 to 3 Carleton ave 17 44
" " 5 lots 1 to 5 ..... 10 90
" " 5 " 98 to 102 Richmond st 10 90
" " 2 lots 8 and 10 ..... 4 08
" " 2 " 7 and 9 to Putnam st 13 08
" " 3 lots 24 to 27 ..... 32 70
Jimerson, Aaron L h and 7 acres 189 to 202 Leland ave 32 70
Jacox, Eli 1 25 ft each W 8th st 375 to 400 ..... 2 72
Kelly, Susan E h and 1 97 E Front street 27 25
Kelly, Susan E h and 1 145 Kensington ave 6 54
Ka e, John h and 1 88 W 3d street 6 54
Kilpatrick, Jacob h and 1 79 W 6th st 6 54
Leeder, Harriet h and 1 255 La Grande ave 6 10
Leonard, Wm J h and 1 100 and 105 W Front st 47 96
Leonard, Wm J 1-3 in crest in farm 1 8 to 170 Plainfield ave 35 97
Lee, Thomas h and 1 95 and 97 a 24 st 8 26
Lane, Mary M & 1 Pemberton, Field, Union 4th and Central aves 11 08
Lewis, Israel a and 1 10 Park ave 27 25
Lee, Bulford, h and 1 144 e 6 st 32 70
Mabin, Alanson h and 2 1 15 and 15 e 6th st 54 50
Martine, James E h and 1 e 9th st 1 80
Martine, Wm M h and 1 6 9th st 3 60
Martine, estate of Ruth h and 1 and 16 a 166 to 8c. Broadway 3-1 50
Miller, Cornelius h and 1 101 Park ave 26 30
Martt, Mrs David 1 2 rie ge st 1 09
Mathis, Jacob h and 1 54 to 56 st 6 54
Motley, Jacob h and 1 79 w 2d st 4 36
McKeon, James h and 1 1 9 e 3d st 6 54
McDonough, Peter h and 1 15 w 3d st 15 26
Mc Donough, Peter h and 1 w 4th st 26 72
Marsh, Lucy A h and 1 w 5th st 26 18
Moe, Experience h and 1 a 26 e 27 w 5th street 3-1 24
Melaughlin, 4 lots 25 ft ea 321 to 329 w 2d st 2 18
Meyer Sigmund T Lot 20 ft front w 6th street 5 10 to 5 ..... 4 36
McCarthy Thos 2 h h 1 23 and 2 Plainfield ave 19 62
Marsh Rodolph, h & 1 61 Plainfield ave 19 62
Murphy, Elizabeth and Mary h and 2 l 2 and 3 Stebbins place 21 80
Madden, William h and 1 67 w Front st—Sheriff's sale 4 36
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 178 e 3d st 15 26
O'Neil, Jas and Richard h and 1 178 e 3d st 17 44
O'Neil, Jas one-half s and 1 178 e 3d st 13 08
O'Neil, Richard one-half s and 1 178 e 3d st 13 08
O'Keefe, John h and 1 w 5th st 13 08
Oliver, Jacob h and 1 e 7th st 6 54
Ott, Catharine J 6 1 and 2 e 4 Pemberton etc 45 78
Pike, estate of Josephine W 2-3 interest in h and 1 122 to 126 Front st 59 14
Pike, Virginia M 1-3 interest h and 1 122 to 126 Front st 29 07
Perrine, Andrew H h and 1 5 La Grande ave 26 30
Pringle, Mr 1 Hillside ave n Randolph road 2 18
Pound, Daniel h h and 1 878 to 380 w Front street 8 26
Reed, David or Ha tie Colburn 2 l 215 to 17 e 3d st 8 72
Reed, O H 1 19 e 2d st 2 18
Richardson, Mary h and 1 55 e 6th st 32 70
Roll, Chancellor h and 1 9 and 11 Prince st 32 70
Rogers, Marietta h and 1 59 Madison ave 28 70
Sumner, Martha 2 s 21 and 2 e Front st 62 87
Schorb, Elizabeth 3 story b h e Front st 107 77
Smalley, Morgan R 1 Hillside ave 2 62
Smalley, Morgan R 3 l 4 a f 1 Randolph road 11 45
Smalley, Samuel 7 a f 1 Randolph road 15 26
Smalley, Wm 4 a f 1 Randolph road 15 26
Smalley, Mary R h and 1 242 to 274 Woodland ave 21 80
Smith, Henry A 1 Raymond ave 1 09
Sauerman, Mary A 1 e of Belvidere ave
Smith, Ferdinand h and 1 w Front street 26 16
Sanford, estate of John C h and 1 28 and 27 w 2d st 43 90
Snell, Neil 1 3 west street 2 18
Scribner, Mrs 61 to 3 e 2d street 6 54
Smalley, Morgan R 1 16 Rose street 3 05
Smalley, Samuel 1 40 to 34 Rose street 3 05
Smalley, Samuel 1 220 Arlington ave 2 18
Smalley, Samuel 1 220 Arlington ave 2 18
Sairmans, Mrs Use h & 1 25 Central a 117 72
Smith Jame s h and 1 9 Jim wood pl 19 62
Stewart, David P h and 1 7 John st 8 72
Thompson, estate of Mary A 1 e 2 to 22 e Front st 17 44
" " 1 to 32 Jackson ave 13 08
" " 1 to 12 Sycamore ave 13 08
" " 1 to 12 s new F ont st 13 08
Terry, Mary E 1 e 2 Netherwood ave 2 54
Taylor, H 1 3 e 9th st, 30 ft front 4 36
Tirsch, est of Henry h and 1 64 to 66 w 8th st 21 80
Unknown owners—
" 1 46 to 51 of e Front st 10 90
" 2 1 14 to 18 e 3d st 10 90
" 1 20 ft 2 1 and 2 2 e 3d st 6 54
" 15 M dway ave 2 18
" 1 30 ft W Chester place, e s 2 18
" 1 30 to 47 Hillsland ave 2 18
" 17 Johnston ave 2 18
" 1 Middlebrook ave 2 18
" 1 18, 20 32, 24 Johnston ave 2 18
" 1 Spicer ave 2 18
" 1 " 2 18
" 1 9 ..... 2 18
" 1 16 " 2 18
" 1 George st 2 18
" 1 16 to 18 George st 2 18
Land on North ave, on right from Johnston 26 30
" 27 to 29 Rose st 2 18
" 25 to 27 Rose st 2 18
" 197 Arlington ave 2 18
" 199 Arlington ave 2 18
Vail, Cathalina h and 1 72 e 2d st 6 54
Vanninderin, Clara h and 1 20 e 6th st 21 80
Vermeule, Sarah A h and 1 5 and 7 Peace st 21 80
Vail, Hulda M—
" 1 21 f 10n place 3 09
" h and 1 74 to 78 Dunellen ave 17 44
" 1 80 to 84 Dunellen ave 17 44
Van Winkle, Jeremiah h and 1 3 Central ave 15 26
Wiley, Prac kins h h and 1 12 a 269 to 275 e Front st to Terrell road 79 30
Wetzel, Anna C h and 1 e 6th st 26 16
Woodruff, Mary E 1 of Bevidere ave 1 94
Whitehead, est of Frances 2 h 1 3 in rear) and 1 5 w Front street 32 70
Wickoff, est of Jane h and 1 61 w 3d st 6 54
Wells, Wm H 1 4.6 to 11 front 165 to 36 w 2d st 9 27
Weremus, John h and 2 a Randolph rd 6 54
Weston, James A 1 180 ft front 8th Central ave 4 36
Young, est of Emma B h and 1 Elm pl 26 16
O'Rourke, John 17 Essex st 2 18

Witness my hand this 10th day of September A. D., 1890. WILLIAM NET W. SAHL
Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent taxes. 9-26-9

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscribers, surviving executors of Daniel H. Lee, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the orphans' court of the county of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-sixth day of November next.

WILLIAM HETFIELD,
SARAH HOUSE.

Dated September 17th, 1890. 9-24-w9

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves and Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street,

FALL AND WINTER Suits and Overcoats

ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP

Trousers from $5 up.

Suits from **$18** up.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,

Fine Custom Tailoring. 43 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.

The largest exclusive custom tailoring establishment in the city.

Dress Suits to Hire.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Lessons in **Elocution**, classes or private. *For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.*

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,

Teacher of **piano.** Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON

A pupil of Professors Steffanone and Abbey, will receive pupils in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson studied under Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; Geo. Ellsworth Holtschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, } 94 SOMERSET ST
H. B. BROKAW }

MISS FAWCETTS,

Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. Instruction in the branches of instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting lessons to the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. PRIMARY CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.)

9 30m*

RODMAN SEMINARY.

Will re-open Sept. 17th for young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DUNCE, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 7th, 1890.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:15, 2:25, 5:30 p. m. Close—7:30 and 9:05 a. m., 12:15, 2:25 and 5 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:05 a. m., 2:05, 6:00 p. m. Close—1:30 a. m., 6:40 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 6:00 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Segar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stable covered and wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c. Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25c. Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c. Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 98c. Men's heavy shirts and Drawers, 50c. Men's scotch-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c. Men's natural-wool Shirts and Drawers, $1. Men's scarlet-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1. Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 cts. 12c. 18c, 20c, 25c. Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 18 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c. Children's scarlet wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.

Full size quilts, 69 and 98c.

Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.98, $2.75 and $4.50. Hare Capes, $5.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 5:44, 6:48, 7:30, 8:00, 8:45, 9:48, 10:30, 11:15, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:15, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:15, 6:00, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 4:00, 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00 noon, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:01 night. Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 6:45, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark and Elizabeth change at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 9:00, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:45, 6:30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:30, 9:45, 12:15 p. m., 3:15, 5:30, 7:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:30, 8:50, 9:40, A. M., 12:30 and 5:30 P. M. Leave Easton at 6:40, 8:30, 10:00 A. M., 2:00 and 6:45 P. M.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 45 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Lehigh Valley, Wilkesbarre, Upper Lehigh, Delhoe, Williamsport, Scranton and Buffalo. At 7:30 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., at 9:00 A. M.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg etc., at 11:30 A. M.—For Flemington High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 3:00 p. m. For Flemington, High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. At 4:45 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Reading. At 5:45 p. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; at 6:45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8:00 p. m. for High Bridge, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg etc., at 11:30 p. m. For Flemington High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 7:30 A. M.—For Elizabeth, Newark and New York. At 9:00 A. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 11:30 A. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 3:00 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 4:45 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 6:45 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 8:00 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 11:30 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00 A. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 4:45 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 8:00 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 11:30 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York.

Leave Somerville at 8:45 A. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York. At 5:30 P. M.—For Elizabeth, Rahway, Newark and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00 A. M.—For Somerville. At 5:30 P. M.—For Somerville.

Leave Somerville at 8:45 A. M.—For Plainfield. At 5:30 P. M.—For Plainfield.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00 A. M.—For Easton. At 5:30 P. M.—For Easton.

Leave Easton at 8:40 A. M.—For Plainfield. At 5:30 P. M.—For Plainfield.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:30, 8:50, 9:40, A. M., 12:30 and 5:30 P. M. Leave Easton at 6:40, 8:30, 10:00 A. M., 2:00 and 6:45 P. M.

PLAINFIELD AND HIGH BRIDGE.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Lehigh Valley, Upper Lehigh, Delhoe, Williamsport, Scranton and Buffalo. At 7:30 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., at 9:00 A. M.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg etc., at 11:30 A. M.—For Flemington High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc. 3:00 p. m. For Flemington, High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. At 4:45 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk and Reading. At 5:45 p. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; at 6:45 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8:00 p. m. for High Bridge, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville. At 11:30 p. m. For Flemington High bridge, Penn's Schools, Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

For Atlantic City 1:00 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Freehold 8:30, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 5:30 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:15, 7:45 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:30, 4:00, 5:30, 6:30, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 7:27, 9:05, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 8:00, 5:54, 8:55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:15, 9:05, 11:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m. Sundays at 7:27, 9:05, 11:30 a. m., 8:55, 4:06, 5:54 p. m. Sundays at 7:27, 9:05 a. m. 8:47, 4:06 p. m.

A. J. CASSATT, Gen. Manager. JAS. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE STANDARD RAILWAY OF AMERICA.

Protected throughout by the interlocking switch and block signal system.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1890.

On and after June 21, 1890, trains leave Elizabeth as follows:

8:05 a. m. FAST LINE, with Pullman Vestibule parlor and dining cars, daily for Pittsburg, Columbus, Indianapolis, Chicago, daily, except saturday, for Chicago and Toledo.

12:20 p. m. Express for Pittsburg, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping cars, dining car to Philadelphia daily for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland and Toledo.

4:40 p. m. FAST LINE, with Pullman Vestibule sleeping cars, daily for Pittsburg, Chicago and Cincinnati, daily except Saturday, for Cleveland.

For Bay line, Washington and the South—1:00, 6:57, 7:50, 9:05, a. m., and 9:50 p. m. On Sundays 1:00, 6:57, 9:05 a. m., and 9:50 p. m.

For Philadelphia—1:00, 6:57, 7:50, 9:05, 10:05, 11:57, a. m., 12:55, 1:30, 2:54, 3:15, 6:07, 7:40, 9:50 p. m. Sundays 1:00, 6:57, 9:05, 10:05, 11:57 a. m., 3:05, 7:47 and 9:50 p. m.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

2:25 p. m. (Through par or car and day coach) week-days. For Cape May, 1:30 p. m., week-days.

For Brown's Mills in the Pines, 9:05 a. m. through car, 2:25 p. m. week-days.

For Trenton—10, 6:57, 7:10, 7:50, 9:05, 9:35, 11:57, a. m., 12:55, 1:30, 2:54, 3:15, 6:07, 7:40, 9:30, p. m. Sundays 10, 6:57, 9:05, 9:35, 10:05, 11:57 a. m., 7:47 and 9:30 p. m.

For Lambertville, Phillipsburg and Belvidere via Union, 7:50 a. m., 2:54 and 5:15 p. m.

For Lambertville and Phillipsburg only—1:30 p. m.

For Flemington—7:10 a. m., 2:54 p. m.

For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden via Trenton—7:50, 9:05, 11:57 a. m., 1:30, 2:54, 5:15, 7:40 p. m. Sundays 9:05, 10:05, 11:57 a. m., and 7:47 p. m.

A full line of tickets are on sale, and sleeping car accommodations can be secured at the ticket office at Elizabeth.

For further information, see time tables to be had at the ticket offices.

CHARLES E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Stage Line Time Table.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Park avenue, up Park avenue to the borough limits ten cents.

Connect with the 6:29, 7:30 and 8:27 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:27 and 11 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street. Make five trips from New York to Plainfield at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside at 6:00 a. m. Route—To 6 a. m. to depot. 7:56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 4th st., to Second place, to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

7th trip	6.16 a. m.	to depot	8.26 a. m. train
8th do	8.00	do	9.16 do
9th do	10.00	do	10.57 do
10th do	11.45	do	11.55 do
11th do	11.45	do	12.00 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.35 or 2.55 p. m.
8th do	3.45	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	4.30	do meet	5.01 p. m. train.
10th do	5.30	do	6.07 do
11th do	6.45	do	6.57 do
12th do	8.45	do	9.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield ave and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nes. North Plainfield, according to hours above time table, and will be same distance.

Stages will make return trips over above route, 45 minutes after arrival at depot.

Stage will run to Grove street on Park ave. Telephone Call 44.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hire. Also Saddle Horses. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stages after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. SIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street between 6th and 7th. Telephone Call 44. 1-6y

COAL LUMBER And Builders' Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 BROAD

LOOK!!

LADIES' SINGER SAFETY.

Geo W. Morrison,

Only agent in New Jersey. (At Hardgoods Store.)

21

OLD COLONIAL LAWS.

GLEANINGS FROM EARLY STATUTES OF MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

Punishments on the Gallows, in the Pillory and Stock and by the Lash for a Multitude of Crimes—Drastic Penalties for Mild Offenses.

In the first place the laws affecting criminals have none of the sentimental euphemism which characterizes some later statutes. A spade is called a spade with unshrinking clearness of diction, and the punishments are prescribed with a vigorous emphasis. The gallows, pillory, stocks and the lash, branding, cutting off and nailing of ears, are the means by which, in addition to or in lieu of fines, the blind goddess enforced her decrees. It is true that section forty-three of the "Body of Liberties" prescribes that *no man shall be beaten with above forty stripes*, nor shall any true gentleman, nor any man equal to a gentleman, be punished with whipping unless his crime be very shameful and his course of life vicious and profligate. Section forty-five of the "Body of Liberties" also provides that no man shall be forced by torture to confess any crime against himself, nor against any other, except in certain cases therein laid down, in which event he may be tortured, "yet not with such tortures as be barbarous and inhumane." Unfortunately we know that on Sept. 19, 1692, Giles Corey was pressed to death at Salem for refusing to plead when arraigned for witchcraft. In 1692 the laws against witchcraft were still in force, namely: "If any man or woman be a witch, that is, hath or consulteth with a familiar spirit, they shall be put to death."

Leaving these gloomy reminiscences and coming to lighter matters of the law we find that profane swearing was *very properly* punished by a fine of five shillings, failing to pay which the offender was set in the stocks not exceeding three hours. To be uttered more than one oath on the same occasion and in the hearing of the same person his punishment was twelve pence for every oath after the first and a seat in the stocks for three hours, where he could cool his spleen and reflect on his sins, unless the contributions of addled eggs and other missiles by the youths of the town interrupted his meditations.

A person convicted of drunkenness could take his choice between paying five shillings or the stocks for three hours.

A conviction of theft involved a fine of £5 or twenty stripes, and if the thief was unable to make restitution or pay, threefold should the injured party be the latter could dispose of him in service to any of their majesties' subjects or to any other majesties' subjects as should be adjudged by the court.

Burglars and robbers were to be branded on the forehead with the letter B. For a second offense they were to be set upon the gallows for the space of one hour with a rope around their necks and one end thereof cast over the gallows, and to be severely whipped not exceeding thirty-nine stripes. For a third conviction they were to suffer death as being incorrigible.

The severity of the above penalties appears to have been insufficient, for chapter 1, acts of 1715, after a preamble setting forth that "Whereas, notwithstanding *the laws already made for the punishment* of criminal offenders many persons of late have been so hardy as to break open in the night the dwelling houses of several of his majesty's good subjects and have not only stolen their goods but put them in fear and danger of their lives," enacts the punishment of death for the crime.

And chapter 1, acts of 1711, "To the intent of her majesty's liege people may be in peace and out of fear of being assaulted and robbed by ill minded, wicked ruffians as they are traveling the common roads or highways," enacts as a penalty for robbery burning in the forehead of her hot irons of twelve months' imprisonment and treble damages to the party robbed, and for a second offense death. And by chapter 8, acts of 1761, for the first offense death, "without benefit of clergy."

Liars and libelers might find themselves mulcted to the tune of twenty shillings, or to publicly seated in the stocks, or to publicly whipped, at the discretion of the court.

A fine gave small mercy. He had to make full restitution to the injured party, also he must be set in the pillory, and then and there have his ears cut off and suffer imprisonment for one year.

A perjurer or subornerer of perjury had the disagreeable alternative of paying £20, or of being set in the pillory for an hour and to have both his ears nailed, and to be forever after infamous, until judgment was reversed.

Chapter 14 of the year 1694 re-enacts in substance the earlier law of Plymouth colony, on which Hawthorne's famous story, "The Scarlet Letter," is founded. The punishment for adultery, as there laid down, is that both parties "shall be set upon the gallows by the space of an hour, with a rope about their necks, the other end cast over the gallows, and in the way from thence to the common gaol shall openly be whipped, not exceeding forty stripes each. Also every person and persons so offending shall forever after wear a capital A, of two inches long and three quarters broad, cut out and sewed upon their upper garments, and on their arm in open view, if shifted and found without his or her letter the offense was to be publicly whipped, and exceeding fifteen stripes."

The house of correction, fetters or shackles and moderate whipping, not exceeding ten stripes at a time, and in case of failure to work while sojourning at the house of correction a jailkeeper was directed to feed with bread and water vagabonds, beggars, persons using any subtle craft, juggling or unlawful games or plays, persons hanging themselves to have knowledge in physiognomy and palmistry, fortune tellers, common pipers, fiddlers and, moreover, drunkards, the wicked and abject children and "such as neglect their callings, spend what they earn and do not provide for themselves or the support of their families."

FAMOUS LONDON TOWN.

THE WONDERFUL WINDING WAYS WITH MANY QUEER NAMES.

Notes of a Hoosier's Holiday Abroad. No Entrance Over Queer Old Streets, Ignores Famous Spots and Takes His Route at Random with Happy Results.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

From the last hill in Hertfordshire I caught my first sight of London smoke, and from upper Hampstead first saw some hundreds of its many thousand chimney pots, and the few towers and pinnacles showing above the dun and purple cloud which ever broods over the great city. A few minutes later I descended at St. Pancras station, and soon was whirling in a cab through the narrow streets, first, of course, to the American banker's, and then to the consul general's office, where genial Col. John C. New welcomed me with all the warmth of a fellow Hoosier. There was nothing to do there officially (no passports are needed in England, except plenty of cash), but some rather important business had just been finished.

Vice Consul Johnson had just returned from the court, where he had aided in consigning a fellow citizen to prison for a year, the fellow being one of the worst of his very many who prey upon their American compatriots there. With this case for a warning against land sharks—and I soon found it was needed—I mapped out an itinerary including the places of most interest and sallied forth. Once in London's streets, however, all plans of campaign quickly vanished; for why should I have a plan where all was equally novel, equally interesting? My head swelled at sight of the places so familiar in song and story.

For some days I did nothing but walk and ride and gaze, for on whatever side I turned my eyes I saw ever some new novelty, and saw it with fresh and ever increasing interest—the great bank in Threadneedle street, the oft described "lanes" of queer nomenclature, the alleys and courts and squares made familiar in so many novels. Then I plunged into the most obscure holes and corners, sought out the queerest old shops and lingered for hours in those quarters where life is just as it was a century ago. I saw all of Dickens' characters—saw some of them many times repeated. I am ready to make oath that I met Sampson Brass and talked with Uriah Heep in Chancery lane. I positively recognized Conversation Kenge, Mr. Vholes, Talking-

WE WOULD MOUNT TO THE TOP OF AN OMNIBUS.

horn and all the rest of that set in the court of chancery, and I passed Jo, the poor, and little Miss Flite at the door begged me in a thin, quavering voice to buy a boutonniere, it "give me quite a turn, don't you know."

I went then to St. Giles' and the Seven Dials, Covent Garden market and Bloomsbury square, Bow street police court and Piccadilly Circus, to Whitechapel, Charing Cross, the West End, the famous docks and more places of minor note than could be named in this column. Every morning I rose "fresh as the lark that soars and sings, and shakes the dewdrop from his wings," as the poets say, and every night I went to bed as tired as a Covent market donkey and swearing I would be even more moderate next day, but next morning I remembered fifty more places I really must see. Work was out of the question. "Taking notes" would have been a weariness, and to having any "system" the very thought was abhorrent. I couldn't go amiss, and the more I ran at random the more delightful surprises did I enjoy.

Finally, however, I found at the Victoria hotel the rest of the "gang"—meaning the temporarily "single gentlemen" who had formed such a pleasant coterie of the same or coming over—and thereafter we took it more *systematically and with less walking* as we learned the omnibus routes. One fine we would mount to the top of a 'bus and go out the Great Western road, by St. James' park, Hyde park and Buckingham palace (in the distance), through the elegant squares beyond the parks, along Hammersmith road and across the upper Thames to South Kensington; at another so far in the opposite direction, through the swarming alleys and streets of Whitechapel, and then to Greenwich and all the noted parks in turn.

Our locomotion was walk, however, in the few hours of sunshine was *along the Thames* Embankment, so called, that beautiful promenade where the river was walled by solid white masonry. Through all the upper part of the city the Thames at low tide is surprisingly narrow, but at high tide it spreads over considerable more mud, save in the middle section, where it is walled in as aforesaid. Below the Tower the widening of the river is quite a feature, and there are the famous docks. In the natural order of things London, like most early cities, was located at the head of navigation, and below the rather odd fact that above the city the Thames is only a clear, swiftly flowing and picturesque country creek, in part of the city it is a deep and narrow channel, while below that it is an arm of the sea. Above it is clear as spring water; below Westminster Bridge as dark as ink. Just westward of the city river and country together make a scene of remarkable beauty, and some banks in front of the day when Macaulay's oft quoted New Zealander shall "sit on the ruins of London bridge, and muse on the decline and fall of the British empire."

But this is a digression. Our hilarious Americans are not in the mood to "muse" on anything, but those who try to find their own way in a hurry are greatly tempted to swear at the peculiar system of numbering the houses on a street and the ingeniously complex way of apportioning the squares and names of the streets. The numbers begin at the foot of a street and run continuously on one side to the head of the square, then cross over and run back as continuously on the other side. Thus No. 37 on the Strand is opposite No. 250, and similarly all over the city; so you must know something of the length of a street and calculate closely, if you are near the middle, to know which way to go. In a very long street this would make intolerable confusion; but they avoid that by the simple and truly British process of frequently changing the names. No matter how continuously a thoroughfare may run they have a new name for it every time it makes the least bend and every time it passes through an open space or is intercepted by a square, and sometimes they change the name "just for luck." The natural result is that Londoners never direct to a place by street and number; it is "on" such a terrace, or "off" such a square, or "in" such a place, or "down" such a way, and so on. Exasperated Americans declare that all this is maintained to compel the wayfarer to hire a cab, and it certainly does have that effect.

It was so bewildering for me to remember the names on the route to my room at 7 Bedford place—"off Bloomsbury square" —that curiosity led me to try a street one Sunday morning, and though *it* was comparatively straight the name changed nine times within less than a mile. If there is one street which runs quite straight for a mile it is not laid down on any map, and all the lanes, ways and thoroughfares which remind a tolerably uniform course as far as half across the city do not exceed nine. Of these the most uniform and probably the most noted is the great east and west route. Where it enters the metropolis on the west it is Cold Hawke road, but in a few squares becomes Uxbridge road; it then takes on so many titles of "square," "place" and "terrace" that there is not room for them on the largest city map, after which it is known as Oxford street for quite a distance, with only minor variations here and there. It then turns a very little and is known successively as Holborn, High Holborn, Holborn Viaduct and Newgate street. There a small square breaks it, and it is thenceforth called Cheapside, Poultry lane, Cornhill and Leadenhall street. It then forms a junction over V with Fenchurch street, and eastward the one thoroughfare is known as Aldgate, High street, Whitechapel road, How road and Stratford road, by which name it leaves the city; and yet it is practically one street all the way, with only slight bends, though many of them. Oh, it is all very distressing, but if I must repeat the notions of "cabby," who knows it like a primer and whose assistance you are bound to have.

By natural selection and survival of the sweetest our Americans soon divided into little squads, and my particular squad proceeded to take the most important sights systematically and in this order: The Tower, Westminster Abbey, Parliament house (they call it) "New Westminster Palace," Hyde park, the Thames to Greenwich and return, Whitechapel, and after that every fellow at his own pleasure. Of all places in London Whitechapel is the most disappointing. I was so certain they had not shown us the real thing (because ladies were in the party) that I went back next day with but one companion, and when we had rambled two hours among the alleys and viewed the scenes of some of "Jack-the-Ripper's" murders my friend lifted his hands and exclaimed, "Great Scott, Indiana, is this all?"

Apparently it was all, but I can find worse places in any city of 100,000 people in the United States, and some in much smaller cities. New York city can beat it out of sight as far as ill looks go. The street pavement is very bad and muddy and is swept daily. The houses are mostly of bright colored brick, and so the whole quarter has a clean and bright look. In fact, I did not see a street in London as dirty as Broadway between the Astor house and the postoffice. The Whitechapel children are ragged but not dirty, and the people generally are as clean as the average. *I was like the Hoosier in the old story*, who went to see a hanging and only succeeded in seeing a fist fight. *I felt* that I had been imposed on.

To all questions about the once noted dark places of London the police invariably reply: "Oh, there are none such. They've all been cleaned out." Sometimes they add that there is still devilment enough, but it is done in a quiet and genteel way. And I must add that in many days' ramble in all sorts of places I have not witnessed an altercation or heard an oath or obscene word. On the whole I really begin to like our British cousins. They are not half bad fellows. J. H. BEADLE.

Millionaires at Bloomingdale.

Just across the other side of the dining room is Col. Edward Mason, a millionaire merchant, of Bridgeport, Conn.

He is a man apparently of 45 years, of medium height, compactly built, with a slightly bald head and a grayish brown mustache. He has been an inmate of the asylum for some time, and is suffering from chronic mania, brought on by overwork and other causes.

He pays the asylum on an average $125 per week. He very seldom becomes violent, and is allowed to sit in his room with the door open. He has but one special attendant, owing to his quiet disposition.

Upstairs are the apartments of one of the members of the great Philadelphia lead pipe firm of Tatham Bros. He has been in the asylum for several years suffering from chronic mania. As he is a millionaire several times over he has every luxury that money can buy. He keeps his own horses and drives out in care of his attendants every day. He is seldom violent, but is dangerous at times. While no fault can be found with the train of reasoning that has led this scientific person to his conclusion, he would nevertheless possibly find it difficult to explain why the mouth should pause when it reaches the left ear.

Of certain habits of chewing continued through several millions of centuries can move it a fourth of the way around the head, it is evident that a continuance of the habit will in the course of time make a complete circuit of the head. Our descendants will then be where we are today, figuratively speaking.

Yet in this mighty reasoning of the scientific statistician lies another potent reason for holding tight the rein to our mouths. —Chicago News.

The "Honeymoon."

Our word "honeymoon" is derived from a marriage custom formerly much practiced among the nations of northern Europe. In ancient times it was the practice for newly married couples to drink nothing but mead for a month, which is a kind of wine made from honey, for thirty days after marriage. Hence the term "honeymoon" or "honey month."—St. Louis Republic.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

DEVOTED TO THE ENTERTAINMENT OF GIRL AND BOY READERS.

An Anecdote of the Great and Gifted Beethoven That Touches on a Curious Habit and Tells How This Composer Committed His Symphonies to Paper.

Stephan Heller, the famous pianoforte master, once related *the following story of* one of his experiences with the great Beethoven:

Beethoven acquired the curious habit of continually washing his hands. "One day

BEETHOVEN IN HIS STUDY.

I went to call upon him," said Heller, "and after repeated knocking, to which no reply was given, I gently pushed open the door, when, lo and behold! I saw Beethoven leaning on the piano, with his hands and arms all covered with soap, but with pen in hand sketching the final theme of the Choral Symphony. I stopped abruptly, not daring to move, looking on with feelings of reverence, for I saw the great tone poet in the very act of committing his thoughts to paper."

What Whales Eat.

The surface waters in the Gulf stream teem with minute life of all kinds. There the young of larger animals exist, microscopic as to their adult stimuli which never grow large enough to be plainly visible to the naked eye occur in immense quantities. By dragging a fine silk net behind the vessel these minute forms are easily taken, and when placed in glass dishes millions uncounted are swimming backward and forward. When looked at through a microscope we see young jellyfishes the young of barnacles, crabs and shrimps, besides the adult microscopic species, which are very abundant. The toothless whale finds in these his only food. Rushing through the water with mouth wide open, the baleen or whalebone strainers the minute forms are separated from the water. Swallowing those obtained after a short period of straining, he repeats the operation with the abundance of this kind of life, says Popular Science Monthly, can be judged from the fact that nearly all kinds of whale exist exclusively upon these animals, whole of them so small that they are not noticed on the surface.

Mary's Little Lamb.

The following entertaining account of Mary and her lamb was written expressly for Little Men and Women by Louis Hall:

All the children know that Mary had a little lamb, and perhaps some of them think it is still running about, and that Mary is still a pretty little girl with rosy cheeks and curly hair. But it is a long

THE OLD SOUTH MEETING HOUSE, BOSTON.

time since the lamb followed her to school. Little Mary became a pretty lady at last, and after a great many years she was a lovely old lady with beautiful white hair and a sweet smile. When she was a little girl her mother knit some stockings for her from the lamb's wool, which were kept after she had outgrown them.

A few years ago when the ladies were trying to save money enough to buy the Old South Meeting house and keep it just as it was when Washington was alive, she sent the stockings to be sold at this fair. They raveled out the stockings and sold the yarn in little balls. It brought a large sum of money, enough to pay for the Old South church. The pretty old lady who was once the pretty little Mary was much pleased to have her lamb's wool used in this way. Her name was Mary Sawyer Tyler. She was more than 80 years old when she died, last winter (1889-90), in Somerville, Mass. Though many did not know her real name, all the children of today and all the children of days to come will remember Mrs. Tyler and the charming story of her little lamb.

A Boy's Composition on Breathing.

A small boy in a recent composition gives the following information on breathing:

We breathe with our lungs, our lights, our kidneys and our livers. If it wasn't for our breath we would die when we slept. Our breath keeps the life-a going through the nose when we are asleep. Boys who stay in a room all day should not breathe. They should go out and they get cool in the fresh air. Boys in a room make bad air called carbonicide. Girls sometimes ruin the breath with corsets that squeese the diagram. A big diagram is the best for the right kind of breathing.

A Rainbow Foundation.

Once a spider built a cobweb on a rainbow bright and gay,
For she thought its brilliant colors would entice her lawful prey.
But alas! The sun descended, and the bright bow was no more,
And the warping, withering spider was left homeless as before.
"After this," I heard her mutter to herself, "I'll be cautious
With foundations not so showy, but more firm and substantial."
—Wide Awake.

WE HAVE AN OIL GRAIN SHOE FOR $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE OIL GRAIN " " 2.50
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (High cut) 3.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (Hand sole) 3.50

The latter are just the things for Gentlemen who go to the city every day, who do not want to wear rubbers. If bought in New York they would cost $7 and $8.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
20 W. FRONT STREET.
(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.
COAL SCUTTLES GIVEN AWAY to all who mention this adv, on the following terms:—
25c. Coal Scuttle will be given with each $1.00 Sale.
20c. " " " " " 1.25 "
15c. " " " " " 1.75 "
10c. " " " " " 2.00 "
These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japanned and Galvanized and are open and covered, Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Lumps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of stores boards just in, and very low.
REMEMBER we have started, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.
J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.
LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEAREST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS. LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THEIR GUESSES MUST BEGIN BY OCTOBER 31st.
ROGERS BROS.,
SHOE DEALERS. 12 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.
We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.
Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our
Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,
At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.
Pierson Hardware Company,
Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.
N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.
I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.
TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.
CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.
Remember that, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 69c.; Colored Moquettes at 69 Cents, $1.25 Quality. Black, Unlimited Moquettes, $1.25; Plush and Astrakan Capes in endless variety at lower prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets 95c. per pair; Full size Comfortables 75c; 6-Button Colored Unfinished Mocquetaire, $1.00.
About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,
to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 8,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.
N. B.—STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in German and French under the instruction of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 18 East Front street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 8-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by DR. GRIFFIN, will cure Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors, Box 1899

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 34 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most care is always taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is unapproved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Post Lever, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 686. Telephone, call 28.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

JOTTINGS.

—The streams and ponds are high, by reason of the rains.

—Next Tuesday will be election day. Be, publicans, do your duty!

—A stray quail was caught in a harness shop on Somerset street, yesterday.

—Rev. Charles B. Mitchell is advertised to lecture in Jersey City this evening.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening, at eight o'clock.

—The five and ten cent store will have an announcement to-morrow, which will be of interest to many.

—The work of regrading Madison avenue, which was interrupted by last week's storms, has been resumed.

—Work on the interior decorations for the Casino building on West Seventh street has already begun.

—Conductor Charles Anthony of the Rockaway Valley R. R., was injured by the cars at Lamington last Tuesday.

—Peter Duffy, aged eighteen, died at his home on Manning avenue yesterday from rheumatism of the heart.

—The old Crescent League building has disappeared, but a part of the blackened walls remaining to be carried away.

—The revival meetings under the direction of the Rev. B Fay Mills, the evangelist will begin in the M. E. church this evening.

—A colored man arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman Lynch for drunkenness, was fined one dollar by City Judge Codington this morning.

—The members of Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein are arranging for an evening sociable, to be tendered to the ladies who assisted in making the recent fair a success.

—The regular meeting, of "The Young Ladies' Mission Band" of the First Baptist church will be held in the Bible class rooms, of the church, on Friday, Oct. 31st., from two to five in the afternoon.

—There were real Indians and frontiers people in a frontier play named "On the Frontier," at Music Hall last evening which seemed to greatly delight the audience, making it sometimes quite uproarious.

—Of the four thousand one hundred and twenty one teachers employed in the public schools of New Jersey, only seven hundred and ninety-six are men. The number of the latter is decreasing every year.

—When you meet four healthy looking, rosy-cheeked girls, with an enormous bunch of chrysanthemums, on the way to Mubleeburg Hospital, you know it is visitors' day, and somebody is going to have an hour's good time

—Work on the Monroe street chapel of the Methodist church has been suspended for a while. Some valuable lumber is lying about the building, and to keep it there builder John Abbott has to hold it over and put up a sign offering ten dollars for the conviction of anybody who takes it.

—The Union County Roadsters will hold their games on election day, on the grounds of the Rahway Athletic association. Handsome gold and silver medals will be given to the first and second respectively for each event, except to the winning tug-of-war team, who will receive a banner. Members of the Plainfield Bi Club will participate.

A Campaign Boomerang.

The Rahway Democrat publishes a very ingeniously written article intended to give the impression that the Republican Board of Freeholders of Union county of 1890, was a rather extravagant body when compared with the Democratic Board of 1887, because the bills of the expenses of the Republican Board amount to $6,717.54, against $6,011 32 of the Democratic Board. But Brother Hyer ayly omits to tell that the Republicans on this slight difference superintended the rebuilding of nearly every bridge in the county destroyed by the flood, and are building the finest county roads in the State, and that the Republican Board's ordinary expenses were over $30,000 less than the Democratic Board, with something to show for it too. We of course do not include the road construction tax which is due to a special law voted for by the people, and adding one and hundred thousand dollars expense for which the Republican Board is not responsible. It is ridiculous to try and make a point against President Kyte, the Republican candidate for Assembly, because his expenses were next to the greatest. It is to his credit, as it shows that he did much more work for the county, and did it so well that the people now expect to elect him by an overwhelming majority.

KILLED BY A FALL.

A Sad Accident Which Befell Mrs. Lilias Cuthbert Last Evening.

At about four o'clock last evening as Mrs. Lilias Cuthbert, widow of the late William Cuthbert of corner of Fifth and Liberty street, was descending a flight of stairs leading to the cellar of her residence, she missed her footing and was precipitated headlong to the bottom. The fall rendered her unconscious. When discovered, she was carried up stairs, and medical aid summoned. Examination showed that a blood vessel had been ruptured by the fall. She lingered in an unconscious condition until four o'clock this morning when she breathed her last.

Deceased was an aged woman, and had lived in this vicinity a number of years. She is the mother of Ex-Councilman John H. Cuthbert, and was preparing to receive her son, whom she expected to call on her last evening, when she met with the accident which resulted in her death. The funeral will take place from her late residence, Sunday afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Stanley will not Appear in Plainfield.

The following letter was received by E. B. Moore, President of the Young People's Union, St. James' M. E. Church, Elizabeth, N. J., from Major James B. Pond, Manager for Henry M. Stanley:

Everett House, N. Y.
Oct. 28th, 1890.

E. B. Moore, Esq., 125 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J.

DEAR MR. MOORE:—Parties in Plainfield have applied to me lately, but nothing has been settled, and after discovering that it would interfere with the date in Elizabeth, I decided the committee in Plainfield, that I cannot give them a date, stating that it would not be justice to you, as you were first to make the venture. Stanley is no experienced an attraction, that I cannot afford to place him in all the towns that are so nearly grouped together as Plainfield, Elizabeth, New city in your vicinity where Stanley will appear this season. Yours Very Truly, J. B. Pond.

If the people of Plainfield want to hear Stanley, they should buy their tickets at once. For sale at H. P. Reynolds' Plainfield pharmacy.

To the Senate With Reed.

It is an honor to any locality to be well represented at Trenton, especially in the Senate. The people of North Plainfield now have the opportunity offered them to send a representative who is a man of capacity, of fine intellectual attainments, who stands high in his profession, and has the interests of the county at heart. There are too many dummies in the legislature, men who have no real interest in the community, or are wanting in ability to represent it. In voting for Charles A. Reed, North Plainfielders will honor themselves, be they Democrats or Republicans.

How many of the voters of Somerset county had ever heard of Mr. Keys until he was nominated? Not one in a hundred. What do they hear now? Surely a man who is so taken up with horses that he has no time to even attend church on Sunday cannot hav time to attend to any public duties.

Newly Elected Officers.

The Boys' Society No. 2, connected with the Warren Mission chapel, met in the parlors of the chapel last evening. Between twenty-seven and thirty-five were present. Twelve applications for membership were admitted. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President—Frederick Moon.
First Vice-President—A. L. Drake.
Second Vice President—J. Bassett.
Third Vice-President—J. E. Pangborn.
Treasurer—V. Christoffersen.
Recording Secretary—G. D. Johnson.
Corresponding and Financial Secretary—H. Corcoyer, Steward.
Marshall—Shepard, W. Pearson.
Sergeant at Arms—F. Kessering, C. H. Stahl.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Every man should have enough knowledge of book-keeping to accurately keep his own accounts with debit and credit. This knowledge, if strictly observed, might change many a failure to a success.

The Y. M. C. A. has fortunately been able to secure the services of Mr. Ezra Loomis as instructor of a class in book-keeping and penmanship, which will meet every Monday evening of each week. A $3 membership entitles to this and other privileges of the association.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

The fourth annual convention of the New Jersey Christian Endeavor societies convened yesterday afternoon in the First Presbyterian church at Camden. Representatives attended from every society of the State, and an interesting programme has been prepared for the sessions of to-day, and which will continue to-morrow all day. Quite a delegation are in attendance from this city.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John L Holly and family are Wintering in New York.

Mr. Ernest R. Ackerman has returned to his home at the corner of Central avenue and Seventh street from a European tour.

The Rev. D. J. Yerkes of this city was elected Vice President of the New Jersey Baptist association at Camden, Tuesday.

The Misses Mary and Theresa Freuler have returned to their home at Chimney Rock from a visit to friends in this city and Westfield.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Ida Alice Price to Mr Edward J. Connett. The ceremoney will be performed in the Brooklyn M. E. church.

About sixty young people from this city gathered at the residence of Mr. Charles Debevoise Peirce, last evening, and enjoyed an evening sociable. The hours were passed pleasantly, the ones among the favorites of the occasion, Prof. O'Reilly furnished the music. The committee in charge of the affair comprised Miss Carrie Wehl, Miss Lillian Lang and Miss Minnie Eden.

THE FINAL GASP

OF YE NAUGHTY, DECEIVING DEMOCRACY.

The Ratification Meeting Last Night at Amphion Hall, and the Shining Lights Who Spoke.

The Democratic leaders endeavored to hold a ratification meeting last evening in Plainfield.

The place, Amphion Hall, was about two-thirds filled. This was after the city had been liberally posted with bills for a week, and large advertisements had been inserted in the Democratic organ.

Even with all this, it seemed doubtful if there would be any audience at all, notwithstanding that the saloons had been visited during the day. About seven o'clock the band was got out, and paraded the streets for an hour with blare of trumpets and transparencies to arouse the unterrified.

When eight o'clock arrived, the stage at least was well filled, the same old stagers and party hacks as of yore monopolizing the space.

Mr. James Martine called the meeting to order. Mr. R. M Stover was chosen chairman, and he introduced as the first speaker

HON. FRED C. MARSH.

He is the Democratic candidate for State Senator. Mr. Marsh indulged in the usual party platitudes, extolling the virtues of the other candidates, and even admitting that John C. Rankin, Jr., his political opponent, had a most excellent record. Still he noticed that the remonstrance filed against Sunday more generally than ever before, although Mr. Rankin, as mayor, required the barb-r shops to be closed, and stopped the selling of milk and newspapers after ten o'clock Sundays. Then he referred to the horse-racing bill. He voted for it originally, but against it on returned from the Senate amended, because the amendment legalized gambling. This was all very good as far as it went, if one did not look beneath the surface. But Mr. Marsh did not tell that, before the vote was taken on the amended bill, he and several others went into the clerk room with tally lists, after having canvassed the vote, and satisfied themselves that there was a majority of two in favor of it without the votes of Union Co., and seeing that the bill was in no danger of being defeated he coolly left the room, the wool over the eyes of the respectable people of his county by voting against it, knowing himself that he would have voted for it, had there been danger of its being lost. He admitted that he was formerly the attorney for the Dwyer race-track association, but said that it was before he became a candidate. What he did not say, however, was that he got out of that position for appearances sake, and he failed to say that he owns considerable stock in one of the associations still, and had it all at present hypothesated for a loan. Freddie, you are a very alert young man, but your pretense of so much superior virtue won't wash when the hidden record is brought to light.

HON. CHAS. WINFIELD

of Jersey City, prosecutor of the pleas of Hudson county, was introduced as the next speaker. Hudson county is the hotbed of all that is vile and corrupt in this State, and is perhaps the worst nest of political vice to be found anywhere in the United States. Mr. Winfield has been prosecutor there a great many years, but only when the Republicans unearthed the ballot box frauds so clearly that further concealment and inaction were fraught with danger to himself, does he come forward to prosecute, the evidence furnished by the Republicans being so overwhelming that every one of the scoundrels was indicted and convicted. Mr. Winfield spoke more particularly on national politics. He began with taffy on the intelligence of his audience, and then quoted a remark of President Garfield, made eight years ago, to the effect that the principles of Jefferson appeared to be waning, and those of Hamilton to be growing stronger. Jefferson's belief was that the people who were governed least were governed best. Hudson county might be given as an example. There gamblers, ballot box stuffers and scoundrels generally believe the same thing. If good laws were properly enforced, they would never have brought such disgrace upon the State. Jefferson's idea was applicable to law-abiding people. Mr. Winfield proceeded to abuse the principles of the Republican party in the highest style of the art. Well, let us review Democracy. The Democratic party believed the State paramount to the nation. The Republican believed a central government best for mutual protection. The Republican party's view was endorsed by the people. The Democratic party believed in slavery and the right to sell human beings into bondage because they happened to be black. The Republican party believed in a free people, no matter what their color, creed, or condition, and that our land should be the land of the free, and won in the struggle by ballot and by bullet, though it cost millions of noble lives and millions of treasure in a most horrible civil war brought on by that same Democracy.

The Democratic party recovered power in 1884, after being twenty-four years an outcast. The people conceded to forgive it its sins of old, and try it once again. Forthwith it betrays its trust and tries to ruin us by Free Trade. Again the Republican party takes up the cudgels for the people, to protect home industries and again comes out the victor, and is now giving us a most glorious prosperity probably ever known in the history of this country through the encouragement given to home industries, by a protective tariff, the McKinley bill—which Mr. Winfield so roundly denounced—remedies one of the story of the dog barking at the moon.

If Mr. Winfield believed his audience as intelligent as he pretended to at the opening of his remarks, he never would have tried to deceive them as he did, in regard to the number of votes to secure representation in Congress. When he had concluded, the chairman introduced as the next speaker,

LAWYER R. V. LUDLAMBURY

of Elizabeth. He recently stoned Mayor John Rankin, Jr., the Republican candidate for Senator, following generally in the same line as Mr. Marsh, whom he excelled, as was natural in one of the faith so dyed in the wool.

Mr. Geisenheimer was not present. But the other candidates, Mr. Cook of Rahway, for Assembly, and Mr. Hicks of Elizabethport, for Sheriff, were introduced, and said they would try and do their duty. The sheriff's idea of his duty must be judged by the following from the Democratic correspondent in Elizabeth of The World:

THE PERIL OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The indications are that the personnel of the next grand jury will be radically different from the present one, as everything goes to show that the next sheriff will be a Democrat. The friends of the race track ring say that it will be better for them, as that party is considered more liberal in its views of the sport.

The Democratic organ is conducted by the Democratic World, by authority, is that race track gambling, which demoralizes, robs and ruins our young men, is "sport," and the gamblers, who swindle the unsophisticated, want a sheriff who will be "more liberal in his views of the sport." Oh, my gods, deliver us!

When the meeting adjourned the band played "Annie Laurie," but not "Down Went McGinty."

A Story of Mishappenings.

The story is being told among local commuters of a man on Broadway, who did not get home one night last week till two o'clock in the morning. He is a man of irreproachable habits, and his ordinary excuse for his lateness would do, so he had to spend an hour explaining to his wife how it all happened. The hand-book-keeper in his office in New York had asked him to stop over at Bergen Point to tell the book-keeper's wife that he had gone to Boston on a very pressing errand, to oblige one of the partners in the concern. The Plainfield man knew where Bergen Point was, but hadn't the slightest idea where the book-keeper lived, and had forgotten to ask. It was nine o'clock before he struck the right train. He had time to see the outskirts of Bergen Point, along the shore of the bay, and sailed at the door of a little one-story cottage. He was perfectly sure this wasn't the bookkeeper's house, and the lady of the house confirmed him in his impression. He didn't want to abandon the chase, or the bookkeeper's wife would pass a sleepless night, and perhaps go crazy with anxiety. He began inquiring among the policemen. At eleven o'clock he was speeding away in a horse-car, and was half way to Jersey City before he discovered that he was on the wrong one and got out in a hurry. A half hour's ride back brought him to the right house. The bookkeeper's wife was so glad to know where her husband was that she asked the Plainfield man to stay over night, but he had to hurry home to tell his own wife where he was. He just caught the train. Next morning in the office there was a revelation all around. The bookkeeper had gone to Staten Island to tell the wife of the partner that the latter had to start up the Hudson. The partner desired he had gone up the Hudson to tell the other partner's wife that her husband had been suddenly called to Chicago. While the excitement was at its height, in stalked the first partner, and said that he hadn't gone to Chicago, but had received a telegraphic message at the depot at the last moment, that made it unnecessary. Tableau, with profuse apologies of the first partner to everybody in the office, including the office-boy.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the county clerk's office:

Mary R. L. oms and husband of North Plainfield, to Richard .. Bowne of Dexter Park, L. I., land on .. Fifth street, Plainfield, 123x141 feet..... $500

Central New Jersey Land Improvement Co., to Edmund A. Potter, wife and John B. Gabb, land in Plainfield, 20x33 feet..... 140

Fanwood Building Association of Plainfield, to John Fr derick Raumann of New York, land in Plainfield, on road lead ing from Plainfield to Fanwood, 20x177 feet..... 9.000

Margaret Clement, to Union county, Job Mallett Plainfield, lot 158x76 feet.. 2.000

Evan Jones and wife to Job Male, of Plainfield, land in Union county..... 1

Emma Darling and husband of New York, to John P. Plummer, of New York, land in Plainfield on .. Park Avenue, and land on sw s Prospect avenue..... 1

Frederick P. Glass, Sheriff, to Bessie Britain, land in Fanwood Township on road leading from Scotch Plains to Fanwood Park, 145x135 feet..... 800

Mary K. Cox and husband to Mary Campbell Hall of Westfield, land on e s Summit avenue, Westfield, 50x 60 feet..... 3,000

—James Fitcher of New Brunswick, caught in the Raritan at the Riverside Lock, last week, a fish that is a stranger to fishermen in that city. It is about 16 inches long, shaped much like a bass, but without scales, except a row of large ones along the back and a few around the fins. The fish was taken to Prof. Nelson, biologist in Rutgers College, who pronounced it a cyprinus carpio, of the variety known as leather carp.

Died.

LEE—In this city on Wednesday evening, Oct. 29th inst, Genevieve L., wife of Henry Lee.
Notice of funeral hereafter. 3-2R

To the Ladies of Plainfield!

I am making a specialty of Children's dresses, and have now ready a number of suits for Misses of all ages. These suits are artistic in design, and of the best material and make. An early call is solicited.

MISS M. E. STEPHENSON,
52 West Front street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Against Admitting Women.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. Oct. 30th. (Special.)—At the New Brunswick Methodist Conference held last evening to decide by vote whether women should be admitted to the Official Board of the church or not, it was decided against them. The vote stood 91 to 26.

—Manager Hall has booked the celebrated actress, Miss Ada Gray, in "East Lynne," three nights and matinee commencing on Monday, Nov. 3. The New York Star says of her: Her Lady Isabel was pictured with all the fever of a consuming nature. Her art in the earlier scenes was in the true spirit of comedy acting. Her passion rose from the tender scenes of love and confidence to a terrible heart. home and happiness. Her dramatic talents was also shown as Mercy Merrick, full of pathos, and her earnestness growing intense as her reason is unsettled by the death of her child.—New York Star

Rent-a-Room Column.

A FINE, large sunny room, cheerful outlook, nicely furnished, to let with board. Near Crescent church. Excellent table. Reasonable terms. Address "Home Comfort," care of EVENING NEWS. tfnn

A PI-NO for rent, $3 per month. Apply 127 Central avenue. 29-3

A COOK and nurse wanted for the east house. Apply to Mrs. Lindsay, 92 West Front street. 29-2

$15 CASH will buy first-class engine (6 horse power) worth $300 Must be moved. J. C. Allen, West Front Street.

COOK and laundress wanted. Reference required. Mrs. A. C. Vail, 19 West 8th street. 10-27-tf

TWO HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10-16-tf

FOR SALE—Union Bicycle. Safety pattern. Guaranteed condition. No reasonable cash offer refused. Address "D," care of EVENING NEWS. 27-tf

LOST—An Irish bull terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protrudes. Pink eye-lids. Answers to the name of "Fiddle." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. M. Stone, 169 East Front street. No questions asked. 27-1w*

NICE rooms to let with water. Good locality. Address, "M," care of EVENING NEWS. 27-tf

SIX room house for rent. $12 per month. Newly papered and painted. Possession Nov. 1. Address at once "House," care of EVENING NEWS. 1

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

TWO or three pleasant rooms to let. Address "E. S.," care of EVENING NEWS. 29-2

WANTED—A comp-te-t girl, to do general house work. 32 East 5th st. 29-2

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable. Also opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. References. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1588, N. Y. 3-12 m-t 1y

WANTED—The People's Building, Loan and Saving Association requires the services of a reliable man to solicit stock in our place. This is a good position for the right party who must be able to furnish unexceptional references. Write at once to Secretary C. Beebe, General Manager, Trenton, N. J. 29-2

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking; also tailor make; fit guaranteed, call at 37 East Third street. 10-6-m

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.

Prof. Segadlo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., providing he secures the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, 44 Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of lessons per week, commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms apply to Prof. J. Segadlo, 37 West 9th Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-12*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.

Lessons at residences by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first 30 days are sufficient to convey a knowledge of "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign tongue." Extracts from testimonials from Principals of High Schools U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislations in the State's capitals. It is the best way to perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For terms and formation of classes write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office box 268. 10-3tf

HYACINTHS, TULIPS and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of greenhouse sash. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,

Fruit, vegetable and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, jugs and glassware. Flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

LAST CHANCE.

Clairvoyant Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain in this city one week longer, leaving Wednesday, Nov. 5th, without fail. She can be seen from 9 to 9 o'clock, as usual, at the Park Hotel, room 4. 29-1w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Nicholas H. Heidelloff and Charles F. Heidelloff, both of N. H. & J. H. Heidelloff & Co., dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September last by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said John J. Heidloff, and all demands against the firm are to be presented to him for payment. Dated October 1st, 1890.

JOHN J. HEIDELOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELOFF.
10-2-w6

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS of every description, engravings, chromos, picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antique, artists' materials, etc., at Swain's, 52 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-15-1m

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms etc., for sale and to let. ONE BUILDING SITE, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Rilelds avenue. 5-30-1y

HENRY M. STANLEY,

ST. JAMES' LECTURE COURSE.

Temple Opera House, Elizabeth, N. J.

FRIDAY, Nov. 14.—GEORGE KENNAN, Subject, "Russian Political Exiles."
FRIDAY, Nov. 28.—The Otto Torbet Concert Co. and Fred. Emerson Brooks.
MONDAY, Dec. 8.—HENRY M. STANLEY. Subject, "The Rescue of Emin."
THURSDAY, Dec. 18.—FREDERIC VILLIERS, Illustrated Lecture, Subject, "War and Peace."

Tickets for the course, including reserved seat, $1.50 No single tickets will be sold. Every seat will be reserved. Tickets may be exchanged for Reserved Seats on Wednesday, Nov. 5, at Wm. C. Finck's, 125 Broad street.

Tickets for sale at Reynolds' Drug Store. 30-1w

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks ever displayed in Plainfield. Have you seen that Reefer Jacket for Children, that we are offering for $1.70. It's a little beauty.

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, than we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, sells them

Buy a new Broom, 15c.

There is a special good Bargain in Table Linen for this week. 50 pieces, 70 inches wide, 58c. per yard. Value 75c.

Do you know that we can and will save you money on Winter Underwear.

When in the store look through our Cloak Department, second floor.

Those 36-inch Mohair Dress Goods are just the thing for Children's School Dresses. Ask to see them. Price 19c.

There is everything in Tinware, Crockery and Glassware on our House Furnishing Goods Department.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to convert everybody to be of our views; that is to pay only the actual value for the goods we sell.

This can be accomplished by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Glance over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Teas and Coffees. Handling all kinds that grow. New crop tea at 35c., worth 60c. Coffee to stay down. Try our combination, (Uccargio Java and Mocha) 25c., worth 40c. Best produced Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter 28c. Good Creamery, (as sold in most stores) at 24c. lb., Fresh Dairy, our leader for cooking purposes 20c. 2 Best Cocoa in the market, 25c. lb. 2 Pearl Patent Flour, (has no equal), $4.75 bbl. Hillbury's Best XXXX, $5.75 bbl.; Best Graham or Rye Flour, 10c. per 3 lbs.; Strictly Virginia Sweet Potatoes, 90c. bushel (1-2 bushels); Granulated Sugar, 5c. lb. Call and inspect our offers on other goods.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we enjoy fully attests the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we don't advertise any one article in particular as a leader to mislead the public, but our motto right through will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we call for and deliver orders promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge, the Saturday we will add 5 p. m. Special attention given to mail orders.

UNITED TEA and COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
PEOPLE'S TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic.

The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

NOW READY!

We desire to inform the public that we have opened a first-class

RESTAURANT AND DINING ROOM,
No. 8 West Second Street.

And would solicit a share of their patronage.

CORNELL & SLATER

Proprietors of the
NIAGARA DINING ROOM.

"75c."

KID GLOVES, in five-button length, new and desirable shades.

We have sold them a good while, and can recommend them to wear well.

FOSTER KID. in Foster's Kid Gloves. "William" 7-hooks. "Foster" 7-hooks.

HARRIS'S Kid Gloves in different qualities and styles.

We sell them at the same prices as in New York.

THE FUR SHOULDER CAPE is a much prized article among the ladies, and can be had at Our House in a variety of kinds, at New York prices.

WOOL blankets and comfortables will be needed now. Our assortment is complete and the prices the lowest.

YOU can buy the better quality of goods at Edsall's at about the same price as the poor cheap goods are usually sold for.

CARPETS made and lined FREE of charge for the rest of the month. Parties desiring to furnish residences throughout with Carpetings, Rugs, etc., if they will consult us we will guarantee to save them from 10 to 15 per cent. whether you get them from us or New York House.

EDSALL'S,
29 West Front street.

COUPE ROCKAWAYS,

New and Handsome Designs.

L. M. FRENCH'S

Carriage Repository,

H. W. Marsball,

PROPRIETOR.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Peter Ayers, we would inform their customers, and the public generally that they can obtain first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO. 10 AND 12 PARK AVENUE.

AMPHION HALL

J. EDWIN HALL, Manager.

Three Nights, Commencing

Monday, Nov. 3d,

Engagement of the Distinguished Emotional and Tragic Actress, Miss ADA GRAY.

In her play,

EAST LYNNE

Or, The Elopement.

LADY ISABEL / MISS ADA GRAY
MME. VINE /

In which characters she has no living peer. Supported by a strong dramatic company. She comes direct from Boston, and we must have her.

Prices 25, 50 and 75c. Reserved seats at Shaw's Drug Store. 30-2

Next Monday, Nov. 3, J. P. LAIRE & CO. will have one of the manufacturers of the Wonderful Stove, (the Howe Ventilator), here to explain its merits and superiority over all others. All invited.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most careful fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Lace curtains refinished equal to new. Our prices will suit and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry,
144 EAST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX L. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

The Model Girl.

It pays to be a model girl. It is possible that it is our degenerate age it pays to be a model girl physically even better than morally. At least Miss Margaret Best has found it to pay to the extent of $900 for being the nearest to physical perfection of any woman measured by Dr. Sargent, of Harvard, according to his new system of anthropometry.

Miss Best is from Meadville, Pa. We are told she is so modest that she will not be interviewed by a reporter, she will not have her picture taken or let anybody know anything about her, the chief facts obtainable being that the young lady is a teacher of physical culture in Allegheny college, and that she is 5 feet 5 inches tall and weighs 134 pounds.

Miss Best is making the mistake of her lifetime in not suffering the public to know anything about her. The present American interest in gymnastics and physical culture is very sincere and far reaching. The young lady is said to have perfected her form through a system of physical culture she herself teaches. She will be flying in the face of Providence unless she now takes the lecture field and shows other women how she has accomplished results that brought her that prize as well as fame. She will make a fortune in a short time.

It is no mere idle curiosity or interest in Miss Best personally that leads her fellow countrymen and women to desire to know more of her. They wish to learn how they, too, can become physical models. So keen is the interest in bodily development in this country at present that last summer at Chautauqua Mrs. C. E. Bishop, who teaches the Delsarte system of expression and physical culture, cleared $1,600 in six weeks.

Rev. Thomas Dixon's Opinion.

If power to draw crowds is any indication, one of this country's coming preachers is Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., of New York. Rev. Mr. Dixon lately preached a sermon on "Sensationalism vs. Traditionalism," in which he spoke among other things, of the New York Central strike. He declared the strike had been a threefold idea; to the men, it the company and to the public. Forty lives had been lost because of it. Formerly it was the custom to speak of public roads as the king's highways, and the public highways known as railways belonged to the state. They have been granted to companies on such conditions that they still belong to the people. Therefore the people, that is to say, the state, should now take hold of them again, and run them in the interest of the public. With national or state ownership of railways the belief that legislatures by railroad companies would cease, and the public itself would be treated with some consideration by railway employes.

Then Mr. Dixon alluded to the fact that he had been called a sensational preacher. He said:

Christ was the greatest sensation there has ever been, and the Bible is the most sensational book ever written. The trouble with many preachers today is that their colors are so lack and said that they can't climb over them to get at the people. I would rather be a drummer in the Salvation Army and carry around a sign, or be a human sandwich, with the gospel on my bread and butter, and people inside, than preach in a fine carved temple to a handful of old men and women who have gone to church so long that they have started them asleep.

Remarkable indeed, pathetic beyond words, if it was what it seemed to be on the face of it, was the speech of Montgomery, the colored member in the Mississippi constitutional convention. Knowing that it would disfranchise nineteen-twentieths of all the black voters of the state, knowing that it would give the whites a majority of 40,000 at present and a large majority for years to come, he spoke and voted in favor of an educational qualification for suffrage in the constitution. This qualification disfranchises 124,334 negroes and only 11,289 whites. But Montgomery advocated it, knowing well, as he told the convention, the fearful sacrifice he was making. He believed it would end race hatred once for all. He believes, too, that it will be an incentive to his own race to struggle for an education, and win their way in the years to come to the confidence and respect of their white fellow citizens. But we doubt if the white man who would have made such an offer as this under like circumstances?

The Guatemalan government blames the United States government for the death of Gen. Barrundia, because when the general went on board the American merchant steamer for refuge Capt. Pinto, of the steamer, did not take Barrundia's pistol from him to keep him from shooting somebody. Funny.

The recount gives Minneapolis a population of 164,780, and St. Paul one of 133,931. Now let these quarreling sisters embrace and make one great big town, with a compromise name. But how both of them must wish they had not clamored for a recount, since their numbers have dwindled down so.

Photographic Revelations.

Instantaneous photographing bids fair to reveal all the secrets that baffle the mere eye. It is quicker than the eye, and can detect lightning changes that organ cannot. It seems indeed as quick as thought itself.

Professor Muybridge photographed a pail of ice water as it fell over the neck and shoulders of a woman. The photographic plates were exposed and removed by electricity, thus enabling them to be changed more quickly than could have been done by the operator's hands. The eye can take cognizance of no perceptible lapse of time between the points where the water leaves the pail and where it drenches the woman. But the instantaneous photograph notes three distinct intervals. In the first the water is falling, yet has not touched the woman's head. In the second the ice water touched the girl's neck and shoulders, but the sensation had not yet been carried to her brain. In the third plate she was beginning to be aware of the shock, but not until a fourth impression had been made on the fully exposed plate was the unpleasantness of the sensation.

Another wonder, still more marvelous, has been revealed by this betrayer of secrets. Time out of mind travelers' tales from the orient dilate on the strange powers of the Indian jugglers. They can make a rose bloom from the seed planted in a flower pot before your eyes a few minutes before. They can bring into an audience composed of hundreds of highly intelligent persons a beautiful little girl. Before the eyes of this intelligent audience the fakir hacks the pretty child to pieces with his sword. Her cries are heartrending; her blood flows. Then the cries cease; she is dead. The outraged audience are about to spring at the throat of the fiendish fakir, when lo! a miracle. In the edge of the crowd somewhere the child suddenly appears, laughing and bowing. If the fakir killed her he brought her to life again, sound and lovely as before. She comes into the circle again. The juggler bids her ascend into the air. Up she goes, higher and higher, till she is lost to view, and nobody knows whither that child does vanish.

These facts have been sufficiently attested by reliable witnesses. Hardheaded newspaper men have described the scenes; artists have sketched them as they appeared. The instantaneous photograph was flashed on them. Result: nothing there. Yet the camera had told the truth, and the human witnesses had lied. There was absolutely nothing there. The rascally fakir had simply hypnotized his whole audience of shrewd, highly intelligent men. The camera he could not hypnotize.

Never Mind, Sir John.

Sir John Macdonald, in Canada, is evidently concerned about the United States in a way that interferes with his digestion. In a speech at Halifax he said of the land that sums up 65,000,000 inhabitants against Canada's 5,000,000:

It is a great country, but it will have its races and creeds and religions, and the same confusion of tongues and vice which has flooded that country with socialism, socialism, atheism and all other isms. We can sit calmly under the flag of England and look with philosophy upon the struggles of fierce democracy across the frontier.

Never mind, Sir John. We'll take care of our isms. Did you ever notice that if you take a small bottle of kerosene oil and pour it over a stone floor and set fire to it it will burn with great blaze and smoke, but no explosion will follow? On the other hand, set fire to it in the bottle and it will blow your everlasting head off. Just so with those very isms of ours, our atheists and communists. It is much safer to let them ventilate their ideas than to try to bottle them up. People who talk tremendously are not dangerous.

The most famous landmark in Chicago has passed away with the breaking of Governor Fort's 1,000,000 Newberry library. On the library site stood the fine old Ogden mansion, on the North Side, at the time of the fire in 1871 one of the handsomest private residences in the city. It stood in the middle of a block. For some mysterious reason, never understood to this day, the fire swept around the block on all sides and spared the Ogden mansion. The flames caught the buildings adjacent and sent them flying in smoke and ashes, and next morning everywhere, far as eye could see, were blackness and desolation, except where this one house stood fair and untouched, as if it had been protected by invisible spirits.

The North Canadian Atlantic Railway and Steamship company, limited, is its name, and it proposes to construct a railway from Quebec to the extreme east coast of Labrador. Thence a line of the swiftest steamers known to these times will convey passengers across the ocean to Milford Haven, on the coast of south Wales. By this line passengers can reach Europe from Chicago in five days and twenty-one hours.

If we have no wars with a foreign power for two or three years we shall have three regular line-of-battle ships to put into a coast fight. We have some fast cruisers now, but they are built rather for running away than for a stand-to-and-take-it fight. The three big battle ships will cost over $3,000,000 each.

The melancholy and irritability of the Russian czar are increasing. Before many years he will undoubtedly die, be killed or go crazy. The curses and wailing cries of tortured subjects must bring their own result in due course.

GLADSTONE AND BLAINE.

Their Divergent Views on the Subject of Protection.

THE G. O. M. CALLS IT OPPRESSION.

While the Maine Statesman Attributes to It All the Prosperity the People of America Enjoy—Mr. Gladstone's Long Speech Concerning the McKinley Bill.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Oct. 30.—When Hon. James G. Blaine reached here on his way from Chicago to Washington some was on the ground and rain falling, and there was but a small crowd gathered at the station to welcome the distinguished statesman. Mr. Blaine, accompanied by Hon. Walter Phelps, was driven to the skating rink. The rink was filled with a large and enthusiastic crowd, which loudly cheered Mr. Blaine. He spoke for about half an hour. His speech was confined to the tariff, reciprocity and Indiana's greatness as a fighting state both in the war and in elections. He said, in speaking of the tariff, that prices for twenty-nine years, since the Republican party had come into power, had been steadily going downward.

Praise for Protection.

He declared that the people owed all their prosperity today to protection. Compared with the last low tariff, that of 1846, he said that the necessaries of life were to day lower than they were then. Five sixths of the entire mileage built in the last twenty-nine years had been the direct result of the policy of the Republican party, and the population had been doubled owing to the same cause. "The Republican party," said Mr. Blaine, "has always been the step forward when it was needed with the Democratic party shouting 'behind.'" He declared as well, that if free trade were to be made the policy of the country, the present prosperity would cease, and said that the last congress had vindicated the Republican party.

Reciprocity Again Touched.

In speaking upon reciprocity, Mr. Blaine declared that the United States had acted against the South American republics in not admitting their goods free. Now is the opportunity which the party proposed to give them a market in this country and secure a market in their country for our goods. The reciprocity policy, he said, would give to the farmers of America in two years a market of $85,000,000 and that thus the Republican party had taken a larger step in advance than the Democratic party ever had taken.

Mr. Blaine closed his speech amid great applause, with a tribute to President Harrison. Mr. Blaine and Mr. Phelps left for Plymouth immediately after the meeting, where they meet Mr. Blaine's car, which will be Mrs. Blaine and Miss Harriet Blaine on board. The party then goes east. Mr. Blaine is expected to speak in Philadelphia Saturday night.

Gladstone and the McKinley Bill.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Mr. Gladstone's allusions to America, in his address at Dundee yesterday, were most fatherly and friendly words. England, he said, did not deal with nations, but with mankind, and in a fraternal spirit. It is mankind, he said, that will sum up the opinion on the McKinley bill and pass judgment thereon. The effect of the measure cou d not fail to be more damaging to America than to any of the countries discriminated against, and he hoped that the people of that country would realize their mistake before it had time to work the irreparable injury to their institutions which was inevitable if the system of exclusion were to prevail.

Retaliation Not Favored.

Mr. Gladstone said: "Every country giving greater stringency to protection within its own borders, gives us a freer and broader field in other markets. It is impossible for Great Britain to receive retaliation found injury through these operations.

"France and Germany have threatened retaliation, but England should not be led into such suicidal folly. It would be based upon the countries pursuing free and open trade with England to punish them be cause particular country adopted a more restricted system of commerce. Though an imperial zollverein would somewhat enlarge commerce with the colonies, it would probably not attract one-fifth part of the rest of the world. The amount of imperial commerce was £187,000,000 yearly, whereas the foreign commerce was £554,000,000. It would be a most inglorious policy to clo, British energy in a market of £554,000,000 annually in order to enlarge action with a market of £187,000 worked of that amount."

Where England Would Receive Benefit.

He said that the McKinley bill might not disturb trade as much as some people imagined. America must get paid for exports to England, and must take payment either in British manufactures or foreign colonial goods through English markets. One effect of the bill would be the diversion of the English manufacturer toward the production of finer goods, because there he has the least intolerable protective rate. The result would be to elevate and improve the taste of British manufacturers and stimulate ingenuity. The tendency of the American tariff would be toward the manufacture of coarser goods. In spite of protection the commerce between America and Great Britain had rapidly and greatly increased.

Protection Called a Misnomer.

"Protection," he said, "is a misnomer; it ought to be termed oppression. America should be left to find out for herself the evils the tariff will accomplish. If we have faith in the economic and moral truths of free trade, let us have faith in their vindication west of the Atlantic. A people so acute as the Americans will find the way for themselves more effectually if left to themselves, especially by the English, who ought to show that as much as they value America's commerce they value her friendship and regard more."

Speaker Reed at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 30.—Speaker Reed, of Maine, was given an ovation in Milwaukee last night. He talked for an hour at Schlitz park to an audience approximating 5,000 persons, and while it would have been twice as large had the capacity of the hall been adequate. He confined his remarks to the tariff, the Dodge bill and his rulings as speaker. The audience was enthusiastic and was in accord with the orator on everything excepting the tariff. The mention of Cleveland's name evoked cheers, and it was generally remarked that Mr. Reed at no time mentioned the name of President Harrison. Secretary Rusk occupied a seat on the platform and was vociferously cheered and called out after the conclusion of Mr. Reed's remarks. In his speech Mr. Reed paid his respects to Mr. Mills, of Texas, and Hon. W. Dickinson, of Michigan, in most agreeable words.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Morris Miller (colored) was sentenced to imprisonment for life for the murder of James H. Miller, on the night of Feb. 16, at New York.

Secretary Windom has appointed J. K. Moore, of St. Paul, Minn., as chief of the appointment division, treasury department, to succeed T. E. Byrnes, resigned. Mr. Moore was for many years editor and proprietor of The Tribune, of St. Paul, Minn., and was more recently private secretary to Governor McGill, of the same state.

Yale and Princeton have agreed to play their Thanksgiving day football game at Eastern park, Brooklyn, the management having guaranteed a proper handling of the crowd.

A thousand weavers have been thrown out of work in Silesia by the decrease of manufacture owing to the McKinley bill.

Admiral Fresmantle, of the British South Atlantic squadron, has captured Vita and burned the town to the ground. Only three men were wounded on the British side.

A high license, local option liquor bill, with provisions similar to those of the law now in force in Massachusetts, has been introduced in the Vermont legislature; also a bill providing for the dedication of the Bennington battle monument and the centennial anniversary of Vermont's admission into the Union, at Bennington, Aug. 16, 1891.

A girl named Flanagan and her mother have been murdered by moonlighters in county Clare, Ireland.

The Italian steamship Estella, from Palermo, has arrived at New Orleans with 840 Italian emigrants.

Pasquelle Bonchette, who shot and killed Francisco Cicerello in July last in New Rochelle, was convicted of murder in the second degree at White Plains, N. Y.

James Stafford, whose skull was fractured, it is charged, by James Fewright a week ago Sunday at Long Island City in a quarrel over Mayor Gleason's imprisonment, died at St. Catherine's hospital.

Mrs. Virginia Simmons, aged 49 years, of No. 3,014 Oxford street, Philadelphia, committed suicide by jumping from a third story window at her home. Mrs. Simmons had been ill for a long time.

Patrice Bouciault, daughter of the late Dion Bouciault, died in London Oct. 29.

At New York Guggenheimer & Untermeyer have begun eight suits in the supreme court, on behalf of English corporations and capitalists, against Dr. G. H. Wynkoop and T. M. Vail to recover about $250,000, alleged to have been received from them by misrepresentation. Among the plaintiffs is Sir John Pender, whose loss is placed at $50,000.

The Dutch parliament has deposed William III, king of the Netherlands. The king is too ill to perform his duties.

A FIERY AUSTRIAN.

Vice Consul Eberhard Battles with Three Policemen in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 30.—Otto Eberhard, who claims to be Austrian vice consul, was arrested here while intoxicated for interfering with a policeman who was making an arrest. In the police court he declared his identity, denied the jurisdiction of the police justice and denounced his arrest as an outrage. He refused to plead to the charge against him and demanded his liberty. He was committed in default of $300 bail for examination.

When an officer attempted to conduct Eberhard to the prison pen he made a desperate resistance and it required the efforts of three policemen to subdue him. Later he was bailed out by Lawyer Lasche. The Austrian vice consul declared that he would have revenge for the insult offered to him.

How the Bodies Got Mixed Up.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—Undertaker Hardin, who shipped the supposed body of Romaine Leach to Genesee, N. Y., says in explaining the discovery that the body proved to be that of some one else: "If any mistake was made it must have been made by the officials at the county morgue. When I went there for the body of Leach they pointed to one and said, 'this is it.' The name given to me was Fred Leach, but I believe I received a permit to go east. If the body of the man I sent is not the right one there must have been two dead men of that name. If this is also true, it is also safe to assume that Romaine Leach is buried in Potter's field, and that Fred Leach has been sent east. I do not see that I am to blame." The health department holds itself equally blameless.

Football Games.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 30.—The Amherst and Trinity football teams contended here yesterday, but neither side was able to score. The play was sharp throughout.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Harvard defeated Wesleyan yesterday at football—31 to 0. The team work of Harvard was excellent.

The Philadelphia in a Collision.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The United States man-of-war Philadelphia while coming up the harbor collided with the tank ship Benjamin Sewall, which was at anchor off Tompkinsville, S. I. The only damage done was the banding of two of the plates of the tank ship.

Killed in a Shooting Gallery.

MOBERLY, Mo., Oct. 30.—Charles Richie, of St. Louis, a brakeman, was accidentally shot and killed in a shooting gallery by a pistol in the hands of another man, who disappeared and is not known.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE FORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FRESH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

This Date in History—Oct. 30.

1340—Battle of Tarifa; Moors defeated.

1735—John Adams, second president United States, born; died, 1826.

1751—Birth of Richard Brinsley Sheridan, statesman and dramatist.

1755—Earthquake in Syria; four hundred; 20,000 perished.

1822—Caledonian canal completed, England.

1843—Birth of Roscoe Conkling, American statesman; died 1888.

1852—Birth of Leon Gambetta, French statesman.

1840—Great earthquake at Zante, Ionian Islands, where many persons perished.

1862—Rosecrans superseded Buell in the west.

1864—Peace with Denmark signed at Vienna.

1867—French troops enter the Rome.

1870—Proclamation of Gambetta accusing Bazaine of treason.

1879—British occupation of Cabul.

1888—Two attempts made to blow up the London underground railroad; 30 persons injured by the explosions.

1888—Lord Sackville notified by Secretary Bayard that he would no longer be recognized as British minister to the United States.

COALITION REFUSED.

The Engineers Will Not Join the United Order of Railway Employes.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 30.—The convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers here settled the federation question. The convention decided to refuse coalition with the United Order of Railway Employes this year, but at the same time did not change the law which permits "system" federation.

The executive body representing the engineers of each railroad system may, at its option, affiliate with other organizations whose membership is composed of firemen, switchmen, conductors and trainmen. When this action was being explained by the keeper of the records he remarked, "It has been decided not to federate this year," emphasizing the word "this." It is understood non-affiliation as a brotherhood was decided upon by a rather small margin, and that it is apparent to many members that different action may be taken at the next convention. In addition to this business, J. D. Collins, of Atlanta, Ga., was elected second grand assistant engineer.

A Big Blow to the Cattle Trade.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 30.—Telegrams were received at the stock yards today from agents on the line of the Mexican border, stating that the rumors circulated yesterday regarding the import duty of $600 a car for cattle imposed by the Mexican government were well founded, and that in addition to this duty the grain which it has been the custom to ship in with the cattle was also taxed thirty cents a bushel. This action has almost paralyzed the cattle trade of certain portions of Kansas, and will do great injury to Kansas City, as this city has been doing large business with Mexico.

In Honor of Archbishop Feehan.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—The demonstration last evening in honor of the jubilee of Archbishop Feehan was a grand success. Every parish in the county and surrounding counties was represented in the torch light procession, and each man carried a light of some kind. Fully 25,000 men and 100 bands were in line, and the streets through which the parade moved were crowded with spectators. The procession was reviewed by Archbishop Feehan and his guests from the balcony of the Auditorium hotel.

Is He Mafia's Victim?

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 30.—The body of an Italian has been found on the river front with several gashes in his head and a knife thrust over the heart. The cause of the death was a mystery until this morning, when the police obtained a clew showing that it was the work of the Mafia. The victim, it is believed, was followed here from New Orleans.

Suicide to Escape Disgrace.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 30.—Dennis B. Sullivan, treasurer of the Father Matthew Total Abstinence society, who was charged a few days ago with a shortage of $1,300 in his accounts with the society, died this evening. He had been sick only a few days, and his physician, not satisfied as to the cause of death, appealed to Mayor Coggeshall for authority to make an autopsy. It is believed that he committed suicide to escape his troubles.

Came to Life in the Coffin.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., Oct. 30.—Fred H. Leidler, who took an overdose of morphine Oct. 25, and was supposed to have died, was buried Oct. 27. His brother, who could not get to the funeral, came yesterday and wished to see his body. When the coffin was opened it was found that the supposed dead man had been in a stupor and had come to life in the casket. His face was scratched and the glass in the coffin broken.

Married in Secret.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Miss Mary Butterworth, daughter of Representative Butterworth, of Ohio, was married last evening to Mr. Hughwant Howe, an agent of the department of state, at the Friends' Meeting house in this city. Preparations had been made to make it a social event. Mr. Howe, however, was taken seriously ill last Friday, and the father has been compelled to postpone the marriage. Miss Butterworth decided to have it take place quietly.

Fall Style Hats

OF DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES, CHAMBER SUITES, DINING SUITES, AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE. WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intellig nt people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and prepare it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

[ESTABLISHED 1886.]

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER;

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 45 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS, 16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BUY THE

GARLAND AND BARSTAW

Stoves and Ranges

and save $20 per cent., at

Chas. F. Dencklau's,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

STEPHENSON'S

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 28 Park avenue

P. O. Box 1686.

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EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large wagons. Goods sent to any part of the country. Piano moving a sp

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO. 5 PARK AVENUE.

NINE VICTIMS AVENGED.

Woolfolk, Georgia's Inhuman Monster, Hanged.

WHOLESALE MURDER WITH AN AX

Thomas G. Woolfolk Hanged for the Slaughter of His Father, His Aunt, His Stepmother and Six of His Brothers and Sisters—Slowly Strangled to Death.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 30.—Thomas G. Woolfolk, the murderer of his entire family of nine members, was executed at Perry, Ga., Wednesday afternoon, in the presence of fully 10,000 people. In his cell Tuesday night the prisoner appeared in a nervous state and laughed and talked with the dead watch for two hours. After that he slept. As soon as he was dressed a number of newspaper men were admitted and he talked to them very freely, expressing no fear of his impending fate, but, on the contrary, accepting it as a relief from his long prison life. He did not want the governor to interfere. Woolfolk, it is believed, offered the warden $500 and a history of his life if he gave him a chance to escape. This being refused, he offered him $100 if he would give him a small phial of morphine.

T. G. WOOLFOLK.

Died Protesting His Innocence.

Facing the crowd that surged around the scaffold he said: "Before the all wise God, who reads all the secrets of our hearts, I do solemnly protest and affirm that I am innocent of the crime of killing my father or any member of his family, and that I do not know anything of the person who did commit the crime."

The prisoner then bade his friends goodby and was pinioned. The cap and noose were adjusted and the trap was sprung.

Worse Than Electricide.

The body shot downward six and one-half feet. It turned partially, and in doing so the noose slipped out of position and he was slowly strangled to death.

The Story of Woolfolk's Crime.

Woolfolk's crime is one of the most horrible on record. Four years ago one of the happiest homes in Georgia was the home of the Woolfolk family in Hazard district, Bibb county. There for years Capt. Richard H. Woolfolk had lived. There Tom Woolfolk was born. And there his father, his father's wife and his sisters and brothers were massacred one night by him alone. The horrible crime was committed on the night of Aug. 7, 1887. The next morning the nine bodies were found in the house, and that day the murderer was placed in the county jail for $5,000. Woolfolk has had three trials, three convictions and three sentences of death.

On the evening of the murder Capt. Woolfolk, his wife and children and Mrs. Tempe West were at the Woolfolk mansion. Tom Woolfolk was there, too. That night about 12 o'clock negroes living upon the Woolfolk plantation heard noises at the mansion. An hour or two later Tom Woolfolk awoke several of these negroes, saying: "Come over to the house as quick as you can; some one broke in and everybody has been murdered." Woolfolk then walked back to the mansion.

A Horrible Scene.

When the party entered they came upon a scene that beggared description. On the bed lay Capt. Woolfolk, next the wall, his features, as they naturally composed, but with the whole crown of his head burst in and the brains scattered on the bed, floor and walls.

He had been struck just over the left ear, in the left eye and on the forehead with an ax. On the same bed, with her form doubled up on that of her dead husband, lay Mrs. Mattie Woolfolk, his wife. She had been stricken down with a single blow that was delivered on the back of the head with the edge of the ax. But the cruelest sight of all were the bodies of a young lady and a little babe lying dead by their parents. Miss Pearl Woolfolk, a young girl of 17, had apparently been thrown across the bed after her young soul had fled. Her head had been literally hacked to pieces.

Six More of the Victims.

By the side of its father's mutilated body lay little Mattie, a babe of eighteen months. One wicked stroke with the blunt part of the ax had killed her. On the floor near by lay Richard H. Woolfolk, Jr., a young man just in the dawn of useful manhood. He had apparently run from another room to his father's assistance and was met with a blow from the edge of the fatal ax. Close by his side lay little Charlie Woolfolk, 5 years old, and to slay him the fiendish murderer resorted to the wicked blade of the ax. Across the hallway in another room little Annie, aged 10, had been awakened by the noise and ran screaming with fear, as if she would have escaped by the window. She was dealt a ruthless blow behind the ear.

On a bed adjoining lay little Rosebud, aged 7, as if she had never been awakened by the entrance of the fiend. A terrible blow behind the left ear showed how well the weapon had done its work. By the side of the little girl lay Mrs. Tempe West, 48 years old, with her withered features distorted by two ugly wounds, one behind the left ear and the other in the left temple. Such was inadequate to paint the picture as those with Tom Woolfolk, the only living member of the family, saw it that morning. And among them all Woolfolk was by far the coolest.

Betrayed by a Bloody Hand.

Woolfolk's coolness continued at the inquest. He pointed nonchalantly to the dead bodies, describing the position they were in when he came and felt of them. There was not a quiver in his voice as he spoke of lifting his mother and sister on to the bed. In the jury room he broke down once or twice, but finally became self possessed. He first said he heard no outcry, but afterward said he heard the children crying as he ran off. He was stripped, and the faint outline of a bloody hand was discovered on his thigh. He said he probably got that when he changed his clothes. The motive for the crime was found in Tom Woolfolk's enmity for his stepmother and his desire to have undisputed possession of his father's property. Capt. Woolfolk was twice married, having by his first wife two daughters and one son, Tom. On account of certain business complications he united the bulk of his property on his second wife, first, however, giving his older children their share. Tom was not satisfied with his, and hated his stepmother and her children 16 consequence. At the time of the murder Woolfolk was 37 years of age.

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest 'prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,
25 PARK AVENUE

THE LATEST STYLES
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FALL AND WINTER
Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

IS BIRCHALL INNOCENT?

Belief Growing That He Did Not Kill Benwell.

HIS MYSTERIOUS CONFEDERATE.

The Condemned Man Has Said All Along That His Accomplice Killed the Young Englishman, but He Will Not Reveal "the Colonel's" Name to Any One.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 30.—The belief is becoming more and more general that Birchall's story of an accomplice in the Benwell plot, and that the other man committed the murder, has a good deal of foundation. This story, it appears, is the only one that Birchall has stuck to all along, but who his accomplice was he would not give the slightest intimation. Strange to say, the portions of the case against Birchall that was weak and that the crown was unable to strengthen, were Birchall's connections with an unknown. The telegram that was sent from New York to Buffalo was a stumbling block. Detective Murray endeavored to get the original from the telegraph company, but he failed.

Strange Incident of the Boots.

Again, the man that was seen in conversation with the prisoner in New York and the place visited by Pelley are other points that were not very clear. Then, again, young Benwell, when he saw the clothing and effects of his dead brother, at once denied that the murdered man ever possessed such boots as those produced. The crown did not press on this point, but if they were Benwell's some one must have substituted them for his.

Pelley Saw Him, Too.

Pelley also seems to have seen this mysterious stranger. He said, when speaking of his walks about Niagara Falls with Birchall and his narrow escapes: "We went down the river road and reached a point where a stairway made straight down the cliff. Birchall said the best view of the falls could be had from down there and asked me to go down. I went down first, and curious to say, there was a man who seemed to be waiting at the bottom of the stairway." Pelley has all along believed that it was Birchall's intention to put him out of the way on that occasion, and attributes his escape to his turning back before they reached the bottom, at which Birchall seemed put out. It is supposed that the man in waiting was no other than this accomplice.

He Wants to Take Birchall's Place.

Birchall continues to work at his autobiography. He has received a letter from his mother, in which she states that an enterprising Canadian paper has made her an offer for a story of Birchall's life and what she had refused it. Among the communications recently received by Mrs. Birchall is one from an enterprising fellow who declares his willingness to take Birchall's place at the hanging for $1,000.

She Cannot Visit Her Son.

Mrs. Birchall has received a letter from her husband's mother stating that on account of illness and the accidents of old age she would not be able to come to Canada to visit her son. Oswald Birchall, a brother of the prisoner, is also in poor health, and will be unable to come to Woodstock before the day of the execution.

She Married a Coust.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Miss Lily Wilson, daughter of James Wilson, of No. 373 Madison avenue, was married last evening to Count Claes Lowerhaupt, of Sweden, at the residence of the bride's father. The groom is a member of the second oldest house in Sweden and the bride a well known society lady of this city. The groom was attended by Mr. Grip, the minister of Norway-Sweden to the United States.

Young Lincoln's Body Coming Home.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The body of young Abraham Lincoln, son of American Minister Lincoln, was placed on board the steamer City of New York at Liverpool today, to be taken to America for burial. The casket was inclosed in a packing c—

THE LATEST STYLES
of
FALL AND WINTER
Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Only $200 in His District.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—In an interview published here Representative Wilson, of West Virginia, denies the statement circulated from Republican headquarters that the Democratic committee has sent $5,000 into his district. Mr. Wilson says that only $200 have been contributed to pay the ordinary expenses of the campaign. He charges that Mr. Mason, the commissioner of internal revenue, has filled his district with government employes who are working for the Republican ticket, and he displays a letter signed by Mr. Mason which he says was sent to The Philippi Republican advising it of certain points on which to attack Wilson.

For the Pool Championship.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—A contest at continuous pool between Champion Charles H. Messing, of this city, and Albert S. Powers, of Chicago, was begun at Daly's billiard room, in Brooklyn, last evening. The games will be 600 balls up in blocks of 300 balls each night for three nights for a purse of $600, the net receipts, the Brunswick-Balke emblem and the championship of America. Messing won the first game by a score of 302 to 185.

Ready to Attack the Utes.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 30.—Adjt. Gen. Kies is holding the state troops in readiness to rush to the front if the depredations of the Ute Indians in Routt county continues. The Utes are growing more aggressive daily, and the settlers are alarmed.

A Purse for Dixon and McCarthy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The secretary of the Sioux City athletic club, of Minneapolis, has telegraphed The Police Gazette that that club had decided to offer a purse of $2,000 for a finish fight between George Dixon and Cal McCarthy.

No Recount for Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Superintendent Porter, when informed that Major Fitler, of Philadelphia, had called for a recount of the population of that city, said, "Philadelphia will be treated just as New York was."

A Big English Labor Federation.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—At a meeting of the Sailors' and Firemen's union, held last night, it was decided to federate the whole of the shipping industries. The meeting was presided over by Tom Mann.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be fair, with slightly lower, followed by rising temperature.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executors of Mary Ann Field, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN P. GRIFFEN,
ROBINSON FOURN.

Dated August 12, 1890. 8-14 th

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed,
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and remodeled.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN
Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP
Trousers from $5 up.
Suits from $18 up.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Custom Tailoring. 43 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.
The largest exclusive custom tailoring establishment in the city.
Dress Suits to Hire.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to pupils. Best of references. No. 147 Second Street.

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Ahlfeld, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 109 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Perry, of Rahway; Ahlfeld, of Elizabeth, and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 43 Craig place (near Grove street) reopens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make the work pleasant and attractive, and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Literature and Botany. Calisthenic daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.)

RODMAN SEMINARY, 23 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. S. C. DODGE, Principal. 8-15-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Sweezey's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 7th, 1890.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.30, 9.05, a. m., 12.15, 2.05, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.25, 5.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.05, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8.30 to 9.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

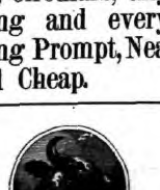
Winter is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES.
I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Stacey Adams' fine shoes." Call and see them.
John J. Kenney
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good?
The Society Leader!
Your inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at
N H. Guttman's
19 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ads for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

THE BEE HIVE
Winter Underwear.
Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 38c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests at 5 pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 50c.
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, 50c.
Men's scotch-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool shirts and drawers, $1.
Men's scarlet-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in. 18c; 18 in., 16c; 20 in., 19c.
Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 20c; 18 in., 25c; 20 in., 30c.
Children's scarlet-wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 60 and 85c.
Extra heavy quilts, filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.
Shoulder Capes!
Astrachan Capes at $1.88, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $3.50.
Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.



NEW FIRM
N.B.Smalley & Co.
DEALERS IN
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,
POULTRY AND FISH.
Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.
TELEPHONE CALL 14.
N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW
94 SOMERSET ST

Railroad Time Cable.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.40, 10.00, 10.45, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday trains leave Plainfield at 3.30, 5.00, 6.30, 7.30, 8.40, 10.00, 10.45, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

E. B. POPE, P. M.

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PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

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Stage Line Time Cable.

Allen's Stage Line
FARE FIVE CENTS.
To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.
Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.
All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.
New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.
My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the bowling alley Hamilton street.
Connect with the 6:39, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Watchungville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.
Leave orders at residence, 11 West Fifth street.
Comrade E. K. Allen.
PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Higgins' Stage Line
TO BE KEPT BY THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE BEGINNING ON JUNE 1ST.
First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—Will s. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Broad way to Somerset street, to Somerset ave., to Park ave., to Second street, to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Second.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.39 a. m. train
2d do	9.15	do	9.39 do
3d do	10.15	do	10.39 do
4th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
5th do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
6th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
7th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
8th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
9th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
10th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
11th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
12th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
13th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
14th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
15th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
16th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
17th do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
18th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
19th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
20th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
21st do	4.15	do	4.39 do
22d do	5.15	do	5.39 do
23d do	6.15	do	6.39 do
24th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
25th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
26th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
27th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
28th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
29th do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
30th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
31st do	2.15	do	2.39 do
32d do	3.15	do	3.39 do
33d do	4.15	do	4.39 do
34th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
35th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
36th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
37th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
38th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
39th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
40th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
41st do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
42d do	1.15	do	1.39 do
43d do	2.15	do	2.39 do
44th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
45th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
46th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
47th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
48th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
49th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
50th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
51st do	10.15	do	10.39 do
52d do	11.15	do	11.39 do
53d do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
54th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
55th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
56th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
57th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
58th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
59th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
60th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
61st do	8.15	do	8.39 do
62d do	9.15	do	9.39 do
63d do	10.15	do	10.39 do
64th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
65th do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
66th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
67th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
68th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
69th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
70th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
71st do	6.15	do	6.39 do
72d do	7.15	do	7.39 do
73d do	8.15	do	8.39 do
74th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
75th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
76th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
77th do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
78th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
79th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
80th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
81st do	4.15	do	4.39 do
82d do	5.15	do	5.39 do
83d do	6.15	do	6.39 do
84th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
85th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
86th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
87th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
88th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
89th do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
90th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
91st do	2.15	do	2.39 do
92d do	3.15	do	3.39 do
93d do	4.15	do	4.39 do
94th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
95th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
96th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
97th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
98th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
99th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
100th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
101st do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
102d do	1.15	do	1.39 do
103d do	2.15	do	2.39 do
104th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
105th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
106th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
107th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
108th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
109th do	8.15	do	8.39 do
110th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
111th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
112th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
113th do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
114th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
115th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
116th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
117th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
118th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
119th do	6.15	do	6.39 do
120th do	7.15	do	7.39 do
121st do	8.15	do	8.39 do
122d do	9.15	do	9.39 do
123d do	10.15	do	10.39 do
124th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
125th do	12.15 p. m.	do	12.39 p. m. do
126th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
127th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
128th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
129th do	4.15	do	4.39 do
130th do	5.15	do	5.39 do
131st do	6.15	do	6.39 do
132d do	7.15	do	7.39 do
133d do	8.15	do	8.39 do
134th do	9.15	do	9.39 do
135th do	10.15	do	10.39 do
136th do	11.15	do	11.39 do
137th do	12.15 a. m.	do	12.39 a. m. do
138th do	1.15	do	1.39 do
139th do	2.15	do	2.39 do
140th do	3.15	do	3.39 do
141st do	4.15	do	4.39 do
142d do

WOMAN AND HOME.

HOW THE FAIR WOMEN OF PARIS GO OUT ON RAINY DAYS.

Foi Is on Nursing—American Women. Training Women's Waists—Mother the Best Doctor—Complexion Beautifiers. Good Thoughts for Fair Readers.

On a rainy and rainy days the half rich women, who has only 200,000 francs income, goes out in her carriage, the valiant work girl, who must protect her poor shawl, shoes and stockings for economy's sake, gets into an omnibus; the little bourgeoise lady, for whom cab is an ideal, would believe herself disgraced if she went out otherwise than in a fiacre; but the great Parisienne goes out on foot. The grande Parisienne—that is to say, to whatever circle of society she may belong, the woman really beautiful and elegant, the woman naturally supplied with physical gifts; she whose dress, hair, attitude, bold and simple as hat and tight fitting but not small gloves are harmonized like the work of a true artist, and who has fashioned herself as the painter or the sculptor fashions the ideal creation of his brain.

This woman who is all lightness and brightness like an audacious defiance to the obscurity and the mud. She goes along with a sure, rhythmical, glorious, adorable step, emerging pure from the pavement of anecdotes which her foot has touched. Her irreproachable boots and stockings delight our eyes, and she shows, not the too much or impudently, but just enough to affirm her blooded race, a superb, grandly turned ankle, imprisoned in a stocking fitted with genius, in which the trembling light proudly plays. Yes, muddy Paris is the triumph of the graceful woman with opulent rump, thighs, and for the same reason, it is the paradise of the romantic dreamer who follows the fair sex.—Paris Letter.

Points on Nursing.

The act of nursing is sometimes painful to the mother, especially before the habit is fully established. The discomfort is greatly increased if the skin that covers the nipple is tender. The infant, when it begins to pulls it out, leaving them in a state in which the necessary pressure of the child's lips causes intense agony. This can be prevented and, consequently, if not entirely, by bathing the nipples twice a day for six weeks before the confinement with powdered alum dissolved in alcohol or salt dissolved in brandy.

If there is any symptom of the skin cracking when the child begins to nurse they should be painted with a mixture of tannin and glycerine. This must be washed off before the baby touches them and renewed when it leaves them. If they are very sore a little cocaine will probably order morphia added to the mixture. A rubber nipple shield, to be put on at the time of nursing, is a great relief.

If the nipples are pulled or drawn inward they can be drawn out painlessly by filling a pint bottle with boiling water, emptying it and quickly applying the mouth over the nipple. As the air in the bottle cools it condenses, leaving a vacuum, and the nipple is pushed out by the air behind it.—Elizabeth R. Scovil in Ladies' Home Journal.

Armenian Women.

The Armenian women of Armenia are much different from those of Constantinople. They have a pretty, cheerful face, and they wear red fez caps with long tassels, much like those of some of the country girls of Greece. They wear a loose jacket lined with fur and a long plain skirt of silk or other stuff. Their hair is very luxuriant, and in the province of Van quite a number of women have their skins, and these trousers are of raspberry colored silk and are tied at the ankles. Some of them have very sleeveless jackets reaching to the feet, and open at the sides up to the waist, and others wear gorgeous head dresses, covering the front of the face with gold coins, which hang down over their foreheads.

These girls often wear their whole dowry upon their person. They have strings of pearls or gold coins in their ears and their necks and wrists are decorated with gold and pearls. The poorer girls try to imitate their richer sisters. None of them like to work anywhere at home, and some of the finest embroideries we get from Turkey are made by the Armenian women. The best of the furniture found in the houses, and the finest of our American homes have Turkish embroideries made by these Armenian women.—Frank G. Carpenter in National Tribune.

Training Women's Waists.

It is not necessary enthusiastic dress reformers say it necessary that the waist should be permitted and encouraged to spread itself out at the hips, but only that there should be sufficient freedom for the natural and correct movement of the floating ribs and diaphragm in breathing. This movement is full and entirely consistent with a delicately curved and graceful waist line. By keeping the chest constantly and properly raised the waist line will be diminished very perceptibly without artificial aid.

From the artistic side of the question a slenderly formed waist is all right, while the much stuffed corset, with its unyielding steels, especially when closely laced, gives an angle in place of a curve, and a prominence of rigidly squared shoulders and bulging hips and abdomen fatal to grace of movement and to picturesque outline.

It is quite as necessary to use good sense upon the side of health and grace, of what is consistent with beauty and utility, as in the wail against the corset and petticoats and high heels and pointed toes of fashion's shrines.—Frances Miller Magazine.

Mother the Best Doctor.

Drs. Abernethy, Rush, Hosack and Harvey were great doctors, but the greatest doctor of all was a mother. Yes, a Christian mother, I say so! Do we not remember her about the house when we were sick in our beds? Was there any one who could so toss a pillow without hurting it? And when she lifted her spectacles against her wrinkled forehead, so that she could look closer at the fever, it was three-fourths healed. And when the Lord took her home, although you may have been men and women then, forty or fifty years of age, you felt the tiny coffin lid sink sobbed as though you were only five or ten years old. It is fortunate that God does not ask us when he lets the old folks go, for then we would keep them too long from their needed rest.—Montreal Star.

Complexion Beautifiers.

"I am sometimes amused," said a physician, "and sometimes annoyed at the articles I read in newspapers regarding the means to adopt for improving the complexion. One writer recommends vaseline, another glycerine, a third lemon juice, a fourth cold water, and a fifth warm water. The old adage, 'What's one man's meat is another man's poison,' holds good in this instance. Skins differ as widely as do tastes or tempers, and what would benefit one might irritate another.

"It is only by experience that a woman can tell whether to use hot, cold or warm water. The skin of the brunette is remarkably thin and sensitive, and if washed with soap care should be taken to see that the soap is free of the finest quality. Then there are oily skins, which are rendered still more so by an application of vaseline, glycerine or cold cream. Pimples are generally caused by stomach troubles, and no amount of creams or outward applications would have the slightest effect. A sponge bath of cool and tepid water every morning before breakfast (and by tepid I do not mean warm, as I find many women infer), plenty of exercise and a good digestion are the best beautifiers I know."—Chicago News.

Put Out Self.

A daughter of a prominent senator made his house the most popular resort in Washington. A few years ago.

"There are many women here," said a friend, "more beautiful and more brilliant than Miss Dash, but one never forgets you or anything that concerns you. After years of absence, if you go to her house, she will remember that you take three lumps of sugar in your tea, that you dislike the color of yellow, and that your favorite songs are Scotch ballads. It is a trifling quality, but certainly it gives her a wonderful charm."

No quality will strengthen the influence of a sister, a wife or a mother so much in her home as this persistent remembrance of the little likes and dislikes of those about her, with a hearty effort to indulge them.

Surely every woman should try to strengthen her influence in the field in which God has set her to work. Some of them may complain that they have no memory for trifles, nor a keen sympathy with the wants or feelings of others. As a rule, this is because they are exclusively occupied with their own wants and feelings.

Put Self out of your heart, and you will be surprised to find how large and warm a tenement it is!—Youth's Companion.

A Woman's Daily Fear.

I am only waiting, just patiently waiting for the man to draw near who shall fully and fairly expectorate on my dress as I pass by. He has almost done it, and he will accomplish the valiant feat some morning. And do you know what I shall do then? If I carry an umbrella I shall perhaps prod him with that. If my satin bag chance to be full I shall perhaps buffet him with that. If I chance to be unarmed I shall wait my opportunity to dance upon his grave. Such a man has no right to live.

Benevolent philanthropy could go no further than to rid the earth of him. A law that should legalize his murder would be absolutely divine. And yet in spite of all my brave talk, when the thing actually occurs, being a woman I shall blush furiously, gather up my draperies and go home and cry with unavailing rage. Few women care to render themselves conspicuous, but if an occasion ever offered that would excuse a woman for forgetting herself the one I am daily anticipating would be the one.—Cor. Chicago Herald.

Boston's Women Reporters.

The Boston woman reporter is apt to be a peculiar study. When she is sent to report a lecture she enters the hall and walks up to the reporters' tables with a quiet and modest grace. From the depths of a reticule she brings forth a quantity of nice white paper, at least half a dozen pencils pointed at both ends, and lastly a bag of candy. This is her equipment for the fray. Her confrere of the other sex probably sits upon his pencils while he stubby pencil upon the back of an old envelope, and trying to look miserable at the bag of candy.

When the lecturer arrives and begins to join the audience in giving him a rousing reception, clapping as vigorously as any one. She smiles or laughs at his jokes, and nibbles at the when the speaker's words demand it, and nods approvingly when a point is well taken. She writes busily all the time, too. When the address is finished she gives her share of the applause and then quietly stows away her implements of war and departs.—Boston Record.

Saved by Exercise.

A man at Englewood came to me about his daughter. She was low spirited and sick. I said, "What you need is to do!" and he said she went five miles to school every day and carried a great strapful of books. "Does she walk?" "No, she rides in a tram car." "Get her a pair of good shoes, broad enough at least for two of her toes to touch the ground. Let her walk to school every day, but they are comfortable. Let her get off the car one mile from home the first week.

"Rain—well, let it rain; I hope it will. Rain doesn't look half so bad when you are in it as when you look at it through the window. Then let her try two miles the second week, and on up to five." I called the father in two months. He said: "The aches are all gone, and we are afraid she'll run the table cover. Her brother has taught her boxing, and we are all afraid of her around the house. She's actually getting good looking."—Exchange.

Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt a Clever Writer

There is small likelihood that any member of the Vanderbilt family will ever find it necessary to work for his or her livelihood, unless the dreams of the socialist are fulfilled. Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt, however, did the case demand, turns an honest penny by writing for the press. This perhaps will astonish her many friends, but nevertheless it is a fact that Mrs. Vanderbilt is a very creditable clever writer, and more than once articles have appeared in the papers over a nom de plume whose identity has never been guessed at.

These articles show a clearness of style, precision and skill which it is generally conceded are only obtained by much hard work and practice. Whether or not Mrs. Vanderbilt has the qualifications usually considered necessary to the attainment of good writing the fact remains that the work turned out by her pen is above that of the average newspaper man.—New York Journal.

Raised by Fiction.

What does a young girl know of life save what she hears and reads? I would rather take an innocent young creature through the worst part of New York city at midnight than put bad books into her white hands. There is a little romance or allurement in naked human vice, but vice clothed with a book is terrible, because it is the imagination, is another sort of thing.

There is so much in a girl's commencing right in the things she reads. It is often the making or marring of her whole future life.

There are women today forty years old still living in the dreams which they read. They started with bad books in their teens. They followed and heroines, and now, having to live the new dimness which fed them and made.

the creatures they imitate. They are, if not actively vicious, silly, sentimental creatures whom everybody ridicules and no one respects. I know a young woman who has been acting out French novels all her days to the loss of her stability, with the result of dressing like a gay when she means to be artistic, acting like a coarse woman when she means to be a siren, and talking absurdities when she means to be enchanting.—Atlanta Constitution.

Who Bertha M. Clay Is.

"Bertha M. Clay" is not a name, but a trademark with rather a curious origin. Mrs. Braeme was English, and her books first came into notice and favor in that country, her London publisher. They were signed "B. M. C." the author's initials written backward. Why B. M. C. was we one of those things no fellow on this side could find out. Mr. Street knew that his readers did not like mere letters. They wanted names—the more high flown the better. He wrote B. M. C., "Bertha M. Clay," and sent a man to England to find out all about her.

By much diplomacy he at last got in communication with her and paid liberally for work to which under our laws he had only a courtesy title. Though her books were immediately enormously successes the lack of copyright made it impossible for her to get such prices as Mrs. Fleming received, Mrs. Braeme's books number largely over a hundred, and something like twelve million copies have been sold since the Seaside era began.—Epoch.

A Sideboard Cover.

A cheap and yet tasteful cover for the sideboard marble is greatly desired by most women. It can be made of linen crash which costs about twelve and one-half cents per yard; cut it long enough so that the ends will hang over for about one-quarter of a yard; fringe the ends and overcast the edge; then put three rows of drawn work above the fringe, and if you choose to still further ornament it, a single vine in outline stitch may be worked on each end. Work this with crewel; it is much better than marking cotton will, and besides, you can take longer stitches with good effect. Two or three of these simple scarfs will not cost as much as a very handsome one, and you will be able to keep the sideboard looking neat and orderly every day.

"Household Insurance."

The possibilities of insurance seem endless. It has been reserved for an ingenious broker to offer to insure against what may best be termed "household negligence." The argument is certainly feasible—A shipowner insures against the negligence of his servants, the officers and crew of the vessel, so why should not a householder insure against similar risks? Time alone can prove whether complete assurance can be obtained or as to whether we can sit calmly knitting while indisputable moral evidence is given that the family china is being smashed on the kitchen stairs. If practicable a woman may at last realise the Popeian ideal and be really "mistress of herself though china fall."—Lady's Pictorial.

Use Plenty of Charcoal.

A large shallow box or basket of charcoal placed in a damp cellar will keep milk from becoming tainted. Several pieces of charcoal tied up in netting and dropped into a well or cistern will absorb the impurities of the water. Charcoal laid in refrigerators or wire safes where food is kept will aid in preventing tainting, and a piece of charcoal tied up in a piece of linen and buried in a pot of butter will aid in overcoming a tendency to become rancid.—Harper's Bazar.

Mrs. Cora E. Fox, who carries on the largest manufactory of Saratoga chips in the country, is also a pieemaker of unusual ability. The key of the pie, she says, is in the crust. A good crust on the under side of it will make it a success. Mrs. Fox is young and very pretty, of the blonde type, with perfect Titian hair that has neither been manufactured nor purchased.

Don't let the babe lie too long vacantly staring into the air. If muscular development takes place without outward influence it is liable to separate the child's body from its soul, and will at last grow into physical gestures which mean nothing. A child should not be left indolently, aimlessly moving about. The same thing may be said of older children.

The German government proposes to have its women telegraph and telephone employes wear uniforms—natty blue affairs, with gilt collar and facings and bright buttons. In this way each girl will be labeled, as it were, and it is claimed that the costume will protect her from insult as she passes to and from her work.

The infant should be left quiet as much as possible. Don't let the father excite its feeble little mind by tossing it into the air. All excitement should be avoided, and the environment should be that of a sweet, quiet, sunshiny atmosphere. When a child begins voluntarily to invent play infancy ceases and childhood begins.

Mrs. Rosa H. Lowe, of Sumner, Wash., has invented a clamping device by means of which bed coverings can be securely fastened to the bed, so that a sleeping child or sick person will be unable to kick or throw them off. These clamps are attached to the head board, one on either side, and to the side rail.

The groom and groomsman at day weddings wear black frock coats, vests of the same, dark trousers and pearl kid gloves. The bride's table should be as simple as her dress. The sisters of the bride wear reception dresses, with or without bonnets in church as they prefer, but without bonnets at home.

Compound powder of rhubarb has in times past been quite popular as a household medicine. It is composed of rhubarb, magnesia and ginger root. It is particularly suited to cases of constipation in which there is dyspepsia. The dose for an adult is from half a teaspoonful to a teaspoonful.

The present empress of Russia, formerly the Princess Dagmar, celebrated for her beauty throughout Europe, has become so thin and haggard that her old friends scarcely recognize her. The fear of assassination for herself her husband and son is what has caused her to lose flesh.

Fox terriers are the latest fashionable craze for young ladies' pets, and dealers are scarcely able to supply the demand. A famous New York belle has one which is snowy white, and wears neck ribbons which are daily changed to harmonize with the costumes of his mistress.

There is an English cotton tape that will not twist which American women would appreciate. It comes in pretty colors, and which could probably be made keen with profit, as women are eager to buy anything new and labor-saving in the way of clothes.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

LATEST NOVELTIES IN DRESS DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED.

Recent Importations in Millinery—Hats and Bonnets Seen in the New York Shop Windows and at the Autumn Openings.

Hats are all quips and cranks again for the winter season. One of a very whimsical shape in black felt, seen at a recent opening, had a small and perfectly round crown. One side was ornamented with a wreath of tiny black tips, and the back was fastened up with a cluster of the same. The hat was enlivened by a large bow of bright blue velvet. Another hat—more outre, if anything, in shape—had a portion of the brim on the left side cut off. The

PARIS BONNETS.

side edge came out in a wide poke in front. This hat was profusely trimmed with mauve feathers. On one hat were counted no less than nine birds. Many of the French hats are trimmed with fruit. The hats that are large and flat are known as plate shapes.

Turquois blue plays an all important part in millinery. One very small bonnet seen was composed of turquois and steel. Velvet will be a very popular material during the forthcoming winter. Tomato and capucian colors, also a brilliant shade of prune is to be largely worn. A bonnet that excelled all other queer shapes seen was heart shaped. It was made of blue velvet, and trimmed with black rosettes and birds.

In the accompanying cut are shown two imported bonnets. The first figure illustrates a bonnet of ballooning velvet with a brim of applique black lace. Around the small and peculiar crown is a jet coronet, and jet drops edge the brim. The strings are of velvet. The remaining figure shows a bonnet in sapphire blue velvet, with black lace strings; the garniture is composed of lace, jet ornaments, a feather aigrette and twisted folds of velvet.

New Woolen Fabrics.

The new patterns and new fabrics for the coming season do not as yet point to any novel departure. Checks and stripes will both be worn, the checks large and the stripes irregular. One of the novelties is the checks and stripes with an astrakhan effect introduced, black and fleecy. A new stuff called drap St. Petersburg has a check formed with square, coarse stripes. The horizontal and perpendicular stripes are frequently of a totally different color, and in contrast to the ground. One of the most delightfully soft stuffs of the year is a pure, self colored vicuna, made in over a dozen shades. Serge is always in fashion, and nearly every one has one serge dress at least in her wardrobe; the novelty is the Sergine Raye, or striped serge, with white and brown stripes on the blue ground, the colorings varying according to taste. A new fabric is "poile." It is checked and striped, and the patterns differ greatly. Some of the tailor tweeds are close and fine as delaine, only thicker, and others as rough and coarse as Bath blanketing.

As Item for the Masculine Sex.

It has been decided by the Association of Master Tailors of Paris and Lyons that the masculine sex is to lay aside its dark garments, such as uptown beaux have indulged in lively colors. Coats are to be made in bright shades, and there are to be gorgeous waistcoats, lace jabots and knee breeches and stockings to match. A ball will be given in Paris and Lyons during the course of the winter to inaugurate this revival of elegant clothes for men. Paris decrees the fashions for women, but from London comes the word that decides those for men, and London has not yet spoken in favor of many colored coats and knee breeches.

Evening and Dinner Dress.

For evening wear many of the best English gowns are made of white cashmere, some with a few delicate gathers concentrated at the back just below the waist line. Lace is profusely used on the low cut bodice trimming. In the height of fashion are black gowns trimmed with jet and tur-

A FRENCH DINNER GOWN.

quois and worn with turquois ornaments. One recently made was of black satin, with the front entirely covered with embroidery of jet. The bodice was en suite, on one shoulder being a rosette of blue velvet and on the other jet fern leaves which stood upright.

The princesse robe forms the model of a charming French dinner toilet shown in our cut. This Paris gown has a long, serpent like train in rose colored silk, and opens on the left side to show off a panel in apple green gauze arranged in accordion plaitings. A beaded edging follows the outline of the opening, under which the gown is invisibly fastened. It is also carried along the green gauze berths, caught up in that center with a jeweled clasp, while strings of pearls encircle the puffed epaulet on the right side, the neck and the Diana coiffure. A green velvet plait-ing projects from under the train, and clusters of roses are fastened with the left shoulder.

W: HAVE AN OIL GRAIN SHOE FOR $2.00
A GENUINE M'LWAUKEE OIL GRAIN " " $2.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (High cut) $1.00
A GENUINE MILWAUKEE " " " " (Hand welt) $6.00

The latter are just the things for Gentlemen who go to the city every day, who do not want to wear rubbers. If bought in New York they would cost $7 and $8.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT STREET.
(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

Remarkable Offer at 5 & 10c. Store.
COAL SCUTTLES GIVEWAY to all who mention this adv, on the following terms:—
25c. Coal Scuttle will be given with each $1.00 Sale.
20c. " " " " " " 1.25 "
30c. " " " " " " 1.50 "
40c. " " " " " " 1.75 "
50c. " " " " " " 2.00 "
These coal scuttles are the best made and new goods. They are Japaned and Galvanized and are open and covered. Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18. Our 50c coal scuttle has been sold in Plainfield for 75c. within easy recollection. Lamps of all kinds, housefurnishings, and a full line of stove boards just in, and market low.
REMEMBER we have opened, for the convenience of the public, a 5 and 10c. Package Express, and packages left with us will be promptly delivered. Purchases at the store of course will be delivered free to all parts.
J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.
LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

WE HAVE PUT IN OUR WINDOW A WATCH WITH A SWISS MOVEMENT, AND WE WILL WIND IT UP ON OCTOBER 31st., AND ALLOW IT TO RUN DOWN. THE WATCH WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ONE WHO WILL GUESS THE NEAREST TO HOW MANY HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS IT WILL RUN. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO MAKE A PURCHASE TO GUESS. LET EVERY ONE GUESS. THE GUESSES MUST BE IN BY OCTOBER 31st.
ROGERS BROS.,
SHOE DEALERS. 13 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.
We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.
Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.
We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our
Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,
At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.
Pierson Hardware Company,
Telephone 126. NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.
N. B.—We are prepared to clean furnaces and ranges, and put up stoves.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.
I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.
TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.
CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
RIVER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.
Remember in regard to all of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Hook Pearson Kid Gloves, 69c.; Colored Paquetaire Kid Gloves, $1.23; 6-Button Suede Gloves, 94 Cts.; Real Kids, $1.25; Lisle and Astrakhan Capes in colors for 98 cts. 6-Button Castor Kid Gloved Mousquetaire, $1.20.
About Nov. 1st we will open our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,
to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 2,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.
N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F. F. HELLWIG, at residence on Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer-ence is made
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Weak Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. 65 East Second street, corner of Washington

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors, Box 1289

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 94 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER and COAL.
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal at under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes etc

L. A. Rheaume. Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
in sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars in all ways taken from it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagons, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD
COLORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our Excavator is superintended by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to dangerous places. Orders received at Park House. Residence on East Lawn Garden and Field Superintendent, P. O. Box 688. Telephone, call 38.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

For State Senator,
JOHN C. RANKIN, Jr.,
of Elizabeth.

For Sheriff,
JAMES H. CLARK,
of Rahway.

For Assembly, Third District,
GEORGE KYTE,
of Fanwood.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county

For State Senator,
CHARLES A. REED,
of North Plainfield.

For Assembly, Fourth District,
JOHN H. SCHOMP,
of Montgomery.

JOTTINGS.

—Hallow'een! Look out for your gates to-night.

—Do not mutilate your ballot. If you do it will count for naught.

—To-morrow Rogers' Bros., will give to every lady customer a sheet of music.

—Sunday next the Jesuit Fathers will begin a mission in St. Mary's Catholic church.

—The *city Common Council will meet* in regular session next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—The annual Fall election will occur next Tuesday. Republicans should remember this fact and vote early.

—Ice formed last night on shallow pools of water. This is the first ice of the year. The frost was also very heavy.

—Among our "Builders Cards" is the notice of Messrs Hermann and Peterson, the enterprising stair-builders. Read it.

—The electric cause recently erected in the Pond Machine Tool Works is now in working order, and gives entire satisfaction.

—The Bicycle Club have decided not to hold any athletic games this Fall, but to have a great open tournament in the Spring.

—The Fingry Foot Ball team of Elizabeth and the Leal team of this city will play a game on the Plainfield grounds to-morrow morning.

—The Somerset County Court of Common Pleas will be in session at Somerville to-morrow and Monday, for the purpose of granting naturalization papers.

—*Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, of this city* has been invited to participate in the fireman's parade at Westfield, Sat. 6th. They will be entertained by Bucket and Engine Co., No. 3.

—After twelve o'clock to-night it will be lawful to shoot rabbits, quail, woodcock, squirrels and other game. A large number of sports from this city are making great preparations to "bag" considerable game.

—A Lambertville dog a few evenings ago took advantage of the opportunity while left alone in the kitchen of Mrs. Bellemont House, and ate seventy five large fried oysters that had been prepared for the family supper.—Ex.

—Dominick Fitzpatrick, the man who was recently convicted in the Somerset county courts of robbing Schwed Bros. clothing store at Somerville, has been released on $1,500 bail, furnished by Hon. P. H. Gilhooley of Elizabeth.

—Cyprus Commandery, (colored,) tendered their friends a reception at Amphion Hall last evening. The affair was well attended. During the evening, a visiting Commandery from *New York was escorted from the depot* to the hall by a colored drum corps.

—A reception will be tendered to the Republican candidates for Congressman Spencer, Sheriff and Assembly-man Kyte, at the Republican Association rooms, over the City National Bank, on Saturday evening, November 1, from 8 to 10 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all voters who may desire to see and become acquainted with the several candidates to be elected.

—A palace car for the transportation of horses was added to the freight house yesterday. It was of novel construction, being thirty-five feet in length and a little wider than the ordinary freight cars of the Central. The interior was divided by swinging wall-boards, which when shut allowed two horses and one car for the horses. The car could hold eighteen horses, and in addition there was room for the storage of hay and grain.

—Superintendents Olhausen and Fiddis of the Central Railroad were at Somerville yesterday morning inspecting the work on the new station. The seats in the ladies room are to be torn out by Mr. Olhausen's orders, and rocking and other chairs are to be substituted. The floor will be covered with rugs. The space before the platform will be laid with flagstone instead of being macadamized, as was first contemplated. The building presents a handsome appearance, and receives many words of admiration from the passengers on board the trains.

Trains Delayed.

A peculiar accident happened on the Central Railroad at Dunellen this morning. A freight train was in the act of passing at right angles between when it suddenly stopped up. The sudden stopping of the train dislodged a number of bridge timbers which were loaded on a gondola car, and they were thrown across the tracks, completely blocking travel for about forty-five minutes. No one was injured.

CHURCH PEOPLE SHOCKED.

They Leave an Entertainment Where Scantily Clad Females Sing.

The biggest kind of a sensation has been caused in Round Brook over an entertainment given Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Chimney Rock and the Green Brook Sunday schools, two missions of Bound Brook churches. The entertainment was of a literary character, similar to those given before under the direction of the superintendents of the Green Brook school. The elocutionist had appeared before in Round Brook, and every time he had given satisfaction. At this last entertainment, he obtained the permission of those in charge to introduce what he gave notice would be a "specialty act." The hall was crowded on the evening of the entertainment. All the church people of Round Brook turned out to help the mission fund along, and they were highly entertained until just before the programme was announced.

The stage was cleared for a moment, and then two scantily-clad maidens walked out to the footlights with a flourish of flesh colored tights. The two females then proceeded to sing a ditty entitled, "We Hitch *Our Skirts Just a Wee Bit Higher*," and as they sang, the girls suited their actions to the requirements of the piece. One woman, with a very severe air, rose from her seat while the first stanza was being sung, and quitted the hall. The example she set was followed by others. Gray-haired church deacons and elders, who had never seen the inside of a theater, looked in horrified silence for a while, and then broke for the door in a body. The utmost confusion reigned, and although many young people stayed until the close of the entertainment, the man who brought out the entertainment in taking severely condemned. The latter pleads as an excuse that the girls did not sing the right piece. The song which they promised to sing was entirely unobjectionable. The managers of the entertainment are undecided what to do with the proceeds of the affair, and while they do, there the matter stands, a subject for increasing discussion.—Newark News.

PHYSICAL DISABILITY.

Illiterate or Intoxicated Persons Not Included.

Attorney General Stockton is receiving numerous letters from election officers throughout the State, making inquiry as to the meaning of the physical disability clause in section 46 of the ballot reform law, which provides "that any voter who declares under oath, and establishes to the satisfaction of a majority of all the members of the Board of Election that, by reason of blindness or other physical disability, he is unable to so to enter and remain in a booth or compartment or to prepare his ballot therein for voting as aforesaid without assistance, shall be permitted to bring with him * * * a person of his own selection to assist him in the preparation of his ballot." The attorney general says: "The accepted construction of the words "physical disability" is confined to only infirmity, and does not include illiterate or intoxicated persons.

Preliminary Services.

The Rev. B. Fay Mills, the evangelist, will conduct a series of revival meetings in this city, commencing Monday evening next. A preliminary union prayer meeting was held in the Trinity Reformed church last night. The services were in charge of the Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, the pastor of the Park avenue Baptist church. The services were opened by singing, followed by prayer. Mr. Dilts then addressed the congregation briefly as follows:

"We have been delivered from a terrible spiritual death. What can we render to the Lord for what he has done for us. The least is thanksgiving and prayer. What can be *more pleasing to God than a true prayer?* We can consecrate ourselves to God and his service. Is there any better thing that we can render to God than a re-consecration of ourselves? If the joy of Salvation be returned to us, should we not teach transgressors the way of God."

The reverend gentleman than invited all present to participate in the services, and a large number responded.

Another Union service will be held in the Seventh-Day Baptist church this evening.

A Novel Entertainment.

The Young Ladies' Sewing Circle of Westfield gave a novel entertainment in Arcanum Hall last evening. It was entitled, "Cashmore-ma." It included statuary, *picture in frames, pantomime and tableaux in action.* The programme was as follows:

PART 1.

1. The Season's Homage.
2. Statuary Victory.
3. Baby-house Captives.
4. Recitation.—Cherry Ripe Innocence.—Wanderer.
5. Battle's Infantry.
6. Sub Rosa—Beggar—Meditation.
7. Ad Lue—Christian Graces.
8. The Last Days of Longfina.
9. Impressions a Rose.
10. Reverie of a Bonselor.
11. The Maids of Love.

PART 2.

1. Statua.—Resignation.
2. Jephta's Daughter.
3. Waiting.—Vengeance.
4. Prince's learning.
5. Art Exhibition.
6. Pastoral.
7. Grand Finale.

Kicked by a Horse.

Mr. J. N. Hone man of Crane place, North Plainfield, was engaged yesterday afternoon clipping a horse belonging to Mr. Mahon Vail of Park avenue, when without warning the animal kicked him on the right knee. The force of the blow knocked Mr. Honeyman down. His knee is swollen so badly that he will be walks with much difficulty.

He Took the Cake.

At a cake walk of the colored people in Amphion Hall, last evening, the cake was won by Charles Mu-ford and partner, both of New Brunswick. He is a porter at the depot, and he and his partner are to day the envy of all their acquaintances, consistent of the affair.

THE NEW TARIFF.

"TO SCATTER PLENTY O'ER A SMILING LAND."

The McKinley Bill a Fair, Brave, Wise American Law.—It Will Cause the Establishment of Many New Industries.

IT WILL SECURE WORK FOR THOUSANDS OF IDLE MEN AND WOMEN.—IT WILL MATERIALLY REDUCE THE FARMER'S EXPENSES AND GREATLY INCREASE HIS PROFITS.—
BUT IT WILL NOT RAISE THE PRICE TO THE AMERICAN CONSUMER OF ONE SINGLE ARTICLE THAT CAN BE TERMED A NECESSARY.EXPENSE.
—ITS GREAT OBJECTS ARE TO RECOVER LOST MARKETS AND TO OBTAIN NEW ONES.

NO. 9.—THE TARIFF NOT A TAX.—AT ALL EVENTS, NOT UPON THE AMERICAN CONSUMER.

Among the reckless assertions of the Free Traders of recent met with is the statement that the tariff is a tax upon the consumer. Of *course it is, and then again, of course it is not.* A revenue tariff undoubtedly is a tax upon the consumer, a protective tariff has precisely the opposite effect. It taxes the importer, and the best evidence of this is the testimony of the exporter himself. While the McKinley bill was being debated in Congress a great mass-meeting was held in the city of Sheffield, Eng., to protest against it, and to demand that the British government should interfere to prevent it from becoming a law. Just what the Sheffield people expected their government to do to affect a foreign opportunity for unrestricted selling is not at the meeting, according to the report cabled to the New York Herald, the leading speaker was a Sheffield manufacturer of cutlery. After stating that he remembered the time when the American manufacturer was unable to work for the entire city of Sheffield, he went on to declare that the McKinley bill was a bill to raise American taxes out of the pockets of the Sheffield exporters, and that Sheffield was not going to pay British taxes and American taxes too!

This statement shows very clearly that the foreigners know who pay our protective duties! Sheffield may do as she pleases about it, but under the McKinley bill, if she desires to sell her goods in the American market, she will have to pay for that privilege, and the amount of her payment will be exactly that sum which is the difference between the cheap labor of Sheffield and the expensive labor of America.

Some time ago, in a speech delivered in the Canadian Parliament, Sir John Macdonald, the Premier of Dominion the Government, gave a most apt and accurate illustration of how our protective tariff works. This was his exact language:

"Suppose the man a 100 acres on the Canadian side of the line, and 100 acres on the American side of the line. Suppose he grows 1,000 bushels of barley on each of his farms. He takes his 1,000 American bushels to the American market and gets $1 a bushel for it. He takes his 1,000 bushel, of Canadian barley to the American market and gets but 45 cents per bushel, because he has to pay 15 cents duty for taking it across the line. How can it, in this case, be said that the consumer pays the duty? It comes out of the pocketsof the Canadian farmers."

What the latter proof is wanted to demonstrate the fact that protective duties are not paid by the American consumer but by the foreigner.

In conclusion if you wish to help preserve the public affairs, vote for the Republican candidates for Congress. Ex-Congres-man Amos Clark, Jr., is the man for the people of Plainfield to vote for, and Richard Goodman, the one for the voters of North Plainfield.

PERSONAL.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. N. Apgar at Evona was made happy Wednesday by the advent of a young son.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Ulrich have returned to their West Fifth street home from a trip which included Chicago and Detroit.

Miss Kate D. Stout, a teacher in the Bryant school in this city, has accepted a position as a teacher in the State Normal school at Trenton.

Mr. James Milligan and family of Brooklyn, have left their Summer residence in Washingtonville to spend the Winter in Brooklyn.

William Harmon, a former clerk in the furniture store of Mr. Gorve G. Packer, has accepted a position with the Standard Oil Company.

Mr. George H. Babcock is having a driveway cut through his grounds, from Eighth street to a new carriage house in the rear. The course in front of the property has also been removed, greatly adding to the beauty of the grounds.

The Rev. D. J. Lewis of the Seventh-day Baptist church has not yet returned from *Chicago, where with several other members* of his church, he has been attending the Denominational Council which has been in session in that city since the 22d inst. Doubtless he will be filled to-morrow morning by Mr. Wm. C. Whitford, a student at Union Theological Seminary in New York City.

An Immense Coal Storage Station.

A coal storage station with a cap city of 1,500,000 tons, or five times the capacity of an other in the world, will be built at South Plainfield. The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company completed four week ago the purchase of 400 acres of land upon which this immense plant will be erected. Sixty lone mourds, containing 25,000 tons of coal apiece will be built for the great coalyard. There will be no less than 125 miles of railroad tracks within the enclosure, and in connection with this vast network of tracks will be utilized one of the most improved systems of labor-saving machinery. The railroad company has a guarantee that the entire cost of the plant will not exceed $1,000 an acre. Plainfield will not exceed five cents per ton. Over 6,000 pounds of coal will be handled every minute by five men, where 125 men now worked before.

FLEW TO MAN FOR PROTECTION.

A Carrier Pigeon Escapes the Bridge Hawk After Being Struck by it.

As the steamer Angler was about to set out for the Fishing Banks from the foot of Beekman street at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, the bridge hawk, whose exploits have so often been reported, appeared in chase of a pinkish-white pigeon. The birds were about a hundred feet in the air, directly over the steamer when first seen, circling in continually narrowing and descending circles. When they were about fifty feet high the hawk made a dive at the pigeon, which was then flying below him, and made a savage grab at his left wing. He did not quite succeed. The pigeon got free at the expense of a few feathers, dropped down almost to the water, and then, seeing the hawk had dropped, too, it made directly for the Angler, and alighted on the shoulder of William Foster, the purser, who was watching the chase from the steamer's deck. Although the pigeon, on Mr. Foster's trying to catch it, forsook his shoulder for a neighboring railing, the hawk abandoned the chase on seeing his intended victim had sought protection of their generally common enemy, man.

Mounting majestically, he flew slowly to the New York bridge tower, where he sat, hoping for better luck next time. The saved pigeon was too wise to quit voluntarily the friendly steamer, and Mr. Foster had little difficulty in finally securing its trembling body in his hands. The pigeon proved to be a carrier, and accordingly was cared to being handled, so that although it continued to tremble, it was very evidently from the effect of past not present fear. Although its pinkish feathers were rumpled and in the neighborhood of its wound, it did not seem very much the worse for its encounter with the hawk. It ate the food provided by Mr. Foster, and went to the Fishing Banks with him, and on his return brought it to The Sun office in a ventilated box. It was confided to the care of the pigeon editor. The pigeon bears no mark indicating who its owner is.—The Sun, Oct. 20 h.

Is this a Plainfield pigeon fanciers bird?

"We Just Stand Round."

[From the Newark Daily Advertiser.]

We, twenty-nine Pages be,
Good sons of Democracy,
The prizes we are ready constantly to sound,
We watch the campaign,
And leisure have galore;
The game we're playing pretty easy, for
We
just
stand
round.

The dodge grows and small.
The player on the wall,
To watch and keep from damage we certainly are bound;
In the humble kind of work,
But of course we never shirk,
We're are always doing something, if
We
just
stand
round.

We're the happy twenty-nine,
And we never will repine;
Our Member is our friend, and meet and drink
Whatever he says goes,
Our fellow's worth he knows,
We each get two hundred dollars, and
We
just
stand
round.

We're always right on hand,
Every member of the band;
When the general roll is called, you can bet;
For that's our little game,
To answer to our name,
As that's only what we're paid for, and
To
just
stand
round.

Repubs, sin's up to w uff,
A less than say fifteen's enough
To do the work we nine and twenty have to do;
We don't care who buy say,
So long as we draw the pay;
We are faithful public servants, for
We
just
stand
round.

Let the press and people rave,
How R. publicans do save,
We're part of the great Democratic trust;
Our M-mbers line their pants,
While they get the chance,
With the boodle that they vote us, while
We
just
stand
round.

The Irvington-Millburn Course.

The road from Irvington to Millburn, one of the best bicycle roads in the country, is beginning to be a centre of attraction for wheelmen from all parts of the State. The Palisade Wheelmen will hold a five-mile road race there on Tuesday at two o'clock in the afternoon. The handicap road race of the Kings County Wheelmen will be held on the course. Then "Miles" Murphy will try to beat Van Wagoner's three-mile record of th. 39m. 55s., made at Boston on Oct. 4th. The East Orange Cyclers have on their programme a club run to Irvington at eight o'clock in the evening, on Oct. 22. The road has never been in better condi ion for cycling as all the grooves and holes have been filled in with cut stone. Wheelmen from this section will be present.

—To-morrow will be All Saints Day, and will be observed in the Catholic and Episcopal churches in this city.

Died.

LEE—In this city on Wednesday evening, Oct. 29th inst. Somerville L., wife of Henry A. Lee in the 37 h year of her age.
Funeral service at 5 First place, Saturday, Nov. 1st, at 3 p m Interment private. 2-2t

To the Ladies of Plainfield!

I am making a specialty of Children's dresses, and have now ready a number of suits for Misses of all ages. These suits are artistic in design, and of the best material and make. An early call is solicited.

Miss M. E. STEPHENSON,
Parlors, 53 West Front street.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

$300,000 Failure.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31, (Special)—Owing to the reduction of capitol caused by the withdrawal from the concern with their interests of the widows of two of the partners who held the largest interests, the firm of Lopold Bros. & Co., wholesale clothing manufacturers, failed this morning. Liabilities $50,000. The concern did a business of $1,000,000, per year.

Troubles in Ireland.

TIPPERARY, Oct. 31, (Special)—The police to-day ejected from the spectators gallery in the court-room the Hon. Mr. Dalton, Member of Parliament. He vigoriously protes ed, and the Judge finally permitted him to re-enter.

Alice Allen, imprisoned a few days ago for contempt in refusing to testify against the land league, was released this morning.

—The shooting match between Elmer Temple and Mr. Brandingham took place at Metuchen yesterday afternoon. The match was at twenty five live birds for $10 a side. Brandingham won.

Rent-a-Week Column.

A PIANO for rent, $3 per month. Apply No. 127 Cleveland avenue. 10-31-1w

COOK and laundress wanted. Reference required. Mrs. A. C. Vail, 19 West 8th street. 10-27-tf

TWO HOUSES to let. Inquire at City Mills, Somerset street. 10 14-1

FOR SALE—Union Bicycle. Suitable pattern. Guaranteed in good condition. Reasonable offer refused. Address "D," care of Evening News. 27-tf

GOODS stored in a thorough and safe manner at Carey's storage rooms, 124 West Front street corner Grove street. 31-tf

LOST—An Irish belt terrier pup, brown and white. Lower jaw protrudes. Pink eye-lids. Answers to the name of "Eddie." A suitable reward will be paid for his return to Wm. M. Stout, 109 East Front street. No questions asked. 27-1w*

RECOMMENDED—A good girl for general housework, but especially adapted for child's nurse. 2 Plainfield avenue.

SIX room house for rent. $12 per month. Newly papered and painted. Possession Nov. 1. Inquire at once "House," care of Evening News. 27-tf

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house. No 19 East Seventh street. 10-10tf

WANTED Immediately four or five dogs, hounds preferred, but any kind will do. Call at Haberle's cigar store, Somerset street.

WANTED to buy cheap, a roll top desk in good order. Address P. O. Box 1,277.

WE BE to buy one acre Mangle wurzel. State lowest price delivered. Also one acre good cabbage. 112 Rockview avenue, 31-tf

WANTED—Respectable gentleman boarders. Private family. N. 13 North Pitch street, city. 27-3-w-d

WANTED—A competent girl to do general house work. 32 East 5th st. 30 3

Special Notices.

ALL WHO WANT FASHIONABLE dressmaking call or leave order; 18 gear' sutect, over at 37 East Third street. 10-6m

DANCING AND ÆSTHETIC BODY CULTURE.
Prof. Segadlo will re-open his classes at Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 1st, under the proper number of scholars. For this purpose a subscription list is now open at Mr. Park's Music store, No. 128 East Front street. All those wishing to take lessons, or to send children to the class, are requested to enter their address, stating number of pupils. One day of commencing, and the place of holding the class will be afterwards made known. For terms, etc., address F. Segadlo, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J. 18-12*

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Lessons at residence by native teacher, two or three hours a week, during the first 30 days; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge. "How agreeable to understand and be understood in a foreign tongue." Extracts of testimonials from Principals of High Schools, U. S. Senators, Secretaries of Legislatures. In the first month pupils are encouraged to perform the work. The lessons, instead of being a strain on the mind, are a pleasure. For specimen lessons, terms, etc., call or write to Prof. L. Viroux, the only responsible director of the Berlitz Schools of Languages in New Jersey, Plainfield Post Office Box 1,277. 10-31f

HYACINTHS, TULIPS
and Crocus, for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's. Also a lot of green house cacti. Intelligence office conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 94 West Front street.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone crock and glass preserve pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

LAST CHANCE.
Clairvoyant Mrs. Dr. Edwards will remain but one week longer, and will leave Wednesday, Nov. 5th, without fail. She can be seen from 9 o'clock, a. m. until, at the City Hotel, room 4. 29-1w

NOTICE
is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Nicholas H. Heidelhoff and John F. Heidelhoff, under the firm of N. H. & J. H. Heidelhoff was dissolved on the twenty-seventh day of September last. All the firm are to be presented to him for payment.
Dated October 1st, 1890.
JOHN F. HEIDELHOFF.
NICHOLAS H. HEIDELHOFF. 28-2w*

OIL and WATER COLOR PAINTINGS
of fine subjects, mouldings and engravings, picture frames in white and gold, ivory, silver and antique, at reasonable prices, at Swain's, 32 West Front street. Large stock, prices reasonable. 10-18-1m

TAKE NOTICE
L. S. Fora, D. V. S. Veterinarian, formerly of No. 20 Fourth avenue has removed to No. 9 West Sixth street. Telephone call No. 153.

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to hire; also BUILDING SITES, HOUSE AND DOG, for sale cheap, on Dunnells Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-10-1y

HENRY M. STANLEY,

ST. JAMES' LECTURE COURSE.

Temple Opera House, Elizabeth, N. J.

FRIDAY, Nov. 14.—GEORGE KENNAN, Subject, "Russian Political Exiles."
FRIDAY, Nov. 28.—The Olive Torbet Concert Co. and Fred. Emerson Brooks.
MONDAY, Dec. 8.—HENRY M. STANLEY. Subject, "The Rescue of Emin."
THURSDAY, Dec. 18.—FREDERIC VILLIERS, Illustrated lecture, Subject, "War and Peace."

Tickets for the course, including reserved seat, $4.50 No single tickets will be sold. Every seat will be reserved. Tickets may be exchanged for Reserved Seats on Wednesday, Nov. 5, at Wm. C. Finck's, 125 Broad street. 30-1w

Tickets for sale at Reynolds' Drug Store.

WE ARE BOOMING

BUSINESS WITH BARGAINS IN

Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes.

Look at our stock first.

If We want Trade and we will have it, if Good Goods and Low Prices will win.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

29 W. FRONT STREET,

(THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.)

ONE CENT A DOZEN.

Or only two-fifths of their value—Just think of it.

For a household necessity. Take notice when passing the $ and 10 STORE.

HANGING, HALL AND STAND LAMPS, STOVE BOARDS, COAL HODS AND TINWARE, CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE, TOYS, DOLLS AND GAMES IN ABUNDANCE, and prices guaranteed. What does this mean? THAT NONE CAN UNDERSELL.

Keep in mind the $ and 10c. Package Express. We are doing good service for a small amount. A branch office has been opened at N. M. Doty's Pine Hollowing Establishment, opposite the depot, where packages may be left. Deliveries prompt.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

We Are Sure This Will Interest You All.

During the past week we have added largely to our higher grades of shoes. Men's shoes made by Hathaway, Soul & Harrington, strictly HAND MADE. They are the BEST shoe that can be made. We don't care how much you pay for others.
In ladies' shoes we have put in a line of goods made by R. C. Burt & Co., and Holbrook & Co., Cambridge. Mathewson & Co.'s fine shoes.
In child's and Misses' we have got the best shoes that can be found, including some of the best Mig's. We have them in at. goat French dongola, with or without welts.
And here is something for school shoes that New York people are advertising so strongly It is needless to call and see them, as Rogers' Wear is what will always keep the foot dry. If you will come in and let us show you this shoe we can explain it to you better. It is coming altogether new. You have never seen it before. We will guarantee it to wear longer than any shoes you ever bought for your children. You should buy this shoe by all means, as it is impervious to water.
TO-MORROW WE WILL GIVE EVERY LADY CUSTOMER A COPY OF SHEET MUSIC.

ROGERS BROS.,

15 WEST FRONT STREET.

SHOE DEALERS.

NOW READY!

We desire to inform the public that we have opened a first-class

RESTAURANT AND DINING ROOM,

No. 8 West Second Street.

And would solicit a share of their patronage.

CORNELL & SLATER,

Proprietory of the

NIAGARA DINING ROOM.

THE BEE HIVE

Winter Underwear.

Ladies' heavy vests and pants, 25, 37, 45, 50c.
Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, 25 and 35c.
Ladies' heavy all-wool vests and pants, 75c.
Ladies' natural-wool vest and pants, 50c.
Men's heavy fabric and Drawers, 50c.
Men's camel's-hair wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.
Men's natural-wool Shirts and Drawers, $1.
Men's merino-wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c and $1.
Children's merino Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 18c; 18 in., 20c; 20 in., 25c.
Children's natural wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 30c; 18 in., 35c; 20 in., 40c; 22 in., 45c.
Children's wool Vests and Drawers, 16 in., 25c; 18 in., 30c; 20 in., 35c.
Full size quilts, 69 and 85c.
$2.75 heavy comforts filled with white cotton, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

Shoulder Capes!

Astrachan Capes at $1.85, $2.75 and $4.50.
Hare Capes, $3.50.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET

ELECTION!

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the several Wards and Districts of the City of Plainfield, on

Tuesday, November 4th, 1890,

for the purpose of voting for a Member of Congress for the Third Congressional District, a Senator, Sheriff and two Coroners for the County of Union, and a Member of the General Assembly for the Third Assembly District of Union County, New Jersey.

FIRST WARD,

Will be held at 25 North avenue, formerly Adams Express Office.

SECOND WARD,

At the Rink, corner of Fourth street and Broadway.

THIRD WARD,

At John J. Sharp's carriage factory, West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

FOURTH WARD,

First District, at Lalor's Hall, West Front street, Second District, at the store room of John T. Dunn, on the corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.

Polls open at 6 a. m. and close at 7 p. m. with the exception of the Second Ward, which closes at 8 p. m. JOSEPH R. COWARD,
31-3d City Clerk.

AMPHION HALL

J. EDWIN HALL, Manager.

Three Nights, Commencing

Monday, Nov. 3d,

Engagement of the Distinguished Emotional and Tragic Actress, Miss ADA GRAY, in her great play,

EAST LYNNE

Or, The Elopement.

LADY ISABEL ..... MISS ADA GRAY

In which characters she has no living peer. Supported by a strong dramatic company. She comes high, but we must have her.

Prices 25, 35 and 50c. Reserved seats at Shaw's Drug Store. 30-4t

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to incase the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

I have a special stock on hand, among which is "Nancy Adams' fine shoe." Call and see them.

John J. Kenney

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

COUPE ROCKAWAYS,

New and Handsome Designs.

L. M. FRENCH'S

Carriage Repository,

16, 18, 20 and 22 SOMERSET STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

72 BROADWAY.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4 DUDLOW STREET AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 5. TELEPHONE CALL 63.

It is to be regretted exceedingly, if, as has been cabled to America, Italy will not be represented at the World's fair at Chicago. The committee of Italian citizens at Rome who had the matter in hand reported that they found very few manufacturers willing to send goods to Chicago. The trade inducements were not sufficient under our existing tariff law.

Railway engine building has been brought to so nice a point in Great Britain that there are on the London and Northwestern railroad 2,000 engines that will take the same boiler. A change of eighteen bolts will transfer a boiler from one engine to another. What will astonish Americans still more is the assertion of the chief engineer of this road that he believes he could run an engine around the world without losing a pin or getting a hot box. That engineer ought to come to America and try his hand on some of Mr. Bass's trains that convey excursion parties from the west to Niagara Falls.

The funeral of Mrs. Booth, called the Mother of the Salvation Army, attended as it was by Cabinet people moving as one man to the last sign given by their commander, shows the remarkable discipline attained by the followers of that army. The Salvation Army is assuming the proportions of one of the old crusades. In its way it is almost as remarkable as they were. Extending around the world from India to western America, as its ranks do, it begins to have an influence that none dreamed it could wield. It seems to have money and power at its call. It does not lack command respect, but it commands attention.

Justice Miller.

The death of Justice Miller will recall to those who witnessed it one remarkable scene. It was the installation of Chief Justice Fuller at the beginning of the October term of the United States supreme court in 1888.

Justice Samuel F. Miller was the senior justice of the court. As such it was his duty to welcome the new chief justice and extend to him his hand. Miller stood beside Chief Justice Fuller as the judges took their respective places. Mr. Fuller was small, delicate and slight as a woman, making with his snow white hair and long, flowing white robe a striking appearance. Justice Miller was over six feet in height and massive framed in proportion, like the big Kentuckian he was. He towered above Mr. Fuller like a giant, the proportions of each appearing more pronounced by the contrast.

Justice Miller was regarded by many lawyers in both political parties as the ablest expounder of constitutional law in his time. His mind was admirably fitted to his magnificent physique. For twenty-eight years he has endured the cramped quarters and bad moral and physical air of the United States court room at Washington without weakening. In 1886 he was old enough to retire under the law permitting chief justices to resign at the age of 70, with honors and full salary, and continued the rest of their lives. But Justice Miller showed not a trace of either physical or mental weakening at the age of 70, and so continued on at his duties, dying, as all workers wish to die, in harness.

A Notable Banquet.

Significant above a mere ordinary passing event was the dinner given to Roger A. Pryor by John Russell Young on the occasion of Pryor's appointment to a judgeship in New York. It was a remarkable banquet because there, in the city where he was now honored, Pryor had once been a prisoner of war, held for being a Confederate general and fighting against his country. Valiant old Gen. Sherman, indeed, presided at this table, and in calling Pryor to his teeth a "rebel," thus stigmatizing also the others who thought his way thirty years ago, though by common consent the word has been dropped from polite society. Moreover, Pryor, "Johnny" Wise, and others took the general's calling them names very good naturedly.

Most striking, however, was the great variety of thinkers and doers whom the dinner brought together. Hardly in a century are men so differing from one another brought harmoniously together, or indeed brought together at all.

The New York World speaks of the gathering as follows:

> There were only thirty-eight men gathered around the board, and yet their representation the most eminent in nearly every walk of American life; but the greatest variety was observable in the contrasts which was suggested by the part from of those who were brought into social contact for the first time. Roger A. Pryor, the ex-rebel brigadier with Henry George, but in warmly praising those preceding Grover Cleveland and John S. Wise, of Virginia, who, when still in his teens, carried the last dispatch from Jefferson Davis to Robert E. Lee; introducing to a distinguished body of men Gen. W. T. Sherman, the general of the United States army, who was pleased to do honor to one of the highest officers of the Confederacy—four situations which would be sufficient to make any dinner interesting.

A Short Story With a Long Moral.

We will tell you the moral of the story before the story itself. It is this: Whenever you write, even to your dearest friend, a letter that you would not like to face in cold print, burn it. Don't send it, but write another that will not be a dead give away if the courts should get it and put it in evidence against you when you are down and out or something.

Burn it, we say; write another. Talk about the weather, literature, politics, your pug dog's asthma, anything but those horribly compromising subjects. If your soul must find expression for its heart longings, its naughtiness even, don't put the heart longings or yet the naughtiness upon paper. Say them if you must, but don't write them. Then you will never be caught as Mrs. Louise Smith was—but let us not anticipate the sad tale.

Another thing. When you receive a letter which, so to speak, would ruin you for life if you were found dead with it in your pocket, don't put it in your pocket. Burn that, too. If it contains tender expressions that your mind would fain dwell upon fondly in the lonely midnight watches, commit them to memory, learn them by heart so you can say them backward, but commit the letter itself to the flames. Then your husband or wife or cruel father or mother or confidential chum or servant can never steal it and use it to ruin your prospects in life. It's the only way.

If, however, after all our advice, you go on and ruin yourself with telltale letters anyhow, don't blame us. Don't say we failed to warn you.

The case in point is this: Mrs. Louise J. Smith is suing her husband, Clifton O., for limited divorce on the ground of drunkenness, abandonment and neglect. He has been very bad to her, she says. What is more, she believes he and another very bad person, a woman, conspired to get her to go to California and stay there, so that during her absence they might run her flat and enjoy themselves in their own way. The crime was blacker from the fact that the naughty woman was Mrs. Smith's dearest friend, the one being to whom she poured out her soul, upon paper and otherwise.

In evidence whereof the confidential woman friend produced the following letter she had received from Mrs. Smith in California, as an offset to Mrs. Smith's suit for divorce.

> DEAREST FRIEND—I am very happy here. * * * I did not come here to pine and waste my young life away. Life is too beautiful. It would be wrong. I am going to enjoy myself in my early grave when so many are so anxious to make my life a happy and beautiful one. Last week I had company. I have been to Long Beach * * * and me something every day. He has invited me to go out to the beach and to many other places, always me there and safe and sound. Now I love to be courted! And my handsome gentleman calls on me every day, and now I know he is at broke upon me. Oh, dear! I now have more than I can manage. LOUISE.

The New Fashioned Novel.

Once more history has traveled around the spiral and come to the same side again. In the old Greek plays and the most ancient literature, love between the sexes was not the leading motive. It might be, often was, love between parent and child; it might be the enmity of a god, devotion to country. More often it was the taking of contending armies and of prowess in battle that occupied the imagination of the poet and fictionist of antiquity. Love between man and woman was merely incidental in the earliest literature as a general thing. Even the Iliad deals more with war than with love.

The modern spirit of romance changed this, and made love between the sexes the only theme worth dwelling on in fiction. Since the modern novel originated, no story was of profound interest that did not record the woes and triumphs of true lovers. We have absorbed this idea into the imagination of the race, so to speak.

Again there are indications of a change. The prospect is that the old fashioned love story will go out as it came in, and other topics of the world the reader. There are indications of this in the stories that have been most successful recently. "Robert Elsmere" is perhaps as good a type as any.

Signor Crispi's speech denouncing the Irredentists of Italy has set some people to wondering anew who the Irredentists are. These people are ashamed to ask, but they would really like to know. Well, "Italia irredenta" means unredeemed Italy. The term applies to a portion of Italy which was lost to it centuries ago, and now belongs partly to Austria and partly to Switzerland. The population of this region speaks Italian. The Irredentists, as they are called, want Italy to grab, fight, agitate and otherwise endeavor to have it the lost cantons are again restored to the home government, which is clearly impracticable, since neither Austria nor Switzerland is willing to be sliced off like a turkey to gratify a sentiment. The danger that lies in the irredentist party is that it can form a coalition with the party opposed to the government in Italy and make serious trouble for the kingdom.

The difference between a socialist and a nationalist is defined by a socialist to be this: Both believe the government should take charge of railroads, telegraphs, etc., and do many other things now done by private enterprise. But the name socialist has had in times past an odium attached to it, which makes the new movement liable to be misinterpreted. Therefore the founders of the new organization call themselves nationalists.

WIFE FOR A SINGLE DAY.

Sad Affliction of Representative Butterworth's Daughter.

CUBA'S PLEA FOR RECIPROCITY.

Her Merchants Claim That Ruin Stares Them in the Face with the Passage of the McKinley Bill and Ask Immediate Reciprocal Relations with Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Married, one day and a widow the next. Such was the unhappy fate of Miss Mary Butterworth, daughter of Representative Butterworth, of Ohio. On Wednesday she was united in marriage with Mr. Hunghwout Howe, disbursing agent of the Pan-American congress. As Mr. Howe was very ill the ceremony occurred in his sick chamber at the Metropolitan club. This morning she followed the body of her husband on its journey to the grave.

He Became Delirious.

For several hours after the wedding Mr. Howe rested easily, but toward night he became delirious, and those in attendance were obliged to use force to prevent him from doing harm. This continued through the night. At times the sick man fancied he was on his wedding trip. In the morning an effort was made to quiet him by an injection of morphine, and this operation was accomplished only after a severe struggle.

Mrs. Howe, who, with Mrs. Rooss, Mr. Howe's mother, and Dr. Magruder, had remained with him during the night, went to her home for breakfast after her husband became quiet. She returned about half past 9 and remained at his bedside until 10 o'clock. In the absence he had grown much worse, and his heart was failing rapidly. During the early morning the beating of his heart was so strong that it could be heard all over the room in which he lay.

The Funeral.

He died Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Howe is nearly overcome by grief. Services over the remains of Mr. Howe were held this morning at 10 o'clock in the building used during the use of the Pan-American conference.

Rev. Dr. Bartlett, who performed the marriage ceremony of Mr. Howe and Miss Butterworth, conducted the services, and at their conclusion the body was taken to the railroad station. At 11 o'clock the funeral train left for New York. The interment will be at Woodlaw cemetery on Saturday.

A Sketch of the Deceased.

Mr. Howe was the son of Frank Howe, who served with great credit during the war and was afterward appointed pension agent at New York, where he took a prominent part in politics. During the early part of his life Mr. Howe was his father's private secretary, and upon his father's death he became private secretary to Postmaster Pierson, of New York, and later to Postmaster Pierson. He was appointed by President Arthur dispatch agent of the mails department of New York. Secretary Bayard appointed him agent of the government at the Cincinnati exposition in 1888, and last fall he was appointed disbursing agent of the Pan-American congress.

Cuba's Plea for Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The department of state has received a copy of a petition forwarded by the Tobacco Growers' and Cigar Manufacturers' Union of Cuba to the Spanish government with regard to a reciprocity treaty between the island of Cuba and the United States. The petitioners assert that they are confronted with a simple problem. On the one side ruin, starvation, misery and vague hopes, and on the other side abundance, wealth and a promising future. After stating that the McKinley bill will work disastrous effects on Cuban trade the petitioners say:

No Time to Be Lost.

"It is necessary to avoid so much harm and ward off such calamities, and we find no other way but a commercial treaty with the United States, securing the reciprocity that our neighbors propose. There is no time to lose in making this treaty. The McKinley bill will go into effect on Oct. 1, and thereby the president will be authorized to impose heavy duties on sugar coming from countries that on the 1st of July, 1891, shall not have allowed reciprocal concessions to the United States. Therefore:

"As far as tobacco is concerned, the new duties are to be collected immediately, and in anticipation of this there have been shipped enormous quantities of leaf tobacco and cigars. The business crisis that threatens us is terrible, imminent, and its consequences are very serious indeed."

The cigar manufacturers conclude by indorsing the chamber for the interest it has taken in such important questions, engaging in their entirety the resolutions adopted at the special meeting of the 8th inst., and asking of the government, one of which reads: "That without losing time negotiations be opened with the United States for a commercial treaty on the basis of free sugar and reduced duties on Cuban tobacco within the limits already prescribed."

The Railroads Win.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—A decision of the interstate commerce commission, made by Commissioner Bragg, has been announced in the case of W. S. King & Co., a Boston firm, against the Central New York, Lake and Hartford Railroad company and the New York and New England Railroad company, involving the question whether the latter lines can make a joint through rate on shipments of flour from New York to Boston, lower at Boston, to meet the competition of the Metropolitan Steamship line, than the combined local rates of the two rail carriers from New York to Readville, for the shorter haul, where no such competition exists. The commission has now decided that the carriers could do this without violating the long and short haul clause of the act to regulate commerce.

The Mexican Cattle Import Duty.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Acting Secretary Adee, of the state department, has received no information that the Mexican government has imposed an import duty of $200 per car load on American cattle, and has no doubts it became of the promptness which on former occasions was displayed when duties were increased in informing this country of the fact.

A Close Call for the Crew.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 31.—A whirlwind from the north west struck Narragansett bay, off Conanicut, Thursday night. The schooner Maggie Cummins, from New York, which had discharged her cargo of coal, was sailing down the bay light. The whirlwind struck her and she turned bottom up, but did not sink. The crew narrowly escaped drowning.

FOUR FATALLY INJURED.

Frightful Boiler Explosion at the Portage Iron Company's Mills.

ALTOONA, Pa., Oct. 31.—A serious explosion occurred at the rolling mills of the Portage Iron company, located at Duncansville, seven miles south of Altoona, shortly after 6 o'clock last night. One of the three large boilers in the ten inch mill exploded from an unknown cause, and the report could be plainly heard for miles around. Those fatally injured are:

James Weaver, aged 28, badly scalded, skull fractured and ear about face.

Samuel Flick, fireman, 46, married, scalded about face and body.

William Miller, aged 30 years, married, badly scalded.

Theo Orth, puddler, scalded and horribly mangled.

Several others whose names are unknown were slightly scalded.

A Foolish Exile's Disgrace.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 31.—Leo Helfner, bookkeeper at the Columbia Flour mills, is missing, and has left behind him a wife, three children and a mistress. Helfner, who is a Pole, came from Warsaw three years ago, where his family ranks among the nobles. He left for political reasons, and his family remained in Warsaw until a month ago, when he installed them here in a house bought and handsomely furnished by the aid of his wife's $6,000 dowry, sent to him in advance. After three weeks of happy reunion he suddenly left the city, leaving for his wife a letter full of regrets, self reproaches and farewells. There were in it hints of suicide. The day after a letter came to the house revealing the existence of a mistress maintained by the wife's dowry. The mill company has not expected examining his books, but no shortage has yet been found. The disheartened wife will return at once to Poland.

A Bogus Female Pensioner Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Sarah C. Saddler, of Madison county, Mo., has been arrested on a charge of being a bogus pensioner, and has been bound over by United States Commissioner Crawford for trial in the United States district court in bonds of $1,500. Vincent D Dilmore, of the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Illinois regiment, died during the war. His widow married a man of the name of Poplin, who afterward died, and the widow married a man by the name of Saddler. Mrs. Saddler made application for a pension as the widow of Dilmore and under the name of Poplin she swore to the fact that she was personally acquainted with Mrs. Dilmore. She disguised her handwriting so the fraud was not detected. The pension was duly granted and she received $2,700 back pension in one payment, and bought a farm with it, which has been attached.

Five Thousand Children Greeted Him.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Nearly 5,000 children, who represented almost every nationality known in Chicago, greeted Archbishop Feehan at the Auditorium to begin the celebration which will end on the second day of his silver jubilee. Upon the front of the stage, in the chair of state, sat the archbishop. On his right was Governor Ryan, of Philadelphia, and grouped around him were the visiting bishops and clergy. The programme began with the singing of the Jubilee hymn by the assembled children. A number of addresses from the different schools were presented to the archbishop, and "Columbia," the next feature, was sung by everybody to an organ and orchestra accompaniment. At the beginning of the chorus of each tune every little child in the building stood on desks and waved the flag of which they sang. The effect was beautiful.

A Cloak Failure in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Isidore Rosenthal, doing business at No. 530 Broadway under the name of Rosenthal & Co., cloak manufacturers, has confessed judgment to Amelia Rosenthal for the sum of $68,379.40, to Sophia Chuck for $4,745.88, and to L. Rosenstein for $2,045.28. The liabilities will exceed $70,000, and the assets are estimated at $50,000. Mr. Rosenthal failed twelve years ago, settled with his creditors and resumed business. Becoming prosperous, he paid voluntarily 100 cents on a dollar. His business lately has become greatly involved owing to the general unsettling of the cloak trade by the tariff agitation and the passage of the McKinley bill. He was kept along by means of confidential loans, and it is for the payment of these that judgment was confessed.

It Was a Terrific Collision.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 31.—A serious collision occurred on the Iowa Central, just east of Marshalltown, on a curve, at 11:30. A switch engine, while backing down to the lumber creek quarry, collided with a wild freight, both running at high speed. The shock was so great that the freight engine was lifted bodily in the air and alighted squarely on top of the switch engine, both being badly wrecked, as were several freight cars. William Mosely and Reuben Guilliford, engineer and William Ralph and William Cook, firemen, were injured by jumping. The collision was the result of a mistake by the train dispatcher.

Blaine and Mursaga Were Friends.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—It is announced upon the highest authority that there is no truth in the report that Senor Mursaga, the Spanish minister, was recalled at the request of Mr. Blaine. On the contrary, the relations between Mr. Blaine and Senor Mursaga have been of the very pleasantest character, and the secretary of state was the first to express regret at his recall. The only reason for the recall of Senor Mursaga is in the change of administration at Madrid.

No Telegraphers' Strike.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—There will be no strike by the Brotherhood of Telegraphers at present. Grand Master Johnson, of Louisville, issued an order last night to all members of the order must remain at work. Those who went on strike at St. Paul and other cities are commanded to return to their employment, and those who have been discharged for their connection with the organization are urged to again if possible their situations with the company.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

Has just received a new supply of

COMB AND STRAINED HONEY,

from the country.

Also a receiver of FARSH

Creamery Butter

every week direct from a Jersey Creamery.

THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Governor Campbell's Spirited Attack on the Lodge Bill.

A TILLMANITE USES HIS KNIFE.

Sanguinary Affray at a Political Meeting in South Carolina—Senator Sherman and Ex-Governor Foraker Speak at Cincinnati—Government Clerks' Contributions.

FINDLAY, O., Oct. 31.—Governor Campbell addressed a great gathering of the Democrats of the Eighth congressional district in this city last evening. This was the governor's first appearance on the stump since the adjournment of the extraordinary session of the general assembly, and there was much speculation as to whether he would refer to the work of that body in his speech, but he made no mention of state matters, confining his remarks almost wholly to a discussion of the McKinley bill, the alleged benefits of which the governor ridiculed in his usual vigorous manner. He also attacked the political legislation of the congress just adjourned, being particularly severe on the bill increasing the number of United States circuit judges and the Lodge bill. Of this measure he said, among other things:

His Opinion of the Lodge Bill.

"I am opposed to Mr. Lodge posing as the champion of equal rights, coming from New England, which has at times the representation in the United States senate that Ohio has. Take your little state of Nevada, rotten to the core, with a few half breeds, and not as many white people in it as there are here in the city of Findlay. I want them equalized before the law. I want the citizen of Findlay to be as great in the senate of the United States as the citizen of the sage brushes and wilds of Nevada. (Applause.) Let us carry this doctrine out. Begin a Democratic crusade and you will never hear anything more of the Lodge bill. New England wants to hold all she has and take all the rest."

He Wants Foster Defeated.

The governor closed with an eloquent appeal to the voters to do their duty on next Tuesday, and especially did he plead that they do everything in their power to defeat ex-Governor Foster, who is the Republican candidate for congress in this district.

Roosevelt and the Clerks.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Commissioner Roosevelt says that government clerks have a perfect right to contribute money to which ever party they prefer without fear or favor, but they should not be compelled to so contribute.

"But there is no reason," he said, "why under a Republican administration all the contributions should be made to the Republican campaign fund, and under a Democratic administration they should all be to the Democratic fund."

Various Contributions Lawful.

"The clerks are as much at liberty to contribute to one party as to another, and they are perfectly safe and free to make no contributions at all to either. While the classified service the employes are under obligation to no party.

"Governor Hoadley is a Democrat serving under this administration; he makes a contribution to aid his party. I am a Republican; I aid mine. If we did not want to contribute we should not. No one can force a government employe to contribute. Nor, if he so desires to contribute, compel him to contribute to this party rather than that.

They Will Be Prosecuted.

"That is all there is in this question, except that no person can solicit, directly or indirectly, from any other employe, and none shall give or take from another employe. If there are political clubs of which government employes are members there is no reason why they should not be Democratic as well as Republican. But any of them will be prosecuted if we have evidence of their trying to force contributions by intimidation."

"75c."

KID GLOVES, in five-button length, new and desirable shades.

We have sold them a good while, and can recommend them to wear well.

FOSTER PAUL & CO.'S Kid Gloves. "William" 7-hooks. "Feudal" 5-hooks.

HARRIS'S Kid Gloves in different qualities and styles.

We sell them at the same prices as in New York.

THE FUR SHOULDER CAPE is a much prized article among the ladies, and can be had at Our House, in a var ety of kinds, at New York prices.

WOOL blankets and comfortables will be needed now. Our assortment is complete and the prices the lowest.

YOU can buy the better quality of goods at Edsall's at about the same price as the poor cheap goods are usually sold for.

CARPETS made and lined FREE of charge for the rest of this month. Parties desiring to furnish residences throughout with Carpetings, Rugs, etc., if they will consult us will guarantee to save them from 10 to 15 per cent. whether you get them from us or New York Houses.

EDSALL'S,
32 West Front street.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Make Home Beautiful.

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING SUITES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE,
WINDOW SHADES, &c.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

"THE DAIRY"

Heads quarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FOUR POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all the season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1856.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF RALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer.

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President,
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President,
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

BUY THE

GARLAND AND BARSTAW

Stoves and Ranges

and save 20 per cent., at

Chas. F. Denckla's,

76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Sanitary plumbing, steam and heater work done at short notice

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 20 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate ornament given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

It is often a matter of

LIFE OR DEATH

to have a Prescription Compounded with

Celerity and Accuracy

To do this you should take it to the

MOY PHARMACY CO.,

Corner Park avenue and Fourth street.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 25 Park avenue

P. O. Box 230.

FURNITURE AND FRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large trucks. Goods sent to any part of the country. Piano moving a sp

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing,

NO. 5 PARK AVENUE

STANLEY STRIKES BACK.

He Defends Himself Against the Charges of Troup.

WHY HIS OFFICERS DISLIKE HIM.

The Explorer Attributes Their Ill Feeling to His Severe Censure of the Way They Pumped the Rear Column—Troup's Latest Charges Against Stanley.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Times this morning printed the following interview with Mr. H. M. Stanley. A reporter boarded the Teutonic and showed Mr. Stanley the second installment of Lieut. Troup's interview in Boston. He read it carefully and said: "It contains only general charges, which might have been expected, but which call for no further explanation from me."

The Officers Defied.

The reporter asked if he did not desire to give the facts which the public was asking for, and he replied: "I have nothing to add to my report, contained in the last chapter of the first volume of my book relative to the wreck of the rear column of the expedition, the particulars of which were furnished me by the surviving officers of that column.

"The statements I have made in the book and since its publication was based upon written reports of those officers. All I desire to say is, if the reports which are about to be published by the officers differ in any important sense from the official reports they forwarded me, I shall feel bound to publish fully the official reports which are now in my possession."

Lieut. Troup Criticised.

"Does not the interview with Lieut. Troup differ from his official report, Mr. Stanley?"

"Lieut. Troup's statements are very general, and do not, in my opinion, call for notice. He says he is waiting for me to bring charges. I intend to make no charges until I find whether the officers of the rear column will by signing or by publishing reports differing from their official statements to me.

"The officers of the rear column are at perfect liberty to publish any details of the expedition they think proper. I find the same fault with Troup's language now that I found with the late Emin Pasha relief committee in August, 1888. It was written by me fresh after hearing the horrible details of the wreck of the rear column. It rode that the rear column was wrecked by the irresolution of the officers, the neglect of their promises and their indifference to the welfare of the expedition. If they do not now modify that censure. Now, the duty of one and all of the surviving officers is to tell their stories plainly and simply, and the public may have the chance of judging whether my view of their conduct is too harsh or unjust. That is all I have to say."

Troup Blames Stanley.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—In an interview here Lieut. Troup, third in command of the rear column at Yambuya, says that Stanley took with him nearly all the able bodied men. Those who were ill and malingering Troup insists that the disastrous failure of this rear guard to co-operate in the expedition is attributable fully as much to Stanley as Bartelot. "Mr. Stanley," said Lieut. Troup, "made no provision whatever for the subsistence of the blacks in our command. Mr. Bartelot gave each a brass rod and a few cowries per week with which to buy manioc or cassava root, and the supply of these gave out after November.

"Besides, there was an insufficient quantity of medicine. The deaths that occurred were largely from starvation."

Lieut. Troup denied Mr. Stanley's statement that maggots were feeding on the surviving members of the party, when he finally returned—at least the lieutenant saw none. He also emphatically denied the existence of immorality. "There is no doubt," continued he, "that the selection of a commanding officer was unfortunate. Maj. Bartelot was quick tempered, nervous, arbitrary, and was in every way unsuited to have charge of a body of natives. Mr. Stanley declares that it was the duty of the officers to protest when we saw the major's mismanagement. We did protest. We could do no more. If we had he would have been justified in shooting. During the time when he says I made no protest at the way things were going on I was on my back sick."

The Letters Will Appear.

Troup says he is perfectly willing Stanley should publish the letters he wrote the explorer describing the occurrences in the camp, and to which Stanley declares contain matters unfit for publication. "In my book, which will soon appear, I have omitted certain passages of the letters, but in the omitted passages there is nothing suggestive of the horrid details at which Mr. Stanley hints."

Criminations and Recriminations.

Troup has given to the press for publication the letters that passed between Stanley and himself with relation to the rear guard. In a letter to Stanley Troup vigorously scores Bartelot, and in reply Stanley upbraids Troup for his utter lack of common sense in his work with the rear column. "In one letter Stanley says: 'In the absence of documents, letters or notes to substantiate your statements such must be revised to be fit for publication. That is, you may say what you will in your own defense, but I cannot consent to publish any violent or intemperate remarks upon the major."

The Transfer of Liquors in Bond.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The treasury department has denied a request to draw into smaller packages a cask of brandy, now in a bonded warehouse, to prevent deterioration and leakage, on the ground that the law authorizes only the withdrawing of drugs, medicines and chemicals in bond. Permission was granted, however, to transfer the liquor to a single new package.

Chase in College Champion.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—S. H. Chase, the winner of the fall lawn tennis tournament at Harvard college, played Hugh Tallant, the present college champion, defeating him in three straight sets, 6—4, 6—3, 6—3.

THE POOL SELLERS VICTORIOUS

The Law of the State of Illinois Declared Unconstitutional.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Judge Tuley has rendered his decision in the pool sellers' case, deciding against the city and in favor of the defendants. The court read the law passed in 1887 by the general assembly of Illinois in regard to bookmaking and pool selling on races, etc. "It is admitted that the defendant, C. J. Broomlee, is guilty of selling pools at a place in Chicago which was not inside of an inclosure of a fair or race track.

"The legislature has no more power to exempt the inclosures of fair and race track associations from the operation of a general penal law than it would have to exempt Cook county. Nor could the city council any more exempt such inclosures from the operation of a general penal ordinance than it could exempt certain persons by name or certain numbers on Clark street.

"Such legislation as this is not only unconstitutional, but it is vicious and immoral in the extreme. The state law being unconstitutional, and the city ordinance passed therein being absolutely void, there would be no violation of the ordinance, and judgment must go to the defendant." This decision wipes out the pool sellers' fines of $200 each, aggregating nearly $6,000. The case will probably be appealed by the city.

Still Excited Over Birchall's Letter.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Oct. 31.—The excitement over the letter from Jackson, Mich., signed "Colonel" still continues. At first it was thought that the letter was written by Birchall himself, smuggled out of the jail and mailed over the border, but several experts have examined the letter and say that the handwriting is not at all like Birchall's. Jailer Campbell and Turnkey Forbes say emphatically that such a letter could not have left the jail without their knowledge. Steps will be taken to ascertain who the individual in Jackson who wrote the letter is, and samples of the handwriting of the prisoners in Jackson state prison will be obtained if possible, as it is suspected that the writer may now be doing time there. Birchall's lawyers have asked Mr. Stevens, of Montreal, to give them as minute a description as possible of the man described by him as the "Colonel."

Big Meeting of Railroad Men Called.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 31.—An important meeting of railroad men employed on the Gould system, and Missouri, Kansas and Texas roads, has been called for Sunday, Nov. 9, in this city. The call is addressed to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors, Order of Railroad Conductors, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association of North America. The Order of Railroad Conductors and Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors are at swords' points, yet both are included in the call and it is believed an important movement is on foot. The call is in the shape of a circular letter, and is being mailed to the different organizations in the territory traversed by the roads mentioned.

A Tillmanite with a Knife.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 31.—A special to The Daily Register from Timmonsville, S. C., says that Col. Edmund H. Deas, colored, who is running on the Republican ticket for congress from this district, was addressing a meeting of negroes in the interest of the Haskell cause, exception was taken to his remarks by certain Tillmanites, among whom was J. Gully Jackson. Jackson became very excited to the point of belligerency, and he drew his knife on Deas and split his mouth open on one side nearly to the ear, and would have killed him but for Col. H. T. Murfin, who pressed up to make peace. In the praiseworthy endeavor of Col. Morris, however, Jackson, who was highly wrought up, turned upon Morris and slashed him a severe cut in his left cheek and hacked him across his left side, cutting clear through his clothing and ripping the skin, though not to a serious depth. Deas bled profusely, and it was believed he would die from the wounds received. Jackson was arrested, but released on $500 bond for his appearance before the town council next Thursday. There is considerable excitement among citizens

Sherman and Foraker Speak.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 31.—Senator Sherman and ex-Governor Foraker addressed the Republican mass meeting at Music hall last night. The senator spoke at length on the McKinley tariff bill, touching upon the third party, the silver bill and pensions appropriations. He held that soldiers should receive pensions according to the length of service and the extent of their disabilities. The speaker claimed that silver and farm products would rise in value as a result of the silver bill, and that the McKinley bill would accomplish all that it promised to do. He appealed to his audience to stand by the Republican party, which was equal to all the needs of the country. Ex-Governor Foraker followed, and confined his remarks to state politics and Cincinnati municipal affairs.

Burned by Molten Metal.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Oct. 31.—A large vessel in the converting department of the Bethlehem Iron company, containing molten metal, tilted over yesterday and horribly burned Michael Dugan, who cannot recover. Osborn Crissman, William Sonders, Lewis Boyer and Augustus Schmick were seriously burned.

Wheat Goes Up in Smoke.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Oct. 31.—Yesterday reports from the Northern Pacific wheat elevator at Eureka Junction, twenty miles from here, was totally destroyed by fire, together with 60,000 bushels of wheat. Loss, $100,000.

Rhode Island's New Capitol.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 31.—The state house commission has decided that Rhode Island needs a $1,000,000 capitol. A prize of $300 is offered to each of the best three designs received from Rhode Island architects. These three architects will compete with not more than six architects outside of the state, and the best plan of all will be accepted. Alfred Stone, William S. Walker and Howard Hoppin will arrange the conditions of the competition.

An Open Competition.

ALBANY, Oct. 31.—An open competitive examination for the position of examiner under the regents of the university will be held at the office of the civil service commission at Albany, Nov. 14.

AN ORDINANCE.

To macadamize Cemetery avenue, running from Park avenue to Woodland avenue.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That said avenue on the southerly side of Park avenue to the northerly side of Woodland avenue for the width of sixty feet be and the same is hereby ordered eight feet on either side of the centre line of said avenue be permanently improved with broken stone for the depth of six inches of good quality and proper size, to be rolled by a heavy iron, compacted and rolled, so that when finished the surface shall be smooth and even and shall conform to the grade of said avenue as established thereon; to be done under the direction of the street Commissioner, and to be paid for out of the money raised by tax for the improvement of streets, as provided by the act of the Legislature entitled "An act to authorize cities to make improvements in the roadbeds of the streets at the general expense."

Adopted by the Common Council Oct. 24, 1890.
Approved by the Mayor Oct. 29, 1890.
JOB MALE, Mayor.
Attest: JOSEPH B. COWARD, City Clerk.

Next Monday, Nov. 3, J. P. LAIRE & CO. will have one of the manufacturers of the Wonderful Stove, (the Hoove Ventilator), here to explain its merits and superiority over all others. All invited.

To the Public!

Having Purchased from C. A. Brown th business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,

We are prepared to do all laundry work in the best and most approved methods.

The most costly fabrics are very often ruined by improper laundering. Leave our linens finished equal to new. Our wagons will call for and deliver all goods in the city or suburbs free of charge.

American Steam Laundry.
14 EAST FRONT STREET.

H. W. Marshall,
PROPRIETOR.

THE LATEST STYLES
of
FALL AND WINTER
Suits and Overcoats
ON HAND NOW.

All Goods are well made and sold at Low Prices.

Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Root Corn Killer or Bunion Cure
Sold by all druggists. 15 cents.

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,
OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."
PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.
EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURRED HAMS
FERRIS BONELESS BACON.
Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices
P. M. Demarest,
25 PARK AVENUE

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her residence or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON,
A pupil of Professors Steffanone and Allitsen, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 3rd. Mrs. Anderson refers to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and Clarence Dickenhall, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S,
Kindergarten and School, 46 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In connection therewith a class in instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive, simple and interesting methods being used on Ameriman and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars and references on application. WANTED—A CHANCE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) s 23tu*

RODMAN SEMINARY.
No. 21 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. DODGE, Principal. 5-15-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Berthea and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 1 and 3 Fairview avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 24, 1890.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.00, 9.05 a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.00 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.30, 5.00 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARITAN MAILS.
Arrive—8.00 a. m., 2.05, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.00 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES. BEST WORKMANSHIP
Trousers from $5 up.
Suits from **$18** up.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Custom Tailoring. 43 North avenue, opposite C. R. R. Depot.
The largest exclusive custom tailoring establishment in the city.
Dress Suits to Hire.

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges,
Choice Timothy Seed,
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING and TINNING
A. M GRIFFEN
Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good?
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at
N H. Guttman's
12 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ads for them. They are good.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting st., road horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

Are you in need of any Job Work? We are doing a rushing trade in THE NEWS' Job Department. Billheads, Cards, Posters, Circulars, anything and everything Prompt, Neat and Cheap.

NEW FIRM
N.B.Smalley & Co.
DEALERS IN
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,
POULTRY AND FISH.
Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.
TELEPHONE CALL 14.
N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST

Railroad Time Table.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 12.01, 2.40, 5.30, 6.40, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday at 12.01, 2.40, 5.30, 6.40, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Leave New York at 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Connections at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.01 night. Leave Newark at 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 a. m., 12.10, 1.10, 2.10, 3.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m., 12.10 night. Sunday at 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 a. m., 12.10, 1.10, 2.10, 3.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m., 12.10 night. Connections at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 6.40, 8.40 a. m., 3.40 p. m.
Leave Netherwood at 6.45, 8.45 a. m., 3.45 p. m.
Leave Westfield at 6.50, 8.50 a. m., 3.50 p. m.
Leave Fanwood at 6.55, 8.55 a. m., 3.55 p. m.
Leave Scotch Plains at 7.00, 9.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.
Leave Dunellen at 7.05, 9.05 a. m., 4.05 p. m.
Arrive at Lake Hopatcong at 9.40 a. m., 12.40, 6.40 p. m.
Leave Lake Hopatcong at 6.40, 8.40 a. m., 3.40 p. m.
Arrive at Dunellen at 9.40 a. m., 12.40, 6.40 p. m.
Arrive at Scotch Plains at 9.45 a. m., 12.45, 6.45 p. m.
Arrive at Fanwood at 9.50 a. m., 12.50, 6.50 p. m.
Arrive at Westfield at 9.55 a. m., 12.55, 6.55 p. m.
Arrive at Netherwood at 10.00 a. m., 1.00, 7.00 p. m.
Arrive at Plainfield at 10.05 a. m., 1.05, 7.05 p. m.
Connections at Dunellen.

1 45 a. m.—For Boonton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Shenandoah.
7.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
7.00 a. m. for Manch Chunk 9.40 a. m. D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Dryton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor, Pen Argyl, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah.
7.30 a. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Dryton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bangor, Pen Argyl, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah.
8.00 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
8.30 a. m. for Easton, Allentown and Allentown Summit.
9.00 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Lehigh Valley R. R. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
9.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
10.30 a. m. for Boonton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah.
12.01 night. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
1.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Summit.
2.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Summit.
3.30 p. m. for Lehigh Valley R. R. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
4.30 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
5.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Lehigh Valley R. R. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
6.30 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
7.30 p. m. for Boonton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shenandoah.
8.30 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
9.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Lehigh Valley R. R. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
10.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
11.30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.
For Atlantic City 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Cape May 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Ocean City 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Sea Isle City 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Somers Point 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Wildwood 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Anglesea 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Holly Beach 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Ocean View 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Asbury Park 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Ocean Grove 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Long Branch 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Manasquan 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Point Pleasant 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Bay Head 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Seabright 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Monmouth Beach 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Red Bank 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Matawan 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Keyport 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Freehold 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Farmingdale 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Squankum 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Manasquan 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Point Pleasant 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Bay Head 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
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For Keyport 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Freehold 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Farmingdale 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
For Squankum 9.30 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 2.45, 5.20, 8.40, 10.18 a. m., 1.20, 3.26, 4.56, 6.42, 8.40, 11.45 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 5.20, 8.40, 10.18 a. m., 1.20, 4.56, 6.42, 8.40, 11.45 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 2.45, 5.20, 8.40, 10.18 a. m., 1.20, 3.26, 4.56, 6.42, 8.40, 11.45 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 5.20, 8.40, 10.18 a. m., 1.20, 4.56, 6.42, 8.40, 11.45 p. m.
For Washington only 2.45, 10.18 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West, 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Harrisburg, 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, 2.45, 10.18 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Atlantic City 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Cape May 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Ocean City 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Sea Isle City 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Somers Point 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
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For Freehold 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Farmingdale 2.45 a. m., 3.26 p. m.
For Squankum

HOW YOU MUST VOTE.

Condensation of New Jersey's New Ballot Law.

THE PROVISIONS AND PENALTIES.

How Nominations Must Be Made—The Printing and Obtaining of the Ballots. Casting the Ballot—How Secrecy Is Provided For.

According to the provisions of the New Jersey ballot reform law, passed at the last session of the legislature, the person of legal age who would exercise the rights of suffrage at any future elections must first see that his name and address is properly entered on the registry books of the election district in which he resides not later than the Tuesday next preceding the day of election. The board of registry must first meet and organize on the Tuesday four weeks next preceding the annual election, and within the week terminating on the following Saturday the board must make by canvass or otherwise a complete list of all legal voters in said district. This list must be posted in handbill form in at least five conspicuous places in the election district, where it may be scrutinized by all. Final corrections will be made on the Tuesday preceding the day of election, and the revised registry list must be filed with the clerk of the city or township not later than the Thursday following.

PREPARING THE BALLOT.

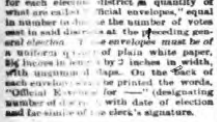
The county clerks must publish in not more than six papers in each county, divided as equally as possible as to politics, for at least two weeks preceding the meetings of the registry board, a notice setting forth the days and hours of said meeting for each election district in the state. Personal presence on the part of the voter is not necessary. Affidavits from any voter in the district, duly setting forth the fact of any absence, may be made to registration, whose name has not already been entered, are sufficient. Any person who shall register falsely, or procure a name to be registered falsely, may be imprisoned five years and fined $1,000.

Candidates for office must either be nominated at some convention of voters representing a political party which at the preceding general election polled at least 5 per cent. of the total vote cast in the state, or by a "petition" of legally qualified voters signed by at least 1 per cent. of the entire vote cast at the last preceding election for members of the general assembly in the city, county, district or other division in which the nominations are made. All certificates and petitions nominating candidates for state offices must be filed with the secretary of state forty days previous to election. General assembly and county candidates must file their certificates of nomination with the clerk of the county in which they are to be voted for twenty days prior to election. Other certificates of nomination must be filed with the clerks of the respective municipalities fifteen days prior to election.

All ballots are to be printed at public expense, and to be provided by the clerk of the county if for county or state offices, and if otherwise by the municipal clerks. The name of each party or group of petitioners shall be printed on separate tickets, underneath the title or name of the party, on plain white paper of uniform size, quality, thickness and type, and on the back of each ballot shall be printed the words, "Official Ballot for ——" (giving, also in the blank the election district for which the ballot is prepared), the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the county or municipal clerk. Not less than one hundred and fifty ballots shall be supplied for every fifty votes cast by each party at the preceding election for members of the general assembly.

In case of nominations by any party or petitioners that cast no votes at the preceding election, a number of ballots to be provided at public expense shall be equal to one-half the total vote cast in the election district precinct at the last preceding election for general assembly.

The same clerks are required to provide for each election district a quantity of what are known as "official envelopes," equal in number to three the number of votes cast in said district at the preceding general election. These envelopes must be of a uniform quality of plain white paper, six inches in length by 3 inches in width, with unginned flaps. On the back of each envelope to be printed the words, "Official Envelope for ——" (designating number of district), with date of election and facsimile of the clerk's signature.



RECEIVING THE VOTE.

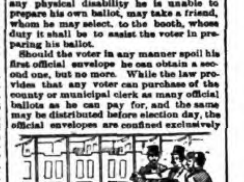
The law further provides that at each of the polling places inside or compartments, one for each one hundred and seventy-five voters cast at the preceding election, shall be provided, in which voters may, if they so desire, procure and prepare their ballots in a secluded screened from the observation of others. The door when closed, must be so arranged as to shut some part of the person entering in the booth, and the compartments inside shall within a railed inclosure, to which no outsiders are admitted except the voters in the exercise of their privileges and the officers conducting the election. The ballot boxes must be so situated that the voter may deliver his ballot to the election officer before leaving this railed inclosure. The general arrangement of the polling place must be substantially in accordance with the following diagram, which forms a part of the law:

The chairman of the county committee or the municipal committee of any political party having candidates for public office to be voted for may appoint two agents for each polling place, who shall act as challengers for their parties. Candidates nominated by petition, who may have no party organization, are also entitled to appoint two agents to represent them at each polling place. These agents are not permitted within the voting inclosure, except when a person is challenged and when the vote is being counted. They may, however, remain at all times within the polling room, together with the candidates of the various parties and the officers present to preserve order.

No electioneering shall be permitted within any polling place, and none publicly within 100 feet of the same. The voter, as he enters the railed inclosure, will be furnished by a member of the election board, stationed in close proximity, with one of the official envelopes, and he shall also be provided with at least one of the official ballots of each party. These ballots he may have secured before entering or he may find them in the booths. Having the ballots and the official envelope he must enter one of the compartments, close the door, and remain there a sufficient time (not exceeding five minutes) to inclose the ballot he desires to vote in the official envelope. He must make no mark or designating device upon the ballot or envelope, and on emerging from the booth he must hand this envelope to a member of the election board, who must deposit the same in the ballot box in presence of the voter.

The voter must then declare his oath, and establishes to the satisfaction of a majority of the election board, that by reason of any physical disability he is unable to prepare his own ballot, may take a friend, whom he may select, to the booth, whose duty it shall be to assist the voter in preparing his ballot.

Should the voter in any manner spoil his first official envelope he can obtain a second one, but no more. While the law provides that any voter can purchase of the county or municipal clerk as many official ballots as he can pay for, and the same may be distributed before election day, the official envelopes are confined exclusively



COUNTING OFF.

to the polling room. In counting the vote the envelope containing the ballot shall be opened, the ballot removed, the names on the ballot counted and recorded, and the ballot must then, before another envelope is opened, be returned to the original envelope, and ballot and envelope shall be numbered and strung, as under the old law. If any envelope shall be found to contain more than one ballot the ballots shall be returned to the envelope, and on it written the words, "Rejected Ballots," and such envelope and ballots shall be strung on the string of rejected ballots. If any designating mark, sign or device shall appear upon either the official envelope or the official ballot such ballot shall be absolutely void, and shall not be counted for any candidate.

The law is fortified with severe penalties for a violation of any of the provisions of the act. For destroying or suppressing certificates of nominations or petitions a person may be imprisoned five years. For destroying ballots in the election booths or stealing the same a person may be fined $500 and imprisoned until the fine is paid.

Any officer, under the act, who in any manner violates his duty, may be imprisoned three years. The printer who supplies the ballots, who shall misspell a name purposely or arrange the ticket except as specified under the law, may be fined $1,000 and imprisoned five years.

Any person who may mark any official ballot or envelope by any designation whereby any person may determine how any voter has voted may be fined $500 and imprisoned one year. Any member of any election board, or any clerk of the same, having any knowledge as to how a person votes, who shall reveal such knowledge to any other person, may be fined $2,000 or imprisoned five years. Any person who shall directly or indirectly offer money or any other consideration to a voter to vote or refrain from voting or registering may be fined $1,000 and imprisoned five years.

Promises of office or employment are considered just as bad, and the punishment is the same. Any person who shall contribute money to be expended in bribing voters may be called upon to pay a fine of $2,000 or spend ten years in prison. The man who shall accept the consideration for voting or refraining to vote may have to pay a fine of $1,000 or go to jail for one year. Any employers or corporation who may attempt to intimidate their workmen, directly or indirectly, can be called upon when convicted to pay a fine of $2,000 and spend five years in prison. Any person who shall do any electioneering on election day within 100 feet of any polling place, or a person who shall show his ballot after it is prepared for voting, to any person in such a way as to reveal its contents, or any voter who shall offer to vote anything but an official ballot in an official envelope, lays himself liable to a fine of $25 for each and every offense.

In addition to these numerous and severe penalties the law finally provides that the court may disfranchise and disqualify to hold any office within the state for such length of time as it may deem proper any persons convicted of any of the offenses mentioned.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

PLEASANT AND INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.

A Brief Account of the Glasgow Cathedral, That Fine Old Gothic Structure in One of the Largest and Most Important Cities of Scotland.

Glasgow, the great industrial metropolis of Scotland, is, after London, one of the largest and most important cities of the kingdom. It had its first beginning in the cathedral, situated on rising ground northeast of the city. Here it is believed that

GLASGOW CATHEDRAL.

St. Mungo founded a bishopric in the year 560, but for nearly 600 years afterward the history of the place is a blank.

In the Twelfth century, however, and in the reign of David, King of Scotland, the foundation of the present cathedral was laid by Bishop Jocelin. It is a fine old Gothic structure, bearing marks in its architecture of various dates of erection. Its length is 319 feet, while the tower and spire attain a height of 225 feet. The choir of the cathedral is still used as a place of worship, while its new crypt, fitted with stained glass windows, is one of the most remarkable in Europe. All the windows of the nave, choir and chapels are from the royal manufactory at Munich.

Katy Did.

Katy sang a merry song,
Katy did! Katy did!
Through the summer evenings long.
Katy did!
When the leaves had left the west,
And the birds had gone to rest,
Then she sang her very best,
Katy did, did, did!

Katy brought us tidings true,
Katy did! Katy did!
In the twilight and the dew,
Katy did!
For she said the frost so still
Would be dropping o'er the hill,
And the nights would grow more chill,
Katy did, did, did!

Soon, she said, he would be here,
Katy did! Katy did!
Turning meadows crisp and sere,
Katy did!
Then, she said, the chestnut's burr
Would be opened with a stir,
And she gave her wings a whir!
Katy did, did, did!

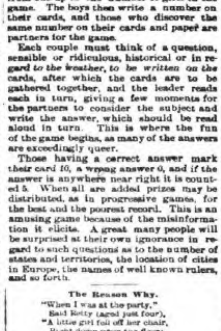
So she gave us warning fair,
Katy did! Katy did!
That we might for him prepare.
Katy did!
"Fill the store house and the bin,
Gather all the apples in."
Thus our prizes she did win,
Katy did, did, did!

The Game of Information.

The newest game for indoor recreation takes the form of an information party, and according to rules given in Golden Days is played as follows: Begin by giving to each boy a card and to the girls small pieces of paper, which should be numbered from one up to the number of girls in the game. The boys then write a number on their cards, and those who discover the same number on their cards and paper are partners for the game.

Each couple must think of a question, sensible or ridiculous, historical or in regard to the weather, to be written on the cards, after which the cards are to be gathered together, and the leader reads each in turn, giving a few moments for the partners to consider the subject and write the answer, which should be read aloud in turn. This is where the fun of the game begins, as many of the answers are exceedingly queer.

Those having a correct answer mark their card 10, a wrong answer 0, and if the answer is anywhere near right it is rounded 5. When all are added prizes may be distributed, as in progressive games, for the best and the poorest record. This is an amusing game because of the misinformation it elicits. A great many people will be surprised at their own ignorance in regard to such questions as to the number of states and territories, the location of cities in Europe, the names of well known rulers, and so forth.



The Reason Why.

"When I was at the party,"
Said Betty (aged just four),
"A little girl fell off her chair,
Right down upon the floor;
And all the other little girls
Began to laugh, but me—
I didn't catch a single bit,"
Said Betty seriously.

"I DIDN'T LAUGH A SINGLE BIT."

"Why not?" her mother asked her,
Full of disgust to find
That Betty—bless her little heart!—
Had been so sweetly kind
"Why didn't you laugh, darling?
Or don't you like to tell"
"I didn't laugh," said Betty,
"'Cause it was me that fell."
—St. Nicholas.

A Little Lesson in Language.

Discriminate between "most" and "al most." Don't say, "He goes there 'most every day." Use "almost."

Discriminate between "leave" and "let." Don't say, "Leave her be." Use let.

Discriminate in the use of "lean" and "lend." Don't say, "Lean me your book." Use lend.

Discriminate between "posted" and "informed." Don't say, "He posted me up in the matter." "I ought to have been better posted." Use informed. "I ought to have been better informed." Use as in the last instance.

WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

Lack of Thrift Cause in Instruction Given to Working Women.

A late number of The Chicago Tribune contains sketches and portraits of several successful business women of that city. Among them are seven publishers, three insurance agents, two lawyers, one patent claim agent, two dentists, two inventors, a real estate agent, a baker, a job printer and a firm of illustrative and decorative artists. Marrying for a home has no significance to these women.

Some women's goodness is so fierce and aggressive that it becomes rather fatiguing.

When you are tired all over don't collapse and drink tea. That is how too many women ruin their complexions, nerves, tempers and digestion. Take a glass or two of milk, and stop work awhile and lie down if you can. If you cannot, then go on the best you can, but don't learn to depend on tea for inspiration. It will make your depression, nervousness and exhaustion continually worse. Tea tapers are always irritable of temper. It is doubtful whether an alcohol drunkard is much worse than a woman tea drunkard.

Edwin Checkley, in his admirable little work on physical training, has a chapter on bodily exercise for women. He says he believes no longer in either the physical or intellectual weakness of women. They have proved what they can do intellectually, and he has seen in China, England and Germany types of women that make him doubt very much whether the long accepted physical inferiority of women is a fact. Checkley, here's my hand!

In most of the large cities now there are classes and institutes where, in day and evening classes, free instruction is given to women and girls in drawing, photographic retouching, stenography, typewriting, etc. As household expenses of course these places are praiseworthy, but the bald headed fact remains that they are of rather slight practical benefit to those whom they try to help. The work is all too superficial and is not thorough. These places are unfortunately cramped for means usually, and generally have to put up with gratuitous teaching, or such as can be obtained at the lowest prices. In either case the girl is apt to learn little that will be of real practical use to her in the matter of making her living. This is to be greatly regretted. There is only one apparent remedy. That is for the benevolent associations to attempt fewer branches in the way of instruction, and have those few taught thoroughly.

Concordia Loefving is vice president of a beautiful society in Sweden. It is called simply the Society for the Promotion of Good, a noble name. Its main object is the formation of agricultural colonies for the intellectual, moral and physical development of the children of the slums in Sweden. The best instruction on physical education perhaps now comes from Sweden, and Miss Loefving has published a volume of lectures on this subject, to which the French minister of education has awarded a medal. When the lady herself visited France she received an honor never before bestowed on a private individual—the privilege of lecturing in the great amphitheatre of the French University of Sorbonne. In her lecture at the Sorbonne Miss Loefving explained to a large audience how the Society for the Promotion of Good took outcast children and made them clean, healthy and moral members of the community. Thus this society believes in diminishing crime by catching the boys and girls early, and rescuing them before they become hardened.

The trades union congress at Liverpool witnessed something new for Great Britain. Among the delegates were ten women, excellent and effective speakers, those of them who took the floor. They were dignified and refined in appearance, too, all except one giddy creature, who wore a gold bracelet,an unpardonable sin in a working woman in England. Except the leader she boldly put working women into their organization from the beginning, finding them among their best laborers, and in one case at least, that of Leonora Barry, among their most eloquent speakers. Master Workman Powderly himself can scarcely move an audience as this simple hearted enthusiast can.

The business manager of The Engineering and Mining Journal is now a woman, Mrs. Sophie Brunlich. She first entered the office of that journal as a stenographer. Mrs. Brunlich superintended the preparation of the census statistics of gold and silver.

Mrs. Ida Hall Roby has a pretty little drug store of her own in South Chicago, and runs it herself. It is said to be as neat as wax. We are not told whether gentlemen go there for their morning bitters or not. Mrs. Roby's clerk is a woman, too, Miss Jessie Carter.

Dr. Henry Muirhead, of Glasgow, Scotland, has left a sum of money to build and endow a college for the instruction of women in medicine, surgery, dentistry, chemistry and electricity. Thus the woman idea travels and wakes the world up as it goes.

The claim of Anna Ella Carroll for the planning of the successful campaign that began with the ascending of the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers and the capture of the Confederate forts is now before congress. It seems likely to remain there. Secretary Stanton said of Miss Carroll: "Her course was the most remarkable in the whole war. She got no pay, found herself and did the great work that rendered others famous." But, being a woman, what does Anna Ella Carroll expect?

Eliza Archard Conner

I. H. Boehm's Popular Dry Goods House.

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Remember this, regardless of the higher tariff, our prices still continue as low as ever. 5-Button French Kid Gloves, 49c.; Colored Mosquetaire Kid Gloves, $1.25; 6-Button Black, Unlaunched Mosquetaire, $1.25; Plush and Astrakhan Capes in endless variety at lowest prices; 10-4 White Bed Blankets 98c. per pair; Full size Comfortables, 75c; 6-Button Colored Unlaunched Mosquetaire, $1.00.

Above Now, let us will upon our New Carpet Warerooms with the largest line of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, DRUGGETS, ART SQUARES, ETC.,

to be found in the State. Our Carpet Room will cover over 3,000 square feet, which, with increased light, will afford us the best facilities for showing the patterns.

N. B.—*STRICTLY ONE PRICE.*

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic. The Best for all Scalp Troubles. A Guarantee with Every Bottle. Sold only at L. W. RANDOLPH'S Prescription Pharmacy, 21 West Front Street.

MISSIONARY WORK—NOT IN AFRICA—IN PLAINFIELD.

We want to convert everybody to be of our views; that is to pay only the actual value for the goods they receive.

This can be accomplished by becoming patrons of our store.

We sell for cash and you do not have to pay other people's bad debts.

Glance over our prices and see for yourself how much you will reduce your housekeeping expenses by buying from the originators of low prices in this city. We make a specialty of Teas and Coffees. Heading all kinds that grow. New crop Tea at 25c., worth 40c. Coffee way down. Try our combination, (Nicaragua Java and Mantos), 25c., worth 40c. Finest Powdered Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter 25c. Good Creamery, (as sold in most cities as for best), 20c. lb.; Fresh Dairy, (used for both table and cooking purposes), 2.2c. lb.; Best Cocoa in the market, 25c. lb.; Pearl Patent Flour, (has no equal), $3.75 bbl.; Fulsbury's Best XXXX, $6.75 bbl.; 2 qt measure oil, 150 cans, 40c. gal.; Strictly Prime Potatoes, 40c. bushel (1-2 bu b-l); Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb. Call and get prices on other goods.

REMEMBER we carry the finest line of groceries ever offered to the public, and the reputation that we enjoy fully attests the success of our efforts. BEAR IN MIND we don't advertise any one article in particular as a leader to mislead the public, but our full line right through will be found to be at least 25 per cent. less than any other store in Union county. AND DON'T FORGET that we call for and deliver orders promptly to any and all parts of the city free of charge. On Saturday we fill nine p. m. Special attention given to mail orders.

UNITED TEA and COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.
PROPRIETORS OF COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY.

We are showing the finest assortment of Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Cloaks every displayed in this city. We can sell that Reefer Jacket for Children, that we are offering for $1.70. 'Tis a little beauty.

One case of best Calico, 5c. per yard.

There is no better line of Hall and Parlor Lamps in this city, than we are displaying, and prices are very moderate.

Only 25 of those 10-Piece Decorated Toilet Sets left. The price, $2.90 per set, sells them

Buy a new Broom, 15c.

There is a special good Barcain in Table Linen for this week. 10 pieces, 70 inches wide, 35c. per yard. Value 75c.

Do you know that we can and will save you money on Winter Underwear.

When in the Store look through our Cloak Department, second floor.

Those 36-inch Mohair Dress Goods are just the thing for Children's School Dresses. Ask to see them. Price 19c.

There is everything in Tinware, Crockery and Glassware in our House Furnishing Goods Department.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.
LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!
MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
No. 30 West Front Street.

10 PER CENT. OFF FOR CASH.

We have decided to do a strict cash business, and offer our

Stoves, Lamps, Tinware, Graniteware, Housefurnishing Goods, Carpenter and Machinist Tools,

At 10 cents off every dollar of our regular price.

Pierson Hardware Company,
Telephone 136 NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

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